

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

6-Hyperbolic-functions/6.2-Hyperbolic-cosine/299-6.2.1

Nasser M. Abbasi

May 18, 2024

Compiled on May 18, 2024 at 7:02am

Contents

1	Introduction	8
1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	9
1.2	Results	10
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	14
1.4	Performance based on number of rules Rubi used	16
1.5	Performance based on number of steps Rubi used	17
1.6	Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result	18
1.7	Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used	19
1.8	Leaf size vs. CPU time used	20
1.9	list of integrals with no known antiderivative	21
1.10	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	21
1.11	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	21
1.12	Timing	22
1.13	Verification	22
1.14	Important notes about some of the results	23
1.15	Current tree layout of integration tests	26
1.16	Design of the test system	27
2	detailed summary tables of results	28
2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	29
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	34
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	80
3	Listing of integrals	87
3.1	$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	93
3.2	$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	102
3.3	$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	110
3.4	$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx$	117
3.5	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	123
3.6	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	129

3.7	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	136
3.8	$\int (c+dx)^4 \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	144
3.9	$\int (c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	154
3.10	$\int (c+dx)^2 \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	163
3.11	$\int (c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	171
3.12	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	177
3.13	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	182
3.14	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	190
3.15	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	197
3.16	$\int (c+dx)^4 \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$	207
3.17	$\int (c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$	227
3.18	$\int (c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$	242
3.19	$\int (c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$	252
3.20	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	259
3.21	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	264
3.22	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	271
3.23	$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a+bx) dx$	281
3.24	$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx) dx$	290
3.25	$\int x \cosh^4(a+bx) dx$	299
3.26	$\int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx$	305
3.27	$\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx$	313
3.28	$\int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx$	320
3.29	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	326
3.30	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	331
3.31	$\int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx) dx$	336
3.32	$\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx) dx$	344
3.33	$\int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx) dx$	351
3.34	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	357
3.35	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	362
3.36	$\int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx) dx$	367
3.37	$\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx) dx$	377
3.38	$\int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx) dx$	386
3.39	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	394
3.40	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	399
3.41	$\int (c+dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	404

3.42	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	413
3.43	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	421
3.44	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	428
3.45	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	434
3.46	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	441
3.47	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	449
3.48	$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	458
3.49	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	465
3.50	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	472
3.51	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	478
3.52	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	484
3.53	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	491
3.54	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	498
3.55	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$	507
3.56	$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	515
3.57	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	530
3.58	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	542
3.59	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	549
3.60	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	555
3.61	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	562
3.62	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	571
3.63	$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx$	581
3.64	$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$	589
3.65	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$	596
3.66	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$	602
3.67	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$	609
3.68	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$	616
3.69	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	621
3.70	$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$	626
3.71	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	631
3.72	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$	636
3.73	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5} x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	641

3.74	$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	646
3.75	$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$	651
3.76	$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	656
3.77	$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	663
3.78	$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$	669
3.79	$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$	675
3.80	$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$	680
3.81	$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	685
3.82	$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	691
3.83	$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	697
3.84	$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$	703
3.85	$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	708
3.86	$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	713
3.87	$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	718
3.88	$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	723
3.89	$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	729
3.90	$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	735
3.91	$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	741
3.92	$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	747
3.93	$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	752
3.94	$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	757
3.95	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	762
3.96	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$	766
3.97	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	770
3.98	$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	775
3.99	$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	780
3.100	$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	788
3.101	$\int (c + dx) (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	795
3.102	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$	801
3.103	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	806
3.104	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	812
3.105	$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	818
3.106	$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	828
3.107	$\int (c + dx) (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	836

3.108	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$	843
3.109	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	850
3.110	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	858
3.111	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	867
3.112	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	876
3.113	$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	884
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	891
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	896
3.116	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	901
3.117	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	913
3.118	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	924
3.119	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	932
3.120	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	937
3.121	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} dx$	942
3.122	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} dx$	950
3.123	$\int x \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} dx$	957
3.124	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$	963
3.125	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx$	969
3.126	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx$	976
3.127	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	984
3.128	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	990
3.129	$\int x \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	996
3.130	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$	1002
3.131	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$	1007
3.132	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$	1013
3.133	$\int x^3 (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1019
3.134	$\int x^2 (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1028
3.135	$\int x (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1036
3.136	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1043
3.137	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1048
3.138	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1053
3.139	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1059
3.140	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1067
3.141	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1074
3.142	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1080

3.143	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1085
3.144	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1090
3.145	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1099
3.146	$\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1106
3.147	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1112
3.148	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1117
3.149	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$	1122
3.150	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^n dx$	1127
3.151	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^3 dx$	1132
3.152	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1140
3.153	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1147
3.154	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1153
3.155	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1158
3.156	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1163
3.157	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1171
3.158	$\int (c+dx) (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1178
3.159	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$	1184
3.160	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1189
3.161	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1195
3.162	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1201
3.163	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1212
3.164	$\int (c+dx) (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1221
3.165	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$	1228
3.166	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1234
3.167	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1241
3.168	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1249
3.169	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1259
3.170	$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1268
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	1275
3.172	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	1280
3.173	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1285
3.174	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1302
3.175	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1316
3.176	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1326
3.177	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1331

3.178	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$	1336
3.179	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$	1341
3.180	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	1350
3.181	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	1357
3.182	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1364
3.183	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1369
4	Appendix	1374
4.1	Listing of Grading functions	1374
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS	392

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	9
1.2	Results	10
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	14
1.4	Performance based on number of rules Rubi used	16
1.5	Performance based on number of steps Rubi used	17
1.6	Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result	18
1.7	Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used	19
1.8	Leaf size vs. CPU time used	20
1.9	list of integrals with no known antiderivative	21
1.10	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	21
1.11	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	21
1.12	Timing	22
1.13	Verification	22
1.14	Important notes about some of the results	23
1.15	Current tree layout of integration tests	26
1.16	Design of the test system	27

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [183]. This is test number [299].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (183)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	99.45 (182)	0.55 (1)
Fricas	81.97 (150)	18.03 (33)
Maxima	78.14 (143)	21.86 (40)
Maple	60.66 (111)	39.34 (72)
Giac	56.28 (103)	43.72 (80)
Mupad	38.25 (70)	61.75 (113)
Reduce	33.33 (61)	66.67 (122)
Sympy	33.33 (61)	66.67 (122)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

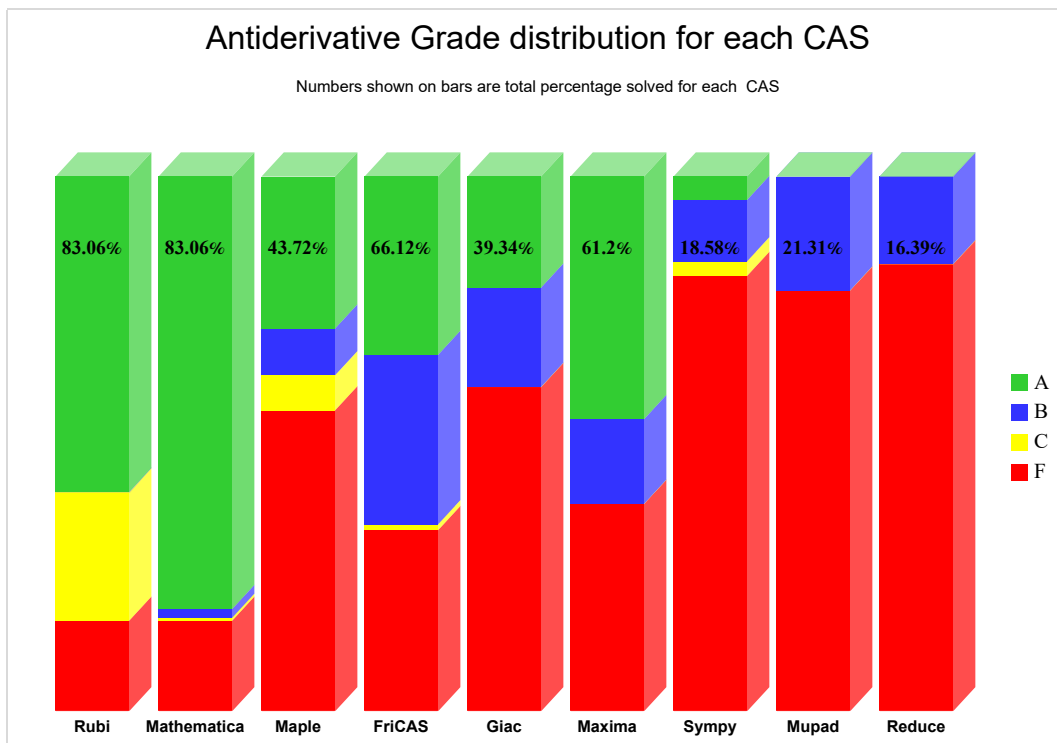
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

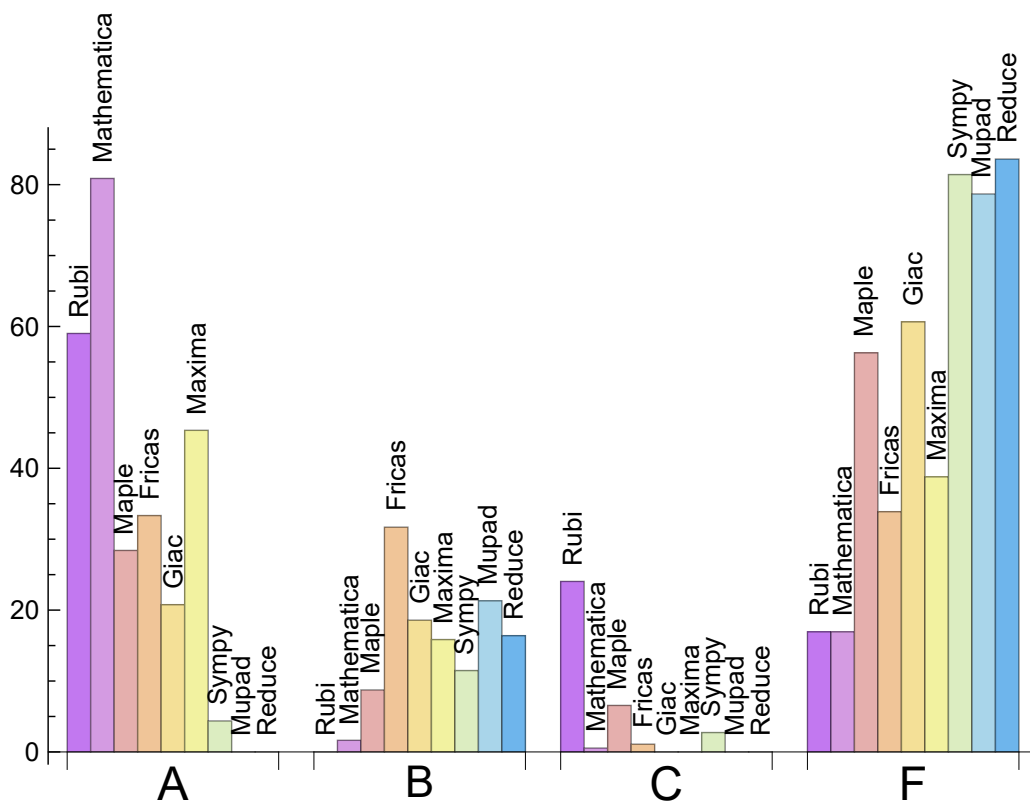
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Mathematica	80.874	1.639	0.546	16.940
Rubi	59.016	0.000	24.044	16.940
Maxima	45.355	15.847	0.000	38.798
Fricas	33.333	31.694	1.093	33.880
Maple	28.415	8.743	6.557	56.284
Giac	20.765	18.579	0.000	60.656
Sympy	4.372	11.475	2.732	81.421
Mupad	0.000	21.311	0.000	78.689
Reduce	0.000	16.393	0.000	83.607

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	1	0.00	100.00	0.00
Fricas	33	18.18	0.00	81.82
Maxima	40	80.00	0.00	20.00
Maple	72	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	80	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	113	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	122	75.41	13.11	11.48
Reduce	122	100.00	0.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.11
Maxima	0.15
Reduce	0.19
Giac	0.45
Rubi	0.56
Maple	0.71
Mupad	1.59
Mathematica	2.48
Sympy	3.31

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	93.54	1.32	45.50	1.12
Rubi	127.96	1.03	96.00	1.00
Maple	130.12	1.35	81.00	1.11
Sympy	158.89	1.80	76.00	1.47
Maxima	160.73	2.52	116.00	1.10
Mathematica	187.51	1.07	78.50	0.92
Giac	192.99	1.90	107.00	1.15
Fricas	472.70	2.77	168.00	1.87
Reduce	1270.52	57.57	108.00	1.96

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

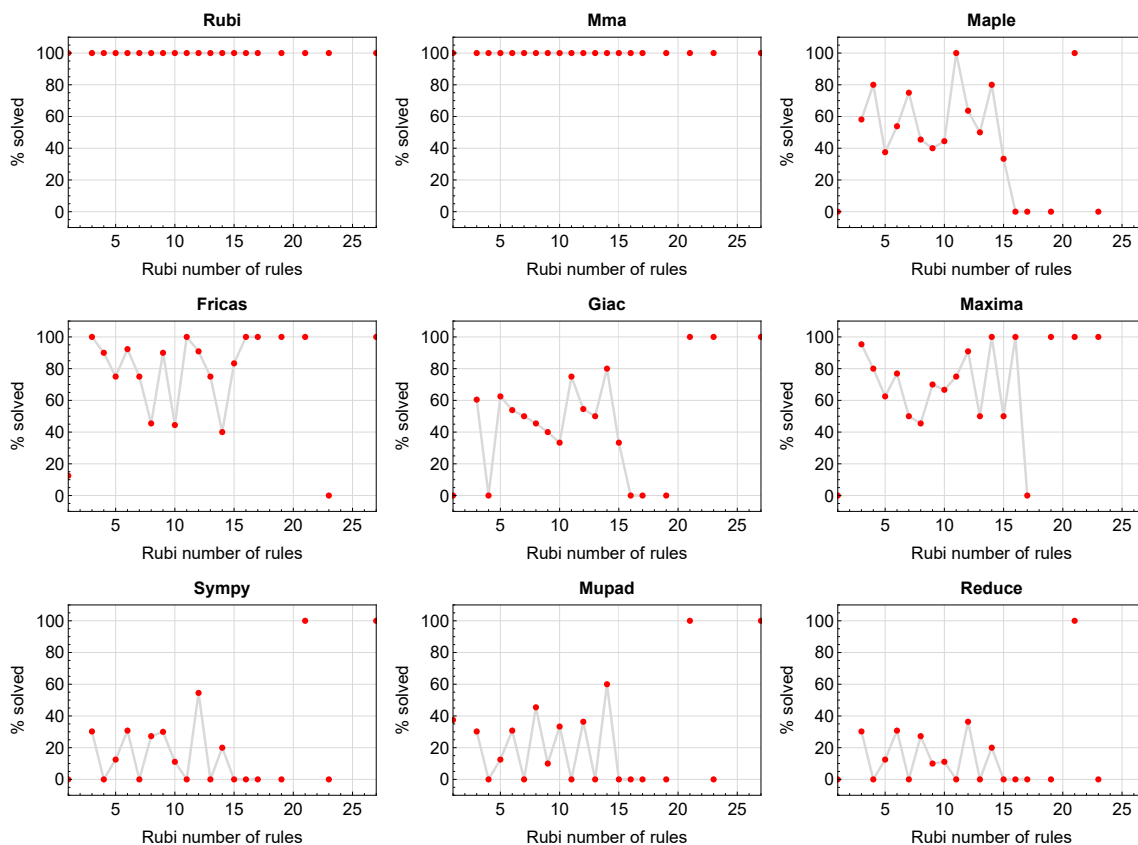


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

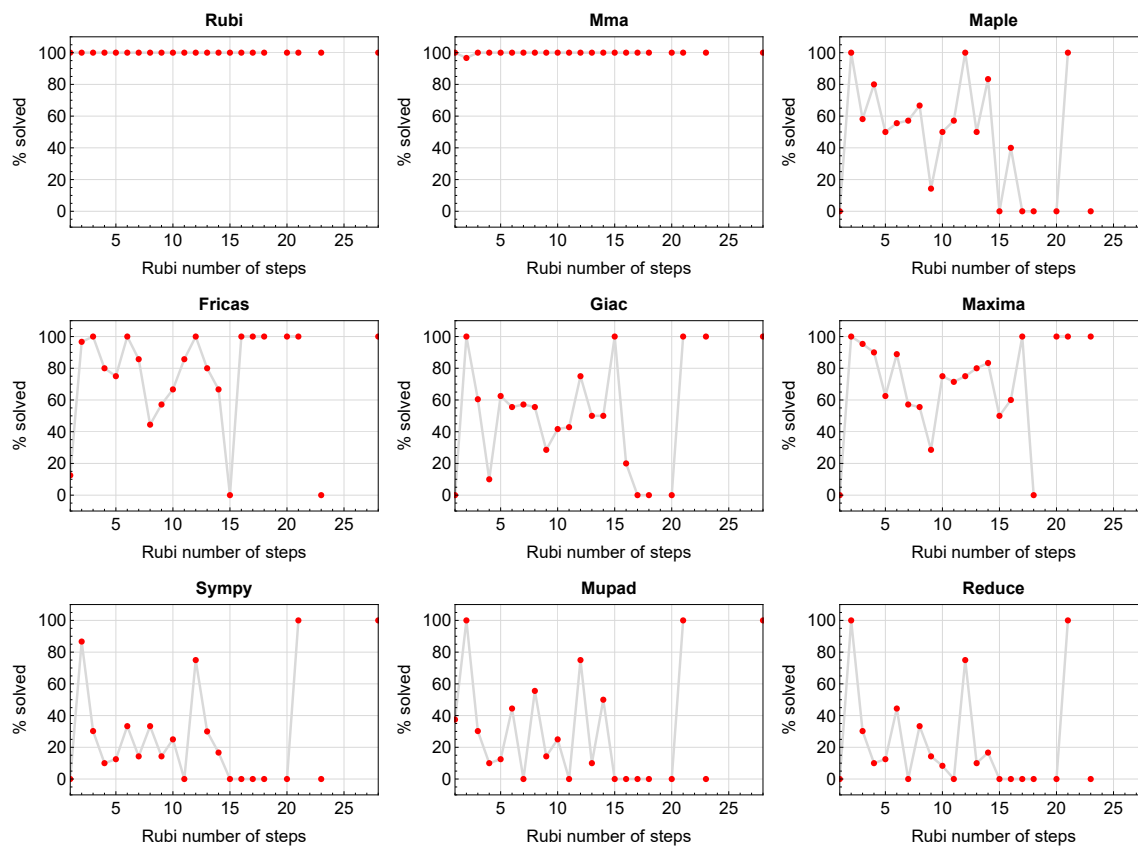


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

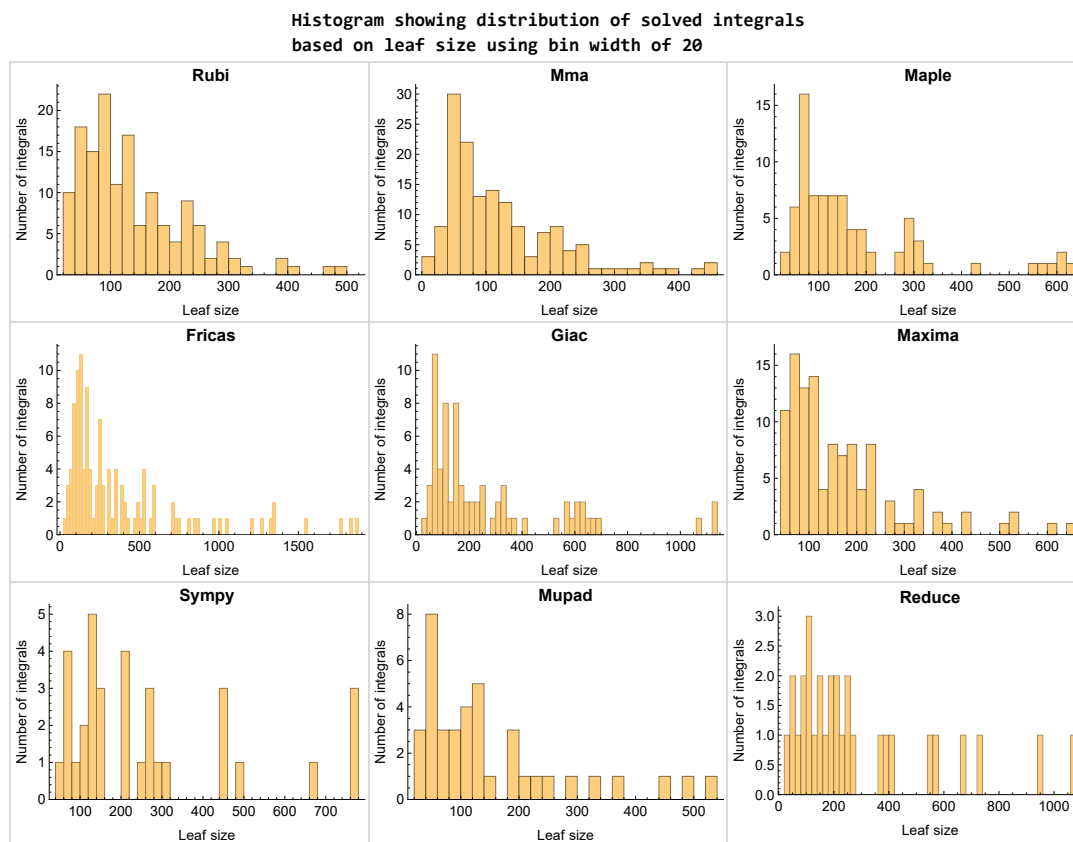


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

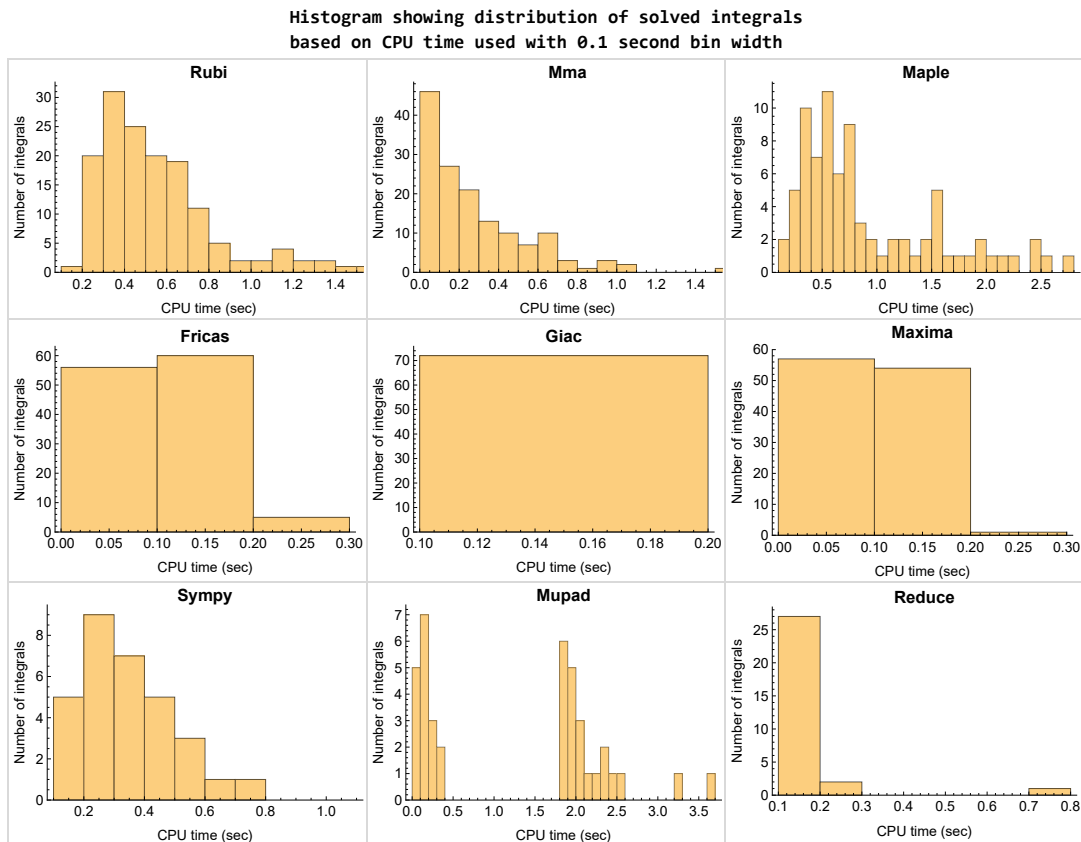


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

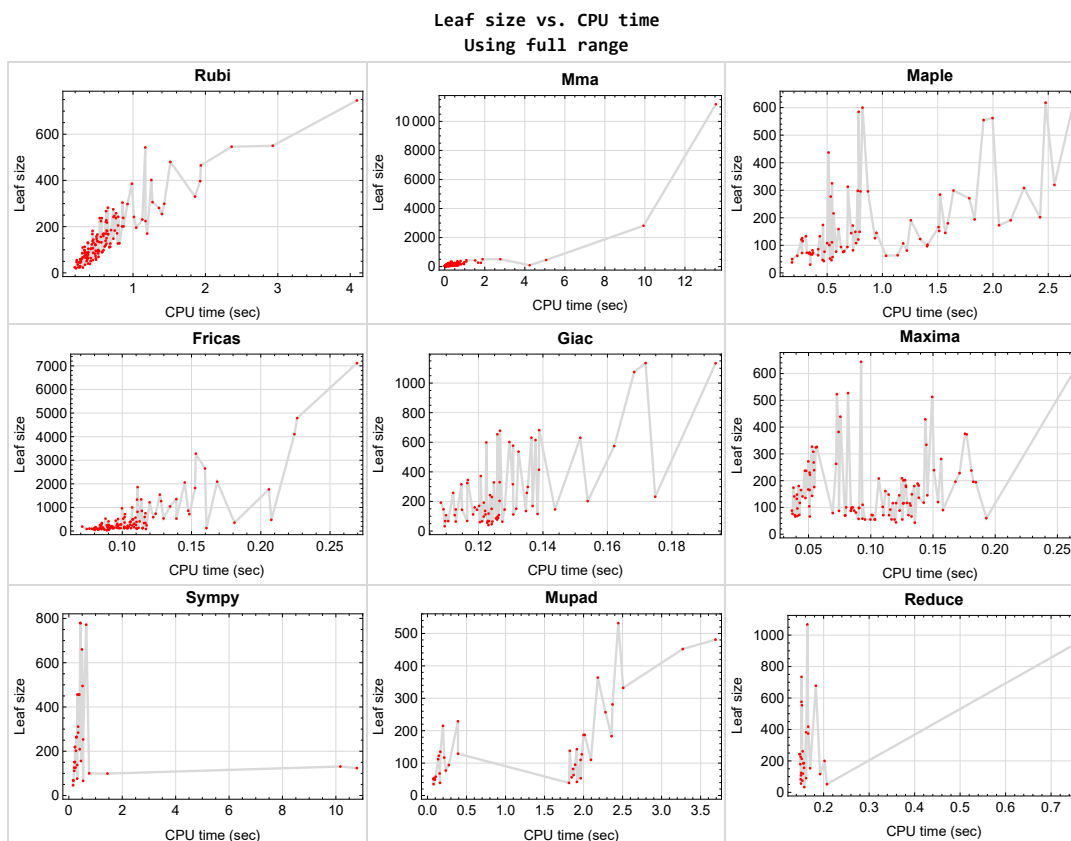


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{29, 30, 34, 35, 39, 40, 68, 69, 70, 75, 79, 80, 114, 115, 119, 120, 142, 143, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 171, 172, 176, 177, 178, 182, 183}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {71, 73, 151, 152, 174, 175}

Maple {100,101}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

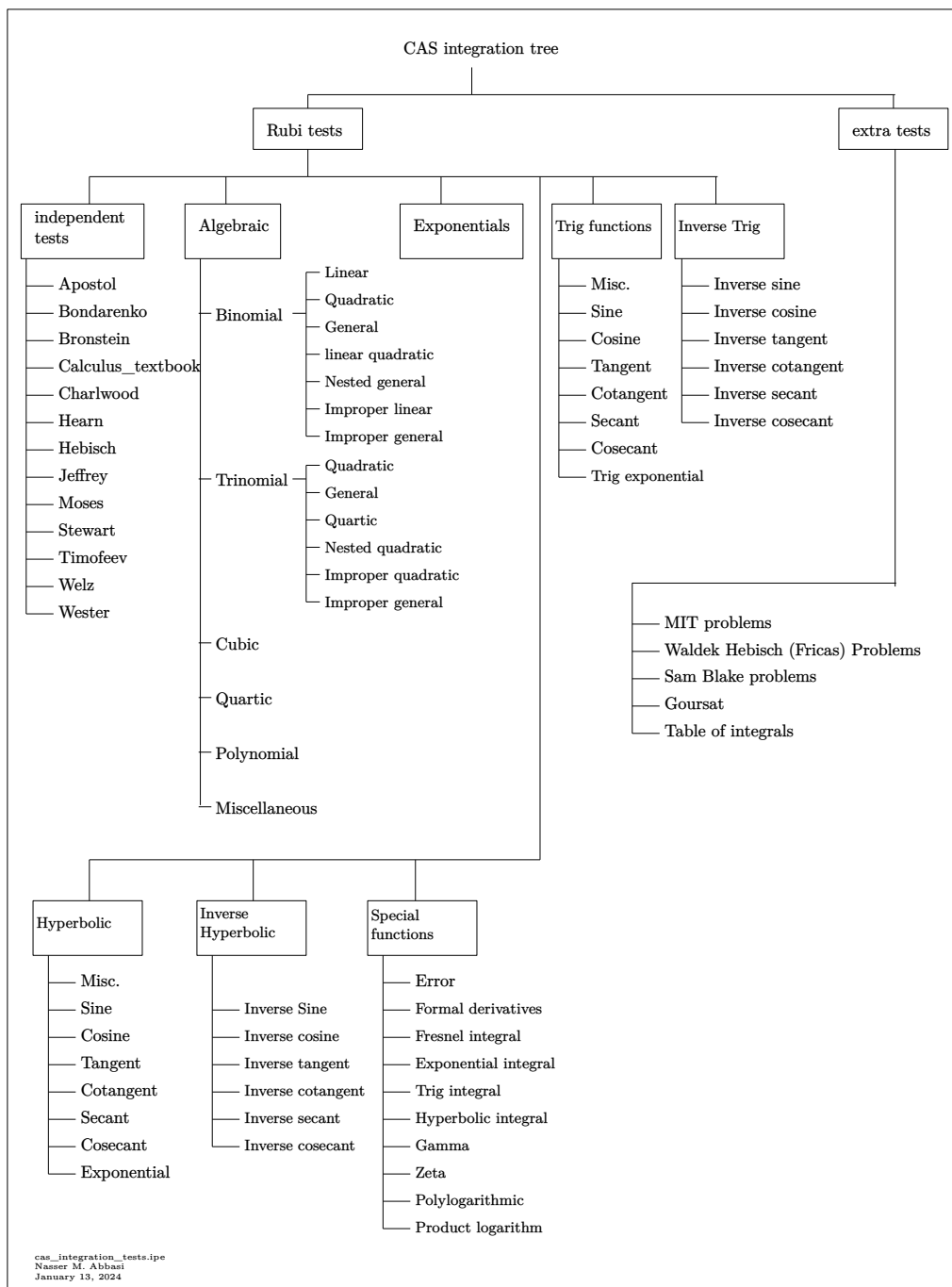
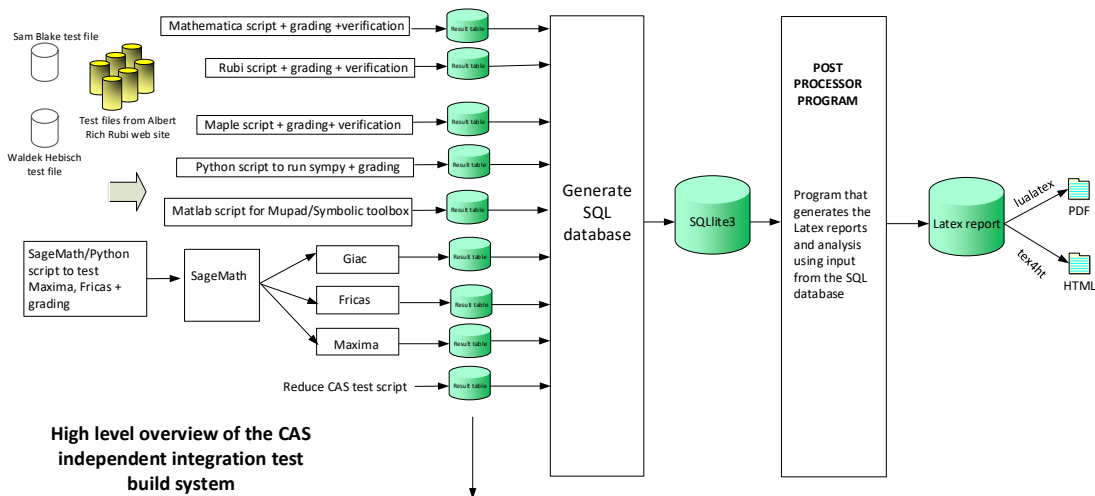


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	29
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	34
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	80

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	29
Mma	30
Maple	30
Fricas	31
Maxima	31
Giac	32
Mupad	32
Sympy	33
Reduce	33

Rubi

A grade { 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38, 44, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 55, 58, 59, 61, 65, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 110, 113, 118, 123, 124, 129, 130, 131, 135, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }
}

B grade { }

C grade { 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 31, 32, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 52, 54, 56, 57, 60, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 109, 111, 112, 116, 117, 121, 122, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 137 }
}

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 71, 173, 174 }

C grade { 74 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 40 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 28, 33, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166 }

B grade { 7, 14, 15, 22, 31, 32, 38, 104, 110, 111, 112, 116, 161, 167, 170, 175 }

C grade { 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87 }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 36, 37, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 168, 169, 173, 174, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 44, 51, 59, 65, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 72, 104, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 161, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175 }

C grade { 31, 32 }

F normal fail { 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 70, 71, 73, 74, 95, 96, 97, 98, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 149 }

Maxima

A grade { 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 101, 102, 103, 104, 107, 108, 109, 110, 113, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 133, 134, 135, 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 160, 161, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 31, 33, 41, 42, 43, 44, 63, 64, 65, 99, 100, 105, 106, 111, 116, 118, 156, 157, 162 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 28, 32, 36, 37, 38, 71, 72, 73, 74, 95, 96, 97, 98, 112, 117, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 93, 94, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175 }

Giac

A grade { 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 41, 42, 43, 44, 51, 63, 64, 65, 101, 102, 107, 108, 113, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 158, 159, 164, 165 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 33, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 109, 110, 118, 138, 156, 157, 160, 161, 162, 163, 166, 167 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 111, 112, 116, 117, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 33, 71, 72, 73, 99, 100, 101, 105, 106, 107, 113, 118, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 103, 104, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 159, 160, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 4, 19, 23, 24, 25, 101, 118, 158 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 113, 156, 157, 162, 163, 164 }

C grade { 63, 64, 65, 66, 67 }

F normal fail { 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 159, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 6, 7, 55, 56, 73, 103, 104, 150, 160, 161, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178 }

F(-2) exception fail { 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 151, 152, 153, 179, 180, 181 }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 33, 99, 100, 101, 105, 106, 107, 113, 118, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 103, 104, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 159, 160, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	114	76	144	326	171	311	324	243	215
N.S.	1	1.25	0.84	1.58	3.58	1.88	3.42	3.56	2.67	2.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.177	0.718	0.057	0.092	0.346	0.117	0.147	0.198

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	83	61	111	222	111	202	204	153	143
N.S.	1	1.19	0.87	1.59	3.17	1.59	2.89	2.91	2.19	2.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.115	0.544	0.051	0.086	0.264	0.127	0.170	1.914

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	59	44	77	135	64	112	112	83	82
N.S.	1	1.20	0.90	1.57	2.76	1.31	2.29	2.29	1.69	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.087	0.476	0.047	0.083	0.200	0.118	0.150	1.865

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	27	30	68	30	46	46	33	35
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.07	2.43	1.07	1.64	1.64	1.18	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.068	0.347	0.041	0.089	0.159	0.124	0.157	0.078

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	49	82	57	94	0	56	16	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.61	1.12	1.84	0.00	1.10	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.057	0.368	0.090	0.078	0.000	0.123	0.154	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	84	65	133	81	150	0	615	76	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.92	1.87	1.14	2.11	0.00	8.66	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.162	0.434	0.088	0.081	0.000	0.138	0.153	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	111	88	277	95	254	0	298	103	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.85	2.66	0.91	2.44	0.00	2.87	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	0.325	0.532	0.084	0.090	0.000	0.135	0.178	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	167	132	145	382	312	660	372	576	332
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	0.90	2.36	1.93	4.07	2.30	3.56	2.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.583	0.364	0.946	0.074	0.085	0.491	0.121	0.151	2.508

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	129	104	121	263	209	456	243	382	229
N.S.	1	1.04	0.84	0.98	2.12	1.69	3.68	1.96	3.08	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.264	0.781	0.072	0.085	0.393	0.124	0.161	0.390

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	97	75	79	165	123	264	136	226	127
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.83	1.74	1.29	2.78	1.43	2.38	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.184	0.655	0.044	0.098	0.275	0.122	0.150	1.977

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	51	52	88	66	126	63	108	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.95	1.60	1.20	2.29	1.15	1.96	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.166	0.526	0.037	0.082	0.196	0.127	0.150	0.105

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	64	97	72	104	0	68	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.24	0.92	1.33	0.00	0.87	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.157	1.404	0.101	0.076	0.000	0.123	0.158	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	94	75	152	88	164	0	574	198	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.93	1.88	1.09	2.02	0.00	7.09	2.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	0.270	1.514	0.087	0.081	0.000	0.162	0.149	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	148	102	299	99	278	0	330	408	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.91	2.67	0.88	2.48	0.00	2.95	3.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.606	1.643	0.085	0.099	0.000	0.127	0.163	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	171	121	555	110	409	0	537	688	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.75	3.43	0.68	2.52	0.00	3.31	4.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.780	0.554	1.915	0.093	0.090	0.000	0.132	0.166	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	330	158	173	644	528	772	654	1068	532
N.S.	1	1.47	0.70	0.77	2.86	2.35	3.43	2.91	4.75	2.36
time (sec)	N/A	1.856	0.730	2.055	0.092	0.088	0.650	0.126	0.164	2.445

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	224	122	284	439	343	495	414	678	364
N.S.	1	1.28	0.70	1.62	2.51	1.96	2.83	2.37	3.87	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	1.172	0.635	1.521	0.076	0.085	0.513	0.139	0.183	2.183

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	150	93	191	272	199	284	230	374	183
N.S.	1	1.22	0.76	1.55	2.21	1.62	2.31	1.87	3.04	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.360	1.257	0.050	0.092	0.345	0.124	0.166	2.359

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	52	62	143	95	126	98	156	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.83	1.91	1.27	1.68	1.31	2.08	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.183	1.033	0.053	0.082	0.249	0.122	0.157	0.234

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	102	166	117	186	0	112	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.37	0.97	1.54	0.00	0.93	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.257	1.508	0.129	0.071	0.000	0.131	0.157	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	158	196	271	145	305	0	1075	167	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.35	1.87	1.00	2.10	0.00	7.41	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	0.442	1.786	0.145	0.109	0.000	0.168	0.165	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	242	218	562	145	527	0	602	226	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.18	3.05	0.79	2.86	0.00	3.27	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.012	0.590	1.996	0.123	0.139	0.000	0.130	0.165	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	237	100	102	176	195	253	150	243	129
N.S.	1	1.38	0.58	0.59	1.02	1.13	1.47	0.87	1.41	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.278	1.408	0.055	0.105	0.535	0.124	0.148	0.392

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	181	90	81	132	147	209	118	179	94
N.S.	1	1.35	0.67	0.60	0.99	1.10	1.56	0.88	1.34	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	0.109	1.221	0.041	0.086	0.407	0.123	0.149	0.273

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	53	64	96	114	138	86	119	68
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	0.80	1.20	1.42	1.72	1.08	1.49	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.123	1.138	0.041	0.110	0.309	0.125	0.154	0.155

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	185	343	0	0	497	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.92	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.697	0.346	0.000	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	121	199	0	0	305	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.67	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	85	101	0	157	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.39	1.66	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.057	0.520	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.149	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	16	12	16	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.14	0.86	1.14	1.14	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	2.692	0.137	0.320	0.086	0.463	0.282	0.163	1.871

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	27	14	16	27	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.93	1.00	1.14	1.93	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	5.910	0.142	0.351	0.087	0.666	1.439	0.157	1.905

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	127	145	298	238	1332	0	0	543	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.41	2.89	2.31	12.93	0.00	0.00	5.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	0.609	0.777	0.181	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	93	91	159	0	715	0	0	261	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.25	2.18	0.00	9.79	0.00	0.00	3.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.469	0.603	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	51	57	72	161	0	78	90	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.97	2.48	5.55	0.00	2.69	3.10	1.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.086	0.549	0.043	0.109	0.000	0.126	0.161	0.094

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	102	18	14	18	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	6.38	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	25.298	0.119	0.143	0.088	0.485	0.114	0.173	1.926

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	156	29	15	18	29	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	9.75	1.81	0.94	1.12	1.81	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	21.722	0.134	0.172	0.086	0.677	0.175	0.146	1.964

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	306	455	0	0	4785	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.54	0.00	0.00	16.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.269	5.068	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	183	270	0	0	2651	0	0	919	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.54	0.00	0.00	15.15	0.00	0.00	5.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	1.667	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	104	156	216	0	1267	0	0	383	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.53	2.12	0.00	12.42	0.00	0.00	3.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.465	0.558	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	321	18	14	18	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	20.06	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	141.939	0.127	0.360	0.079	0.496	2.012	0.165	1.938

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	0	16	405	29	15	18	29	18
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	1.00	25.31	1.81	0.94	1.12	1.81	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.000	0.131	0.418	0.093	0.695	26.676	0.164	1.998

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	201	107	0	308	523	0	232	62	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.63	0.00	1.80	3.06	0.00	1.36	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.851	0.041	0.000	0.054	0.101	0.000	0.175	0.163	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	167	107	0	268	387	0	202	36	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.73	0.00	1.84	2.65	0.00	1.38	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.652	0.066	0.000	0.054	0.110	0.000	0.154	0.159	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	138	105	0	230	302	0	169	15	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.85	0.00	1.87	2.46	0.00	1.37	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.051	0.000	0.051	0.108	0.000	0.137	0.156	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	B	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	105	0	180	123	0	89	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	1.73	1.18	0.00	0.86	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.027	0.000	0.042	0.106	0.000	0.126	0.166	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	137	118	0	104	338	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.99	0.00	0.87	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.241	0.000	0.051	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	168	150	0	115	534	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.01	0.00	0.77	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.429	0.000	0.126	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	205	191	0	115	853	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.10	0.00	0.66	4.90	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.794	0.270	0.000	0.131	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	246	137	0	281	1001	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.57	0.00	1.18	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.741	0.310	0.000	0.157	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	218	137	0	239	755	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.65	0.00	1.13	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.641	0.150	0.000	0.151	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	166	129	0	189	590	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	1.14	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	0.287	0.000	0.138	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	141	0	107	155	0	115	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.78	1.12	0.00	0.83	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.095	0.000	0.132	0.102	0.000	0.138	0.157	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	160	152	0	116	569	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.07	0.00	0.82	4.01	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.253	0.000	0.126	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	221	156	0	118	861	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.90	0.00	0.68	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.819	0.000	0.143	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	243	204	0	116	1350	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.93	0.00	0.53	6.14	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	0.282	0.000	0.120	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	304	222	0	116	1825	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.88	0.00	0.46	7.27	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.854	0.516	0.000	0.118	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	546	195	0	513	2092	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.43	0.51	0.00	1.35	5.49	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.362	0.352	0.000	0.149	0.169	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	465	209	0	429	1545	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.43	0.64	0.00	1.32	4.74	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.937	0.321	0.000	0.144	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	275	210	0	334	1217	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	1.21	4.43	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.728	0.211	0.000	0.145	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	228	192	0	177	253	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.78	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.631	0.168	0.000	0.128	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	267	246	0	196	1344	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.00	0.00	0.80	5.46	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.575	0.000	0.182	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	402	253	0	194	2058	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.91	0.00	0.70	7.43	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.253	1.805	0.000	0.184	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	331	480	376	0	196	3280	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.45	1.14	0.00	0.59	9.91	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.516	0.630	0.000	0.168	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	B	B	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	132	51	133	174	191	131	145	40	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.46	1.20	1.57	1.72	1.18	1.31	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.563	0.012	0.308	0.038	0.093	10.168	0.128	0.154	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	B	B	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	107	48	121	148	138	100	108	76	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.52	1.32	1.61	1.50	1.09	1.17	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.010	0.267	0.041	0.084	0.759	0.126	0.156	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	48	72	117	59	66	60	16	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.94	1.52	0.77	0.86	0.78	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.008	0.273	0.043	0.087	0.533	0.120	0.161	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	106	67	115	76	136	99	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.76	1.31	0.86	1.55	1.12	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.027	0.279	0.037	0.115	1.443	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	78	126	58	179	124	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.68	1.11	0.51	1.57	1.09	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.069	0.274	0.093	0.101	10.786	0.000	0.155	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	16	15	16	15	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.00	0.94	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	3.063	0.212	0.849	0.088	1.204	0.152	0.158	1.901

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	16	15	16	17	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.00	1.06	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	4.461	0.227	0.928	0.107	0.884	0.129	0.169	1.907

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	8	10	0	10	10	11	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.80	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.10	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	2.441	0.069	0.168	0.000	40.170	0.127	0.160	1.820

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	46	0	0	0	0	0	19	39
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.161

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	16	0	0	109	0	0	25	42
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	4.54	0.00	0.00	1.04	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.161	1.915

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	64	0	0	0	0	0	21	110
N.S.	1	1.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	2.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.457	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	2.094

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	76	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.656	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	20	17	20	22	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.11	0.94	1.11	1.22	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	2.091	0.131	0.206	0.093	8.984	0.149	0.166	1.986

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	205	0	161	340	0	0	249	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.68	1.43	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.135	0.000	0.112	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	132	0	102	241	0	0	317	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.71	1.67	0.00	0.00	2.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.141	0.000	0.110	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	102	0	79	168	0	0	113	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.72	1.53	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.041	0.000	0.069	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	16	14	16	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.14	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	4.239	0.093	0.139	0.110	1.949	0.116	0.153	1.899

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	15	18	153	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.94	1.12	9.56	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	2.739	0.107	0.171	0.100	4.279	0.114	0.184	1.945

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	226	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	3.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.028	0.342	0.095	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	320	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	5.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.015	0.371	0.103	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.023	0.337	0.100	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	78	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.32	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.012	0.316	0.103	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	67	43	78	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.37	0.88	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.016	0.350	0.135	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	52	67	55	86	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.22	1.00	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.015	0.365	0.119	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	55	71	55	86	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.20	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.019	0.334	0.125	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	71	136	0	0	728	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.83	1.58	0.00	0.00	8.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.075	0.000	0.115	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	78	0	71	136	0	0	510	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.84	1.60	0.00	0.00	6.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.069	0.000	0.101	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	71	136	0	0	330	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.83	1.58	0.00	0.00	3.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.073	0.000	0.110	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	76	0	71	122	0	0	190	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.84	1.44	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.059	0.000	0.130	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	0	55	117	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.76	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.043	0.000	0.117	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	73	0	0	136	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	84	0	0	136	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	17	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	17	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	45	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	49	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	122	172	237	168	264	258	200	187
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.93	2.66	1.89	2.97	2.90	2.25	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.333	0.732	0.048	0.093	0.287	0.135	0.202	2.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	80	77	141	102	151	146	116	112
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	1.15	2.10	1.52	2.25	2.18	1.73	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.214	0.581	0.045	0.091	0.209	0.144	0.192	0.137

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	52	43	66	51	68	64	52	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	0.96	1.47	1.13	1.51	1.42	1.16	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.400	0.470	0.039	0.090	0.158	0.124	0.207	0.081

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	54	94	70	111	0	67	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.47	1.09	1.73	0.00	1.05	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.122	0.683	0.079	0.103	0.000	0.123	0.210	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	68	149	87	162	0	631	175	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.71	1.00	1.86	0.00	7.25	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.259	0.794	0.074	0.090	0.000	0.152	0.156	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	90	296	98	274	0	316	355	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	2.41	0.80	2.23	0.00	2.57	2.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.355	0.869	0.091	0.106	0.000	0.131	0.160	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	224	217	180	527	395	779	577	735	452
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.80	2.35	1.76	3.48	2.58	3.28	2.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.557	0.928	1.592	0.082	0.106	0.423	0.131	0.151	3.271

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	192	123	327	227	456	329	418	257
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.73	1.95	1.35	2.71	1.96	2.49	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.407	1.342	0.053	0.097	0.361	0.125	0.166	2.281

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	81	126	167	113	219	151	186	123
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.29	1.70	1.15	2.23	1.54	1.90	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.586	0.933	0.050	0.115	0.229	0.132	0.156	0.145

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	139	113	191	149	228	0	135	53	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	1.32	1.03	1.57	0.00	0.93	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.620	0.498	2.160	0.133	0.104	0.000	0.135	0.158	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	170	207	308	182	359	0	1134	369	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.32	1.96	1.16	2.29	0.00	7.22	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.596	0.606	2.281	0.139	0.102	0.000	0.194	0.170	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	298	353	618	202	596	0	682	753	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.71	2.99	0.98	2.88	0.00	3.29	3.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.924	1.079	2.476	0.128	0.116	0.000	0.139	0.175	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	128	178	325	228	438	0	0	476	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.52	2.78	1.95	3.74	0.00	0.00	4.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.812	0.964	0.544	0.171	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	98	133	174	0	243	0	0	225	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.51	1.98	0.00	2.76	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.592	0.616	0.462	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	51	70	47	71	92	76	66	74	53
N.S.	1	1.04	1.43	0.96	1.45	1.88	1.55	1.35	1.51	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.558	0.459	0.039	0.111	0.313	0.121	0.153	1.963

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	98	27	27	22	30	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	4.90	1.35	1.35	1.10	1.50	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	7.586	0.235	0.171	0.087	1.065	0.115	0.162	1.898

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	154	51	58	22	119	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	7.70	2.55	2.90	1.10	5.95	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	5.968	0.234	0.214	0.084	1.834	0.168	0.169	1.909

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	255	506	600	610	1863	0	0	1485	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.98	2.35	2.39	7.31	0.00	0.00	5.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.399	1.892	0.820	0.263	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	196	295	313	0	963	0	0	669	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.48	1.56	0.00	4.82	0.00	0.00	3.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.045	0.977	0.687	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	119	114	82	239	385	156	192	184	138
N.S.	1	0.97	0.93	0.67	1.94	3.13	1.27	1.56	1.50	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.621	0.663	0.734	0.055	0.105	0.456	0.108	0.156	1.823

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	593	57	54	22	53	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	29.65	2.85	2.70	1.10	2.65	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	20.004	0.420	0.392	0.088	1.754	0.120	0.163	1.911

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	710	99	105	22	100	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	35.50	4.95	5.25	1.10	5.00	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	21.124	0.404	0.589	0.090	4.323	0.227	0.176	1.999

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	126	53	108	120	0	0	147	18	117
N.S.	1	1.15	0.48	0.98	1.09	0.00	0.00	1.34	0.16	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.632	0.209	0.500	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.109	0.156	0.214

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	99	44	86	90	0	0	107	18	95
N.S.	1	1.12	0.50	0.98	1.02	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.20	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.155	0.420	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.110	0.156	1.893

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	66	34	64	60	0	0	67	16	56
N.S.	1	1.25	0.64	1.21	1.13	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.30	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.251	0.419	0.193	0.000	0.000	0.111	0.155	1.847

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	57	54	0	0	0	0	32	18	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.192	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.110	0.156	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	89	75	0	0	0	0	68	52	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.117	0.162	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	113	97	0	0	0	0	107	18	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.685	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.113	0.162	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	69	33	62	88	0	0	0	14	63
N.S.	1	1.01	0.49	0.91	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.083	0.230	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	1.873

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	55	31	50	66	0	0	0	14	51
N.S.	1	1.04	0.58	0.94	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.065	0.184	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.074

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	35	22	38	44	0	0	0	12	39
N.S.	1	1.09	0.69	1.19	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.048	0.182	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.158	1.813

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	39	33	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	63	44	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	170	70	0	180	0	0	192	29	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.38	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.195	0.240	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.122	0.167	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	127	54	0	136	0	0	144	29	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.37	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.791	0.178	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.115	0.169	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	73	56	0	92	0	0	96	25	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.63	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.085	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.169	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	40	36	0	0	0	0	40	29	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.123	0.158	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	64	53	0	0	0	0	112	52	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.122	0.163	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	91	69	0	0	0	0	170	29	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.120	0.160	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	383	238	213	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.864	0.231	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	170	163	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.172	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	104	139	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	30	17	18	30	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.67	0.94	1.00	1.67	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	2.549	0.184	0.196	0.090	1.875	0.473	0.159	1.862

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	34	19	18	34	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.89	1.06	1.00	1.89	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	1.222	0.187	0.198	0.092	3.552	1.258	0.158	1.866

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	402	231	234	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.129	0.646	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	148	161	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.728	0.354	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	96	110	0	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	14	36	14	14	29	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	1.00	2.57	1.00	1.00	2.07	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	7.771	0.132	0.178	0.130	8.243	0.112	0.159	2.018

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	14	42	15	14	35	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	1.00	3.00	1.07	1.00	2.50	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	8.714	0.131	0.202	0.106	14.150	0.115	0.169	2.008

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	0	15	18	20	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	0.00	0.83	1.00	1.11	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	2.327	0.192	0.234	0.000	1.618	0.166	0.165	1.908

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	0	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.00	1.10	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	4.587	0.175	0.200	0.099	0.000	0.184	0.159	2.017

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	402	386	429	0	373	713	0	0	816	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	0.00	0.93	1.77	0.00	0.00	2.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.985	1.523	0.000	0.177	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	263	258	302	0	209	493	0	0	560	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.15	0.00	0.79	1.87	0.00	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.766	0.682	0.000	0.125	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	189	0	100	249	0	0	275	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.00	0.76	1.90	0.00	0.00	2.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.219	0.000	0.080	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	17	22	133	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.85	1.10	6.65	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	3.376	0.158	0.137	0.091	1.497	0.110	0.175	1.978

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	39	29	22	4857	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.95	1.45	1.10	242.85	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	6.600	0.333	0.201	0.088	11.246	0.120	0.264	2.020

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	123	108	237	168	264	258	213	187
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.21	2.66	1.89	2.97	2.90	2.39	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.287	0.762	0.047	0.092	0.288	0.112	0.152	2.015

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	83	76	141	102	151	146	124	110
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.13	2.10	1.52	2.25	2.18	1.85	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.181	0.645	0.039	0.090	0.227	0.113	0.151	1.963

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	46	46	66	51	68	64	56	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.02	1.47	1.13	1.51	1.42	1.24	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.102	0.539	0.051	0.080	0.173	0.113	0.150	0.093

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	57	94	70	111	0	67	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.47	1.09	1.73	0.00	1.05	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.098	0.625	0.080	0.093	0.000	0.110	0.152	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	71	149	87	162	0	631	179	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.71	1.00	1.86	0.00	7.25	2.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.257	0.755	0.084	0.096	0.000	0.136	0.154	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	95	296	98	274	0	316	361	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.41	0.80	2.23	0.00	2.57	2.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.386	0.802	0.091	0.099	0.000	0.115	0.155	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	232	194	523	409	779	599	940	481
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.82	2.21	1.73	3.29	2.53	3.97	2.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.753	1.834	0.073	0.113	0.435	0.122	0.751	3.690

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	182	252	145	324	240	456	345	554	281
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	0.80	1.78	1.32	2.51	1.90	3.04	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.584	1.569	0.056	0.096	0.318	0.117	0.152	2.371

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	96	107	165	122	219	160	261	135
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.95	1.46	1.08	1.94	1.42	2.31	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	4.242	1.188	0.051	0.161	0.229	0.119	0.154	0.165

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	156	133	202	148	230	0	144	59	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	1.29	0.95	1.47	0.00	0.92	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.555	0.200	2.426	0.114	0.107	0.000	0.120	0.156	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	183	233	319	181	355	0	1135	398	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	1.74	0.99	1.94	0.00	6.20	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.406	2.556	0.128	0.181	0.000	0.172	0.156	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	242	394	626	201	586	0	678	791	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	2.59	0.83	2.42	0.00	2.80	3.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	0.793	2.734	0.126	0.122	0.000	0.127	0.159	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	436	397	336	0	0	1042	0	0	350	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.928	0.300	0.000	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	299	247	0	0	736	0	0	246	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.431	0.172	0.000	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	201	152	437	0	473	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.75	2.15	0.00	2.33	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.869	0.086	0.512	0.000	0.208	0.000	0.000	0.152	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	27	17	22	31	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.35	0.85	1.10	1.55	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.811	0.186	0.193	0.154	6.041	0.127	0.152	1.943

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	51	19	22	126	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	2.55	0.95	1.10	6.30	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.755	0.191	0.254	0.093	35.764	0.291	0.169	1.975

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	823	746	11178	0	0	7116	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.91	13.58	0.00	0.00	8.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.092	13.543	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	593	550	2814	0	0	4105	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	4.75	0.00	0.00	6.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.930	9.932	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	281	509	585	0	1765	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.86	2.14	0.00	6.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.359	2.779	0.785	0.000	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	416	55	0	22	66	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	20.80	2.75	0.00	1.10	3.30	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	25.012	0.347	0.597	0.199	0.000	0.398	0.168	2.078

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	622	96	0	22	121	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	31.10	4.80	0.00	1.10	6.05	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	25.304	0.358	0.906	0.092	0.000	1.301	0.178	2.170

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	0	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.00	1.10	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	2.930	0.136	0.204	0.092	0.000	0.224	0.160	2.026

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	543	543	447	0	375	813	0	0	1232	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.69	1.50	0.00	0.00	2.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.170	1.084	0.000	0.176	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	282	254	0	208	509	0	0	652	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.74	1.80	0.00	0.00	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.482	0.000	0.106	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	119	0	100	249	0	0	284	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.76	1.90	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.120	0.000	0.086	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.152	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	17	22	46	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.85	1.10	2.30	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	1.095	0.135	0.159	0.077	1.591	0.115	0.232	1.839

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	38	19	22	62433	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.90	0.95	1.10	3121.65	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	4.833	0.329	0.175	0.071	13.242	0.124	1.125	1.998

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [16] had the largest ratio of [1.6875000000000000]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	C	14	14	1.25	14	1.000
2	C	12	12	1.19	14	0.857
3	C	8	8	1.20	14	0.571
4	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
5	A	7	7	1.00	14	0.500
6	C	11	11	1.18	14	0.786
7	C	13	13	1.07	14	0.929
8	A	9	9	1.03	16	0.562
9	A	6	6	1.04	16	0.375
10	A	6	6	1.02	16	0.375
11	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
12	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
13	C	11	11	1.16	16	0.688
14	A	6	6	1.32	16	0.375
15	C	14	14	1.06	16	0.875
16	C	28	27	1.47	16	1.688
17	C	21	21	1.28	16	1.312
18	C	13	12	1.22	16	0.750
19	A	8	8	1.00	14	0.571
20	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
21	C	3	3	1.09	16	0.188

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	11	11	1.32	16	0.688
23	A	12	12	1.38	12	1.000
24	A	12	12	1.35	12	1.000
25	A	5	5	1.06	10	0.500
26	A	7	6	1.03	14	0.429
27	A	6	5	1.02	14	0.357
28	A	5	4	1.00	12	0.333
29	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
30	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
31	C	11	10	1.23	16	0.625
32	C	10	9	1.27	16	0.562
33	A	6	6	1.00	14	0.429
34	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
35	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
36	A	11	10	1.03	16	0.625
37	A	9	8	1.05	16	0.500
38	A	7	6	1.02	14	0.429
39	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
40	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
41	C	16	15	1.18	16	0.938
42	C	13	12	1.14	16	0.750
43	C	10	9	1.12	16	0.562
44	A	7	6	1.00	16	0.375
45	C	10	9	1.15	16	0.562
46	C	13	12	1.13	16	0.750
47	C	16	15	1.18	16	0.938
48	A	6	6	1.03	18	0.333
49	A	6	6	1.03	18	0.333
50	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
51	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
52	C	10	9	1.13	18	0.500
53	A	6	6	1.27	18	0.333

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	C	13	12	1.10	18	0.667
55	A	9	9	1.21	18	0.500
56	C	20	19	1.43	18	1.056
57	C	17	16	1.43	18	0.889
58	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
59	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
60	C	3	3	1.09	18	0.167
61	A	11	10	1.45	18	0.556
62	C	14	13	1.45	18	0.722
63	C	13	12	1.19	12	1.000
64	C	10	9	1.16	12	0.750
65	A	7	6	1.00	12	0.500
66	C	10	9	1.20	12	0.750
67	C	13	12	1.17	12	1.000
68	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
69	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
70	N/A	4	0	1.00	10	0.000
71	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
72	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
73	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
74	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
75	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
76	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
77	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
78	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
79	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
80	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
81	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
82	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
83	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
84	A	4	4	1.00	10	0.400
85	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
87	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
88	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
89	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
90	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
91	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
92	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
93	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
94	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
95	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
96	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
97	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
98	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
99	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
100	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
101	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
102	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
103	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
104	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
105	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
106	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
107	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
108	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
109	C	5	5	1.08	20	0.250
110	A	7	7	1.44	20	0.350
111	C	13	12	1.09	20	0.600
112	C	12	11	1.11	20	0.550
113	A	8	8	1.04	18	0.444
114	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
115	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
116	C	16	15	1.00	20	0.750
117	C	16	15	0.98	20	0.750

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	10	10	0.97	18	0.556
119	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
120	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
121	C	14	14	1.15	18	0.778
122	C	10	10	1.12	18	0.556
123	A	8	8	1.25	16	0.500
124	A	9	9	0.69	18	0.500
125	C	13	13	0.81	18	0.722
126	C	15	15	0.75	18	0.833
127	C	14	14	1.01	14	1.000
128	C	10	10	1.04	14	0.714
129	A	8	8	1.09	12	0.667
130	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
131	A	8	8	0.93	14	0.571
132	C	10	10	0.94	14	0.714
133	C	23	23	0.92	14	1.643
134	C	15	14	0.88	14	1.000
135	A	10	10	0.82	12	0.833
136	A	5	5	0.73	14	0.357
137	C	5	5	0.81	14	0.357
138	A	8	8	0.83	14	0.571
139	A	9	8	0.62	18	0.444
140	A	8	7	0.63	18	0.389
141	A	7	6	0.66	16	0.375
142	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
143	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
144	A	13	12	0.57	14	0.857
145	A	11	10	0.60	14	0.714
146	A	9	8	0.69	12	0.667
147	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
148	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
149	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
150	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
151	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
152	A	5	5	0.98	20	0.250
153	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
154	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
155	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
156	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
157	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
158	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
159	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
160	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
161	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
162	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
163	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
164	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
165	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
166	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
167	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
168	A	10	9	0.91	20	0.450
169	A	9	8	0.93	20	0.400
170	A	8	7	0.99	18	0.389
171	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
172	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
173	A	18	17	0.91	20	0.850
174	A	16	15	0.93	20	0.750
175	A	14	13	1.03	18	0.722
176	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
177	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
178	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
179	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
180	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
181	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
182	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
183	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	93
3.2	$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	102
3.3	$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$	110
3.4	$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx$	117
3.5	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	123
3.6	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	129
3.7	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	136
3.8	$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	144
3.9	$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	154
3.10	$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	163
3.11	$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	171
3.12	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	177
3.13	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	182
3.14	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	190
3.15	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	197
3.16	$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	207
3.17	$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	227
3.18	$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	242
3.19	$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	252
3.20	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	259
3.21	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	264
3.22	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	271
3.23	$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$	281
3.24	$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$	290
3.25	$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$	299

3.26	$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$	305
3.27	$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$	313
3.28	$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$	320
3.29	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	326
3.30	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	331
3.31	$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$	336
3.32	$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$	344
3.33	$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$	351
3.34	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	357
3.35	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	362
3.36	$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$	367
3.37	$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$	377
3.38	$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$	386
3.39	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$	394
3.40	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	399
3.41	$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	404
3.42	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	413
3.43	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$	421
3.44	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	428
3.45	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	434
3.46	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	441
3.47	$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	449
3.48	$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	458
3.49	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	465
3.50	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	472
3.51	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	478
3.52	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	484
3.53	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	491
3.54	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	498
3.55	$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$	507
3.56	$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	515
3.57	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	530
3.58	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$	542
3.59	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	549

3.60	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	555
3.61	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	562
3.62	$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	571
3.63	$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx$	581
3.64	$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$	589
3.65	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$	596
3.66	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$	602
3.67	$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$	609
3.68	$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx$	616
3.69	$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	621
3.70	$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$	626
3.71	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	631
3.72	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$	636
3.73	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5} x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	641
3.74	$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$	646
3.75	$\int (c+dx)^m (b \cosh(e+fx))^n dx$	651
3.76	$\int (c+dx)^m \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$	656
3.77	$\int (c+dx)^m \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	663
3.78	$\int (c+dx)^m \cosh(a+bx) dx$	669
3.79	$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx$	675
3.80	$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx) dx$	680
3.81	$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	685
3.82	$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	691
3.83	$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	697
3.84	$\int x^m \cosh(a+bx) dx$	703
3.85	$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	708
3.86	$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	713
3.87	$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a+bx) dx$	718
3.88	$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	723
3.89	$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	729
3.90	$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	735
3.91	$\int x^m \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	741
3.92	$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$	747

3.93	$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	752
3.94	$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$	757
3.95	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	762
3.96	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$	766
3.97	$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	770
3.98	$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$	775
3.99	$\int (c + dx)^3(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	780
3.100	$\int (c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	788
3.101	$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$	795
3.102	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$	801
3.103	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	806
3.104	$\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	812
3.105	$\int (c + dx)^3(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	818
3.106	$\int (c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	828
3.107	$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$	836
3.108	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$	843
3.109	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	850
3.110	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	858
3.111	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	867
3.112	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	876
3.113	$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	884
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	891
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	896
3.116	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	901
3.117	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	913
3.118	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	924
3.119	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	932
3.120	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	937
3.121	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$	942
3.122	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$	950
3.123	$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$	957
3.124	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$	963
3.125	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx$	969

3.126	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx$	976
3.127	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	984
3.128	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	990
3.129	$\int x \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} dx$	996
3.130	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$	1002
3.131	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$	1007
3.132	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$	1013
3.133	$\int x^3 (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1019
3.134	$\int x^2 (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1028
3.135	$\int x (a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$	1036
3.136	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1043
3.137	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1048
3.138	$\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1053
3.139	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1059
3.140	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1067
3.141	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1074
3.142	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1080
3.143	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$	1085
3.144	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1090
3.145	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1099
3.146	$\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1106
3.147	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1112
3.148	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$	1117
3.149	$\int \sqrt[3]{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} dx$	1122
3.150	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^n dx$	1127
3.151	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^3 dx$	1132
3.152	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1140
3.153	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+a \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1147
3.154	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1153
3.155	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1158
3.156	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1163
3.157	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1171
3.158	$\int (c+dx) (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1178
3.159	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$	1184
3.160	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1189

3.161	$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1195
3.162	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1201
3.163	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1212
3.164	$\int (c+dx) (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1221
3.165	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$	1228
3.166	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	1234
3.167	$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	1241
3.168	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1249
3.169	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1259
3.170	$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1268
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	1275
3.172	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$	1280
3.173	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1285
3.174	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1302
3.175	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1316
3.176	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1326
3.177	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1331
3.178	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^n dx$	1336
3.179	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^3 dx$	1341
3.180	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 dx$	1350
3.181	$\int (c+dx)^m (a+b \cosh(e+fx)) dx$	1357
3.182	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$	1364
3.183	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$	1369

3.1 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	93
Mathematica [A] (verified)	93
Rubi [C] (verified)	94
Maple [A] (verified)	97
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	98
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	98
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	99
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	100
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	100
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	101

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{24d^3(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{24d^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^5} + \frac{12d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-24*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-4*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+24*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+12*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-4bd(c + dx) (6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) + (24d^4 + 12b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 + b^4(c + dx)^4) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-4*b*d*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] + (24*d^4 + 12*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + b^4*(c + d*x)^4)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^5}$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4id \int -i(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int (c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int -i(c + dx)^3 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \int (c + dx)^3 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{b} dx\right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 3117

$$\frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh\left(\frac{a+bx}{b^2}\right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((4*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((3*I)*d*((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{12\left(\frac{1}{3}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2+2d^2}{b^5}bd^2x \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^2+2\left(-(dx+c)^4b^4-12d^2(dx+c)^2b^2-24d^4\right) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)+8b\left(x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2}{b^5\left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$
orering	$-\frac{8d\left(d^4x^4b^4+4b^4cd^3x^3+6b^4c^2d^2x^2+4b^4c^3dx+b^4c^4+9b^2d^4x^2+18b^2cd^3x+9b^2c^2d^2+12d^4\right) \cosh(bx+a)}{b^6(dx+c)} + \frac{(d^4x^4b^4+4b^4cd^3x^3+6b^4c^2d^2x^2+4b^4c^3dx+b^4c^4+9b^2d^4x^2+18b^2cd^3x+9b^2c^2d^2+12d^4)}{b^6(dx+c)}$
risch	$\frac{(d^4x^4b^4+4b^4cd^3x^3+6b^4c^2d^2x^2-4b^3d^4x^3+4b^4c^3dx-12b^3cd^3x^2+b^4c^4-12b^3c^2d^2x+12b^2d^4x^2-4b^3c^3d+24b^2cd^3x+12d^4)}{2b^5}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)d^4x^4}{b} + \frac{4\sinh(bx+a)cd^3x^3}{b} + \frac{6\sinh(bx+a)c^2d^2x^2}{b} + \frac{4\sinh(bx+a)c^3dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c^4}{b} - \frac{4d\left(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2+3c^2dx+c^3\right)}{b^5}$
meijerg	$-\frac{16id^4 \cosh(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{ixb\left(\frac{5x^2b^2}{2}+15\right) \cosh(bx)}{10\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{i\left(\frac{5}{8}x^4b^4+\frac{15}{2}x^2b^2+15\right) \sinh(bx)}{10\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^5} - \frac{16d^4 \sinh(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{3}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \left(\frac{3}{8}x^4b^4+\frac{15}{2}x^2b^2+15\right) \right)}{b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^4 \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{4d^3c^3((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{4d^3a^3c \sinh(bx+a)}{b^3} + \frac{6d^2a^2c^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{b^2} - \frac{4da c^3 \sinh(bx+a)}{b} - \frac{4d^4a^4}{b^4}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{c^4 \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{4d^3c^3((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{4d^3a^3c \sinh(bx+a)}{b^3} + \frac{6d^2a^2c^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{b^2} - \frac{4da c^3 \sinh(bx+a)}{b} - \frac{4d^4a^4}{b^4}}{b^5}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(6*((1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+2*d^2)*b*d^2*x*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2+(-(
d*x+c)^4*b^4-12*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2-24*d^4)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+4*b*((d^2*x^
2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+6*d^2)*d*(1/2*d*x+c))/b^5/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{4(b^3 d^4 x^3 + 3b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^3 c^3 d + 6bcd^3 + 3(b^3 c^2 d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a) - (b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4b^4 c d^3 x^3 + b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^4 c^2 d x + b^4 c^3) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-(4*(b^3*d^4*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3*d + 6*b*c*d^3 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d^2 + 2*b*d^4)*x)*cosh(b*x + a) - (b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + b^4*c^2*d^2 + 4*b^4*c^2*d*x + b^4*c^3)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^5
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{c^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4c^3 dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4cd^3 x^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4c^3 d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{12c^2 d^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \\ (c^4 x + 2c^3 dx^2 + 2c^2 d^2 x^3 + cd^3 x^4 + \frac{d^4 x^5}{5}) \cosh(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 4*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 4*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 4*c**3*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 12*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 12*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 4*d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 12*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 24*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 12*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 - 24*c*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)/b**4 - 24*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**4 + 24*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^4 e^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{2(bxe^a - e^a)c^3 d e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{c^4 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b} - \frac{2(bx+1)c^3 d e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} + \frac{3(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a)c^2 d^2 e^{(bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 2)c^2 d^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} + \frac{2(b^3 x^3 e^a - 3b^2 x^2 e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a)cd^3 e^{(bx)}}{b^4} - \frac{2(b^3 x^3 + 3b^2 x^2 + 6bx + 6)cd^3 e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^4} + \frac{(b^4 x^4 e^a - 4b^3 x^3 e^a + 12b^2 x^2 e^a - 24bx e^a + 24e^a)d^4 e^{(bx)}}{2b^5} - \frac{(b^4 x^4 + 4b^3 x^3 + 12b^2 x^2 + 24bx + 24)d^4 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*c^4*e^(b*x + a)/b + 2*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*c^3*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c^4*e^(-
b*x - a)/b - 2*(b*x + 1)*c^3*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 + 3*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e
^a + 2*e^a)*c^2*d^2*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*c^2*d^2*e^(-b*x
- a)/b^3 + 2*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*c*d^3*e^(b*
x)/b^4 - 2*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*c*d^3*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4 + 1/2*
(b^4*x^4*e^a - 4*b^3*x^3*e^a + 12*b^2*x^2*e^a - 24*b*x*e^a + 24*e^a)*d^4*e
^(b*x)/b^5 - 1/2*(b^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*x^3 + 12*b^2*x^2 + 24*b*x + 24)*d^4*e^(-
b*x - a)/b^5
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4 b^4 c^3 dx - 12 b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 - 12 b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 4 b^3 c^3 d + 24 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 24 b^3 c^3 d + 24 d^4) e^{(b x + a)} / b^5 - \frac{(b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4 b^4 c^3 dx + 12 b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 + 12 b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 4 b^3 c^3 d + 24 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 24 b^3 c^3 d + 24 d^4) e^{(-b x - a)} / b^5}{2 b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} (b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4 b^4 c^3 d x - 12 b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 - 12 b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 4 b^3 c^3 d + 24 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 24 b^3 c^3 d + 24 d^4) e^{(b x + a)} / b^5 - \frac{1}{2} (b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4 b^4 c^3 d x + 12 b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 + 12 b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 4 b^3 c^3 d + 24 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 24 b^3 c^3 d + 24 d^4) e^{(-b x - a)} / b^5$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^4 c^4 + 12 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 24 d^4)}{b^5}$$

$$- \frac{4 \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 d + 6 c d^3)}{b^4} - \frac{4 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

$$- \frac{12 x \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d^2 + 2 d^4)}{b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4 x \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 d + 6 c d^3)}{b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{6 x^2 \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d^2 + 2 d^4)}{b^3}$$

$$- \frac{12 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{4 c d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `(sinh(a + b*x)*(24*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2))/b^5 - (4*cosh(a + b*x)*
*(6*c*d^3 + b^2*c^3*d))/b^4 - (4*d^4*x^3*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 - (12*x*cosh(a
+ b*x)*(2*d^4 + b^2*c^2*d^2))/b^4 + (d^4*x^4*sinh(a + b*x))/b + (4*x*sinh
(a + b*x)*(6*c*d^3 + b^2*c^3*d))/b^3 + (6*x^2*sinh(a + b*x)*(2*d^4 + b^2*c
^2*d^2))/b^3 - (12*c*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (4*c*d^3*x^3*sinh(a + b*
x))/b`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \cosh(bx + a) b^3 c^3 d - 12 \cosh(bx + a) b^3 c^2 d^2 x - 12 \cosh(bx + a) b^3 c d^3 x^2 - 4 \cosh(bx + a) b^3 d^4 x^3 -$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `(- 4*cosh(a + b*x)*b**3*c**3*d - 12*cosh(a + b*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 12*c
osh(a + b*x)*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 4*cosh(a + b*x)*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 24*cosh(a
+ b*x)*b*c*d**3 - 24*cosh(a + b*x)*b*d**4*x + sinh(a + b*x)*b**4*c**4 + 4
*sinh(a + b*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 6*sinh(a + b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*sin
h(a + b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + sinh(a + b*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 + 12*sinh(a + b
*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 24*sinh(a + b*x)*b**2*c*d**3*x + 12*sinh(a + b*x)*b**
2*d**4*x**2 + 24*sinh(a + b*x)*d**4)/b**5`

3.2 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	102
Rubi [C] (verified)	103
Maple [A] (verified)	105
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	106
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	106
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	107
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	108
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	108
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	109

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{6d^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{6d^2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-6*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-3d(2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) + b(c + dx) (6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3*d*(2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] + b*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^4$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c + dx)^2 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3118 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{i^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((3*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((2*I)*d*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/b)/b
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_{x_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{ Int}[F_{x_}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$

- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

- rule 3118 $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/d, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

- rule 3777 $\text{Int}[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{6b^2d^2x\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^2-2(dx+c)b\left((dx+c)^2b^2+6d^2\right)\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)+6\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2+2d^2\right)d}{b^4\left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$
oring	$-\frac{6d(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2+4d^2)\cosh(bx+a)}{b^4} + \frac{(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2+6d^2)\left(3(dx+c)^2\cosh(bx+a)d+(dx+c)^3b\right)}{(dx+c)^2b^4}$
risch	$\frac{(d^3x^3b^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx-3b^2d^3x^2+b^3c^3-6b^2cd^2x-3b^2c^2d+6bd^3x+6bcd^2-6d^3)e^{bx+a}}{2b^4} - \frac{(d^3x^3b^3+3b^3cd^2x^2)}{2b^4}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)d^3x^3}{b} + \frac{3\sinh(bx+a)cd^2x^2}{b} + \frac{3\sinh(bx+a)c^2dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c^3}{b} - \frac{3d\left(\frac{d^2((bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)-2(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)+2c\cosh(bx+a)-2c(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)+c^2)}{b^3}\right)}{b^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3((bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)-3(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)+6(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)-6\cosh(bx+a))}{b^3} - \frac{3d^3a((bx+a)^2\sinh(bx+a)-2(bx+a)\cosh(bx+a)+c)}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3((bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)-3(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)+6(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)-6\cosh(bx+a))}{b^3} - \frac{3d^3a((bx+a)^2\sinh(bx+a)-2(bx+a)\cosh(bx+a)+c)}{b^3}$
meijerg	$\frac{8d^3\cosh(a)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{3}{4\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{\left(\frac{3x^2b^2}{2}+3\right)\cosh(bx)}{4\sqrt{\pi}}+\frac{xb\left(\frac{x^2b^2}{2}+3\right)\sinh(bx)}{4\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{8id^3\sinh(a)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{ixb\left(\frac{5x^2b^2}{2}+15\right)\cosh(bx)}{20\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{3}{4\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^4}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(3*b^2*d^2*x*(1/2*d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-(d*x+c)*b*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+6*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+3*((1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+2*d^2)*d)/b^4/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{3(b^2 d^3 x^2 + 2b^2 cd^2 x + b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) - (b^3 d^3 x^3 + 3b^3 cd^2 x^2 + b^3 c^3 + 6bcd^2 + 3(b^3 c^2 d + 2b^2 d^3)) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(3*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) - (b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b*c*d^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*b*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{c^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3c^2 dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3cd^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^3 x^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3c^2 d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{6cd^2 x \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{3d^3 x^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \\ \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \cosh(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c*d**2*x*
*2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 3*c**2*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b*
*2 - 6*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 3*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 6*c*
d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 6*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 - 6*d**3*cosh(a + b*
x)/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4
)*cosh(a), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^3 e^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{3(bxe^a - e^a)c^2 de^{(bx)}}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{c^3 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b} - \frac{3(bx+1)c^2 de^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a)cd^2 e^{(bx)}}{2b^3}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 2)cd^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^3 x^3 e^a - 3b^2 x^2 e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a)d^3 e^{(bx)}}{2b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3 x^3 + 3b^2 x^2 + 6bx + 6)d^3 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*c^3*e^(b*x + a)/b + 3/2*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*c^2*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c^3*e^
(-b*x - a)/b - 3/2*(b*x + 1)*c^2*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 + 3/2*(b^2*x^2*e^a -
2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*c*d^2*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 3/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*c*d^2*e^(-
b*x - a)/b^3 + 1/2*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*d^3*e^
^(b*x)/b^4 - 1/2*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*d^3*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^3 d^3 x^3 + 3 b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 3 b^3 c^2 dx - 3 b^2 d^3 x^2 + b^3 c^3 - 6 b^2 c d^2 x - 3 b^2 c^2 d + 6 b d^3 x + 6 b c d^2 - 6 d^3) e^{(bx+a)}}{2 b^4} - \frac{(b^3 d^3 x^3 + 3 b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 3 b^3 c^2 dx + 3 b^2 d^3 x^2 + b^3 c^3 + 6 b^2 c d^2 x + 3 b^2 c^2 d + 6 b d^3 x + 6 b c d^2 + 6 d^3) e^{(-bx-a)}}{2 b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 - 6*b^2*c*d^2*x - 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 6*d^3)*e^(b*x + a)/b^4 - 1/2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*x + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 6*d^3)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 + 6 c d^2)}{b^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d + 2 d^3)}{b^4} - \frac{3 d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3 x \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d + 2 d^3)}{b^3} - \frac{6 c d^2 x \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{3 c d^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(sinh(a + b*x)*(6*c*d^2 + b^2*c^3))/b^3 - (3*cosh(a + b*x)*(2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d))/b^4 - (3*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (d^3*x^3*sinh(a + b*x))/b + (3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*(2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d))/b^3 - (6*c*d^2*x*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (3*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cosh(bx + a) b^2 c^2 d - 6 \cosh(bx + a) b^2 c d^2 x - 3 \cosh(bx + a) b^2 d^3 x^2 - 6 \cosh(bx + a) d^3 + \sinh(bx + a) b^3 d^3 x^3}{b^4}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 3*cosh(a + b*x)*b**2*c**2*d - 6*cosh(a + b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x - 3*cosh(a + b*x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 6*cosh(a + b*x)*d**3 + sinh(a + b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 3*sinh(a + b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 3*sinh(a + b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + sinh(a + b*x)*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 6*sinh(a + b*x)*b*c*d**2 + 6*sinh(a + b*x)*b*d**3*x)/b**4
```

3.3 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	110
Mathematica [A] (verified)	110
Rubi [C] (verified)	111
Maple [A] (verified)	113
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	113
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	114
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	114
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	115
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	115
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	116

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+2*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-2bd(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) + (2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(-2*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x] + (2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^3
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c + dx) \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
parallelsch	$\frac{2x \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 b d^2 + 2\left(-(dx+c)^2 b^2 - 2d^2\right) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 4bd\left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right)}{b^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)x^2 d^2}{b} + \frac{2 \sinh(bx+a)cdx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c^2}{b} - \frac{2d\left(\frac{d((bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) - \sinh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{da \cosh(bx+a)}{b} + c\right)}{b^2}$
risch	$\frac{(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 - 2b d^2 x - 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{bx+a}}{2b^3} - \frac{(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 + 2b d^2 x + 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{-bx-a}}{2b^3}$
oring	$- \frac{4d(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 + d^2) \cosh(bx+a)}{b^4(dx+c)} + \frac{(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 + 2d^2) (2(dx+c) \cosh(bx+a)d + (dx+c)^2 b \sinh(bx+a))}{b^4(dx+c)^2}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{d^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2 \sinh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 a \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} + \frac{2dc \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2 \sinh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 a \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} + \frac{2dc \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b}$
meijerg	$\frac{4id^2 \cosh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{ixb \cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3x^2 b^2}{2} + 3 \right) \sinh(bx)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^3} + \frac{4d^2 \sinh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\left(\frac{x^2 b^2}{2} + 1 \right) \cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{xb \sinh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(x*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2*b*d^2+(-(d*x+c)^2*b^2-2*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+2*b*d*(1/2*d*x+c))/b^3/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= - \frac{2 (bd^2 x + bcd) \cosh (bx + a) - (b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 + 2 d^2) \sinh (bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-(2*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*\cosh(b*x + a) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*d^2)*\sinh(b*x + a))/b^3$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{c^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2cdx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2cd \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 x \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \cosh(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((c**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 2*c*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^2 e^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{(bx e^a - e^a) c d e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{c^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b}$$

$$- \frac{(bx + 1) c d e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} + \frac{(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2 b x e^a + 2 e^a) d^2 e^{(bx)}}{2 b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2 x^2 + 2 b x + 2) d^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*c^2*e^(b*x + a)/b + (b*x*e^a - e^a)*c*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c^2*e^(-b*x
- a)/b - (b*x + 1)*c*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2
*e^a)*d^2*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*d^2*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 c d x + b^2 c^2 - 2 b d^2 x - 2 b c d + 2 d^2) e^{(bx+a)}}{2 b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 c d x + b^2 c^2 + 2 b d^2 x + 2 b c d + 2 d^2) e^{(-bx-a)}}{2 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^
(b*x + a)/b^3 - 1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b
*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 + 2 d^2)}{b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2 c d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

$$- \frac{2 d^2 x \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2 c d x \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sinh(a + b*x)*(2*d^2 + b^2*c^2))/b^3 + (d^2*x^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b - (2*c*d
*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 - (2*d^2*x*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)
)/b
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cosh(bx + a) bcd - 2 \cosh(bx + a) b d^2 x + \sinh(bx + a) b^2 c^2 + 2 \sinh(bx + a) b^2 cdx + \sinh(bx + a) b^2 d^2 x^2}{b^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*cosh(a + b*x)*b*c*d - 2*cosh(a + b*x)*b*d**2*x + sinh(a + b*x)*b**2*
c**2 + 2*sinh(a + b*x)*b**2*c*d*x + sinh(a + b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sinh(
a + b*x)*d**2)/b**3
```

3.4 $\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	117
Rubi [A] (verified)	118
Maple [A] (verified)	119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	120
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	120
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	121
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	121
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	122

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-d*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-d \cosh(a + bx) + b(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-(d*Cosh[a + b*x]) + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(dx+c)b \sinh(bx+a) - d(\cosh(bx+a)+1)}{b^2}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(bx+a)}{b^2}$
orering	$-\frac{2d \cosh(bx+a)}{b^2} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a)d + (dx+c)b \sinh(bx+a)}{b^2}$
risch	$\frac{(dx+cb-d)e^{bx+a}}{2b^2} - \frac{(dx+cb+d)e^{-bx-a}}{2b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a)) - \frac{da \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c \sinh(bx+a)}{b}$
default	$\frac{d((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a)) - \frac{da \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c \sinh(bx+a)}{b}$
meijerg	$-\frac{2d \cosh(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{xb \sinh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{d \sinh(a)(\cosh(bx)xb - \sinh(bx))}{b^2} + \frac{c \cosh(a) \sinh(bx)}{b} - \frac{c \sinh(a)}{b}$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((d*x+c)*b*\sinh(b*x+a)-d*(\cosh(b*x+a)+1))/b^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \cosh(bx + a) - (bdx + bc) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(d*\cosh(b*x + a) - (b*d*x + b*c)*\sinh(b*x + a))/b^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{c \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}\right) \cosh(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((c*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b - d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{ce^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{(bx e^a - e^a)de^{(bx)}}{2b^2} - \frac{ce^{(-bx-a)}}{2b} - \frac{(bx + 1)de^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c*e^(b*x + a)/b + 1/2*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c*e^(-b*x - a)/b - 1/2*(b*x + 1)*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bdx + bc - d)e^{(bx+a)}}{2b^2} - \frac{(bdx + bc + d)e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*d*x + b*c - d)*e^(b*x + a)/b^2 - 1/2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c \sinh(a + bx) + dx \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(c*sinh(a + b*x) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x))/b - (d*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-\cosh(bx + a) d + \sinh(bx + a) bc + \sinh(bx + a) bdx}{b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `(- cosh(a + b*x)*d + sinh(a + b*x)*b*c + sinh(a + b*x)*b*d*x)/b**2`

3.5 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	123
Mathematica [A] (verified)	123
Rubi [A] (verified)	124
Maple [A] (verified)	126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	126
Sympy [F]	126
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	127
Mupad [F(-1)]	128
Reduce [F]	128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d}$$

output

```
cosh(a-b*c/d)*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)/d+sinh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) + \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x] + Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c + dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c + dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx\right)}{c + dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
 & \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{e^{-\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{e^{\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-bx-a-\frac{-ad+cb}{d}\right)}{2d}$	82

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/2/d*\exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d\right)-1/2/d*\exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d\right)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) - \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)\right) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/2*\left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{b*d*x+b*c}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{b*d*x+b*c}{d}\right)\right)*\cosh\left(-\frac{b*c-a*d}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{b*d*x+b*c}{d}\right) - \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{b*d*x+b*c}{d}\right)\right)*\sinh\left(-\frac{b*c-a*d}{d}\right)/d$$
Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/2*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\text{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} + \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d))/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x),x)`

3.6 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	129
Rubi [C] (verified)	130
Maple [A] (verified)	132
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	133
Sympy [F(-1)]	133
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	134
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	134
Mupad [F(-1)]	135
Reduce [F]	135

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)\text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)+b*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^2+b*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} + b\text{Chi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)\right)\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) + b\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)\text{Shi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-((d*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x])/(c + d*x)) + b*\text{CoshIntegral}[b*(c/d + x)]*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d] + b*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[b*(c/d + x)])}{d^2}$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\ & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{i \sinh \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int -\frac{i \sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Chi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]/(d*(c + d*x))) - (I*b*((I*\text{CoshIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x]*\text{Sinh} \\
& [a - (b*c)/d])/d + (I*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d)/d
\end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b e^{-bx-a}}{2d(dx+cb)} + \frac{b e^{-\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{b e^{bx+a}}{2d^2\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)} - \frac{b e^{\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-bx-a-\frac{-ad+cb}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$	13

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*b*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+1/2*b/d^2*exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/2*b/d^2*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b/d^2*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2d \cosh(bx + a) - ((bdx + bc)Ei(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) - (bdx + bc)Ei(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d})) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - ((bdx + bc)Ei(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) - (bdx + bc)Ei(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d})) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*d*cosh(b*x + a) - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b \left(\frac{e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{d} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*(e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - cosh(b*x + a)/((d*x + c)*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.66

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{\left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) b^2 \text{Ei} \left(-\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{bc - ad}{d} \right)} + b^3 c \text{Ei} \left(-\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{2 \left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) b^2 \text{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad}{d} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{bc - ad}{d} \right)} + b^3 c \text{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{2 \left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) \right)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b
- b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + b^3*c
*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*
c - a*d)/d) - a*b^2*d*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) +
b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(-(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c)
+ a*d/(d*x + c))/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d
^4 + b*c*d^4 - a*d^5)*b) + 1/2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x +
c))*b^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*
e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^3*c*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c
)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - a*b^2*d*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*
x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - b^2*d*e^((d*x
+ c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*
x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d^4 + b*c*d^4 - a*d^5)*b)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{bx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) + \int \frac{1}{e^{bx}c^2 + 2e^{bx}cdx + e^{bx}d^2x^2} dx}{2e^a}$$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
(e**(2*a)*int(e**(b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x) + int(1/(e**(b*x)*c
**2 + 2*e**(b*x)*c*d*x + e**(b*x)*d**2*x**2),x))/(2*e**a)
```


3.7 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	136
Rubi [C] (verified)	137
Maple [B] (verified)	140
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	140
Sympy [F(-1)]	141
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	141
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	142
Mupad [F(-1)]	142
Reduce [F]	143

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{2d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*b^2*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^3-1/2*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)+1/2*b^2*sinh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) - \frac{d(d \cosh(a+bx)+b(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx))}{(c+dx)^2} + b^2 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{2d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] - (d*(d*Cosh[a + b*x] + b
*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + b^2*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegra
l[b*(c/d + x)]/(2*d^3)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.929$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right) - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)}}{2d}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - ((I/2)*b*(((I)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) + (I*b*((Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d))/d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^3 e^{-bx-a} x}{4d(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2)} + \frac{b^3 e^{-bx-a} c}{4d^2(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2)} - \frac{b^2 e^{-bx-a}}{4d(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2)} - \frac{b^2 e^{-\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \expIntegral_1\left(bx+a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}\right)}{4d^3}$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*b^3*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+1/4*b^3*exp(-b*x
-a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-1/4*b^2*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2
*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-1/4*b^2/d^3*exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*
c)/d)-1/4*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-1/4*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b
*x)-1/4*b^2/d^3*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2d^2 \cosh(bx+a) - ((b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + (b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right))}{4d^3}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a) - ((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)) *cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + 2*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a) - ((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b \left(\frac{e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{2(dx + c)^2 d}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*b*(e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d))/d - 1/2*cosh(b*x + a)/((d*x + c)^2*d)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 2 b^2 c d x \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 2 b^2 c d x \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + b^2 c^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + b^2 c^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} - b^2 d^2 x e^{(bx+a)} + b^2 d^2 x e^{(-bx-a)} - b^2 c d e^{(bx+a)} + b^2 c d e^{(-bx-a)} - d^2 e^{(bx+a)} - d^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{(d^5 x^2 + 2 c d^4 x + c^2 d^3)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + b^2*c^2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + b^2*c^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) - b*d^2*x*e^(b*x + a) + b*d^2*x*e^(-b*x - a) - b*c*d*e^(b*x + a) + b*c*d*e^(-b*x - a) - d^2*e^(b*x + a) - d^2*e^(-b*x - a))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{bx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) + \int \frac{1}{e^{bx} c^3 + 3e^{bx} c^2 dx + 3e^{bx} c d^2 x^2 + e^{bx} d^3 x^3} dx}{2e^a}$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `(e**(2*a)*int(e**(b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x) + int(1/(e**(b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(b*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e*(b*x)*d**3*x**3),x))/(2*e**a)`

3.8 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	145
Rubi [A] (verified)	145
Maple [A] (verified)	148
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	148
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	149
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	150
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	152
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	153

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3d^4x}{4b^4} + \frac{d(c + dx)^3}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^5}{10d} - \frac{3d^3(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{3d^4 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^5} + \frac{3d^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
3/4*d^4*x/b^4+1/2*d*(d*x+c)^3/b^2+1/10*(d*x+c)^5/d-3/2*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+3/4*d^4*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+3/2*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^5x(5c^4 + 10c^3dx + 10c^2d^2x^2 + 5cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4) - 20bd(c + dx)(3d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 10b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(2(a + bx))}{80b^5}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output $(8b^5x(5c^4 + 10c^3dx + 10c^2d^2x^2 + 5cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4) - 20b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + 10b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + 10b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(2(a + bx)))/(80b^5)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^4 dx - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{b^2}{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)} + \frac{b^2}{(c+dx)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{b^2}{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)} + \frac{b^2}{(c+dx)^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 dx - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^5/(10*d) - (d*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (3*d^2*((c + d*x)^3/(6*d) - (d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (d^2*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)))/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{2(dx+c)^4 b^4 + 6d^2(dx+c)^2 b^2 + 3d^4}{8b^5} \sinh(2bx+2a) + 4 \left(- \left((dx+c)^2 b^2 + \frac{3d^2}{2} \right) (dx+c) d \cosh(2bx+2a) + x \left(\frac{1}{5} d^4 x^4 + c d^3 x^3 \right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{d^4 x^5}{10} + \frac{d^3 c x^4}{2} + d^2 c^2 x^3 + d c^3 x^2 + \frac{c^4 x}{2} + \frac{c^5}{10d} + \frac{(2d^4 x^4 b^4 + 8b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 12b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 8b^4 c^3 dx - 2b^6 d^6 x^7 + 14b^6 c d^5 x^6 + 42b^6 c^2 d^4 x^5 + 70b^6 c^3 d^3 x^4 + 70b^6 c^4 d^2 x^3 - 20b^4 d^6 x^5 + 40b^6 c^5 d x^2 - 100b^4 c d^5 x^4 + 10b^6 c^6 x - 200b^4 c^7)}{10d^5}$
orering	
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8} * \left((2 * (d * x + c)^4 * b^4 + 6 * d^2 * (d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 3 * d^4) * \sinh(2 * b * x + 2 * a) + 4 * \left(- \left((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + \frac{3}{2} * d^2 \right) * (d * x + c) * d * \cosh(2 * b * x + 2 * a) + x * \left(\frac{1}{5} * d^4 * x^4 + c * d^3 * x^3 + 2 * c^2 * d^2 * x^2 + 2 * c^3 * d * x + c^4 \right) * b^4 + b^2 * c^3 * d + \frac{3}{2} * d^3 * c \right) * b \right) / b^5$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 b^5 d^4 x^5 + 10 b^5 c d^3 x^4 + 20 b^5 c^2 d^2 x^3 + 20 b^5 c^3 d x^2 + 10 b^5 c^4 x - 5 (2 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 6 b^3 c d^3 x^2 + 2 b^3 c^3 d + 3 b c d^3)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/20*(2*b^5*d^4*x^5 + 10*b^5*c*d^3*x^4 + 20*b^5*c^2*d^2*x^3 + 20*b^5*c^3*d
*x^2 + 10*b^5*c^4*x - 5*(2*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^3*d + 3
*b*c*d^3 + 3*(2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + b*d^4)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 5*(2*b^4*d^4*x^4
+ 8*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^4*c^4 + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*d^4 + 6*(2*b^4*c^2*d^2
+ b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 4*(2*b^4*c^3*d + 3*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x +
a) - 5*(2*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^3*d + 3*b*c*d^3 + 3*(2*
b^3*c^2*d^2 + b*d^4)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^5
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 660 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-c**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - c**3*d
*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2 + c**3*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2 - c**2*d**2*x**3*sin
h(a + b*x)**2 + c**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2 - c*d**3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)
)**2/2 + c*d**3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**4*x**5*sinh(a + b*x)**2/10 +
d**4*x**5*cosh(a + b*x)**2/10 + c**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + 2
*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*c
osh(a + b*x)/b + 2*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + d**4*x**4*s
inh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - c**3*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2/b**2 - 3*c**2*d
**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - 3*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2)
- 3*c*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - 3*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2
/(2*b**2) - d**4*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)
**2/(2*b**2) + 3*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b**3) + 3*c*d**3*
x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 3*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b
*x)/(2*b**3) - 3*c*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**4) - 3*d**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)
**2/(4*b**4) - 3*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**4) + 3*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)*c
osh(a + b*x)/(4*b**5), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x
**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a)**2, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bxe^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^2} \right) c^3 d \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2x^2e^{(2a)} - 2bxe^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^3} \right) c^2 d^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4b^3x^3e^{(2a)} - 6b^2x^2e^{(2a)} + 6bxe^{(2a)} - 3e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^4} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^4} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{80} \left(8x^5 + \frac{5(2b^4x^4e^{(2a)} - 4b^3x^3e^{(2a)} + 6b^2x^2e^{(2a)} - 6bxe^{(2a)} + 3e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^5} - \frac{5(2b^4x^4 + 4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^5} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} c^4 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx+2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*c^3*d + 1/8*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3)*c^2*d^2 + 1/8*(4*x^4 + (4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) - 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 6*b*x*e^(2*a) - 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^4 - (4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4)*c*d^3 + 1/80*(8*x^5 + 5*(2*b^4*x^4*e^(2*a) - 4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 6*b*x*e^(2*a) + 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^5 - 5*(2*b^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^5)*d^4 + 1/8*c^4*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 372 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{10} d^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} cd^3 x^4 + c^2 d^2 x^3 + c^3 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{(2b^4 d^4 x^4 + 8b^4 cd^3 x^3 + 12b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 8b^4 c^3 dx - 12b^3 cd^3 x^2 + 2b^4 c^4 - 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 d^4 x^2 - 4b^3 c^3 d + 12b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 c^3 d + 3d^4) e^{(2bx + 2a)}/b^5 - 1/16 * (2b^4 d^4 x^4 + 8b^4 cd^3 x^3 + 12b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 8b^4 c^3 dx + 12b^3 cd^3 x^2 + 2b^4 c^4 + 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 d^4 x^2 - 4b^3 c^3 d + 12b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 c^3 d + 3d^4) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}/b^5}{16b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/10*d^4*x^5 + 1/2*c*d^3*x^4 + c^2*d^2*x^3 + c^3*d*x^2 + 1/2*c^4*x + 1/16*
(2*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 12*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 8*
b^4*c^3*d*x - 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^4*c^4 - 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 6*b^2*d^4*
x^2 - 4*b^3*c^3*d + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2*x + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 6*b*d^4*x - 6*b*c*d^3
+ 3*d^4)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^5 - 1/16*(2*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 12
*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 8*b^4*c^3*d*x + 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^
4*c^4 + 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 6*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d + 12*b^2*c*d^3*x +
6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 6*b*d^4*x + 6*b*c*d^3 + 3*d^4)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^5
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^4 x}{2} + \frac{d^4 x^5}{10} + c^3 dx^2 + \frac{cd^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{c^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{8b^5} + c^2 d^2 x^3 - \frac{c^3 d \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3cd^3 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{3d^4 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2 d^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^3} - \frac{d^4 x^3 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b} + \frac{3d^4 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b} + \frac{c^3 dx \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{3cd^3 x \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3cd^3 x^2 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{cd^3 x^3 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `(c^4*x)/2 + (d^4*x^5)/10 + c^3*d*x^2 + (c*d^3*x^4)/2 + (c^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (3*d^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(8*b^5) + c^2*d^2*x^3 - (c^3*d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) - (3*c*d^3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^4) - (3*d^4*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^4) + (3*c^2*d^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^3) - (d^4*x^3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) + (d^4*x^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (3*d^4*x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^3) + (3*c^2*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b) + (c^3*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/b + (3*c*d^3*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^3) - (3*c^2*d^2*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) - (3*c*d^3*x^2*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) + (c*d^3*x^3*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/b`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{10e^{4bx+4a}b^4d^4x^4 - 20e^{4bx+4a}b^3c^3d - 20e^{4bx+4a}b^3d^4x^3 + 30e^{4bx+4a}b^2c^2d^2 + 15e^{4bx+4a}d^4 - 10b^4c^4 + 40e^{4bx+4a}}{80e^{2a+2bx}b^5}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(10***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c**4 + 40***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 60***e**
*(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 40***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3
+ 10***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 - 20***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**3*d - 6
0***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 60***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c*d**3*x**2
- 20***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*d**4*x**3 + 30***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2
+ 60***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d**3*x + 30***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*d**4*x**2
- 30***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d**3 - 30***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d**4*x + 15***e**(4*a
+ 4*b*x)*d**4 + 40***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**5*c**4*x + 80***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**
5*c**3*d*x**2 + 80***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 40***e**(2*a + 2*b
*x)*b**5*c*d**3*x**4 + 8***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**5*d**4*x**5 - 10***b**4*c**4 -
40***b**4*c**3*d*x - 60***b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 40***b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 10***b**4*
d**4*x**4 - 20***b**3*c**3*d - 60***b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 60***b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 2
0***b**3*d**4*x**3 - 30***b**2*c**2*d**2 - 60***b**2*c*d**3*x - 30***b**2*d**4*x**
2 - 30***b*c*d**3 - 30***b*d**4*x - 15*d**4)/(80***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**5)
```

3.9 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	154
Mathematica [A] (verified)	155
Rubi [A] (verified)	155
Maple [A] (verified)	157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	158
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	158
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	159
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	160
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	161
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3d(c + dx)^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3d^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^4} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{3d^2(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
3/8*d*(d*x+c)^2/b^2+1/8*(d*x+c)^4/d-3/8*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-3/4*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+3/4*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^4 x(4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - 3d(d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 2b(c + dx)(3d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)) \sinh(2(a + bx))}{16b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output $(2*b^4*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) - 3*d*(d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + 2*b*(c + d*x)*(3*d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)]/(16*b^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 dx - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{\frac{2b^2}{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{\frac{4b^2}{(c + dx)^4}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{\frac{2b^2}{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{\frac{4b^2}{(c + dx)^4}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right)}{\frac{2b^2}{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{\frac{4b^2}{(c + dx)^4}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{4d} \right)}{\frac{2b^2}{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{\frac{4b^2}{(c + dx)^4}} +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^4/(8*d) - (3*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (3*d^2*((c + d*x)^2/(4*d) - (d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

rule 3792

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]
]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{4(dx+c)b\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{3d^2}{2}\right)\sinh(2bx+2a)-6d\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{d^2}{2}\right)\cosh(2bx+2a)+2(d^3x^4+4d^2cx^3+6dc^2x^2+4c^3x)b^4}{16b^4}$
risc	$\frac{d^3x^4}{8} + \frac{d^2cx^3}{2} + \frac{3dc^2x^2}{4} + \frac{c^3x}{2} + \frac{c^4}{8d} + \frac{(4d^3x^3b^3+12b^3cd^2x^2+12b^3c^2dx-6b^2d^3x^2+4b^3c^3-12b^2cd^2x-6b^2c^2d^2x-6b^2c^3d^2x-6b^2c^4d^2x)}{32b^4}$
oring	$\frac{(b^4d^5x^6+6b^4cd^4x^5+15b^4c^2d^3x^4+20b^4c^3d^2x^3+14b^4c^4dx^2-6b^2d^5x^4+4b^4c^5x-24b^2cd^4x^3-39b^2c^2d^3x^2-30b^2c^3d^2x-30b^2c^4d^2x-6b^2c^5d^2x)}{4b^4(dx+c)^2}$
derivativedivides	$d^3\left(\frac{(bx+a)^3\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)\sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^4}{8} - \frac{3(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)^2}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right)\sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{8} - \frac{3\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right)}{8}\right)$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{(bx+a)^3\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)\sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^4}{8} - \frac{3(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)^2}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right)\sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{8} - \frac{3\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right)}{8}\right)$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16*(4*(d*x+c)*b*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+3/2*d^2)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)-6*d*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+1/2*d^2)*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+2*(d^3*x^4+4*c*d^2*x^3+6*c^2*d*x^2+4*c^3*x)*b^4+6*b^2*c^2*d+3*d^3)/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^4d^3x^4 + 8b^4cd^2x^3 + 12b^4c^2dx^2 + 8b^4c^3x - 3(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2cd^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 4(2b^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^2d^2x^2 + 2b^3c^3 + 3b^3cd^2 + 3(2b^3c^2d + b^3d^3)x) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - 3(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2c^2d^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \sinh(bx + a)^2}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(2*b^4*d^3*x^4 + 8*b^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 12*b^4*c^2*d*x^2 + 8*b^4*c^3*x - 3*(2*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*(2*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^2*d + b*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - 3*(2*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \int \left(-\frac{c^3x \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{c^3x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{3c^2dx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{3c^2dx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} - \frac{cd^2x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cd^2x^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \left(c^3x + \frac{3c^2dx^2}{2} + cd^2x^3 + \frac{d^3x^4}{4} \right) \cosh^2(a)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-c**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**3*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - 3*c**2
*d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/4 + 3*c**2*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 - c*d**2*x**
3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**3*x**4*sinh(a +
b*x)**2/8 + d**3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**2/8 + c**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*
x)/(2*b) + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + 3*c*d**2*x**2*si
nh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2
*b) - 3*c**2*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - 3*c*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*
b**2) - 3*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - 3*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**
2/(8*b**2) - 3*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(8*b**2) + 3*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x
)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3) + 3*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3) -
3*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(8*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 +
c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4)*cosh(a)**2, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 263 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bxe^{2a}) - e^{2a}}{b^2} e^{2bx} - \frac{(2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^2} \right) c^2 d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2x^2e^{2a}) - 2bxe^{2a} + e^{2a}}{b^3} e^{2bx} - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^3} \right) cd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4b^3x^3e^{2a}) - 6b^2x^2e^{2a} + 6bxe^{2a} - 3e^{2a}}{b^4} e^{2bx} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx+2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2* \\ & b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) \\ & + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3 \\ &)*c*d^2 + 1/32*(4*x^4 + (4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) - 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 6*b*x*e^(\\ & 2*a) - 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^4 - (4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(- \\ & 2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4)*d^3 + 1/8*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) \\ &)/b \end{aligned}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx &= \frac{1}{8} d^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} cd^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} c^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^3 x \\ &+ \frac{(4b^3 d^3 x^3 + 12b^3 cd^2 x^2 + 12b^3 c^2 dx - 6b^2 d^3 x^2 + 4b^3 c^3 - 12b^2 cd^2 x - 6b^2 c^2 d + 6bd^3 x + 6bcd^2 - 3d^3)}{32b^4} \\ &- \frac{(4b^3 d^3 x^3 + 12b^3 cd^2 x^2 + 12b^3 c^2 dx + 6b^2 d^3 x^2 + 4b^3 c^3 + 12b^2 cd^2 x + 6b^2 c^2 d + 6bd^3 x + 6bcd^2 + 3d^3)}{32b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*d^3*x^4 + 1/2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/4*c^2*d*x^2 + 1/2*c^3*x + 1/32*(4*b^3*d^3* \\ & x^3 + 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 12*b^3*c^2*d*x - 6*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3 - 12*b \\ & ^2*c*d^2*x - 6*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 3*d^3)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/ \\ & b^4 - 1/32*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 12*b^3*c^2*d*x + 6*b^2*d^3* \\ & x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2*x + 6*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 3 \\ & *d^3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^4 c^3 x - \frac{3d^3 \cosh(2a+2bx)}{2} + 2b^3 c^3 \sinh(2a + 2bx) + b^4 d^3 x^4 - 3b^2 c^2 d \cosh(2a + 2bx) + 6b^4 c^2 dx^2 + \dots}{8b^4}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(4*b^4*c^3*x - (3*d^3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/2 + 2*b^3*c^3*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) +
b^4*d^3*x^4 - 3*b^2*c^2*d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 6*b^4*c^2*d*x^2 + 4*b^4*c*d
^2*x^3 - 3*b^2*d^3*x^2*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 2*b^3*d^3*x^3*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x)
+ 3*b*c*d^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 3*b*d^3*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) - 6*b^2*c*d^2
*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 6*b^3*c^2*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 6*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*s
inh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(8*b^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^{4bx+4a}b^3c^3 + 12e^{4bx+4a}b^3c^2dx + 12e^{4bx+4a}b^3cd^2x^2 + 4e^{4bx+4a}b^3d^3x^3 - 6e^{4bx+4a}b^2c^2d - 12e^{4bx+4a}b^2cd^2x + \dots}{8b^4}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(4***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 12***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 12***e**
(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 4***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 6***e**
(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d - 12***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x - 6***e**(4*a
+ 4*b*x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d**2 + 6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)
*b*d**3*x - 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d**3 + 16***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*c**3*x + 24
***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*c**2*d*x**2 + 16***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*c*d**2*x**3
+ 4***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*d**3*x**4 - 4*b**3*c**3 - 12*b**3*c**2*d*x - 12*
b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 6*b**2*c**2*d - 12*b**2*c*d**2*x - 6
*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 6*b*c*d**2 - 6*b*d**3*x - 3*d**3)/(32***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b
**4)
```

3.10 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	163
Rubi [A] (verified)	164
Maple [A] (verified)	166
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	167
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	167
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	168
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	168
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	169
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	169

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{d^2 x}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
1/4*d^2*x/b^2+1/6*(d*x+c)^3/d-1/2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/4*d^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{4b^3 x(3c^2 + 3cdx + d^2 x^2) - 6bd(c + dx) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 3(d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(2(a + bx))}{24b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$(4*b^3*x*(3*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) - 6*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + 3*(d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)])/(24*b^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3792$$

$$\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^2 dx - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{d^2 \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d}$$

$$\downarrow 3115$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{2b^2}{(c+dx)^3}} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{2b^2}{(c+dx)^3}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 24 \\
& - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{2b^2}{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)} + \frac{2b^2}{(c+dx)^3}} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{\frac{2b^2}{(c+dx)^3}} +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^3/(6*d) - (d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (d^2*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sinh[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sinh[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3792

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp
p[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(2(dx+c)^2b^2+d^2) \sinh(2bx+2a)+4b\left(-\frac{d(dx+c) \cosh(2bx+2a)}{2}+x\left(\frac{1}{3}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2+\frac{cd}{2}\right)}{8b^3}$
risch	$\frac{d^2x^3}{6} + \frac{dcx^2}{2} + \frac{c^2x}{2} + \frac{c^3}{6d} + \frac{(2d^2x^2b^2+4b^2cdx+2b^2c^2-2bd^2x-2bcd+d^2)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2d^2x^2b^2+4b^2cdx+2b^2c^2)}{16b^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2\left(\frac{(bx+a)^2 \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^3}{6} - \frac{(bx+a) \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{bx+a}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2a\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{2}\right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2\left(\frac{(bx+a)^2 \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^3}{6} - \frac{(bx+a) \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{4}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{bx+a}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2a\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{2}\right)}{b^2}$
orering	$\frac{(4b^4d^4x^5+20b^4cd^3x^4+40b^4c^2d^2x^3+36b^4c^3dx^2+12b^4c^4x-12b^2d^4x^3-42b^2cd^3x^2-48b^2c^2d^2x-12b^2c^3d-12d^4x-3d^3)}{12(dx+c)^2b^4}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*((2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2+d^2)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+4*b*(-1/2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(2*b*x+
2*a)+x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+1/2*c*d)/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^2x^3 + 6b^3cdx^2 + 6b^3c^2x - 3(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 3(2b^2d^2x^2 + 4b^2cdx + 2b^2c^2 + d^2) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - 3(bd^2x + bcd) \sinh(bx + a)^2}{12b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(2*b^3*d^2*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d*x^2 + 6*b^3*c^2*x - 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + 2*b^2*c^2 + d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{c^2x \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{c^2x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{cdx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cdx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{d^2x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{6} + \frac{d^2x^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{6} + \frac{c^2}{2}x \\ \left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3} \right) \cosh^2(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - c*d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**2*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/6 + d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/6 + c**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - c*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) + d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{b^2} \right) cd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2 x^2 e^{(2a)} - 2bx e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(2b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{b^3} \right) d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx + 2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3)*d^2 + 1/8*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} d^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} cdx^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x + \frac{(2b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdx + 2b^2 c^2 - 2bd^2 x - 2bcd + d^2) e^{(2bx + 2a)}}{16b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(2b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdx + 2b^2 c^2 + 2bd^2 x + 2bcd + d^2) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{16b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/6*d^2*x^3 + 1/2*c*d*x^2 + 1/2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x
+ 2*b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + d^2)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2
*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + 2*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b*c*d + d^2)*e^(-2*b*x
- 2*a)/b^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^2 x}{2} + \frac{d^2 x^3}{6} + \frac{c^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b} + \frac{d^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{8b^3} \\ + \frac{cdx^2}{2} - \frac{d^2 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b} \\ - \frac{cd \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{cdx \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b}$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(c^2*x)/2 + (d^2*x^3)/6 + (c^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (d^2*sinh(2*a +
2*b*x))/(8*b^3) + (c*d*x^2)/2 - (d^2*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2) + (d^2*x
^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) - (c*d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2) + (c*d*x*sin
h(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ = \frac{6e^{4bx+4a}b^2c^2 + 12e^{4bx+4a}b^2cdx + 6e^{4bx+4a}b^2d^2x^2 - 6e^{4bx+4a}bcd - 6e^{4bx+4a}bd^2x + 3e^{4bx+4a}d^2 + 24e^{2bx+2a}b}{48e^{2bx+2a}b^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2 + 12***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d*x + 6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d - 6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d**2*x + 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d**2 + 24***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**2*x + 24***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 8***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*d**2*x**3 - 6*b**2*c**2 - 12*b**2*c*d*x - 6*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*b*c*d - 6*b*d**2*x - 3*d**2)/(48***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3)
```

3.11 $\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	171
Mathematica [A] (verified)	171
Rubi [A] (verified)	172
Maple [A] (verified)	173
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	174
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	174
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	175
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	175
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	176

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
1/4*(d*x+c)^2/d-1/4*d*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{-d \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 2b(2ac + bx(2c + dx) + (c + dx) \sinh(2(a + bx)))}{8b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(d \cosh[2(a + bx)]) + 2b(2ac + bx(2c + dx)) + (c + dx) \sinh[2(a + bx)]}{8b^2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\ & -\frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{4d} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(c + d*x)^2}{4*d} - \frac{d*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2}{4*b^2} + \frac{((c + d*x)*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]*\text{Sinh}[a + b*x])}{2*b}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^n)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f^n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{2b(dx+c) \sinh(2bx+2a) - d \cosh(2bx+2a) + (2d^2x^2 + 4cdx) b^2 + d}{8b^2}$
risch	$\frac{dx^2}{4} + \frac{cx}{2} + \frac{(2dxb+2cb-d)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(2dxb+2cb+d)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^2}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{d \left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2} \right)}{b} + c \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} \right)$
default	$\frac{d \left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2} \right)}{b} + c \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{bx+a}{2}) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} \right)$
orering	$\frac{(2b^2d^3x^4 + 8b^2cd^2x^3 + 10b^2c^2dx^2 + 4b^2c^3x - 3d^3x^2 - 6cd^2x - 2dc^2) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{4b^2(dx+c)^2} + \frac{(2x^2d^2 + 4cdx + c^2) (d \cosh(bx+a))}{4(d}$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(2*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)-d*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+(2*d*x^2+4*c*x)*b^2+d)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 dx^2 + 4b^2 cx - d \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 4(bdx + bc) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - d \sinh(bx + a)^2}{8b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(2*b^2*d*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*x - d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - d*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{cx \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cx \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{dx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{dx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{c \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}\right) \cosh^2(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/4 + d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 + c*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - d*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{b^2} \right) d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx + 2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*d + 1/8*c*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} cx + \frac{(2bdx + 2bc - d)e^{(2bx + 2a)}}{16b^2}$$

$$- \frac{(2bdx + 2bc + d)e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{16b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*d*x^2 + 1/2*c*x + 1/16*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c - d)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 dx^2 - \frac{d \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2} + bc \sinh(2a + 2bx) + 2b^2 cx + bdx \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x),x)`output `(b^2*d*x^2 - (d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/2 + b*c*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 2*b^2*c*x + b*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{4bx+4a}bc + 2e^{4bx+4a}bdx - e^{4bx+4a}d + 8e^{2bx+2a}b^2cx + 4e^{2bx+2a}b^2dx^2 - 2bc - 2bdx - d}{16e^{2bx+2a}b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(2*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c + 2*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d*x - e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d + 8*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c*x + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*d*x**2 - 2*b*c - 2*b*d*x - d)/(16*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2)`

3.12 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	177
Mathematica [A] (verified)	177
Rubi [A] (verified)	178
Maple [A] (verified)	179
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	179
Sympy [F]	180
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	180
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	181
Mupad [F(-1)]	181
Reduce [F]	181

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d}$$

output

```
1/2*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Chi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d+1/2*ln(d*x+c)/d+1/2*sinh(2*a-2*
b*c/d)*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + \log(c+dx) + \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + Log[c + d*x] + Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3793

$$\int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2(c + dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input

```
Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{2d} - \frac{e^{-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(2bx+2a-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{e^{\frac{2ad-2cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-2bx-2a-\frac{2(-ad+cb)}{d}\right)}{4d}$	97

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \ln(dx+c) / d - 1/4 / d * \exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, 2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d\right) - 1/4 / d * \exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, -2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) - \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)\right) \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-a)}{d}\right)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*((Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/
d) + (Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/
d) + 2*log(d*x + c))/d
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} + \frac{\log(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/4*e^(2*a
- 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d + 1/2*log(d*x + c)/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(2a-\frac{2bc}{d}\right)} + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}\right)} + 2 \log(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 2*log(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x),x)`

3.13 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	182
Mathematica [A] (verified)	182
Rubi [C] (verified)	183
Maple [A] (verified)	186
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	186
Sympy [F]	187
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	187
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	188
Mupad [F(-1)]	188
Reduce [F]	189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)+b*Chi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d^2+b*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d \cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} + b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) + b \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(c + d*x)) + b*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh
[2*a - (2*b*c)/d] + b*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d
])/d^2
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2(c + dx)} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(2a + 2bx)}{c + dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia + 2ibx)}{c + dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia + 2ibx)}{c + dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{i \sinh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{-i \sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3779 \\
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3782 \\
& \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Chi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output

$$-(\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x))) - (I*b*((I*\text{CoshIntegral}[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x] * \text{Sinh}[2*a - (2*b*c)/d])/d + (I*\text{Cosh}[2*a - (2*b*c)/d] * \text{SinhIntegral}[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/d)/d$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3779

$$\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I*(\text{SinhIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]$$

rule 3782

$$\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{CoshIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*(e - \text{Pi}/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]$$

rule 3784

$$\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$$

rule 3794

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{2(dx+c)d} - \frac{be^{-2bx-2a}}{4d(dx+cb)} + \frac{be^{-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(2bx+2a-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{be^{2bx+2a}}{4d^2\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)} - \frac{be^{\frac{2ad-2cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/(d*x+c)/d-1/4*b*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+1/2*b/d^2*exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/4*b/d^2*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b/d^2*exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{d \cosh(bx + a)^2 + d \sinh(bx + a)^2 - \left((bdx + bc) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) - (bdx + bc) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right)}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + d*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(2*(b*d*x +
b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d
))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)d} - \frac{1}{2(d^2x + cd)}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) -
1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) -
1/2/(d^2*x + c*d)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 574 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$\left(2(dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) b^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{2((dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad)}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right)} + 2b^3 c \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{2((dx+c)(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} + bc - ad)}{d} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)
*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
2*b^3*c*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)
/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*a*b^2*d*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) +
a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/
(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d
*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*b^3*c*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b
- b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 2
*a*b^2*d*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/
d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d
*x + c))/d) + b^2*d*e^(-2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d)
+ 2*b^2*d)*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d^4 + b*c*
d^4 - a*d^5)*b)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) c^2 + e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) cdx + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{2bx+2a}c^2 + 2e^{2bx+2a}cdx + e^{2bx+2a}d^2x^2} dx \right) c^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{2bx+2a}c^2 + 2e^{2bx+2a}cdx + e^{2bx+2a}d^2x^2} dx \right) cdx}{4c(dx + c)}$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d*x + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d*x + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + 2*x)/(4*c*(c + d*x))`

3.14 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	190
Rubi [A] (verified)	191
Maple [B] (verified)	193
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	193
Sympy [F]	194
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	194
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	195
Mupad [F(-1)]	195
Reduce [F]	196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d^3} - \frac{b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 \sinh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^2+b^2*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Chi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^3-b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)+b^2*sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{2b^2 \cosh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}) - \frac{d(d \cosh^2(a+bx) + b(c+dx) \sinh(2(a+bx)))}{(c+dx)^2} + 2b^2 \sinh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d})}{2d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d] - (d*(d*Cosh[
a + b*x]^2 + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)]))/(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b^2*Sinh[2*a
- (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d]/(2*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 16, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{16}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c+dx)} \right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 2b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^3}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^3 - (b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (2*b^2*((Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d)))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
  b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
  *(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
  d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
  (m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
  c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{4(dx+c)^2d} + \frac{b^3e^{-2bx-2a}x}{4d(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} + \frac{b^3e^{-2bx-2a}c}{4d^2(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-2bx-2a}}{8d(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-\frac{2(ad-cb)}{d}} \exp(\dots)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4/(d*x+c)^2/d+1/4*b^3*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^
2)*x+1/4*b^3*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-1/8*b
^2*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-1/2*b^2/d^3*exp(-2*
(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/8*b^2/d^3*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c
/d+b*x)^2-1/4*b^2/d^3*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b^2/d^3*exp(2*(a*d-b*
c)/d)*Ei(1,-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{d^2 \cosh^2(bx + a) + d^2 \sinh^2(bx + a) + 4(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) + d^2 - 2 \left((b^2d^2x^2 + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/4*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + d^2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + d^2 - 2*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4(d^3x^2 + 2cd^2x + c^2d)} - \frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^2d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/4/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) - 1/4*e^{(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)} - 1/4*e^{(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(2a-\frac{2bc}{d}\right)} + 4b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}\right)} + 8b^2 c dx \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(2a-\frac{2bc}{d}\right)} + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(4*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) - 2*b*d^2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 2*b*d^2*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*b*c*d*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 2*b*c*d*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - d^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - d^2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) c^2d + 2e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) cd^2x + e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right)}{}$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)
)*c**2*d + 2*e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 +
d**3*x**3),x)*c*d**2*x + e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*
d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2 + int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**
(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)
*d**3*x**3),x)*c**2*d + 2*int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)
)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**3*x**3),
x)*c*d**2*x + int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d*x +
3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2
- 1)/(4*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.15 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	198
Rubi [C] (verified)	198
Maple [B] (verified)	202
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	203
Sympy [F]	204
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	204
Mupad [F(-1)]	205
Reduce [F]	205

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} - \frac{2b^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d^3(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{3d^4}$$

$$- \frac{b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3 \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{3d^4}$$

output

```
1/3*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)-1/3*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^3-2/3*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)+2/3*b^3*Chi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d^4-1/3*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^2+2/3*b^3*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) - \frac{d((d^2+2b^2(c+dx)^2) \cosh(2(a+bx))+d(d+b(c+dx) \sinh(2(a+bx))))}{(c+dx)^3} + 4b^3 \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{6d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(4*b^3*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d] - (d*((d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + d*(d + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)])))/(c + d*x)^3 + 4*b^3*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(6*d^4)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3794 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2(c+dx)} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \downarrow 3784
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{i \sinh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
\downarrow \text{26} \\
2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int -\frac{i \sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
\downarrow \text{26} \\
2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
\downarrow \text{3779} \\
2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
\downarrow \text{3782}
\end{array}$$

$$2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `b^2/(3*d^3*(c + d*x)) - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(3*d*(c + d*x)^3) - (b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*(c + d*x)^2) + (2*b^2*(-(Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x)))) - (I*b*((I*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x]*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]))/d + (I*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/d)/(3*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{6(dx+c)^3d} - \frac{b^5e^{-2bx-2a}x^2}{6d(b^3d^3x^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)} - \frac{b^5e^{-2bx-2a}cx}{3d^2(b^3d^3x^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)} - \frac{b^5e^{-2bx-2a}}{6d^3(b^3d^3x^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/6/(d*x+c)^3/d-1/6*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*
b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*x^2-1/3*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^2/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*
d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c*x-1/6*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^3/(b^3*d^3*x^
3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c^2+1/12*b^4*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b
^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*x+1/12*b^4*exp(-2*b*x-2*
a)/d^2/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c-1/12*b^3*exp(
-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)+1/3*b^3/
d^4*exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/12*b^3/d^4*exp(2*b
*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^3-1/12*b^3/d^4*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-1/6*b^3/d^
4*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/3*b^3/d^4*exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-2*b*x-2*
a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{d^3 + (2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2cd^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 2(bd^3x + bcd^2) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)}{(c + dx)^4}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(d^3 + (2*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (2*b^2*d^3*x^2
+ 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*((b^3*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^3*d^
3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))
*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*((b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*
x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^
3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^7*
x^3 + 3*c*d^6*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^5*x + c^3*d^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{6(d^4x^3 + 3cd^3x^2 + 3c^2d^2x + c^3d)} - \frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_4\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^3d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_4\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^3d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6/(d^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*x + c^3*d) - 1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(4, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^3*d) - 1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(4, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^3*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 537 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{4b^3d^3x^3\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})} - 4b^3d^3x^3\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d})} + 12b^3cd^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})}}{6(d^4x^3 + 3cd^3x^2 + 3c^2d^2x + c^3d)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 4*b^3*d^3*x^3 \\ & 3*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x \\ & + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(- \\ & -2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 12*b^3*c^2*d*x*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - \\ & 12*b^3*c^2*d*x*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) - 2*b^2*d^3*x^2* \\ & e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 2*b^2*d^3*x^2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 4*b^3*c^3*Ei(2*(b*d*x + \\ & b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 4*b^3*c^3*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2* \\ & b*c/d) - 4*b^2*c*d^2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 4*b^2*c*d^2*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - \\ & 2*b^2*c^2*d*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - b*d^3*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 2*b^2*c^2*d*e^(-2* \\ & b*x - 2*a) + b*d^3*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - b*c*d^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b*c*d^2* \\ & e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - d^3*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - d^3*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*d^3)/(d^ \\ & 7*x^3 + 3*c*d^6*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^5*x + c^3*d^4) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\ & = \frac{3e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^4x^4 + 4cd^3x^3 + 6c^2d^2x^2 + 4c^3dx + c^4} dx \right) c^3d + 9e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^4x^4 + 4cd^3x^3 + 6c^2d^2x^2 + 4c^3dx + c^4} dx \right) c^2d^2x + 9e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx}}{d^4x^4 + 4cd^3x^3 + 6c^2d^2x^2 + 4c^3dx + c^4} dx \right)}{\dots} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output

```
(3***e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4),x)*c**3*d + 9***e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4),x)*c**2*d**2*x + 9***e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4),x)*c*d**3*x**2 + 3***e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4),x)*d**4*x**3 + 3*int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**4 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3*d*x + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**3*x**3 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**4*x**4),x)*c**3*d + 9*int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**4 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3*d*x + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**3*x**3 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**4*x**4),x)*c**2*d**2*x + 9*int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**4 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3*d*x + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**3*x**3 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**4*x**4),x)*c*d**3*x**2 + 3*int(1/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**4 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**3*d*x + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c*d**3*x**3 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**4*x**4),x)*d**4*x**3 - 2)/(12*d*(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3))
```

3.16 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	207
Mathematica [A] (verified)	208
Rubi [C] (verified)	208
Maple [A] (verified)	219
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	220
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	221
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	222
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	223
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	224
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	225

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{160d^3(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{9b^4} - \frac{8d(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{8d^3(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{27b^4} - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{488d^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{27b^5} + \frac{80d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{4d^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{8d^4 \sinh^3(a + bx)}{81b^5}$$

output

```
-160/9*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-8/3*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-8/27*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^4-4/9*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+488/27*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+80/9*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b+4/9*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+8/81*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)^3/b^5
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-972bd(c + dx)(6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) - 12bd(c + dx)(2d^2 + 3b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(-972*b*d*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] - 12*b*d*(c + d*x)*(2*d^2 + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] + 2*(2920*d^4 + 1476*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 135*b^4*(c + d*x)^4 + (8*d^4 + 36*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 27*b^4*(c + d*x)^4)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)])*Sinh[a + b*x]}{(324*b^5)}$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 28, number of rules used = 27, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx) dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^4 \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^4 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx)^3 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx)^3 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117} \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \int \cosh^3(a+bx) dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2id^2 \int (\sinh^2(a+bx)+1)d(-i \sinh(a+bx))}{9b^3} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{3} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx))}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx))}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3777
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2}}{4d^2 \left(\frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \right)}{\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-4*d*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (4*d^2*((-2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (((2*I)/9)*d^2*((-I)*Sinh[a + b*x] - (I/3)*Sinh[a + b*x]^3))/b^3 + (2*((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/3)/(3*b^2) + (2*((c + d*x)^4*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((4*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((3*I)*d*((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/b))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{324} * ((27 * (d * x + c)^4 * b^4 + 36 * d^2 * (d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 8 * d^4) * \sinh(3 * b * x + 3 * a) - 36 * (d * x + c) * b * ((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 2/3 * d^2) * d * \cosh(3 * b * x + 3 * a) + 243 * ((d * x + c)^4 * b^4 + 12 * d^2 * (d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 24 * d^4) * \sinh(b * x + a) - 972 * (((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 6 * d^2) * (d * x + c) * \cosh(b * x + a) + 28/27 * b^2 * c^3 + 488/81 * d^2 * c) * b * d) / b^5$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{12(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3cd^3x^2 + 3b^3c^3d + 2bcd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 36(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3c^3d + 6b^3c^2d^2 + 2b^3cd^3 + 2b^3c^3d + 2b^3cd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 - (27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 27b^4c^4 + 36b^4c^2d^2 + 8d^4 + 18(9b^4c^2d^2 + 2b^2d^4)x^2 + 36(3b^4c^3d + 2b^2c^3d^3)x) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 972(b^3d^4x^3 + 3b^3cd^3x^2 + b^3c^3d + 6b^3cd^3 + 3(b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a) - 3(81b^4d^4x^4 + 324b^4cd^3x^3 + 81b^4c^4 + 972b^2c^2d^2 + 1944d^4 + 486(b^4c^2d^2 + 2b^2d^4)x^2 + (27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 27b^4c^4 + 36b^2c^2d^2 + 8d^4 + 18(9b^4c^2d^2 + 2b^2d^4)x^2 + 36(3b^4c^3d + 2b^2c^3d^3)x) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 324(b^4c^3d + 6b^2c^3d^3)x) \sinh(bx + a)) / b^5$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1}{324} * (12 * (3 * b^3 * d^4 * x^3 + 9 * b^3 * c * d^3 * x^2 + 3 * b^3 * c^3 * d + 2 * b * c * d^3 + (9 * b^3 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b * d^4) * x) * \cosh(b * x + a)^3 + 36 * (3 * b^3 * d^4 * x^3 + 9 * b^3 * c * d^3 * x^2 + 3 * b^3 * c^3 * d + 2 * b * c * d^3 + (9 * b^3 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b * d^4) * x) * \cosh(b * x + a) * \sinh(b * x + a)^2 - (27 * b^4 * d^4 * x^4 + 108 * b^4 * c * d^3 * x^3 + 27 * b^4 * c^4 + 36 * b^4 * c^2 * d^2 + 8 * d^4 + 18 * (9 * b^4 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b^2 * d^4) * x^2 + 36 * (3 * b^4 * c^3 * d + 2 * b^2 * c^3 * d^3) * x) * \sinh(b * x + a)^3 + 972 * (b^3 * d^4 * x^3 + 3 * b^3 * c * d^3 * x^2 + b^3 * c^3 * d + 6 * b * c * d^3 + 3 * (b^3 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b * d^4) * x) * \cosh(b * x + a) - 3 * (81 * b^4 * d^4 * x^4 + 324 * b^4 * c * d^3 * x^3 + 81 * b^4 * c^4 + 972 * b^2 * c^2 * d^2 + 1944 * d^4 + 486 * (b^4 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b^2 * d^4) * x^2 + (27 * b^4 * d^4 * x^4 + 108 * b^4 * c * d^3 * x^3 + 27 * b^4 * c^4 + 36 * b^2 * c^2 * d^2 + 8 * d^4 + 18 * (9 * b^4 * c^2 * d^2 + 2 * b^2 * d^4) * x^2 + 36 * (3 * b^4 * c^3 * d + 2 * b^2 * c^3 * d^3) * x) * \cosh(b * x + a)^2 + 324 * (b^4 * c^3 * d + 6 * b^2 * c^3 * d^3) * x) * \sinh(b * x + a)) / b^5$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 772 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 772, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*c**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 8*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 4*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 4*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 8*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 4*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 8*c**3*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 28*c**3*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) + 8*c**2*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 28*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 8*c*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 28*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 8*d**4*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 28*d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) - 80*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 28*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 160*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 56*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 80*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 28*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) + 160*c*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b**4) - 488*c*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4) + 160*d**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b**4) - 488*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4) - 1456*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(81*b**5) + 488*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(27*b**5), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a)**3, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 644 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*c^3*d*((3*b*x*e^{(3*a)} - e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)* \\ & e^{(b*x)}/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/ \\ & b^2) + 1/24*c^4*(e^{(3*b*x + 3*a)}/b + 9*e^{(b*x + a)}/b - 9*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b - \\ & e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b) + 1/36*c^2*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^{(3*a)} - 6*b*x*e^{(3*a)} + 2 \\ & *e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^3 \\ & - 81*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^{(\\ & -3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^3) + 1/54*c*d^3*((9*b^3*x^3*e^{(3*a)} - 9*b^2*x^2*e^{(3*a)} + \\ & 6*b*x*e^{(3*a)} - 2*e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^4 + 81*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a \\ & + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^4 - 81*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*e \\ & ^{(-b*x - a)}/b^4 - (9*b^3*x^3 + 9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^4 \\ &) + 1/648*d^4*((27*b^4*x^4*e^{(3*a)} - 36*b^3*x^3*e^{(3*a)} + 36*b^2*x^2*e^{(3* \\ & a)} - 24*b*x*e^{(3*a)} + 8*e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^5 + 243*(b^4*x^4*e^a - 4*b^3* \\ & x^3*e^a + 12*b^2*x^2*e^a - 24*b*x*e^a + 24*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^5 - 243*(b^4*x^4 \\ & + 4*b^3*x^3 + 12*b^2*x^2 + 24*b*x + 24)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^5 - (27*b^4*x^4 + \\ & 36*b^3*x^3 + 36*b^2*x^2 + 24*b*x + 8)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^5) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 162b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 36b^3d^4x^3 + 108b^4c^3dx - 108b^3cd^3x^2 + 27b^4c^4 - 108b^3c^2d^2x}{648b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^4d^4x^4 + 4b^4cd^3x^3 + 6b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 4b^3d^4x^3 + 4b^4c^3dx - 12b^3cd^3x^2 + b^4c^4 - 12b^3c^2d^2x + 12b^2d^4x^2}{8b^5}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^4d^4x^4 + 4b^4cd^3x^3 + 6b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 4b^3d^4x^3 + 4b^4c^3dx + 12b^3cd^3x^2 + b^4c^4 + 12b^3c^2d^2x + 12b^2d^4x^2}{8b^5}$$

$$- \frac{(27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 162b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 36b^3d^4x^3 + 108b^4c^3dx + 108b^3cd^3x^2 + 27b^4c^4 + 108b^3c^2d^2x)}{648b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/648*(27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 162*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 36*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 108*b^4*c^3*d*x - 108*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 27*b^4*c^4 - 108*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 36*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 36*b^3*c^3*d + 72*b^2*c*d^3*x + 36*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 24*b*d^4*x - 24*b*c*d^3 + 8*d^4)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^5 + 3/8*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 4*b^4*c^3*d*x - 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^4*c^4 - 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 12*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 4*b^3*c^3*d + 24*b^2*c*d^3*x + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 24*b*d^4*x - 24*b*c*d^3 + 24*d^4)*e^(b*x + a)/b^5 - 3/8*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 4*b^4*c^3*d*x + 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^4*c^4 + 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 12*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d + 24*b^2*c*d^3*x + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 24*b*d^4*x + 24*b*c*d^3 + 24*d^4)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^5 - 1/648*(27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 162*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 36*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 108*b^4*c^3*d*x + 108*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 108*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 36*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 36*b^3*c^3*d + 72*b^2*c*d^3*x + 36*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 24*b*d^4*x + 24*b*c*d^3 + 8*d^4)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^5
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\
&= \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (27 b^4 c^4 + 252 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 488 d^4)}{27 b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{2 \sinh(a + bx)^3 (27 b^4 c^4 + 360 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 728 d^4)}{81 b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{4 \cosh(a + bx)^3 (21 b^2 c^3 d + 122 c d^3)}{27 b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{8 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (3 b^2 c^3 d + 20 c d^3)}{9 b^4} - \frac{28 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{9 b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{4 x \cosh(a + bx)^3 (63 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 122 d^4)}{27 b^4} - \frac{2 d^4 x^4 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3 b} \\
&\quad - \frac{8 x \sinh(a + bx)^3 (3 b^2 c^3 d + 20 c d^3)}{9 b^3} - \frac{4 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)^3 (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 20 d^4)}{9 b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 14 d^4)}{3 b^3} - \frac{28 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3 b^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{d^4 x^4 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{8 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{3 b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{8 c d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3 b} + \frac{8 x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 20 d^4)}{9 b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{4 x \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (3 b^2 c^3 d + 14 c d^3)}{3 b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{4 c d^3 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{8 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output

```
(cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x)*(488*d^4 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 252*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(
27*b^5) - (2*sinh(a + b*x)^3*(728*d^4 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 360*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(81
*b^5) - (4*cosh(a + b*x)^3*(122*c*d^3 + 21*b^2*c^3*d))/(27*b^4) + (8*cosh(
a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2*(20*c*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(9*b^4) - (28*d^4*x^3*c
osh(a + b*x)^3)/(9*b^2) - (4*x*cosh(a + b*x)^3*(122*d^4 + 63*b^2*c^2*d^2))
/(27*b^4) - (2*d^4*x^4*sinh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) - (8*x*sinh(a + b*x)^3*(20*c
*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(9*b^3) - (4*x^2*sinh(a + b*x)^3*(20*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2*
d^2))/(9*b^3) + (2*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x)*(14*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2*d
^2))/(3*b^3) - (28*c*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (d^4*x^4*cosh(a +
b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b + (8*d^4*x^3*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2)/(3*b^2)
) - (8*c*d^3*x^3*sinh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) + (8*x*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)
^2*(20*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(9*b^4) + (4*x*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x)*
(14*c*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(3*b^3) + (4*c*d^3*x^3*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a +
b*x))/b + (8*c*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2)/b^2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1068, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{243e^{4bx+4a}b^4d^4x^4 - 972e^{4bx+4a}b^3c^3d - 972e^{4bx+4a}b^3d^4x^3 + 2916e^{4bx+4a}b^2c^2d^2 + 5832e^{4bx+4a}d^4 - 27b^4c^4 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```

(27***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**4*c**4 + 108***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 162*
e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 108***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x*
*3 + 27***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 - 36***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c**3*d
- 108***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 108***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c*d**3
*x**2 - 36***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*d**4*x**3 + 36***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c**2
*d**2 + 72***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c*d**3*x + 36***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*d**4*
x**2 - 24***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*c*d**3 - 24***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*d**4*x + 8***e**
(6*a + 6*b*x)*d**4 + 243***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c**4 + 972***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)
*b**4*c**3*d*x + 1458***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 972***e**(4*a +
4*b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 243***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 - 972***e**(4
*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**3*d - 2916***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 2916***e*
*(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 972***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*d**4*x**3 + 29
16***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 5832***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d**3*x +
2916***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 5832***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d**3 - 5
832***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d**4*x + 5832***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d**4 - 243***e**(2*a +
2*b*x)*b**4*c**4 - 972***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x - 1458***e**(2*a + 2*
b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 972***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 243***e**
(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 - 972***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**3*d - 2916***e**
(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 2916***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 -
972***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 2916***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d...

```

3.17 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	227
Mathematica [A] (verified)	228
Rubi [C] (verified)	228
Maple [A] (verified)	235
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	236
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	236
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{40d^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{9b^4} - \frac{2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{27b^4} - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{40d^2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{2d^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b}$$

output

```
-40/9*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-2/27*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^4-1/3*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+40/9*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b+2/9*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-486d(2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) - 2d(2d^2 + 9b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + 12b(c + dx)(82d^2 + 15b^2(c + dx)^2 + 3b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh[2(a + bx)] \operatorname{Sinh}[a + bx]}{216b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output $(-486*d*(2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*\operatorname{Cosh}[a + b*x] - 2*d*(2*d^2 + 9*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*\operatorname{Cosh}[3*(a + b*x)] + 12*b*(c + d*x)*(82*d^2 + 15*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*\operatorname{Cosh}[2*(a + b*x)]*\operatorname{Sinh}[a + b*x])/(216*b^4)$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.312$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{2d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^3 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3777 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3777
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{i^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx) \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{i^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx) \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3777 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output

```
-1/3*(d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Si
nh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*d^2*(-1/9*(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)*Cos
h[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d
*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/3)/(3*b^2) + (2*(((c + d*x)^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + (
(3*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((2*I)*d*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b
^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/b))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3118

```
Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ
[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3777

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3791

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*)((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x
]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

rule 3792

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.), x_Symbol)
  ] => Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n)/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp
  [b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
  2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
  *m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
parallelrisc	$126b^2d^2x\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^6 - 54(dx+c)\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{14d^2}{3}\right)b\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^5 + ((-27d^3x^2-54cd^2x+162d^2c^2)b^2 +$
risc	$\frac{(9b^3d^3x^3+27b^3cd^2x^2+27b^3c^2dx-9b^2d^3x^2+9b^3c^3-18b^2cd^2x-9b^2c^2d+6bd^3x+6bcd^2-2d^3)e^{3bx+3a}}{216b^4} + \frac{3(b^3d^3x^3+3$
oring	$-\frac{20d(9d^4x^4b^4+36b^4cd^3x^3+54b^4c^2d^2x^2+36b^4c^3dx+9b^4c^4+22b^2d^4x^2+44b^2cd^3x+22b^2c^2d^2-72d^4)\cosh(bx+a)^3}{27b^6(dx+c)^2} +$
derivativedivides	$d^3\left(\frac{2(bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)}{3}+\frac{(bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3}-2(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)+\frac{40(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)}{9}-\frac{40\cosh(bx+a)}{9}-\frac{(bx$
default	$d^3\left(\frac{2(bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)}{3}+\frac{(bx+a)^3\sinh(bx+a)\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3}-2(bx+a)^2\cosh(bx+a)+\frac{40(bx+a)\sinh(bx+a)}{9}-\frac{40\cosh(bx+a)}{9}-\frac{(bx$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/27*(126*b^2*d^2*x*(1/2*d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^6-54*(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^
2*b^2+14/3*d^2)*b*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^5+((-27*d^3*x^2-54*c*d^2*x+162*c^2*d
)*b^2+252*d^3)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^4+36*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+38/3*d^2)*(d*x+c)*b
*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^3+((-27*d^3*x^2-54*c*d^2*x-216*c^2*d)*b^2-480*d^3)*ta
nh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-54*(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+14/3*d^2)*b*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2
*a)+(63*d^3*x^2+126*c*d^2*x+126*c^2*d)*b^2+244*d^3)/b^4/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*
a)-1)^3/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+1)^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(9b^2d^3x^2 + 18b^2cd^2x + 9b^2c^2d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 3(9b^2d^3x^2 + 18b^2cd^2x + 9b^2c^2d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 - 3(3b^3d^3x^3 + 9b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2d + 2b^3c^2d + (9b^3cd^2d + 2b^3d^3)x) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 243(b^2d^3x^2 + 2b^2cd^2x + b^2c^2d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) - 9(9b^3d^3x^3 + 27b^3cd^2x^2 + 9b^3c^2d + 54b^3cd^2d + (3b^3d^3x^3 + 9b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2d + 2b^3cd^2d + (9b^3cd^2d + 2b^3d^3)x) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 27(b^3cd^2d + 2b^3d^3)x) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/108*((9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*(3*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d + 2*b^3*c^2*d + (9*b^3*c*d^2*d + 2*b^3*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 243*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) - 9*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^2*d + 54*b^3*c*d^2*d + (3*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d + 2*b^3*c*d^2*d + (9*b^3*c*d^2*d + 2*b^3*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 27*(b^3*c*d^2*d + 2*b^3*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c^3 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2c^2 dx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3c^2 dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2cd^2 x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{b} \\ \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*c**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 3*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 2*c**2*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 7*c**2*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 4*c*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 14*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 2*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 7*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) - 40*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 14*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 40*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 14*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) + 40*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b**4) - 122*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4)*cosh(a)**3, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} c^2 d \left(\frac{(3bx e^{(3a)} - e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{72} cd^2 \left(\frac{(9b^2x^2 e^{(3a)} - 6bx e^{(3a)} + 2e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^3} + \frac{81(b^2x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{81(b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{216} d^3 \left(\frac{(9b^3x^3 e^{(3a)} - 9b^2x^2 e^{(3a)} + 6bx e^{(3a)} - 2e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^4} + \frac{81(b^3x^3 e^a - 3b^2x^2 e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/24*c^2*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2) \\ & + 1/24*c^3*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b) \\ & + 1/72*c*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) - 6*b*x*e^(3*a) + 2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 81*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^3) \\ & + 1/216*d^3*((9*b^3*x^3*e^(3*a) - 9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) + 6*b*x*e^(3*a) - 2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^4 + 81*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^4 - 81*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4 - (9*b^3*x^3 + 9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^4) \end{aligned}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\ & = \frac{(9b^3d^3x^3 + 27b^3cd^2x^2 + 27b^3c^2dx - 9b^2d^3x^2 + 9b^3c^3 - 18b^2cd^2x - 9b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 - 2d^3)e^{3(a+bx)}}{216b^4} \\ & + \frac{3(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx - 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 - 6b^2cd^2x - 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 - 6d^3)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^4} \\ & - \frac{3(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx + 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 + 6b^2cd^2x + 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 + 6d^3)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^4} \\ & - \frac{(9b^3d^3x^3 + 27b^3cd^2x^2 + 27b^3c^2dx + 9b^2d^3x^2 + 9b^3c^3 + 18b^2cd^2x + 9b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 + 2d^3)e^{3(a-bx)}}{216b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/216*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 27*b^3*c^2*d*x - 9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^3 - 18*b^2*c*d^2*x - 9*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 2*d^3) \\ & *e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^4 + 3/8*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 - 6*b^2*c*d^2*x - 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 6*d^3)*e^(b*x + a)/b^4 \\ & - 3/8*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*x + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 6*d^3)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4 \\ & - 1/216*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 27*b^3*c^2*d*x + 9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^3 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 2*d^3)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (3b^2 c^3 + 14cd^2)}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{2\sinh(a + bx)^3 (3b^2 c^3 + 20cd^2)}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (63b^2 c^2 d + 122d^3)}{27b^4} \\
& + \frac{2\cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (9b^2 c^2 d + 20d^3)}{9b^4} \\
& - \frac{2x \sinh(a + bx)^3 (9b^2 c^2 d + 20d^3)}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{7d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3b} \\
& - \frac{14cd^2 x \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} \\
& + \frac{x \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (9b^2 c^2 d + 14d^3)}{3b^3} \\
& + \frac{d^3 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{2d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2} \\
& - \frac{2cd^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{b} \\
& + \frac{3cd^2 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{4cd^2 x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^3,x)
```


output

```
(cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x)*(14*c*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^3))/(3*b^3) - (2*sinh(a
+ b*x)^3*(20*c*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^3))/(9*b^3) - (cosh(a + b*x)^3*(122*d^3 + 63
*b^2*c^2*d))/(27*b^4) + (2*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2*(20*d^3 + 9*b^2*c
^2*d))/(9*b^4) - (2*x*sinh(a + b*x)^3*(20*d^3 + 9*b^2*c^2*d))/(9*b^3) - (7
*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) - (2*d^3*x^3*sinh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) - (1
4*c*d^2*x*cosh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (x*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x)*(14*
d^3 + 9*b^2*c^2*d))/(3*b^3) + (d^3*x^3*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b +
(2*d^3*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2)/b^2 - (2*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(a + b*x)
^3)/b + (3*c*d^2*x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b + (4*c*d^2*x*cosh(a
+ b*x)*sinh(a + b*x)^2)/b^2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{81e^{4bx+4a}b^3d^3x^3 - 243e^{4bx+4a}b^2c^2d - 243e^{4bx+4a}b^2d^3x^2 + 486e^{4bx+4a}bcd^2 + 486e^{4bx+4a}bd^3x - 27b^3c^2dx - \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(9***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 27***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 27***e**
(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 9***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 9***e**
(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d - 18***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x - 9***e**(6*a
+ 6*b*x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 6***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*c*d**2 + 6***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)
*b*d**3*x - 2***e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*d**3 + 81***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 243*
e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 243***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 8
1***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 243***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d - 486
***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x - 243***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 48
6***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d**2 + 486***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d**3*x - 486***e**(4*a
+ 4*b*x)*d**3 - 81***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**3 - 243***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*
c**2*d*x - 243***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 81***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**
3*d**3*x**3 - 243***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d - 486***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2
*c*d**2*x - 243***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 486***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*c
*d**2 - 486***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d**3*x - 486***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**3 - 9*b**3
*c**3 - 27*b**3*c**2*d*x - 27*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 9*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 9*b**2
*c**2*d - 18*b**2*c*d**2*x - 9*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 6*b*c*d**2 - 6*b*d**3*x -
2*d**3)/(216***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b**4)
```

3.18 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	242
Mathematica [A] (verified)	243
Rubi [C] (verified)	243
Maple [A] (verified)	247
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	247
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	248
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	249
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	250
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	250
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{4d(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{14d^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh^3(a + bx)}{27b^3}$$

output

```
-4/3*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-2/9*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+14/9*d^2*si
nh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh
(b*x+a)/b+2/27*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)^3/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-162bd(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) - 6bd(c + dx) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + 2(82d^2 + 45b^2(c + dx)^2 + (2d^2 + 9b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx))}{108b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-162*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x] - 6*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] + 2*(82*d^2 + 45*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + (2*d^2 + 9*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)])*Sinh[a + b*x]/(108*b^3)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{2d^2 \int \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
& \frac{2id^2 \int (\sinh^2(a + bx) + 1) d(-i \sinh(a + bx))}{9b^3} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a + bx) - i \sinh(a + bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \\
& \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a + bx) - i \sinh(a + bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a + bx) - i \sinh(a + bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c + dx) \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a + bx) - i \sinh(a + bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right) - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2}}{9b^3} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right) - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2}}{9b^3} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right) - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2}}{9b^3} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3117} \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right) - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2}}{9b^3} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(-2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Si
nh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (((2*I)/9)*d^2*((-I)*Sinh[a + b*x] - (I/3)*Sinh[a + b
*x]^3))/b^3 + (2*(((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*C
osh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3113 $\text{Int}[\sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x)]^{(n.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n-1)/2}], x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(n-1)/2, 0]$
- rule 3117 $\text{Int}[\sin[\text{Pi}/2 + (c.) + (d.)*(x)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3777 $\text{Int}[(c.) + (d.)*(x)]^{(m.)} \sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m * (\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)} * \text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 3792 $\text{Int}[(c.) + (d.)*(x)]^{(m.)} ((b.)*\sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x)])^{(n.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m-1)} * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n / (f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m * \text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-1)} / (f*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2 * m * ((m-1)/(f^2*n^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-2)} * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{42x \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^6 b d^2 + (-54(dx+c)^2 b^2 - 84d^2) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^5 + 108b\left(-\frac{dx}{6} + c\right) d \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^4 + (36(dx+c)^2 b^2 + 1152d^2) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^3 - 144(dx+c) b d \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 + (-54(dx+c)^2 b^2 - 84d^2) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 84b d \left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 36(dx+c)^2 b^2 + 1152d^2}{27b^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3}$
risc	$\frac{(9d^2 x^2 b^2 + 18b^2 c dx + 9b^2 c^2 - 6b d^2 x - 6bcd + 2d^2) e^{3bx+3a}}{216b^3} + \frac{3(d^2 x^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2 - 2b d^2 x - 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{bx+a}}{8b^3} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{40 \sinh(bx+a)}{27} - \frac{2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} + 2 \sinh(bx+a)\right)}{b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{40 \sinh(bx+a)}{27} - \frac{2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} + 2 \sinh(bx+a)\right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{40 \sinh(bx+a)}{27} - \frac{2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} + 2 \sinh(bx+a)\right)}{b^2}$
orering	$-\frac{40d(9d^4 x^4 b^4 + 36b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 54b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 36b^4 c^3 dx + 9b^4 c^4 + b^2 d^4 x^2 + 2b^2 c d^3 x + b^2 c^2 d^2 - 12d^4) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{81b^6(dx+c)^3} + \frac{2(40d^4 x^4 b^4 + 36b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 54b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 36b^4 c^3 dx + 9b^4 c^4 + b^2 d^4 x^2 + 2b^2 c d^3 x + b^2 c^2 d^2 - 12d^4) \sinh(bx+a)^3}{81b^6(dx+c)^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/27*(42*x*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^6*b*d^2+(-54*(d*x+c)^2*b^2-84*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^5+108*b*(-1/6*d*x+c)*d*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^4+(36*(d*x+c)^2*b^2+152*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^3-144*(1/8*d*x+c)*b*d*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2+(-54*(d*x+c)^2*b^2-84*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+84*b*d*(1/2*d*x+c)/b^3/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)-1)^3/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+1)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{6 (bd^2 x + bcd) \cosh (bx + a)^3 + 18 (bd^2 x + bcd) \cosh (bx + a) \sinh (bx + a)^2 - (9 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 18 b^2 c dx + 9 b^2 c^2) \sinh (bx + a)^3}{81 b^6 (dx + c)^3} + \frac{2 (40 d^4 x^4 b^4 + 36 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 54 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 36 b^4 c^3 dx + 9 b^4 c^4 + b^2 d^4 x^2 + 2 b^2 c d^3 x + b^2 c^2 d^2 - 12 d^4) \sinh (bx + a)^3}{81 b^6 (dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/108*(6*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 18*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - (9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 + 2*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 162*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*(27*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 54*b^2*c*d*x + 27*b^2*c^2 + (9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 + 2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 54*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4cdx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{2cdx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d^2 x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \dots \\ \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-2*c**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 4*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 4*c*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 14*c*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) + 4*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 14*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) - 40*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**3) + 14*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(9*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a)**3, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{36} cd \left(\frac{(3bx e^{3a} - e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{bx}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c^2 \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{216} d^2 \left(\frac{(9b^2x^2 e^{3a} - 6bx e^{3a} + 2e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^3} + \frac{81(b^2x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a) e^{bx}}{b^3} - \frac{81(b^2x^2 + 2bx + 2)e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/36*c*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(
b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^
2) + 1/24*c^2*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^
(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b) + 1/216*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) - 6*b*x*e^(3*a) + 2*e^(3
*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 81
*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*
x - 3*a)/b^3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(9b^2d^2x^2 + 18b^2cdx + 9b^2c^2 - 6bd^2x - 6bcd + 2d^2)e^{(3bx+3a)}}{216b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2 - 2bd^2x - 2bcd + 2d^2)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^3}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2 + 2bd^2x + 2bcd + 2d^2)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(9b^2d^2x^2 + 18b^2cdx + 9b^2c^2 + 6bd^2x + 6bcd + 2d^2)e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{216b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/216*(9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 - 6*b*d^2*x - 6*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^3 + 3/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(b*x + a)/b^3 - 3/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - 1/216*(9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 + 6*b*d^2*x + 6*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3d^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{d^2 \sinh(3a+3bx)}{54} + \frac{3b^2c^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{b^2c^2 \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{3b^2d^2x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{4} - \frac{bcd \cosh(3a+3bx)}{18} - \frac{3bcd \cosh(a+bx)}{18}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output

```
((3*d^2*sinh(a + b*x))/2 + (d^2*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/54 + (3*b^2*c^2*sinh(a
+ b*x))/4 + (b^2*c^2*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (3*b^2*d^2*x^2*sinh(a + b*x))
/4 - (b*c*d*cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/18 - (3*b*d^2*x*cosh(a + b*x))/2 + (b^2*d^2
*x^2*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 - (b*d^2*x*cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/18 - (3*b*c*d*cos
h(a + b*x))/2 + (b^2*c*d*x*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/6 + (3*b^2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*
x))/2)/b^3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{9e^{6bx+6a}b^2c^2 + 18e^{6bx+6a}b^2cdx + 9e^{6bx+6a}b^2d^2x^2 - 6e^{6bx+6a}bcd - 6e^{6bx+6a}bd^2x + 2e^{6bx+6a}d^2 + 81e^{4bx+4a}b^3}{b^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(9e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c**2 + 18e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*c*d*x + 9e**(6*a
+ 6*b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 6e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*c*d - 6e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b
*d**2*x + 2e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*d**2 + 81e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c**2 + 162*e*
*(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*c*d*x + 81e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 162*e**(4
*a + 4*b*x)*b*c*d - 162*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d**2*x + 162*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d
**2 - 81e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c**2 - 162*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c*d*x - 81
e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 162*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*c*d - 162*e**(2*
a + 2*b*x)*b*d**2*x - 162*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d**2 - 9*b**2*c**2 - 18*b**2*c*
d*x - 9*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*b*c*d - 6*b*d**2*x - 2*d**2)/(216*e**(3*a + 3*b
*x)*b**3)
```

3.19 $\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	252
Rubi [A] (verified)	253
Maple [A] (verified)	255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{2d \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b}$$

output

```
-2/3*d*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-1/9*d*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+2/3*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{27d \cosh(a + bx) + d \cosh(3(a + bx)) - 3b(c + dx)(9 \sinh(a + bx) + \sinh(3(a + bx)))}{36b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/36*(27*d*Cosh[a + b*x] + d*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] - 3*b*(c + d*x)*(9*Sinh[a + b*x] + Sinh[3*(a + b*x)]))/b^2}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3791}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3777}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{26}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3118

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/9*(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

```
rule 3777 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3791 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x
]*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{3b(dx+c) \sinh(3bx+3a) - d \cosh(3bx+3a) + 27(dx+c)b \sinh(bx+a) - 27 \cosh(bx+a)d - 28d}{36b^2}$
risch	$\frac{(3dx+3cb-d)e^{3bx+3a}}{72b^2} + \frac{3(dx+cb-d)e^{bx+a}}{8b^2} - \frac{3(dx+cb+d)e^{-bx-a}}{8b^2} - \frac{(3dx+3cb+d)e^{-3bx-3a}}{72b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left(\frac{2(bx+a)}{3} \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} \right) \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c$
default	$\frac{d \left(\frac{2(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} \right) \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c$
orering	$-\frac{4d(5d^2x^2b^2+10b^2cdx+5b^2c^2-2d^2) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9b^4(dx+c)^2} + \frac{2(5d^2x^2b^2+10b^2cdx+5b^2c^2-4d^2) (d \cosh(bx+a)^3+3(dx+c))}{9b^4(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/36*(3*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(3*b*x+3*a)-d*cosh(3*b*x+3*a)+27*(d*x+c)*b*sinh(b*x+
a)-27*cosh(b*x+a)*d-28*d)/b^2
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{d \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 3d \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 - 3(bdx + bc) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 27d \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - 9(3b^2dx + (b^2d + b^2c) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 3b^2c) \sinh(bx + a)}{36b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/36*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*(b*d*x + b*c)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 27*d*cosh(b*x + a) - 9*(3*b*d*x + (b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*b*c)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2dx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2d \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-2*c*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 2*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 7*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a)**3, True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{72} d \left(\frac{(3bx e^{(3a)} - e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/72*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2 + 1/24*c*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(3bdx + 3bc - d)e^{(3bx+3a)}}{72b^2} + \frac{3(bdx + bc - d)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3(bdx + bc + d)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^2} - \frac{(3bdx + 3bc + d)e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{72b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/72*(3*b*d*x + 3*b*c - d)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^2 + 3/8*(b*d*x + b*c - d)*e^(b*x + a)/b^2 - 3/8*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - 1/72*(3*b*d*x + 3*b*c + d)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3c \sinh(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{c \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{dx \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{3dx \sinh(a+bx)}{4}}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(3a + 3bx)}{36b^2} - \frac{3d \cosh(a + bx)}{4b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x),x)`output `((3*c*sinh(a + b*x))/4 + (c*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (d*x*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x))/4)/b - (d*cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/(36*b^2) - (3*d*cosh(a + b*x))/(4*b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{6bx+6a}bc + 3e^{6bx+6a}bdx - e^{6bx+6a}d + 27e^{4bx+4a}bc + 27e^{4bx+4a}bdx - 27e^{4bx+4a}d - 27e^{2bx+2a}bc - 27e^{2bx+2a}bdx + 27e^{2bx+2a}d}{72e^{3bx+3a}b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(3*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*c + 3*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*d*x - e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*d + 27*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*c + 27*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*d*x - 27*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*d - 27*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*c - 27*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d*x - 27*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d - 3*b*c - 3*b*d*x - d)/(72*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b**2)`

3.20 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	259
Rubi [A] (verified)	260
Maple [A] (verified)	261
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	261
Sympy [F]	262
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	262
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	263
Mupad [F(-1)]	263
Reduce [F]	263

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d}$$

output

```
3/4*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)/d+1/4*cosh(3*a-3*b*c/d)*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d+3/4*sinh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d+1/4*sinh(3*a-3*b*c/d)*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(3*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] + Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*Cos
hIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[b*(c/d + x
)] + Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(4*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3793

$$\int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a + bx)}{4(c + dx)} + \frac{\cosh(3a + 3bx)}{4(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} +$$

$$\frac{3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d}$$

input

```
Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(3*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Cosh[3*a - (3*b
*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d) + (3*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhI
ntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*c
)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$-\frac{e^{-\frac{3(ad-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(\frac{3bx+3a-\frac{3(ad-cb)}{d}}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{-\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(\frac{bx+a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(\frac{-bx-a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}}{d}\right)}{8d}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8/d*\exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{3*b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)}{d}\right) - 3/8/d*\exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)}{d}\right) - 3/8/d*\exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)}{d}\right) - 1/8/d*\exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{-3*b*x-3*a-3*(-a*d+b*c)}{d}\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{3 \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + 3}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8} \left(3 \left(\operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{b d x + b c}{d} \right) + \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{b d x + b c}{d} \right) \right) \cosh \left(-\frac{b c - a d}{d} \right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{3 (b d x + b c)}{d} \right) + \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{3 (b d x + b c)}{d} \right) \right) \cosh \left(-\frac{3 (b c - a d)}{d} \right) + 3 \left(\operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{b d x + b c}{d} \right) - \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{b d x + b c}{d} \right) \right) \sinh \left(-\frac{b c - a d}{d} \right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{3 (b d x + b c)}{d} \right) - \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{3 (b d x + b c)}{d} \right) \right) \sinh \left(-\frac{3 (b c - a d)}{d} \right) \right) / d$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/8 * e^{(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)} * \exp_integral_e(1, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8 * e^{(-a + b*c/d)} * \exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8 * e^{(a - b*c/d)} * \exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/8 * e^{(3*a - 3*b*c/d)} * \exp_integral_e(1, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right)} + 3 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 3 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d) + 3*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 3*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d))/d`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x),x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	264
Mathematica [A] (verified)	264
Rubi [C] (verified)	265
Maple [A] (verified)	266
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	267
Sympy [F]	267
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	268
Mupad [F(-1)]	269
Reduce [F]	270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{3b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right) \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}{4d^2} + \frac{3b \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d^2}$$

output

```
-cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)+3/4*b*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*sinh(3*a-3*b*c/d)/d^2+3/4*b*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^2+3/4*b*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^2+3/4*b*cosh(3*a-3*b*c/d)*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3 \cosh(a) \cosh(bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh(3a) \cosh(3bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{3 \sinh(a) \sinh(bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{\sinh(3a) \sinh(3bx)}{4d(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{3b(-2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right) \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) - 2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) - 2 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) - \cosh(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right))}{8d^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*\text{Cosh}[a]*\text{Cosh}[b*x])/(4*d*(c + d*x)) - (\text{Cosh}[3*a]*\text{Cosh}[3*b*x])/(4*d*(c + \\ & d*x)) - (3*\text{Sinh}[a]*\text{Sinh}[b*x])/(4*d*(c + d*x)) - (\text{Sinh}[3*a]*\text{Sinh}[3*b*x])/(\\ & 4*d*(c + d*x)) - (3*b*(-2*\text{CoshIntegral}[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x]*\text{Sinh}[3*a - (3*b* \\ & c)/d] - 2*\text{CoshIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x]*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d] - 2*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c) \\ & /d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x] - 2*\text{Cosh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3* \\ & b*c)/d + 3*b*x]))/(8*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\ & -\frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{3ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{4(c+dx)} - \frac{i \sinh(3a+3bx)}{4(c+dx)}\right) dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \\ & 3ib \left(-\frac{i \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} \right) \end{aligned}$$

d

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^3}{d*(c + d*x)} + \frac{(3*I)*b*((-1/4*I)*\text{CoshIntegral}[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x]*\text{Sinh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d])}{d} - \frac{(I/4)*\text{CoshIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x]*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d]}{d} - \frac{(I/4)*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x]}{d} - \frac{(I/4)*\text{Cosh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x]}{d}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b e^{-3bx-3a}}{8d(dx+cb)} + \frac{3b e^{-\frac{3(ad-cb)}{d}} \text{expIntegral}_1\left(3bx+3a-\frac{3(ad-cb)}{d}\right)}{8d^2} - \frac{3b e^{-bx-a}}{8d(dx+cb)} + \frac{3b e^{-\frac{ad-cb}{d}} \text{expIntegral}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{ad-cb}{d}\right)}{8d^2}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/8*b*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+3/8*b/d^2*exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,3*
b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/8*b*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+3/8*b/d^2*exp(-(a*d
-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/8*b/d^2*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-3/8*b/d^
2*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)-1/8*b/d^2*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c
/d+b*x)-3/8*b/d^2*exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-3*b*x-3*a-3*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{2d \cosh^3(bx+a)^3 + 6d \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)^2 + 6d \cosh(bx+a) - 3((bdx+bc) \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) - (bdx+bc) \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}))}{(c+dx)^2}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/8*(2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*d*cosh(b
*x + a) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x
+ b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) -
(b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x
+ b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*
c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-3
*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} \\ - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 3/8*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 3/8*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 1/8*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1075 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1075, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.41

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/8*(3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)
*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
3*b^3*c*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)
/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*a*b^2*d*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) +
a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/
(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*
x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*b^3*c*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*
c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*a*b^2*d
*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*
c - a*d)/d) - 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(((d*x
+ c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/
d) - 3*b^3*c*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)
/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*a*b^2*d*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d
/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x
+ c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x +
c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*b^3*c*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b
*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*a*b
^2*d*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e
^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x +
c))/d) + 3*b^2*d*e^((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d) + ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{4a} \left(\int \frac{e^{3bx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) + 3e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{bx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) + e^a \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{3bx+3a}c^2 + 2e^{3bx+3a}cdx + e^{3bx+3a}d^2x^2} dx \right) + 3 \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{bx}c^2 + 2e^{bx}cdx + e^{bx}d^2x^2} dx \right)}{8e^a}$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(e**(4*a)*int(e**(3*b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x) + 3*e**(2*a)*int(e**(b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x) + e**a*int(1/(e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*c*d*x + e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d**2*x**2),x) + 3*int(1/(e**(b*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(b*x)*c*d*x + e**(b*x)*d**2*x**2),x))/(8*e**a)`

3.22 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	272
Rubi [A] (verified)	272
Maple [B] (verified)	276
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	277
Sympy [F]	277
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	278
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	278
Mupad [F(-1)]	279
Reduce [F]	279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3b^2 \cosh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{bc}{d} + bx)}{8d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{9b^2 \cosh(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx)}{8d^3}$$

$$- \frac{3b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{3b^2 \sinh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{bc}{d} + bx)}{8d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{9b^2 \sinh(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx)}{8d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^2+3/8*b^2*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^3+9/
8*b^2*cosh(3*a-3*b*c/d)*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d^3-3/2*b*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*
x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)+3/8*b^2*sinh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^3+9/8*b^2*sinh(3*a
-3*b*c/d)*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{6d \cosh(bx)(d \cosh(a) + b(c + dx) \sinh(a)) + 2d \cosh(3bx)(d \cosh(3a) + 3b(c + dx) \sinh(3a)) + 6d(b(c + dx) \cosh(a) + d \cosh(3a) + 3b(c + dx) \sinh(3a))}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/16*(6*d*Cosh[b*x]*(d*Cosh[a] + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a]) + 2*d*Cosh[3*b*x]*(d*Cosh[3*a] + 3*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[3*a]) + 6*d*(b*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a] + d*Sinh[a])*Sinh[b*x] + 2*d*(3*b*(c + d*x)*Cosh[3*a] + d*Sinh[3*a])*Sinh[3*b*x] - 6*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] + 3*Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] + 3*Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d])}{(d^3*(c + d*x)^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$\frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$- \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} + \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 3784

$$\frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b^2 \left(\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx}{c+dx}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4(c+dx)} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4(c+dx)} \right) dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d^2} + \\
& \frac{9b^2 \left(\frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx\right)}{4d} \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (3*b*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)) - (3*b^2*((Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d)/d^2 + (9*b^2*((3*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d) + (3*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d))/(2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b,
c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

method	result
risch	$\frac{3b^3e^{-3bx-3a}}{16d(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} + \frac{3b^3e^{-3bx-3a}}{16d^2(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-3bx-3a}}{16d(d^2x^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{9b^2e^{-\frac{3(ad-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1(3bx-3a)}{16d^3}$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/16*b^3*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+3/16*b^3*ex
p(-3*b*x-3*a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-1/16*b^2*exp(-3*b*x-
3*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-9/16*b^2/d^3*exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*
Ei(1,3*b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)+3/16*b^3*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*
d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+3/16*b^3*exp(-b*x-a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*
c-3/16*b^2*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-3/16*b^2/d^3*ex
p(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x
)^2-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1
,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)-1/16*b^2/d^3*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-3/16*b^2/d
^3*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-9/16*b^2/d^3*exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-3*b*x-
3*a-3*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2d^2 \cosh^3(bx + a) + 6d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 + 6(bd^2x + bcd) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 6d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh^3(bx + a)}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/16*(2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d^2*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 9*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 6*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d + 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a) - 3*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 9*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} \\ - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 3/8*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 3/8*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 1/8*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs. 2(172) = 344.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ = \frac{9b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} + 3b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} + 3b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} + 9b^2 d^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/16*(9*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d) + 3*b^2*d^2*x^
2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 3*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e
^(-a + b*c/d) + 9*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d) +
18*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d) + 6*b^2*c*d*x*Ei((b*d
*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 6*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/
d) + 18*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d) + 9*b^2*c^2*Ei
(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d) + 3*b^2*c^2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a
- b*c/d) + 3*b^2*c^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + 9*b^2*c^2*Ei(-
3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d) - 3*b*d^2*x*e^(3*b*x + 3*a) - 3*b*d^
2*x*e^(b*x + a) + 3*b*d^2*x*e^(-b*x - a) + 3*b*d^2*x*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a) - 3*
b*c*d*e^(3*b*x + 3*a) - 3*b*c*d*e^(b*x + a) + 3*b*c*d*e^(-b*x - a) + 3*b*c
*d*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a) - d^2*e^(3*b*x + 3*a) - 3*d^2*e^(b*x + a) - 3*d^2*e^(-
b*x - a) - d^2*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{4a} \left(\int \frac{e^{3bx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) + 3e^{2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{bx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) + e^a \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{3bx+3ac^3+3e^{3bx+3a}c^2dx+3e^{3bx+3ac}d^2x^2}} dx \right)}{8e^a}$$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```


output

```
(e**(4*a)*int(e**(3*b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x) + 3*e**(2*a)*int(e**(b*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x) + e**a*int(1/(e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d**3*x**3),x) + 3*int(1/(e**(b*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(b*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(b*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(b*x)*d**3*x**3),x))/(8*e**a)
```

3.23 $\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	282
Rubi [A] (verified)	282
Maple [A] (verified)	286
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	286
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	287
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	287
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	288
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	288
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{45x^2}{128b^2} + \frac{3x^4}{32} - \frac{45 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{128b^4} - \frac{9x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{16b^2} - \frac{3 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{128b^4} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{45x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{64b^3} + \frac{3x^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{3x \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{32b^3} + \frac{x^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

output

```
45/128*x^2/b^2+3/32*x^4-45/128*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-9/16*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-3/128*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^4-3/16*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+45/64*x*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+3/8*x^3*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+3/32*x*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/4*x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-192(1 + 2b^2x^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) - 3(1 + 8b^2x^2) \cosh(4(a + bx)) + 4bx(24b^3x^3 + 32(3 + 2b^2x^2) \sinh(2(a + bx)))}{1024b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output $(-192*(1 + 2*b^2*x^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] - 3*(1 + 8*b^2*x^2)*Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] + 4*b*x*(24*b^3*x^3 + 32*(3 + 2*b^2*x^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + (3 + 8*b^2*x^2)*Sinh[4*(a + b*x)])/(1024*b^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3791, 15, 3792, 15, 3042, 3791, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{3 \int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int x \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3 \int x^3 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx}{4b} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \int x \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \int x \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{\int x^3 dx}{2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \quad -\frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4)/(16*b^2) + (x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) \\ & + (3*(-1/16*Cosh[a + b*x]^4/b^2 + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) \\ & + (3*(x^2/4 - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))))/4)/(8*b^2) \\ & + (3*(x^4/8 - (3*x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + (x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) \\ & + (3*(x^2/4 - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))))/(2*b^2)))/4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-384x^2b^2-192) \cosh(2bx+2a)+(-24x^2b^2-3) \cosh(4bx+4a)+(256x^3b^3+384bx) \sinh(2bx+2a)+(32x^3b^3+12bx) \sinh(4bx+4a)}{1024b^4}$
risc	$\frac{3x^4}{32} + \frac{(32x^3b^3-24x^2b^2+12bx-3)e^{4bx+4a}}{2048b^4} + \frac{(4x^3b^3-6x^2b^2+6bx-3)e^{2bx+2a}}{32b^4} - \frac{(4x^3b^3+6x^2b^2+6bx+3)e^{-2bx-2a}}{32b^4}$
derivativedivides	$-a^3 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) + 3a^2 \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
default	$-a^3 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) + 3a^2 \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
orering	$\frac{(32x^6b^6-240x^4b^4-330x^2b^2+945) \cosh(bx+a)^4}{128x^2b^6} + \frac{5(40x^4b^4+24x^2b^2-243) (3x^2 \cosh(bx+a)^4+4x^3 \cosh(bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a))}{256x^4b^6}$

```
input int(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1024*((-384*b^2*x^2-192)*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+(-24*b^2*x^2-3)*cosh(4*b*x+4*a)
+(256*b^3*x^3+384*b*x)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+(32*b^3*x^3+12*b*x)*sinh(4*b*x+4*a)
+96*x^4*b^4+195)/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{96 b^4 x^4 - 3(8 b^2 x^2 + 1) \cosh(bx + a)^4 + 16(8 b^3 x^3 + 3 bx) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^3 - 3(8 b^2 x^2 + 1) \sinh(bx + a)^4}{1024}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/1024*(96*b^4*x^4 - 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 16*(8*b^3*x^3 + 3
*b*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 -
192*(2*b^2*x^2 + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 6*(64*b^2*x^2 + 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*co
sh(b*x + a)^2 + 32)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 16*((8*b^3*x^3 + 3*b*x)*cosh(b*x + a)
)^3 + 16*(2*b^3*x^3 + 3*b*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3x^4 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{32} - \frac{3x^4 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{16} + \frac{3x^4 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{32} - \frac{3x^3 \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^4 \cosh^4(a)}{4} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`output `Piecewise(((3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**4/32 - 3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/16 + 3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**4/32 - 3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 45*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(128*b**2) - 9*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(64*b**2) - 51*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(128*b**2) - 45*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(64*b**3) + 51*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(64*b**3) + 45*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(256*b**4) - 51*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(256*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*cosh(a)**4/4, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{32} x^4 + \frac{(32 b^3 x^3 e^{(4a)} - 24 b^2 x^2 e^{(4a)} + 12 b x e^{(4a)} - 3 e^{(4a)}) e^{(4bx)}}{2048 b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(4 b^3 x^3 e^{(2a)} - 6 b^2 x^2 e^{(2a)} + 6 b x e^{(2a)} - 3 e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{32 b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(4 b^3 x^3 + 6 b^2 x^2 + 6 b x + 3) e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{32 b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(32 b^3 x^3 + 24 b^2 x^2 + 12 b x + 3) e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{2048 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/32*x^4 + 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3*e^(4*a) - 24*b^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 12*b*x*e^(4*a)
) - 3*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x)/b^4 + 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) - 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a)
+ 6*b*x*e^(2*a) - 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^4 - 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2
+ 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4 - 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3 + 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b
*x + 3)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{32} x^4 + \frac{(32b^3x^3 - 24b^2x^2 + 12bx - 3)e^{(4bx+4a)}}{2048b^4} + \frac{(4b^3x^3 - 6b^2x^2 + 6bx - 3)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{32b^4} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{32b^4} - \frac{(32b^3x^3 + 24b^2x^2 + 12bx + 3)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{2048b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/32*x^4 + 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3 - 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b*x - 3)*e^(4*b*x + 4*a)/b
^4 + 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x - 3)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^4 - 1/32*(
4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4 - 1/2048*(32*b^3*x
^3 + 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b*x + 3)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3x^4}{32} - \frac{\frac{3 \cosh(2a+2bx)}{16} + \frac{3 \cosh(4a+4bx)}{1024} + b^2 \left(\frac{3x^2 \cosh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh(4a+4bx)}{128} \right) - b \left(\frac{3x \sinh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{3x \sinh(4a+4bx)}{256} \right)}{b^4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
(3*x^4)/32 - ((3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/16 + (3*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/1024 + b^2*
((3*x^2*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/8 + (3*x^2*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/128) - b*((3*x*si
nh(2*a + 2*b*x))/8 + (3*x*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/256) - b^3*((x^3*sinh(2*a + 2
*b*x))/4 + (x^3*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/32))/b^4
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{32e^{8bx+8a}b^3x^3 - 24e^{8bx+8a}b^2x^2 + 12e^{8bx+8a}bx - 3e^{8bx+8a} + 256e^{6bx+6a}b^3x^3 - 384e^{6bx+6a}b^2x^2 + 384e^{6bx+6a}}$$

input

```
int(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x)
```

output

```
(32*e**(8*a + 8*b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 24*e**(8*a + 8*b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 12*e**(8*
a + 8*b*x)*b*x - 3*e**(8*a + 8*b*x) + 256*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 384
*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 384*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*x - 192*e**(6*a + 6*b
*x) + 192*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 256*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 38
4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 384*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*x - 192*e**(2*a + 2*
b*x) - 32*b**3*x**3 - 24*b**2*x**2 - 12*b*x - 3)/(2048*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b
*4)
```

3.24 $\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	290
Mathematica [A] (verified)	291
Rubi [A] (verified)	291
Maple [A] (verified)	294
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	295
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	296
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	296
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	297
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	298

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{15x}{64b^2} + \frac{x^3}{8} - \frac{3x \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{15 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{64b^3} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{32b^3} + \frac{x^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

output

```
15/64*x/b^2+1/8*x^3-3/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+15/64*
cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+3/8*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/32*cosh(b*
x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/4*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{32b^3x^3 - 64bx \cosh(2(a + bx)) - 4bx \cosh(4(a + bx)) + 32 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + 64b^2x^2 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + \dots}{256b^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `(32*b^3*x^3 - 64*b*x*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] - 4*b*x*Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] + 32*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + 64*b^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + Sinh[4*(a + b*x)] + 8*b^2*x^2*Sinh[4*(a + b*x)])/(256*b^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24, 3792, 15, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\ & \frac{\int \cosh^4(a + bx) dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx + \frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{\frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} +}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right) + x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{\int x^2 dx}{2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b}}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2}}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/8*(x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4)/b^2 + (x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + \\
& ((Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/4)/(8*b^2) + (3*(x^3/6 - (x*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + (x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))/(2*b^2)))/4
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(64x^2b^2+32) \sinh(2bx+2a)+(8x^2b^2+1) \sinh(4bx+4a)+32\left(x^2b^2-2 \cosh(2bx+2a)-\frac{\cosh(4bx+4a)}{8}\right)xb}{256b^3}$
risc	$\frac{x^3}{8} + \frac{(8x^2b^2-4bx+1)e^{4bx+4a}}{512b^3} + \frac{(2x^2b^2-2bx+1)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2x^2b^2+2bx+1)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8x^2b^2+4bx+1)e^{-4bx-4a}}{512b^3}$
derivativdivides	$a^2 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) - 2a \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) - 2a \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
orering	$\frac{(32x^6b^6-120x^4b^4-30x^2b^2+135) \cosh(bx+a)^4}{96x^3b^6} + \frac{5(112x^4b^4+6x^2b^2-171) \left(2x \cosh(bx+a)^4 + 4x^2 \cosh(bx+a)^3 b \sinh(bx+a) \right)}{768x^4b^6}$

input `int(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/256*((64*b^2*x^2+32)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+(8*b^2*x^2+1)*sinh(4*b*x+4*a)+32*(x^2*b^2-2*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)-1/8*cosh(4*b*x+4*a))*x*b)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{8b^3x^3 - bx \cosh(bx+a)^4 - bx \sinh(bx+a)^4 + (8b^2x^2 + 1) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)^3 - 16bx \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)^2}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/64*(8*b^3*x^3 - b*x*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - b*x*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + (8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 16*b*x*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*b*x*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 8*b*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + ((8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 16*(2*b^2*x^2 + 1)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))/b^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{8} - \frac{x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{x^3 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8} - \frac{3x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^3 \cosh^4(a)}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`output `Piecewise((x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**4/8 - x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 + x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**4/8 - 3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 15*x*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(64*b**2) - 3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(32*b**2) - 17*x*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(64*b**2) - 15*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(64*b**3) + 17*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(64*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*cosh(a)**4/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} x^3 + \frac{(8b^2x^2e^{4a} - 4bx e^{4a} + e^{4a})e^{4bx}}{512b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(2b^2x^2e^{2a} - 2bx e^{2a} + e^{2a})e^{2bx}}{16b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8b^2x^2 + 4bx + 1)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{512b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*x^3 + 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2*e^(4*a) - 4*b*x*e^(4*a) + e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x)/b^3 + 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3 - 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 + 4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} x^3 + \frac{(8b^2x^2 - 4bx + 1)e^{(4bx+4a)}}{512b^3} + \frac{(2b^2x^2 - 2bx + 1)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8b^2x^2 + 4bx + 1)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{512b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*x^3 + 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 - 4*b*x + 1)*e^(4*b*x + 4*a)/b^3 + 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 - 2*b*x + 1)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3 - 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 + 4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{\frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{\sinh(4a+4bx)}{256} - b \left(\frac{x \cosh(2a+2bx)}{4} + \frac{x \cosh(4a+4bx)}{64} \right) + b^2 \left(\frac{x^2 \sinh(2a+2bx)}{4} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(4a+4bx)}{32} \right)}{b^3} + \frac{x^3}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `(sinh(2*a + 2*b*x)/8 + sinh(4*a + 4*b*x)/256 - b*((x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/4 + (x*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/64) + b^2*((x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/4 + (x^2*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/32))/b^3 + x^3/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8e^{8bx+8a}b^2x^2 - 4e^{8bx+8a}bx + e^{8bx+8a} + 64e^{6bx+6a}b^2x^2 - 64e^{6bx+6a}bx + 32e^{6bx+6a} + 64e^{4bx+4a}b^3x^3 - 64e^{2bx+2a}b^3x}{512e^{4bx+4a}b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x)`output `(8***e**(8*a + 8*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 4*e**(8*a + 8*b*x)*b*x + e**(8*a + 8*b*x) + 64*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 64*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*x + 32*e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 64*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 64*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 64*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*x - 32*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) - 8*b**2*x**2 - 4*b*x - 1)/(512*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3)`

3.25 $\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	299
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3x^2}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{16b^2} - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{3x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{x \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

output

```
3/16*x^2-3/16*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/16*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+3/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/4*x*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{16 \cosh(2(a + bx)) + \cosh(4(a + bx)) - 4bx(6bx + 8 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + \sinh(4(a + bx)))}{128b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/128*(16*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] - 4*b*x*(6*b*x + 8*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + Sinh[4*(a + b*x)]))/b^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 3042, 3791, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/16*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^4/b^2 + (x*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^3*\text{Sinh}[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(x^2/4 - \text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]*\text{Sinh}[a + b*x])/(2*b)))}{4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{24x^2b^2+4bx \sinh(4bx+4a)+32bx \sinh(2bx+2a)-\cosh(4bx+4a)-16 \cosh(2bx+2a)+17}{128b^2}$
risch	$\frac{3x^2}{16} + \frac{(4bx-1)e^{4bx+4a}}{256b^2} + \frac{(2bx-1)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(2bx+1)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(4bx+1)e^{-4bx-4a}}{256b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{16} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^4}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{16} - a \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)}{4} \right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{16} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^4}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{16} - a \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)}{4} \right)}{b^2}$
orering	$\frac{(8x^4b^4-15x^2b^2+5) \cosh(bx+a)^4}{16b^4x^2} + \frac{5(2x^2b^2-1) (\cosh(bx+a)^4+4x \cosh(bx+a)^3 b \sinh(bx+a))}{16b^4x^2} - \frac{5(x^2b^2-1) (8 \coth(bx+a)^4+4x \coth(bx+a)^3 b \sinh(bx+a))}{16b^4x^2}$

input `int(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{128} \cdot (24 \cdot x^2 \cdot b^2 + 4 \cdot b \cdot x \cdot \sinh(4 \cdot b \cdot x + 4 \cdot a) + 32 \cdot b \cdot x \cdot \sinh(2 \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a) - \cosh(4 \cdot b \cdot x + 4 \cdot a) - 16 \cdot \cosh(2 \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a) + 17) / b^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16bx \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 24b^2x^2 - \cosh(bx + a)^4 - \sinh(bx + a)^4 - 2(3 \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 8)}{128b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{128} \cdot (16 \cdot b \cdot x \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)^3 + 24 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 - \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^4 - \sinh(b \cdot x + a)^4 - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^2 + 8) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)^2 - 16 \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^2 + 16 \cdot (b \cdot x \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^3 + 4 \cdot b \cdot x \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)) / b^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{16} - \frac{3x^2 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16} - \frac{3x \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^2 \cosh^4(a)}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**4/16 - 3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/8 + 3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**4/16 - 3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 3*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(32*b**2) - 5*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(32*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cosh(a)**4/2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{16} x^2 + \frac{(4bx e^{4a} - e^{4a}) e^{4bx}}{256 b^2} + \frac{(2bx e^{2a} - e^{2a}) e^{2bx}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{-2bx - 2a}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(4bx + 1) e^{-4bx - 4a}}{256 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/16*x^2 + 1/256*(4*b*x*e^(4*a) - e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x)/b^2 + 1/16*(2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2 - 1/256*(4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{16} x^2 + \frac{(4bx - 1) e^{4bx + 4a}}{256 b^2} + \frac{(2bx - 1) e^{2bx + 2a}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{-2bx - 2a}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(4bx + 1) e^{-4bx - 4a}}{256 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/16*x^2 + 1/256*(4*b*x - 1)*e^(4*b*x + 4*a)/b^2 + 1/16*(2*b*x - 1)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2 - 1/256*(4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^2
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^2}{16} - \frac{\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)^2}{16} + \frac{\cosh(a+bx)^4}{16} - b \left(\frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)^3}{4} + \frac{3x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8} \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(x*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `(3*x^2)/16 - ((3*cosh(a + b*x)^2)/16 + cosh(a + b*x)^4/16 - b*((x*cosh(a + b*x)^3*sinh(a + b*x))/4 + (3*x*cosh(a + b*x)*sinh(a + b*x))/8))/b^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^{8bx+8a}bx - e^{8bx+8a} + 32e^{6bx+6a}bx - 16e^{6bx+6a} + 48e^{4bx+4a}b^2x^2 - 32e^{2bx+2a}bx - 16e^{2bx+2a} - 4bx - 1}{256e^{4bx+4a}b^2}$$

input `int(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x)`output `(4*e**(8*a + 8*b*x)*b*x - e**(8*a + 8*b*x) + 32*e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*b*x - 16*e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 48*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 32*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*x - 16*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) - 4*b*x - 1)/(256*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2)`

3.26 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	306
Rubi [A] (verified)	306
Maple [F]	309
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	309
Sympy [F]	310
Maxima [F]	310
Giac [F]	311
Mupad [F(-1)]	311
Reduce [F]	311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{6id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{6id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{6id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} + \frac{6id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^3*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-3*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/
b^2+3*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+6*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,
-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-6*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-6*I*d^3*pol
ylog(4,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4+6*I*d^3*polylog(4,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^3c^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 3b^3c^2dx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + 3b^3cd^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^3d^3x^3 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}))}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(I*((-2*I)*b^3*c^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4668$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \\
 & \quad \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b}}{\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)]/b + ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b - ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n/(b*c*n*Log[F]), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4668

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6i d^3 \operatorname{polylog}(4, i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) - 6i d^3 \operatorname{polylog}(4, -i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a)) -$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(6*I*d^3*polylog(4, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 6*I*d^3*polylog(4, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 3*(-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 3*(I*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x + I*b^2*c^2*d)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (I*b^3*c^3 - 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*I*a^2*b*c*d^2 - I*a^3*d^3)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + (-I*b^3*c^3 + 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*I*a^2*b*c*d^2 + I*a^3*d^3)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (-I*b^3*d^3*x^3 - 3*I*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 - 3*I*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*I*a^2*b*c*d^2 - I*a^3*d^3)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*I*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*I*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*I*a^2*b*c*d^2 + I*a^3*d^3)*log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) - 6*(I*b*d^3*x + I*b*c*d^2)*polylog(3, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 6*(-I*b*d^3*x - I*b*c*d^2)*polylog(3, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)))/b^4`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2*c^3*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b + 2*integrate((d^3*x^3*e^a + 3*c*d^2*x^2*e^a
+ 3*c^2*d*x*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x),x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) c^3 + (\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x^3 dx) b d^3 + 3(\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x^2 dx) b c d^2 + 3(\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x dx) b c d}{b}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x)
```


output

```
(2*atan(e**(a + b*x))*c**3 + int(sech(a + b*x)*x**3,x)*b*d**3 + 3*int(sech  
(a + b*x)*x**2,x)*b*c*d**2 + 3*int(sech(a + b*x)*x,x)*b*c**2*d)/b
```

3.27 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	314
Rubi [A] (verified)	314
Maple [F]	316
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	317
Sympy [F]	317
Maxima [F]	318
Giac [F]	318
Mupad [F(-1)]	318
Reduce [F]	319

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{2id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{2id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{2id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{2id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^2*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-2*I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+2*I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+2*I*d^2*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-2*I*d^2*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^2c^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 2b^2cdx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^2d^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 2b^2cdx \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) -$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(I*((-2*I)*b^2*c^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4668}$$

$$-\frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b} - \\
& \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b} - \\
& \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b} - \\
& \frac{2id\left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b}\right)}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b + ((2*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b - ((2*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2i d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) + 2i d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a))}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-2*I*d^2*polylog(3, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) + 2*I*d^2*polylog(3, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (I*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*a^2*d^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + (-I*b^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*a^2*d^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (-I*b^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d*x - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*a^2*d^2)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*I*b^2*c*d*x + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*a^2*d^2)*log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/b^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*c^2*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b + 2*integrate((d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*c*d*x*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) c^2 + (\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x^2 dx) b d^2 + 2(\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x dx) bcd}{b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `(2*atan(e**(a + b*x))*c**2 + int(sech(a + b*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2 + 2*int(sech(a + b*x)*x,x)*b*c*d)/b`

3.28 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	320
Rubi [A] (verified)	321
Maple [A] (verified)	322
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	323
Sympy [F]	323
Maxima [F]	324
Giac [F]	324
Mupad [F(-1)]	324
Reduce [F]	325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2}$$

output

`2*(d*x+c)*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-I*d*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = -\frac{c \cot^{-1}(\sinh(a + bx))}{b} + \frac{id(bx(\log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - \log(1 + ie^{a+bx})) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}))}{b^2}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{c \operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sinh}[a + b x]]}{b} + \frac{(I d (b x (\operatorname{Log}[1 - I E^{(a + b x)]} - \operatorname{Log}[1 + I E^{(a + b x)]}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-I) E^{(a + b x)]} + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, I E^{(a + b x)} x]))}{b^2}\right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{csc}\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\ & -\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx) \operatorname{arctan}(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\ & -\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \\ & \quad \frac{2(c + dx) \operatorname{arctan}(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\ & \frac{2(c + dx) \operatorname{arctan}(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)*\operatorname{Sech}[a + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{2*(c + d*x)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[E^{(a + b*x)}]}{b} - \frac{(I*d*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^{(a + b*x)}])}{b^2} + \frac{(I*d*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, I*E^{(a + b*x)}])}{b^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^ (n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^ (m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{d(i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))-i \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})+i \operatorname{dilog}(1-ie^{bx+a}))}{b} - \frac{2da \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} + 2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})$
default	$\frac{d(i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))-i \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})+i \operatorname{dilog}(1-ie^{bx+a}))}{b} - \frac{2da \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} + 2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})$
parts	$\frac{\arctan(\sinh(bx+a))dx}{b} + \frac{\arctan(\sinh(bx+a))c}{b} - \frac{d \left(x \arctan(\sinh(bx+a)) - \frac{i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))}{b} \right)}{b}$
risch	$\frac{2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})x}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})a}{b^2} + \frac{id \ln(1-ie^{bx+a})x}{b} + \frac{id \ln(1-ie^{bx+a})a}{b^2} - \frac{id \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})}{b}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/b*(d/b*(I*(b*x+a)*(ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a))-ln(1+I*exp(b*x+a)))-I*dilog(1+I*exp(b*x+a))+I*dilog(1-I*exp(b*x+a)))-2*d/b*a*arctan(exp(b*x+a))+2*c*arctan(exp(b*x+a)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i d \operatorname{Li}_2(i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) - i d \operatorname{Li}_2(-i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a)) + (i bc - i ad) \log(\dots)}{b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(I*d*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - I*d*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (-I*b*d*x - I*a*d)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b*d*x + I*a*d)*log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/b^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)\operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x) - 2*c*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)\operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2\operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a})c + (\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) x dx) bd}{b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `(2*atan(e**(a + b*x))*c + int(sech(a + b*x)*x,x)*b*d)/b`

3.29 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	326
Mathematica [N/A]	326
Rubi [N/A]	327
Maple [N/A]	327
Fricas [N/A]	328
Sympy [N/A]	328
Maxima [N/A]	328
Giac [N/A]	329
Mupad [N/A]	329
Reduce [N/A]	330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int(sech(a + b*x)/(c + d*x),x)`

3.30 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [N/A]	331
Rubi [N/A]	332
Maple [N/A]	332
Fricas [N/A]	333
Sympy [N/A]	333
Maxima [N/A]	333
Giac [N/A]	334
Mupad [N/A]	334
Reduce [N/A]	335

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

3.31 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	336
Mathematica [A] (verified)	336
Rubi [C] (verified)	337
Maple [B] (verified)	340
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	340
Sympy [F]	341
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	342
Giac [F]	342
Mupad [F(-1)]	343
Reduce [F]	343

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^3}{b} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \log(1 + e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^2} - \frac{3d^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^3} + \frac{3d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^3/b-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^2-3*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2, -exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3+3/2*d^3*polylog(3, -exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^4+(d*x+c)^3*tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{de^{2a} \left(\frac{4e^{-2a}(c+dx)^3}{d} + \frac{6(1+e^{-2a})(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{-2(a+bx)})}{b} - \frac{3d(1+e^{-2a})(2b(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-2(a+bx)}) + d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{-2(a+bx)}))}{b^3} \right)}{1+e^{2a}} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\left(\frac{d E^{2a} ((4(c + dx)^3)/(d E^{2a}) + (6(1 + E^{-2a}))(c + dx)^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. * \text{Log}[1 + E^{-2(a + bx)}])}{b} - (3d(1 + E^{-2a}))(2b(c + dx) \text{PolyLog} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. [2, -E^{-2(a + bx)}] + d \text{PolyLog}[3, -E^{-2(a + bx)}]) \right) / b^3 \right) / (1 + E^{2a}) \\ & \left. + 2(c + dx)^3 \text{Sech}[a] \text{Sech}[a + bx] \text{Sinh}[bx] \right) / (2b) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \text{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c + dx)^2 \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4201 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}(c+dx)^2}{1+e^{2(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 3011 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 2720 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-2(a+bx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{4b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 7143 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{4b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((3*I)*d*(((−1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/(2*b) − (d*(−1/2*((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, −E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/b + (d*PolyLog[3, −E^(2*(a + b*x))])/(4*b^2)))/b) + ((c + d*x)^3*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2620 $\text{Int}[(((F_)^{((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))})^{(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_))}/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^{((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))})^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])]*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2720 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{v = \text{FunctionOfExponential}[u, x]\}, \text{Simp}[v/D[v, x] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{FunctionOfExponentialFunction}[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(m_)} /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m*n] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[u, E^{((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))}*(F_)[v_] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionQ}[F[x]]]$
- rule 3011 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (e_)*((F_)^{((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))})^{(n_)}]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-f + g*x)^m*(\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n]/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])), x] + \text{Simp}[g*(m/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^{m-1}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4201 $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)*\tan[(e_) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I)*((c + d*x)^{m+1}/(d*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(E^{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))}/(1 + E^{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))}), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 4672 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Cot}[e + f*x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 297 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2+3c^2dx+c^3)}{(1+e^{2bx+2a})b} + \frac{6d^3a^2\ln(e^{bx+a})}{b^4} - \frac{6d^3a^2x}{b^3} + \frac{2d^3x^3}{b} - \frac{4d^3a^3}{b^4} - \frac{3d^3\ln(1+e^{2bx+2a})x^2}{b^2} + \frac{3d^3\text{polylog}(3, -\exp(2bx+2a))}{2b^4}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(d^3*x^3+3*c*d^2*x^2+3*c^2*d*x+c^3)/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b+6/b^4*d^3*a^2*ln(exp(b*x+a))-6/b^3*d^3*a^2*x+2/b*d^3*x^3-4/b^4*d^3*a^3-3/b^2*d^3*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x^2+3/2*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^4-3/b^3*d^3*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x+6/b*d^2*c*x^2+6/b^3*d^2*c*a^2-6/b^2*d^2*c*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x-3/b^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))-12/b^3*d^2*c*a*ln(exp(b*x+a))+12/b^2*d^2*c*a*x+6/b^2*d^2*c^2*ln(exp(b*x+a))-3/b^2*d^2*c^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1332, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.93

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-(2*b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3 - 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3
)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a
*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - 2*(b^3
*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2
+ a^3*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2 + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*c
osh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^
3*x + b*c*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) +
6*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2 + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x +
b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^
2)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2
+ a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*c
^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b^2*c^2*d - 2
*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a)
+ I) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^
2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*lo
g(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + 3*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*
a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*d^3 + (b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*d^3
)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\ &= 3c^2 d \left(\frac{2xe^{(2bx+2a)}}{be^{(2bx+2a)} + b} - \frac{\log((e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1)e^{(-2a)})}{b^2} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{3(2bx \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) + \operatorname{Li}_2(-e^{(2bx+2a)}))cd^2}{b^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{2c^3}{b(e^{(-2bx-2a)} + 1)} - \frac{2(d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2)}{be^{(2bx+2a)} + b} \\ & \quad - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) + 2bx \operatorname{Li}_2(-e^{(2bx+2a)}) - \operatorname{Li}_3(-e^{(2bx+2a)}))d^3}{2b^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2)}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*c^2*d*(2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - log((e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)*e^(-2*a))/b^2) - 3*(2*b*x*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) + dilog(-e^(2*b*x + 2*a)))*c*d^2/b^3 + 2*c^3/(b*(e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 1)) - 2*(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - 3/2*(2*b^2*x^2*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) + 2*b*x*dilog(-e^(2*b*x + 2*a)) - polylog(3, -e^(2*b*x + 2*a)))*d^3/b^4 + 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2)/b^4`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 d^3 + 24e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{x}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c d^2 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^2 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^3 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^4 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^5 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^6 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^7 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^8 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^9 + 12e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^3 c^2 d^{10} + \dots$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(12*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int(x**2/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1), x)*b**3*d**3 + 24*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*c*d**2 + 12*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**3 - 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b**2*c**2*d - 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b*c*d**2 - 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d**3 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 12*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 12*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d**3*x + 12*int(x**2/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*d**3 + 24*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*c*d**2 + 12*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**3 - 6*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b**2*c**2*d - 6*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b*c*d**2 - 3*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d**3 - 12*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 6*b**2*d**3*x**2)/(2*b**4*(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1))`

3.32 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	344
Mathematica [A] (verified)	344
Rubi [C] (verified)	345
Maple [B] (verified)	347
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	348
Sympy [F]	348
Maxima [F]	349
Giac [F]	349
Mupad [F(-1)]	349
Reduce [F]	350

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2}{b} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \log(1 + e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^2} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^2/b-2*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^2-d^2*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3+(d*x+c)^2*tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{-\frac{2b(c+dx)(b(c+dx)+d(1+e^{2a}) \log(1+e^{-2(a+bx)}))}{1+e^{2a}} + d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-2(a+bx)}) + b^2(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((-2*b*(c + d*x)*(b*(c + d*x) + d*(1 + E^(2*a))*Log[1 + E^(-2*(a + b*x))])
)/(1 + E^(2*a)) + d^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-2*(a + b*x))] + b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech
[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*Sinh[b*x])/b^3
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c + dx) \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4201} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}(c+dx)}{1+e^{2(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b} \\
& \downarrow 2715 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int e^{-2(a+bx)} \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) de^{2(a+bx)}}{4b^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b} \\
& \downarrow 2838 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{4b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((2*I)*d*(((−1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/(2*b) + (d*PolyLog[2, −E^(2*(a + b*x))])/(4*b^2)))/b + ((c + d*x)^2*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^((n_) + ((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^((n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^((n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4201 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(x^2 d^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}{b(1 + e^{2bx + 2a})} + \frac{4dc \ln(e^{bx+a})}{b^2} - \frac{2dc \ln(1 + e^{2bx+2a})}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 x^2}{b} + \frac{4d^2 xa}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2}{b^3} - \frac{2d^2 \ln(1 + e^{2bx+2a})x}{b^2} - \frac{d^2 p}{b^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2*(d^2*x^2+2*c*d*x+c^2)/b/(1+\exp(2*b*x+2*a))+4/b^2*d*c*\ln(\exp(b*x+a))-2/b^2*d*c*\ln(1+\exp(2*b*x+2*a))+2/b*d^2*x^2+4/b^2*d^2*x*a+2/b^3*d^2*a^2-2/b^2*d^2*\ln(1+\exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x-d^2*polylog(2,-\exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3-4/b^3*d^2*a*\ln(\exp(b*x+a))$$

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.79

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c*d
- a^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c*d - a
^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c
*d - a^2*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + (d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)
*sinh(b*x + a) + d^2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d^2)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh
(b*x + a)) + (d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + d^
2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d^2)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (b*c*
d - a*d^2 + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + s
inh(b*x + a) + I) + (b*c*d - a*d^2 + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(
b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)
^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2 + (b*d^2*x +
a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)
+ (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)
+ 1) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2 + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^2*x
+ a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*
log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/(b^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^3*
cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b^3*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + b^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*d^2*(x^2/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - 2*integrate(x/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b), x)) + 2*c*d*(2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - log((e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)*e^(-2*a))/b^2) + 2*c^2/(b*(e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{x}{e^{4bx+4a} + 2e^{2bx+2a} + 1} dx \right) b^2 d^2 - 2e^{2bx+2a} \log(e^{2bx+2a} + 1) bcd - e^{2bx+2a} \log(e^{2bx+2a} + 1) d^2 + 2e^{2bx+2a} \log(e^{2bx+2a} + 1) bcd}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**2 - 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b*c*d - e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d**2 + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c**2 + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d**2*x + 4*int(x/(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**2 - 2*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*b*c*d - log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d**2 - 2*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(b**3*(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1))`

3.33 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	351
Mathematica [A] (verified)	351
Rubi [A] (verified)	352
Maple [A] (verified)	353
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	354
Sympy [F]	354
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	355
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	355
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	356

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-d*ln(cosh(b*x+a))/b^2+(d*x+c)*tanh(b*x+a)/b`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \sinh(bx)}{b} + \frac{dx \tanh(a)}{b} + \frac{c \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-((d*Log[Cosh[a + b*x]])/b^2) + (d*x*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*Sinh[b*x])/b + (d*x*Tanh[a])/b + (c*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
-((d*Log[Cosh[a + b*x]])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Tanh[a + b*x])/b
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2dx}{b} + \frac{2da}{b^2} - \frac{2(dx+c)}{(1+e^{2bx+2a})b} - \frac{d \ln(1+e^{2bx+2a})}{b^2}$	57
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\cosh(bx+a)d \ln\left(2 - \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2\right) + 2 \cosh(bx+a)d \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)\right) + (dx \cosh(bx+a) + \sinh(bx+a)(dx+c))b}{b^2 \cosh(bx+a)}$	86

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*d/b*x+2*d/b^2*a-2*(d*x+c)/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b-d/b^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.55

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 b dx \cosh (bx + a)^2 + 4 b dx \cosh (bx + a) \sinh (bx + a) + 2 b dx \sinh (bx + a)^2 - 2 bc - (d \cosh (bx + a))^2}{b^2 \cosh (bx + a)^2 + 2 b^2 \cosh (bx + a) \sinh (bx + a) + b^2 \sinh (bx + a)^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(2*b*d*x*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*b*d*x*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + 2*b*d*x*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*b*c - (d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + d*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d)*log(2*cosh(b*x + a)/(cosh(b*x + a) - sinh(b*x + a)))/(b^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b^2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + b^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = d \left(\frac{2xe^{(2bx+2a)}}{be^{(2bx+2a)} + b} - \frac{\log((e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1)e^{(-2a)})}{b^2} \right) + \frac{2c}{b(e^{(-2bx-2a)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*(2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - log((e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)*e^(-2*a))/b^2) + 2*c/(b*(e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{2bdxe^{(2bx+2a)} - de^{(2bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) - 2bc - d \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1)}{b^2e^{(2bx+2a)} + b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*b*d*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - d*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) - 2*b*c - d*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1))/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{2dx}{b} - \frac{2(c + dx)}{b(e^{2a+2bx} + 1)} - \frac{d \ln(e^{2a} e^{2bx} + 1)}{b^2}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `(2*d*x)/b - (2*(c + d*x))/(b*(exp(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)) - (d*log(exp(2*a)*exp(2*b*x) + 1))/b^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{-e^{2bx+2a} \log(e^{2bx+2a} + 1) d + 2e^{2bx+2a} bc + 2e^{2bx+2a} bdx - \log(e^{2bx+2a} + 1) d}{b^2 (e^{2bx+2a} + 1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(- e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*c + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d*x - log(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)*d)/(b**2*(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1))`

3.34 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	357
Mathematica [N/A]	357
Rubi [N/A]	358
Maple [N/A]	358
Fricas [N/A]	359
Sympy [N/A]	359
Maxima [N/A]	359
Giac [N/A]	360
Mupad [N/A]	360
Reduce [N/A]	361

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Int [Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int (sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c), x)`

output `int (sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c), x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c), x)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x), x)`**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.38

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-4*d*integrate(1/2/(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 2
*b*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x) - 2/(b*d*x + b*c + (b*d*x
*e^(2*a) + b*c*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x))
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x),x)`

3.35 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	362
Mathematica [N/A]	362
Rubi [N/A]	363
Maple [N/A]	363
Fricas [N/A]	364
Sympy [N/A]	364
Maxima [N/A]	364
Giac [N/A]	365
Mupad [N/A]	365
Reduce [N/A]	366

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2, x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 21.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2, x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-4*d*integrate(1/(b*d^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3 + (b*d^3
*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 3*b*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^3*e^(2*a)
)*e^(2*b*x)), x) - 2/(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) +
2*b*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x))
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

3.36 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	367
Mathematica [A] (verified)	368
Rubi [A] (verified)	369
Maple [F]	373
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	373
Sympy [F]	374
Maxima [F]	374
Giac [F]	375
Mupad [F(-1)]	375
Reduce [F]	375

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 296

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{6d^2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\
 & + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} \\
 & - \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} \\
 & - \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} \\
 & + \frac{3id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\
 & - \frac{3id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\
 & - \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} + \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-6*d^2*(d*x+c)*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b^3+(d*x+c)^3*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b+3*I*d^3*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4-3/2*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2-3*I*d^3*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3/2*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+3*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-3*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-3*I*d^3*polylog(4,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3*I*d^3*polylog(4,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3/2*d*(d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)*tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^3c^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 12ibcd^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 3b^3c^2 dx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 6bd^3x \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) +$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(I*((-2*I)*b^3*c^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + (12*I)*b*c*d^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*d^3*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*d^3*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*d*(-2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*d*(-2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]*(3*d + b*(c + d*x)*Tanh[a + b*x]))/(2*b^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3042, 4674, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4674} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx + \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b^2} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} +$$

$$\frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} +$$

$$\frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 7163

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} +$$

$$\frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 2720

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

```
output (-3*d^2*((2*(c + d*x)*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b - (I*d*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2 + (I*d*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b^2 + ((2*(c + d*x)^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)]/b + ((3*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b - ((3*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b)/2 + (3*d*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x])/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m, x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4674

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
+ (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
+ Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
+ Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x]
- Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
&& GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4785 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4785, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.17

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*d^3*integrate(x^3*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - c^3*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1))) - 6*d^3*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - 6*c*d^2*arctan(e^(b*x + a))/b^3 + ((b*d^3*x^3*e^(3*a) + 3*c^2*d*e^(3*a) + 3*(b*c*d^2 + d^3)*x^2*e^(3*a) + 3*(b*c^2*d + 2*c*d^2)*x*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d^3*x^3*e^a - 3*c^2*d*e^a + 3*(b*c*d^2 - d^3)*x^2*e^a + 3*(b*c^2*d - 2*c*d^2)*x*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(9***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b**3*c**3 + 36***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*ata
n(e**(a + b*x))*b**2*c**2*d + 24***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c*d
**2 + 8***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d**3 + 18***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*ata
n(e**(a + b*x))*b**3*c**3 + 72***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b**2*c*
**2*d + 48***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c*d**2 + 16***e**(2*a + 2*b*
x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d**3 + 9*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b**3*c**3 + 36*atan(e**(
a + b*x))*b**2*c**2*d + 24*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c*d**2 + 8*atan(e**(a + b*
x))*d**3 + 24***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**3)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e
**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**4*d**3 + 72***e**(5*a + 4*b*
x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**2)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a
+ 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**4*c*d**2 + 96***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**2)/(e*
*(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*d**3
+ 72***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*
b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**4*c**2*d + 192***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((
e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) +
1),x)*b**3*c*d**2 + 64***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x)
+ 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**3 + 9***e**(3*a +
3*b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 36***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b**2*c**2*d + 24***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*
b*c*d**2 + 8***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d**3 + 48***e**(3*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**
3)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*...
```

3.37 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	378
Rubi [A] (verified)	378
Maple [F]	381
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	382
Sympy [F]	383
Maxima [F]	383
Giac [F]	383
Mupad [F(-1)]	384
Reduce [F]	384

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} - \frac{id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^2*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-d^2*arctan(sinh(b*x+a))/b^3-I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d^2*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-I*d^2*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3+d*(d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)*tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^2c^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 4id^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 2b^2cdx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^2d^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 2b^2$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(I*((-2*I)*b^2*c^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + (4*I)*d^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 2
*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2
*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2
*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I
*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E
(a + b*x)]) + b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[b*x] + b*(c + d
*x)*Sech[a + b*x]*(2*d + b*(c + d*x)*Tanh[a]))/(2*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4674, 3042, 4257, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4674$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{d^2 \int \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx) dx + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{d^2 \int \csc\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a+bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2id \int (c+dx) \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a+bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a+bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a+bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a+bx))}{b^3} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-((d^2*ArcTan[Sinh[a + b*x]])/b^3) + ((2*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b + ((2*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b - ((2*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b)/2 + (d*(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x])/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) * (F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4668

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 4674

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2651 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2651, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.15

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x
+ a)^3 + 6*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(
b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d
+ b*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2
*c*d - b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a) - 2*((-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4
+ 4*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*d^2*x -
I*b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 - I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d + 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*
cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d + 3*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(
b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*((-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 +
(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a)
+ I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*((I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(I*b*d^
2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*sinh(
b*x + a)^4 + I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d + 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2
+ 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d + 3*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(
b*x + a)^2 + 4*((I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c
*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)
) + ((I*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*(-I*b
^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I
*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + I*b^2*c^2 - 2*
I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2 - 2*(-I*b^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*(a^2 - 2)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 2*b^2*c*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - c^2*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1))) + ((b*d^2*x^2*e^(3*a) + 2*c*d*e^(3*a) + 2*(b*c*d + d^2)*x*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d^2*x^2*e^a - 2*c*d*e^a + 2*(b*c*d - d^2)*x*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2) - 2*d^2*arctan(e^(b*x + a))/b^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

output

```
(9***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b**2*c**2 + 24***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*ata
n(e**(a + b*x))*b*c*d + 8***e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d**2 + 18**e*
*(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b**2*c**2 + 48***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**
(a + b*x))*b*c*d + 16***e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d**2 + 9*atan(e*
*(a + b*x))*b**2*c**2 + 24*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c*d + 8*atan(e**(a + b*x))
*d**2 + 24***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**2)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3***e**(
4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*d**2 + 48***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*
int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*
x) + 1),x)*b**3*c*d + 64***e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*
x) + 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**2 + 9***e**(3*a
+ 3*b*x)*b**2*c**2 + 24***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b*c*d + 8***e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d**2
+ 48***e**(3*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x**2)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3***e**(4*a +
4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*d**2 + 96***e**(3*a + 2*b*x)*int((e
**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1
),x)*b**3*c*d + 128***e**(3*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) +
3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d**2 - 9***e**(a + b*x)
*b**2*c**2 - 48***e**(a + b*x)*b**2*c*d*x - 24***e**(a + b*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 +
24***e**(a + b*x)*b*c*d - 16***e**(a + b*x)*b*d**2*x + 8***e**(a + b*x)*d**2 +
24***e**a*int((e**(b*x)*x**2)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3***e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3***e**
(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**3*d**2 + 48***e**a*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6...
```

3.38 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	386
Mathematica [A] (verified)	387
Rubi [A] (verified)	387
Maple [B] (verified)	389
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	390
Sympy [F]	391
Maxima [F]	392
Giac [F]	392
Mupad [F(-1)]	392
Reduce [F]	393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} + \frac{d\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-1/2*I*d*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+1/2*I*d*
polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+1/2*d*sech(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)*
tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{c \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{2b} + \frac{id(bx(\log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - \log(1 + ie^{a+bx})) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}))}{2b^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) (\cosh(a) + bx \sinh(a))}{2b^2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) \sinh(bx)}{2b} + \frac{c \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output

```
(c*ArcTan[Sinh[a + b*x]])/(2*b) + ((I/2)*d*(b*x*(Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^2 + (d*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*(Cosh[a] + b*x*Sinh[a]))/(2*b^2) + (d*x*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[b*x])/(2*b) + (c*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4673, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4673$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*(c + d*x)*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b - (I*d*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)])/
b^2 + (I*d*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2)/2 + (d*Sech[a + b*x])/(2*b^2) +
((c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4673 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),
x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S
imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^{bx+a}(bdx e^{2bx+2a} + bce^{2bx+2a} - dxbe^{2bx+2a} d - cb+d)}{b^2(1+e^{2bx+2a})^2} + \frac{c \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})x}{2b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})a}{2b^2} + \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})}{2b}$

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `exp(b*x+a)*(b*d*x*exp(2*b*x+2*a)+b*c*exp(2*b*x+2*a)-d*x*b+exp(2*b*x+2*a)*d-c*b+d)/b^2/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))^2+1/b*c*arctan(exp(b*x+a))-1/2*I/b*d*ln(1+I*exp(b*x+a))*x-1/2*I/b^2*d*ln(1+I*exp(b*x+a))*a+1/2*I/b*d*ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a))*x+1/2*I/b^2*d*ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a))*a-1/2*I/b^2*d*dilog(1+I*exp(b*x+a))+1/2*I/b^2*d*dilog(1-I*exp(b*x+a))-1/b^2*d*a*arctan(exp(b*x+a))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1267 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1267, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.42

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/2*(2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 2*(b*d*x + b*c
- d)*cosh(b*x + a) + (I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x +
a)^3 + I*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 2*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(-3*I*d*cosh(b*x +
a)^2 - I*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(-I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 - I*d*cosh(b*x + a)
)*sinh(b*x + a) + I*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (-I*d*co
sh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - I*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4
- 2*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + I*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2
- 4*(I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + I*d*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a) - I*d)*dilog(-
I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + ((I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*
(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*sinh(b*x
+ a)^4 - 2*(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b
*x + a)^2 - I*b*c + I*a*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + I*b*c - I*a*d - 4*((-I*b*c +
I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*lo
g(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + ((-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 -
4*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*sinh(b
*x + a)^4 - 2*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(
b*x + a)^2 + I*b*c - I*a*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - I*b*c + I*a*d - 4*((I*b*c -
I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*log
(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + ((-I*b*d*x - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*(((b*x*e^(3*a) + e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2) + 8*integrate(1/8*x*e^(b*x + a)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)) - c*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1)))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\cosh(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{4bx+4a} \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) bc + 4e^{4bx+4a} \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) d + 6e^{2bx+2a} \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) bc + 8e^{2bx+2a} \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) d + 3 \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) bc + 4 \operatorname{atan}(e^{bx+a}) d}{b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c + 4*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d + 6*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c + 8*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d + 3*atan(e**(a + b*x))*b*c + 4*atan(e**(a + b*x))*d + 8*e**(5*a + 4*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d + 3*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b*c + 4*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d + 16*e**(3*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d - 3*e**(a + b*x)*b*c - 8*e**(a + b*x)*b*d*x + 4*e**(a + b*x)*d + 8*e**a*int((e**(b*x)*x)/(e**(6*a + 6*b*x) + 3*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 3*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1),x)*b**2*d)/(3*b**2*(e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + 2*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1))
```

$$3.39 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

Optimal result	394
Mathematica [N/A]	394
Rubi [N/A]	395
Maple [N/A]	395
Fricas [N/A]	396
Sympy [N/A]	396
Maxima [N/A]	396
Giac [N/A]	397
Mupad [N/A]	397
Reduce [N/A]	398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 141.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4680$$

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Int [Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int (sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c), x)`

output `int (sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c), x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.06

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((b*d*x*e^(3*a) + (b*c - d)*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d*x*e^a + (b*c + d)*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + (b^2*d^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^(4*a) + b^2*c^2*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x) + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)) + 8*integrate(1/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^a + (b^2*c^2 - 2*d^2)*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3 + (b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x),x)`

3.40 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	399
Mathematica [F(-1)]	399
Rubi [N/A]	400
Maple [N/A]	400
Fricas [N/A]	401
Sympy [N/A]	401
Maxima [N/A]	401
Giac [N/A]	402
Mupad [N/A]	402
Reduce [N/A]	403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

Mathematica [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \$Aborted$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.31

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((b*d*x*e^(3*a) + (b*c - 2*d)*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d*x*e^a + (b*c + 2*d)*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3 + (b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(4*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(4*a) + b^2*c^3*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x) + 2*(b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)) + 8*integrate(1/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^a + (b^2*c^2 - 6*d^2)*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(b^2*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 + (b^2*d^4*x^4*e^(2*a) + 4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^4*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

3.41 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Rubi [C] (verified)	405
Maple [F]	409
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	409
Sympy [F]	410
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	410
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	411
Mupad [F(-1)]	412
Reduce [F]	412

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{7/2}} - \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{7/2}} + \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-5/2*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+15/16*d^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*
erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)-15/16*d^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(
1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)+15/4*d^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*si
nh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{d^3 e^{-a - \frac{bc}{d}} \left(e^{2a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{2b^4 \sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output
$$-1/2*(d^3 E^{-a - (b*c)/d}*(E^{(2*a)*\text{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[7/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d]} + E^{((2*b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d]}*Gamma[7/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(b^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.938$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{5id \int -i(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx) dx}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int -i(c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 3777 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 3777 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(ax+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(ax+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 3789 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 2611 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 2633 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2634 \\
 \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \\
 \left(\frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2b} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + (((5*I)/2)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (((3*I)/2)*d*(((I/2)*d*(((-1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh (bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a$$

$$+bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}(d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (d^3 \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^3 \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \cosh(bx + a)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*(15*\sqrt{\pi})*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\cosh(b*x + \\ & a)*\sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\sinh(-(b*c - a* \\ & d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{b/d}) + 15*\sqrt{\pi} \\ & *(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(-(b*c - \\ & a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + \\ & a))*\sqrt{-b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{-b/d}) - 2*(4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c \\ & ^2 + 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 - (4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15* \\ & b*d^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + \\ & 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*\cosh(b*x \\ & + a)*\sinh(b*x + a) - (4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 + \\ & 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d + 5*b^2*d^2)*x \\ &)*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(b^4*\cosh(b*x + a) + b^4*\sinh(b*x + a)) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{32(dx + c)^{7/2} \cosh(bx + a) - \left(\frac{105\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^4\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{105\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^4\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{2\left(8(dx+c)^{7/2}b^3a\right)}{b^4\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} \right)}{b^4\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{112} \cdot (32 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{7/2} \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a) - (105 \cdot \sqrt{\pi}) \cdot d^4 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d \cdot x + c}) \cdot \sqrt{-b/d}) \cdot e^{(a - b \cdot c/d)} / (b^4 \cdot \sqrt{-b/d}) - 105 \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot d^4 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d \cdot x + c}) \cdot \sqrt{b/d} \cdot e^{(-a + b \cdot c/d)} / (b^4 \cdot \sqrt{b/d}) + 2 \cdot (8 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{7/2} \cdot b^3 \cdot d \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)} + 28 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)} + 70 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^3 \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)} + 105 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^4 \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)}) \cdot e^{(-a - (d \cdot x + c) \cdot b/d)} / b^4 + 2 \cdot (8 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{7/2} \cdot b^3 \cdot d \cdot e^a - 28 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^a + 70 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^3 \cdot e^a - 105 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^4 \cdot e^a) \cdot e^{((d \cdot x + c) \cdot b/d - b \cdot c/d)} / b^4 \cdot b/d / d$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{15 \sqrt{\pi} d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bdb^3}} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\pi} d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bdb^3}} - \frac{2 \left(4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 d - 10(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b d^2 + 15 \sqrt{dx+cd^3}\right) e^{\left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)}}{b^3}$$

$16 d$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/16 \cdot (15 \cdot \sqrt{\pi}) \cdot d^4 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{b \cdot d}) \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} / d \cdot e^{((b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d)} / (\sqrt{b \cdot d} \cdot b^3) - 15 \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot d^4 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{-b \cdot d}) \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} / d \cdot e^{(-(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d)} / (\sqrt{-b \cdot d}) \cdot b^3 - 2 \cdot (4 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d - 10 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^2 + 15 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^3) \cdot e^{((d \cdot x + c) \cdot b - b \cdot c + a \cdot d)/d} / b^3 + 2 \cdot (4 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d + 10 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^2 + 15 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^3) \cdot e^{(-(d \cdot x + c) \cdot b - b \cdot c + a \cdot d)/d} / b^3 / d$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) x^2 dx \right) d^2 + 2 \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) x dx \right) cd + \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) dx \right) c^2$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)*x**2,x)*d**2 + 2*int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)*x,x)*c*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x),x)*c**2`

3.42 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	413
Mathematica [A] (verified)	413
Rubi [C] (verified)	414
Maple [F]	417
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	417
Sympy [F]	418
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	418
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	419
Mupad [F(-1)]	419
Reduce [F]	420

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-3/2*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+3/8*d^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+3/8*d^(3/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{de^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{c + dx} \left(-\frac{e^{2a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{e^{\frac{2bc}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output $(d \cdot E^{-a - (b \cdot c)/d} \cdot \sqrt{c + d \cdot x} \cdot (-((E^{2 \cdot a}) \cdot \Gamma[5/2, -(b \cdot (c + d \cdot x))/d])) / \sqrt{-(b \cdot (c + d \cdot x))/d}) - (E^{(2 \cdot b \cdot c)/d} \cdot \Gamma[5/2, (b \cdot (c + d \cdot x))/d]) / \sqrt{(b \cdot (c + d \cdot x))/d}) / (2 \cdot b^2)$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 3788 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 2611 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\int \frac{e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}}}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx} + \int \frac{e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}}}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 2633 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\int \frac{e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}}}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow 2634
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `((3*I)/2)*d*((I*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((I/2)*d*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b) + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh (bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (d^2 \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^2$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)
)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)
/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*(d
^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)
/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)
)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - (2*b
^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)
)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)*sinh(b*x + a)
)^2 + 3*b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^3*cosh(b*x + a) + b^3*sinh(b*x + a))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{16(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh(bx + a) + \left(\frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - 2\left(4(dx+c)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 d e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)} \right)}{4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{40} \cdot (16 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a) + (15 \cdot \sqrt{\pi}) \cdot d^3 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d \cdot x + c}) \\ & \cdot \sqrt{-b/d}) \cdot e^{(a - b \cdot c/d)/(b^3 \cdot \sqrt{-b/d})} + 15 \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot d^3 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d \cdot x + c}) \\ & \cdot \sqrt{b/d}) \cdot e^{(-a + b \cdot c/d)/(b^3 \cdot \sqrt{b/d})} - 2 \cdot (4 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)} \\ & + 10 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)} + 15 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^3 \cdot e^{(b \cdot c/d)}) \cdot e^{(-a - (d \cdot x + c) \cdot b/d)/b^3} \\ & - 2 \cdot (4 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot e^{a - 10 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot e^a + 15 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^3 \cdot e^a}) \cdot e^{((d \cdot x + c) \cdot b/d - b \cdot c/d)/b^3} \cdot b/d)/d \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)} + 3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bdb^2}} - \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd-3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd-3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd-3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{8d} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd-3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{8d}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8 \cdot (3 \cdot \sqrt{\pi}) \cdot d^3 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{b \cdot d} \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c}/d) \cdot e^{((b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d)/(\sqrt{b \cdot d} \cdot b^2)} \\ & + 3 \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot d^3 \cdot \operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{-b \cdot d} \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c}/d) \cdot e^{(-(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d)/(\sqrt{-b \cdot d} \cdot b^2)} \\ & - 2 \cdot (2 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d - 3 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^2) \cdot e^{(((d \cdot x + c) \cdot b - b \cdot c + a \cdot d)/d)/b^2} \\ & + 2 \cdot (2 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot d + 3 \cdot \sqrt{d \cdot x + c} \cdot d^2) \cdot e^{(-(d \cdot x + c) \cdot b - b \cdot c + a \cdot d)/d)/b^2}/d \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) x dx \right) d \\ + \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) dx \right) c$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)*x,x)*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x),x)*c`

3.43 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	421
Mathematica [A] (verified)	421
Rubi [C] (verified)	422
Maple [F]	424
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	425
Sympy [F]	425
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	426
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	426
Mupad [F(-1)]	427
Reduce [F]	427

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
1/4*d^(1/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)-1/4*d^(1/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{c + dx} \left(\frac{e^{2a} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{-a - (b*c)/d} * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] * ((E^{(2*a)} * \text{Gamma}[3/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) / \text{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - (E^{((2*b*c)/d)} * \text{Gamma}[3/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]) / \text{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d])) / (2*b)}$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output
$$\left(\frac{(I/2)*d*((-1/2*I)*E^{(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[\pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]} + ((I/2)*E^{(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[\pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])}{b} + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b \right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(d \cosh(bx + a) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - d \cosh(bx + a) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + \left(d \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - d \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) \right) \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 2*(b*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - b)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*cosh(b*x + a) + b^2*sinh(b*x + a))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx = \frac{8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(bx+a) - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)} - 3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} bde^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 3\sqrt{dx+cd}d^2\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}} - b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} + b^2} d}{12d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(8*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a) - (3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) + 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^a - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^2)*b/d/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bdb}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bdb}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}de^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}de^{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b-bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{b}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(b*d)*b) - sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(-b*d)*b) - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

3.44 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	428
Mathematica [A] (verified)	428
Rubi [A] (verified)	429
Maple [F]	431
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	431
Sympy [F]	431
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	432
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	432
Mupad [F(-1)]	433
Reduce [F]	433

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
1/2*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/2*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \left(e^{2a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{2b\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
(E^(-a - (b*c)/d)*(E^(2*a)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d
*x))/d)] - E^((2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]
))/(2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a + \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d} - a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} (\cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}} (\cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}))}{2b}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))/b`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+cd} e^{\left(a + \frac{(dx+c)b}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+cd}}{d} \right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*sqrt(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a) + (sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) + sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(a + (d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d + b*c/d)/b)*b/d/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{bc-2ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bd}} \right) e^{(-a)}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(b*c/d)/sqrt(b*d) + sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-(b*c - 2*a*d)/d)/sqrt(-b*d))*e^(-a)/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x),x)`

3.45 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	434
Rubi [C] (verified)	435
Maple [F]	437
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	438
Sympy [F]	438
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	439
Giac [F]	439
Mupad [F(-1)]	439
Reduce [F]	440

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output
$$-2*\cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}-b^{(1/2)}*\exp(-a+b*c/d)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erf}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/d^{(3/2)}+b^{(1/2)}*\exp(a-b*c/d)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erfi}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/d^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a}\left(-e^{-bx}(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) + e^{\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, b\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)\right) + e^{2a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\left(-\left(1 + E^{(2(a + bx))}\right)/E^{(bx)} + E^{((bc)/d)} \sqrt{(b(c + dx))/d} \Gamma\left[\frac{1}{2}, b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right] + E^{(2a - (bc)/d)} \sqrt{-\left(\frac{b(c + dx)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\left(\frac{b(c + dx)}{d}\right)\right] \right) / (d E^a \sqrt{c + dx})$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\ & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -
1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{\pi}((dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - (dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + ((dx + c) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - (dx + c) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)) \sqrt{b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{dx + c}) \sqrt{b/d}) + \sqrt{\pi}((dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + (dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + ((dx + c) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + (dx + c) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)) \sqrt{-b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{dx + c}) \sqrt{-b/d}) + \sqrt{dx + c} * (\cosh(bx + a)^2 + 2 * \cosh(bx + a) * \sinh(bx + a) + \sinh(bx + a)^2 + 1) / ((d^2 * x + c * d) * \cosh(bx + a) + (d^2 * x + c * d) * \sinh(bx + a))$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(b/d) + sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b/d) + sqrt(d*x + c)*(cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 1))/((d^2*x + c*d)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^2*x + c*d)*sinh(b*x + a))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} \right) b}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{\sqrt{dx+c}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) - sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d))*b/d - 2*cosh(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c} c + \sqrt{dx + c} dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*d*x),x)`

3.46 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	441
Mathematica [A] (verified)	441
Rubi [C] (verified)	442
Maple [F]	445
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	445
Sympy [F]	446
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Giac [F]	447
Mupad [F(-1)]	447
Reduce [F]	447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)-4/3*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a}\left(-e^{-bx}\left(d(1+e^{2(a+bx)})+2b(-1+e^{2(a+bx)})\right)(c+dx)+2de^{b(\frac{c}{d}+x)}\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right)}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-((d*(1 + E^(2*(a + b*x))) + 2*b*(-1 + E^(2*(a + b*x)))*(c + d*x) + 2*d*E^(b*(c/d + x))*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, b*(c/d + x)]/E^(b*x)) - 2*d*E^(2*a - (b*c)/d)*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/(3*d^2*E^a*(c + d*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3778} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \downarrow \text{2634}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d} - a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (((2*I)/3)*b*((2*I)*b*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))) / d - ((2*I)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x])) / d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 534 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}((bd^2x^2 + 2bcdx + bc^2)\cosh(bx + a)\cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - (bd^2x^2 + 2bcdx + bc^2)\cosh(bx + a))}{(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/3*(2*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c
- a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d
)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2
+ 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sq
rt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 2*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(
b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-(b*c - a
*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + (2*b*d*x - (2*b*d*x + 2*b*c
+ d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a
) - (2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b*c - d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^
4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^
2)*sinh(b*x + a))

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)} - \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)} \right) b}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/3*((\sqrt{(d*x + c)*b/d})*e^{(-a + b*c/d)}*\text{gamma}(-1/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/\sqrt{(d*x + c)} - \sqrt{-(d*x + c)*b/d}*e^{(a - b*c/d)}*\text{gamma}(-1/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/\sqrt{(d*x + c)})*b/d - 2*\cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^{(3/2)}/d$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx + c}cdx + \sqrt{dx + c}d^2x^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
int(cosh(a + b*x)/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d
*x)*d**2*x**2),x)
```

3.47 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	449
Rubi [C] (verified)	450
Maple [F]	454
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	454
Sympy [F]	455
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Giac [F]	456
Mupad [F(-1)]	456
Reduce [F]	457

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{8b^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{4b^{5/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} + \frac{4b^{5/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-8/15*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/15*b^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)+4/15*b^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)-4/15*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a} \left(2e^{2a} \left(-3d^2 e^{bx} - 2be^{-\frac{bc}{d}}(c+dx) \right) \left(e^{b\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)}(d+2b(c+dx)) + 2d\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2} \Gamma \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*E^(2*a)*(-3*d^2*E^(b*x) - (2*b*(c + d*x)*(E^(b*(c/d + x))*(d + 2*b*(c + d*x)) + 2*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]))/E^((b*c)/d) + (-6*d^2 + 4*b*d*(c + d*x) - 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 8*d^2*E^(b*(c/d + x))*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(5/2)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d])/E^(b*x))/(30*d^3*E^a*(c + d*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.938$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{a + \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) - i \int e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2ib \left(\frac{\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right) \frac{1}{5d}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (((2*I)/5)*b*(((2*I)/3)*b*((-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/d)/d - (((2*I)/3)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(
c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -
1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh (bx+a)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 853 vs. $2(132) = 264$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 853, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/15*(4*sqrt(pi))*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 4*sqrt(pi)*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 - 2*b*c*d + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d - b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right) - \left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) b}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{5d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*(((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) - (-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2))*b/d - 2*cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2))/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^3 + 3\sqrt{dx + c}c^2dx + 3\sqrt{dx + c}cd^2x^2 + \sqrt{dx + c}d^3x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**3*x**3),x)`

3.48 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	458
Mathematica [A] (verified)	459
Rubi [A] (verified)	459
Maple [F]	461
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	462
Sympy [F]	463
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	463
Giac [F]	464
Mupad [F(-1)]	464
Reduce [F]	464

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2}}{16b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d} - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{256b^{7/2}} - \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{256b^{7/2}} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{64b^3}$$

output

```
5/16*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^2+1/7*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/d-5/8*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+15/512*d^(5/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)-15/512*d^(5/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)+1/2*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+15/64*d^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{64(c+dx)^4}{d} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}d^3 e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}d^3 e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}d^3 e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{448\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2, x]
```

output

```
((64*(c + d*x)^4)/d - (7*Sqrt[2]*d^3*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[7/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/b^4 - (7*Sqrt[2]*d^3*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[7/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/b^4)/(448*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\ & \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{16b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} dx - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\ & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3793 \\
& \frac{15d^2 \int \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\right) dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{15d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{d} e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{d} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(2a+2bx)}{4b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3d} \right)}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{7d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(7*d) - (5*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(8*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (15*d^2*((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(3*d) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[2*a + 2*b*x])/(4*b)))/(16*b^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1001 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/3584*(105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^4*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)
- d^4*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(
-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a
))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(
d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(
b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^4*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*
sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*cosh(b
*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt
(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - 4*(112*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 112*b^3*c^2*d + 140*b^2*c*d^2
- 7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c
*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 28*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d -
20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*si
nh(b*x + a)^3 - 7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3
+ 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 105*b*d^3 - 128*(b^4*d
^3*x^3 + 3*b^4*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^4*c^2*d*x + b^4*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(6
4*b^4*d^3*x^3 + 192*b^4*c*d^2*x^2 + 192*b^4*c^2*d*x + 64*b^4*c^3 + 21*(16*
b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*
b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 28*(8*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*b^2*d^3
)*x - 4*(7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{512 (dx + c)^{7/2} - \frac{105 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{105 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}}{28}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3584*(512*(d*x + c)^(7/2) - 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) + 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) - 28*(16*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(2*b*c/d) + 20*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(2*b*c/d) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(2*b*c/d))*e^(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 + 28*(16*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(2*a) - 20*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(2*a) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b^3/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh^2(a + bx) (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) x^2 dx \right) d^2 + 2 \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) x dx \right) cd + \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx \right) c^2$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2*x**2,x)*d**2 + 2*int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2*x,x)*c*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2,x)*c**2`

3.49 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	465
Mathematica [A] (verified)	466
Rubi [A] (verified)	466
Maple [F]	468
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	469
Sympy [F]	469
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Giac [F]	470
Mupad [F(-1)]	471
Reduce [F]	471

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 211

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx &= \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx}}{16b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\ &- \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/16*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2+1/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/d-3/8*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+3/128*d^(3/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+3/128*d^(3/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+1/2*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \left(32(c + dx)^2 - \frac{5\sqrt{2}d^2 e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}d^2 e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)}{160d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*(c + d*x)^2 - (5*Sqrt[2]*d^2*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b^2*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) - (5*Sqrt[2]*d^2*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b^2*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d])))/(160*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\ & \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} dx - \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\ & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow 3793 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{16b^2} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{16b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(5*d) - (3*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(8*b^2) + (3*d^2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(16*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 755 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/640*(15*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{\pi}*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d \\ & ^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - \\ & d^3*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2 \\ & *(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)) \\ & *\sqrt{b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{b/d}) - 15*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(d^3 \\ & *\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c \\ & - a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sin \\ & h(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\cosh(b*x \\ & + a)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{-b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x \\ & + c}*\sqrt{-b/d}) - 4*(20*b^2*d^2*x - 5*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2) \\ &)*\cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 20*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\cosh(b*x + a) \\ & *\sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 5*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\sinh(b*x + a)^4 + \\ & 20*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 - 32*(b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*x + b^3*c^2)*\cosh(b*x \\ & + a)^2 - 2*(16*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 32*b^3*c*d*x + 16*b^3*c^2 + 15*(4*b^2*d^2*x + \\ & 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2)*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(5*(4*b^2*d^2*x \\ & + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 16*(b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*x + \\ & b^3*c^2)*\cosh(b*x + a))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(b^3*d*\cosh(b*x + a) \\ & ^2 + 2*b^3*d*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a) + b^3*d*\sinh(b*x + a)^2) \end{aligned}$$
Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{128(dx + c)^{5/2}}{640d} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{20}{640d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/640*(128*(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) - 20*(4*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(2*b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(2*b*c/d))*e^(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 20*(4*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(2*a) - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b^2)/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^2 x dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx \right) c$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2*x,x)*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2,x)*c`

3.50 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	473
Rubi [A] (verified)	473
Maple [F]	474
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	475
Sympy [F]	475
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	476
Giac [F]	476
Mupad [F(-1)]	477
Reduce [F]	477

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d+1/32*d^(1/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)-1/32*d^(1/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)+1/4*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx = \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{c+dx} \left(\frac{16(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x]*((16*(c + d*x))/d + (3*Sqrt[2]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) - (3*Sqrt[2]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]))/48`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{d}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\frac{16b^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}}\frac{3d}}{3d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sinh(2a+2bx)}{4b} +$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(3*d) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[2*a + 2*b*x])/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 590 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/96*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2
*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^
2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(
b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*s
qrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*co
sh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b
*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a
)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x +
c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 4*(3*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 12*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x
+ a)^3 + 3*b*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 8*(b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*
(4*b^2*d*x + 9*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*b^2*c)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*b*d + 4*
(3*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 4*(b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))
*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^2*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x +
a) + b^2*d*sinh(b*x + a)^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - 32(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{12\sqrt{dx+cd}e^{(2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b}$$

$$96d$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) - 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) - 32*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - 12*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(2*a + 2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b + 12*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d + 2*b*c/d)/b)/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2,x)`

3.51 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	478
Mathematica [A] (verified)	478
Rubi [A] (verified)	479
Maple [F]	480
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Sympy [F]	481
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	482
Mupad [F(-1)]	482
Reduce [F]	483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d+1/8*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*
*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/8*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1
/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4\sqrt{2b}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4\sqrt{2b}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output

```
Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(d \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - d \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(d \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right)}{8bd}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 8*sqrt(d*x + c)*b/(b*d)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + 8\sqrt{dx+c}$$

$8d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d) + 8*sqrt(d*x + c))/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{2bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-2ad)}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bd}} - 8\sqrt{dx+c}e^{(2a)} \right) e^{(-2a)}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(2*b*c/d)/sqrt(b*d) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - 2*a*d)/d)/sqrt(-b*d) - 8*sqrt(d*x + c)*e^(2*a)*e^(-2*a)/d`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/sqrt(c + d*x),x)`

3.52 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	484
Mathematica [A] (verified)	484
Rubi [C] (verified)	485
Maple [F]	487
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	488
Sympy [F]	488
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	489
Giac [F]	489
Mupad [F(-1)]	490
Reduce [F]	490

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/2*b^(1/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+1/2*b^(1/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-2(a+b(\frac{c}{d}+x))} \left(\sqrt{2}e^{4a+2bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-(1+e^{2(a+bx)})^2 + \sqrt{2}e^{2(a+bx)} \right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*E^(4*a + 2*b*x)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^((2*b*c)/d)*(-1 + E^(2*(a + b*x)))^2 + Sqrt[2]*E^((2*b*(c + d*x))/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d))/(2*d*E^(2*(a + b*(c/d + x)))*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{4ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{2(a - \frac{bc}{d}) + \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a - \frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a - \frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi})*((d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - \\ & (d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - \\ & c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((d*x \\ & + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(- \\ & 2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{ \\ & b/d}) + \sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi})*((d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) \\ & + (d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*\cosh(-2*(\\ & b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((d* \\ & x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh \\ & (-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{-b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{ \\ & -b/d}) + (\cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a)^3 + \sinh(b*x \\ & + a)^4 + 2*(3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4 \\ & *(\cosh(b*x + a)^3 + \cosh(b*x + a))*\sinh(b*x + a) + 1)*\sqrt{d*x + c})/((d^2 \\ & *x + c*d)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*x + c*d)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a) + \\ & (d^2*x + c*d)*\sinh(b*x + a)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}}e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}}e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{dx+c}}$$

$$4d$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 4/sqrt(d*x + c))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx + c}c + \sqrt{dx + c}dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*d*x), x)`

3.53 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	491
Rubi [A] (verified)	492
Maple [F]	494
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	494
Sympy [F]	495
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	496
Giac [F]	496
Mupad [F(-1)]	497
Reduce [F]	497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{8b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*P
i^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp
(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))
/d^(5/2)-8/3*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e^{-2(a+\frac{bc}{d})} \left(\sqrt{2}de^{4a} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + \sqrt{2}de^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{2(a+\frac{bc}{d})} (d \cos \dots \right)}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*d*\text{E}^{(4*a)}*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*d*\text{E}^{((4*b*c)/d)*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + \text{E}^{(2*(a + (b*c)/d)}*(d*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2 + 2*b*(c + d*x)*\text{Sinh}[2*(a + b*x)])))/(3*d^2*\text{E}^{(2*(a + (b*c)/d)}*(c + d*x)^{(3/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3795

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{3d^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{3d^3}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-16*b^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*d^3) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (16*b^2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(3*d^2) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
  b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
  *(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
  d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
  (m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
  c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 861 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/6*(4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*c
osh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*si
nh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d
)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a)^2 + 2*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d
)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d
))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 4*sqrt(
2)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c
- a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c -
a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^
2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b
*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^
2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x
+ a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - ((4*b*d*x + 4*b*c
+ d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a
)^3 + (4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*b*d*x + 2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^
2 + 2*(3*(4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*b*
c + 4*((4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + d*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x +
a) + d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 +
2*(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (d^4*x...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$6d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*sqrt(2)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 2/(d*x + c)^(3/2))/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx + c}cdx + \sqrt{dx + c}d^2x^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**2*x**2), x)`

3.54 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	499
Rubi [C] (verified)	499
Maple [F]	503
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	504
Sympy [F]	505
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Giac [F]	506
Mupad [F(-1)]	506
Reduce [F]	506

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{32b^2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8b^{5/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} + \frac{8b^{5/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} - \frac{8b\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
16/15*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/5*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-32/15*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-8/15*b^(5/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)+8/15*b^(5/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)-8/15*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6d^2 + e^{2a} \left(-3d^2 e^{2bx} - 4be^{-\frac{2bc}{d}}(c + dx) \left(e^{\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}}(d + 4b(c + dx)) + 4\sqrt{2}d \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output $(-6*d^2 + E^{(2*a)}*(-3*d^2*E^{(2*b*x)} - (4*b*(c + d*x))*(E^{((2*b*(c + d*x))/d)}*(d + 4*b*(c + d*x)) + 4*Sqrt[2]*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^{(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d]})/E^{((2*b*c)/d)} + (-3*d^2 + 4*b*(c + d*x)*(d - 4*b*(c + d*x) + 4*Sqrt[2]*d*E^{((2*b*(c + d*x))/d)}*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^{(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d]})/E^{(2*(a + b*x))})/(30*d^3*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{16b^2}{15d^2} \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{8b^2}{15d^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{15d^2(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 3794 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{4ib \int \frac{-i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int \frac{-i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \downarrow 3789
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{2\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)+\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-2\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)-\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{15d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-2\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)-\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{15d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{15d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (16b^2)/(15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}) - (2\cosh[a+bx]^2)/(5d(c+dx)^{5/2}) \\ & + (16b^2*(-2\cosh[a+bx]^2)/(d\sqrt{c+dx}) - ((2I)*b*((-1/2I)* \\ & E^{-2a+(2bc)/d}*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\operatorname{Erf}[(\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c+dx}]/\sqrt{d} \\ &])/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{d}) + ((I/2)*E^{(2a-(2bc)/d)}*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\operatorname{Erfi}[(\sqrt{2} \\ &]*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c+dx})/\sqrt{d}))/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{d}))/d)/(15d^2 - (8b \\ & *\cosh[a+bx]*\sinh[a+bx]))/(15d^2*(c+dx)^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17
$$\operatorname{Int}[(c_*)(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c*((a+bx)^{(m+1})/(b*(m+1))), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 26
$$\operatorname{Int}[(\operatorname{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Complex}[\operatorname{Identity}[0], a]) \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 27
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, x\}$$

rule 2611
$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_*)^{((g_*)(e_*) + (f_*)(x_*))}/\sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2/d \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d))}, x], x, \sqrt{c+dx}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{!TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$$

rule 2633
$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_*)^{((a_*) + (b_*)((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*))^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[F^a*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{Erfi}[(c+dx)*\operatorname{Rt}[b*\operatorname{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\operatorname{Rt}[b*\operatorname{Log}[F], 2])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 2634
$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_*)^{((a_*) + (b_*)((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*))^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[F^a*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{Erf}[(c+dx)*\operatorname{Rt}[(-b)*\operatorname{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\operatorname{Rt}[(-b)*\operatorname{Log}[F], 2])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 3042
$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1350 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1350, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/30*(16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi))*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x
+ b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*
c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d
) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-2*(b*
c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*si
nh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2
+ 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3
*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b
*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)
) + 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi))*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x +
b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d
^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-2*(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(
-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3
*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^
3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c
- a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))
+ (16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + (16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 16*b^2*c^2 + 4*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 4*(8
*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 16*b^2*c^2 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right) + 5\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right) + \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{5d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*(5*sqrt(2))*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-5/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-5/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 1/(d*x + c)^(5/2))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^3 + 3\sqrt{dx + c}c^2dx + 3\sqrt{dx + c}cd^2x^2 + \sqrt{dx + c}d^3x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**3*x**3),x)`

3.55 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	508
Rubi [A] (verified)	508
Maple [F]	511
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	511
Sympy [F(-1)]	512
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Giac [F]	513
Mupad [F(-1)]	514
Reduce [F]	514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} - \frac{32b^2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32b^{7/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{105d^{9/2}} + \frac{32b^{7/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{105d^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{8b\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{128b^3\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{105d^4\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
16/105*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-2/7*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(7/2)-32/105*b^2*
cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+32/105*b^(7/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*P
i^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(9/2)+32/105*b^(7/2)*
exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/
2))/d^(9/2)-8/35*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-128/105*b^3*c
osh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(8b^2 d(c + dx)^2 - 15d^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) - 16b^2 d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) + 16\sqrt{2}b^3 e^{2a + 2bx} \right)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x]`

output

```
(2*(8*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2 - 15*d^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2 - 16*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Co
sh[a + b*x]^2 + 16*Sqrt[2]*b^3*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[-((b*(
c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 16*Sqrt[2]*b^3*E^(-2*a + (2
*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d] -
6*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] - 32*b^3*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)
]))/(105*d^4*(c + d*x)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3795

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{35d^2(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 17 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3795 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{35d^2} - \\ & \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 17 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} - \\ & \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} - \\ & \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 3793 \\ & \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} - \\ & \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x]`

output

```
(16*b^2)/(105*d^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(7*d*(c + d*x)^(7/2)) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(35*d^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) + (16*b^2*((-16*b^2*sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*d^3) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (16*b^2*(sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(4*sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(4*sqrt[b]*sqrt[d])))/(3*d^2) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*sqrt[c + d*x])))/(35*d^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17

```
Int[(c.)*(a.) + (b.)*(x.)^(m.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c.) + (d.)*(x.)^(m.))*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)^(n.)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol)
] :-> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1825 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1825, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.27

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```

1/210*(64*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi))*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2
*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (
b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^
4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^
3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c
^4)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^
3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2
*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b
^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)
)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 64*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b^
3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)
*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 +
6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c
- a*d)/d) + ((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c
^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3
+ 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sin
h(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b
^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4
+ 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{14\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{14\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

$7d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/7*(14*sqrt(2)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(7/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-7/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(7/2) + 14*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(7/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-7/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(7/2) + 1/(d*x + c)^(7/2))/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^4 + 4\sqrt{dx + c}c^3dx + 6\sqrt{dx + c}c^2d^2x^2 + 4\sqrt{dx + c}cd^3x^3 + \sqrt{dx + c}d^4x^4} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**4 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*c**3*d*x + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d**3*x**3 + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**4*x**4), x)`

3.56 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	516
Rubi [C] (verified)	517
Maple [F]	526
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	527
Sympy [F(-1)]	528
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	528
Giac [F]	529
Mupad [F(-1)]	529
Reduce [F]	529

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 381

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} \\
 & - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{45d^{5/2} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} \\
 & + \frac{5d^{5/2} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{576b^{7/2}} \\
 & - \frac{45d^{5/2} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} - \frac{5d^{5/2} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{576b^{7/2}} \\
 & + \frac{45d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{16b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{5d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(3a + 3bx)}{144b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/3*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-5/18*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^
2+45/64*d^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/
b^(7/2)+5/1728*d^(5/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)-45/64*d^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf
i(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)-5/1728*d^(5/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(7/2)+45/16*
d^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x
+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+5/144*d^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(3*b*x+3
*a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{3} b e^{6a} (c + dx) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 243 b e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - 648 b^2 \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{5/2} \right)}{648 b^2 \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[3]*b*E^(6*a)*(c + d*x)*Gamma[7/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/
d] + 243*b*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)*Gamma[7/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] -
d*E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2)]*(243*E^(2*a)*Gamma[7/2, (b*
(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[7/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(64
8*b^2*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(5/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.056$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx - \\
 & \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
 & \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{5id \int -i(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int -i(c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) -$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) -$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) -$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 2633

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2634 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id}{2b} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 3793
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \left(\frac{3}{4} \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(3a+3bx) \right) dx}{12b^2} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id}{2b} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 5d^2 & \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{de}^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{de}^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{de}^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{de}^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{12b^2}{2b} \left(\frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-5*d*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(18*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^{(5/2)}*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*((c + d*x)^{(5/2)}*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((5*I)/2)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (((3*I)/2)*d*(((-1/2*I)*E^{-a + (b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^{(a - (b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b)) / b)) / 3 + (5*d^2*((3*Sqrt[d]*E^{-a + (b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^{(3/2)}) + (Sqrt[d]*E^{-3*a + (3*b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^{(3/2)}) - (3*Sqrt[d]*E^{(a - (b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^{(3/2)}) - (Sqrt[d]*E^{(3*a - (3*b*c)/d})*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^{(3/2)}) + (3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[3*a + 3*b*x])/(12*b)))/(12*b^2) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2611

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d))}, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{!TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$$

rule 2633

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{2})}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[Pi]*(\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 2634

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{2})}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[Pi]*(\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh (bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2092 vs. $2(291) = 582$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2092, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/1728*(5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d
^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
d^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3
*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^
2 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*s
qrt(b/d)) + 5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)
+ d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)
) + d^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cos
h(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a)^2 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^
2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x +
c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 1215*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
- d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d
^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c
- a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(
d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-(b*c
- a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 1215*sq
rt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*si
nh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)...
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(3a-\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{1215\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/1728*(5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3
*a - 3*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) - 5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d
*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) + 1215*sqrt(pi)*d^3*
erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) - 1215*sqrt(p
i)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) + 162*(
4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(b*c/d) + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(b*c/d) + 1
5*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 + 6*(12*(d*x + c
)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(3*b*c/d) + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(3*b*c/d) + 5*sqrt(
d*x + c)*d^3*e^(3*b*c/d))*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 - 6*(12*(d*x + c
)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(3*a) - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(3*a) + 5*sqrt(d*x + c)*
d^3*e^(3*a))*e^(3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b^3 - 162*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^
2*d*e^a - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^a + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^a)*e^((d*x
+ c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^3)/d
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{5/2} \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^3 x^2 dx \right) d^2 + 2 \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^3 x dx \right) cd + \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx \right) c^2$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3*x**2,x)*d**2 + 2*int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3*x,x)*c*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3,x)*c**2`

3.57 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	531
Rubi [C] (verified)	531
Maple [F]	538
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	538
Sympy [F]	539
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Giac [F]	540
Mupad [F(-1)]	541
Reduce [F]	541

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 326

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} \\ & - \frac{d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{9d^{3/2} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{32b^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{d^{3/2} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{96b^{5/2}} + \frac{9d^{3/2} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{32b^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{d^{3/2} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{96b^{5/2}} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} \\ & + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-1/6*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+9/3
2*d^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2
)+1/288*d^(3/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*
x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+9/32*d^(3/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2
)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+1/288*d^(3/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(5/2)+2/3*(d*x+c)^(3/
2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 81 e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \right)}{216d \left(-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[5/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 81*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[5/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-(b*(c + d*x))/d]*(81*E^(2*a)*Gamma[5/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(216*d*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(-(b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^(3/2)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.889$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3777

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2611 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2633 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 2634$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + 3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{\frac{d^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{12b^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + 3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{\left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right)} + \frac{12b^2 d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

```
output -1/6*(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + (d^2*((3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(12*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(((3*I)/2)*d*((I*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((I/2)*d*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b))/b + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b)/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
- rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
- rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[\$UseGamma]
- rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
- rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]
- rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
- rule 3777 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
- rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]

rule 3792

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp
  p[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
  2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
  *m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
  t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
  , m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^3(bx + a) dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1545 vs. $2(246) = 492$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1545, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/288*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*
cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2
*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b
*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 +
3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(
-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt
(b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^
2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d
^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*
(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2
+ 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sin
h(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c))*s
qrt(-b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*c
osh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*sinh
(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)
/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d^2*cos
h(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/
d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(b/d)) - 81*sqrt(pi)*(d
^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(3a-\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{81\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/288*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) - 54*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 - 6*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(3*b*c/d) + sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(3*b*c/d))*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 6*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(3*a) - sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b^2 + 54*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^a - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^2)/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^3(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^3 x dx \right) d + \left(\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx \right) c$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3, x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3*x, x)*d + int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)*c`

3.58 $\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$

Optimal result	542
Mathematica [A] (verified)	543
Rubi [A] (verified)	543
Maple [F]	545
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	545
Sympy [F]	546
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	547
Giac [F]	547
Mupad [F(-1)]	548
Reduce [F]	548

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12b}$$

output

```
3/16*d^(1/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)+1/144*d^(1/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)-3/16*d^(1/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)-1/144*d^(1/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(3/2)+3/4*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/12*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sinh(3*b*x+3*a)/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-3\left(a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} \sqrt{c+dx} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 27 e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \right)}{72b \sqrt{-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 27*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[3/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*(27*E^(2*a)*Gamma[3/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(72*b*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*Sqrt[-((b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(3a+3bx)\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{d}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c+dx}\sinh(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sinh(3a+3bx)}{12b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*Sqrt[d]*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) - (3*Sqrt[d]*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) + (3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[3*a + 3*b*x])/(12*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh (bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1217 vs. 2(201) = 402.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/144*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh
(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-3
*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/
d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b
*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(3)
*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*
x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh
(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh
(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
+ (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d
*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x
+ a)^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*s
qrt(b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b
*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-(b*c -
a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{27\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{27\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/144*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) - 27*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(3*a + 3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b - 54*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(a + (d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b + 54*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d + b*c/d)/b + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d + 3*b*c/d)/b)/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c} \cosh^3(bx+a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^3(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3,x)`

3.59 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	549
Mathematica [A] (verified)	550
Rubi [A] (verified)	550
Maple [F]	552
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	552
Sympy [F]	552
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	553
Giac [F]	553
Mupad [F(-1)]	554
Reduce [F]	554

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{3e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
3/8*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/24*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+3/8*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/24*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 9e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \left(9e^{2a} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + \sqrt{3} e^{2a} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right) \right)}{24b\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] +
9*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] -
E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*(9*E^(2*a)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] +
Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d))/(24*b*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a + bx)}{4\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a + 3bx)}{4\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\left(\cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - \sinh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)\right)\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\left(\cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + \sinh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)\right)\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 9*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 9*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))/b`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{9\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{9\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

$24d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d) + 9*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + 9*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**3/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

3.60 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	555
Mathematica [A] (verified)	556
Rubi [C] (verified)	556
Maple [F]	558
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	558
Sympy [F]	559
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Giac [F]	560
Mupad [F(-1)]	561
Reduce [F]	561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-3/4*b^(1/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)-1/4*b^(1/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+3/4*b^(1/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+1/4*b^(1/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3(a+b(\frac{c}{d}+x))} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a+3bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}+3bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] + E^((3*b*c)/d)*(-(1 + E^(2*(a + b*x)))^3 + 3*E^(2*a + (b*c)/d + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, b*(c/d + x)] + Sqrt[3]*E^((3*b*(c + d*x))/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/((4*d*E^(3*(a + b*(c/d + x)))*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\ & -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{6ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i \sinh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \\
 \frac{6ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + ((6*I)*b*(((I/8)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/8)*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh (bx+a)^3}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1344 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1344, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-3*(b*
c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((d*x
+ c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-
3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(
b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x
+ a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((
d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)
^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*
sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(
-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b
*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c
)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sq
rt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 3*sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*co
sh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*
x + c)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a
)^3 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x
+ a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2
*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*si
nh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 3*sqrt(pi)*((d*x ...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}}$$

$8d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(sqrt(3)*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh (bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx + c}c + \sqrt{dx + c}dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*d*x), x)`

3.61 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	563
Rubi [A] (verified)	563
Maple [F]	567
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	567
Sympy [F]	568
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Giac [F]	569
Mupad [F(-1)]	570
Reduce [F]	570

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^{3/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} + \frac{b^{3/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} - \frac{4b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/2*b^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(
b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+1/2*b^(3/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*3^(1/
2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+1/2*b^(3/2)
*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+1/2*b^(
3/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/
d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)-4*b*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3(a + \frac{bc}{d})} \left(-3\sqrt{3}de^{6a} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - 3de^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \right. \right.}{1}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(-3*Sqrt[3]*d*E^(6*a)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*d*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*d*E^(2*a + (4*b*c)/d)*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*Sqrt[3]*d*E^((6*b*c)/d)*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*(d*Cosh[a + b*x] + 6*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(6*d^2*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(c + d*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3795

$$\frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3788 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 2611 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 2633 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 2634 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3793
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{12b^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} + \\
& \frac{12b^2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (8*b^2*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))) / d^2 + (12*b^2*((3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])) / d^2 - (4*b*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x]) / (d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2611 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{\wedge}((g_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_)))/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)], x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[F^{\wedge}(g * (e - c * (f/d)) + f * g * (x^2/d)), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{!TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$

rule 2633 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{\wedge}((a_.) + (b_.) * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[F^{\wedge}a * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}] * (\text{Erfi}[(c + d * x) * \text{Rt}[b * \text{Log}[F], 2]] / (2 * d * \text{Rt}[b * \text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 2634 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{\wedge}((a_.) + (b_.) * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[F^{\wedge}a * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}] * (\text{Erf}[(c + d * x) * \text{Rt}[(-b) * \text{Log}[F], 2]] / (2 * d * \text{Rt}[(-b) * \text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] :> \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)]^{\wedge}(m_.) * \sin[(e_.) + \text{Pi} * (k_.) + (f_.) * (x_)], x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}m / (E^{\wedge}(I * k * \text{Pi}) * E^{\wedge}(I * (e + f * x))), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}m * E^{\wedge}(I * k * \text{Pi}) * E^{\wedge}(I * (e + f * x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2 * k]$

rule 3793 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)]^{\wedge}(m_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_)]^{\wedge}(n_.), x_Symbol] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}m, \text{Sin}[e + f * x]^{\wedge}n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (\text{!RationalQ}[m] \|\| (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, 1]))$

rule 3795 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)]^{\wedge}(m_.) * ((b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_)])^{\wedge}(n_.), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}(m + 1) * ((b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{\wedge}n / (d * (m + 1))), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b * f * n * (c + d * x)^{\wedge}(m + 2) * \text{Cos}[e + f * x] * ((b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{\wedge}(n - 1) / (d^{\wedge}2 * (m + 1) * (m + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b^{\wedge}2 * f^{\wedge}2 * n * ((n - 1) / (d^{\wedge}2 * (m + 1) * (m + 2))) \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}(m + 2) * (b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{\wedge}(n - 2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[f^{\wedge}2 * (n^{\wedge}2 / (d^{\wedge}2 * (m + 1) * (m + 2))) \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^{\wedge}(m + 2) * (b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{\wedge}n, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh (bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2058 vs. 2(209) = 418.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2058, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.43

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/12*(6*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*
cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*s
inh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*
d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a)^3 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*
d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/
d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*c
osh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c))*s
qrt(b/d) - 6*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-3*(b*
c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh
(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*
c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c -
a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a
)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x
+ c))*sqrt(-b/d) + 6*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x +...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$$

 $8d$ input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3/8*(sqrt(3)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + sqrt(3)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + ((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + -(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2))/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx + c}cdx + \sqrt{dx + c}d^2x^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**2*x**2), x)`

3.62 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	571
Mathematica [A] (verified)	572
Rubi [C] (verified)	572
Maple [F]	577
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	578
Sympy [F]	578
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	578
Giac [F]	579
Mupad [F(-1)]	579
Reduce [F]	580

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 331

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{24b^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{b^{5/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} - \frac{3b^{5/2} e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} + \frac{b^{5/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} + \frac{3b^{5/2} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} - \frac{4b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
16/5*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/5*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-
4/5*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/5*b^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)
*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)-3/5*b^(5/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*
3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)+1/5*b^(
5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)+3/
5*b^(5/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(7/2)-4/5*b*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3a} \left(2e^{6a} \left(-d^2 e^{3bx} - 2be^{-\frac{3bc}{d}}(c + dx) \right) \left(e^{\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}}(d + 6b(c + dx)) + 6\sqrt{3}d \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right) \right) \right)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output

```
(2*E^(6*a)*(-(d^2*E^(3*b*x)) - (2*b*(c + d*x)*(E^((3*b*(c + d*x))/d)*(d + 6*b*(c + d*x)) + 6*Sqrt[3]*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/E^((3*b*c)/d)) + 2*E^(4*a)*(-3*d^2*E^(b*x) - (2*b*(c + d*x)*(E^(b*(c/d + x))*(d + 2*b*(c + d*x)) + 2*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])))/E^(b*c/d) + E^(2*a - b*x)*(-6*d^2 + 4*b*d*(c + d*x) - 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 8*d^2*E^(b*(c/d + x))*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(5/2)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]) + (2*(-d^2 + 2*b*(c + d*x)*(d - 6*b*(c + d*x) + 6*Sqrt[3]*d*E^((3*b*(c + d*x))/d))*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/E^(3*b*x))/(40*d^3*E^(3*a)*(c + d*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3795 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3789
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} \\
& \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \\
& \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} \\
& \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} + \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \\
& \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} \\
& \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3794}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{12b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{6ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i \sinh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d} \right)}{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)} \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{12b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{6ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)} \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^3)/(5*d*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)}) - (8*b^2*((-2*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x])/(d \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*((-1/2*I)*E^{(-a + (b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erf}[(\text{Sqrt}[\\ & b]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d]) + ((I/2)*E^{(a - (b*c)/d)*\text{Sqr} \\ & t[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erfi}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d]))/d)/(5*d^ \\ & 2) + (12*b^2*((-2*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^3)/(d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]) + ((6*I)*b*((I/8)*E^ \\ & (-a + (b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erf}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqr} \\ & t[d]) + ((I/8)*E^{(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/3]*\text{Erf}[(\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c \\ & + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d]) - ((I/8)*E^{(a - (b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erf} \\ & i[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d]) - ((I/8)*E^{(3*a - (3 \\ & *b*c)/d)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/3]*\text{Erfi}[(\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b \\ &]*\text{Sqrt}[d]))/d)/(5*d^2) - (4*b*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2*\text{Sinh}[a + b*x])/(5*d^2*(c + \\ & d*x)^{(3/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{ I} \\ \text{nt}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2611

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))}/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] : \\ > \text{Simp}[2/d \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d))}, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \\ *x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$$

rule 2633

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{2})}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt} \\ [\text{Pi}]*(\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{ \\ F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 2634

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{2})}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt} \\ [\text{Pi}]*(\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{Fr} \\ \text{eeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3280 vs. $2(253) = 506$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3280, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$3 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/8*(3*\sqrt{3})*((d*x + c)*b/d)^{(5/2)}*e^{(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, 3*(d \\ & *x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^{(5/2)} + 3*\sqrt{3}*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^{(5/2)}*e^{(-3*(b*c \\ & - a*d)/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^{(5/2)} + ((d*x + c)*b/d \\ & ^{(5/2)}*e^{(-a + b*c/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^{(5/2)} + (-(d*x \\ & + c)*b/d)^{(5/2)}*e^{(a - b*c/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^{(5/2))} \\ & /d \end{aligned}$$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}c^3 + 3\sqrt{dx + c}c^2dx + 3\sqrt{dx + c}cd^2x^2 + \sqrt{dx + c}d^3x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(sqrt(c + d*x)*c**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c + d*x)*d**3*x**3),x)`

3.63 $\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx$

Optimal result	581
Mathematica [A] (verified)	581
Rubi [C] (verified)	582
Maple [C] (verified)	585
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	585
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	586
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	586
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Mupad [F(-1)]	587
Reduce [F]	588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8f^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8f^{5/2}} + \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-3/2*d*(d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x)/f^2+3/8*d^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/f^(5/2)+3/8*d^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/f^(5/2)+(d*x)^(3/2)*sinh(f*x)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{d^2(\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{5}{2}, -fx) - \sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{5}{2}, fx))}{2f^3\sqrt{dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[f*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(d^2(\text{Sqrt}[-(f*x)]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, -(f*x)] - \text{Sqrt}[f*x]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, f*x]))}{(2*f^3*\text{Sqrt}[d*x])}$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx) dx}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx) dx}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{dx} \sin(ifx) dx}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{dx} \sin(ifx) dx}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}}{\sqrt{dx}}\right) dx}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[f*x],x]`

output `((3*I)/2)*d*((I*Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x])/f - ((I/2)*d*((Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])))/f + ((d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3788

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	s
meijerg	$\frac{2i(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}(10fx+15)e^{-fx}}{80\sqrt{\pi}f^2}-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-10fx+15)e^{fx}}{80\sqrt{\pi}f^2}+\frac{3(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{32f^{\frac{5}{2}}}+\frac{3(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{32f^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}f}$	1

input

```
int((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*I*(d*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)/f*(-1/80/Pi^(1/2)*x^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)*(10*f*x+15)/f^2*exp(-f*x)-1/80/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)*(-10*f*x+15)/f^2*exp(f*x)+3/32*(I*f)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(
5/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+3/32*(I*f)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(5/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(
1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(fx) + d^2 \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - 3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(fx) + d^2 \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{2d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*(3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(f*x) + d^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(f*x) + d^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) - 2*(2*d*f^2*x - (2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*cosh(f*x)^2 - 2*(2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) - (2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*sinh(f*x)^2 + 3*d*f)*sqrt(d*x))/(f^3*cosh(f*x) + f^3*sinh(f*x))
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{5d^{3/2}x^{3/2} \sinh(fx)\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{4f\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} - \frac{15d^{3/2}\sqrt{x} \cosh(fx)\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{8f^2\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^{3/2}e^{-i\pi/4}C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{xe^{i\pi/4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{16f^{5/2}\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x)
```

output

```
5*d**(3/2)*x**(3/2)*sinh(f*x)*gamma(5/4)/(4*f*gamma(9/4)) - 15*d**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*cosh(f*x)*gamma(5/4)/(8*f**2*gamma(9/4)) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d**(3/2)*exp(-I*pi/4)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(5/4)/(16*f**(5/2)*gamma(9/4))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{16(dx)^{5/2} \cosh(fx) + f \left(\frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^3\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^3\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} \right) - 2 \left(4(dx)^{5/2}df^2 - 10(dx)^{3/2}d^2f + 15f^3 \right)}{40d}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/40*(16*(d*x)^(5/2)*cosh(f*x) + f*(15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)))/(f^3*sqrt(f/d)) + 15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/(f^3*sqrt(-f/d)) - 2*(4*(d*x)^(5/2)*d*f^2 - 10*(d*x)^(3/2)*d^2*f + 15*sqrt(d*x)*d^3)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - 2*(4*(d*x)^(5/2)*d*f^2 + 10*(d*x)^(3/2)*d^2*f + 15*sqrt(d*x)*d^3)*e^(-f*x)/f^3)/d/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{1}{8} d \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}f^2} + \frac{2\left(2\sqrt{dx}d^2fx+3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{-fx}}{f^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}f^2} - \frac{2\left(2\sqrt{dx}d^2fx-3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{fx}}{f^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/8*d*((3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(d*f)*f^2) + 2*(2*sqrt(d*x)*d^2*f*x + 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(-f*x)/f^2)/d^2 + (3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(-d*f)*f^2) - 2*(2*sqrt(d*x)*d^2*f*x - 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(f*x)/f^2)/d^2
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \int \cosh(fx) (dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} d \left(-6\sqrt{x} \cosh(fx) + 4\sqrt{x} \sinh(fx) fx + 3 \left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \right) \right)}{4f^2}$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*d*(- 6*sqrt(x)*cosh(f*x) + 4*sqrt(x)*sinh(f*x)*f*x + 3*int(cosh(f*x)/sqrt(x),x)))/(4*f**2)`

3.64 $\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$

Optimal result	589
Mathematica [A] (verified)	589
Rubi [C] (verified)	590
Maple [C] (verified)	592
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	593
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	593
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	594
Mupad [F(-1)]	595
Reduce [F]	595

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4f^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4f^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f}$$

output

```
1/4*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-1/4*d^(1/2)*
Pi^(1/2)*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+(d*x)^(1/2)*sinh(f*x)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{d(\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}, -fx) + \sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}, fx))}{2f^2\sqrt{dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x],x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(d*(Sqrt[-(f*x)]*Gamma[3/2, -(f*x)] + Sqrt[f*x]*Gamma[3/2, f*x]))/(f^
2*Sqrt[d*x])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{dx} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f}$$

↓ 2633

$$\frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f}$$

↓ 2634

$$\frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x],x]
```

output

```
((I/2)*d*(((1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + ((I/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))/f + (Sqrt[d*x]*Sinh[f*x])/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2611

```
Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]
```

rule 2633

```
Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
```


rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{fx}}{4\sqrt{\pi}f}-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-fx}}{4\sqrt{\pi}f}+\frac{(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}f}$	121

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*(d*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/f*(1/4/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/f*exp(f*x)-1/4/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/
f*exp(-f*x)+1/8*(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(3/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))-1/8*(I*f)
^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(3/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(d \cosh(fx) + d \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi}(d \cosh(fx) + d \sinh(fx))\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{4(f^2 \cosh(fx) + f^2 \sinh(fx))}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(f*x) + d*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) + sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(f*x) + d*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) + 2*(f*cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*f*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + f*sinh(f*x)^2 - f)*sqrt(d*x))/(f^2*cosh(f*x) + f^2*sinh(f*x))`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x} \sinh(fx)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{4f\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}} S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x)`

output `3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)*sinh(f*x)*gamma(3/4)/(4*f*gamma(7/4)) - 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(d)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(3/4)/(8*f**(3/2)*gamma(7/4))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(fx) + f \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^2\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^2\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{2\left(2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}df - 3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{2\left(2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}df + 3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{(-fx)}}{f^2} \right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(8*(d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x) + f*(3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) / (f^2*sqrt(f/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) / (f^2*sqrt(-f/d)) - 2*(2*(d*x)^(3/2)*d*f - 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - 2*(2*(d*x)^(3/2)*d*f + 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(-f*x)/f^2)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(-fx)}}{f}}{4d} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(fx)}}{f}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(d*f)*f) + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(-f*x)/f)/d + 1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(-d*f)*f) + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(f*x)/f)/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \int \cosh(fx) \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \left(\sqrt{\pi} e^{fx} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{f} i) i + 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{f} e^{2fx} + \sqrt{f} e^{fx} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{e^{fx} x} dx \right) - 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{f} \right)}{4\sqrt{f} e^{fx} f}$$

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)*cosh(f*x),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*(sqrt(pi)*e**(f*x)*erf(sqrt(x)*sqrt(f)*i)*i + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(f)*e**(2*f*x) + sqrt(f)*e**(f*x)*int(sqrt(x)/(e**(f*x)*x),x) - 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(f))/ (4*sqrt(f)*e**(f*x)*f)`

3.65 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$

Optimal result	596
Mathematica [A] (verified)	596
Rubi [A] (verified)	597
Maple [C] (verified)	599
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	600
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	600
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Mupad [F(-1)]	601
Reduce [F]	601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

output

```
1/2*Pi^(1/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+1/2*Pi^(1/2)
*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -fx\right) - \sqrt{fx}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, fx\right)}{2f\sqrt{dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/Sqrt[d*x], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-(f*x)]*Gamma[1/2, -(f*x)] - Sqrt[f*x]*Gamma[1/2, f*x])/(2*f*Sqrt[d*
x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [Cosh [f*x] / Sqrt [d*x] , x]`

output $(\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erf}[(\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d x}) / \sqrt{d}] / (2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f}) + (\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erfi}[(\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d x}) / \sqrt{d}] / (2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f}))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 $\operatorname{Int}[(\operatorname{Complex}[0, a])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Complex}[\operatorname{Identity}[0], a]) \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$

rule 2611 $\operatorname{Int}[(F_)^((g_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_))) / \sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2/d \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[F^{(g * (e - c * (f/d)) + f * g * (x^2/d))}, x], x, \sqrt{c + d * x}], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$

rule 2633 $\operatorname{Int}[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.) * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[F^a * \sqrt{\pi} * (\operatorname{Erfi}[(c + d * x) * \operatorname{Rt}[b * \operatorname{Log}[F], 2]] / (2 * d * \operatorname{Rt}[b * \operatorname{Log}[F], 2])), x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

rule 2634 $\operatorname{Int}[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.) * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[F^a * \sqrt{\pi} * (\operatorname{Erf}[(c + d * x) * \operatorname{Rt}[(-b) * \operatorname{Log}[F], 2]] / (2 * d * \operatorname{Rt}[(-b) * \operatorname{Log}[F], 2])), x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[b]$

rule 3042 $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3788 $\operatorname{Int}(((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{(m_.)} * \sin[(e_.) + \pi * (k_.) + (f_.) * (x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[I/2 \operatorname{Int}[(c + d * x)^m / (E^{(I * k * \pi)} * E^{(I * (e + f * x))}), x], x] - \operatorname{Simp}[I/2 \operatorname{Int}[(c + d * x)^m * E^{(I * k * \pi)} * E^{(I * (e + f * x))}), x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{if}\left(\frac{\sqrt{if}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{2\sqrt{f}}+\frac{\sqrt{if}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{2\sqrt{f}}\right)}{2\sqrt{dx}f}$	72

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*I*Pi^(1/2)/(d*x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(1/2)/f*(1/2*(I*f)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(1/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+1/2*(I*f)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(1/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(pi)*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) - sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)))/f`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{xe^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*exp(-I*pi/4)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(1/4)/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(f)*gamma(5/4))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) - \left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(fx)}}{f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(-fx)}}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} \right) f}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*sqrt(d*x)*cosh(f*x) - (2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(f*x)/f + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(-f*x)/f - sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))/(f*sqrt(f/d)) - sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/(f*sqrt(-f/d)))*f/d)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/sqrt(d*f) + sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/sqrt(-d*f))/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/sqrt(x),x)/sqrt(d)`

3.66 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	602
Mathematica [A] (verified)	602
Rubi [C] (verified)	603
Maple [C] (verified)	605
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	606
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	606
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	607
Giac [F]	607
Mupad [F(-1)]	607
Reduce [F]	608

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*cosh(f*x)/d/(d*x)^(1/2)-f^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+f^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-fx}x(-1 - e^{2fx} + e^{fx}\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -fx) + e^{fx}\sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, fx))}{(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(-1 - E^(2*f*x) + E^(f*x)*Sqrt[-(f*x)]*Gamma[1/2, -(f*x)] + E^(f*x)*Sqrt[f*x]*Gamma[1/2, f*x]))/(E^(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{2if \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2f \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{2f \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i \int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[f*x])/(d*Sqrt[d*x]) - ((2*I)*f*(((1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + ((I/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))) / d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(
c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -
1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}e^{fx}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}}-\frac{2\sqrt{2}e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}}-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{if}}+\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{if}}\right)}{4(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}f}$	115

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*I*Pi^(1/2)/(d*x)^(3/2)*x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/f*(-2/Pi^(1/2)/x^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)*exp(f*x)-2/Pi^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)*e
xp(-f*x)-2/(I*f)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+2/(I*f)^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(dx \cosh(fx) + dx \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi}(dx \cosh(fx) + dx \sinh(fx))\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{d^2x \cosh(fx) + d^2x \sinh(fx)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(pi)*(d*x*cosh(f*x) + d*x*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) + sqrt(pi)*(d*x*cosh(f*x) + d*x*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) + sqrt(d*x)*(cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + sinh(f*x)^2 + 1))/(d^2*x*cosh(f*x) + d^2*x*sinh(f*x))`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{f}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} + \frac{\cosh(fx)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(f)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(-1/4)/(2*d**(3/2)*gamma(3/4)) + cosh(f*x)*gamma(-1/4)/(2*d**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*gamma(3/4))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{f \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(f*(sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))/sqrt(f/d) - sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/sqrt(-f/d))/d + 2*cosh(f*x)/sqrt(d*x))/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{x}x} dx}{\sqrt{d}d}$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(sqrt(x)*x),x)/(sqrt(d)*d)`

3.67 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	609
Mathematica [A] (verified)	609
Rubi [C] (verified)	610
Maple [C] (verified)	613
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	613
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	614
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	614
Giac [F]	615
Mupad [F(-1)]	615
Reduce [F]	615

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} + \frac{2f^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{4f \sinh(fx)}{3d^2\sqrt{dx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*cosh(f*x)/d/(d*x)^(3/2)+2/3*f^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+2/3*f^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/d^(5/2)-4/3*f*sinh(f*x)/d^2/(d*x)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(-2e^{fx}(1+2fx) - 4(-fx)^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -fx) + e^{-fx}(-2+4fx - 4e^{fx}(fx)^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, fx)))}{6(dx)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(-2*E^(f*x)*(1 + 2*f*x) - 4*(-f*x)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -(f*x)] + (-2 + 4
*f*x - 4*E^(f*x)*(f*x)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, f*x])/E^(f*x)))/(6*(d*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2if \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2f \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \int \frac{\sin\left(ix + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2\text{Cosh}[f*x])/(3*d*(d*x)^{(3/2)}) - (((2*I)/3)*f*((2*I)*f*((\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erf}[(\text{Sqrt}[f]*\text{Sqrt}[d*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d])])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[f]) + (\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Erfi}[(\text{Sqrt}[f]*\text{Sqrt}[d*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d])])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[f])))/d - ((2*I)*\text{Sinh}[f*x])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d*x])))/d$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3788

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-\frac{8\sqrt{2}(-fx+\frac{1}{2})e^{-fx}}{3\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{8\sqrt{2}(fx+\frac{1}{2})e^{fx}}{3\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{8\sqrt{2}f^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{3(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{8\sqrt{2}f^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{3(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{8(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}f}$	126

input

```
int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*I*Pi^(1/2)/(d*x)^(5/2)*x^(5/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)/f*(-8/3*Pi^(1/2)/x
^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*(-f*x+1/2)*exp(-f*x)-8/3*Pi^(1/2)/x^(3/2)*2^(1/
2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*(f*x+1/2)*exp(f*x)+8/3/(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(3/2)*erf(x^(1
/2)*f^(1/2))+8/3/(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(3/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(dfx^2 \cosh(fx) + dfx^2 \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\pi}(dfx^2 \cosh(fx) + dfx^2 \sinh(fx))}{8(dx)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(2*sqrt(pi)*(d*f*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d*f*x^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt
(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) - 2*sqrt(pi)*(d*f*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d*f*x^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt
(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) - ((2*f*x + 1)*cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*(2*f*x + 1
)*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + (2*f*x + 1)*sinh(f*x)^2 - 2*f*x + 1)*sqrt(d*x))/(d
^3*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d^3*x^2*sinh(f*x))
```

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}f^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \frac{f \sinh(fx)\Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \frac{\cosh(fx)\Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)}{2d^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*f**(3/2)*exp(-I*pi/4)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*e
xp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(-3/4)/(d**(5/2)*gamma(1/4)) + f*sinh(f*x)*gamma
(-3/4)/(d**(5/2)*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/4)) + cosh(f*x)*gamma(-3/4)/(2*d**(5/2)*x
**(3/2)*gamma(1/4))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{f\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2},fx\right)}{\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2},-fx\right)}{\sqrt{dx}}\right)}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $1/3*(f*(\text{sqrt}(f*x)*\text{gamma}(-1/2, f*x)/\text{sqrt}(d*x) - \text{sqrt}(-f*x)*\text{gamma}(-1/2, -f*x)/\text{sqrt}(d*x))/d - 2*\text{cosh}(f*x)/(d*x)^{(3/2)}/d$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{x} x^2} dx}{\sqrt{d} d^2}$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(sqrt(x)*x**2),x)/(sqrt(d)*d**2)`

3.68 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	616
Mathematica [N/A]	616
Rubi [N/A]	617
Maple [N/A]	617
Fricas [N/A]	618
Sympy [N/A]	618
Maxima [N/A]	618
Giac [N/A]	619
Mupad [N/A]	619
Reduce [N/A]	620

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4680$$

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*sech(b*x+a),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x),x)`

3.69 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	621
Mathematica [N/A]	621
Rubi [N/A]	622
Maple [N/A]	622
Fricas [N/A]	623
Sympy [N/A]	623
Maxima [N/A]	623
Giac [N/A]	624
Mupad [N/A]	624
Reduce [N/A]	625

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx) \sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sech(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x),x)`

3.70 $\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	626
Mathematica [N/A]	626
Rubi [N/A]	627
Maple [N/A]	628
Fricas [F(-2)]	628
Sympy [N/A]	628
Maxima [N/A]	629
Giac [N/A]	629
Mupad [N/A]	630
Reduce [N/A]	630

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \sinh(x)}{4x} - \frac{3}{8} \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}, x\right) + \frac{9}{8} \text{Int}\left(\frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x}, x\right)$$

output

```
-1/2*cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^2-3/4*cosh(x)^(1/2)*sinh(x)/x-3/8*Defer(Int)(1/x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)+9/8*Defer(Int)(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x,x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3,x]
```

output `Integrate[Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$\frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$-\frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\sin\left(ix + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(ix + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x}$$

input `Int [Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3, x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 40.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(x)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \cosh(x)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((sqrt(cosh(x))*cosh(x))/x**3,x)`

3.71 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

Optimal result	631
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	631
Rubi [A] (verified)	632
Maple [F]	633
Fricas [F(-2)]	633
Sympy [F]	633
Maxima [F]	634
Giac [F]	634
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	634
Reduce [F]	635

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -4\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output `-4*cosh(x)^(1/2)+2*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2 \sinh(x) \left(x - \frac{2 \cosh(x) \sinh(x) \sqrt{\tanh^2(\frac{x}{2})}}{(-1+\cosh(x))^{3/2} \sqrt{1+\cosh(x)}} \right)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*\text{Sinh}[x]*(x - (2*\text{Cosh}[x]*\text{Sinh}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Tanh}[x/2]^2])/((-1 + \text{Cosh}[x])^{3/2})*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Cosh}[x]])))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} - 4\sqrt{\cosh(x)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/\text{Cosh}[x]^{(3/2)} + x*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]], x]$$

output

$$-4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]] + (2*x*\text{Sinh}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{x(\cosh^2(x) + 1)}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(3/2)+x*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(cosh(x)**2 + 1)/cosh(x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}(x + 2e^{2x} - xe^{2x} + 2)}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

input `int(x*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2),x)`

output $-(2*(\exp(-x)/2 + \exp(x)/2)^{(1/2)}*(x + 2*\exp(2*x) - x*\exp(2*x) + 2))/(\exp(2*x) + 1)$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}x}{\cosh(x)^2} dx + \int \sqrt{\cosh(x)} x dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cosh(x))*x)/cosh(x)**2,x) + int(sqrt(cosh(x))*x,x)`

$$3.72 \quad \int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	636
Mathematica [A] (verified)	636
Rubi [A] (verified)	637
Maple [F]	637
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	638
Sympy [F]	638
Maxima [F]	639
Giac [F]	639
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	639
Reduce [F]	640

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

output `4/3/cosh(x)^(1/2)+2/3*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{2(2 + x \tanh(x))}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(5/2) - x/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]),x]`

output `(2*(2 + x*Tanh[x]))/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Cosh[x]^(5/2) - x/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]),x]`

output `4/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(3*Cosh[x]^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(16) = 32$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4((x+2)\cosh(x)^3 + 3(x+2)\cosh(x)\sinh(x)^2 + (x+2)\sinh(x)^3 - (x-2)\cosh(x) + (3(x+2)\cosh(x)^2 - x + 2)\sinh(x))\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{3(\cosh(x)^4 + 4\cosh(x)\sinh(x)^3 + \sinh(x)^4 + 2(3\cosh(x)^2 + 1)\sinh(x)^2 + 2\cosh(x)^2 + 4(\cosh(x)^3 + \cosh(x))\sinh(x) + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/3*((x + 2)*cosh(x)^3 + 3*(x + 2)*cosh(x)*sinh(x)^2 + (x + 2)*sinh(x)^3 - (x - 2)*cosh(x) + (3*(x + 2)*cosh(x)^2 - x + 2)*sinh(x))*sqrt(cosh(x))/(cosh(x)^4 + 4*cosh(x)*sinh(x)^3 + sinh(x)^4 + 2*(3*cosh(x)^2 + 1)*sinh(x)^2 + 2*cosh(x)^2 + 4*(cosh(x)^3 + cosh(x))*sinh(x) + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x/cosh(x)**(5/2), x) + Integral(x/sqrt(cosh(x)), x))/3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x/sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x/sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{4e^x \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}} (2e^{2x} - x + xe^{2x} + 2)}{3(e^{2x} + 1)^2}$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2) - x/(3*cosh(x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(4*exp(x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(2*x) - x + x*exp(2*x) + 2))/(3*(exp(2*x) + 1)^2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}x}{\cosh(x)} dx \right)}{3} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}x}{\cosh(x)^3} dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- int((sqrt(cosh(x))*x)/cosh(x),x) + 3*int((sqrt(cosh(x))*x)/cosh(x)**3,x))/3`

3.73 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

Optimal result	641
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	642
Rubi [A] (verified)	642
Maple [F]	643
Fricas [F(-2)]	643
Sympy [F(-1)]	644
Maxima [F]	644
Giac [F]	644
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	645
Reduce [F]	645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{4}{15 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{12\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5 \cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{6x \sinh(x)}{5\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output

```
4/15/cosh(x)^(3/2)-12/5*cosh(x)^(1/2)+2/5*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(5/2)+6/5*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \left(-\frac{12\sinh^2(x)}{\sqrt{-1+\cosh(x)}(1+\cosh(x))^{3/2}\sqrt{\tanh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}} \right. \\ \left. + 6x\tanh(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) \left(\frac{4}{3} + 2x\tanh(x) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(7/2) + (3*x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])/5, x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*((-12*Sinh[x]^2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Cosh[x]]*(1 + Cosh[x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Tanh[x/2]^2]) + 6*x*Tanh[x] + Sech[x]^2*(4/3 + 2*x*Tanh[x]))) / 5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{4}{15\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{12\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} + \frac{2x\sinh(x)}{5\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{6x\sinh(x)}{5\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input

```
Int[x/Cosh[x]^(7/2) + (3*x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])/5, x]
```

output
$$\frac{4}{15} \operatorname{Cosh}[x]^{3/2} - \frac{12 \sqrt{\operatorname{Cosh}[x]}}{5} + \frac{2x \operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{5 \operatorname{Cosh}[x]^{5/2}} + \frac{6x \operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{5 \sqrt{\operatorname{Cosh}[x]}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009
$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{7/2}} + \frac{3x \sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} \right) dx$$

input
$$\operatorname{int}(x/\cosh(x)^{(7/2)}+3/5*x*\cosh(x)^{(1/2)},x)$$

output
$$\operatorname{int}(x/\cosh(x)^{(7/2)}+3/5*x*\cosh(x)^{(1/2)},x)$$

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{7/2}(x)} + \frac{3}{5} x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input
$$\operatorname{integrate}(x/\cosh(x)^{(7/2)}+3/5*x*\cosh(x)^{(1/2)},x, \text{algorithm}="fricas")$$

output
$$\text{Exception raised: TypeError \>> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(3/5*x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(7/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(3/5*x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{e^{2x} \left(\frac{8x}{5} + \frac{16}{15} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{(e^{2x} + 1)^2} - \left(\frac{6x}{5} + \frac{12}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}} + \frac{12x e^{2x} \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{5(e^{2x} + 1)} - \frac{16x e^{2x} \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{5(e^{2x} + 1)^3}$$

input `int((3*x*cosh(x)^(1/2))/5 + x/cosh(x)^(7/2), x)`output `(exp(2*x)*((8*x)/5 + 16/15)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(exp(2*x) + 1)^2 - ((6*x)/5 + 12/5)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2) + (12*x*exp(2*x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(5*(exp(2*x) + 1)) - (16*x*exp(2*x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(5*(exp(2*x) + 1)^3)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)} x}{\cosh(x)^4} dx + \frac{3 \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x)} x dx \right)}{5}$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2), x)`output `(5*int((sqrt(cosh(x))*x)/cosh(x)**4, x) + 3*int(sqrt(cosh(x))*x, x))/5`

3.74 $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

Optimal result	646
Mathematica [C] (verified)	646
Rubi [A] (verified)	647
Maple [F]	648
Fricas [F(-2)]	648
Sympy [F]	648
Maxima [F]	649
Giac [F]	649
Mupad [F(-1)]	649
Reduce [F]	650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -8x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} - 16iE\left(\frac{ix}{2} \middle| 2\right) + \frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output

```
-8*x*cosh(x)^(1/2)-16*I*EllipticE(I*sinh(1/2*x),2^(1/2))+2*x^2*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cosh(x)}(\cosh(x) + \sinh(x)) \left(-4(-2 + x) \cosh(x) + x^2 \sinh(x) + 8 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{\cosh(x)} \right) \right)}{1 + e^{2x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x^2*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*(Cosh[x] + Sinh[x])*(-4*(-2 + x)*Cosh[x] + x^2*Sinh[x] +
8*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^(2*x)]*(-Cosh[x] + Sinh[x])*Sqrt[1
+ Cosh[2*x] + Sinh[2*x]]))/(1 + E^(2*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} - 8x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} - 16iE\left(\frac{ix}{2} \middle| 2\right)$$

input

```
Int[x^2/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x^2*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]
```

output

```
-8*x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]] - (16*I)*EllipticE[(1/2)*x, 2] + (2*x^2*Sinh[x])/Sqrt[C
osh[x]]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{x^2 (\cosh^2(x) + 1)}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/cosh(x)**(3/2)+x**2*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(cosh(x)**2 + 1)/cosh(x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)} x^2}{\cosh(x)^2} dx + \int \sqrt{\cosh(x)} x^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cosh(x))*x**2)/cosh(x)**2,x) + int(sqrt(cosh(x))*x**2,x)`

3.75 $\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

Optimal result	651
Mathematica [N/A]	651
Rubi [N/A]	652
Maple [N/A]	652
Fricas [N/A]	653
Sympy [N/A]	653
Maxima [N/A]	653
Giac [N/A]	654
Mupad [N/A]	654
Reduce [N/A]	655

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3807$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (b \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`

output `Integral((b*cosh(e + f*x))**n*(c + d*x)**m, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (b \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = b^n \left(\int (dx + c)^m \cosh(fx + e)^n dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`output `b**n*int((c + d*x)**m*cosh(e + f*x)**n,x)`

3.76 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	656
Mathematica [A] (verified)	657
Rubi [A] (verified)	657
Maple [F]	659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	659
Sympy [F]	660
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	660
Giac [F]	661
Mupad [F(-1)]	661
Reduce [F]	661

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

$$+ \frac{3e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{3e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

output

```
1/8*3^(-1-m)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-3*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/8*exp(a-b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/8*exp(-a+b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/8*3^(-1-m)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,3*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \left(e^{6a} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^m \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3^{2+m} e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^m \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(3^(-1 - m)*(c + d*x)^m*(E^(6*a)*(b*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m)*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(b*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] - E^((4*b*c)/d)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d))^m*(3^(2 + m)*E^(2*a)*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(8*b*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(-(b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cosh^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{4} \cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{4} \cosh(3a + 3bx)(c + dx)^m\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3^{-m-1}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}(c+dx)^m\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,-\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} +$$

$$\frac{3e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c+dx)^m\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} -$$

$$\frac{3e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}(c+dx)^m\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} -$$

$$\frac{3^{-m-1}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a}(c+dx)^m\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(3^(-1 - m)*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/(8*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (3^(-1 - m)*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh (bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3b}{d}\right) - 3bc + 3ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) + 9 \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{b}{d}\right) - bc + ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - 9 \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{b}{d}\right) + bc - ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{-(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{3b}{d}\right) + 3bc - 3ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{-3(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) - \gamma(m + 1, \frac{3(bdx + bc)}{d}) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3b}{d}\right) - 3bc + 3ad}{d}\right) - 9 \gamma(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{b}{d}\right) - bc + ad}{d}\right) + 9 \gamma(m + 1, \frac{-(bdx + bc)}{d}) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{b}{d}\right) + bc - ad}{d}\right) + \gamma(m + 1, \frac{-3(bdx + bc)}{d}) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{3b}{d}\right) + 3bc - 3ad}{d}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(cosh((d*m*log(3*b/d) - 3*b*c + 3*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + 9*cosh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d) - 9*cosh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - cosh((d*m*log(-3*b/d) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - gamma(m + 1, 3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*b/d) - 3*b*c + 3*a*d)/d) - 9*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d) + 9*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d) + gamma(m + 1, -3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*b/d) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d)/d))/b`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{6bx+6a}(dx+c)^m + 9e^{4bx+4a}(dx+c)^m - 9e^{2bx+2a}(dx+c)^m - (dx+c)^m - e^{3bx+6a} \left(\int \frac{e^{3bx}(dx+c)^m}{dx+c} dx \right) dm}{24e^{3bx+}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(e**(6*a + 6*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m + 9*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m - 9*e**(2
*a + 2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m - (c + d*x)**m - e**(6*a + 3*b*x)*int((e**(3*b*x)
*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d*m - 9*e**(4*a + 3*b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*(c + d*
x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d*m + e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(3*a + 3*b
*x)*c + e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*d*x),x)*d*m + 9*e**(2*a + 3*b*x)*int((c + d*x)**m
/(e**(b*x)*c + e**(b*x)*d*x),x)*d*m)/(24*e**(3*a + 3*b*x)*b)
```

3.77 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [A] (verified)	664
Rubi [A] (verified)	664
Maple [F]	666
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	666
Sympy [F]	667
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Giac [F]	667
Mupad [F(-1)]	668
Reduce [F]	668

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2
*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GA
MMA(1+m,2*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{4c + 4dx}{d + dm} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^m*((4*c + 4*d*x)/(d + d*m) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m))/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cosh^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{2} \cosh(2a + 2bx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^m \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2^{-m-3} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m-3} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} + \frac{(c + dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(1 + m)/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-3 - m)*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (2^(-3 - m)*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(dm + d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2b}{d}\right) - 2bc + 2ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) - (dm + d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{2b}{d}\right) + 2bc - 2ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/8*((d*m + d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*b/d) - 2*b*c + 2*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (d*m + d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*b/d) + 2*b*c - 2*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (d*m + d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*b/d) - 2*b*c + 2*a*d)/d) + (d*m + d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*b/d) + 2*b*c - 2*a*d)/d) - 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(b*d*m + b*d)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1}}{2d(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/4*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d + 1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{4bx+4a}(dx+c)^m dm + e^{4bx+4a}(dx+c)^m d + 4e^{2bx+2a}(dx+c)^m bc + 4e^{2bx+2a}(dx+c)^m bdx - (dx+c)^m c}{8e^{2a+2bx} b d (m+1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*m + e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b*c + 4*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b*d*x - (c + d*x)**m*d*m - (c + d*x)**m*d - e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 - e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m)/(8*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*d*(m + 1))`

3.78 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	669
Rubi [A] (verified)	670
Maple [F]	671
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	672
Sympy [F(-2)]	672
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	673
Giac [F]	673
Mupad [F(-1)]	673
Reduce [F]	674

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b}$$

output

```
1/2*exp(a-b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*exp(-a+b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(e^{2a} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(-a - (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m} * (E^{(2*a)*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]}) / (-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m - (E^{((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d]} / (b*(c/d + x))^m)) / (2*b)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\ & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx}(c + dx)^m dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx}(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx}(c + dx)^m dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx}(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\ & \frac{e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} - \\ & \frac{e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * \text{Cosh}[a + b*x], x]$$

output

```
(E^(a - (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]/(2*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d)]/(2*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2612

```
Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d)^FracPart[m]))*Gamma[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3788

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh (bx + a) dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{b}{d}\right) - bc + ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{b}{d}\right) + bc - ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d) - c
osh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - gamma(
m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d) + gamma(m + 1,
-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d
- 1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2bx+2a}(dx + c)^m - (dx + c)^m - e^{bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{bx}(dx+c)^m}{dx+c} dx \right) dm + e^{bx} \left(\int \frac{(dx+c)^m}{e^{bx}c + e^{bx}dx} dx \right) dm}{2e^{bx+ab}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m - (c + d*x)**m - e**(2*a + b*x)*int((e**(b*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d*m + e**(b*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(b*x)*c + e**(b*x)*d*x),x)*d*m)/(2*e**(a + b*x)*b)`

3.79 $\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	675
Mathematica [N/A]	675
Rubi [N/A]	676
Maple [N/A]	676
Fricas [N/A]	677
Sympy [N/A]	677
Maxima [N/A]	677
Giac [N/A]	678
Mupad [N/A]	678
Reduce [N/A]	679

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}((c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx), x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 4680$$

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*sech(a + b*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`output `int((c + d*x)**m*sech(a + b*x),x)`

3.80 $\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	680
Mathematica [N/A]	680
Rubi [N/A]	681
Maple [N/A]	681
Fricas [N/A]	682
Sympy [N/A]	682
Maxima [N/A]	682
Giac [N/A]	683
Mupad [N/A]	683
Reduce [N/A]	684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}((c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx), x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 4680$$

$$\int \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.56

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{2a} \left(e^{2bx} (dx + c)^m - e^{2bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx} (dx+c)^m}{e^{2bx+2a} c + e^{2bx+2a} dx + c + dx} dx \right) dm - \left(\int \frac{e^{2bx} (dx+c)^m}{e^{2bx+2a} c + e^{2bx+2a} dx + c + dx} dx \right) dm \right)}{b (e^{2bx+2a} + 1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*e**(2*a)*(e**(2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m - e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*int((e**(2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)*d*m - int((e**(2*b*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*c + e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)*d*m))/(b*(e**(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1))
```

3.81 $\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	685
Mathematica [A] (verified)	685
Rubi [A] (verified)	686
Maple [C] (verified)	687
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	688
Sympy [F(-2)]	688
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	688
Giac [F]	689
Mupad [F(-1)]	689
Reduce [F]	689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, -bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, bx)}{2b^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,-b*x)/b^4/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,b*x)/b^4/
exp(a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, -bx) + e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, bx)}{2b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((E^a*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m + (x^m*Gamma[4 + m, b*x])/
(E^a*(b*x)^m))/b^4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+3} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+4, -bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+4, bx)}{2b^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, -(b*x)])/(b^4*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[4 + m, b*x])/(2*b^4*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1})*((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{4+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 3+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{4+m} + \frac{b x^{5+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{5}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{5+m}$	73

input `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{(4+m)}x^{(4+m)}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[2+1/2*m\right], \left[1/2, 3+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\cosh(a)+b/\left(5+m\right)*x^{(5+m)}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[5/2+1/2*m\right], \left[3/2, 7/2+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+3)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+4, bx) - \cosh((m+3)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+4, -bx) + \Gamma(m+4, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 3)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 4, b*x) - cosh((m + 3)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 4, -b*x) + gamma(m + 4, -b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 4, b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+4, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^a \Gamma(m+4, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/2*(b*x)^{-m - 4}*x^{(m + 4)}*e^{-a}*gamma(m + 4, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^{-m - 4}*x^{(m + 4)}*e^a*gamma(m + 4, -b*x)$

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 3)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^m \cosh(bx + a) b^2 m x^2 - 3x^m \cosh(bx + a) b^2 x^2 - x^m \cosh(bx + a) m^3 - 6x^m \cosh(bx + a) m^2 - 11x^m \cosh(bx + a) m}{b^2}$$

input `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
( - x**m*cosh(a + b*x)*b**2*m*x**2 - 3*x**m*cosh(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 - x**m
*cosh(a + b*x)*m**3 - 6*x**m*cosh(a + b*x)*m**2 - 11*x**m*cosh(a + b*x)*m
- 6*x**m*cosh(a + b*x) + x**m*sinh(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + x**m*sinh(a + b*x)
*b*m**2*x + 5*x**m*sinh(a + b*x)*b*m*x + 6*x**m*sinh(a + b*x)*b*x + int((x
**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x,x)*m**4 + 6*int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x,x)*m**3 + 11*i
nt((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x,x)*m**2 + 6*int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x,x)*m)/b**
4
```

3.82 $\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	691
Rubi [A] (verified)	692
Maple [C] (verified)	693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	694
Sympy [F(-2)]	694
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	694
Giac [F]	695
Mupad [F(-1)]	695
Reduce [F]	695

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, -bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, bx)}{2b^3}$$

output

`1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,-b*x)/b^3/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,b*x)/b^3/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a} x^m (e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, bx))}{2b^3}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output

`(x^m*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[3 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[3 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m))/(2*b^3*E^a)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+2} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, -bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, bx)}{2b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(E^a*x^m*Gamma[3 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*b^3*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[3 + m, b*x])/ (2*b^3*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*(-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1}*(-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d)^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{3+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{3+m} + \frac{b x^{4+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 3+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{4+m}$	73

input `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/(3+m)*x^{(3+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([3/2+1/2*m], [1/2, 5/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\cosh(a) + b/(4+m)*x^{(4+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([2+1/2*m], [3/2, 3+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+2)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+3, bx) - \cosh((m+2)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+3, -bx) + \Gamma(m+3, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 2)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 3, b*x) - cosh((m + 2)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 3, -b*x) + gamma(m + 3, -b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 3, b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+3, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^a \Gamma(m+3, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/2*(b*x)^{-m-3}*x^{m+3}*e^{-a}*gamma(m+3, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^{-m-3}*x^{m+3}*e^a*gamma(m+3, -b*x)$$
Giac [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input

`integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

`integrate(x^(m+2)*cosh(b*x+a), x)`
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input

`int(x^(m+2)*cosh(a+b*x),x)`

output

`int(x^(m+2)*cosh(a+b*x), x)`
Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^{2bx+2a} b^2 x^2 - x^m e^{2bx+2a} b m x - 2x^m e^{2bx+2a} b x + x^m e^{2bx+2a} m^2 + 3x^m e^{2bx+2a} m + 2x^m e^{2bx+2a} - e^{bx+2a}}{b^2}$$

input

`int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
(x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*x**2 - x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*m*x - 2*x**m*e*
*(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*x + x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*m**2 + 3*x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*
m + 2*x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) - e**(2*a + b*x)*int((x**m*e**(b*x))/x,x)*m**3
- 3*e**(2*a + b*x)*int((x**m*e**(b*x))/x,x)*m**2 - 2*e**(2*a + b*x)*int((
x**m*e**(b*x))/x,x)*m + e**(b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(b*x)*x),x)*m**3 + 3*e**(b*x)
)*int(x**m/(e**(b*x)*x),x)*m**2 + 2*e**(b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(b*x)*x),x)*m -
x**m*b**2*x**2 - x**m*b*m*x - 2*x**m*b*x - x**m*m**2 - 3*x**m*m - 2*x**m)/
(2*e**(a + b*x)*b**3)
```

3.83 $\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	697
Rubi [A] (verified)	698
Maple [C] (verified)	699
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	700
Sympy [F(-2)]	700
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	700
Giac [F]	701
Mupad [F(-1)]	701
Reduce [F]	701

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, -bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, bx)}{2b^2}$$

output

$$-1/2*\exp(a)*x^m*\text{GAMMA}(2+m,-b*x)/b^2/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*\text{GAMMA}(2+m,b*x)/b^2/\exp(a)/((b*x)^m)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, -bx) + e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, bx)}{2b^2}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output

$$-1/2*((E^a*x^m*\text{Gamma}[2 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m + (x^m*\text{Gamma}[2 + m, b*x])/(E^a*(b*x)^m))/b^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+1} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, -bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, bx)}{2b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[2 + m, -(b*x)])/(b^2*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[2 + m, b*x])/(2*b^2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1})*((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{2+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{2+m} + \frac{b x^{3+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{3+m}$	73

input `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/(2+m)*x^{(2+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([1+1/2*m], [1/2, 2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\cosh(a)+b/(3+m)*x^{(3+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([3/2+1/2*m], [3/2, 5/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+1)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+2, bx) - \cosh((m+1)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+2, -bx) + \Gamma(m+2, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 1)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 2, b*x) - cosh((m + 1)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 2, -b*x) + gamma(m + 2, -b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 2, b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+2, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^a \Gamma(m+2, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/2*(b*x)^{-m-2}*x^{m+2}*e^{-a}*gamma(m+2, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^{-m-2}*x^{m+2}*e^a*gamma(m+2, -b*x)$$

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(m+1)*cosh(b*x+a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
int(x^(m+1)*cosh(a+b*x),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(m+1)*cosh(a+b*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^m \cosh(bx + a) m - x^m \cosh(bx + a) + x^m \sinh(bx + a) bx + \left(\int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx+a)}{x} dx \right) m^2 + \left(\int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx+a)}{x} dx \right)}{b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)
```

output $(-x^{m+1}\cosh(a+bx)^m - x^{m+1}\cosh(a+bx) + x^{m+1}\sinh(a+bx)b^m + \int((x^{m+1}\cosh(a+bx))/x,x)^{m+2} + \int((x^{m+1}\cosh(a+bx))/x,x)^m)/b^{m+2}$

3.84 $\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	703
Mathematica [A] (verified)	703
Rubi [A] (verified)	704
Maple [C] (verified)	705
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	706
Sympy [F(-2)]	706
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	706
Giac [F]	707
Mupad [F(-1)]	707
Reduce [F]	707

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, -bx)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, bx)}{2b}$$

output

```
1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,-b*x)/b/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,b*x)/b/exp(a)
)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a} x^m (e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, bx))}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(x^m*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[1 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[1 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^
m))/(2*b*E^a)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^m \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^m dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^m dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+1, -bx)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+1, bx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(E^a*x^m*Gamma[1 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*b*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[1 + m, b*x])/(2*b*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1})*((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{1+m} + \frac{b x^{2+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{2+m}$	73

input $\text{int}(x^m*\cosh(b*x+a), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/(1+m)*x^{(1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1/2+1/2*m\right], \left[1/2, 3/2+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\cosh(a) + b/(2+m)*x^{(2+m)}*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1+1/2*m\right], \left[3/2, 2+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh(m \log(b) + a) \Gamma(m + 1, bx) - \cosh(m \log(-b) - a) \Gamma(m + 1, -bx) + \Gamma(m + 1, -bx) \sinh(m \log(b) + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh(m*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 1, b*x) - cosh(m*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 1, -b*x) + gamma(m + 1, -b*x)*sinh(m*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 1, b*x)*sinh(m*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m + 1, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^a \Gamma(m + 1, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(-a)*gamma(m + 1, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^a*gamma(m + 1, -b*x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x), x)
```

output

```
int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^m e^{2bx+2a} - e^{bx+2a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{bx}}{x} dx \right) m + e^{bx} \left(\int \frac{x^m}{e^{bx} x} dx \right) m - x^m}{2e^{bx+ab}}$$

input

```
int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x) - e**(2*a + b*x)*int((x**m*e**(b*x))/x,x)*m + e**(b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(b*x)*x),x)*m - x**m)/(2*e**(a + b*x)*b)
```

3.85 $\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	708
Mathematica [A] (verified)	708
Rubi [A] (verified)	709
Maple [C] (verified)	710
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	711
Sympy [F(-2)]	711
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	711
Giac [F]	712
Mupad [F(-1)]	712
Reduce [F]	712

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)$$

output `-1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(m,-b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(m,b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - (x^m*Gamma[m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-1} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - (x^m*Gamma[m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / (d*((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1}) * ((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) * \text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m * \sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m / (E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^m \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{m} + \frac{b x^{1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{1+m}$	67

input $\text{int}(x^{(-1+m)}*\cosh(b*x+a), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/m*x^m*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1/2*m\right], \left[1/2, 1+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\cosh(a)+b/(1+m)*x^{(1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[1/2+1/2*m\right], \left[3/2, 3/2+1/2*m\right], 1/4*x^2*b^2\right)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m-1)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m, bx) - \cosh((m-1)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m, -bx) + \Gamma(m, -bx)\sinh((m-1)\log(b) + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 1)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m, b*x) - cosh((m - 1)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m, -b*x) + gamma(m, -b*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m, b*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^m e^{(-a)}\Gamma(m, bx)}{2 (bx)^m} - \frac{x^m e^a \Gamma(m, -bx)}{2 (-bx)^m}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*x^m*e^{-a}*gamma(m, b*x)/(b*x)^m - 1/2*x^m*e^a*gamma(m, -b*x)/(-b*x)^m$$

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 1)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x,x)`

3.86 $\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	713
Rubi [A] (verified)	714
Maple [C] (verified)	715
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	716
Sympy [F(-2)]	716
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	716
Giac [F]	717
Mupad [F(-1)]	717
Reduce [F]	717

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} b e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1 + m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2} b e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1 + m, bx)$$

output

```
1/2*b*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,-b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*b*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} b e^{-a} x^m (e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1 + m, bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(b*x^m*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[-1 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[-1 + m, b*x])/(b*x)^m)/(2*E^a)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-2} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} e^a b x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-1, -bx) - \frac{1}{2} e^{-a} b x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-1, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(b*E^a*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*(-(b*x))^m) - (b*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1})*((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)*E^{(I*(e + f*x))})}], x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)*E^{(I*(e + f*x))})}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{-1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}, \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right] \cosh(a)}{-1+m} + \frac{b x^m \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{m}{2}, \left[\frac{3}{2}, 1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right] \sinh(a)}{m}$	67

input $\text{int}(x^{(-2+m)}*\cosh(b*x+a), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/(-1+m)*x^{(-1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([-1/2+1/2*m], [1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\cosh(a)+b/m*x^m*\text{hypergeom}([1/2*m], [3/2, 1+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*\sinh(a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m-2)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m-1, bx) - \cosh((m-2)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m-1, -bx) + \Gamma(m-1, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 2)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m - 1, b*x) - cosh((m - 2)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m - 1, -b*x) + gamma(m - 1, -b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m - 1, b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}(bx)^{-m+1}x^{m-1}e^{(-a)}\Gamma(m-1, bx) - \frac{1}{2}(-bx)^{-m+1}x^{m-1}e^a\Gamma(m-1, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/2*(b*x)^{-m + 1}*x^{m - 1}*e^{-a}*gamma(m - 1, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^{-m + 1}*x^{m - 1}*e^a*gamma(m - 1, -b*x)$

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x**2,x)`

3.87 $\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	718
Rubi [A] (verified)	719
Maple [C] (verified)	720
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	721
Sympy [F(-2)]	721
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	721
Giac [F]	722
Mupad [F(-1)]	722
Reduce [F]	722

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^2 e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}b^2 e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, bx)$$

output

```
-1/2*b^2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m,-b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*b^2*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m,b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2 e^{-a} x^m (-e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(b^2*x^m*(-((E^(2*a))*Gamma[-2 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[-2 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m)/(2*E^a)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-3} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-3} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^{ab^2} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-2, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-ab^2} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-2, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(b^2*E^a*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, -(b*x)]/(-(b*x))^m - (b^2*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2612 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{((g_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_))}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)))})*((c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/(d*(-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))^{\text{IntPart}[m] + 1})*((-f)*g*\text{Log}[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]})*\text{Gamma}[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(\text{Log}[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_))^m*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{-2+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[-1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{-2+m} + \frac{b x^{-1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{-1+m}$	71

input `int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-2+m)*x^(-2+m)*hypergeom([-1+1/2*m], [1/2, 1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)+b/(-1+m)*x^(-1+m)*hypergeom([-1/2+1/2*m], [3/2, 1/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m-3)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m-2, bx) - \cosh((m-3)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m-2, -bx) + \Gamma(m-2, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 3)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m - 2, b*x) - cosh((m - 3)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m - 2, -b*x) + gamma(m - 2, -b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m - 2, b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(b) + a))/b`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}(bx)^{-m+2}x^{m-2}e^{(-a)}\Gamma(m-2, bx) - \frac{1}{2}(-bx)^{-m+2}x^{m-2}e^a\Gamma(m-2, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/2*(b*x)^{-m + 2}*x^{(m - 2)}*e^{-a}*gamma(m - 2, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^{-m + 2}*x^{(m - 2)}*e^a*gamma(m - 2, -b*x)$

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 3)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x))/x**3,x)`

3.88 $\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	723
Mathematica [A] (verified)	723
Rubi [A] (verified)	724
Maple [F]	725
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	725
Sympy [F]	726
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	726
Giac [F]	727
Mupad [F(-1)]	727
Reduce [F]	727

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{4+m}}{2(4+m)} - \frac{2^{-6-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, -2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{2^{-6-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, 2bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
x^(4+m)/(8+2*m)-2^(-6-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,-2*b*x)/b^4/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-6-m)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,2*b*x)/b^4/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{64} x^m \left(\frac{32x^4}{4+m} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, -2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, 2bx)}{b^4} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3+m)*Cosh[a+b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^m \cdot ((32x^4)/(4+m) - (E^{2a} \cdot \Gamma[4+m, -2bx]) / (2^m b^4 (-bx)^m) - \Gamma[4+m, 2bx] / (2^m b^4 E^{2a} (bx)^m))) / 64$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{m+3} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^{m+3} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m+3} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-6}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+4,-2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-6}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+4,2bx)}{b^4} + \frac{x^{m+4}}{2(m+4)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3+m)} \cdot \text{Cosh}[a+bx]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{x^{(4+m)}}{(2 \cdot (4+m))} - \frac{(2^{(-6-m)} \cdot E^{(2a)} \cdot x^m \cdot \Gamma[4+m, -2bx])}{(b^4 \cdot (-bx)^m)} - \frac{(2^{(-6-m)} \cdot x^m \cdot \Gamma[4+m, 2bx])}{(b^4 \cdot E^{(2a)} \cdot (bx)^m)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+3) \log(x)) - (m+4) \cosh((m+3) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+4, 2bx) + (m+4) \cosh((m+3) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+4, 2bx)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m + 3)*log(x)) - (m + 4)*cosh((m + 3)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 4, 2*b*x) + (m + 4)*cosh((m + 3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 4, -2*b*x) + (m + 4)*gamma(m + 4, 2*b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 4)*gamma(m + 4, -2*b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m + 3)*log(x)))/(b*m + 4*b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+4, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+4, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+4}}{2(m+4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 4, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 4, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 4)/(m + 4)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{10e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^4 + 35e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^3 + 50e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^2 + 24e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right)}{}$$

input `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```

(8*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*m*x**3 + 32*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**3*x**3
- 4*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*m**2*x**2 - 28*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*m
*x**2 - 48*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**m**
3*x + 18*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**m**2*x + 52*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**m*x +
48*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*x - x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*m**4 - 10*x**m**e**(4
*a + 4*b*x)*m**3 - 35*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*m**2 - 50*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x
)*m - 24*x**m**e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m**e**(2*b*x))/x,
x)*m**5 + 10*e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m**e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**4 + 35*e**(4*a
+ 2*b*x)*int((x**m**e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**3 + 50*e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m**
e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**2 + 24*e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m**e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m +
32*x**m**e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*x**4 + e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x
)*m**5 + 10*e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**4 + 35*e**(2*b*x)*int
(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**3 + 50*e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m
**2 + 24*e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m - 8*x**m*b**3*m*x**3 - 32*
x**m*b**3*x**3 - 4*x**m*b**2*m**2*x**2 - 28*x**m*b**2*m*x**2 - 48*x**m*b**
2*x**2 - 2*x**m*b**m**3*x - 18*x**m*b**m**2*x - 52*x**m*b**m*x - 48*x**m*b*x
- x**m*m**4 - 10*x**m*m**3 - 35*x**m*m**2 - 50*x**m*m - 24*x**m)/(64*e**(2
*a + 2*b*x)*b**4*(m + 4))

```

3.89 $\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	729
Mathematica [A] (verified)	729
Rubi [A] (verified)	730
Maple [F]	731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	731
Sympy [F]	732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Giac [F]	733
Mupad [F(-1)]	733
Reduce [F]	733

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{3+m}}{2(3+m)} + \frac{2^{-5-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{2^{-5-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, 2bx)}{b^3}$$

output

```
x^(3+m)/(6+2*m)+2^(-5-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,-2*b*x)/b^3/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-5-m)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,2*b*x)/b^3/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{32} x^m \left(\frac{16x^3}{3+m} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, 2bx)}{b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(2+m)*Cosh[a+b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^m \left(\frac{16x^3}{3+m} + \frac{E^{2a} \Gamma[3+m, -2bx]}{2^m b^3 (-bx)^m} - \Gamma[3+m, 2bx] \right) / (2^m b^3 E^{2a} (bx)^m))}{32}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{m+2} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^{m+2} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m+2} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{e^{2a} 2^{-m-5} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{e^{-2a} 2^{-m-5} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, 2bx)}{b^3} + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2(m+3)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(2+m)} \text{Cosh}[a+bx]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{x^{(3+m)}}{2(3+m)} + \frac{(2^{(-5-m)} E^{2a} x^m \Gamma[3+m, -2bx])}{(b^3 * (-bx)^m)} - \frac{(2^{(-5-m)} x^m \Gamma[3+m, 2bx])}{(b^3 E^{2a} (bx)^m)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+2) \log(x)) - (m+3) \cosh((m+2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+3, 2bx) + (m+3) \cosh((m+2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+3, 2bx)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m + 2)*log(x)) - (m + 3)*cosh((m + 2)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 3, 2*b*x) + (m + 3)*cosh((m + 2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 3, -2*b*x) + (m + 3)*gamma(m + 3, 2*b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 3)*gamma(m + 3, -2*b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m + 2)*log(x)))/(b*m + 3*b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+3, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+3, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2(m+3)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 3, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 3, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 3)/(m + 3)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^4 - 6e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^3 - 11e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^2 - 6e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m - 6e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(4*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*m*x**2 + 12*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*b**2*x**2
- 2*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*m**2*x - 10*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*m*x - 12*x
**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*x + x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*m**3 + 6*x**m*exp(4*a + 4
*b*x)*m**2 + 11*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x)*m + 6*x**m*exp(4*a + 4*b*x) - exp(4*
a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*exp(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**4 - 6*exp(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*
exp(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**3 - 11*exp(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*exp(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**
2 - 6*exp(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*exp(2*b*x))/x,x)*m + 16*x**m*exp(2*a + 2*
b*x)*b**3*x**3 + exp(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(exp(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**4 + 6*exp(2*b*x)
*int(x**m/(exp(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**3 + 11*exp(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(exp(2*b*x)*x),x
)*m**2 + 6*exp(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(exp(2*b*x)*x),x)*m - 4*x**m*b**2*m*x**2 -
12*x**m*b**2*x**2 - 2*x**m*b*m**2*x - 10*x**m*b*m*x - 12*x**m*b*x - x**m*m
**3 - 6*x**m*m**2 - 11*x**m*m - 6*x**m)/(32*exp(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**3*(m + 3))
```

3.90 $\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	735
Rubi [A] (verified)	736
Maple [F]	737
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	737
Sympy [F]	738
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Giac [F]	739
Mupad [F(-1)]	739
Reduce [F]	739

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{2+m}}{2(2+m)} - \frac{2^{-4-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2^{-4-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, 2bx)}{b^2}$$

output

```
x^(2+m)/(4+2*m)-2^(-4-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,-2*b*x)/b^2/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-4-m)*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,2*b*x)/b^2/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} x^m \left(\frac{8x^2}{2+m} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, 2bx)}{b^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(1+m)*Cosh[a+b*x]^2,x]
```


output

$$\frac{x^m \left(\frac{8x^2}{2+m} - \frac{E^{2a} \Gamma(2+m, -2bx)}{2^m b^2 (-bx)^m} \right) - \frac{\Gamma(2+m, 2bx)}{2^m b^2 E^{2a} (bx)^m}}{16}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{m+1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^{m+1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2} x^{m+1} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{e^{2a} 2^{-m-4} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{e^{-2a} 2^{-m-4} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, 2bx)}{b^2} + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2(m+2)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(1+m)} \text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{x^{(2+m)}}{2*(2+m)} - \frac{2^{(-4-m)} E^{2a} x^m \Gamma(2+m, -2*b*x)}{b^2 * (-b*x)^m} - \frac{2^{(-4-m)} x^m \Gamma(2+m, 2*b*x)}{b^2 * E^{2a} * (b*x)^m}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+1) \log(x)) - (m+2) \cosh((m+1) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+2, 2bx) + (m+2) \cosh((m+1) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+2, 2bx)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m + 1)*log(x)) - (m + 2)*cosh((m + 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x) + (m + 2)*cosh((m + 1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x) + (m + 2)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 2)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m + 1)*log(x)))/(b*m + 2*b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m + 2, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m + 2, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2(m + 2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^m e^{4bx+4a} b m x + 4x^m e^{4bx+4a} b x - x^m e^{4bx+4a} m^2 - 3x^m e^{4bx+4a} m - 2x^m e^{4bx+4a} + e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^3}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*m*x + 4*x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*b*x - x**m*e**(4*
a + 4*b*x)*m**2 - 3*x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*m - 2*x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) + e*
*(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**3 + 3*e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x
**m*e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**2 + 2*e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*
m + 8*x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*x**2 + e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x)
,x)*m**3 + 3*e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**2 + 2*e**(2*b*x)*int
(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m - 2*x**m*b*m*x - 4*x**m*b*x - x**m*m**2 - 3*x**m
*m - 2*x**m)/(16*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b**2*(m + 2))
```

3.91 $\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	741
Mathematica [A] (verified)	741
Rubi [A] (verified)	742
Maple [F]	743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Sympy [F]	744
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	744
Giac [F]	745
Mupad [F(-1)]	745
Reduce [F]	745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, 2bx)}{b}$$

output

```
x^(1+m)/(2+2*m)+2^(-3-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*b*x)/b/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-3-m)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*b*x)/b/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} x^m \left(\frac{4x}{1+m} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, 2bx)}{b} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^m((4*x)/(1+m) + (E^{(2*a)}*Gamma[1+m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*b*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[1+m, 2*b*x]/(2^m*b*E^{(2*a)}*(b*x)^m)))/8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^m \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^m \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^m}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-3}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+1, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-3}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+1, 2bx)}{b} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^m*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$x^{(1+m)}/(2*(1+m)) + (2^{(-3-m)}*E^{(2*a)}*x^m*Gamma[1+m, -2*b*x])/(b*(-(b*x))^m) - (2^{(-3-m)}*x^m*Gamma[1+m, 2*b*x])/(b*E^{(2*a)}*(b*x)^m)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh(m \log(x)) - (m+1) \cosh(m \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+1, 2bx) + (m+1) \cosh(m \log(-2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m+1, -2bx)}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh(m*log(x)) - (m + 1)*cosh(m*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 1, 2*
b*x) + (m + 1)*cosh(m*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x) + (m + 1)*gamm
a(m + 1, 2*b*x)*sinh(m*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 1)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x)*sinh
(m*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh(m*log(x)))/(b*m + b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**m*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+1, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+1, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 1, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)
)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^{4bx+4a} m + x^m e^{4bx+4a} - e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m^2 - e^{2bx+4a} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right) m + 4x^m e^{2bx+2a} bx + e^{2bx} \left(\int \frac{x^m e^{2bx}}{x} dx \right)}{8e^{2bx+2a} b (m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x)*m + x**m*e**(4*a + 4*b*x) - e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x
**m*e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m**2 - e**(4*a + 2*b*x)*int((x**m*e**(2*b*x))/x,x)*m
+ 4*x**m*e**(2*a + 2*b*x)*b*x + e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m**2
+ e**(2*b*x)*int(x**m/(e**(2*b*x)*x),x)*m - x**m*m - x**m)/(8*e**(2*a + 2
*b*x)*b*(m + 1))
```

3.92 $\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	747
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [F]	749
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	749
Sympy [F]	750
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	750
Giac [F]	751
Mupad [F(-1)]	751
Reduce [F]	751

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^m}{2m} - 2^{-2-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -2bx) - 2^{-2-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, 2bx)$$

output

```
1/2*x^m/m-2^(-2-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(m,-2*b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-2-m)*x^m*GA
MMA(m,2*b*x)/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} x^m \left(\frac{2}{m} - 2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -2bx) - 2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, 2bx) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^m(2/m - (E^{2a})\Gamma[m, -2bx])/(2^m(-bx)^m) - \Gamma[m, 2bx]/(2^m E^{2a}(bx)^m))/4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^{m-1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-1} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-1}}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & e^{2a}(-2^{-m-2})x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m, -2bx) - e^{-2a}2^{-m-2}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m, 2bx) + \frac{x^m}{2m} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + m)}\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{x^m}{2m} - (2^{(-2 - m)}E^{2a}x^m\Gamma[m, -2bx])/(-bx)^m - (2^{(-2 - m)}x^m\Gamma[m, 2bx])/(E^{2a}(bx)^m)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-1) \log(x)) - m \cosh((m-1) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m, 2bx) + m \cosh((m-1) \log(-2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m, -2bx)}{m(m-1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m - 1)*log(x)) - m*cosh((m - 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m,
2*b*x) + m*cosh((m - 1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m, -2*b*x) + m*gamma(m, 2*b
*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - m*gamma(m, -2*b*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(-2*
b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m - 1)*log(x)))/(b*m)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^m e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m, 2bx)}{4 (2bx)^m} - \frac{x^m e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m, -2bx)}{4 (-2bx)^m} + \frac{x^m}{2m}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*x^m*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m, 2*b*x)/(2*b*x)^m - 1/4*x^m*e^(2*a)*gamma(m, -2*
b*x)/(-2*b*x)^m + 1/2*x^m/m
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2)/x,x)`

3.93 $\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	752
Mathematica [A] (verified)	752
Rubi [A] (verified)	753
Maple [F]	754
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	754
Sympy [F]	755
Maxima [F(-2)]	755
Giac [F]	756
Mupad [F(-1)]	756
Reduce [F]	756

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-1+m}}{2(1-m)} + 2^{-1-m} b e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, -2bx) - 2^{-1-m} b e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, 2bx)$$

output

```
-1/2*x^(-1+m)/(1-m)+2^(-1-m)*b*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,-2*b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-
2^(-1-m)*b*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,2*b*x)/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^m \left(\frac{1}{(-1+m)x} + 2^{-m} b e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m} b e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, 2bx) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

output
$$\frac{(x^m(1/((-1 + m)x) + (bE^{2a})\Gamma[-1 + m, -2bx])/(2^m(-bx)^m) - (b\Gamma[-1 + m, 2bx])/(2^mE^{2a}(bx)^m))}{2}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^{m-2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-2} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-2}}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & e^{2a}b2^{-m-1}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-1, -2bx) - e^{-2a}b2^{-m-1}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-1, 2bx) - \frac{x^{m-1}}{2(1-m)} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^{(-2 + m)}\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2, x]$

output
$$\frac{-1/2*x^{(-1 + m)}/(1 - m) + (2^{(-1 - m)}*b*E^{(2*a)}*x^m*\Gamma[-1 + m, -2*b*x])}{(-bx)^m} - \frac{(2^{(-1 - m)}*b*x^m*\Gamma[-1 + m, 2*b*x])}{(E^{(2*a)}*(bx)^m)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-2) \log(x)) - (m-1) \cosh((m-2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-1, 2bx) + (m-1) \cosh((m-2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-1, 2bx)}{4bx \cosh((m-2) \log(x)) - (m-1) \cosh((m-2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-1, 2bx) + (m-1) \cosh((m-2) \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-1, 2bx)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m - 2)*log(x)) - (m - 1)*cosh((m - 2)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m - 1, 2*b*x) + (m - 1)*cosh((m - 2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m - 1, -2*b*x) + (m - 1)*gamma(m - 1, 2*b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m - 1)*gamma(m - 1, -2*b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m - 2)*log(x)))/(b*m - b)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2)/x**2,x)`

3.94 $\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

Optimal result	757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	757
Rubi [A] (verified)	758
Maple [F]	759
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	759
Sympy [F]	760
Maxima [F(-2)]	760
Giac [F]	760
Mupad [F(-1)]	761
Reduce [F]	761

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-2+m}}{2(2-m)} - 2^{-m}b^2e^{2a}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m}b^2e^{-2a}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, 2bx)$$

output

$$-1/2*x^{(-2+m)}/(2-m)-b^2*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m, -2*b*x)/(2^m)/((-b*x)^m)-b^2*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m, 2*b*x)/(2^m)/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-2+m}}{2(2-m)} - 2^{-m}b^2e^{2a}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m}b^2e^{-2a}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, 2bx)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*x^{(-2 + m)}/(2 - m) - (b^2*E^{(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, -2*b*x]})/(2^m*(-(b*x)^m) - (b^2*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, 2*b*x])/(2^m*E^{(2*a)*(b*x)^m})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int x^{m-3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-3} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-3}}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-e^{2a}b^22^{-m}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, -2bx) - e^{-2a}b^22^{-m}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, 2bx) - \frac{x^{m-2}}{2(2-m)}$$

input `Int[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*x^(-2 + m)/(2 - m) - (b^2*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*(-(b*x))^m) - (b^2*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, 2*b*x])/(2^m*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-3)\log(x)) - (m-2) \cosh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-2, 2bx) + (m-2) \cosh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-2, -2bx) + (m-2) \gamma(m-2, 2bx) \sinh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) - (m-2) \gamma(m-2, -2bx) \sinh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) + 4bx \sinh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a)}{(b^2 m - 2b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m - 3)*log(x)) - (m - 2)*cosh((m - 3)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gam
ma(m - 2, 2*b*x) + (m - 2)*cosh((m - 3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m - 2, -2*b
*x) + (m - 2)*gamma(m - 2, 2*b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m - 2)*g
amma(m - 2, -2*b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m - 3)*log
(x)))/(b*m - 2*b)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{x^m \cosh(bx + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `int((x**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2)/x**3,x)`

$$3.95 \quad \int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	762
Rubi [A] (verified)	763
Maple [F]	763
Fricas [F(-2)]	764
Sympy [F]	764
Maxima [F]	764
Giac [F]	765
Mupad [F(-1)]	765
Reduce [F]	765

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output `-4/9/sech(x)^(3/2)+2/3*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2(-2 + 3x \tanh(x))}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(2*(-2 + 3*x*Tanh[x]))/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{4}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `-4/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(3*Sqrt[Sech[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{3} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x/sech(x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(x*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = - \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{3} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2) - (x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3,x)`

output `-int((x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3 - x/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^2} dx - \frac{\left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x dx\right)}{3}$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*int((sqrt(sech(x))*x)/sech(x)**2,x) - int(sqrt(sech(x))*x,x))/3`

$$3.96 \quad \int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	766
Rubi [A] (verified)	767
Maple [F]	767
Fricas [F(-2)]	768
Sympy [F]	768
Maxima [F]	768
Giac [F]	769
Mupad [F(-1)]	769
Reduce [F]	769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

output `-4/25/sech(x)^(5/2)+2/5*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{2(-2 + 5x \tanh(x))}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*Sqrt[Sech[x]]),x]`

output `(2*(-2 + 5*x*Tanh[x]))/(25*Sech[x]^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{4}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*Sqrt[Sech[x]]),x]`

output `-4/(25*Sech[x]^(5/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(5*Sech[x]^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{5x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int \frac{3x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} dx}{5}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-5*x/sech(x)**(5/2), x) + Integral(3*x/sqrt(sech(x)), x))/5`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-3/5*x/sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-3/5*x/sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = -\int \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `-int((3*x)/(5*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2)) - x/(1/cosh(x))^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^3} dx - \frac{3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx \right)}{5}$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*int((sqrt(sech(x))*x)/sech(x)**3,x) - 3*int((sqrt(sech(x))*x)/sech(x),x))/5`

3.97 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

Optimal result	770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	770
Rubi [A] (verified)	771
Maple [F]	772
Fricas [F(-2)]	772
Sympy [F]	772
Maxima [F]	773
Giac [F]	773
Mupad [F(-1)]	773
Reduce [F]	774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{49\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{20}{63\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{7\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{10x \sinh(x)}{21\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output

`-4/49/sech(x)^(7/2)-20/63/sech(x)^(3/2)+2/7*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(5/2)+10/21*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \left(-\frac{167}{882} - \frac{88}{441} \cosh(2x) - \frac{1}{98} \cosh(4x) + \frac{13}{42}x \sinh(2x) + \frac{1}{28}x \sinh(4x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(7/2) - (5*x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/21,x]`

output `Sqrt[Sech[x]]*(-167/882 - (88*Cosh[2*x])/441 - Cosh[4*x]/98 + (13*x*Sinh[2*x])/42 + (x*Sinh[4*x])/28)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{20}{63 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{4}{49 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{7 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{10x \sinh(x)}{21 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(7/2) - (5*x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/21,x]`

output `-4/(49*Sech[x]^(7/2)) - 20/(63*Sech[x]^(3/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(7*Sech[x]^(5/2)) + (10*x*Sinh[x])/(21*Sqrt[Sech[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{21} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{21x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int 5x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{21}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-21*x/sech(x)**(7/2), x) + Integral(5*x*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/21`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-5/21*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-5/21*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = - \int \frac{5x \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{21} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(7/2) - (5*x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/21,x)`

output `-int((5*x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/21 - x/(1/cosh(x))^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^4} dx - \frac{5 \left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x dx \right)}{21}$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(21*int((sqrt(sech(x))*x)/sech(x)**4,x) - 5*int(sqrt(sech(x))*x,x))/21`

3.98 $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

Optimal result	775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	776
Rubi [A] (verified)	776
Maple [F]	777
Fricas [F(-2)]	777
Sympy [F]	777
Maxima [F]	778
Giac [F]	778
Mupad [F(-1)]	778
Reduce [F]	779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{8x}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{16}{27}i\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2\right) \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{16 \sinh(x)}{27\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output

```
-8/9*x/sech(x)^(3/2)-16/27*I*cosh(x)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*I*x,2^(1/2)
)*sech(x)^(1/2)+16/27*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)+2/3*x^2*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2}{27} \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \left(-8i \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2 \right) + \cosh(x) (-12x \cosh(x) + (8 + 9x^2) \sinh(x)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x^2*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Sech[x]]*(-8*I)*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*EllipticF[(I/2)*x, 2] + Cosh[x]*(-12*x*Cosh[x] + (8 + 9*x^2)*Sinh[x]))/27`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{8x}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{16 \sinh(x)}{27\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{16}{27} i \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2 \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x^2*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(-8*x)/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2)) - ((16*I)/27)*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*EllipticF[(I/2)*x, 2]*Sqrt[Sech[x]] + (16*Sinh[x])/(27*Sqrt[Sech[x]]) + (2*x^2*Sinh[x])/(3*Sqrt[Sech[x]])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{3} \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2/sech(x)**(3/2)-1/3*x**2*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x**2/sech(x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(x**2*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x^2*sqrt(sech(x)) + x^2/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x^2*sqrt(sech(x)) + x^2/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = - \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{3} - \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2) - (x^2*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3,x)`

output `-int((x^2*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3 - x^2/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^2} dx - \frac{\left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} x^2 dx \right)}{3}$$

input `int(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2), x)`

output `(3*int((sqrt(sech(x))*x**2)/sech(x)**2,x) - int(sqrt(sech(x))*x**2,x))/3`

3.99 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	780
Mathematica [A] (verified)	781
Rubi [A] (verified)	781
Maple [A] (verified)	783
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	783
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	784
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	784
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	785
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	786
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	787

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6ad^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{3ad(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{6ad^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{a(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

```
output 1/4*a*(d*x+c)^4/d-6*a*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-3*a*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+
6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+a*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= a \left(\frac{1}{4} x (4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - \frac{3d(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(2 + f^2 x^2)) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} + \frac{(c + dx)(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(6 + f^2 x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `a*((x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/4 - (3*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 + ((c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^3) dx$$

$$\frac{6ad^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} - \frac{3ad(c+dx)^2\cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c+dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6ad^3\cosh(e+fx)}{f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) - (6*a*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (3*a*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (6*a*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (a*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

output

```
1/4*(a*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 4*a*c^3*f^4*x
- 12*(a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*f^2*x + a*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*a*d^3)*cosh(f*x +
e) + 4*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 + 6*a*c*d^2*f + 3*(
a*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*a*d^3*f)*x)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} ac^3x + \frac{ac^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + \frac{3ac^2 dx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{3ac^2 d \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + acd^2 x^3 + \frac{3acd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{6acd^2 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a*c**3*x + a*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2/2 + 3*a*c**
2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a*c*d**2*x**3 + 3*
a*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*a*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*c*d*
**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + a*d**3*x**4/4 + a*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a*
d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 6*a*d**3*c*
sh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 +
c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ad^3 x^4 + acd^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ac^2 dx^2 + ac^3 x + \frac{3}{2} ac^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} acd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2 x^2 e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2 x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} ad^3 \left(\frac{(f^3 x^3 e^e - 3f^2 x^2 e^e + 6fxe^e - 6e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^4} - \frac{(f^3 x^3 + 3f^2 x^2 + 6fx + 6)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{ac^3 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*d^3*x^4 + a*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3*x + 3/2*a*c^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 3/2*a*c*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + 1/2*a*d^3*((f^3*x^3*e^e - 3*f^2*x^2*e^e + 6*f*x*e^e - 6*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^4 - (f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 6)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4) + a*c^3*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{4} ad^3 x^4 + acd^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ac^2 dx^2 + ac^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{(ad^3 f^3 x^3 + 3acd^2 f^3 x^2 + 3ac^2 df^3 x - 3ad^3 f^2 x^2 + ac^3 f^3 - 6acd^2 f^2 x - 3ac^2 df^2 + 6ad^3 fx + 6acd^2 f}{2 f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(ad^3 f^3 x^3 + 3acd^2 f^3 x^2 + 3ac^2 df^3 x + 3ad^3 f^2 x^2 + ac^3 f^3 + 6acd^2 f^2 x + 3ac^2 df^2 + 6ad^3 fx + 6acd^2 f}{2 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*a*d^3*x^4 + a*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3*x + 1/2*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*a*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*d^3*f*x + 6*a*c*d^2*f - 6*a*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - 1/2*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 + 6*a*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*d^3*f*x + 6*a*c*d^2*f + 6*a*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (ac^3 f^2 + 6acd^2)}{f^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(e + fx) (ac^2 d f^2 + 2ad^3)}{f^4} + \frac{ad^3 x^4}{4} + ac^3 x + \frac{3x \sinh(e + fx) (ac^2 d f^2 + 2ad^3)}{f^3} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + acd^2 x^3 - \frac{3ad^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{ad^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{6acd^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3acd^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(sinh(e + f*x)*(a*c^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2))/f^3 - (3*cosh(e + f*x)*(2*a*d^3 + a*c^2*d*f^2))/f^4 + (a*d^3*x^4)/4 + a*c^3*x + (3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*(2*a*d^3 + a*c^2*d*f^2))/f^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + a*c*d^2*x^3 - (3*a*d^3*x^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (a*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (6*a*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (3*a*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-12 \cosh(fx + e) c^2 d f^2 - 24 \cosh(fx + e) c d^2 f^2 x - 12 \cosh(fx + e) d^3 f^2 x^2 - 24 \cosh(fx + e) d^3 +$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
(a*( - 12*cosh(e + f*x)*c**2*d*f**2 - 24*cosh(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f**2*x - 12*
cosh(e + f*x)*d**3*f**2*x**2 - 24*cosh(e + f*x)*d**3 + 4*sinh(e + f*x)*c**
3*f**3 + 12*sinh(e + f*x)*c**2*d*f**3*x + 12*sinh(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f**3*x**
2 + 24*sinh(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f + 4*sinh(e + f*x)*d**3*f**3*x**3 + 24*sinh(e
+ f*x)*d**3*f*x + 4*c**3*f**4*x + 6*c**2*d*f**4*x**2 + 4*c*d**2*f**4*x**3
+ d**3*f**4*x**4))/(4*f**4)
```

3.100 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	788
Mathematica [A] (verified)	788
Rubi [A] (verified)	789
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	790
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	791
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	791
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	792
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	792
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	793
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	793

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2ad(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2ad^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3/d-2*a*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+2*a*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+a*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = a \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(2 + f^2 x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

$$a*(c^2*x + c*d*x^2 + (d^2*x^3)/3 - (2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + ((c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^2) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2ad(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{2ad^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]$$

output

$$(a*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) - (2*a*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (2*a*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (a*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left(\left((dx+c)^2 f^2+2d^2\right) \sinh (fx+e)+\left(-2d^2 x-2cd\right) \cosh (fx+e)+x\left(\frac{1}{3} x^2 d^2+cdx+c^2\right) f^2-2cd\right) f}{f^3} a$
risc	$\frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + adc x^2 + a c^2 x + \frac{a c^3}{3d} + \frac{a\left(d^2 x^2 f^2+2cd f^2 x+c^2 f^2-2d^2 f x-2cdf+2d^2\right) e^{fx+e}}{2 f^3} - \frac{a\left(d^2 x^2 f^2+2cd f^2\right)}{2 f^3}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{a\left(\frac{d^2\left((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2}-\frac{2d^2 e\left((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2}+\frac{2dc}{f}\right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a(fx+e)^3}{3 f^2} + \frac{d^2 a\left((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a(fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e a\left((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a(fx+e)^3}{3 f^2} + \frac{d^2 a\left((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a(fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e a\left((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e)\right)}{f^2}$
oring	$\frac{\left(d^4 f^4 x^5+5c d^3 f^4 x^4+10c^2 d^2 f^4 x^3+9c^3 d f^4 x^2+3c^4 f^4 x-12d^4 f^2 x^3-42c d^3 f^2 x^2-48c^2 d^2 f^2 x-12c^3 d f^2-48d^4 x-12d^3\right)}{3 f^4(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+((-2*d^2*x-2*c*d)*cosh(f*x+e)+x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2-2*c*d)*f*a/f^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 f^3 x^3 + 3acdf^3 x^2 + 3ac^2 f^3 x - 6(ad^2 fx + acdf) \cosh(fx + e) + 3(ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2 + 2a^2 d^2) \sinh(fx + e)}{3 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*f^3*x - 6*(a*d^2*f*x + a*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2 + 2*a*d^2)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2 x + \frac{ac^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + acdx^2 + \frac{2acdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2acd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{ad^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{ad^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2ad^2 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*x + a*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f + a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a*d**2*x**3/3 + a*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 2*a*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x + acd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} ad^2 \left(\frac{(f^2 x^2 e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{fx}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2 x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\ &+ \frac{ac^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + a*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 1/2*a*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a*c^2*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x \\ &+ \frac{(ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2 - 2ad^2 fx - 2acdf + 2ad^2)e^{(fx+e)}}{2f^3} \\ &- \frac{(ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2 + 2ad^2 fx + 2acdf + 2ad^2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2f^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + 1/2*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x +
a*c^2*f^2 - 2*a*d^2*f*x - 2*a*c*d*f + 2*a*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - 1/2*(a*d
^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2 + 2*a*d^2*f*x + 2*a*c*d*f + 2*a*d^2
)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 a d^2 \sinh(e + f x) - \frac{a f (6 x \cosh(e + f x) d^2 + 6 c \cosh(e + f x) d)}{3} + \frac{a f^2 (3 c^2 \sinh(e + f x) + 3 d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + f x) + 6 c d x \sinh(e + f x))}{3}}{f^3} + \frac{a (3 c^2 x + 3 c d x^2 + d^2 x^3)}{3}$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*a*d^2*sinh(e + f*x) - (a*f*(6*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 6*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)
))/3 + (a*f^2*(3*c^2*sinh(e + f*x) + 3*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x) + 6*c*d*x*sin
h(e + f*x)))/3)/f^3 + (a*(3*c^2*x + d^2*x^3 + 3*c*d*x^2))/3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-6 \cosh(fx + e) cdf - 6 \cosh(fx + e) d^2 fx + 3 \sinh(fx + e) c^2 f^2 + 6 \sinh(fx + e) cd f^2 x + 3 \sinh(fx + e) d^2 x^2)}{3f^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
(a*( - 6*cosh(e + f*x)*c*d*f - 6*cosh(e + f*x)*d**2*f*x + 3*sinh(e + f*x)*
c**2*f**2 + 6*sinh(e + f*x)*c*d*f**2*x + 3*sinh(e + f*x)*d**2*f**2*x**2 +
6*sinh(e + f*x)*d**2 + 3*c**2*f**3*x + 3*c*d*f**3*x**2 + d**2*f**3*x**3))/
(3*f**3)
```

3.101 $\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	795
Rubi [A] (verified)	796
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	797
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	797
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	798
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	798
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	799
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	799
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2/d-a*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(-2(e + fx)(de - 2cf - dfx) - 4d \cosh(e + fx) + 4f(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{4f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(-2*(e + f*x)*(d*e - 2*c*f - d*f*x) - 4*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + 4*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(4*f^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int (a(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) - (a*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (a*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(f(dx+c)\sinh(fx+e)-d\cosh(fx+e)+x\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)f^2-d)a}{f^2}$
risch	$\frac{adx^2}{2} + acx + \frac{a(dx+f+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{2f^2} - \frac{a(dx+f+cf+d)e^{-fx-e}}{2f^2}$
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx\right) + \frac{a\left(\frac{d((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + c\sinh(fx+e)\right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{da((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{dea\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + ca\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{da((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{dea\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + ca\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$
orering	$\frac{(d^3f^2x^4+4cd^2f^2x^3+5c^2df^2x^2+2c^3f^2x-6d^3x^2-12cd^2x-4dc^2)(a+a\cosh(fx+e))}{2f^2(dx+c)^2} + \frac{(2x^2d^2+4cdx+c^2)(d(a+ac))}{(dx+c)^2}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(f*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)-d*cosh(f*x+e)+x*(1/2*d*x+c)*f^2-d)*a/f^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adf^2x^2 + 2acf^2x - 2ad \cosh(fx + e) + 2(adfx + acf) \sinh(fx + e)}{2f^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/2*(a*d*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*f^2*x - 2*a*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acx + \frac{ac \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{adx^2}{2} + \frac{adx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{ad \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c*x + a*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + a*d*x**2/2 + a*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} ad \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{ac \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*a*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^{(f*x)}/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^{(-f*x - e)}/f^2) + a*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx + \frac{(adf x + acf - ad)e^{(fx+e)}}{2 f^2} - \frac{(adf x + acf + ad)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f - a*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - 1/2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f + a*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{af(2c \sinh(e+fx) + 2dx \sinh(e+fx)) - ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(dx^2 + 2cx)}{2}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x),x)`

output `((a*f*(2*c*sinh(e + f*x) + 2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)))/2 - a*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (a*(2*c*x + d*x^2))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-2 \cosh(fx + e)d + 2 \sinh(fx + e)cf + 2 \sinh(fx + e)dfx + 2c f^2 x + d f^2 x^2)}{2f^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(a*(- 2*cosh(e + f*x)*d + 2*sinh(e + f*x)*c*f + 2*sinh(e + f*x)*d*f*x + 2*c*f**2*x + d*f**2*x**2))/(2*f**2)`

$$3.102 \quad \int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$$

Optimal result	801
Mathematica [A] (verified)	801
Rubi [A] (verified)	802
Maple [A] (verified)	803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Sympy [F]	804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	805
Mupad [F(-1)]	805
Reduce [F]	805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d}$$

output

```
a*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d+a*ln(d*x+c)/d-a*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a \left(\cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \log(c + dx) + \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(a*(Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Log[c + d*x] + Sinh[e -
(c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]))/d
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} + \frac{a}{c + dx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

```
Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(a*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (a*Log[c + d*x])/d +
(a*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{a e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{a e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d}$	94

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*a/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*a/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(aEi(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) + aEi(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d})) \cosh(-\frac{de-cf}{d}) + 2a \log(dx + c) - (aEi(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) - aEi(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d})) \sinh(-\frac{de-cf}{d})}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)
+ 2*a*log(d*x + c) - (a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sin
h(-(d*e - c*f)/d))/d
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = a \left(\int \frac{\cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{1}{c + dx} dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
a*(Integral(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(1/(c + d*x), x))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*a*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*
exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a*log(d*x + c)/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{e-cf}{d}\right)} + a \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{e+cf}{d}\right)} + 2 a \log(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 2*a*log(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x),x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a \left(\left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)}{dx+c} dx \right) d + \log(dx + c) \right)}{d}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x)`output `(a*(int(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x),x)*d + log(c + d*x)))/d`

3.103 $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	806
Mathematica [A] (verified)	806
Rubi [A] (verified)	807
Maple [A] (verified)	808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Sympy [F(-1)]	809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	809
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	810
Mupad [F(-1)]	811
Reduce [F]	811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{af \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{af \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-a/d/(d*x+c)-a*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)-a*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2
+a*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{a\left(-\frac{d(1+\cosh(e+fx))}{c+dx} + f \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) + f \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(a*(-((d*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)) + f*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d] + f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]))/d^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{a}{(c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{af \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{af \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{a}{d(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(a/(d*(c + d*x))) - (a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) + (a*f*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d^2 + (a*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{d(dx+c)} - \frac{fae^{-fx-e}}{2d(dx+f+c)} + \frac{fae^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{fae^{fx+e}}{2d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fae^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-fx-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*f*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*a/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*f*a/d^2*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*a/d^2*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-2ad \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad - ((adf x + acf) \text{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (adf x + acf) \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + (adf x + acf) \text{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (adf x + acf) \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)}{2(d^3 x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(2*a*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d - ((a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a}{d^2x + cd}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*a*(e^{(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)} + e^{(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)} - a/(d^2*x + c*d)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 631 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{\left((dx + c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) - de + cf}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{de - cf}{d} \right)} - de f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)}{d} \right)}{(dx + c)d^4 \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)} \right) - \frac{a}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*a*(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d
*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*
f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((
d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) -
d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*f^2*e^(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/
(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f) - ((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^
2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-
d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c)
- c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-d*e - c*f)/d) + d*f^2*e^(-d*x +
c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x
+ c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f)) - a/((d*x + c)*d)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left(e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) c^2 + e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) cdx + 2e^e x + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{fx} c^2 + 2e^{fx} cdx + e^{fx} d^2 x^2} dx \right) c^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{fx} c^2 + 2e^{fx} cdx + e^{fx} d^2 x^2} dx \right) cdx \right)}{2e^e c(dx + c)}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `(a*(e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + 2*e**e*x + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x)/(2*e**e*c*(c + d*x))`

3.104 $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	812
Mathematica [A] (verified)	812
Rubi [A] (verified)	813
Maple [B] (verified)	814
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	815
Sympy [F(-1)]	815
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	816
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	816
Mupad [F(-1)]	817
Reduce [F]	817

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{af^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{af \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{af^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*a*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*a*f^2*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*
Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3-1/2*a*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*a*f^2*sinh(-e+c*f/d)
)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{a \left(f^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) - \frac{d(d+d \cosh(e+fx)+f(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx))}{(c+dx)^2} + f^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \right)}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(a*(f^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - (d*(d + d*Cosh[e + f*x] + f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)))/(2*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{a}{(c + dx)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{af^2 \text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{af^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{af \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*a/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (a*f^2*Cosh
[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3) - (a*f*Sinh[e + f*x])/(
2*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (a*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(
2*d^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sinh[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{2d(dx+c)^2} + \frac{f^3 a e^{-fx-e} x}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a e^{-fx-e} c}{4d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a e^{-fx-e}}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}}}{e}$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/4*f^3*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*x+1/4*f^3*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d^2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c-1/4*f^2*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)-1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2-1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2ad^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad^2 - ((ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + (ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right))}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*a*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d^2 - ((a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(a*d^2*f*x + a*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e) + ((a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 1/2*a/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{ad^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + ad^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + 2 acdf^2 x \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + 2 acdf^2 x \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + a^2 c^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + a^2 c^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} - a^2 d^2 f x e^{(fx + e)} + a^2 d^2 f x e^{(-fx - e)} - a^2 c d f e^{(fx + e)} + a^2 c d f e^{(-fx - e)} - a^2 d^2 e^{(fx + e)} - a^2 d^2 e^{(-fx - e)} - 2 a^2 d^2}{(d^5 x^2 + 2 c d^4 x + c^2 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + a*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + a*c^2*f^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + a*c^2*f^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) - a*d^2*f*x*e^(f*x + e) + a*d^2*f*x*e^(-f*x - e) - a*c*d*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*c*d*f*e^(-f*x - e) - a*d^2*e^(f*x + e) - a*d^2*e^(-f*x - e) - 2*a*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left(e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) c^2 d + 2e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) c d^2 x + e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) \right)}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `(a*(e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x)*c**2*d + 2*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x)*c*d**2*x + e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x)*d**3*x**2 - e**e + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3), x)*c**2*d + 2*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3), x)*c*d**2*x + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3), x)*d**3*x**2)/(2*e**e*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

3.105 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	819
Rubi [A] (verified)	819
Maple [A] (verified)	821
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	821
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	822
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	823
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	825
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	826
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	826

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 224

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{3a^2 d(c + dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{3a^2 (c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{12a^2 d^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{6a^2 d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{3a^2 d^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{8f^4} - \frac{3a^2 d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{12a^2 d^2 (c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2a^2 (c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad + \frac{3a^2 d^2 (c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

3/8*a^2*d*(d*x+c)^2/f^2+3/8*a^2*(d*x+c)^4/d-12*a^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-6*a
^2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-3/8*a^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^4-3/4*a^2*d*(d*
x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+12*a^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a^2*(d*x+c)^
3*sinh(f*x+e)/f+3/4*a^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*a^2*(d
*x+c)^3*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(-96d(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \cosh(e + fx) - 3d(2c^2f^2 + 4cdf^2x + d^2(1 + 2f^2x^2)) \cosh(2(e +$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(-96*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x] - 3*d*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(1 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*(3*f^3*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 16*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x] + (c + d*x)*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(3 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]))/(16*f^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{12a^2d^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} + \frac{3a^2d^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{4f^3} - \frac{3a^2d(c+dx)^2\cosh^2(e+fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{6a^2d(c+dx)^2\cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{3a^2d(c+dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{3a^2(c+dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3a^2d^3\cosh^2(e+fx)}{8f^4} - \frac{12a^2d^3\cosh(e+fx)}{f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(3*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2)/(8*f^2) + (3*a^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(8*d) - (12*a^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (6*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (3*a^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(8*f^4) - (3*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (12*a^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*a^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left((dx+c) \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{3d^2}{2} \right) f \sinh(2fx+2e) - \frac{3d \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2} \right) \cosh(2fx+2e)}{2} + 8(dx+c) \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 6d^2 \right) f \sinh(fx+e) \right)}{4f^4}$
risc	$\frac{3a^2 d^3 x^4}{8} + \frac{3a^2 d^2 c x^3}{2} + \frac{9a^2 d c^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{3a^2 c^3 x}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c^4}{8d} + \frac{a^2 (4d^3 x^3 f^3 + 12c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12c^2 d f^3 x - 6d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4c^3 f^2 x - 3c^4)}{32d^3}$
parts	Expression too large to display
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
oring	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4} * ((d*x+c) * ((d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + 3/2 * d^2) * f * \sinh(2*f*x+2*e) - 3/2 * d * ((d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + 1/2 * d^2) * \cosh(2*f*x+2*e) + 8 * (d*x+c) * ((d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + 6 * d^2) * f * \sinh(f*x+e) - 4 * d * ((d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + 2 * d^2) * \cosh(f*x+e) + (6 * d^2 * c * x^3 + 9 * x^2 * c^2 * d + 3/2 * d^3 * x^4 + 6 * x * c^3) * f^4 - 45/2 * c^2 * d * f^2 - 189/4 * d^3) * a^2 / f^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a^2 d^3 f^4 x^4 + 24 a^2 c d^2 f^4 x^3 + 36 a^2 c^2 d f^4 x^2 + 24 a^2 c^3 f^4 x - 3 (2 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + a^2 d^3)}{4 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/16*(6*a^2*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 36*a^2*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 24
*a^2*c^3*f^4*x - 3*(2*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*d*f^
2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(2*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x +
2*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 96*(a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c
*d^2*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(8*a^2*d^3*f^3*x
^3 + 24*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 8*a^2*c^3*f^3 + 48*a^2*c*d^2*f + 24*(a^2*c^2*d
*f^3 + 2*a^2*d^3*f)*x + (2*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 2*a^2*c
^3*f^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f + 3*(2*a^2*c^2*d*f^3 + a^2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e))
*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 779 vs. $2(228) = 456$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a**2*c**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**3*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/
2 + a**2*c**3*x + a**2*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c**
3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*
x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e +
f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 6*a**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c**2*d
*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 6*a**2*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - a**2*c*d**
2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d
**2*x**3 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 6*a**2*c
*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 3
*a**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 12*a**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/
f**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) + 12*a**2*c*d**2
*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - a**2*d**3*x**4*sinh(e + f*x)**2/8 + a**2*d**3*x**4*c
osh(e + f*x)**2/8 + a**2*d**3*x**4/4 + a**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e
+ f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*d**3*x**2*sinh(e
+ f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 3*a**2*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 6*a**2*
d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 3*a**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(
4*f**3) + 12*a**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 3*a**2*d**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2
/(8*f**4) - 12*a**2*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**
2*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 dx^2 \\
&+ \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{2e} - e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 c^2 d \\
&+ \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{2e} - 2fxe^{2e} + e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^3} \right) a^2 cd^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4f^3x^3e^{2e} - 6f^2x^2e^{2e} + 6fxe^{2e} - 3e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^4} - \frac{(4f^3x^3 + 6f^2x^2 + 6fx + 3)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^4} \right) \\
&+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx + 2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^3 x \\
&+ 3a^2 c^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^2} \right) \\
&+ 3a^2 cd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{fx}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^3} \right) \\
&+ a^2 d^3 \left(\frac{(f^3x^3e^e - 3f^2x^2e^e + 6fxe^e - 6e^e)e^{fx}}{f^4} - \frac{(f^3x^3 + 3f^2x^2 + 6fx + 6)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^4} \right) \\
&+ \frac{2a^2 c^3 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x
*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*
c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2
*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*a^2*c*d^2 + 1/
32*(4*x^4 + (4*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) - 6*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) + 6*f*x*e^(2*e) - 3*e^(
2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^4 - (4*f^3*x^3 + 6*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)
/f^4)*a^2*d^3 + 1/8*a^2*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f)
+ a^2*c^3*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*
x - e)/f^2) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 -
(f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a^2*d^3*((f^3*x^3*e^e - 3*f^2*x
^2*e^e + 6*f*x*e^e - 6*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^4 - (f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 6
)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4) + 2*a^2*c^3*sinh(f*x + e)/f

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 577 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{8} a^2 d^3 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{(4 a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x - 6 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 f^3 - 12 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x - 6 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 f - 3 a^2 d^3)}{32 f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x - 3 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + a^2 c^3 f^3 - 6 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x - 3 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 f - 3 a^2 d^3)}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x + 3 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + a^2 c^3 f^3 + 6 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 f - 3 a^2 d^3)}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(4 a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x + 6 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 f^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 6 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 f - 3 a^2 d^3)}{32 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*a^2*d^3*x^4 + 3/2*a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 9/4*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c^3*x + 1/32*(4*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 6*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*f^3 - 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x - 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f - 3*a^2*d^3)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^4 + (a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a^2*c^3*f^3 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f - 6*a^2*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - (a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a^2*c^3*f^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f + 6*a^2*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4 - 1/32*(4*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 6*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*f^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f + 3*a^2*d^3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 c^3 f^3 \sinh(e + fx) - \frac{3 a^2 d^3 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{2} - 96 a^2 d^3 \cosh(e + fx) + 12 a^2 c^3 f^4 x + 2 a^2 c^3 f^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^4}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`output

```
(16*a^2*c^3*f^3*sinh(e + f*x) - (3*a^2*d^3*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/2 - 96*a^2*d^3*cosh(e + f*x) + 12*a^2*c^3*f^4*x + 2*a^2*c^3*f^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 3*a^2*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 96*a^2*c*d^2*f*sinh(e + f*x) + 96*a^2*d^3*f*x*sinh(e + f*x) - 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 2*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) - 48*a^2*c^2*d*f^2*cosh(e + f*x) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 3*a^2*d^3*f*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) - 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 18*a^2*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 - 48*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2*cosh(e + f*x) + 16*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x) - 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 48*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*sinh(e + f*x) + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) - 96*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*sinh(e + f*x))/(8*f^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 (-6e^{4fx+4e} c^2 d f^2 + 6e^{4fx+4e} c d^2 f + 4e^{4fx+4e} d^3 f^3 x^3 - 6e^{4fx+4e} d^3 f^2 x^2 + 6e^{4fx+4e} d^3 f x - 96e^{3fx+3e} c^2 d)}{8 f^4}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(a**2*(4*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c**3*f**3 + 12*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c**2*d*f**3*x -
6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c**2*d*f**2 + 12*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 12
*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c*d**2*f**2*x + 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c*d**2*f + 4*e**(4*e
+ 4*f*x)*d**3*f**3*x**3 - 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*d**3*f**2*x**2 + 6*e**(4*e +
4*f*x)*d**3*f*x - 3*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*d**3 + 32*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**3*f**3
+ 96*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**2*d*f**3*x - 96*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**2*d*f**2 + 96
*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 192*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d**2*f**2*x +
192*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d**2*f + 32*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**3*f**3*x**3 - 96*e*
*(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**3*f**2*x**2 + 192*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**3*f*x - 192*e**(3*
e + 3*f*x)*d**3 + 48*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3*f**4*x + 72*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*
**2*d*f**4*x**2 + 48*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*f**4*x**3 + 12*e**(2*e + 2*f*x
)*d**3*f**4*x**4 - 32*e**(e + f*x)*c**3*f**3 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*c**2*d*f**3
*x - 96*e**(e + f*x)*c**2*d*f**2 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 192*
e**(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f**2*x - 192*e**(e + f*x)*c*d**2*f - 32*e**(e + f*x)*d
**3*f**3*x**3 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*d**3*f**2*x**2 - 192*e**(e + f*x)*d**3*f*x
- 192*e**(e + f*x)*d**3 - 4*c**3*f**3 - 12*c**2*d*f**3*x - 6*c**2*d*f**2
- 12*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 12*c*d**2*f**2*x - 6*c*d**2*f - 4*d**3*f**3*x**3 -
6*d**3*f**2*x**2 - 6*d**3*f*x - 3*d**3))/(32*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*f**4)
```

3.106 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	828
Mathematica [A] (verified)	829
Rubi [A] (verified)	829
Maple [A] (verified)	831
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	831
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	832
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	833
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	834
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	834
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	835

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 x}{4f^2} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^3}{2d} - \frac{4a^2 d (c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{a^2 d (c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{4a^2 d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2a^2 (c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 d^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
1/4*a^2*d^2*x/f^2+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^3/d-4*a^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/2*a^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+4*a^2*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a^2*d^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(12c^2 f^3 x + 12cdf^3 x^2 + 4d^2 f^3 x^3 - 32df(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) - 2df(c + dx) \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 32d^2 \sinh(e + fx) - 2d^2 f \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 16d^2 f^2 \sinh(e + fx) + 16d^2 f^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx) + d^2 \sinh(2(e + fx)) + 2c^2 f^2 \sinh(2(e + fx)) + 4c d f^2 x \sinh(2(e + fx)) + 2d^2 f^2 x^2 \sinh(2(e + fx)))}{(8f^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(12*c^2*f^3*x + 12*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 4*d^2*f^3*x^3 - 32*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 32*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + 16*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + 32*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e + f*x] + 16*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + d^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]))/(8*f^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{a^2 d(c+dx) \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2f^2} - \frac{4a^2 d(c+dx) \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \\
& \frac{a^2(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{a^2(c+dx)^3}{2d} + \frac{4a^2 d^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} + \\
& \frac{a^2 d^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{a^2 d^2 x}{4f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*d^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(2*d) - (4*a^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (a^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f^2) + (4*a^2*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (a^2*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left(\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2}\right) \sinh(2fx+2e) - df(dx+c) \cosh(2fx+2e) + 8\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2\right) \sinh(fx+e) + 6\left(-\frac{8d(dx+c)}{3} \cosh(fx+e)\right)\right)}{4f^3}$
risc	$\frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{2} + \frac{3a^2 dc x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^3}{2d} + \frac{a^2(2d^2 x^2 f^2 + 4cd f^2 x + 2c^2 f^2 - 2d^2 fx - 2cdf + d^2)e^{2fx+2e}}{16f^3} + \frac{a^2(d^2 x^2 + \dots)}{f^2}$
parts	$\frac{a^2(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \dots$
derivativdivides	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2 ((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} + \dots$
default	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2 ((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} + \dots$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(((d*x+c)^2*f^2+1/2*d^2)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-d*f*(d*x+c)*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+8
*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+6*(-8/3*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)+x*(1/3*x^
2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2+17/6*c*d)*f)*a^2/f^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 a^2 d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6 a^2 c d f^3 x^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 f^3 x - (a^2 d^2 f x + a^2 c d f) \cosh(fx + e)^2 - (a^2 d^2 f x + a^2 c d f) \sinh(fx + e)}{f^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
1/4*(2*a^2*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*f^3*x - (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*(a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + (8*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 16*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 8*a^2*c^2*f^2 + 16*a^2*d^2 + (2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 + a^2*d^2)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. $2(163) = 326$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 c^2 x \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^2 x \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{a^2 c^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 c^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 c dx^2 \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a)^2 \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a**2*c**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**2*x + a**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*c*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/f + 4*a**2*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*c*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(2*f**2) - 4*a**2*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - a**2*d**2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/6 + a**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/6 + a**2*d**2*x**3/3 + a**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - a**2*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 4*a**2*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) + 4*a**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**2*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 c d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{(2e)} - 2fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^3} \right) a^2 d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^2 x$$

$$+ 2a^2 c d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ a^2 d^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2c^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(
2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(
2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2
+ 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*a^2*d^2 + 1/8*a^2*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*f*x +
2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(
f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + a^2*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e
+ 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + 2*a^2*c^
2*sinh(f*x + e)/f
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{(2 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 f^2 - 2 a^2 d^2 f x - 2 a^2 c d f + a^2 d^2) e^{(2 f x + 2 e)}}{16 f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 - 2 a^2 d^2 f x - 2 a^2 c d f + 2 a^2 d^2) e^{(f x + e)}}{f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 + 2 a^2 d^2 f x + 2 a^2 c d f + 2 a^2 d^2) e^{(-f x - e)}}{f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(2 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 f^2 + 2 a^2 d^2 f x + 2 a^2 c d f + a^2 d^2) e^{(-2 f x - 2 e)}}{16 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x - 2*a^2*c*d*f + a^2*d^2)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^3 + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x - 2*a^2*c*d*f + 2*a^2*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x + 2*a^2*c*d*f + 2*a^2*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3 - 1/16*(2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x + 2*a^2*c*d*f + a^2*d^2)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 d^2 \sinh(e + fx) + \frac{a^2 d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{2} + 8 a^2 c^2 f^2 \sinh(e + fx) + 6 a^2 c^2 f^3 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{16 f^3}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output
$$\frac{(16a^2d^2\sinh(e + fx) + (a^2d^2\sinh(2e + 2fx))/2 + 8a^2c^2f^2\sinh(e + fx) + 6a^2c^2f^3x + a^2c^2f^2\sinh(2e + 2fx) + 2a^2d^2f^3x^3 - a^2c*d*f*\cosh(2e + 2fx) - 16a^2d^2f*x*\cosh(e + fx) + a^2d^2f^2*x^2*\sinh(2e + 2fx) + 6a^2c*d*f^3*x^2 - a^2d^2f*x*\cosh(2e + 2fx) - 16a^2c*d*f*\cosh(e + fx) + 8a^2d^2f^2*x^2*\sinh(e + fx) + 16a^2c*d*f^2*x*\sinh(e + fx) + 2a^2c*d*f^2*x*\sinh(2e + 2fx))/(4f^3)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 (e^{4fx+4e} d^2 + 32e^{3fx+3e} d^2 - 32e^{fx+e} d^2 - 2c^2 f^2 - d^2 + 4e^{4fx+4e} cd f^2 x + 32e^{3fx+3e} cd f^2 x + 24e^{2fx+2e} cd^2)}{4f^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output
$$\frac{(a^2*(2e^{4e+4fx})c^2f^2 + 4e^{4e+4fx}c*d*f^2*x - 2e^{4e+4fx}c*d*f + 2e^{4e+4fx}d^2*f^2*x^2 - 2e^{4e+4fx}d^2*f*x + e^{4e+4fx}d^2 + 16e^{3e+3fx}c^2f^2 + 32e^{3e+3fx}c*d*f^2*x - 32e^{3e+3fx}c*d*f + 16e^{3e+3fx}d^2*f^2*x^2 - 32e^{3e+3fx}d^2*f*x + 32e^{3e+3fx}d^2*x^2 + 24e^{2e+2fx}c^2f^3*x + 24e^{2e+2fx}c*d*f^3*x^2 + 8e^{2e+2fx}d^2*f^3*x^3 - 16e^{e+fx}c^2f^2 - 32e^{e+fx}c*d*f^2*x - 32e^{e+fx}c*d*f - 16e^{e+fx}d^2*f^2*x^2 - 32e^{e+fx}d^2*f*x - 32e^{e+fx}d^2 - 2c^2f^2 - 4c*d*f^2*x - 2c*d*f - 2d^2*f^2*x^2 - 2d^2*f*x - d^2))/(16e^{2e+2fx}f^3)}$$

3.107 $\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	836
Mathematica [A] (verified)	836
Rubi [A] (verified)	837
Maple [A] (verified)	838
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	839
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	839
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	840
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	840
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	841
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{2a^2d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{a^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
3/4*a^2*(d*x+c)^2/d-2*a^2*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/4*a^2*d*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+2*a^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(-6(e + fx)(-2cf + d(e - fx)) - 16d \cosh(e + fx) - d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 16f(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{8f^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(-6*(e + f*x)*(-2*c*f + d*(e - f*x)) - 16*d*Cosh[e + f*x] - d*Cosh[2*
(e + f*x)] + 16*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x] + 2*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)
]))/(8*f^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{a^2 d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{2a^2 d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d) - (2*a^2*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (a^2*d*Cosh[e +
f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (a^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[
e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a^2 d f^2 x^2 + 12 a^2 c f^2 x - a^2 d \cosh(fx + e)^2 - a^2 d \sinh(fx + e)^2 - 16 a^2 d \cosh(fx + e) + 4(4 a^2 d f x + 4 a^2 c)}{8 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(6*a^2*d*f^2*x^2 + 12*a^2*c*f^2*x - a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - a^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(4*a^2*d*f*x + 4*a^2*c*f + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 c x \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 c x \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + a^2 c x + \frac{a^2 c \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 c \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 d x^2 \sinh^2(e+fx)}{4} + a^2 d x^2 \\ (a \cosh(e) + a)^2 \left(c x + \frac{d x^2}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2*c*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*x + a**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + a**2*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + a**2*d*x**2/2 + a**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 2*a**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**2*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 cx$$

$$+ a^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2a^2 c \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*d + 1/8*a^2*c*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c*x + a^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 2*a^2*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{4} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 cx$$

$$+ \frac{(2a^2 d fx + 2a^2 c f - a^2 d)e^{(2fx+2e)}}{16 f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 d fx + a^2 c f - a^2 d)e^{(fx+e)}}{f^2}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 d fx + a^2 c f + a^2 d)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2}$$

$$- \frac{(2a^2 d fx + 2a^2 c f + a^2 d)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{16 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
3/4*a^2*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c*x + 1/16*(2*a^2*d*f*x + 2*a^2*c*f - a^2*d)*e^(2*
f*x + 2*e)/f^2 + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f - a^2*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - (a^2*d*f*
x + a^2*c*f + a^2*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2 - 1/16*(2*a^2*d*f*x + 2*a^2*c*f + a^
2*d)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2 dx^2}{4} + \frac{3a^2 cx}{2} - \frac{a^2 d \cosh(e + fx)^2}{4f^2} - \frac{2a^2 d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2 c \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 c \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 dx \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 dx \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
(3*a^2*d*x^2)/4 + (3*a^2*c*x)/2 - (a^2*d*cosh(e + f*x)^2)/(4*f^2) - (2*a^2
*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a^2*c*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (a^2*c*cosh(e + f*x)*s
inh(e + f*x))/(2*f) + (2*a^2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (a^2*d*x*cosh(e + f*x)
*sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(2e^{4fx+4e}cf + 2e^{4fx+4e}dfx - e^{4fx+4e}d + 16e^{3fx+3e}cf + 16e^{3fx+3e}dfx - 16e^{3fx+3e}d + 24e^{2fx+2e}cf^2x + 16e^{2fx+2e}f^2)}{16e^{2fx+2e}f^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `(a**2*(2*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*c*f + 2*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*d*f*x - e**(4*e + 4*f*x)
)*d + 16*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*f + 16*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d*f*x - 16*e**(3*e + 3
*f*x)*d + 24*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*f**2*x + 12*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*f**2*x**2 -
16*e**(e + f*x)*c*f - 16*e**(e + f*x)*d*f*x - 16*e**(e + f*x)*d - 2*c*f -
2*d*f*x - d))/(16*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*f**2)`

3.108 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	843
Mathematica [A] (verified)	844
Rubi [A] (verified)	844
Maple [A] (verified)	846
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	846
Sympy [F]	847
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	848
Mupad [F(-1)]	848
Reduce [F]	849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2a^2 \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cosh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sinh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d}$$

output

```
2*a^2*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d+1/2*a^2*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d+3/2*a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-2*a^2*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d-1/2*a^2*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(4 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3 \log(c + dx) + 4 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(4*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*Log[c + d*x] + 4*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*ShiIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3793

$$4a^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e + fx)}{2(c + dx)} + \frac{\cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8(c + dx)} + \frac{3}{8(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$4a^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\text{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} + \frac{\sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `4*a^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d) + (3*Log[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3799

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))
+ f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a^2 e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\frac{fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{a^2 e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\frac{-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{2d} - \frac{a^2 e^{-\frac{2(cf-de)}{d}} \exp\left(\frac{2(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d})}{d}\right)}{d}$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-a^2/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-a^2/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei
(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)+3/2*a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/4*a^2/d*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*E
i(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*a^2/d*exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+
2*(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^2 \log(dx + c) + 4\left(a^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + a^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + \left(a^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) + a^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*(6*a^2*log(d*x + c) + 4*(a^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + (a^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*(a^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - (a^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/d
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{1}{c + dx} dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(1/(c + d*x), x))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \log(dx + c)}{d} \right) - a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
-1/4*a^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(2*e
- 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*log(d*x + c)/d - a^
2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_i
ntegral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a^2*log(d*x + c)/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(df x + cf)}{d}\right) e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} + 4a^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{df x + cf}{d}\right) e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} + 4a^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{df x + cf}{d}\right) e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} + a^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(df x + cf)}{d}\right) e^{-2e + \frac{2cf}{d}} + 6a^2 \log(d x + c)}{4d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(a^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/
d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + a^2*Ei(-2*(
d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 6*a^2*log(d*x + c))/d
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(2 \left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)}{dx+c} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)^2}{dx+c} dx \right) d + \log(dx + c) \right)}{d}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x)`

output `(a**2*(2*int(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x),x)*d + int(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c + d*x),x)*d + log(c + d*x)))/d`

3.109 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	850
Mathematica [A] (verified)	851
Rubi [C] (verified)	851
Maple [A] (verified)	853
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	854
Sympy [F]	854
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	855
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	855
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	857

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{4a^2 \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2a^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2a^2 f \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2} + \frac{a^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-4*a^2*cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^4/d/(d*x+c)-a^2*f*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^2-2*a^2*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2+2*a^2*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2+a^2*f*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(-3d - 4d \cosh(e + fx) - d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 2f(c + dx) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) + 4f(c + dx) \right)}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(-3*d - 4*d*Cosh[e + f*x] - d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d] + 4*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d] + 4*c*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*d*f*x*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 2*c*f*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2*d*f*x*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(2*d^2*(c + d*x))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{2if \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(e+fx)}{4(c+dx)} - \frac{i \sinh(2e+2fx)}{8(c+dx)} \right) dx}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{2if \left(-\frac{i \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{i \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{4d} \right)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `4*a^2*(-(Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^4/(d*(c + d*x))) + ((2*I)*f*(((1/8*I)*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d])/d - ((I/4)*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d - ((I/4)*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d - ((I/8)*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d))/d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_) , x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 3799

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_.) , x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
risch	$-\frac{f a^2 e^{-f x - e}}{d(dx f + cf)} + \frac{f a^2 e^{\frac{cf - de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(fx + e + \frac{cf - de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{f a^2 e^{f x + e}}{d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)} - \frac{f a^2 e^{-\frac{cf - de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-fx - e - \frac{cf - de}{d}\right)}{d^2}$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-f*a^2*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+f*a^2/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-f*a^2/d^2*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-f*a^2/d^2*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-3/2*a^2/d/(d*x+c)-1/4*f*a^2*exp(-2*f*x-2*e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*a^2/d^2*exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f*a^2/d^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*a^2/d^2*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{a^2 d \cosh^2(fx + e) + a^2 d \sinh^2(fx + e) + 4a^2 d \cosh(fx + e) + 3a^2 d - 2((a^2 dfx + a^2 cf) \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}))}{(d^3 x^2 + c^2 d^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*a^2*d - 2*((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - ((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{1}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(1/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{2}{d^2x + cd} \right)$$

$$- a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{d^2x + cd}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + 2/(d^2*x + c*d) - a^2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)) - a^2/(d^2*x + c*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1134 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1134, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.22

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(2*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x +
c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d)
- 2*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c
) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*(d*x + c)*a
^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) -
c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(((
d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f
)/d) + 4*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x +
c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*
f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c
*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(-((d
*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f
)/d) - 2*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x
+ c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f
)/d) + 2*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(
d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - a^2*d
*f^2*e^(2*(d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d) - 4*a^2*d*f^...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) c^2 + e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) cdx + 4e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) c^2 + 4e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) cdx \right)}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(a**2*(e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*x + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*x + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x + 6*e**e*x + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2 + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*x))/(4*e**e*c*(c + d*x))`

3.110 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	858
Mathematica [A] (verified)	859
Rubi [A] (verified)	859
Maple [B] (verified)	862
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	862
Sympy [F]	863
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	864
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	864
Mupad [F(-1)]	865
Reduce [F]	865

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{2a^2 \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{a^2 f^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{4a^2 f \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^4/d/(d*x+c)^2+a^2*f^2*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+
f*x)/d^3+a^2*f^2*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^3-4*a^2*f*cosh(1/
2*f*x+1/2*e)^3*sinh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/d^2/(d*x+c)-a^2*f^2*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(
c*f/d+f*x)/d^3-a^2*f^2*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(-3d^2 - 4d^2 \cosh(e + fx) - d^2 \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 4f^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + 4f^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \right)}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

```
(a^2*(-3*d^2 - 4*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x] - d^2*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*c*d*f*Sinh[e + f*x] - 4*d^2*f*x*Sinh[e + f*x] - 2*c*d*f*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] - 2*d^2*f*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 8*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 8*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 4*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(4*d^3*(c + d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3795, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3799} \\
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3795} \\
& 4a^2 \left(\frac{2f^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{3f^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e+fx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c+dx)} \right) dx}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e+fx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{\cosh(2e+2fx)}{8(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{8(c+dx)} \right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} \right)}{2d^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

```
4*a^2*(-1/2*Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^4/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (f*Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^3*Sinh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) - (3*f^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d)))/(2*d^2) + (2*f^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d) + (3*Log[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d)))/d^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

rule 3799

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sine[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 618, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{f^3 a^2 e^{-fx-e} x}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a^2 e^{-fx-e} c}{2d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a^2 e^{-fx-e}}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a^2 e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1(fx+e)}{2d^3}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} f^3 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{2} f^3 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) c - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp((cf-d)e/d) \operatorname{Ei}(1, fx+e+(cf-d)e/d) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(fx+e) / (cf/d+fx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(fx+e) / (cf/d+fx) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(-(cf-d)e/d) \operatorname{Ei}(1, -fx-e-(cf-d)e/d) \\ & - \frac{3}{4} a^2 / d / (d*x+c)^2 + \frac{1}{4} f^3 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{4} f^3 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) c \\ & - \frac{1}{8} f^2 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2*(cf-d)e/d) \operatorname{Ei}(1, 2fx+2e+2*(cf-d)e/d) \\ & - \frac{1}{8} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2fx+2e) / (cf/d+fx)^2 - \frac{1}{4} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2fx+2e) / (cf/d+fx) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(-2*(cf-d)e/d) \operatorname{Ei}(1, -2fx-2e-2*(cf-d)e/d) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 596 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 \cosh(fx + e)^2 + a^2 d^2 \sinh(fx + e)^2 + 4 a^2 d^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 3 a^2 d^2 - 2((a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2))}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/4*(a^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a^2*d^2*cosh(f
*x + e) + 3*a^2*d^2 - 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)
*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*E
i(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*
d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*
d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*
(a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f + (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f
*x + e) + 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x +
c*f)/d) - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x +
c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^
2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^
2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*
d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{1}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x
**3), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 +
d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(1/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3
), x))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{1}{d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d} + \frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right)$$

$$- a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^2*(1/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) + e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - a^2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - 1/2*a^2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 682 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*d^2
*f^2*x^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-(d*f*x
+ c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*
e + 2*c*f/d) + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 8
*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-(d*
f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-
2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4
*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(-(d*f*x
+ c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e +
2*c*f/d) - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^(f*x + e) + 4*a
^2*d^2*f*x*e^(-f*x - e) + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - 2*a^2*c*d*f*e^(
2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a^2*c*d*f*e^(f*x + e) + 4*a^2*c*d*f*e^(-f*x - e) + 2*a^2*
c*d*f*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - a^2*d^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a^2*d^2*e^(f*x + e) -
4*a^2*d^2*e^(-f*x - e) - a^2*d^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - 6*a^2*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 +
2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) c^2 d + 2e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) c d^2 x + e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) \right)}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3}$$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
(a**2*(e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*c**2*d + 2*e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*c*d**2*x + e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2 + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*c**2*d + 8*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*c*d**2*x + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2 + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*c**2*d + 2*e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*c*d**2*x + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2 - 3*e**e + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*c**2*d + 8*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*c*d**2*x + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*d**3*x**2))/(4*e**e*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.111 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	867
Mathematica [A] (verified)	868
Rubi [C] (verified)	868
Maple [B] (verified)	872
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	872
Sympy [F]	873
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	874
Giac [F]	874
Mupad [F(-1)]	875
Reduce [F]	875

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3}{af} - \frac{6d(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{af^2} - \frac{12d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{af^3} + \frac{12d^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{af^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{af}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^3/a/f-6*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a/f^2-12*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(
2,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3+12*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^4+(d*x+c)^3*tanh(1/
2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-\frac{6de^e \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(\frac{e^{-e}(c+dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{(1+e^{-e})(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{-e-fx})}{f} - \frac{2de^{-e}(1+e^e)(f(c+dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{-e-fx}\right)}{f^3} \right)}{1+e^e} \right)}{af(1 + \cosh(e + fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-6*d*E^e*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((c + d*x)^3/(3*d*E^e) + ((1 + E^(-e))*(c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)])/f - (2*d*(1 + E^e)*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f*x)] + d*PolyLog[3, -E^(-e - f*x)])))/(E^e*f^3)))/(1 + E^e) + (c + d*x)^3*Sech[e/2]*Sinh[(f*x)/2]))/(a*f*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int (c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4201} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx} (c+dx)^2}{1+e^{e+fx}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f}\right)}{f}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d}\right)}{f}}{2a}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{2a} - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d}$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{2a} - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((6*I)*d*(((1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]))/f - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -E^(e + f*x)])/f^2))/f))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4201 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2+3c^2dx+c^3)}{fa(e^{fx+e}+1)} + \frac{6dc^2\ln(e^{fx+e})}{af^2} - \frac{6dc^2\ln(e^{fx+e}+1)}{af^2} + \frac{6d^2cx^2}{af} + \frac{6d^2ce^2}{af^3} - \frac{12d^2c\ln(e^{fx+e}+1)x}{af^2} - \dots$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/f*(d^3*x^3+3*c*d^2*x^2+3*c^2*d*x+c^3)/a/(exp(f*x+e)+1)+6/a/f^2*d*c^2*\ln \\ & (exp(f*x+e))-6/a/f^2*d*c^2*\ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)+6/a/f*d^2*c*x^2+6/a/f^3*d^2*c* \\ & e^2-12/a/f^2*d^2*c*\ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x-12/a/f^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e) \\ &)-12/a/f^3*d^2*c*e*\ln(exp(f*x+e))+12/a/f^2*d^2*c*e*x+2/a/f*d^3*x^3-4/a/f^4 \\ & *d^3*e^3-6/a/f^2*d^3*\ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x^2+12*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a/ \\ & f^4-12/a/f^3*d^3*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))*x+6/a/f^4*d^3*e^2*\ln(exp(f*x+e))-6 \\ & /a/f^3*d^3*e^2*x \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a\cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d^3e^3 - 3cd^2e^2f + 3c^2def^2 - c^3f^3 + (d^3f^3x^3 + 3cd^2f^3x^2 + 3c^2df^3x + d^3e^3 - 3cd^2e^2f + 3c^2def^2) \cosh(e+fx) + \dots}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

2*(d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - c^3*f^3 + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*
d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*f^3*x + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2)*cos
h(f*x + e) - 6*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + (d
^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*sinh(f*x + e))*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) - 3
*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x +
c^2*d*f^2)*cosh(f*x + e) + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2)*sinh
(f*x + e))*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + 6*(d^3*cosh(f*x + e) +
d^3*sinh(f*x + e) + d^3)*polylog(3, -cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) + (d^
3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*f^3*x + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*
c^2*d*e*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e))/(a*f^4*cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^4*sinh(f*x + e) + a
*f^4)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx \\
&= \frac{\int \frac{c^3}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```

(Integral(c**3/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(cosh(e + f*x)
+ 1), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c*
*2*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx \\ &= 6c^2 d \left(\frac{x e^{(fx+e)}}{a f e^{(fx+e)} + a f} - \frac{\log((e^{(fx+e)} + 1)e^{(-e)})}{a f^2} \right) + \frac{2c^3}{(a e^{(-fx-e)} + a) f} \\ & \quad - \frac{2(d^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 x^2)}{a f e^{(fx+e)} + a f} - \frac{12(fx \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) + \text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)})) cd^2}{a f^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{6(f^2 x^2 \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) + 2fx \text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)}) - 2\text{Li}_3(-e^{(fx+e)})) d^3}{a f^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 f^3 x^2)}{a f^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6*c^2*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c^3/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f) - 2*(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - 12*(f*x*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + dilog(-e^(f*x + e)))*c*d^2/(a*f^3) - 6*(f^2*x^2*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*f*x*dilog(-e^(f*x + e)) - 2*polylog(3, -e^(f*x + e)))*d^3/(a*f^4) + 2*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2)/(a*f^4)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

3.112 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	876
Mathematica [A] (verified)	876
Rubi [C] (verified)	877
Maple [B] (verified)	880
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	880
Sympy [F]	881
Maxima [F]	881
Giac [F]	882
Mupad [F(-1)]	882
Reduce [F]	882

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{af} - \frac{4d(c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{af^2} - \frac{4d^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{af^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af}$$

output `(d*x+c)^2/a/f-4*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a/f^2-4*d^2*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3+(d*x+c)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) \left(-\frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) (f(c+dx)(f(c+dx)+2d(1+e^e) \log(1+e^{-e-fx})) - 2d^2(1+e^e) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-e-fx}))}{(1+e^e)f^2} \right) + (c+dx)^2}{af(1+\cosh(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output

```
(2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(f*(c + d*x)*(f*(c + d*x) + 2*
d*(1 + E^e)*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)]) - 2*d^2*(1 + E^e)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f
*x)])))/((1 + E^e)*f^2) + (c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2]*Sinh[(f*x)/2]))/(a*f*(1 + C
osh[e + f*x]))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \sin\left(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{i e}{2} + \frac{i f x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 4201 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{1+e^{e+fx}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 2715 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log(1+e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 2838 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((((4*I)*d*((-1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]))/f + (d*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2)))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_{x_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_{x_}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 2620 $\text{Int}[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^{(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_))}/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])]*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{(e*(c + d*x))})^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3799 $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*a)^n \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*\sin[(1/2)*(e + \text{Pi}*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^{(2*n)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0])$
- rule 4201 $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)*\tan[(e_) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I)*((c + d*x)^{(m+1)}/(d*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(E^{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))}/(1 + E^{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))})), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 4672

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(x^2d^2+2cdx+c^2)}{fa(e^{fx+e}+1)} + \frac{4dc\ln(e^{fx+e})}{af^2} - \frac{4dc\ln(e^{fx+e}+1)}{af^2} + \frac{2d^2x^2}{af} + \frac{4d^2ex}{af^2} + \frac{2d^2e^2}{af^3} - \frac{4d^2\ln(e^{fx+e}+1)x}{af^2} - \frac{4d^2\text{poly}}{af^2}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/f*(d^2*x^2+2*c*d*x+c^2)/a/(exp(f*x+e)+1)+4/a/f^2*d*c*ln(exp(f*x+e))-4/a
/f^2*d*c*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)+2/a/f*d^2*x^2+4/a/f^2*d^2*e*x+2/a/f^3*d^2*e^2-4/
a/f^2*d^2*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x-4*d^2*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3-4/a/f^3*d^
2*e*ln(exp(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2(d^2e^2 - 2cdef + c^2f^2 - (d^2f^2x^2 + 2cdf^2x - d^2e^2 + 2cdef) \cosh(fx + e) + 2(d^2 \cosh(fx + e) + d^2 \sinh(fx + e))}{a^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + c^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 +
2*c*d*e*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + d^2*sinh(f*x + e) + d^2
)*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) + 2*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x +
c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e))*log(cosh(f*x + e)
+ sinh(f*x + e) + 1) - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*s
inh(f*x + e))/(a*f^3*cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^3*sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{c^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
(Integral(c**2/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x)
+ 1), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2*d^2*(x^2/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - 2*integrate(x/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f
), x) + 4*c*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) +
1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c^2/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^{fx+e} \left(\int \frac{x}{e^{2fx+2e} + 2e^{fx+e} + 1} dx \right) d^2 f^2 - 4e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) cdf - 4e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) d^2 + 2e^{fx+e} c^2 f^2}{a}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output

```
(2*(2*e**(e + f*x)*int(x/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 2*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**2*f
**2 - 2*e**(e + f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 2*e**(e + f*x)*log(e**(
e + f*x) + 1)*d**2 + e**(e + f*x)*c**2*f**2 + 2*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*f**2*x +
2*e**(e + f*x)*d**2*f*x + 2*int(x/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 2*e**(e + f*x) + 1),
x)*d**2*f**2 - 2*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 2*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d**
2 - d**2*f**2*x**2))/(a*f**3*(e**(e + f*x) + 1))
```

3.113 $\int \frac{c+dx}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	884
Mathematica [A] (verified)	884
Rubi [A] (verified)	885
Maple [A] (verified)	887
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	887
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	888
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	888
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	889
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	889
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	889

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{2d \log \left(\cosh \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right) \right)}{af^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right)}{af}$$

output

```
-2*d*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a/f^2+(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2 \cosh \left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) \left(-2d \cosh \left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) \log \left(\cosh \left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) \right) + f(c + dx) \sinh \left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) \right)}{af^2(1 + \cosh(e + fx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
(2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(-2*d*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*Log[Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]] + f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[(e + f*x)/2]))/(a*f^2*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2id \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{2a}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b))) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) d + \left((dx+c) \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + dx\right) f}{a f^2}$	47
risch	$\frac{2dx}{af} + \frac{2de}{af^2} - \frac{2(dx+c)}{af(e^{fx+e}+1)} - \frac{2d \ln(e^{fx+e}+1)}{af^2}$	63

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(2*ln(1-tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))*d+((d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)+d*x)*f)/a/f^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dfx \cosh(fx + e) + dfx \sinh(fx + e) - cf - (d \cosh(fx + e) + d \sinh(fx + e) + d) \log(\cosh(fx + e) + \sinh(fx + e) + 1))}{af^2 \cosh(fx + e) + af^2 \sinh(fx + e) + af^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e) + d*f*x*sinh(f*x + e) - c*f - (d*cosh(f*x + e) + d*sinh(f*x + e) + d)*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^2*sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{c \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af} + \frac{dx \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af} - \frac{dx}{af} + \frac{2d \log\left(\tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{af^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}}{a \cosh(e) + a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(a*f) + d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(a*f) - d*x/(a*f) + 2*d*log(tanh(e/2 + f*x/2) + 1)/(a*f**2), Ne(f, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)/(a*cosh(e) + a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = 2d \left(\frac{x e^{(fx+e)}}{a f e^{(fx+e)} + a f} - \frac{\log\left(\left(e^{(fx+e)} + 1\right) e^{(-e)}\right)}{a f^2} \right) + \frac{2c}{(a e^{(-fx-e)} + a) f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dfxe^{(fx+e)} - de^{(fx+e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - cf - d \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1))}{af^2e^{(fx+e)} + af^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(d*f*x*e^(f*x + e) - d*e^(f*x + e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - c*f - d*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a*f^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2 dx}{a f} - \frac{2(c + dx)}{a f (e^{e+fx} + 1)} - \frac{2 d \ln(e^{fx} e^e + 1)}{a f^2}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`output `(2*d*x)/(a*f) - (2*(c + d*x))/(a*f*(exp(e + f*x) + 1)) - (2*d*log(exp(f*x)*exp(e) + 1))/(a*f^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) d + 2e^{fx+e} cf + 2e^{fx+e} dfx - 2 \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) d}{a f^2 (e^{fx+e} + 1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(2*(- e**(e + f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d + e**(e + f*x)*c*f + e**(e + f*x)*d*f*x - log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d))/(a*f**2*(e**(e + f*x) + 1))`

$$3.114 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

Optimal result	891
Mathematica [N/A]	891
Rubi [N/A]	892
Maple [N/A]	892
Fricas [N/A]	893
Sympy [N/A]	893
Maxima [N/A]	893
Giac [N/A]	894
Mupad [N/A]	894
Reduce [N/A]	895

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a + a \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*d*x + a*c + (a*d*x + a*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{c \cosh(e+fx)+c+dx \cosh(e+fx)+dx} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(c*cosh(e + f*x) + c + d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + d*x), x)/a`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2*d*integrate(1/(a*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f*x + a*c^2*f + (a*d^2*f*x^2*e^e +
2*a*c*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^2*f*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x) - 2/(a*d*f*x + a*c*f + (a*d*f
*x*e^e + a*c*f*e^e)*e^(f*x))
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx+e)c + \cosh(fx+e)dx + c + dx} dx}{a}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)*c + cosh(e + f*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)/a`

$$3.115 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

Optimal result	896
Mathematica [N/A]	896
Rubi [N/A]	897
Maple [N/A]	897
Fricas [N/A]	898
Sympy [N/A]	898
Maxima [N/A]	899
Giac [N/A]	899
Mupad [N/A]	900
Reduce [N/A]	900

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + a \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + (a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{c^2 \cosh(e+fx) + c^2 + 2cdx \cosh(e+fx) + 2cdx + d^2x^2 \cosh(e+fx) + d^2x^2} dx$$

$$a$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(c**2*cosh(e + f*x) + c**2 + 2*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x) + d**2*x**2), x)/a`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4*d*integrate(1/(a*d^3*f*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f*x + a*c^3*f + (a*d^3*f*x^3*e^e + 3*a*c*d^2*f*x^2*e^e + 3*a*c^2*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^3*f*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x) - 2/(a*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f*x + a*c^2*f + (a*d^2*f*x^2*e^e + 2*a*c*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^2*f*e^e)*e^(f*x))`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2), x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{e^{2fx+2e}c^2 + 2e^{2fx+2e}cdx + e^{2fx+2e}d^2x^2 + 2e^{fx+e}c^2 + 4e^{fx+e}cdx + 2e^{fx+e}d^2x^2 + c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`output `(2*e**e*int(e**(f*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*x + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*x**2 + 2*e**(e + f*x)*c**2 + 4*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*x + 2*e**(e + f*x)*d**2*x**2 + c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))/a`

3.116 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	901
Mathematica [A] (verified)	902
Rubi [C] (verified)	902
Maple [B] (verified)	907
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	908
Sympy [F]	909
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	910
Giac [F]	910
Mupad [F(-1)]	911
Reduce [F]	911

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a^2 f} - \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^2} + \frac{4d^3 \log(\cosh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}))}{a^2 f^4} - \frac{4d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^3} + \frac{4d^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^4} + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{2a^2 f^2} - \frac{2d^2(c+dx) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{a^2 f^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^3/a^2/f-2*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^2+4*d^3*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a^2/f^4-4*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^3+4*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^4+1/2*d*(d*x+c)^2*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2-2*d^2*(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*(d*x+c)^3*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-\frac{8d \cosh^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) (6d^2 e^e f x - 3c^2 e^e f^3 x + 3cdf^3 x^2 + d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6cdf^2 x \log(1 + e^{-e - fx}) + 6cde^e f^2 x \log(1 + e^{-e - fx}) + \dots}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-8*d*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]^3*(6*d^2*E^e*f*x - 3*c^2*E^e*f^3*x + 3*c*d*f^3*x^2 + d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*c*d*f^2*x*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 6*c*d*E^e*f^2*x*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 3*d^2*f^2*x^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 3*d^2*E^e*f^2*x^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] - 6*d^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] - 6*d^2*E^e*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] + 3*c^2*f^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] + 3*c^2*E^e*f^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] - 6*d*(1 + E^e)*f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f*x)] - 6*d^2*(1 + E^e)*PolyLog[3, -E^(-e - f*x)]))/((1 + E^e)*f) + (c + d*x)*Sech[e/2]*(3*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[(f*x)/2] + 3*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + (f*x)/2] - 12*d^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*c^2*f^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 6*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 6*d^2*Sinh[e + (f*x)/2] - 6*d^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + c^2*f^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + 2*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2]))/(3*a^2*f^3*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \sin (ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{-\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2id \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int (c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 26

$$\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 4201

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2 dx - i(c+dx)^3}{1+e^{e+fx}} - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

$4a^2$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{f} \right)$$

4a

↓ 7143

$$-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right))}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{f} \right)$$

4a²

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f) - (4*d^2*((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/f^2 + (2*((6*I)*d*((-1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]/f - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2))/f)))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/3)/(4*a^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)] / ((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))* (F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3799 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`
- rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

output

```

-2/3*(3*d^3*f^2*x^3*exp(f*x+e)+9*c*d^2*f^2*x^2*exp(f*x+e)+d^3*f^2*x^3-3*d^
3*f*x^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+9*c^2*d*f^2*x*exp(f*x+e)+3*c*d^2*f^2*x^2-6*c*d^2*f*
x*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-3*d^3*f*x^2*exp(f*x+e)+3*c^3*f^2*exp(f*x+e)+3*c^2*d*f^2*x
-3*c^2*d*f*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-6*c*d^2*f*x*exp(f*x+e)-6*d^3*x*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+c^
3*f^2-3*c^2*d*f*exp(f*x+e)-6*c*d^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-12*d^3*x*exp(f*x+e)-12*c
*d^2*exp(f*x+e)-6*d^3*x-6*d^2*c)/f^3/a^2/(exp(f*x+e)+1)^3-4/a^2/f^3*d^3*po
lylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))*x+2/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*e^2-4/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-exp(
f*x+e))+2/3/a^2/f*d^3*x^3+2/a^2/f^2*d*c^2*ln(exp(f*x+e))-2/a^2/f^2*d*c^2*ln
(exp(f*x+e)+1)+2/a^2/f^4*d^3*e^2*ln(exp(f*x+e))-4/3/a^2/f^4*d^3*e^3+4*d^3
*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^4-4/a^2/f^4*d^3*ln(exp(f*x+e))+4/a^2/f^4*d^3
*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)+2/a^2/f*d^2*c*x^2-4/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*e*ln(exp(f*x+e))+4/a^2
/f^2*d^2*c*e*x-4/a^2/f^2*d^2*c*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x-2/a^2/f^3*d^3*e^2*x-2/a^
2/f^2*d^3*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1863 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1863, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.31

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/3*(d^3*e^3 + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - c^3*f^3 - 6*d^3*e + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*
f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3*(c^2*d*f^3
- 2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3
- 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3*(c^2*d*f^3 - 2*d^3*f)*x)*sin
h(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + d^3*e^3 - 6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c^2*d)*f^
2 + (3*c*d^2*f^3 + d^3*f^2)*x^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*f + (3*c^2*d*f^3
+ 2*c*d^2*f^2 - 4*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + d^3*e^3 -
6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c^2*d)*f^2 + (3*c*d^2*f^3 + d^3*f^2)*x^2 - (3*c*d^2
*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*f + (3*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*c*d^2*f^2 - 4*d^3*f)*x + (d^3*f^3*x^3
+ 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3
*(c^2*d*f^3 - 2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e^2 -
2*c*d^2)*f + 3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - c^3*f^3 - 6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c
^2*d)*f^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*c*d^2)*f + 2*(c*d^2*f^2 - d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x
+ e) - 6*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f))*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + (d^3*f
*x + c*d^2*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*
(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c
d^2*f))*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e
))*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) - 3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x
+ c^2*d*f^2 + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 2*d^3)*cosh(f*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{c^3}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{1}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```

(Integral(c**3/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**
3*x**3/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x*
**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(cos
h(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a**2

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 610 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2*c^2*d*((f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + (3*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + e^(f
*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*
e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a^2*f^2) + 2/3*c^
3*(3*e^(-f*x - e)/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-
3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) +
a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f)) - 2/3*(d^3*f^2*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 6*
d^3*x - 6*c*d^2 - 3*(d^3*f*x^2*e^(2*e) + 2*c*d^2*e^(2*e) + 2*(c*d^2*f*e^(2
*e) + d^3*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 3*(d^3*f^2*x^3*e^e - 4*c*d^2*e^e + (3*c*
d^2*f^2*e^e - d^3*f*e^e)*x^2 - 2*(c*d^2*f*e^e + 2*d^3*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x))/(a^
2*f^3*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(f*x + e)
+ a^2*f^3) - 4*(f*x*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + dilog(-e^(f*x + e)))*c*d^2/(a^2
*f^3) - 4*d^3*x/(a^2*f^3) - 2*(f^2*x^2*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*f*x*dilog(
-e^(f*x + e)) - 2*polylog(3, -e^(f*x + e)))*d^3/(a^2*f^4) + 4*d^3*log(e^(f
*x + e) + 1)/(a^2*f^4) + 2/3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2)/(a^2*f^4)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^3/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(54*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*int(x**2/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e
**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**3*f**3 + 108*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*
int(x/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(
e + f*x) + 1),x)*c*d**2*f**3 + 198*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*int(x/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x
) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**3*
f**2 - 54*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c**2*d*f**2 - 198*e**(3*e
+ 3*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d**2*f - 147*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*log(e**(e
+ f*x) + 1)*d**3 + 54*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**2*d*f**3*x - 18*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)
*c**2*d*f**2 + 198*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d**2*f**2*x - 66*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*
d**2*f + 147*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**3*f*x - 49*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**3 + 162*e*
*(2*e + 2*f*x)*int(x**2/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e
+ 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**3*f**3 + 324*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int(x/
(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*
x) + 1),x)*c*d**2*f**3 + 594*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int(x/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*
e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**3*f**2 -
162*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c**2*d*f**2 - 594*e**(2*e + 2*
f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d**2*f - 441*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x
) + 1)*d**3 + 162*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*d*f**3*x + 594*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*
d**2*f**2*x + 441*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*f*x + 162*e**(e + f*x)*int(x**2/(e
**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f...
```

$$3.117 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	913
Mathematica [A] (verified)	914
Rubi [C] (verified)	914
Maple [A] (verified)	919
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	919
Sympy [F]	920
Maxima [F]	921
Giac [F]	921
Mupad [F(-1)]	922
Reduce [F]	922

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{3a^2 f} - \frac{4d(c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{4d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{3a^2 f^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{2d^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3a^2 f^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^2/a^2/f-4/3*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^2-4/3*d^2*polylog
(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^3+1/3*d*(d*x+c)*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2-2/3*d^
2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*
(d*x+c)^2*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-\frac{8 \cosh^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) (f(c + dx))(f(c + dx) + 2d(1 + e^e) \log(1 + e^{-e - fx})) - 2d^2(1 + e^e) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-e - fx})}{1 + e^e} \right) + \text{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{(\text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2] * ((-8 * \text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2]^3 * (f * (c + d*x) * (f * (c + d*x) + 2 * d * (1 + E^e) * \text{Log}[1 + E^{-e - f*x}])) - 2 * d^2 * (1 + E^e) * \text{PolyLog}[2, -E^{-e - f*x}])) / (1 + E^e) + \text{Sech}[e/2] * (2 * d * f * (c + d*x) * \text{Cosh}[(f*x)/2] + 2 * d * f * (c + d*x) * \text{Cosh}[e + (f*x)/2] - 4 * d^2 * \text{Sinh}[(f*x)/2] + 3 * c^2 * f^2 * \text{Sinh}[(f*x)/2] + 6 * c * d * f^2 * x * \text{Sinh}[(f*x)/2] + 3 * d^2 * f^2 * x^2 * \text{Sinh}[(f*x)/2] + 2 * d^2 * \text{Sinh}[e + (f*x)/2] - 2 * d^2 * \text{Sinh}[e + (3 * f*x)/2] + c^2 * f^2 * \text{Sinh}[e + (3 * f*x)/2] + 2 * c * d * f^2 * x * \text{Sinh}[e + (3 * f*x)/2] + d^2 * f^2 * x^2 * \text{Sinh}[e + (3 * f*x)/2]))}{(3 * a^2 * f^3 * (1 + \text{Cosh}[e + f*x])^2)}$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4254, 24, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a\sin(ix+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4d^2 \int \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{3f^2} + \frac{4d(c+dx)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{4d^2 \int \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{3f^2} + \frac{4d(c+dx)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{8id^2 \int 1d\left(-i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{3f^3} + \frac{4d(c+dx)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{4d(c+dx)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - \frac{8d^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^3}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4201

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{1+e^{e+fx}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log(1+e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - 8}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx} + 1)}{f} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)}{3f}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `((4*d*(c + d*x)*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/(3*f^2) - (8*d^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/((3*f^3) + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f) + (2*(((4*I)*d*((-1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]))/f + (d*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2)))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/3)/(4*a^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))] + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4201 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp[andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4674 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(3d^2 f^2 x^2 e^{fx+e} + 6cd f^2 x e^{fx+e} + d^2 x^2 f^2 - 2d^2 f x e^{2fx+2e} + 3c^2 f^2 e^{fx+e} + 2cd f^2 x - 2cdf e^{2fx+2e} - 2d^2 f x e^{fx+e} + c^2 f^2 - 2cdf e^{fx+e})}{3f^3 a^2 (e^{fx+e} + 1)^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(3*d^2*f^2*x^2*exp(f*x+e)+6*c*d*f^2*x*exp(f*x+e)+d^2*x^2*f^2-2*d^2*f*x*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+3*c^2*f^2*exp(f*x+e)+2*c*d*f^2*x-2*c*d*f*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-2*d^2*f*x*exp(f*x+e)+c^2*f^2-2*c*d*f*exp(f*x+e)-2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)*d^2-4*exp(f*x+e)*d^2-2*d^2)/f^3/a^2/(exp(f*x+e)+1)^3+4/3/a^2*d/f^2*c*ln(exp(f*x+e))-4/3/a^2*d/f^2*c*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)+2/3/a^2*d^2/f*x^2+4/3/a^2*d^2/f^2*e*x+2/3/a^2*d^2/f^3*e^2-4/3/a^2*d^2/f^2*ln(exp(f*x+e)+1)*x-4/3*d^2*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^3-4/3/a^2*d^2/f^3*e*ln(exp(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 963 vs. 2(163) = 326.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-2/3*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + c^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2
+ 2*c*d*e*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^3 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c
*d*e*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^3 - (3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3*d^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e
+ c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - (3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3*d
^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x + 3*(d^2*f^
2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e)^2
- 2*d^2 + (3*d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*f*x - 4*d^2 - 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f
)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*d^2*cos
h(f*x + e)^2 + 3*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + d^2)*sinh(f*x
+ e)^2 + d^2 + 3*(d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + d^2)*sinh(f*
x + e))*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) + 2*(d^2*f*x + (d^2*f*x + c
*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + c*d*f + 3*(d^2*
f*x + c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*cosh
(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^2*f*
x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*cosh(f
*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + (3*d^2*e^
2 + 3*c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*f*x - 3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d
*e*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 4*d^2 - 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f - 2*(3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3
*d^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x)*cosh(f*x
+ e))*sinh(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^3*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*f^3*sinh(f*x + e)^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx
= \int \frac{c^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx$$

a^2

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```

(Integral(c**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**
2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(co
sh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a**2

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2/3*d^2*((f^2*x^2 - 2*(f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*f^2*x^2*e^e
- 2*f*x*e^e - 4*e^e)*e^(f*x) - 2)/(a^2*f^3*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(
2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^3) - 6*integrate(1/3*x/(a^2*f
*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f), x)) + 4/3*c*d*((f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + (3*f*x*e^(2*e)
) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + e^(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2
*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1
)*e^(-e))/(a^2*f^2)) + 2/3*c^2*(3*e^(-f*x - e)/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^
2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x -
e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^2/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) cdf + \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{x}{e^{4fx+4e} + 4e^{3fx+3e} + 6e^{2fx+2e} + 4e^{fx+e} + 1} dx \right) d^2 f^2}{3} - \frac{22e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1) d^2}{3} + \frac{22e^{2fx+2e} d^2}{3}}{3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(2*(18*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*int(x/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e
**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**2*f**2 - 18*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*l
og(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 33*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d**
2 + 18*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f**2*x - 6*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f + 33*e**(3*e
+ 3*f*x)*d**2*f*x - 11*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**2 + 54*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int(x/
(e**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*
x) + 1),x)*d**2*f**2 - 54*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 9
9*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d**2 + 54*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*f*
*x + 99*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*f*x + 54*e**(e + f*x)*int(x/(e**(4*e + 4*f
*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x) + 1),x)*d**
2*f**2 - 54*e**(e + f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 99*e**(e + f*x)*log
(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d**2 - 27*e**(e + f*x)*c**2*f**2 - 27*e**(e + f*x)*d**2
*f**2*x**2 + 72*e**(e + f*x)*d**2*f*x + 36*e**(e + f*x)*d**2 + 18*int(x/(e
**(4*e + 4*f*x) + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 4*e**(e + f*x)
+ 1),x)*d**2*f**2 - 18*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*c*d*f - 33*log(e**(e + f*x)
+ 1)*d**2 - 9*c**2*f**2 - 6*c*d*f - 9*d**2*f**2*x**2 + 25*d**2))/(27*a**2*
f**3*(e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 3*e**(e + f*x) + 1))
```

3.118 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	924
Rubi [A] (verified)	925
Maple [A] (verified)	927
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	928
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	929
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	929
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	930
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	930
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{2d \log(\cosh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}))}{3a^2 f^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f}$$

output

```
-2/3*d*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a^2/f^2+1/6*d*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2
+1/3*(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*(d*x+c)*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*t
anh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)) (-2d \cosh(\frac{3}{2}(e + fx)) \log(\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx))) + \cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)) (2d - 6d \log(\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx))))}{3a^2 f^2 (1 + \cosh(e + fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(-2*d*Cosh[(3*(e + f*x))/2]*Log[Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]] + Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(2*d - 6*d*Log[Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]])) + f*(c + d*x)*(3*Sinh[(e + f*x)/2] + Sinh[(3*(e + f*x))/2]))/(3*a^2*f^2*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4673} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2id \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*d*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/(3*f^2) + (2*(c + d*x)*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f) + (2*((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f))/3)/(4*a^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3799 $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*a)^n \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*\sin[(1/2)*(e + \text{Pi}*(a/(2*b))) + f*(x/2)]^{(2*n)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0])$
- rule 3956 $\text{Int}[\tan[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 4672 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Cot}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 4673 $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)})/(f*(n-1)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b^2*d*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)})/(f^2*(n-1)*(n-2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-2)/(n-1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{4 \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) d - (dx+c)f \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3 - d \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 3 \tanh\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) f(dx+c) + 2dxf}{6f^2a^2}$	82
risch	$\frac{2dx}{3fa^2} + \frac{2de}{3f^2a^2} - \frac{2(3dfx e^{fx+e} + 3cf e^{fx+e} + dxf - e^2fx + 2ed + cf - e^{fx+e}d)}{3f^2a^2(e^{fx+e} + 1)^3} - \frac{2d \ln(e^{fx+e} + 1)}{3f^2a^2}$	108

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(4*ln(1-tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))*d-(d*x+c)*f*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^3-d*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2+3*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)*f*(d*x+c)+2*d*x*f)/f^2/a^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx \cosh(fx + e))^3 + dx \sinh(fx + e)^3 + (3dx + d) \cosh(fx + e)^2 + (3dx \cosh(fx + e) + 3dx + d) \sinh(fx + e) - c \cosh(fx + e) - d \sinh(fx + e) + \log(\cosh(fx + e) + \sinh(fx + e) + 1) + (3dx \cosh(fx + e)^2 - 3c \cosh(fx + e) + 2d \cosh(fx + e) + d) \sinh(fx + e)}{a^2 f^2 \cosh(fx + e)^3 + a^2 f^2 \sinh(fx + e)^3 + 3a^2 f^2 \cosh(fx + e)^2 + 3a^2 f^2 \sinh(fx + e)^2 + 3(a^2 f^2 \cosh(fx + e)^2 + 2a^2 f^2 \cosh(fx + e) + a^2 f^2) \sinh(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + d*f*x*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + (3*d*f*x + d)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (3*d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*d*f*x + d)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - c*f - (3*c*f - d)*cosh(f*x + e) - (d*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + d*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*d*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + (3*d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*c*f + 2*(3*d*f*x + d)*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*sinh(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*f^2*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2 + 3*(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{c \tanh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} + \frac{c \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{dx \tanh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} + \frac{dx \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{dx}{3a^2 f} + \frac{2d \log\left(\tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{d \tanh^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} \\ \frac{cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}}{(a \cosh(e) + a)^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*f) + c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(2*a**2*f) - d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*f) + d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(2*a**2*f) - d*x/(3*a**2*f) + 2*d*log(tanh(e/2 + f*x/2) + 1)/(3*a**2*f**2) - d*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**2/(6*a**2*f**2), Ne(f, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)/(a*cosh(e) + a)**2, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{fx e^{(3fx+3e)} + (3fx e^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)}) e^{(2fx)} + e^{(fx+e)}}{a^2 f^2 e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(fx+e)} + a^2 f^2} - \frac{\log\left(\left(e^{(fx+e)} + 1\right)e^{(-e)}\right)}{a^2 f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} c \left(\frac{3e^{(-fx-e)}}{(3a^2 e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2 e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2 e^{(-3fx-3e)} + a^2) f} + \frac{1}{(3a^2 e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2 e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2 e^{(-3fx-3e)})} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/3*d*((f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + (3*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + e^(f*x
+ e))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^
(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a^2*f^2)) + 2/3*c*(3
*e^(-f*x - e)/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*
x - 3*e) + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2
*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3dfe^{(2fx+2e)} - 3cfe^{(fx+e)} - de^{(3fx+3e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - 3de^{(2fx+2e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - cfa^{(2fx+2e)} - 3da^{(2fx+2e)} - 3ca^{(2fx+2e)})}{3(a^2 f^2 e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(fx+e)} + a^2 f^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3*(d*f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*d*f*x*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 3*c*f*e^(f*x + e) -
d*e^(3*f*x + 3*e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*d*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)*log(e^(f*x +
e) + 1) - 3*d*e^(f*x + e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - c*f + d*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)
+ d*e^(f*x + e) - d*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2
*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{2d}{3a^2 f^2 (e^{e+fx} + 1)} - \frac{2(d + cf + dfx)}{3a^2 f^2 (2e^{e+fx} + e^{2e+2fx} + 1)}$$

$$+ \frac{2dx}{3a^2 f} - \frac{2d \ln(e^{fx} e^e + 1)}{3a^2 f^2}$$

$$- \frac{4e^{e+fx} (c + dx)}{3a^2 f (3e^{e+fx} + 3e^{2e+2fx} + e^{3e+3fx} + 1)}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `(2*d)/(3*a^2*f^2*(exp(e + f*x) + 1)) - (2*(d + c*f + d*f*x))/(3*a^2*f^2*(2*exp(e + f*x) + exp(2*e + 2*f*x) + 1)) + (2*d*x)/(3*a^2*f) - (2*d*log(exp(f*x)*exp(e) + 1))/(3*a^2*f^2) - (4*exp(e + f*x)*(c + d*x))/(3*a^2*f*(3*exp(e + f*x) + 3*exp(2*e + 2*f*x) + exp(3*e + 3*f*x) + 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2e^{3fx+3e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1)d}{3} + \frac{2e^{3fx+3e} dfx}{3} - \frac{2e^{3fx+3e} d}{9} - 2e^{2fx+2e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1)d + 2e^{2fx+2e} dfx - 2e^{fx+e} \log(e^{fx+e} + 1)d}{a^2 f^2 (e^{3fx+3e} + 3e^{2fx+2e} + 3e^{fx+e} + 1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `(2*(- 3*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d + 3*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d*f*x - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d - 9*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d + 9*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*f*x - 9*e**(e + f*x)*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d - 9*e**(e + f*x)*c*f - 3*log(e**(e + f*x) + 1)*d - 3*c*f - d))/(9*a**2*f**2*(e**(3*e + 3*f*x) + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x) + 3*e**(e + f*x) + 1))`

$$3.119 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	932
Mathematica [N/A]	932
Rubi [N/A]	933
Maple [N/A]	933
Fricas [N/A]	934
Sympy [N/A]	934
Maxima [N/A]	935
Giac [N/A]	935
Mupad [N/A]	936
Reduce [N/A]	936

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 20.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx) (a + a \sin (ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c) (a + a \cosh (fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*d*x + a^2*c + (a^2*d*x + a^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*d*x + a^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{c \cosh^2(e+fx)+2c \cosh(e+fx)+c+dx \cosh^2(e+fx)+2dx \cosh(e+fx)+dx} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(c*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*c*cosh(e + f*x) + c + d*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + d*x), x)/a**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2/3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2 + (d^2*f*x*e^(2*e) + c*d*f*e^(2*e) - 2*d^2*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*d^2*f^2*x^2*e^e + 3*c^2*f^2*e^e + c*d*f*e^e - 4*d^2*e^e + (6*c*d*f^2*e^e + d^2*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x))/(a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^3*f^3 + (a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^(3*e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(3*e) + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*e^(3*e) + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^(3*e))*e^(3*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(2*e) + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*e^(2*e) + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)) - integrate(2/3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 6*d^3)/(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^4*f^3 + (a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^4*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```


Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx+e)^2 c + \cosh(fx+e)^2 dx + 2 \cosh(fx+e) c + 2 \cosh(fx+e) dx + c + dx} dx}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)**2*c + cosh(e + f*x)**2*d*x + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*c + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)/a**2`

$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	937
Mathematica [N/A]	937
Rubi [N/A]	938
Maple [N/A]	938
Fricas [N/A]	939
Sympy [N/A]	939
Maxima [N/A]	940
Giac [N/A]	940
Mupad [N/A]	941
Reduce [N/A]	941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 21.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^2*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^2*(a+a*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + a \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2 + (a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{c^2 \cosh^2(e+fx) + 2c^2 \cosh(e+fx) + c^2 + 2cdx \cosh^2(e+fx) + 4cdx \cosh(e+fx) + 2cdx + d^2x^2 \cosh^2(e+fx) + 2d^2x^2 \cosh(e+fx) + d^2x^2} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(c**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*c**2*cosh(e + f*x) + c**2 + 2*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 4*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x) + d**2*x**2), x)/a**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 710, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2/3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + c^2*f^2 - 6*d^2 + 2*(d^2*f*x*e^(2*e) + c
*d*f*e^(2*e) - 3*d^2*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*d^2*f^2*x^2*e^e + 3*c^2*f^2*e
^e + 2*c*d*f*e^e - 12*d^2*e^e + 2*(3*c*d*f^2*e^e + d^2*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x))/
(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3
*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^4*f^3 + (a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^(3*e) + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e
(3*e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(3*e) + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^(3*e) + a^2*c
^4*f^3*e^(3*e))*e^(3*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^(2*e) + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x
^3*e^(2*e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(2*e) + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^(2*e) + a
^2*c^4*f^3*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x
^3*e^e + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^4*f^3*e
^e)*e^(f*x)) - integrate(4/3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 12*
d^3)/(a^2*d^5*f^3*x^5 + 5*a^2*c*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 10*
a^2*c^3*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 5*a^2*c^4*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^5*f^3 + (a^2*d^5*f^3*x^5*e
^e + 5*a^2*c*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 10*a^2*c^3*d^2
*f^3*x^2*e^e + 5*a^2*c^4*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^5*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx+e)^2 c^2 + 2 \cosh(fx+e)^2 cdx + \cosh(fx+e)^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 \cosh(fx+e) c^2 + 4 \cosh(fx+e) cdx + 2 \cosh(fx+e) d^2 x^2 + c^2 + 2cdx + d^2 x^2} dx}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)**2*c**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x)**2*c*d*x + cosh(e + f*x)**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*c**2 + 4*cosh(e + f*x)*c*d*x + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*d**2*x**2 + c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x)/a**2`

3.121 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	942
Mathematica [A] (verified)	942
Rubi [C] (verified)	943
Maple [A] (verified)	946
Fricas [F(-2)]	947
Sympy [F]	947
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	948
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	948
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	949
Reduce [F]	949

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{96\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^4} - \frac{12x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{48x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
-96*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^4-12*x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+48*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d^3+2*x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-6(8 + d^2x^2) + dx(24 + d^2x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*(-6*(8 + d^2*x^2) + d*x*(24 + d^2*x^2)*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/d^4`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.778$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6i \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sech\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idix}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sech\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idix}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

↓ 3777

$$\sech\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\sech\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$\sech\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output $\text{Sqrt}[a + a*\text{Cosh}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sech}[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((2*x^3*\text{Sinh}[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d + ((6*I)*((2*I)*x^2*\text{Cosh}[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d - ((4*I)*((-4*\text{Cosh}[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2 + (2*x*\text{Sinh}[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d))/d)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3118 $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3777 $\text{Int}[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3800 $\text{Int}[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*a)^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*((a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^{\text{FracPart}[n]}/\sin[e/2 + a*(\text{Pi}/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^{(2*\text{FracPart}[n])}) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*\sin[e/2 + a*(\text{Pi}/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^{(2*n)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n + 1/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2e^{-dx-c}}(d^3x^3e^{dx+c}-d^3x^3-6d^2x^2e^{dx+c}-6x^2d^2+24dx e^{dx+c}-24dx-48e^{dx+c}-48)}{(e^{dx+c}+1)d^4}$	108

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(d*x+c)+1)^2*exp(-d*x-c))^(1/2)/(exp(d*x+c)+1)*(d^3*x^3*exp(d*x+c)-d^3*x^3-6*d^2*x^2*exp(d*x+c)-6*x^2*d^2+24*d*x*exp(d*x+c)-24*d*x-48*exp(d*x+c)-48)/d^4`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^3x^3 + 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}x} - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^3x^3e^c - 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2e^c + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}xe^c - 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}})}{d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^c - 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^c + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c - 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{ad^3x^3} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - \sqrt{ad^3x^3} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 6\sqrt{ad^2x^2} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 6\sqrt{ad^2x^2} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + 24\sqrt{ad} x e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 24\sqrt{ad} x e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 6*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 6*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) + 24*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 48*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 48*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/d^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{c+dx}}{2} + \frac{e^{-c-dx}}{2} \right)} \left(\frac{96 e^{c+dx}}{d^4} + \frac{48x}{d^3} + \frac{96}{d^4} + \frac{2x^3}{d} + \frac{12x^2}{d^2} - \frac{2x^3 e^{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{12x^2 e^{c+dx}}{d^2} - \frac{48x e^{c+dx}}{d^3} \right)}{e^{c+dx} + 1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(c + d*x)/2 + exp(-c - d*x)/2))^(1/2)*((96*exp(c + d*x))/d^4 + (48*x)/d^3 + 96/d^4 + (2*x^3)/d + (12*x^2)/d^2 - (2*x^3*exp(c + d*x))/d + (12*x^2*exp(c + d*x))/d^2 - (48*x*exp(c + d*x))/d^3))/(exp(c + d*x) + 1)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1} x^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x**3,x)`

3.122 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	950
Mathematica [A] (verified)	950
Rubi [C] (verified)	951
Maple [A] (verified)	953
Fricas [F(-2)]	954
Sympy [F]	954
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	954
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	955
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	955
Reduce [F]	956

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{8x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{16 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
-8*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+16*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d^3+2*x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))} (-4dx + (8 + d^2 x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*(-4*d*x + (8 + d^2*x^2)*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/d^3
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((2*x^2*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d + ((4*I)*(((2*I)*x*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d - ((4*I)*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2))/d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2 e^{-dx-c}} (d^2 x^2 e^{dx+c} - x^2 d^2 - 4dx e^{dx+c} - 4dx + 8 e^{dx+c} - 8)}{(e^{dx+c}+1)d^3}$	86

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(d*x+c)+1)^2*exp(-d*x-c))^(1/2)/(exp(d*x+c)+1)*(d^2*x^2*exp(d*x+c)-x^2*d^2-4*d*x*exp(d*x+c)-4*d*x+8*exp(d*x+c)-8)/d^3`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}d^2x^2 + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dx - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}d^2x^2e^c - 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dxe^c + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}e^c)e^{dx} + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a})e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)}}{d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^c - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{ad^2 x^2 e^{\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c}} - \sqrt{ad^2 x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c}} - 4 \sqrt{ad} x e^{\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c} - 4 \sqrt{ad} x e^{-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c} + 8 \sqrt{ae^{\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c}} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 4*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 4*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) + 8*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 8*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/d^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= - \frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{c+dx}}{2} + \frac{e^{-c-dx}}{2} \right)} \left(\frac{8x}{d^2} - \frac{16e^{c+dx}}{d^3} + \frac{16}{d^3} + \frac{2x^2}{d} - \frac{2x^2 e^{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{8x e^{c+dx}}{d^2} \right)}{e^{c+dx} + 1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(c + d*x)/2 + exp(-c - d*x)/2))^(1/2))*((8*x)/d^2 - (16*exp(c + d*x))/d^3 + 16/d^3 + (2*x^2)/d - (2*x^2*exp(c + d*x))/d + (8*x*exp(c + d*x))/d^2))/(exp(c + d*x) + 1)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1} x^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x**2,x)`

3.123 $\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	957
Mathematica [A] (verified)	957
Rubi [A] (verified)	958
Maple [A] (verified)	960
Fricas [F(-2)]	960
Sympy [F]	960
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	961
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	961
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	962
Reduce [F]	962

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
-4*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+2*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-2 + dx \tanh(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)))}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*(-2 + d*x*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/d^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((-4*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2 + (2*x*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2 e^{-dx-c}} (dx e^{dx+c} - dx - 2 e^{dx+c} - 2)}{(e^{dx+c}+1)^2}$	64

input `int(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2^{1/2} * (a * (\exp(d*x+c)+1)^2 * \exp(-d*x-c))^{1/2} / (\exp(d*x+c)+1) * (d*x*\exp(d*x+c) - d*x - 2*\exp(d*x+c) - 2) / d^2$

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dx - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dx e^c - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}e^c)e^{dx} + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a})e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)}}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{a}dx e^{(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)} - \sqrt{a}dx e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)} - 2\sqrt{a}e^{(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)} - 2\sqrt{a}e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)}\right)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/d^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} - \frac{4 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*x*sinh(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(d*cosh(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (4*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2))/d^2`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1} x dx \right)$$

input `int(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x,x)`

3.124 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	963
Mathematica [A] (verified)	963
Rubi [A] (verified)	964
Maple [F]	966
Fricas [F(-2)]	966
Sympy [F]	967
Maxima [F]	967
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	967
Mupad [F(-1)]	968
Reduce [F]	968

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx = \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)$$

output

```
cosh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*d*x)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sinh(1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a(1+\cosh(c+dx))} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x,x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ic + idx + \pi}{2}\right)}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3800$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3784$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow 26$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 3779

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sine[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x)`

Fricas **[F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*\sqrt{2}*(\sqrt{a}*Ei(1/2*d*x)*e^{(1/2*c)} + \sqrt{a}*Ei(-1/2*d*x)*e^{(-1/2*c)})$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$$

input $\text{int}((a + a*\cosh(c + d*x))^{(1/2)}/x,x)$

output $\text{int}((a + a*\cosh(c + d*x))^{(1/2)}/x, x)$

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1}}{x} dx \right)$$

input $\text{int}((a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/x,x)$

output $\sqrt{a}*\text{int}(\sqrt{\cosh(c + d*x) + 1}/x,x)$

3.125 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	969
Mathematica [A] (verified)	970
Rubi [C] (verified)	970
Maple [F]	973
Fricas [F(-2)]	973
Sympy [F]	974
Maxima [F]	974
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	974
Mupad [F(-1)]	975
Reduce [F]	975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}d \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}\text{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\text{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x+1/2*d*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*d*x)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sinh(1/2*c)+1/2*d*cosh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-2 + dx \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{dx}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \sinh(\frac{c}{2}) + dx \cosh(\frac{c}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{dx}{2}))}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x]))*(-2 + d*x*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2] + d*x*Cosh[c/2]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2])/ (2*x)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 3778

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} id \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} d \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 3784

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3779

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(-(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]/x) - (I/2)*d*(I*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2] + I*Cosh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

Fricas **[F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} dx \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c \right)} - \sqrt{a} dx \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c \right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c \right)} \right)}{4x}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d*x*Ei(1/2*d*x)*e^(1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d*x*Ei(-1/2*d*x)*
e^(-1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c
))/x
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(-2\sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1} + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1} \sinh(dx+c)}{\cosh(dx+c)x+x} dx \right) dx \right)}{2x}$$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a)*(- 2*sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1) + int((sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*sinh
(c + d*x))/(cosh(c + d*x)*x + x),x)*d*x))/(2*x)
```


3.126 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	976
Mathematica [A] (verified)	977
Rubi [C] (verified)	977
Maple [F]	980
Fricas [F(-2)]	981
Sympy [F]	981
Maxima [F]	981
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	982
Mupad [F(-1)]	982
Reduce [F]	982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{8}d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{8}d^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4x}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2+1/8*d^2*cosh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*d*x)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+1/8*d^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sinh(1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)-1/4*d*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-4 + d^2 x^2 \cosh(\frac{c}{2}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{dx}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + d^2 x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \sinh(\frac{c}{2}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{dx}{2}))}{8x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x]))*(-4 + d^2*x^2*Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]
*Sech[(c + d*x)/2] + d^2*x^2*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)
)/2] - 2*d*x*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/(8*x^2)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ic + idx + \pi}{2}\right)}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4} id \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{1}{4} d \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4} d \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} id \left(\frac{1}{2} id \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} id \left(\frac{1}{2} id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3784 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} id \left(\frac{1}{2} id \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} id \left(\frac{1}{2} id \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{id} \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{id} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{id} \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{id} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3779

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{id} \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{id} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{id} \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{id} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]/x^2 - (I/4)*d*(((I)*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/x + (I/2)*d*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^(IntPart[n])*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(FracPart[n])/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x^3, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sqrt{a} d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} dx e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + 2 \sqrt{a} dx e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 4 \sqrt{a} \right)}{16 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*Ei(1/2*d*x)*e^(1/2*c) + sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*Ei(-1/2*d*x)*e^(-1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 4*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 4*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/x^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx + c) + 1}}{x^3} dx \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)/x**3,x)`

3.127 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

Optimal result	984
Mathematica [A] (verified)	984
Rubi [C] (verified)	985
Maple [A] (verified)	987
Fricas [F(-2)]	988
Sympy [F]	988
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	988
Giac [F]	989
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	989
Reduce [F]	989

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -96\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - 12x^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 48x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2x^3\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-96*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-12*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+48*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+2*x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-6(8 + x^2) + x(24 + x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]
```

output

```
2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-6*(8 + x^2) + x*(24 + x^2)*Tanh[x/2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6i \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(2*x^3*Sinh[x/2] + (6*I)*((2*I)*x^2*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2])))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x}} (x^3 e^x - x^3 - 6x^2 e^x - 6x^2 + 24x e^x - 24x - 48 e^x - 48)}{e^x + 1}$	62

input `int(x^3*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2^{1/2} * (a * (\exp(x) + 1)^2 * \exp(-x))^{1/2} / (\exp(x) + 1) * (x^3 * \exp(x) - x^3 - 6 * x^2 * \exp(x) - 6 * x^2 + 24 * x * \exp(x) - 24 * x - 48 * \exp(x) - 48)$

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^3} + 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^2} + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^3} - 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^2} + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} - 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^3, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2} \right)} (48x + 96e^x + 12x^2 e^x - 2x^3 e^x - 48x e^x + 12x^2 + 2x^3 + 96)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(48*x + 96*exp(x) + 12*x^2*exp(x) - 2*x^3*exp(x) - 48*x*exp(x) + 12*x^2 + 2*x^3 + 96))/(exp(x) + 1)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} x^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**3,x)`

3.128 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

Optimal result	990
Mathematica [A] (verified)	990
Rubi [C] (verified)	991
Maple [A] (verified)	993
Fricas [F(-2)]	993
Sympy [F]	994
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	994
Giac [F]	994
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	995
Reduce [F]	995

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -8x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 16 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-8*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+16*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+2*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 8 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-x + \frac{1}{4} (8 + x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]
```

output

```
8*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-x + ((8 + x^2)*Tanh[x/2])/4)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((4*I)*((2*I)*x*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*Sinh[x/2]) + 2*x^2*Sinh[x/2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
 x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x}} (x^2 e^x - x^2 - 4x e^x - 4x + 8 e^x - 8)}{e^x + 1}$	50

input

```
int(x^2*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(x)+1)^2*exp(-x))^(1/2)/(exp(x)+1)*(x^2*exp(x)-x^2-4*x*exp(
x)-4*x+8*exp(x)-8)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$$

$$= -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^2 + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^2 - 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^2, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}\right)} (8x - 16e^x - 2x^2 e^x + 8x e^x + 2x^2 + 16)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(8*x - 16*exp(x) - 2*x^2*exp(x) + 8*x*exp(x) + 2*x^2 + 16))/(exp(x) + 1)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} x^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**2,x)`

3.129 $\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

Optimal result	996
Mathematica [A] (verified)	996
Rubi [A] (verified)	997
Maple [A] (verified)	999
Fricas [F(-2)]	999
Sympy [F]	999
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1000
Giac [F]	1000
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1000
Reduce [F]	1001

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -4\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 2x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-4*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+2*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-2 + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]
```

output

```
2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2 + x*Tanh[x/2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x} (x e^x - x - 2 e^x - 2)}}{e^x + 1}$	38

input `int(x*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(x)+1)^2*exp(-x))^(1/2)/(exp(x)+1)*(x*exp(x)-x-2*exp(x)-2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}\right)} (2x + 4e^x - 2xe^x + 4)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(2*x + 4*exp(x) - 2*x*exp(x) + 4))/(exp(x) + 1)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(x)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} x dx \right)$$

input `int(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x)+1)*x,x)`

3.130 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1002
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1003
Maple [F]	1004
Fricas [F(-2)]	1004
Sympy [F]	1005
Maxima [F]	1005
Giac [F]	1005
Mupad [F(-1)]	1006
Reduce [F]	1006

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\ & \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \cosh(x)a}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1}}{x} dx \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/x,x)`

3.131 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1007
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1007
Rubi [A] (verified)	1008
Maple [F]	1010
Fricas [F(-2)]	1010
Sympy [F]	1010
Maxima [F]	1011
Giac [F]	1011
Mupad [F(-1)]	1011
Reduce [F]	1012

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x+1/2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sech(1/2*x)*Shi(1/2*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))}(-2+x\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2 + x*Sech[x/2]*SinhIntegral[x/2]))/(2*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3779}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sech\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-(Cosh[x/2]/x) + SinhIntegral[x/2]/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \cosh(x) a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(-2\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} \sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)x+x} dx \right) x \right)}{2x}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*(- 2*sqrt(cosh(x) + 1) + int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*sinh(x))/(cosh(x)*x + x),x)*x))/(2*x)`

3.132 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1013
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1013
Rubi [C] (verified)	1014
Maple [F]	1016
Fricas [F(-2)]	1016
Sympy [F]	1017
Maxima [F]	1017
Giac [F]	1017
Mupad [F(-1)]	1018
Reduce [F]	1018

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2+1/8*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)
)-1/4*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))}(-4+x^2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2x\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))}{8x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-4 + x^2*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2] - 2*x*Tanh[x/2]))/(8*x^2)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}i \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{i \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^3,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[x/2]/x^2 - (I/4)*((I/2)*CoshIntegral[x/2] - (I*Sinh[x/2])/x))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \cosh(x)a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1}}{x^3} dx \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/x**3,x)`

3.133 $\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1019
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1020
Rubi [C] (verified)	1020
Maple [F]	1024
Fricas [F(-2)]	1025
Sympy [F]	1025
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1025
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1026
Mupad [F(-1)]	1026
Reduce [F]	1027

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 185

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{1280}{9}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \\ & - 16ax^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{64}{27}a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \\ & - \frac{8}{3}ax^2 \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{32}{9}ax \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ & + \frac{4}{3}ax^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ & + \frac{640}{9}ax\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax^3\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1280/9*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-16*a*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-64/27*a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-8/3*a*x^2*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+32/9*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)+4/3*a*x^3*cosh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)+640/9*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+8/3*a*x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int x^3 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{27} a \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-2(968 + 117x^2) + 3x(328 + 15x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cosh(x) \left(-2(8 + 9x^2) + 3x(8 + 3x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2*(968 + 117*x^2) + 3*x*(328 + 15*x^2)*Tanh[x/2] + Cosh[x]*(-2*(8 + 9*x^2) + 3*x*(8 + 3*x^2)*Tanh[x/2]))/27`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 23, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.643$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 (a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^3 \left(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right) \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

↓ 3792

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{3} \int x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6i \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right) +$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right) -$$

↓ 3118

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((-4*x^2*Cosh[x/2]^3)/3 + (2*x^3*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (8*((-4*Cosh[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (2*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))/3))/3 + (2*(2*x^3*Sinh[x/2] + (6*I)*((2*I)*x^2*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))))/3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sine[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 + 18\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 16\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} - \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 - 18\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x - 16\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/54*(9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 + 18*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 16*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) - (9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 18*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 16*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x) - 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 48*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2*x) + 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 48*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^x)*e^(-3/2*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \sqrt{2} \left(54 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 9 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 324 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 18 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 1296 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 24 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/54*sqrt(2)*(54*a^(3/2)*x^3*e^(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^3*e^(-3/2*x) + 324*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-1/2*x) + 18*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-3/2*x) + 1296*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 24*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 2592*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 16*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (9*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 18*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x - 16*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x) - 81*(a^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x - 48*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x) + 27*(a^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x + 48*a^(3/2))*e^(-1/2*x))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} \cosh(x) x^3 dx + \int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} x^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x)*x**3,x) + int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**3,x))`

3.134 $\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1028
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1029
Rubi [C] (verified)	1029
Maple [F]	1032
Fricas [F(-2)]	1033
Sympy [F]	1033
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1033
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1034
Mupad [F(-1)]	1034
Reduce [F]	1035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{32}{3}ax\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{16}{9}ax \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{4}{3}ax^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{224}{9}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{32}{27}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-32/3*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-16/9*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4/3*a*x^2*cosh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)+224/9*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+8/3*a*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+32/27*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)^2*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{27}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))}\left(-156x + (328 + 45x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cosh(x)\left(-12x + (8 + 9x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-156*x + (328 + 45*x^2)*Tanh[x/2] + Cosh[x]*(-12*x + (8 + 9*x^2)*Tanh[x/2]))) / 27`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^2\left(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3792

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{9} \int \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{9} \int \sin^3\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3113

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{16}{9} i \int (\sinh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1) d(-i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right) +$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((-8*x*Cosh[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x^2*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (2*((4*I)*((2*I)*x*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*Sinh[x/2]) + 2*x^2*Sinh[x/2]))/3 + ((16*I)/9)*((-I)*Sinh[x/2] - (I/3)*Sinh[x/2]^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;`
`FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-`
`(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C`
`os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbo`
`l] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp`
`[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^`
`2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2`
`*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]`
`/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),`
`x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e`
`/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a`
`*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&`
`EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 12\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 8\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} - \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 - 12\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 8\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) e^{(3x)} - 81 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 - 4\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 4\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/54*(9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 12*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) -
(9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 12*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x)
- 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2
*x) + 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e
^x)*e^(-3/2*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{54} \sqrt{2} \left(54 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 9 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 216 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 12 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 432 a^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 8 a^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} - \right.$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/54*sqrt(2)*(54*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-3/2*x) + 216*
a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 12*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 432*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) +
8*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (9*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 12*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x
) - 81*(a^(3/2)*x^2 - 4*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x) + 27*(a^(3/2)*x^2
+ 4*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(-1/2*x))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} \cosh(x) x^2 dx + \int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} x^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x)*x**2,x) + int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**2,x))`

3.135 $\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1036
Rubi [A] (verified)	1037
Maple [F]	1039
Fricas [F(-2)]	1039
Sympy [F]	1040
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1040
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1041
Mupad [F(-1)]	1041
Reduce [F]	1041

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{16}{3}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{8}{9}a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{4}{3}ax \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-16/3*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-8/9*a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4/3*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)+8/3*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{9}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(-54 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) + 3x \left(9 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*Sech[x/2]*(-54*Cosh[x/2] - 2*Cosh[(3*x)/2] + 3*x*
(9*Sinh[x/2] + Sinh[(3*x)/2]))) / 9
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int x \left(a + a \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix \right) \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3800$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \sin \left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3791$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \cosh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \sin \left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3777$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 2i \int -i \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((-4*Cosh[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x*Cosh[x/2]^2*
inh[x/2])/3 + (2*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))/3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ
[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3791

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x
]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

rule 3800

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sine[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input int(x*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x*(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{18} \left(3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} - \left(3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x - 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(3x)} - 27 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x - 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(2x)} + 27 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) - (3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x) - 27*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2*x) + 27*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^x*e^(-3/2*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \sqrt{2} \left(18 a^{3/2} x e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 3 a^{3/2} x e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 36 a^{3/2} e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 2 a^{3/2} e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} - (3 a^{3/2} x - 2 a^{3/2}) e^{(\frac{3}{2}x)} - 27 (a^{3/2} x - 2 a^{3/2}) e^{(\frac{1}{2}x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*sqrt(2)*(18*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 36*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (3*a^(3/2)*x - 2*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x) - 27*(a^(3/2)*x - 2*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x) + 9*(a^(3/2)*x + 2*a^(3/2))*e^(-1/2*x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} \cosh(x) x dx + \int \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} x dx \right)$$

input `int(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x)*x,x) + int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x,x)
)`

3.136 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1043
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1043
Rubi [A] (verified)	1044
Maple [F]	1045
Fricas [F(-2)]	1046
Sympy [F]	1046
Maxima [F]	1046
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1047
Mupad [F(-1)]	1047
Reduce [F]	1047

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{3}{2}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `3/2*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)+1/2*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(3/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))}\left(3\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(3*CoshIntegral[x/2] + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2])*Sech[x/2])/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4} \right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*((3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]/4)*Sech[x/2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \left(a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{3}{2} x \right) + 3 a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{1}{2} x \right) + 3 a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{1}{2} x \right) + a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{3}{2} x \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(a^(3/2)*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*Ei(1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*Ei(-1/2*x) + a^(3/2)*Ei(-3/2*x))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1}}{x} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} \cosh(x)}{x} dx \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/x,x) + int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x))/x, x))`

3.137 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1048
Rubi [C] (verified)	1049
Maple [F]	1050
Fricas [F(-2)]	1051
Sympy [F]	1051
Maxima [F]	1051
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1052
Mupad [F(-1)]	1052
Reduce [F]	1052

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} + \frac{3}{4}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{3}{4}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)$$

output

$-2*a*\cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*\cosh(x))^(1/2)/x+3/4*a*(a+a*\cosh(x))^(1/2)*\operatorname{sech}(1/2*x)*\operatorname{Shi}(1/2*x)+3/4*a*(a+a*\cosh(x))^(1/2)*\operatorname{sech}(1/2*x)*\operatorname{Shi}(3/2*x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))}\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(8 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 3x\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 3x\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)\right)}{4x}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output

```
-1/4*(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*Sech[x/2]*(8*Cosh[x/2]^3 - 3*x*SinhIntegral[
x/2] - 3*x*SinhIntegral[(3*x)/2]))/x
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3794}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{3}{2}i \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right) dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{3}{2}i \left(-\frac{1}{4}i \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}i \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-(Cosh[x/2]^3/x) + ((3*I)/2)*((-1/4*I)*
SinhIntegral[x/2] - (I/4)*SinhIntegral[(3*x)/2]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3794

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1
))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n
- 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] &
& LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 3800

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{3 a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{3}{2} x) + 3 a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{1}{2} x) - a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(-\frac{1}{2} x) - 2 a^{3/2} e^{(\frac{3}{2} x)} - 6 a^{3/2} e^{(\frac{1}{2} x)} - 2 a^{3/2} e^{(-\frac{1}{2} x)} - 2 a^{3/2} e^{(-\frac{3}{2} x)}}{x} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*sqrt(2)*((3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(1/2*x) - a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-1/2*x) - 2*a^(3/2)*e^(3/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*e^(1/2*x) - 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x))/x - (2*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-3/2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x))/x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} a \left(-2 \sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} \cosh(x)}{x^2} dx \right) x + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} \sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)x+x} dx \right) \right)}{2x}$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `(sqrt(a)*a*(- 2*sqrt(cosh(x) + 1) + 2*int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x))/x**2,x)*x + int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*sinh(x))/(cosh(x)*x + x),x))/x)/(2*x)`

3.138 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1053
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1053
Rubi [A] (verified)	1054
Maple [F]	1056
Fricas [F(-2)]	1056
Sympy [F]	1057
Maxima [F]	1057
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1057
Mupad [F(-1)]	1058
Reduce [F]	1058

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} + \frac{3}{16} a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{9}{16} a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{3a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x}$$

output

```
-a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2+3/16*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)+9/16*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*Chi(3/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)-3/2*a*cosh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*sinh(1/2*x)/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cosh(x)))^{3/2} (3x^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 9x^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 8(2 + 3x \operatorname{tanh}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)})}{32x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
((a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)*(3*x^2*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]^3 + 9*x^2*CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]*Sech[x/2]^3 - 8*(2 + 3*x*Tanh[x/2])))/(32*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3795, 3042, 3782, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 3800

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 3795

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}\left(\frac{9}{8}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x}dx-\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4}-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2}-\frac{3\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}\right)$$

↓ 3793

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}\left(\frac{9}{8}\int\left(\frac{3\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}+\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x}\right)dx-\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4}-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2}-\frac{3\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}\right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2\operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}\left(-\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4}+\frac{9}{8}\left(\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4}+\frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4}\right)-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2}-\frac{3\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[x/2]^3/x^2 - (3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + (9*((3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]/4))/8 - (3*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/(4*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

rule 3800

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sine[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sine[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{9 a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{3}{2} x) + 3 a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{1}{2} x) + a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(-\frac{1}{2} x) - 6 a^{3/2} x e^{(\frac{3}{2} x)} - 6 a^{3/2} x e^{(-\frac{1}{2} x)}}{x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/32*sqrt(2)*((9*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(1/2*x) + a^(3/2)
*x^2*Ei(-1/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(3/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)
)*x*e^(-1/2*x) - 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3/2*x) - 12*a^(3/2)*e^(1/2*x) - 4*a^(3/2)*e^
(-1/2*x))/x^2 + (2*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(-3/2*x) + 4*a
^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) - 8*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) - 4*a
^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x))/x^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1}}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x) + 1} \cosh(x)}{x^3} dx \right)$$

input

```
int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/x**3,x) + int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*cosh(x))
/x**3,x))
```

3.139 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1059
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1060
Rubi [A] (verified)	1061
Maple [F]	1064
Fricas [F]	1064
Sympy [F]	1065
Maxima [F]	1065
Giac [F]	1066
Mupad [F(-1)]	1066
Reduce [F]	1066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 383

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{12ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{12ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{48ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{48ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{96i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{96i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, ie^{\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
4*x^3*arctan(exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-12*I*x^2*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+12*I*x^2*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+48*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-48*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(3,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-96*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(4,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^4/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+96*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(4,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^4/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(d^3 x^3 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - d^3 x^3 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - 6d^2 x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
((2*I)*Cosh[(c + d*x)/2]*(d^3*x^3*Log[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - d^3*x^3*Log[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 6*d^2*x^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 6*d^2*x^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 24*d*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 24*d*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 48*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 48*PolyLog[4, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]))/(d^4*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^3 \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{6i \int x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{6i \int x^2 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

input `Int[x^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x^3*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + ((6*I)*((-2*x^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*((2*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d - (4*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/d)/d - ((6*I)*((-2*x^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*((2*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d - (4*PolyLog[4, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/d))/d)/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4668

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(x^3/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d^3*integrate(x^3*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 12*sqrt(2)*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 48*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 96*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/((sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3)*d) + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(a)*d^4) - 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(1/2*c) + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*c) + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(a*d^4*e^(d*x + c) + a*d^4)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1} x^3}{\cosh(dx+c)+1} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x**3)/(cosh(c + d*x) + 1),x))/a`

3.140 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1068
Rubi [A] (verified)	1068
Maple [F]	1071
Fricas [F]	1071
Sympy [F]	1071
Maxima [F]	1072
Giac [F]	1072
Mupad [F(-1)]	1072
Reduce [F]	1073

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{8ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{8ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{16i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{16i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
4*x^2*arctan(exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-8*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-16*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(3,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(d^2 x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - d^2 x^2 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - 4dx \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{d^3 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*I)*Cosh[(c + d*x)/2]*(d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 4*d*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 4*d*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 8*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 8*PolyLog[3, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]))/(d^3*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{id x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{4i \int x \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4i \int x \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4i \left(\frac{2 \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2 \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x^2*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + ((4*I)*((-2*x*
PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/
2)])/d^2))/d - ((4*I)*((-2*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*PolyL
og[3, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/d)/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3800

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

rule 4668

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(x^2/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2), x) + 8*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2), x) + 16*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2)*d) + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3)) - 2*(sqrt(2)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*c) + 4*sqrt(2)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 8*sqrt(2)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1} x^2}{\cosh(dx+c)+1} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x**2)/(cosh(c + d*x) + 1), x))/a`

3.141 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1074
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1075
Rubi [A] (verified)	1075
Maple [F]	1077
Fricas [F]	1077
Sympy [F]	1078
Maxima [F]	1078
Giac [F]	1079
Mupad [F(-1)]	1079
Reduce [F]	1079

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
4*x*arctan(exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+4*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(ic \arctan\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((4*I)*Cosh[(c + d*x)/2]*(I*c*ArcTan[E^((c + d*x)/2)] + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)])/2 - ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)])/2 - PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + PolyLog[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]))/(d^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x]))]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3800$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{id x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{2i \int \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{2i \int \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{4i \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} + \frac{4i \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} + \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{4i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]))/d - ((4*I)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2 + ((4*I)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d), x) + 4*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(a)*d*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d)*d + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(a)*d^2) - 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(a*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + a*d^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1} x}{\cosh(dx+c)+1} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)*x)/(cosh(c + d*x) + 1),x))/a`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1080
Mathematica [N/A]	1080
Rubi [N/A]	1081
Maple [N/A]	1081
Fricas [N/A]	1082
Sympy [N/A]	1082
Maxima [N/A]	1083
Giac [N/A]	1083
Mupad [N/A]	1083
Reduce [N/A]	1084

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Int} \left(\frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/(a*x*cosh(d*x + c) + a*x), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a(\cosh(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1}}{\cosh(dx+c)x+x} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)/(cosh(c + d*x)*x + x),x))/a`

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1085
Mathematica [N/A]	1085
Rubi [N/A]	1086
Maple [N/A]	1086
Fricas [N/A]	1087
Sympy [N/A]	1087
Maxima [N/A]	1088
Giac [N/A]	1088
Mupad [N/A]	1088
Reduce [N/A]	1089

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int} \left(\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/(a*x^2*cosh(d*x + c) + a*x^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(dx+c)+1}}{\cosh(dx+c)x^2+x^2} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)/(cosh(c + d*x)*x**2 + x**2),x))/a`

3.144 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1091
Rubi [A] (verified)	1091
Maple [F]	1095
Fricas [F]	1096
Sympy [F]	1096
Maxima [F]	1096
Giac [F]	1097
Mupad [F(-1)]	1097
Reduce [F]	1098

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 402

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{3x^2}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24x \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &- \frac{3ix^2 \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{3ix^2 \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{12ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &- \frac{12ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(4, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

3*x^2/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-24*x*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cos
h(x))^(1/2)+x^3*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+24*I*
cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-3*I*x^2*cosh(1/
2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-24*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polyl
og(2,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+3*I*x^2*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,I*e
xp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+12*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/2*x
))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-12*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a
*cosh(x))^(1/2)-24*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(4,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(
1/2)+24*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(4,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*x
^3*tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(6x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 8i \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(-3x \log\left(1 - ie^{x/2}\right) + \frac{1}{8}x^3 \log\left(1 - ie^{x/2}\right)\right)\right)}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(Cosh[x/2]*(6*x^2*Cosh[x/2] + (8*I)*Cosh[x/2]^2*(-3*x*Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)] +
(x^3*Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)])/8 + 3*x*Log[1 + I*E^(x/2)] - (x^3*Log[1 + I*E^(x
/2)])/8 - (3*(-8 + x^2)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)])/4 + (3*(-8 + x^2)*PolyLo
g[2, I*E^(x/2)])/4 + 3*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)] - 3*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/
2)] - 6*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 6*PolyLog[4, I*E^(x/2)] + x^3*Sinh[x/2
]))/(a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3800

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(\frac{x}{2}) dx}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x^3 \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) dx - 12 \int x \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) dx + x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + 6x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x^3 \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - 12 \int x \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + 6x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 4668

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(-2i \int \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 2i \int \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(-4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 4i \int e^{x/2} \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(4x \arctan(e^{x/2}) - 4 \int \frac{e^{x/2}}{1 - ie^{x/2}} dx + 4 \int \frac{e^{x/2}}{1 + ie^{x/2}} dx))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3011

$$\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(6i \left(4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) \right) - 6i \left(4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 7163

$$\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) - 2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) dx) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) \right) - 6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) - 2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) dx) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2720

$$\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) - 4 \int e^{-x/2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2}) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) \right) - 6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) - 4 \int e^{x/2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2}) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2}) + 6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) - 4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{x/2})) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) \right) - 6i \left(4(2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) - 4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{x/2})) - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*(-12*(4*x*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] - (4*I)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + (4*I)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)]) + (4*x^3*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] + (6*I)*(-2*x^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 4*(2*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)] - 4*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(x/2)])) - (6*I)*(-2*x^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)] + 4*(2*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/2)] - 4*PolyLog[4, I*E^(x/2)])))/2 + 6*x^2*Sech[x/2] + x^3*Sech[x/2]*Tanh[x/2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4674 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^3/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
8/27*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) +
3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2
)) + 36*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x^3*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e
^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 72*sqrt(2)*int
egrate(1/9*x^2*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*
e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 96*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x*e^(3/2
*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*
e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/27*(9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 + 18*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 +
24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(3/2*x)/(a^2*e^(3*x) + 3*a^2
*e^(2*x) + 3*a^2*e^x + a^2)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a^2} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} x^3}{\cosh(x)^2 + 2 \cosh(x) + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**3)/(cosh(x)**2 + 2*cosh(x) + 1),x))/a**2`

3.145 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1099
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1100
Rubi [A] (verified)	1100
Maple [F]	1103
Fricas [F]	1103
Sympy [F]	1104
Maxima [F]	1104
Giac [F]	1105
Mupad [F(-1)]	1105
Reduce [F]	1105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^2 \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{4 \arctan(\sinh(\frac{x}{2})) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{2ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{2ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{4i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{4i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^2 \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}$$

output

```
2*x/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+x^2*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-4*arctan(sinh(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-2*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+2*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-4*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*x^2*tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(4x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + i \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(16i \arctan\left(e^{x/2}\right) + x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{x/2}\right) - x^2\right)\right)}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*(4*x*Cosh[x/2] + I*Cosh[x/2]^2*((16*I)*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] + x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)] - x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(x/2)] - 4*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 4*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)] + 8*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)] - 8*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/2)]) + x^2*Sinh[x/2]))/(a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4257, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x^2 \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 4674 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)dx - 4\int\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)dx + x^2\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2\csc\left(\frac{ix}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx - 4\int\csc\left(\frac{ix}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx + x^2\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 4257 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2\csc\left(\frac{ix}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx - 8\arctan\left(\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + x^2\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 4668 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-4i\int x\log\left(1-ie^{x/2}\right)dx + 4i\int x\log\left(1+ie^{x/2}\right)dx + 4x^2\arctan\left(e^{x/2}\right)\right) - 8\arctan\left(\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + x^2\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 3011 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4i\left(2\int\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{x/2}\right)dx - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{x/2}\right)\right) - 4i\left(2\int\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{x/2}\right)dx - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{x/2}\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 2720 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4i\left(4\int e^{-x/2}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{x/2}\right)de^{x/2} - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{x/2}\right)\right) - 4i\left(4\int e^{-x/2}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{x/2}\right)de^{x/2} - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{x/2}\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \\ & \downarrow 7143 \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4x^2\arctan\left(e^{x/2}\right) + 4i\left(4\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,-ie^{x/2}\right) - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{x/2}\right)\right) - 4i\left(4\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,ie^{x/2}\right) - 2x\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{x/2}\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \right)}{2a\sqrt{a\cosh(x)+a}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*(-8*ArcTan[Sinh[x/2]] + (4*x^2*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] + (4*I)*(-2*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)]) - (4*I)*(-2*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)] + 4*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/2)]))/2 + 4*x*Sech[x/2] + x^2*Sech[x/2]*Tanh[x/2]))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4674

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
+ (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
+ Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
+ Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^2/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/27*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2)) + 36*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x^2*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 48*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/27*(9*sqrt(2)*x^2 + 12*sqrt(2)*x + 8*sqrt(2))*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} x^2}{\cosh(x)^2 + 2 \cosh(x) + 1} dx \right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x**2)/(cosh(x)**2 + 2*cosh(x) + 1),x))/a**2`

3.146 $\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1107
Rubi [A] (verified)	1107
Maple [F]	1109
Fricas [F]	1110
Sympy [F]	1110
Maxima [F]	1110
Giac [F]	1111
Mupad [F(-1)]	1111
Reduce [F]	1111

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}$$

output

```
1/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+x*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*x*tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + i \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(x \left(\log\left(1 - ie^{x/2}\right) - \log\left(1 + ie^{x/2}\right)\right) - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, (-I)E^{x/2}\right) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, IE^{x/2}\right)\right) + x \operatorname{Sin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{(a(1 + \cosh(x)))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*(2*Cosh[x/2] + I*Cosh[x/2]^2*(x*(Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)] - Log[1 + I*E^(x/2)]) - 2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)]) + x*Sin[h[x/2]))/(a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{x}{(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4673} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + 2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int x \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + 2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 4668

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-2i \int \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 2i \int \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x \arctan(e^{x/2})\right) + 2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} + 4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} + 4x \arctan(e^{x/2})\right) + 2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(4x \arctan(e^{x/2}) - 4i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) + 4i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})\right) + 2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*((4*x*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] - (4*I)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + (4*I)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)])/2 + 2*Sech[x/2] + x*Sech[x/2]*Tanh[x/2]))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4673 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + \cosh(x)a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2) + 12*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/3*x*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/9*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(3/2*x)/(a^2*e^(3*x) + 3*a^2*e^(2*x) + 3*a^2*e^x + a^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1} x}{\cosh(x)^2 + 2 \cosh(x) + 1} dx \right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int((sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)*x)/(cosh(x)**2 + 2*cosh(x) + 1),x))/a**2`

3.147 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1112
Mathematica [N/A]	1112
Rubi [N/A]	1113
Maple [N/A]	1113
Fricas [N/A]	1114
Sympy [N/A]	1114
Maxima [N/A]	1114
Giac [N/A]	1115
Mupad [N/A]	1115
Reduce [N/A]	1116

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + \cosh(x)a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/(a^2*x*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*x*cosh(x) + a^2*x), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1}}{\cosh(x)^2 x + 2 \cosh(x)x + x} dx \right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x)**2*x + 2*cosh(x)*x + x),x))/a**2`

3.148 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1117
Mathematica [N/A]	1117
Rubi [N/A]	1118
Maple [N/A]	1118
Fricas [N/A]	1119
Sympy [N/A]	1119
Maxima [N/A]	1119
Giac [N/A]	1120
Mupad [N/A]	1120
Reduce [N/A]	1121

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + \cosh(x) a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+cosh(x)*a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/(a^2*x^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*x^2*cosh(x) + a^2*x^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a*(cosh(x)+ 1))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\cosh(x)+1}}{\cosh(x)^2 x^2 + 2 \cosh(x) x^2 + x^2} dx \right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(cosh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x)**2*x**2 + 2*cosh(x)*x**2 + x**2),x))/a**2`

$$3.149 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1122
Mathematica [N/A]	1122
Rubi [N/A]	1123
Maple [N/A]	1123
Fricas [F(-2)]	1124
Sympy [N/A]	1124
Maxima [N/A]	1125
Giac [N/A]	1125
Mupad [N/A]	1125
Reduce [N/A]	1126

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{x} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/3)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3)/x, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)/x, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)/x, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(c + dx))^{1/3}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/3)/x,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/3)/x, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = a^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\int \frac{(\cosh(dx + c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`

output `a**(1/3)*int((cosh(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3)/x,x)`

3.150 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

Optimal result	1127
Mathematica [N/A]	1127
Rubi [N/A]	1128
Maple [N/A]	1128
Fricas [N/A]	1129
Sympy [F(-1)]	1129
Maxima [N/A]	1129
Giac [N/A]	1130
Mupad [N/A]	1130
Reduce [N/A]	1130

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3807$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (\cosh(fx + e) a + a)^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m*(cosh(e + f*x)*a + a)**n,x)`

3.151 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1132
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1133
Rubi [A] (verified)	1134
Maple [F]	1136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1136
Sympy [F(-2)]	1137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1137
Giac [F]	1138
Mupad [F(-1)]	1138
Reduce [F]	1139

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 402

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\
 &= \frac{5a^3(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} + \frac{3^{-1-m}a^3e^{3e-\frac{3cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 &+ \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m}a^3e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 &+ \frac{15a^3e^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 &- \frac{15a^3e^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 &- \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m}a^3e^{-2e+\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 &- \frac{3^{-1-m}a^3e^{-3e+\frac{3cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 5/2*a^3*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/8*3^(-1-m)*a^3*\exp(3*e-3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m* \\ & \text{GAMMA}(1+m,-3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3*2^(-3-m)*a^3*\exp(2*e-2*c* \\ & f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+15/8*a^3*\exp \\ & (e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-15/8*a^3* \\ & \exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3*2^(-3 \\ & -m)*a^3*\exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c) \\ & /d)^m)-1/8*3^(-1-m)*a^3*\exp(-3*e+3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,3*f*(d*x+c)/ \\ & d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m) \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx =$$

$$\frac{2^{-6-m} 3^{-1-m} a^3 e^{-3\left(e+\frac{cf}{d}\right)} (c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1+\cosh(e+fx))^3 \left(-2^m d e^{6e} (1+m) \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^m\right)}{}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -((2^(-6 - m)*3^(-1 - m)*a^3*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + \text{Cosh}[e + f*x])^3*(-(2^m*d*E^ \\ & (6*e)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d]) - 3^(2 \\ & + m)*d*E^(5*e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + \\ & d*x))/d] - 5*2^m*3^(2 + m)*d*E^(4*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d) \\ & ^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, -(f*(c + d*x))/d] + 5*2^m*3^(2 + m)*d*E^(2*e + (4*c*f)/d) \\ &)*(1 + m)*(-(f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m) \\ & *d*E^(e + (5*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-(f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (2*f*(c + \\ & d*x))/d] + 2^m*E^((3*c*f)/d)*(-20*3^(1 + m)*E^(3*e)*f*(c + d*x)*(-(f^2*(c \\ & + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m + d*E^((3*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-(f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*\text{Gamma} \\ & [1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d]))*\text{Sech}[(e + f*x)/2]^6/(d*E^(3*(e + (c*f)/d))*f \\ & *(1 + m)*(-(f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3799$$

$$8a^3 \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^6 \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$8a^3 \int (c + dx)^m \sin \left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^6 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3793$$

$$8a^3 \int \left(\frac{15}{32} \cosh(e + fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{3}{16} \cosh(2e + 2fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{32} \cosh(3e + 3fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{5}{16} (c + dx)^m \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$8a^3 \left(\frac{3^{-m-1} e^{3e - \frac{3cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{64f} + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-m-6} e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m}}{f} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output

```
8*a^3*((5*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(16*d*(1 + m)) + (3^(-1 - m)*E^(3*e - (3*c*f)
/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d
))^m) + (3*2^(-6 - m)*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(
c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (15*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m
*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(64*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (15*E^(
-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*((f*(c + d*
x))/d)^m) - (3*2^(-6 - m)*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2
*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (3^(-1 - m)*E^(-3*e + (3*c*f)/
d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m
)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 3799

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))
+ f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```


Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/24*((a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e
- 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((
d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 45*(a^3*d*m +
a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)
- 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e
+ 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m +
1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d) - 9*(a^3*d
*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e -
2*c*f)/d) - 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*
log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f
)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1
, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) + (a^3*d*m
+ a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e +
3*c*f)/d) - 60*(a^3*d*f*x + a^3*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 60*(a^3*d*f*x
+ a^3*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3e + \frac{3cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{3(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d(m+1)} \right)$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a^3$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^3}{d(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-3*e + 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*
f/d)/d + 3*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f
/d)/d + 3*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/
d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(3*e - 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)
*f/d)/d)*a^3 - 3/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m
, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(
-m, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*a^3 - 3/2*((d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x +
c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a^3 + (d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^3 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^3*(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)
```

output

```
int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)
```


3.152 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1140
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1141
Rubi [A] (verified)	1141
Maple [F]	1143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1143
Sympy [F(-2)]	1144
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1145
Giac [F]	1145
Mupad [F(-1)]	1146
Reduce [F]	1146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 263

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m}a^2e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2e^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{a^2e^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-m}a^2e^{-2e+\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

output

```
3/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*a^2*exp(2*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMM
A(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+a^2*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMM
A(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-a^2*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA
(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*a^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+
c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{2^{-5-m} a^2 e^{-2\left(e + \frac{cf}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1 + \cosh(e + fx))^2 \left(-32^{2+m} e^{2\left(e + \frac{cf}{d}\right)} f(c + dx) \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m}\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```

-((2^(-5 - m)*a^2*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2*(-3*2^(2 + m)*E^(2*(e
+ (c*f)/d))*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m - d*E^(4*e)*(1 + m)*(
f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 2^(3 + m)*d*E^(3*e + (c*
f)/d)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] + 2^(3 + m)
*d*E^(e + (3*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d
*x))/d] + d*E^((4*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f
*(c + d*x))/d])*Sech[(e + f*x)/2]^4)/(d*E^(2*(e + (c*f)/d))*f*(1 + m)*(-((
f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4a^2 \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \int (c + dx)^m \sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& 4a^2 \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \cosh(e + fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{8} \cosh(2e + 2fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{3}{8}(c + dx)^m\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 4a^2 \left(\frac{2^{-m-5} e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \frac{e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4f} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `4*a^2*((3*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(8*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-5 - m)*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(4*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(4*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (2^(-5 - m)*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{(a^2 dm + a^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) + 8(a^2 dm + a^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*
f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cos
h((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) -
(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
*d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh(
(d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x +
c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m +
1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) - 12*(a^
2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 12*(a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*sinh(m*
log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} \right.$$

$$- \left. \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a^2 \right.$$

$$+ \left. \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m+1)} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))*a^2 - ((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a^2 + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1))`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(e^{4fx+4e} (dx + c)^m dm + e^{4fx+4e} (dx + c)^m d + 8e^{3fx+3e} (dx + c)^m dm + 8e^{3fx+3e} (dx + c)^m d + 12e^{2fx+2e} (dx + c)^m dm + 12e^{2fx+2e} (dx + c)^m d \right)}{m(m+1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output

```
(a**2*(e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*m + e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d
+ 8*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*m + 8*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d
+ 12*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*c*f + 12*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m
*d*f*x - 8*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*m - 8*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d -
(c + d*x)**m*d*m - (c + d*x)**m*d - e**(4*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c +
d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 - e**(4*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c + d
*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m - 8*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**
m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 - 8*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)
/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)
*c + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**
m/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m + 8*e**(e + 2*f*x)
*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 + 8*e**(e + 2*f
*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m))/(8*e**(2*e +
2*f*x)*d*f*(m + 1))
```

3.153 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1148
Rubi [A] (verified)	1148
Maple [F]	1149
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1150
Sympy [F(-2)]	1150
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1151
Giac [F]	1151
Mupad [F(-1)]	1152
Reduce [F]	1152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1 + m)} + \frac{ae^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

$$- \frac{ae^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

output

```
a*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*a*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*a*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{ae^{-e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1 + \cosh(e + fx)) \left(-2e^{e+\frac{cf}{d}} f(c + dx) \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^m - de^{2e}(1 + \cosh(e + fx))\right)}{4df}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output

```
-1/4*(a*E^(-e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])*(-2*E^(e + (c*f)/d)*f*(c + d*x)*(-(f^2*(c + d*x)^2/d^2))^m - d*E^(2*e)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, -(f*(c + d*x))/d] + d*E^((2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-(f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])*Sech[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(d*f*(1 + m)*(-(f^2*(c + d*x)^2/d^2))^m)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{ae^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m\left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \frac{ae^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m\left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} + \frac{a(c+dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (a*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (a*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e)) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(adm + ad) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d}) - (adm + ad) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - de + cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{-dfx - cf}{d})}{(d^2 f^2 m + d^2 f^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((a*d*m + a*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d*m + a*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d*m + a*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + (a*d*m + a*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left(e^{2fx+2e} (dx + c)^m dm + e^{2fx+2e} (dx + c)^m d + 2e^{fx+e} (dx + c)^m cf + 2e^{fx+e} (dx + c)^m dfx - (dx + c)^m \right)}{m + 1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `(a*(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*m + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d + 2*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*c*f + 2*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*d*f*x - (c + d*x)**m*d*m - (c + d*x)**m*d - e**(2*e + f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 - e**(2*e + f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*d**2*m + e**(f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 + e**(f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*d**2*m))/(2*e**(e + f*x)*d*f*(m + 1))`

3.154 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1153
Mathematica [N/A]	1153
Rubi [N/A]	1154
Maple [N/A]	1154
Fricas [N/A]	1155
Sympy [N/A]	1155
Maxima [N/A]	1155
Giac [N/A]	1156
Mupad [N/A]	1156
Reduce [N/A]	1157

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3807$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a + a \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x)/a`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.65

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^e \left(e^{fx} (dx + c)^m - e^{fx+e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx} (dx+c)^m}{e^{fx+e} c + e^{fx+e} dx + c + dx} dx \right) dm - \left(\int \frac{e^{fx} (dx+c)^m}{e^{fx+e} c + e^{fx+e} dx + c + dx} dx \right) dm \right)}{af (e^{fx+e} + 1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `(2*e**e*(e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m - e**(e + f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(e**(e + f*x)*c + e**(e + f*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)*d*m - int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(e**(e + f*x)*c + e**(e + f*x)*d*x + c + d*x),x)*d*m))/(a*f*(e**(e + f*x) + 1))`

$$3.155 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [N/A]	1158
Rubi [N/A]	1159
Maple [N/A]	1159
Fricas [N/A]	1160
Sympy [N/A]	1160
Maxima [N/A]	1160
Giac [N/A]	1161
Mupad [N/A]	1161
Reduce [N/A]	1162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a + a \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(a^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 11.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4857, normalized size of antiderivative = 242.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(4*( - 3*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*c*f - (c + d*x)**m*c*f - (c + d*x)**m*d
*m - 6*e**(4*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*x)/(2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*
c**2*f + 2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f*x - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*m - e**(3*e + 3
*f*x)*d**2*m*x + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*f + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*f*x -
3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*m*x + 6*e**(e + f*x)*c*
*2*f + 6*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*f*x - 3*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(e + f*x)*d**2
*m*x + 2*c**2*f + 2*c*d*f*x - c*d*m - d**2*m*x),x)*c*d**2*f**2*m + 3*e**(4
*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*x)/(2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**2*f + 2*e
**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f*x - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*m - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**2*m
*x + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**2*f + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*f*x - 3*e**(2*e +
2*f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**2*m*x + 6*e**(e + f*x)*c**2*f + 6*e**
(e + f*x)*c*d*f*x - 3*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(e + f*x)*d**2*m*x + 2*c**
2*f + 2*c*d*f*x - c*d*m - d**2*m*x),x)*d**3*f*m**2 + 2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*in
t((c + d*x)**m/(2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c**2*f + 2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f*x - e
**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*m - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*d**2*m*x + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**
2*f + 6*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*f*x - 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(2*e +
2*f*x)*d**2*m*x + 6*e**(e + f*x)*c**2*f + 6*e**(e + f*x)*c*d*f*x - 3*e**(e
+ f*x)*c*d*m - 3*e**(e + f*x)*d**2*m*x + 2*c**2*f + 2*c*d*f*x - c*d*m - d
**2*m*x),x)*c**2*d*f**2*m + e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(2*e**(3*e +
3*f*x)*c**2*f + 2*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*f*x - e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*c*d*m - ...
```

3.156 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1164
Rubi [A] (verified)	1164
Maple [A] (verified)	1166
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1167
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1167
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1168
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1169
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1170

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6bd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{3bd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{6bd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/4*a*(d*x+c)^4/d-6*b*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-3*b*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+6*b*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ax(4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - \frac{3bd(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(2 + f^2 x^2)) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{b(c + dx)(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(6 + f^2 x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/4 - (3*b*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 + (b*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^3 + b(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a(c+dx)^4}{4d} + \frac{6bd^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} - \frac{3bd(c+dx)^2\cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{6bd^3\cosh(e+fx)}{f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) - (6*b*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (3*b*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (6*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(dx+c)b((dx+c)^2f^2+6d^2)f \sinh(fx+e)-3bd((dx+c)^2f^2+2d^2) \cosh(fx+e)+\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)axf^4-3b}{f^4}$
risc	$\frac{ad^3x^4}{4} + ad^2cx^3 + \frac{3ad^2c^2x^2}{2} + ac^3x + \frac{ac^4}{4d} + \frac{b(d^3x^3f^3+3cd^2f^3x^2+3c^2df^3x-3d^3f^2x^2+c^3f^3-6cd^2f^2x)}{2f^4}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{b\left(\frac{d^3((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - 3d^3e((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))\right)}{f^3}$
oring	$\frac{(d^5f^4x^6+6cd^4f^4x^5+15c^2d^3f^4x^4+20c^3d^2f^4x^3+14c^4df^4x^2-24d^5f^2x^4+4c^5f^4x-96cd^4f^2x^3-156c^2d^3f^2x^2-120c^3d^3f^2x^2-120c^3d^3f^2x^2)}{4f^4(dx+c)^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3a(fx+e)^4}{4f^3} + \frac{d^3b((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3ea(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3d^3eb((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3a(fx+e)^4}{4f^3} + \frac{d^3b((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3ea(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3d^3eb((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((d*x+c)*b*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+6*d^2)*f*\sinh(f*x+e)-3*b*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*\cosh(f*x+e)+(1/2*d*x+c)*(1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*a*x*f^4-3*b*c^2*d*f^2-6*d^3*b)/f^4}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (c + dx)^3(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^3f^4x^4 + 4acd^2f^4x^3 + 6ac^2df^4x^2 + 4ac^3f^4x - 12(bd^3f^2x^2 + 2bcd^2f^2x + bc^2df^2 + 2bd^3) \cosh(fx + e)}{4f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*(a*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 4*a*c^3*f^4*x
- 12*(b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*b*d^3)*cosh(f*x +
e) + 4*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 + 6*b*c*d^2*f + 3*(
b*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*b*d^3*f)*x)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} ac^3x + \frac{3ac^2dx^2}{2} + acd^2x^3 + \frac{ad^3x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{3bc^2dx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{3bc^2d \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3bcd^2x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(c^3x + \frac{3c^2dx^2}{2} + cd^2x^3 + \frac{d^3x^4}{4} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a*c**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2/2 + a*c*d**2*x**3 + a*d**3*x**4/4 +
b*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 3*b*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*b*c**2*d*cosh(e
+ f*x)/f**2 + 3*b*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*b*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)
/f**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + b*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*b*
d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*b*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 6*b*d**3*c
osh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 +
c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

output

```
1/4*a*d^3*x^4 + a*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3*x + 1/2*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 - 6*b*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b*d^3*f*x + 6*b*c*d^2*f - 6*b*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - 1/2*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 + 6*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b*d^3*f*x + 6*b*c*d^2*f + 6*b*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (bc^3 f^2 + 6bcd^2)}{f^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(e + fx) (bc^2 d f^2 + 2bd^3)}{f^4} + \frac{ad^3 x^4}{4} + ac^3 x + \frac{3x \sinh(e + fx) (bc^2 d f^2 + 2bd^3)}{f^3} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + acd^2 x^3 - \frac{3bd^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{bd^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{6bcd^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3bcd^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(sinh(e + f*x)*(b*c^3*f^2 + 6*b*c*d^2))/f^3 - (3*cosh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^3 + b*c^2*d*f^2))/f^4 + (a*d^3*x^4)/4 + a*c^3*x + (3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^3 + b*c^2*d*f^2))/f^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + a*c*d^2*x^3 - (3*b*d^3*x^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (b*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (6*b*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (3*b*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \cosh(fx + e) b c^2 d f^2 - 24 \cosh(fx + e) b c d^2 f^2 x - 12 \cosh(fx + e) b d^3 f^2 x^2 - 24 \cosh(fx + e) b d^4 f^2 x^3 + 12 \sinh(fx + e) b c^2 d f^2 + 24 \sinh(fx + e) b c d^2 f^2 x + 12 \sinh(fx + e) b d^3 f^2 x^2 + 24 \sinh(fx + e) b d^4 f^2 x^3 + 4 a c^3 f^4 x + 6 a c^2 d f^4 x^2 + 4 a c d^2 f^4 x^3 + a d^3 f^4 x^4}{4 f^4}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
( - 12*cosh(e + f*x)*b*c**2*d*f**2 - 24*cosh(e + f*x)*b*c*d**2*f**2*x - 12
*cosh(e + f*x)*b*d**3*f**2*x**2 - 24*cosh(e + f*x)*b*d**3 + 4*sinh(e + f*x
)*b*c**3*f**3 + 12*sinh(e + f*x)*b*c**2*d*f**3*x + 12*sinh(e + f*x)*b*c*d*
*2*f**3*x**2 + 24*sinh(e + f*x)*b*c*d**2*f + 4*sinh(e + f*x)*b*d**3*f**3*x
**3 + 24*sinh(e + f*x)*b*d**3*f*x + 4*a*c**3*f**4*x + 6*a*c**2*d*f**4*x**2
+ 4*a*c*d**2*f**4*x**3 + a*d**3*f**4*x**4)/(4*f**4)
```

3.157 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1171
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1171
Rubi [A] (verified)	1172
Maple [A] (verified)	1173
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1174
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1174
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1175
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1175
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1176

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2bd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3/d-2*b*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+2*b*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+b*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{3}ax(3c^2 + 3cdx + d^2x^2) - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{a x^3 (3 c^2 + 3 c d x + d^2 x^2)}{3} - \frac{2 b d (c + d x) \cosh[e + f x]}{f^2} + \frac{b (c^2 f^2 + 2 c d f x + d^2 (2 + f^2 x^2)) \sinh[e + f x]}{f^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a(c + dx)^2 + b(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2bd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{a(c + d*x)^3}{3*d} - \frac{2*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]}{f^2} + \frac{2*b*d^2*\sinh[e + f*x]}{f^3} + \frac{b*(c + d*x)^2*\sinh[e + f*x]}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{b((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2) \sinh(fx+e) + (-2bd(dx+c) \cosh(fx+e) + ax(\frac{1}{3}x^2 d^2 + cdx + c^2) f^2 - 2bcd) f}{f^3}$
risch	$\frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + adc x^2 + a c^2 x + \frac{a c^3}{3d} + \frac{b(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2 - 2d^2 f x - 2cdf + 2d^2) e^{fx+e}}{2f^3} - \frac{b(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2)}{f^3}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{b\left(\frac{d^2((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 e^2}{f}\right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{d^2 b((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a (fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e b((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{d^2 b((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a (fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e b((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2}$
orering	$\frac{(d^4 f^4 x^5 + 5c d^3 f^4 x^4 + 10c^2 d^2 f^4 x^3 + 9c^3 d f^4 x^2 + 3c^4 f^4 x - 12d^4 f^2 x^3 - 42c d^3 f^2 x^2 - 48c^2 d^2 f^2 x - 12c^3 d f^2 - 48d^4 x - 12d^3)}{3f^4(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (b*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+(-2*b*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)+a*x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2-2*b*c*d)*f)/f^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 f^3 x^3 + 3 acdf^3 x^2 + 3 ac^2 f^3 x - 6 (bd^2 fx + bcdf) \cosh(fx + e) + 3 (bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 bcdf^2 x + bc^2 f^2 + 2 bcd^2) \sinh(fx + e)}{3 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*f^3*x - 6*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2 + 2*b*d^2)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2 x + acdx^2 + \frac{ad^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{bc^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{2bcdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2bcd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{bd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2bd^2 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*x + a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**3/3 + b*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 2*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + b*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*b*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 2*b*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x + bcd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} bd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2 x^2 e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2 x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\ &+ \frac{bc^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + b*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 1/2*b*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + b*c^2*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x \\ &+ \frac{(bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2 - 2bd^2 fx - 2bcd f + 2bd^2)e^{(fx+e)}}{2 f^3} \\ &- \frac{(bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2 + 2bd^2 fx + 2bcd f + 2bd^2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2 f^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + 1/2*(b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x +
b*c^2*f^2 - 2*b*d^2*f*x - 2*b*c*d*f + 2*b*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - 1/2*(b*d
^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2 + 2*b*d^2*f*x + 2*b*c*d*f + 2*b*d^2
)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (b c^2 f^2 + 2 b d^2)}{f^3} + a c^2 x + a c d x^2 - \frac{2 b d^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2 b c d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2 b c d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(a*d^2*x^3)/3 + (sinh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^2 + b*c^2*f^2))/f^3 + a*c^2*x + a*c*
d*x^2 - (2*b*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (2*b
*c*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-6 \cosh(fx + e) b c d f - 6 \cosh(fx + e) b d^2 f x + 3 \sinh(fx + e) b c^2 f^2 + 6 \sinh(fx + e) b c d f^2 x + 3 \sinh(fx + e) b d^2 x^2}{3 f^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
( - 6*cosh(e + f*x)*b*c*d*f - 6*cosh(e + f*x)*b*d**2*f*x + 3*sinh(e + f*x)
*b*c**2*f**2 + 6*sinh(e + f*x)*b*c*d*f**2*x + 3*sinh(e + f*x)*b*d**2*f**2*
x**2 + 6*sinh(e + f*x)*b*d**2 + 3*a*c**2*f**3*x + 3*a*c*d*f**3*x**2 + a*d*
*2*f**3*x**3)/(3*f**3)
```

3.158 $\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1178
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1178
Rubi [A] (verified)	1179
Maple [A] (verified)	1180
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1180
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1181
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1181
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1182
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{bd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2/d-b*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-2bd \cosh(e + fx) + f(afx(2c + dx) + 2b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{2f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(-2*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + f*(a*f*x*(2*c + d*x) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(2*f^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int (a(c + dx) + b(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} + \frac{b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{bd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) - (b*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(dx+c)bf \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e)bd + \left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right)ax f^2 - bd}{f^2}$
risc	$\frac{adx^2}{2} + acx + \frac{b(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{2f^2} - \frac{b(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx-e}}{2f^2}$
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{d((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e)) - de\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + c\sinh(fx+e)\right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{db((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{deb\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + cb\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{db((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{deb\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + cb\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$
orering	$\frac{(d^3f^2x^4 + 4cd^2f^2x^3 + 5c^2df^2x^2 + 2c^3f^2x - 6d^3x^2 - 12cd^2x - 4dc^2)(a+b\cosh(fx+e))}{2f^2(dx+c)^2} + \frac{(2x^2d^2 + 4cdx + c^2)(d(a+b\cosh(fx+e)) + c\sinh(fx+e))}{2f^2(dx+c)^2}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)-cosh(f*x+e)*b*d+(1/2*d*x+c)*a*x*f^2-b*d)/f^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adf^2x^2 + 2acf^2x - 2bd \cosh(fx + e) + 2(bdfx + bcf) \sinh(fx + e)}{2f^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(a*d*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*f^2*x - 2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f)
*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acx + \frac{adx^2}{2} + \frac{bc \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{bdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{bd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a*c*x + a*d*x**2/2 + b*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/
f - b*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c*x + d*x**2/2),
True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{bc \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*b*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-
-f*x - e)/f^2) + b*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx + \frac{(bdfx + bcf - bd)e^{(fx+e)}}{2f^2} - \frac{(bdfx + bcf + bd)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f - b*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - 1/2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f + b*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{f(bc \sinh(e + fx) + bdx \sinh(e + fx)) - bdc \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + acx + \frac{adx^2}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(f*(b*c*sinh(e + f*x) + b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)) - b*d*c*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + a*c*x + (a*d*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cosh(fx + e)bd + 2 \sinh(fx + e)bcf + 2 \sinh(fx + e)bdfx + 2ac f^2 x + ad f^2 x^2}{2f^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(- 2*cosh(e + f*x)*b*d + 2*sinh(e + f*x)*b*c*f + 2*sinh(e + f*x)*b*d*f*x + 2*a*c*f**2*x + a*d*f**2*x**2)/(2*f**2)`

$$3.159 \quad \int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$$

Optimal result	1184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1184
Rubi [A] (verified)	1185
Maple [A] (verified)	1186
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1186
Sympy [F]	1187
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1187
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1188
Mupad [F(-1)]	1188
Reduce [F]	1188

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{b \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d}$$

output

```
b*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d+a*ln(d*x+c)/d-b*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{b \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + a \log(c+dx) + b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + a*Log[c + d*x] + b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]/d
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a}{c + dx} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (a*Log[c + d*x])/d + (b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{b e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d}$	94

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*b/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*b/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bEi(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) + bEi(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d})) \cosh(-\frac{de-cf}{d}) + 2a \log(dx + c) - (bEi(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) - bEi(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d})) \sinh(-\frac{de-cf}{d})}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)
+ 2*a*log(d*x + c) - (b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sin
h(-(d*e - c*f)/d))/d
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*
exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a*log(d*x + c)/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{b \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{e-cf}{d}\right)} + b \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{e+cf}{d}\right)} + 2 a \log(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 2*a*log(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x),x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)}{dx+c} dx\right) bd + \log(dx + c) a}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x)`output `(int(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x),x)*b*d + log(c + d*x)*a)/d`

3.160 $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1189
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1189
Rubi [A] (verified)	1190
Maple [A] (verified)	1191
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
Sympy [F(-1)]	1192
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1192
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Mupad [F(-1)]	1194
Reduce [F]	1194

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{bf \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-a/d/(d*x+c)-b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)-b*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2
+b*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{c+dx} + bf \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) + bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-((d*(a + b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)) + b*f*\text{CoshIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)]*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d] + b*f*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)]}{d^2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{bf \text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-a/(d*(c + d*x)) - (b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) + (b*f*\text{CoshIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x]*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d])}{d^2} + \frac{(b*f*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x])}{d^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{d(dx+c)} - \frac{fb e^{-fx-e}}{2d(dx+f+cf)} + \frac{fb e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{fb e^{fx+e}}{2d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fb e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*f*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*b/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*f*b/d^2*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*b/d^2*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2bd \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad - ((bdfx + bcf)Ei\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (bdfx + bcf)Ei\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + ((bdfx + bcf)Ei\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (bdfx + bcf)Ei\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(\frac{de-cf}{d}\right)}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d - ((b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a}{d^2x + cd}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*b*(e^{(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)} + e^{(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)} - a/(d^2*x + c*d)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 631 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{\left((dx + c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) - de + cf}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{de - cf}{d} \right)} - de f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)}{d} \right)}{(dx + c)d^4 \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)} \right) - \frac{a}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*b*((((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d
*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*
f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((
d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) -
d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*f^2*e^((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/
(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f) - ((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^
2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-
d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c)
- c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-d*e - c*f)/d) + d*f^2*e^(-d*x +
c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x
+ c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f)) - a/((d*x + c)*d)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + f x)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) b c^2 + e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx \right) bcdx + 2e^e ax + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{fx}c^2 + 2e^{fx}cdx + e^{fx}d^2x^2} dx \right) b c^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{e^{fx}c^2 + 2e^{fx}cdx + e^{fx}d^2x^2} dx \right) bcdx}{2e^e c (dx + c)}$$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `(e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*b*c**2 + e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)*b*c*d*x + 2*e**e*a*x + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*b*c**2 + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**2 + 2*e**(f*x)*c*d*x + e**(f*x)*d**2*x**2),x)*b*c*d*x)/(2*e**e*c*(c + d*x))`

3.161 $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1195
Rubi [A] (verified)	1196
Maple [B] (verified)	1197
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [F(-1)]	1198
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1199
Mupad [F(-1)]	1200
Reduce [F]	1200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{bf^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{bf \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{bf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*b*f^2*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*
Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3-1/2*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*b*f^2*sinh(-e+c*f/d)
)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{bf^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) - \frac{d(ad+bd \cosh(e+fx)+bf(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx))}{(c+dx)^2} + bf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(b*f^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - (d*(a*d + b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + b*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + b*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]/(2*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{bf^2 \text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{bf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{bf \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*a/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*f^2*Cosh
[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3) - (b*f*Sinh[e + f*x])/(
2*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (b*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(
2*d^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{2d(dx+c)^2} + \frac{f^3 b e^{-fx-e} x}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 b e^{-fx-e} c}{4d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 b e^{-fx-e}}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 b e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}}}{d} \text{ex}$

input

```
int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/4*f^3*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*x+1/4*f^3*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d^2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c-1/4*f^2*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2bd^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad^2 - ((bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2) \text{Ei}(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) + (bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2))}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*b*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d^2 - ((b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e) + ((b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) b c^2 d + 2e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) b c d^2 x + e^{2e} \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx \right) c}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `(e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*
b*c**2*d + 2*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d*
*3*x**3),x)*b*c*d**2*x + e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d*
*2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*b*d**3*x**2 - e**e*a + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e*
*(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*b*c**2*d
+ 2*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 +
e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*b*c*d**2*x + int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**
2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*b*d**3*x**2)/(2*e*
*e*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

3.162 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1201
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1202
Rubi [A] (verified)	1202
Maple [A] (verified)	1204
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1204
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1205
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1206
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1208
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 237

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = & \frac{3b^2 d(c + dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{a^2(c + dx)^4}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{12abd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} \\
 & - \frac{6abd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
 & - \frac{3b^2 d^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{8f^4} \\
 & - \frac{3b^2 d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} \\
 & + \frac{12abd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
 & + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2 d^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{3/8*b^2*d*(d*x+c)^2/f^2+1/4*a^2*(d*x+c)^4/d+1/8*b^2*(d*x+c)^4/d-12*a*b*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-6*a*b*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-3/8*b^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^4-3/4*b^2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+12*a*b*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a*b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f+3/4*b^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f}{f^4}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-96abd(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(2 + f^2 x^2)) \cosh(e + fx) - 3b^2 d(2c^2 f^2 + 4cdf^2 x + d^2(1 + 2f^2 x^2)) \cosh(2(e + fx))}{16f^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-96*a*b*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x] - 3*b^2*d*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(1 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*((2*a^2 + b^2)*f^3*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 16*a*b*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x] + b^2*(c + d*x)*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(3 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])}{16*f^4}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^3 + 2ab(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^2(c + dx)^4}{4d} + \frac{12abd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} - \frac{6abd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \\ & \frac{2ab(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{12abd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} + \\ & \frac{3b^2d^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{4f^3} - \frac{3b^2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \\ & \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{3b^2d(c + dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3b^2d^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{8f^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2)/(8*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(8*d) - (12*a*b*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (6*a*b*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (3*b^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(8*f^4) - (3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (12*a*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (b^2*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{4(dx+c)\left((dx+c)^2f^2+\frac{3d^2}{2}\right)b^2f\sinh(2fx+2e)-6\left((dx+c)^2f^2+\frac{d^2}{2}\right)b^2d\cosh(2fx+2e)+32(dx+c)ba\left((dx+c)^2f^2+6d^2\right)}{16}$
risch	$\frac{d^3a^2x^4}{4} + \frac{d^3b^2x^4}{8} + d^2a^2cx^3 + \frac{d^2b^2cx^3}{2} + \frac{3a^2dc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3db^2c^2x^2}{4} + a^2c^3x + \frac{b^2c^3x}{2} + \frac{a^2c^4}{4d} + \frac{b^2c^4}{8d}$
parts	Expression too large to display
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
oring	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16*(4*(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+3/2*d^2)*b^2*f*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-6*((d*x+c)^2
*f^2+1/2*d^2)*b^2*d*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+32*(d*x+c)*b*a*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+6*d^2)*f
*sinh(f*x+e)-96*b*a*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*cosh(f*x+e)+16*(a^2+1/2*b^2)*
(1/2*d*x+c)*(1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*x*f^4-18*b^2*c^2*d*f^2-9*d^3*b^2)/f^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)d^3f^4x^4 + 8(2a^2 + b^2)cd^2f^4x^3 + 12(2a^2 + b^2)c^2df^4x^2 + 8(2a^2 + b^2)c^3f^4x - 3(2b^2d^3f^2x^2 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 8*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 12*(2*
a^2 + b^2)*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 8*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c^3*f^4*x - 3*(2*b^2*d^3*f^2*x^
2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d*f^2 + b^2*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(2*
b^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d*f^2 + b^2*d^3)*sinh(f*x
+ e)^2 - 96*(a*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*a*b*d
^3)*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(8*a*b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 24*a*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 8*a*b*c^
3*f^3 + 48*a*b*c*d^2*f + 24*(a*b*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*a*b*d^3*f)*x + (2*b^2*d^3*f
^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^3*f^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*f + 3*(2*b^2*c^
2*d*f^3 + b^2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 779 vs. $2(240) = 480$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**2*c**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2/2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + a**2*d*
*3*x**4/4 + 2*a*b*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 6*a*b*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f -
6*a*b*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*b*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 12*a
*b*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 12*a*b*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + 2*a*b*
d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*a*b*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 12*a*b*d*
*3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 12*a*b*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4 - b**2*c**3*x*sin
h(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**3*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)
*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*c**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*b**2*c**2
*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*b**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(
2*f) - 3*b**2*c**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - b**2*c*d**2*x**3*sinh(e +
f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + 3*b**2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh
(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*c*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2)
- 3*b**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) + 3*b**2*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*
cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) - b**2*d**3*x**4*sinh(e + f*x)**2/8 + b**2*d**3*x**
4*cosh(e + f*x)**2/8 + b**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) -
3*b**2*d**3*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 3*b**2*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)
)**2/(8*f**2) + 3*b**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) - 3*b**
2*d**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**4), Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c**3*x +
3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 dx^2 \\
& + \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{2e} - e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 c^2 d \\
& + \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{2e} - 2fxe^{2e} + e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^3} \right) b^2 cd^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4f^3x^3e^{2e} - 6f^2x^2e^{2e} + 6fxe^{2e} - 3e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^4} - \frac{(4f^3x^3 + 6f^2x^2 + 6fx + 3)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^4} \right) b^2 cd^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} b^2 c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^3 x \\
& + 3abc^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\
& + 3abcd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{fx}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\
& + abd^3 \left(\frac{(f^3x^3e^e - 3f^2x^2e^e + 6fxe^e - 6e^e)e^{fx}}{f^4} - \frac{(f^3x^3 + 3f^2x^2 + 6fx + 6)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^4} \right) \\
& + \frac{2abc^3 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x
*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*
c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2
*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*b^2*c*d^2 + 1/
32*(4*x^4 + (4*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) - 6*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) + 6*f*x*e^(2*e) - 3*e^(
2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^4 - (4*f^3*x^3 + 6*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)
/f^4)*b^2*d^3 + 1/8*b^2*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f)
+ a^2*c^3*x + 3*a*b*c^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*
x - e)/f^2) + 3*a*b*c*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 -
(f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a*b*d^3*((f^3*x^3*e^e - 3*f^2*x
^2*e^e + 6*f*x*e^e - 6*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^4 - (f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 6
)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4) + 2*a*b*c^3*sinh(f*x + e)/f

```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 599 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{8} b^2 d^3 x^4 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{(4 b^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 b^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 b^2 c^2 d f^3 x - 6 b^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c^3 f^3 - 12 b^2 c d^2 f^2 x - 6 b^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 b^2 d^3 f}{32 f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(a b d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a b c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a b c^2 d f^3 x - 3 a b d^3 f^2 x^2 + a b c^3 f^3 - 6 a b c d^2 f^2 x - 3 a b c^2 d f^2 + 6 a b d^3 f x +}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(a b d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a b c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a b c^2 d f^3 x + 3 a b d^3 f^2 x^2 + a b c^3 f^3 + 6 a b c d^2 f^2 x + 3 a b c^2 d f^2 + 6 a b d^3 f x +}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(4 b^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 b^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 b^2 c^2 d f^3 x + 6 b^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c^3 f^3 + 12 b^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 6 b^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 b^2 d^3 f}{32 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 + 1/8*b^2*d^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 1/2*b^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/
2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/4*b^2*c^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c^3*x + 1/2*b^2*c^3*x + 1/32*(4*
b^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*b^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 6*b^2*d^3*f^
2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^3*f^3 - 12*b^2*c*d^2*f^2*x - 6*b^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b^2*d^3*f
*x + 6*b^2*c*d^2*f - 3*b^2*d^3)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^4 + (a*b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3
*a*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*a*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*b*c^3*f^3 -
6*a*b*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*a*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*b*d^3*f*x + 6*a*b*c*d^2*f - 6*a
*b*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - (a*b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*b*c
^2*d*f^3*x + 3*a*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*b*c^3*f^3 + 6*a*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*a*b*c
^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*b*d^3*f*x + 6*a*b*c*d^2*f + 6*a*b*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4 - 1
/32*(4*b^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*b^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + 6*b^2
*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^3*f^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 6*b^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b^
2*d^3*f*x + 6*b^2*c*d^2*f + 3*b^2*d^3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = & a^2 c^3 x + \frac{b^2 c^3 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 d^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^4}{8} \\
& + \frac{3 a^2 c^2 d x^2}{2} + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d x^2}{4} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c d^2 x^3}{2} - \frac{3 b^2 d^3 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{16 f^4} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} - \frac{12 a b d^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} \\
& + \frac{2 a b c^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 d^3 x^2 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^2} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^2} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^3} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 d^3 x \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^3} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 x \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f^2} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d x \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} \\
& - \frac{6 a b c^2 d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{12 a b c d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
& + \frac{12 a b d^3 x \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 x^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} \\
& - \frac{6 a b d^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{2 a b d^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& + \frac{6 a b c d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& - \frac{12 a b c d^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{6 a b c^2 d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `a^2*c^3*x + (b^2*c^3*x)/2 + (a^2*d^3*x^4)/4 + (b^2*d^3*x^4)/8 + (3*a^2*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + (3*b^2*c^2*d*x^2)/4 + (b^2*c*d^2*x^3)/2 - (3*b^2*d^3*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(16*f^4) + (b^2*c^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (12*a*b*d^3*cosh(e + f*x))/f^4 + (2*a*b*c^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (3*b^2*d^3*x^2*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^2) + (b^2*d^3*x^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (3*b^2*c^2*d*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^2) + (3*b^2*c*d^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^3) + (3*b^2*d^3*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^3) - (3*b^2*c*d^2*x*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f^2) + (3*b^2*c^2*d*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (6*a*b*c^2*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (12*a*b*c*d^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f^3 + (12*a*b*d^3*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f^3 + (3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (6*a*b*d^3*x^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (6*a*b*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (12*a*b*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (6*a*b*c^2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 940, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{4e^{4fx+4e} b^2 c^3 f^3 - 192e^{3fx+3e} ab d^3 - 192e^{fx+e} ab d^3 - 6b^2 c^2 d f^2 - 6b^2 c d^2 f - 4b^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 - 6b^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 - 6b^2 d^3 f x - 6b^2 d^3}{f^4}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(4*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*c**3*f**3 + 12*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f**3*
x - 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f**2 + 12*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*
f**3*x**2 - 12*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*f**2*x + 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b
**2*c*d**2*f + 4*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*d**3*f**3*x**3 - 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*
b**2*d**3*f**2*x**2 + 6*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2*d**3*f*x - 3*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)
)*b**2*d**3 + 32*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*c**3*f**3 + 96*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*
c**2*d*f**3*x - 96*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*c**2*d*f**2 + 96*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*
a*b*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 192*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f**2*x + 192*e**(3*
e + 3*f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f + 32*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*d**3*f**3*x**3 - 96*e**(
3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*d**3*f**2*x**2 + 192*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*d**3*f*x - 192*
e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b*d**3 + 32*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2*c**3*f**4*x + 48*e**(
2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2*c**2*d*f**4*x**2 + 32*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2*c*d**2*f**4*
x**3 + 8*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2*d**3*f**4*x**4 + 16*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2*c
**3*f**4*x + 24*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f**4*x**2 + 16*e**(2*e + 2*f*
x)*b**2*c*d**2*f**4*x**3 + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2*d**3*f**4*x**4 - 32*e**
(e + f*x)*a*b*c**3*f**3 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*a*b*c**2*d*f**3*x - 96*e**(e + f
*x)*a*b*c**2*d*f**2 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f**3*x**2 - 192*e**(e + f
*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f**2*x - 192*e**(e + f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f - 32*e**(e + f*x)*a
b*d**3*f**3*x**3 - 96*e**(e + f*x)*a*b*d**3*f**2*x**2 - 192*e**(e + f*x)*a
*b*d**3*f*x - 192*e**(e + f*x)*a*b*d**3 - 4*b**2*c**3*f**3 - 12*b**2*c...
```

3.163 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1213
Rubi [A] (verified)	1214
Maple [A] (verified)	1215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1218
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 d^2 x}{4f^2} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^3}{6d} - \frac{4abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2 d(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{4abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 d^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
1/4*b^2*d^2*x/f^2+1/3*a^2*(d*x+c)^3/d+1/6*b^2*(d*x+c)^3/d-4*a*b*d*(d*x+c)*
cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/2*b^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+4*a*b*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/
f^3+2*a*b*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/4*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+
1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(24a^2c^2x + 12b^2c^2x + 24a^2cdx^2 + 12b^2cdx^2 \right. \\ \left. + 8a^2d^2x^3 + 4b^2d^2x^3 - \frac{96abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{6b^2d(c + dx) \cosh(2(e + fx))}{f^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{96abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{48abc^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{96abcdx \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{48abd^2x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3b^2d^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f^3} + \frac{6b^2c^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{12b^2cdx \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`output `(24*a^2*c^2*x + 12*b^2*c^2*x + 24*a^2*c*d*x^2 + 12*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 8*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 4*b^2*d^2*x^3 - (96*a*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (6*b^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)]/f^2 + (96*a*b*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (48*a*b*c^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (96*a*b*c*d*x*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (48*a*b*d^2*x^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*b^2*d^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f^3 + (6*b^2*c^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f + (12*b^2*c*d*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f + (6*b^2*d^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f)/24`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^2 + 2ab(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{4abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{4abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} - \frac{b^2d(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3}{6d} + \frac{b^2d^2 \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{b^2d^2x}{4f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*d^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(6*d) - (4*a*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (b^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f^2) + (4*a*b*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (b^2*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2 \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2} \right) \sinh(2fx+2e) - b^2 df(dx+c) \cosh(2fx+2e) + 8ba \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2 \right) \sinh(fx+e) + 4 \left(-4bad(dx+c) \right)}{4f^3}$
risch	$\frac{d^2 a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{d^2 b^2 x^3}{6} + a^2 dc x^2 + \frac{db^2 c x^2}{2} + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{b^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 c^3}{6d} + \frac{b^2 (2d^2 x^2 f^2 + 4cd f^2 x + 2c^2)}{1}$
parts	$\frac{a^2(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \left((fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e) + \frac{(fx+e)^3}{6} - \frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{2} + \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{4}) \sinh(fx+e) + \frac{fx}{4} + \frac{e}{4} \right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 ab \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)}{4} \right)}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 ab \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)}{4} \right)}{f^2}$
oring	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
1/4*(b^2*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+1/2*d^2)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-b^2*d*f*(d*x+c)*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+8*b*a*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+4*(-4*b*a*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)+(a^2+1/2*b^2)*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*x*f^2-4*c*(a-1/16*b)*b*d*f)/f^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6(2a^2 + b^2)cdf^3 x^2 + 6(2a^2 + b^2)c^2 f^3 x - 3(b^2 d^2 fx + b^2 cdf) \cosh(fx + e)^2 - 3(b^2 d^2 fx + b^2 cdf) \sinh(fx + e)^2}{f^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 6*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c^2*f^3*x - 3*(b^2*d^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(b^2*d^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 48*(a*b*d^2*f*x + a*b*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(8*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 16*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + 8*a*b*c^2*f^2 + 16*a*b*d^2 + (2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*f^2 + b^2*d^2)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 c^2 x + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2abc^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{4abcdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{4abcd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2abd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{4abd^2 x^2 \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e))^2 \left(c^2 x + c d x^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x**2 + a**2*d**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*c**2*sin
h(e + f*x)/f + 4*a*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 4*a*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2
+ 2*a*b*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 4*a*b*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 4*a*
b*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - b**2*c**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**2*x*c
osh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*c*d
*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d*x*s
inh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/f - b**2*c*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(2*f**2) - b**2*d
**2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/6 + b**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/6 + b**2*d**
2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4
*f**2) - b**2*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) + b**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*c
osh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3), Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 +
d**2*x**3/3), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 c d \\
 &+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{(2e)} - 2fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^3} \right) b^2 d^2 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{8} b^2 c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^2 x \\
 &+ 2abcd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\
 &+ abd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\
 &+ \frac{2abc^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(
2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(
2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2
+ 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*b^2*d^2 + 1/8*b^2*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*f*x +
2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(
f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + a*b*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e
+ 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + 2*a*b*c^
2*sinh(f*x + e)/f

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} b^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c^2 x \\
&+ \frac{(2 b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c d f^2 x + 2 b^2 c^2 f^2 - 2 b^2 d^2 f x - 2 b^2 c d f + b^2 d^2) e^{(2 f x + 2 e)}}{16 f^3} \\
&+ \frac{(a b d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a b c d f^2 x + a b c^2 f^2 - 2 a b d^2 f x - 2 a b c d f + 2 a b d^2) e^{(f x + e)}}{f^3} \\
&- \frac{(a b d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a b c d f^2 x + a b c^2 f^2 + 2 a b d^2 f x + 2 a b c d f + 2 a b d^2) e^{(-f x - e)}}{f^3} \\
&- \frac{(2 b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c d f^2 x + 2 b^2 c^2 f^2 + 2 b^2 d^2 f x + 2 b^2 c d f + b^2 d^2) e^{(-2 f x - 2 e)}}{16 f^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 1/6*b^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^
2*x + 1/2*b^2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^
2*f^2 - 2*b^2*d^2*f*x - 2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^3 + (a*b*
d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2 - 2*a*b*d^2*f*x - 2*a*b*c*d*f
+ 2*a*b*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^
2*f^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*f*x + 2*a*b*c*d*f + 2*a*b*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3 - 1/16*(
2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x + 2*b^
2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = & a^2 c^2 x + \frac{b^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{3} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^3}{6} + \frac{b^2 c^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4f} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8f^3} + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{b^2 c d x^2}{2} \\
& + \frac{2 a b c^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{4 a b d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4f} \\
& - \frac{b^2 c d \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4f^2} \\
& - \frac{b^2 d^2 x \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4f^2} \\
& - \frac{4 a b c d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{4 a b d^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{2 a b d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c d x \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{2f} \\
& + \frac{4 a b c d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `a^2*c^2*x + (b^2*c^2*x)/2 + (a^2*d^2*x^3)/3 + (b^2*d^2*x^3)/6 + (b^2*c^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) + (b^2*d^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^3) + a^2*c*d*x^2 + (b^2*c*d*x^2)/2 + (2*a*b*c^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (4*a*b*d^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f^3 + (b^2*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (b^2*c*d*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f^2) - (b^2*d^2*x*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f^2) - (4*a*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 - (4*a*b*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (b^2*c*d*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(2*f) + (4*a*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f`

3.164 $\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1221
Rubi [A] (verified)	1222
Maple [A] (verified)	1223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1224
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1225
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(c + dx)^2}{2d} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{2ab(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2/d+1/4*b^2*(d*x+c)^2/d-2*a*b*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/4*b^2*d*
cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+2*a*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*
sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)(e + fx)(-2cf + d(e - fx)) + 16abd \cosh(e + fx) + b^2d \cosh(2(e + fx)) - 16abf(c + dx)}{8f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/8*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(e + f*x)*(-2*c*f + d*(e - f*x)) + 16*a*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + b^2*d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] - 16*a*b*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x] - 2*b^2*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])/f^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx) + 2ab(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2(c + dx)^2}{2d} + \frac{2ab(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{b^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d) - (2*a*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (b^2*d*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (b^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^2 f(dx+c) \sinh(2fx+2e) - b^2 d \cosh(2fx+2e) + 16abf(dx+c) \sinh(fx+e) - 16abd \cosh(fx+e) + ((2dx^2+4cx)f^2 - 3d)}{8f^2}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} + a^2 cx + \frac{b^2 dx^2}{4} + \frac{b^2 cx}{2} + \frac{b^2(2dx+2cf-d)e^{2fx+2e}}{16f^2} + \frac{ab(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{f^2} - \frac{ab(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx}}{f^2}$
parts	$a^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx \right) + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(fx+e)^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{de \left(\frac{\cosh(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right)}{f} \right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d a^2 (fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2dab((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{d b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(fx+e)^2}{4} \right)}{f} - de a^2$
default	$\frac{d a^2 (fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2dab((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{d b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(fx+e)^2}{4} \right)}{f} - de a^2$
orering	$\frac{(2d^5 f^4 x^6 + 12c d^4 f^4 x^5 + 28c^2 d^3 f^4 x^4 + 32c^3 d^2 f^4 x^3 + 18c^4 d f^4 x^2 - 15d^5 f^2 x^4 + 4c^5 f^4 x - 60c d^4 f^2 x^3 - 85c^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 - 50c^3)}{4f^4(dx+c)^4}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
1/8*(2*b^2*f*(d*x+c)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-b^2*d*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+16*a*b*f*(d*x+c)
)*sinh(f*x+e)-16*a*b*d*cosh(f*x+e)+((2*d*x^2+4*c*x)*f^2-3*d)*b^2+8*(1/2*d*
x+c)*a^2*x*f^2)/f^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)df^2x^2 + 4(2a^2 + b^2)cf^2x - b^2d \cosh(fx + e)^2 - b^2d \sinh(fx + e)^2 - 16abd \cosh(fx + e) + 16abd \sinh(fx + e)}{8f^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*d*f^2*x^2 + 4*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f^2*x - b^2*d*cosh(f*x
+ e)^2 - b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*a*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(4*a*b*d*f*x +
4*a*b*c*f + (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^2cx + \frac{a^2dx^2}{2} + \frac{2abc \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{2abdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2cx \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{b^2cx \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{b^2c \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e))^2 \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**2*c*x + a**2*d*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 2*a*b*d*x*
sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*b*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - b**2*c*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2
+ b**2*c*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f)
- b**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + b**2*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + b**2*d
*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2), N
e(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{2e} - e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} b^2 c \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx + 2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 cx$$

$$+ abd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2abc \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2
*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*d + 1/8*b^2*c*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f
- e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c*x + a*b*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f
*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 2*a*b*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^2 + a^2 cx + \frac{1}{2} b^2 cx$$

$$+ \frac{(2b^2 d f x + 2b^2 c f - b^2 d) e^{(2fx+2e)}}{16 f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(abdfx + abc f - abd) e^{(fx+e)}}{f^2}$$

$$- \frac{(abdfx + abc f + abd) e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2}$$

$$- \frac{(2b^2 d f x + 2b^2 c f + b^2 d) e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{16 f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/4*b^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c*x + 1/2*b^2*c*x + 1/16*(2*b^2*d*f*x + 2*b^2*c*f - b^2*d)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^2 + (a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f - a*b*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - (a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f + a*b*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2 - 1/16*(2*b^2*d*f*x + 2*b^2*c*f + b^2*d)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 dx^2}{4} + a^2 cx$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 cx}{2} - \frac{b^2 d \cosh(e + fx)^2}{4 f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 c \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2 f}$$

$$- \frac{2abd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2abc \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{2abd x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 dx \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2 f}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x),x)`

output $(a^2*d*x^2)/2 + (b^2*d*x^2)/4 + a^2*c*x + (b^2*c*x)/2 - (b^2*d*cosh(e + f*x)^2)/(4*f^2) + (b^2*c*cosh(e + f*x)*sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f) - (2*a*b*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*c*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (2*a*b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (b^2*d*x*cosh(e + f*x)*sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{4fx+4e}b^2cf + 2e^{4fx+4e}b^2dfx - e^{4fx+4e}b^2d + 16e^{3fx+3e}abcf + 16e^{3fx+3e}abdfx - 16e^{3fx+3e}abd + 16e^{2fx+2e}ab^2c}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output $(2e^{4e + 4fx}b^2cf + 2e^{4e + 4fx}b^2dfx - e^{4e + 4fx}b^2d + 16e^{3e + 3fx}abcf + 16e^{3e + 3fx}abdfx - 16e^{3e + 3fx}abd + 16e^{2e + 2fx}a^2cf^2x + 8e^{2e + 2fx}a^2df^2x^2 + 8e^{2e + 2fx}b^2cf^2x + 4e^{2e + 2fx}b^2df^2x^2 - 16e^{e + fx}abcf - 16e^{e + fx}abd + 16e^{e + fx}ab^2c - 2b^2cf - 2b^2dfx - b^2d)/(16e^{2e + 2fx}f^2)$

3.165 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1229
Rubi [A] (verified)	1229
Maple [A] (verified)	1230
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Sympy [F]	1231
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1232
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1232
Mupad [F(-1)]	1233
Reduce [F]	1233

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2ab \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \cosh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{2ab \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sinh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d}$$

output

```
2*a*b*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d+1/2*b^2*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d+a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-2*a*b*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d-1/2*b^2*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ab \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + b^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 2a^2 \log(c + dx) + b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(4*a*b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + b^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2*a^2*Log[c + d*x] + b^2*Log[c + d*x] + 4*a*b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + b^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{c + dx} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{c + dx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{2ab \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(2*a*b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (b^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(2*d) + (a^2*Log[c + d*x])/d + (b^2*Log[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (2*a*b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (b^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(2*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
risch	$-\frac{abe^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(fx + e + \frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{abe^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(-fx - e - \frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{2d}$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a*b/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-a*b/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)+1/2*b^2*ln(d*x+c)/d+a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/4*b^2/d*exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*b^2/d*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + \left(b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) + b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(de-cf)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(4*(a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + (b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*log(d*x + c) - 4*(a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - (b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/d`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \log(dx + c)}{d} \right)$$

$$- ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*log(d*x + c)/d - a*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a^2*log(d*x + c)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfxc+cf)}{d}\right) e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} + 4 ab \text{Ei}\left(\frac{dfxc+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + 4 ab \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfxc+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + b^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfxc+cf)}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*log(d*x + c) + 2*b^2*log(d*x + c))/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)}{dx+c} dx \right) abd + \left(\int \frac{\cosh(fx+e)^2}{dx+c} dx \right) b^2 d + \log(dx + c) a^2}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c), x)`output `(2*int(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x), x)*a*b*d + int(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c + d*x), x)*b**2*d + log(c + d*x)*a**2)/d`

3.166 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1234
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1235
Rubi [A] (verified)	1235
Maple [A] (verified)	1237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Sympy [F]	1238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1238
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1239
Mupad [F(-1)]	1240
Reduce [F]	1240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{2ab \cosh(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-a^2/d/(d*x+c)-2*a*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)-b^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/d/(d*x+c)-b^2*f*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^2-2*a*b*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2+2*a*b*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2+b^2*f*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^2d - b^2d - 4abd \cosh(e + fx) - b^2d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 2b^2f(c + dx) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) + \dots}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^2*d - b^2*d - 4*a*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] - b^2*d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*b^2*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d] + 4*a*b*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d] + 4*a*b*c*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*a*b*d*f*x*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 2*b^2*c*f*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2*b^2*d*f*x*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d^2*(c + d*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2abf \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} -$$

$$\frac{2ab \cosh(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(a^2/(d*(c + d*x))) - (2*a*b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) - (b^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(d*(c + d*x)) + (b^2*f*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d])/d^2 + (2*a*b*f*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d^2 + (2*a*b*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^2 + (b^2*f*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{fabe^{-fx-e}}{d(dx+cf)} + \frac{fabe^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \expIntegral_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{fabe^{fx+e}}{d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fabe^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \expIntegral_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2}$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -f*a*b*\exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+f*a*b/d^2*\exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/d^2*f*a*b*\exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/d^2*f*a*b*\exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d) \\ & *Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-a^2/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^2/(d*x+c)/d-1/4*f*b^2*\exp(-2 \\ & *f*x-2*e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*b^2/d^2*\exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+2* \\ & (c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*b^2*f/d^2*\exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*b^2*f/d^2*\exp(-2 \\ & *(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b^2 d \cosh(fx + e)^2 + b^2 d \sinh(fx + e)^2 + 4abd \cosh(fx + e) + (2a^2 + b^2)d - 2((abdfx + abcf)Ei\left(\frac{df}{d}\right) - (abdfx + abcf)Ei\left(\frac{df}{d}\right))}{(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) \\ &) + (2*a^2 + b^2)*d - 2*((a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*b* \\ & d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - ((b^2*d*f*x \\ & + b^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c* \\ & f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/ \\ & d) + (a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((\\ & b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(\\ & d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{2}{d^2x + cd} \right) \\ & \quad - ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{d^2x + cd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + 2/(d^2*x + c*d) - a*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)) - a^2/(d^2*x + c*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1135 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1135, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x +
c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d)
- 2*b^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*b^2*c*f^3*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c
) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*(d*x + c)*a
*b*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) -
c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a*b*d*e*f^2*Ei(((
d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f
)/d) + 4*a*b*c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*(d*x + c)*a*b*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x +
c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*
f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*a*b*d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c
*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a*b*c*f^3*Ei(-((d
*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f
)/d) - 2*(d*x + c)*b^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x
+ c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f
)/d) + 2*b^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*b^2*c*f^3*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(
d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - b^2*d
*f^2*e^(2*(d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d) - 4*a*b*d*f^...
```


3.167 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1241
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1242
Rubi [A] (verified)	1242
Maple [B] (verified)	1244
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1245
Sympy [F]	1245
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1246
Mupad [F(-1)]	1247
Reduce [F]	1247

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{ab \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{abf^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3} - \frac{abf \sinh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 f \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{abf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*a^2/d/(d*x+c)^2-a*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*b^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/d/(d*x+c)^2+a*b*f^2*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3+b^2*f^2*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^3-a*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)-b^2*f*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)-a*b*f^2*sinh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^3-b^2*f^2*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2a^2d^2 + b^2d^2 + 4abd^2 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2d^2 \cosh(2(e + fx)) - 4abf^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*a^2*d^2 + b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x] + b^2*d^2*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] - 4*a*b*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 4*b^2*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 4*a*b*c*d*f*Sinh[e + f*x] + 4*a*b*d^2*f*x*Sinh[e + f*x] + 2*b^2*c*d*f*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] - 4*a*b*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 8*a*b*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(d^3*(c + d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a^2}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{abf^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{abf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} - \\ & \frac{abf \sinh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{ab \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} + \\ & \frac{b^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 f \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a^2/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (a*b*f^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^3 + (b^2*f^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^3 - (a*b*f*Sinh[e + f*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) - (b^2*f*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (a*b*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^3 + (b^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 625 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
risch	$\frac{f^3 a b e^{-f x - e} x}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a b e^{-f x - e} c}{2d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a b e^{-f x - e}}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a b e^{\frac{cf - de}{d}} \expIntegral_1(fx + \frac{cf - de}{d})}{2d^3}$

input

```
int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*f^3*a*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*x+1/2*f^3*a*b*
exp(-f*x-e)/d^2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c-1/2*f^2*a*b*exp(-f*x-e)
)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)-1/2*f^2*a*b/d^3*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(
1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2/d^3*f^2*a*b*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2-1/2/d^3*f^2*
a*b*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2/d^3*f^2*a*b*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(
c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*a^2/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/4*b^2/(d*x+c)^2/d+1/4*f^3*b^2*exp(-2*f*x
-2*e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*x+1/4*f^3*b^2*exp(-2*f*x-2*e)/d^
2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c-1/8*f^2*b^2*exp(-2*f*x-2*e)/d/(d^2*f
^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)-1/2*f^2*b^2/d^3*exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+
2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/8*f^2*b^2/d^3*exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2-1/4*f^2*b^
2/d^3*exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f^2*b^2/d^3*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,
-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 586 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 d^2 \cosh^2(fx + e) + b^2 d^2 \sinh^2(fx + e) + 4abd^2 \cosh(fx + e) + (2a^2 + b^2)d^2 - 2((abd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2abd^2 f^2 x + b^2 d^2 f^2))}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + b^2*d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + (2*a^2 + b^2)*d^2 - 2*((a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*((b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*(a*b*d^2*f*x + a*b*c*d*f + (b^2*d^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*((a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{1}{d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d} + \frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right)$$

$$- ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*(1/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) + e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - a*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - 1/2*a^2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 678 vs. 2(242) = 484.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a*b*d^2
*f^2*x^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-(d*f*x
+ c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*
e + 2*c*f/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 8
*a*b*c*d*f^2*x*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 8*a*b*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-(d*
f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-
2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4
*a*b*c^2*f^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a*b*c^2*f^2*Ei(-(d*f*x
+ c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e +
2*c*f/d) - 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a*b*d^2*f*x*e^(f*x + e) + 4*a
*b*d^2*f*x*e^(-f*x - e) + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - 2*b^2*c*d*f*e^(
2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a*b*c*d*f*e^(f*x + e) + 4*a*b*c*d*f*e^(-f*x - e) + 2*b^2*
c*d*f*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - b^2*d^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 4*a*b*d^2*e^(f*x + e) -
4*a*b*d^2*e^(-f*x - e) - b^2*d^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) - 4*a^2*d^2 - 2*b^2*d^2
)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) b^2c^2d + 2e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right) b^2cd^2x + e^{3e} \left(\int \frac{e^{2fx}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx \right)}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3}$$

input

```
int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```


output

```
(e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)
)*b**2*c**2*d + 2*e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**
*2 + d**3*x**3),x)*b**2*c*d**2*x + e**(3*e)*int(e**(2*f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*
d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*
x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*d + 8*e**(2
*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)*a*b*c*
d**2*x + 4*e**(2*e)*int(e**(f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3
*x**3),x)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e +
2*f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x
**3),x)*b**2*c**2*d + 2*e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e + 2*
f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x**
3),x)*b**2*c*d**2*x + e**e*int(1/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*
x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d**3*x**3)
,x)*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 2*e**e*a**2 - e**e*b**2 + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*
e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*a*b*c*
*2*d + 8*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x*
*2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*a*b*c*d**2*x + 4*int(1/(e**(f*x)*c**3 + 3*e**(
f*x)*c**2*d*x + 3*e**(f*x)*c*d**2*x**2 + e**(f*x)*d**3*x**3),x)*a*b*d**3*x
**2)/(4*e**e*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.168 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1250
Rubi [A] (verified)	1251
Maple [F]	1255
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1256
Sympy [F]	1257
Maxima [F(-2)]	1257
Giac [F]	1257
Mupad [F(-1)]	1258
Reduce [F]	1258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 436

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} \\
 & + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} \\
 & - \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} \\
 & - \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} \\
 & + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} \\
 & + \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^4} \\
 & - \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f-(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2-6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^3+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^3+6*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^4-6*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - (c + dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) + \frac{3d\left(f^2(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - 2df(c+dx)\right)}{f^3}}{f^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - (c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] + (3*d*(f^2*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[4, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])])/f^3 - (3*d*(f^2*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])])/f^3)/(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left((c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 7163

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left((c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2720

$$\left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

7143

$$\left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output

```

2*((b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f)
- (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))
])/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]
))))/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/f)
)/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(
a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e +
f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e
+ f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a +
Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/f))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

rule 2620

```

Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 2694

```

Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 2720

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]

```

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1042 vs. $2(394) = 788$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1042, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(6*b*d^3*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(4, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 6*b*d^3*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(4, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) + 3*(b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*d*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - 3*(b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*d*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - b*c^3*f^3)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) - (b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - b*c^3*f^3)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) + (b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x + b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) - (b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x + b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) - 6*(b*d^3*f*x + b*c*d^2*f)*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{e^{fx+e}b+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right) c^3 + 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x^3}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) a^2 d^3 f - 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x^3}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) b^2 d^3}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `(2*(- sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)))*c**3 + e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**3)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*a**2*d**3*f - e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**3)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*d**3*f + 3*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**2)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*a**2*c*d**2*f - 3*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**2)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*c*d**2*f + 3*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*a**2*c**2*d*f - 3*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*c**2*d*f)/(f*(a**2 - b**2))`

3.169 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1260
Rubi [A] (verified)	1260
Maple [F]	1264
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1264
Sympy [F]	1265
Maxima [F(-2)]	1266
Giac [F]	1266
Mupad [F(-1)]	1266
Reduce [F]	1267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} + \frac{2d(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{2d^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} + \frac{2d^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f-(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f+2*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2-2*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2-2*d^2*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^3+2*d^2*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) + \frac{2d\left(f(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)\right)}{f^2}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2} f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - (c + d*x)^2*
Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] + (2*d*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog
[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - d*PolyLog[3, (b*E^(e + f*x))
/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])])/f^2 - (2*d*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e +
f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))] - d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a
^2 - b^2]))])/f^2)/(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3801}$$

$$2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2694 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3011 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 2720
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+1}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+1}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `2*((b*((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3801

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Comple
x[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e
+ f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)
*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. $2(288) = 576$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-(2*b*d^2*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x
+ e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 2*b
*d^2*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e)
- (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 2*(b*d^2
*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x
+ e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b +
1) + 2*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e
) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)
/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*d*e*f + b*c^2*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)
/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)
) + 2*a) - (b*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*d*e*f + b*c^2*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log
(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a)
- (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x - b*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^
2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh
(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x
- b*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a
sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)
+ b)/b))/((a^2 - b^2)*f^3)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{e^{fx+e}b+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right) c^2 + 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x^2}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) a^2 d^2 f - 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x^2}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) b^2 d^2}{f(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(2*(-sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)))*c**2 + e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**2)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*a**2*d**2*f - e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x**2)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*d**2*f + 2*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*a**2*c*d*f - 2*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*c*d*f))/(f*(a**2 - b**2))`

3.170 $\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1268
Rubi [A] (verified)	1269
Maple [B] (verified)	1272
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1272
Sympy [F]	1273
Maxima [F(-2)]	1273
Giac [F]	1274
Mupad [F(-1)]	1274
Reduce [F]	1274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} - \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f-(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f+d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2-d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)/f^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{f(c+dx) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) \right) + d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(f*(c + d*x)*(Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) - Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) + d*PolyLog[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) - d*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])]/(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*f^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c + dx)}{2e^{e+fx}a + be^{2(e+fx)} + b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2838

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `2*((b*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/(b*f^2))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/(b*f^2))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2620 $\text{Int}[(((F_)^{(g_)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))})^{(n_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_))}) / ((a_.) + (b_)*((F_)^{(g_)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))})^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [((c + d*x)^m / (b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F]))*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2694 $\text{Int}[((F_)^{(u_)*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^{(m_))}) / ((a_.) + (b_)*(F_)^{(u_)} + (c_)* (F_)^{(v_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[2*(c/q) \text{ Int} [(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - \text{Simp}[2*(c/q) \text{ Int}[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[v, 2*u] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_.) + (b_)*((F_)^{(e_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))})^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^{(n_)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3801 $\text{Int}[((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_.) + (b_)*\sin[(e_.) + \text{Pi}*(k_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)})/E^{(I*Pi*(k - 1/2))} - (b*E^{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)})/E^{(2*I*k*Pi)})))/E^{(I*Pi*(k - 1/2))}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 436 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{2c \arctan\left(\frac{2be^{fx+e}+2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{f\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{-be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-a}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)x}{f\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)x}{f\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{-be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-a}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)e}{f^2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2/f*c/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))+1
/f*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1
/2))) *x-1/f*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*ln((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-
b^2)^(1/2))) *x+1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a
)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))) *e-1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*ln((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^
2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))) *e+1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*dilog((-b*exp(f
*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))) -1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)*dil
og((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))) -2/f^2*d*e/(-a^2+b
^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bd\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{a \cosh(fx+e)+a \sinh(fx+e)+(b \cosh(fx+e)+b \sinh(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}}+b}{b} + 1\right) - bd\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{a \cosh(fx+e)+a \sinh(fx+e)-(b \cosh(fx+e)-b \sinh(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}}+b}{b} + 1\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(b*d*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*
cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - b*d*s
qrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f
*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*d*e - b*
c*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b
*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) - (b*d*e - b*c*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(
2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) +
(b*d*f*x + b*d*e)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x
+ e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b)
- (b*d*f*x + b*d*e)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*
x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b)
)/((a^2 - b^2)*f^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{e^{fx+e}b+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right) c + 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) a^2 df - 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}x}{e^{2fx+2e}b+2e^{fx+e}a+b} dx\right) b^2 df}{f(a^2 - b^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(2*(-sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)))*c + e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x) + a**2*d*f - e**e*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)*b**2*d*f)/(f*(a**2 - b**2))`

$$3.171 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1275
Mathematica [N/A]	1275
Rubi [N/A]	1276
Maple [N/A]	1276
Fricas [N/A]	1277
Sympy [N/A]	1277
Maxima [N/A]	1277
Giac [N/A]	1278
Mupad [N/A]	1278
Reduce [N/A]	1279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a + b \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*d*x + a*c + (b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx$$
$$= \int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx+e)bc + \cosh(fx+e)bdx + ac + adx} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)*b*c + cosh(e + f*x)*b*d*x + a*c + a*d*x),x)`

$$3.172 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1280
Mathematica [N/A]	1280
Rubi [N/A]	1281
Maple [N/A]	1281
Fricas [N/A]	1282
Sympy [N/A]	1282
Maxima [N/A]	1282
Giac [N/A]	1283
Mupad [N/A]	1283
Reduce [N/A]	1284

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + b \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 35.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

$$= 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}}{e^{2fx+2e} b c^2 + 2e^{2fx+2e} b c d x + e^{2fx+2e} b d^2 x^2 + 2e^{fx+e} a c^2 + 4e^{fx+e} a c d x + 2e^{fx+e} a d^2 x^2 + b c^2 + 2b} \right)$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `2*e**e*int(e**(f*x)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b*c**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b*c*d*x + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b*d**2*x**2 + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a*c**2 + 4*e**(e + f*x)*a*c*d*x + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*d**2*x**2),x)`

$$3.173 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1286
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1287
Rubi [A] (verified)	1288
Maple [F]	1298
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1298
Sympy [F(-1)]	1299
Maxima [F(-2)]	1299
Giac [F]	1300
Mupad [F(-1)]	1300
Reduce [F]	1300

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 823

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = & -\frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2)f} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
 & + \frac{a(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
 & + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
 & - \frac{a(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
 & + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
 & + \frac{3ad(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
 & + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
 & - \frac{3ad(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
 & - \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^4} \\
 & - \frac{6ad^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
 & - \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^4} \\
 & + \frac{6ad^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
 & + \frac{6ad^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^4} \\
 & - \frac{6ad^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^4} \\
 & - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{(a^2-b^2)f(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(d*x+c)^3/(a^2-b^2)/f+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))
)/(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^
2)^(3/2)/f+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/
f^2-a*(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f+6
*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3+3*
a*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
/f^2+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/
f^3-3*a*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)
^(3/2)/f^2-6*d^3*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^
4-6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(
3/2)/f^3-6*d^3*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^4+
6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/
2)/f^3+6*a*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
)/f^4-6*a*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
/f^4-b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11178 vs. $2(823) = 1646$.

Time = 13.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11178, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.58

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
Result too large to show
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.850$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 6096, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \sin (ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3ibd \int -\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \sin (ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \\
 & \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \downarrow 3011 \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \downarrow 6096
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3bd \left(\int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx + \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3bd} \right)}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2620

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$3bd \left(-\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 3011

$$3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2720

$$3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7143

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & 3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \frac{3bd}{f(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2720

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d\left(\frac{(c+dx)\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d\int e^{-e-fx}\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)de^{e+fx}}{f^2}\right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\text{PolyLog}\left(\dots\right)}{f} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2d\left(\frac{d\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f}\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d\left(\frac{d\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f}\right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \frac{3bd}{f(a^2-b^2)}
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7143

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{2a} \frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(3*b*d*(-1/3*(c + d*x)^3/(b*d) + ((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(b*f) + ((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f^2))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f^2))/(b*f)))/(a^2 - b^2)*f + (2*a*((b*((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(b*f) - (3*d*(-((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f) + (2*d*((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f^2))/f)/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(b*f) - (3*d*(-((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f) + (2*d*((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/f^2))/f)/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2620

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_.)*
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Comple
x[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e
+ f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)
*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_
Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f
*x]))), x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x]
, x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(
a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6096

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sinh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])/(Cosh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7116 vs. 2(761) = 1522.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7116, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.65

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(12***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*c**2*d*f**2 + 12***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*c*d**2*f + 6***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*d**3 - 4***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c**3*f**3 - 12***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c**2*d*f**2 - 12***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c*d**2*f - 6***e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*d**3 + 24***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**4*c**2*d*f**2 + 24***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**4*c*d**2*f + 12***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**4*d**3 - 8***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c**3*f**3 - 24***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*f**2 - 24***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*f - 12***e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(- a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(- a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*d**3 + 12*sqr...
```

$$3.174 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1303
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1304
Rubi [A] (verified)	1305
Maple [F]	1313
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1313
Sympy [F(-1)]	1313
Maxima [F(-2)]	1314
Giac [F]	1314
Mupad [F(-1)]	1314
Reduce [F]	1315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 593

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = & -\frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2)f} + \frac{2d(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& + \frac{a(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{2d(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& - \frac{a(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& + \frac{2ad(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& + \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& - \frac{2ad(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& - \frac{2ad^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& + \frac{2ad^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{(a^2-b^2)f(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2)/f+2*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/
(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)
^(3/2)/f+2*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^2-
a*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f+2*d^2
*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3+2*a*d*(d*x+c)*
polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2+2*d^2*pol
ylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3-2*a*d*(d*x+c)*poly
log(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2-2*a*d^2*polyl
og(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^3+2*a*d^2*polyl
og(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^3-b*(d*x+c)^2*sin
h(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))

```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2814 vs. $2(593) = 1186$.

Time = 9.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2814, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```

-((4*(a^2 - b^2)^2*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*x + 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2
*d^2*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Sqrt[-(a^
2 - b^2)^2]*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqr
t[-a^2 + b^2]] - 4*a*b^2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*c*d*Sqrt[(a^
2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + (4*a*b^
2*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2)*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e +
f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2] + (4*a^3*Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^
2]*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2
+ b^2]])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2] - 4*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(5/2)*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2
*e)]*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 4*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2
)*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 -
b^2]] + 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(5/2)*c^2*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f^2*ArcTanh[(
a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2)*c^2*((a^2 - b^
2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 2*(a^
2 - b^2)^3*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*Log[b + 2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(
2*(e + f*x))] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*Log[b +
2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(2*(e + f*x))] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^3*d^2*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2
)*E^(2*e)]*f*x*Log[1 + (b*E^(2*e + f*x))/(a*E^e - Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)
])] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d^2*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*x*Log[1 + (b*E^(2*
e + f*x))/(a*E^e - Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)])] - 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^3*c*d*...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 6096, 2620, 2715, 2838, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3805

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2ibd \int -\frac{i(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3801 \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2694 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2620 \\
& 2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3011

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$a^2 - b^2$

$$\frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2720

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$a^2 - b^2$

$$\frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 6096

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bd \left(\int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx + \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2620

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$2bd \left(-\frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2715

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$2bd \left(-\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2838

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$2bd \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{2bd} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7143

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2bd \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} - \frac{(c+dx)}{2bd} \right) \\
 & \frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{2a} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \quad a^2-b^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*b*d*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^2/(b*d) + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/(b*f^2) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/(b*f^2)))/((a^2 - b^2)*f) + (2*a*((b*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2620 $\text{Int}[(((F_)^\wedge((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^\wedge(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^\wedge(m_)] / ((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^\wedge((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^\wedge(n_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^\wedge m / (b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])] * \text{Log}[1 + b*((F)^\wedge(g*(e + f*x)))^\wedge n / a], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m / (b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^\wedge (m - 1) * \text{Log}[1 + b*((F)^\wedge(g*(e + f*x)))^\wedge n / a], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2694 $\text{Int}[((F_)^\wedge(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^\wedge(m_)) / ((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^\wedge(u_) + (c_)* (F_)^\wedge(v_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[2*(c/q) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^\wedge m * (F)^\wedge u / (b - q + 2*c*(F)^\wedge u), x], x] - \text{Simp}[2*(c/q) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^\wedge m * (F)^\wedge u / (b + q + 2*c*(F)^\wedge u), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[v, 2*u] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^\wedge((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^\wedge(n_))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F)^\wedge(e*(c + d*x))^\wedge n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 2720 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{v = \text{FunctionOfExponential}[u, x]\}, \text{Simp}[v/D[v, x] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{FunctionOfExponentialFunction}[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; \text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_))^\wedge(n_)]^\wedge(m_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m*n] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[u, E^\wedge((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) * (F_)[v_]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionQ}[F[x]]]$
- rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^\wedge(n_)] / (x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^\wedge n] / n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$

rule 3011 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (e_)*(F_)^{(c_)*(a_)+(b_)*(x_)}]^{(n_)}*((f_)+(g_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-f + g*x)^m*(\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])), x] + \text{Simp}[g*(m/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3801 $\text{Int}[((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_)+(b_)*\sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(Complexx[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Int}[((c + d*x)^m*(E^{(-I)*e + f*fz*x})/(b + (2*a*E^{(-I)*e + f*fz*x})/E^{(I*Pi*(k - 1/2))} - (b*E^{(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x}))/E^{(2*I*k*Pi)})))/E^{(I*Pi*(k - 1/2))}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*k] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3805 $\text{Int}[((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_)+(b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*\sin[e + f*x]))), x] + (\text{Simp}[a/(a^2 - b^2) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*\sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6096 $\text{Int}[(((e_)+(f_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\text{Sinh}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])/(\text{Cosh}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]*(b_)+(a_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(e + f*x)^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+1)), x] + (\text{Int}[(e + f*x)^m*(E^{(c + d*x)})/(a - \text{Rt}[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^{(c + d*x)}), x] + \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^m*(E^{(c + d*x)})/(a + \text{Rt}[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^{(c + d*x)}), x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_))^{(p_)}]/((d_)+(e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4105 vs. $2(547) = 1094$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4105, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(4***2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*c*d*f + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*d**2 - 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c**2*f**2 - 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c*d*f - 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*d**2 + 8*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**4*c*d*f + 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**4*d**2 - 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c**2*f**2 - 8*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c*d*f - 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*d**2 + 4*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*c*d*f + 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*d**2 - 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c**2*f**2 - 4*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c*d*f - 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*d**2 - 4*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e...
```

3.175 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1316
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1317
Maple [B] (verified)	1322
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1322
Sympy [F(-1)]	1323
Maxima [F(-2)]	1324
Giac [F]	1324
Mupad [F(-1)]	1324
Reduce [F]	1325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{a(c + dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} f} - \frac{a(c + dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} f} + \frac{d \log(a + b \cosh(e + fx))}{(a^2 - b^2) f^2} + \frac{ad \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} f^2} - \frac{ad \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} f^2} - \frac{b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{(a^2 - b^2) f(a + b \cosh(e + fx))}$$

output

```
a*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f-a*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f+d*ln(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2-a*d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2-b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2) \left(-\sqrt{-(a^2 - b^2)^2} d(e + fx) + 2a\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} d \arctan\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) + 2a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) + 2a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`output

```

-((((a^2 - b^2)*(-(Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*d*(e + f*x)) + 2*a*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]
*d*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*e*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*c*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*(e + f*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) - a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*(e + f*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) + Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*d*Log[b + 2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(2*(e + f*x))] + a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*PolyLog[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]))/(-(a^2 - b^2)^2)^(3/2) + (b*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])))/f^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 26, 3147, 16, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a+b\sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{ibd \int -\frac{i\sinh(e+fx)}{a+b\cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{bd \int \frac{\sinh(e+fx)}{a+b\cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{bd \int -\frac{i\cos\left(ie+ifx-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a-b\sin\left(ie+ifx-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{ibd \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(2ie-\pi)+ifx\right)}{a-b\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2ie-\pi)+ifx\right)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3147} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{d \int \frac{1}{a+b\cosh(e+fx)} d(b\cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b\sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b\cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b\cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{d \log(a+b\cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \\
& \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2715 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2838 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(d*Log[a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]]/((a^2 - b^2)*f^2) + (2*a*((b*(((c + d*x)*Log[
1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(
e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c
+ d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog
[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2
]])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[
e + f*x]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

```
Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a +
b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2620

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/
((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2694

```
Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_.)
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3147 `Int[cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(b^p*f) Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^((p - 1)
/2), x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p
- 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Comple
x[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e
+ f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)
*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_
Symbol] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f
*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x]
, x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(
a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 -
b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 584 vs. $2(254) = 508$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(dx+c)(ae^{fx+e}+b)}{f(a^2-b^2)(e^{2fx+2e}b+2ae^{fx+e}+b)} + \frac{2ac \arctan\left(\frac{2be^{fx+e}+2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{f(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{ad \ln\left(\frac{-be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-a}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)x}{f(a^2-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{ad \ln\left(\frac{be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f(a^2-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*(d*x+c)*(a*exp(f*x+e)+b)/f/(a^2-b^2)/(exp(2*f*x+2*e)*b+2*a*exp(f*x+e)+b)
+2/f/(a^2-b^2)*a*c/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+
b^2)^(1/2))+1/f/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*a*d*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(
-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*x-1/f/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*a*d*ln((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(
1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*x+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*a*d*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)
)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*e-1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*a*d*ln(
(b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*e+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3
/2)*a*d*dilog((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))-1/f^
2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*a*d*dilog((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(
1/2)))+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)*d*ln(exp(2*f*x+2*e)*b+2*a*exp(f*x+e)+b)-2/f^2/(a^2
-b^2)*d*ln(exp(f*x+e))-2/f^2/(a^2-b^2)*a*d*e/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(
2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1765 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1765, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.44

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-(2*(a^2*b - b^3)*d*e - 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*f + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d*f*x + (a^
2*b - b^3)*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d*f*x + (a^2*b - b^3)*d
*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - (a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 +
2*a^2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a*b^2*d + 2*(a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d)*s
inh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x +
e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1
) + (a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*b*d*cosh(f*
x + e) + a*b^2*d + 2*(a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d)*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt
((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x
+ e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - (a*b^2*d*f*x +
a*b^2*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a
b^2*d*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(
a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*
x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*
cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + (a*b^2*d*
f*x + a*b^2*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^2*d*f*x
+ a*b^2*d*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)
+ 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e))*si
nh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e)
- (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + 2...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(2***2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*d - 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e*(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c*f - 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*d + 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**4*d - 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*c*f - 4*e**(e + f*x)*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**2*b**2*d + 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a**3*b*d - 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*c*f - 2*sqrt(-a**2 + b**2)*atan((e**(e + f*x)*b + a)/sqrt(-a**2 + b**2))*a*b**3*d - 4*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(e + f*x)*a*b + b**2),x)*a**5*b**2*d*f**2 + 8*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(e + f*x)*a*b + b**2),x)*a**3*b**4*d*f**2 - 4*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*x)/(e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*a*b + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*a**2 + 2*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b**2 + 4*e**(e + f*x)*a*b + b**2),x)*a*b**6*d*f**2 - e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*log(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b)*a**4*b*d + 2*e**...
```

$$3.176 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1326
Mathematica [N/A]	1326
Rubi [N/A]	1327
Maple [N/A]	1327
Fricas [N/A]	1328
Sympy [F(-1)]	1328
Maxima [N/A]	1328
Giac [N/A]	1329
Mupad [N/A]	1329
Reduce [N/A]	1330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+b*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a+b*Cosh[e+f*x])^2),x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx) (a + b \sin (ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c) (a + b \cosh (fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*d*x + a^2*c + (b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2*(a*e^(f*x + e) + b)/(a^2*b*c*f - b^3*c*f + (a^2*b*d*f - b^3*d*f)*x + (a^
2*b*c*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d*f*e^(2*e))*
x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*f*e^e + (a^3*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*d*f*e
^e)*x)*e^(f*x)) + integrate(2*(b*d + (a*d*f*x*e^e + (c*f*e^e + d*e^e)*a)*e
^(f*x))/(a^2*b*c^2*f - b^3*c^2*f + (a^2*b*d^2*f - b^3*d^2*f)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*
b*c*d*f - b^3*c*d*f)*x + (a^2*b*c^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b
*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*d
*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*f*e^e + (a^3*d^2*f
*e^e - a*b^2*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 2*(a^3*c*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*
x)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx + e)^2 b^2 c + \cosh(fx + e)^2 b^2 dx + 2 \cosh(fx + e) abc + 2 \cosh(fx + e) abdx + a^2 c + a^2 dx} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)**2*b**2*c + cosh(e + f*x)**2*b**2*d*x + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*a*b*c + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*a*b*d*x + a**2*c + a**2*d*x),x)`

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1331
Mathematica [N/A]	1331
Rubi [N/A]	1332
Maple [N/A]	1332
Fricas [N/A]	1333
Sympy [F(-1)]	1333
Maxima [N/A]	1333
Giac [N/A]	1334
Mupad [N/A]	1334
Reduce [N/A]	1335

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2 + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2*(a*e^(f*x + e) + b)/(a^2*b*c^2*f - b^3*c^2*f + (a^2*b*d^2*f - b^3*d^2*f)
*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f - b^3*c*d*f)*x + (a^2*b*c^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*f*e^(
2*e) + (a^2*b*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f*e^(
2*e) - b^3*c*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*f*e^
e + (a^3*d^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 2*(a^3*c*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d*f
*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x)) + integrate(2*(2*b*d + (a*d*f*x*e^e + (c*f*e^e + 2*d*e^e
)*a)*e^(f*x))/(a^2*b*c^3*f - b^3*c^3*f + (a^2*b*d^3*f - b^3*d^3*f)*x^3 + 3
*(a^2*b*c*d^2*f - b^3*c*d^2*f)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b*c^2*d*f - b^3*c^2*d*f)*x + (
a^2*b*c^3*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^3*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b*d^3*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^3*f
*e^(2*e))*x^3 + 3*(a^2*b*c*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 3*(a
^2*b*c^2*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^3*f*e^
e - a*b^2*c^3*f*e^e + (a^3*d^3*f*e^e - a*b^2*d^3*f*e^e)*x^3 + 3*(a^3*c*d^2
*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 3*(a^3*c^2*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*d*f*e^e)*
x)*e^(f*x)), x)

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\cosh(fx + e)^2 b^2 c^2 + 2 \cosh(fx + e)^2 b^2 c dx + \cosh(fx + e)^2 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 \cosh(fx + e) ab c^2 + 4 \cosh(fx + e) ab c dx + 2 ab d^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(cosh(e + f*x)**2*b**2*c**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x)**2*b**2*c*d*x + cosh(e + f*x)**2*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*a*b*c**2 + 4*cosh(e + f*x)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*cosh(e + f*x)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + a**2*c**2 + 2*a**2*c*d*x + a**2*d**2*x**2),x)`

3.178 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

Optimal result	1336
Mathematica [N/A]	1336
Rubi [N/A]	1337
Maple [N/A]	1337
Fricas [N/A]	1338
Sympy [F(-1)]	1338
Maxima [N/A]	1338
Giac [N/A]	1339
Mupad [N/A]	1339
Reduce [N/A]	1339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 3807$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (\cosh(fx + e) b + a)^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m*(cosh(e + f*x)*b + a)**n,x)`

3.179 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1343
Rubi [A] (verified)	1344
Maple [F]	1346
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1346
Sympy [F(-2)]	1347
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1347
Giac [F]	1348
Mupad [F(-1)]	1348
Reduce [F]	1349

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 543

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\
&= \frac{a^3 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{3ab^2 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} \\
&+ \frac{3^{-1-m} b^3 e^{3e - \frac{3cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&+ \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m} ab^2 e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
&+ \frac{3a^2 b e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} \\
&+ \frac{3b^3 e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&- \frac{3a^2 b e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} \\
&- \frac{3b^3 e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&- \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m} ab^2 e^{-2e + \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
&- \frac{3^{-1-m} b^3 e^{-3e + \frac{3cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

a^3*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+3/2*a*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/8*3^(-1-m)*b^3
*exp(3*e-3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
+3*2^(-3-m)*a*b^2*exp(2*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/(
(-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/2*a^2*b*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)
/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/8*b^3*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/
d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/2*a^2*b*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x
+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/8*b^3*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*
x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3*2^(-3-m)*a*b^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*G
AMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/8*3^(-1-m)*b^3*exp(-3*e+3*c*
f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{-3-m} 3^{-1-m} e^{-3\left(\frac{e+cf}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \left(2^m b^3 d e^{6e} (1+m) \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^m \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]
```

output

```

(2^(-3 - m)*3^(-1 - m)*(c + d*x)^m*(2^m*b^3*d*E^(6*e)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x
))/d)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m)*a*b^2*d*E^(5*e + (c*f
)/d)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2^m*3^(2 +
m)*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*d*E^(4*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*Gamm
a[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^((3*c*f)/d)*(2^m*3^(2 + m)*b*(4*a^2 + b^2
)*d*E^(2*e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c +
d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m)*a*b^2*d*E^(e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d)
)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2^m*(-4*3^(1 + m)*a*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*
E^(3*e)*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m + b^3*d*E^((3*c*f)/d)*(1
+ m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d])))/(d*E^(3*(e
+ (c*f)/d))*f*(1 + m)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)

```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^3(c + dx)^m + 3a^2b(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx) + 3ab^2(c + dx)^m \cosh^2(e + fx) + b^3(c + dx)^m \cosh^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^3(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)} + \frac{3a^2be^{e - \frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{2f} -$$

$$\frac{3a^2be^{\frac{cf}{d} - e}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, \frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{2f} +$$

$$\frac{3ab^22^{-m-3}e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{2f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{f} -$$

$$\frac{3ab^22^{-m-3}e^{\frac{2cf}{d} - 2e}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, \frac{2f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{f} + \frac{3ab^2(c + dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{b^33^{-m-1}e^{3e - \frac{3cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{3f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{8f} +$$

$$\frac{3b^3e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{8f} -$$

$$\frac{3b^3e^{\frac{cf}{d} - e}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, \frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{8f} -$$

$$\frac{b^33^{-m-1}e^{\frac{3cf}{d} - 3e}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, \frac{3f(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{8f}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (3*a*b^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (3^(-1 - m)*b^3*E^(3*e - (3*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*2^(-3 - m)*a*b^2*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*a^2*b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*b^3*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(8*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*a^2*b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (3*b^3*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (3*2^(-3 - m)*a*b^2*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (3^(-1 - m)*b^3*E^(-3*e + (3*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 813, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/24*((b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m
+ (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*
x + c*f)/d) - 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*
d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)
/d) - (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e + 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/
d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d) - 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*gamm
a(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 9*(
(4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sin
h((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)
*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + 9
*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f
/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) + (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/
d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e + 3*c*f)/d) - 12*((2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*d*f*x
+ (2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 12*((2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*d*f
*x + (2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\ &= -\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a^2 b \\ & - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} \\ & - \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3e + \frac{3cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{3(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^e}{d} \\ & + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^3}{d(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-3/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d
+ (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a
^2*b - 3/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x
+ c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(
d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*a*b^2 - 1/8*((d*x + c)
^(m + 1)*e^(-3*e + 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + 3*(d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + 3*(d*x +
c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)
^(m + 1)*e^(3*e - 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*b^3 + (
d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^3 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^3*(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

output

```
(e**(6*e + 6*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**3*d*m + e**(6*e + 6*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b*
*3*d + 9*e**(5*e + 5*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b**2*d*m + 9*e**(5*e + 5*f*x)*(c
+ d*x)**m*a*b**2*d + 36*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*b*d*m + 36*e**(
4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*b*d + 9*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**3*
d*m + 9*e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**3*d + 24*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*
x)**m*a**3*c*f + 24*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**3*d*f*x + 36*e**(3*e
+ 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b**2*c*f + 36*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b**2
*d*f*x - 36*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*b*d*m - 36*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)
*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*b*d - 9*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**3*d*m - 9*e**(
2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**3*d - 9*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b**2*d*m
- 9*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b**2*d - (c + d*x)**m*b**3*d*m - (c + d*x)
**m*b**3*d - e**(6*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b
**3*d**2*m**2 - e**(6*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x
)*b**3*d**2*m - 9*e**(5*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x)
,x)*a*b**2*d**2*m**2 - 9*e**(5*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c
+ d*x),x)*a*b**2*d**2*m - 36*e**(4*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)
/(c + d*x),x)*a**2*b*d**2*m**2 - 36*e**(4*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*
x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*a**2*b*d**2*m - 9*e**(4*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c +
d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b**3*d**2*m**2 - 9*e**(4*e + 3*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c
+ d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b**3*d**2*m + e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**...
```

3.180 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1351
Rubi [A] (verified)	1351
Maple [F]	1353
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Sympy [F(-2)]	1354
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1355
Giac [F]	1355
Mupad [F(-1)]	1356
Reduce [F]	1356

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 282

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{a^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} \\
 &+ \frac{2^{-3-m} b^2 e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 &+ \frac{a b e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 &- \frac{a b e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 &- \frac{2^{-3-m} b^2 e^{-2e + \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*b^2*exp(2
*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+a*b*exp
xp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-a*b*exp
(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*b
^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m
)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^m \left(8a^2 f(c + dx) + 4b^2 f(c + dx) + 2^{-m} b^2 d e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (1 + m) \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^m*(8*a^2*f*(c + d*x) + 4*b^2*f*(c + d*x) + (b^2*d*E^(2*e - (2*c
*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))
^m) + (8*a*b*d*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(
-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m - (8*a*b*d*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, (f*
(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(c + d*x))/d)^m - (b^2*d*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*G
amma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m))/(8*d*f*(1 + m)
)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
& \int (a^2(c + dx)^m + 2ab(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^m \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{a^2(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{abe^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} - \\
& \quad \frac{abe^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 2^{-m-3} e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} - \\
& \quad \frac{b^2 2^{-m-3} e^{\frac{2cf}{d}-2e} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m+1)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-3 - m)*b^2*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (a*b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (a*b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (2^(-3 - m)*b^2*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^2 dm + b^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(df x + cf)}{d}\right) + 8(abdm + abd) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*
f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*cos
h((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) -
(b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
*d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh(
(d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x +
c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*gamma(m +
1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) - 4*((2*
a^2 + b^2)*d*f*x + (2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 4*((2*a^2 + b
^2)*d*f*x + (2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= - \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) ab$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)}$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a*b - 1/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*b^2 + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{4fx+4e}(dx+c)^m b^2 dm + e^{4fx+4e}(dx+c)^m b^2 d + 8e^{3fx+3e}(dx+c)^m abdm + 8e^{3fx+3e}(dx+c)^m abd + 8e^2}{}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**2*d*m + e**(4*e + 4*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**2*d + 8*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b*d*m + 8*e**(3*e + 3*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b*d + 8*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*c*f + 8*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a**2*d*f*x + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**2*c*f + 4*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b**2*d*f*x - 8*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b*d*m - 8*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*b*d - (c + d*x)**m*b**2*d*m - (c + d*x)**m*b**2*d - e**(4*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b**2*d**2*m**2 - e**(4*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b**2*d**2*m - 8*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*a*b*d**2*m**2 - 8*e**(3*e + 2*f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*a*b*d**2*m + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*x),x)*b**2*d**2*m**2 + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*c + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*x),x)*b**2*d**2*m + 8*e**(e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*a*b*d**2*m**2 + 8*e**(e + 2*f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x)*d*x),x)*a*b*d**2*m)/(8*e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*d*f*(m + 1))
```

3.181 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1358
Rubi [A] (verified)	1358
Maple [F]	1360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1360
Sympy [F(-2)]	1361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1361
Giac [F]	1362
Mupad [F(-1)]	1362
Reduce [F]	1362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{be^{-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

$$- \frac{be^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

output

```
a*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*b*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*b*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{2a(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)} + \frac{be^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{f(c + dx)}{d}\right)}{f} - \frac{be^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} \left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right) \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{f(c + dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^m*((2*a*(c + d*x))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)]/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(f*(c/d + x))^m))/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a(c+dx)^m + b(c+dx)^m \cosh(e+fx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a(c+dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{be^{-\frac{ef}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \frac{be^{\frac{ef}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e)) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b dm + bd) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d}) - (b dm + bd) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - de + cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d})}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((b*d*m + b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d*m + b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d*m + b*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + (b*d*m + b*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) b$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*b + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2fx+2e}(dx + c)^m bdm + e^{2fx+2e}(dx + c)^m bd + 2e^{fx+e}(dx + c)^m acf + 2e^{fx+e}(dx + c)^m adfx - (dx + c)^{m+1}}{d}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output

```
(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b*d*m + e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*b*d +
2*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*c*f + 2*e**(e + f*x)*(c + d*x)**m*a*d*f*x -
(c + d*x)**m*b*d*m - (c + d*x)**m*b*d - e**(2*e + f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c +
d*x)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b*d**2*m**2 - e**(2*e + f*x)*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x
)**m)/(c + d*x),x)*b*d**2*m + e**(f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(
f*x)*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m**2 + e**(f*x)*int((c + d*x)**m/(e**(f*x)*c + e**(f*x
)*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m)/(2*e**(e + f*x)*d*f*(m + 1))
```

$$3.182 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1364
Mathematica [N/A]	1364
Rubi [N/A]	1365
Maple [N/A]	1365
Fricas [N/A]	1366
Sympy [N/A]	1366
Maxima [N/A]	1366
Giac [N/A]	1367
Mupad [N/A]	1367
Reduce [N/A]	1368

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3807$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = 2e^e \left(\int \frac{e^{fx}(dx + c)^m}{e^{2fx+2e}b + 2e^{fx+e}a + b} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `2*e**e*int((e**(f*x)*(c + d*x)**m)/(e**(2*e + 2*f*x)*b + 2*e**(e + f*x)*a + b),x)`

$$3.183 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1369
Mathematica [N/A]	1369
Rubi [N/A]	1370
Maple [N/A]	1370
Fricas [N/A]	1371
Sympy [N/A]	1371
Maxima [N/A]	1371
Giac [N/A]	1372
Mupad [N/A]	1372
Reduce [N/A]	1373

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62433, normalized size of antiderivative = 3121.65

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output

```
(4*(-4**(e+fx)*(c+dx)**m*a*c**2*f - (c+dx)**m*b*c**2*f - (c+
d*x)**m*b*c*d*m - 4**(5*e+2*f*x)*int((e**(3*f*x)*(c+dx)**m*x)/(2*e
**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c**3*f**2 + 2*e**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f**2*x + e
**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f*m + e**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*f*m*x - e**
(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*m**2 - e**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*d**3*m**2*x + 8*e**
(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*c**3*f**2 + 8*e**(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*c**2*d*f**2*x + 4*e**
(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*c**2*d*f*m + 4*e**(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*f*m*x - 4*e**
(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*c*d**2*m**2 - 4*e**(3*e+3*f*x)*a*b*d**3*m**2*x + 8*e**
(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*c**3*f**2 + 8*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*c**2*d*f**2*x + 4*e
**(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*c**2*d*f*m + 4*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*c*d**2*f*m*x - 4
*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*c*d**2*m**2 - 4*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*a**2*d**3*m**2*x +
4*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*c**3*f**2 + 4*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f**2*x
+ 2*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*c**2*d*f*m + 2*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*f*m
*x - 2*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*c*d**2*m**2 - 2*e**(2*e+2*f*x)*b**2*d**3*m*
*2*x + 8*e**(e+fx)*a*b*c**3*f**2 + 8*e**(e+fx)*a*b*c**2*d*f**2*x + 4
*e**(e+fx)*a*b*c**2*d*f*m + 4*e**(e+fx)*a*b*c*d**2*f*m*x - 4*e**(e+
fx)*a*b*c*d**2*m**2 - 4*e**(e+fx)*a*b*d**3*m**2*x + 2*b**2*c**3*f**2
+ 2*b**2*c**2*d*f**2*x + b**2*c**2*d*f*m + b**2*c*d**2*f*m*x - b**2*c*d**2
*m**2 - b**2*d**3*m**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c**4*d*f**4 + 2*e**(5*e+2*f*x)*int((
e**(3*f*x)*(c+dx)**m*x)/(2*e**(4*e+4*f*x)*b**2*c**3*f**2 + 2*e**(4...
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	1374
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	1392

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```



```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
    If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
    If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
  Exp, Log,
  Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
  ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
  Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
  ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
  Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
  FresnelS, FresnelC,
  ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
  SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
  Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
  Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
  EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

        end if
    else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
            print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
    fi;
else # result do not contain complex
    # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
    if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
    fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```



```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```


4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file