

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

7-Inverse-hyperbolic-functions/7.2-Inverse-hyperbolic-
cosine/333-7.2.3

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4 Appendix 1308

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4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS 1326

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [177]. This is test number [333].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (177)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	99.44 (176)	0.56 (1)
Maple	83.62 (148)	16.38 (29)
Maxima	38.98 (69)	61.02 (108)
Reduce	35.03 (62)	64.97 (115)
Giac	33.33 (59)	66.67 (118)
Fricas	31.64 (56)	68.36 (121)
Mupad	31.64 (56)	68.36 (121)
Sympy	20.90 (37)	79.10 (140)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

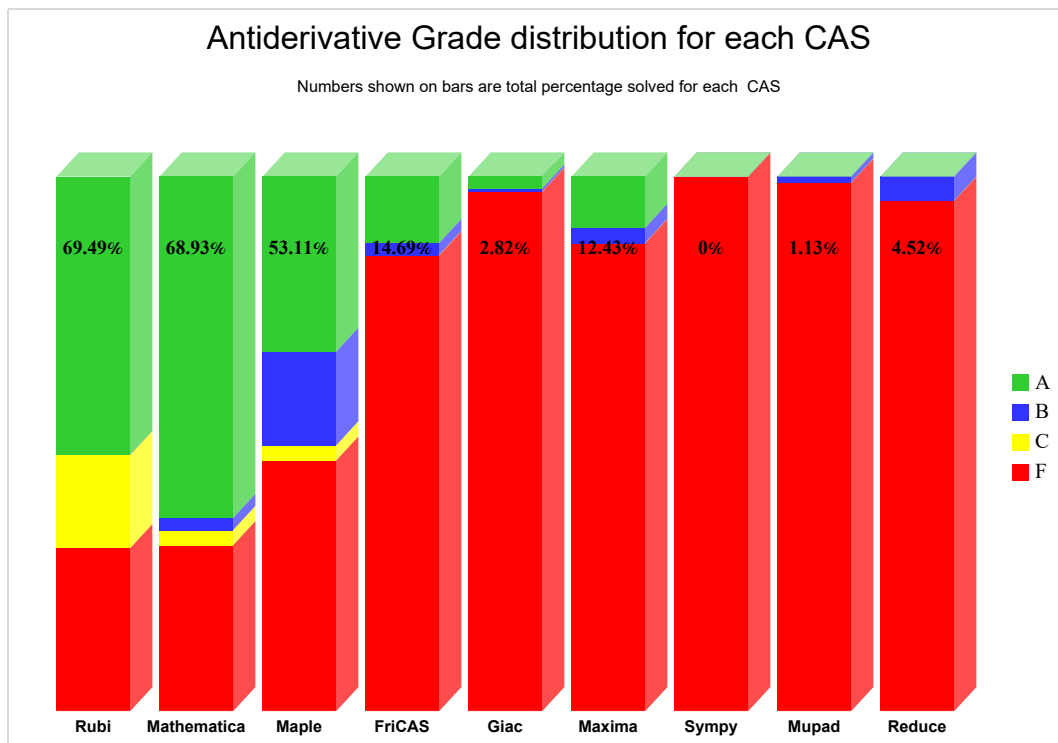
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

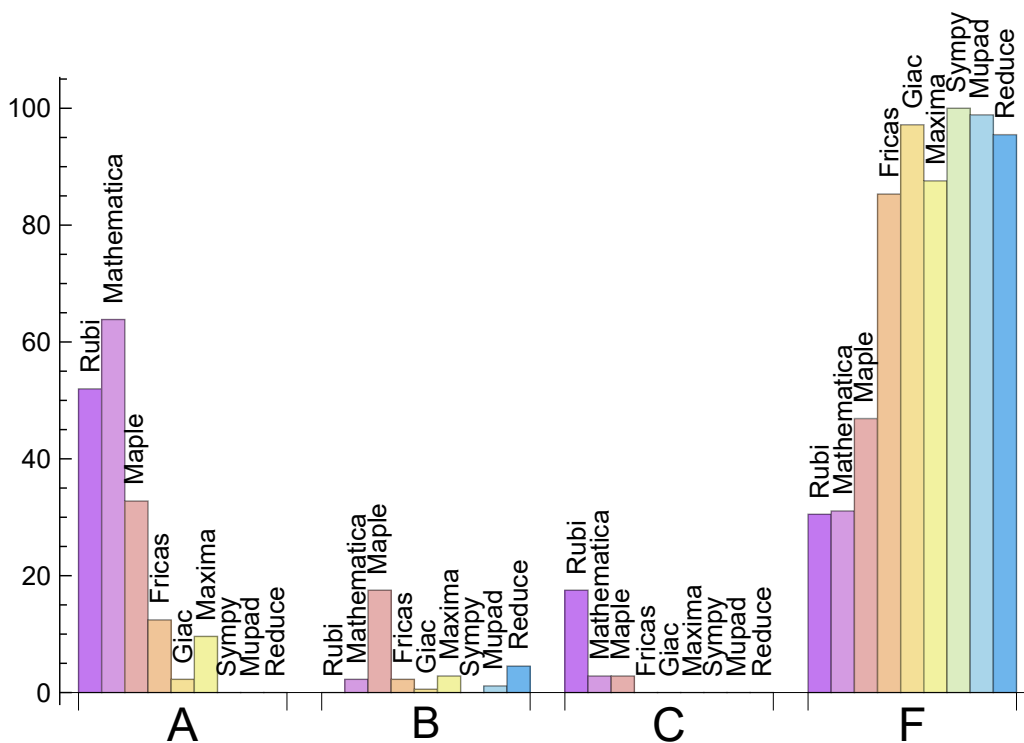
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Mathematica	63.842	2.260	2.825	31.073
Rubi	51.977	0.000	17.514	30.508
Maple	32.768	17.514	2.825	46.893
Fricas	12.429	2.260	0.000	85.311
Maxima	9.605	2.825	0.000	87.571
Giac	2.260	0.565	0.000	97.175
Mupad	0.000	1.130	0.000	98.870
Reduce	0.000	4.520	0.000	95.480
Sympy	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	29	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	121	54.55	0.00	45.45
Maxima	108	88.89	0.00	11.11
Reduce	115	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	118	66.95	0.00	33.05
Mupad	121	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	140	75.00	25.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.15
Maxima	0.34
Maple	0.41
Rubi	0.95
Giac	1.75
Mathematica	2.85
Mupad	3.06
Sympy	21.79
Reduce	36.22

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	23.70	1.01	22.00	1.00
Sympy	28.08	1.24	20.00	0.95
Giac	35.14	1.02	22.00	1.00
Rubi	153.26	0.97	104.00	1.00
Mathematica	155.35	1.04	101.50	1.06
Fricas	168.61	2.23	82.00	1.55
Maxima	242.65	6.30	70.00	1.10
Maple	269.85	1.58	82.50	1.00
Reduce	326.44	13.49	58.50	1.82

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

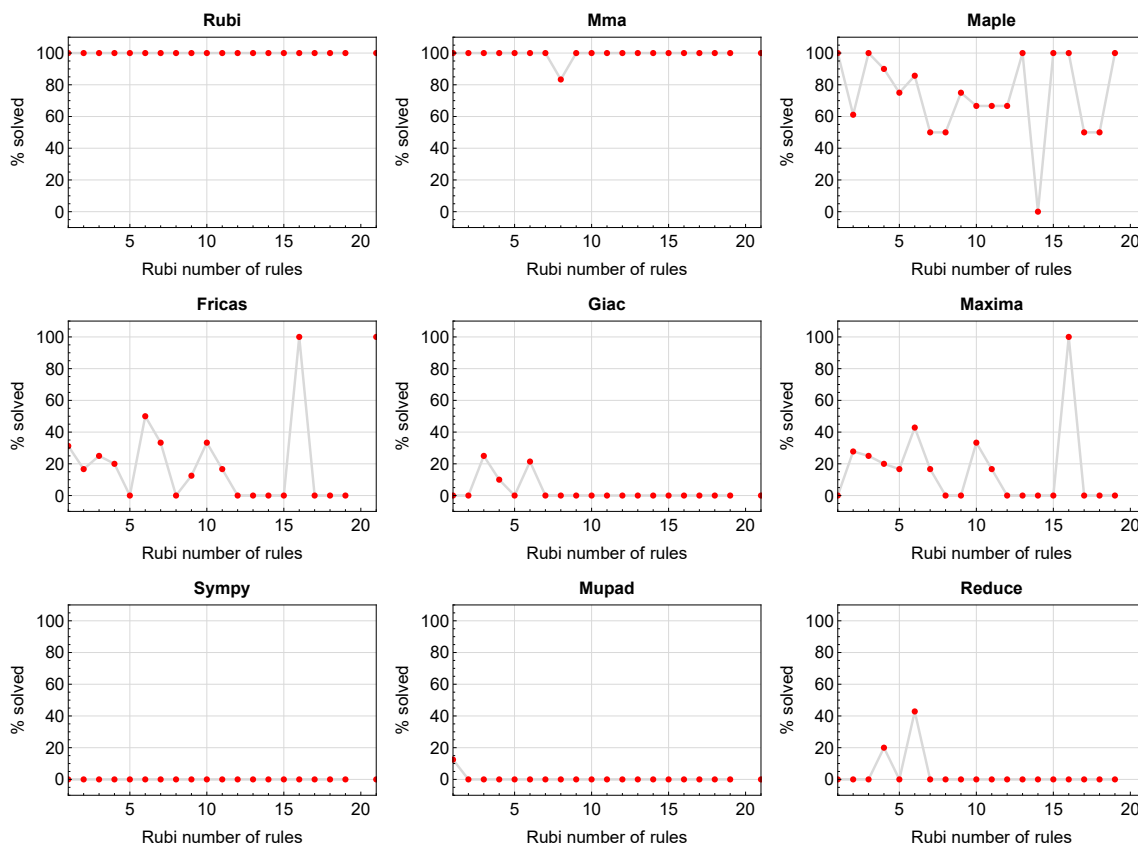


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

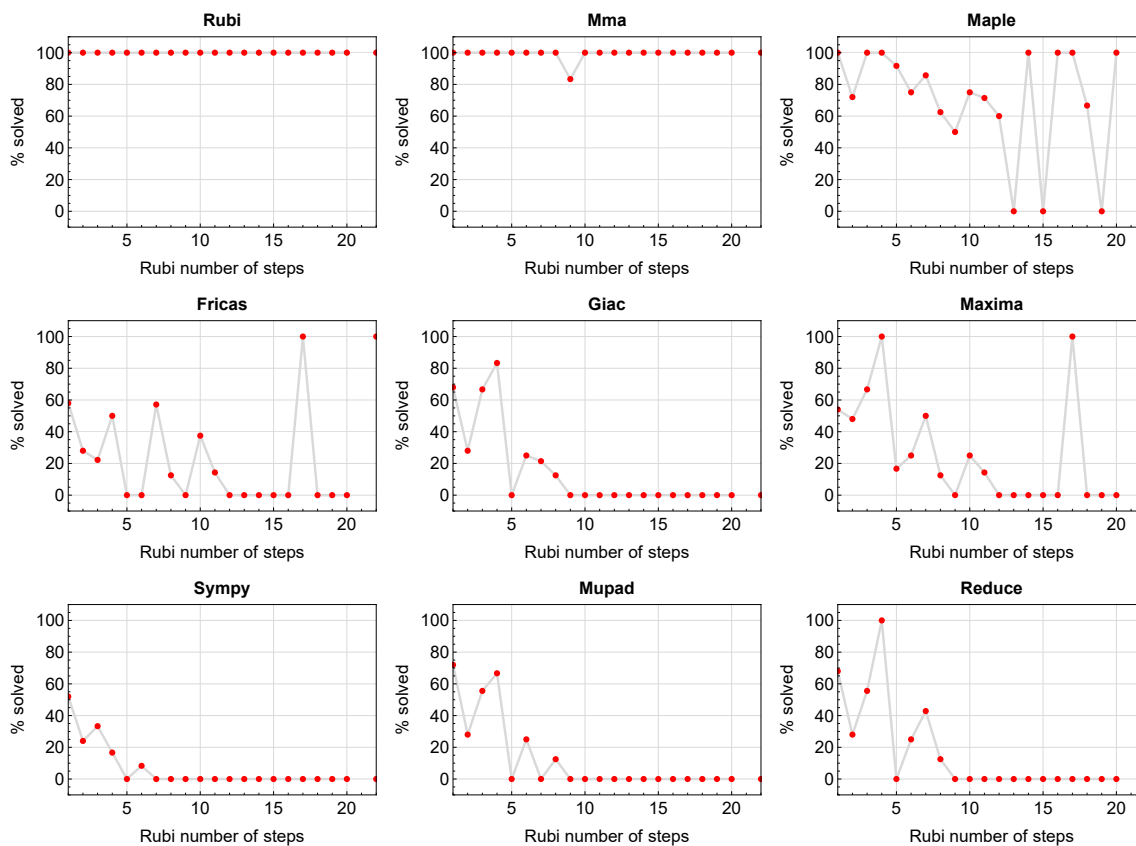


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

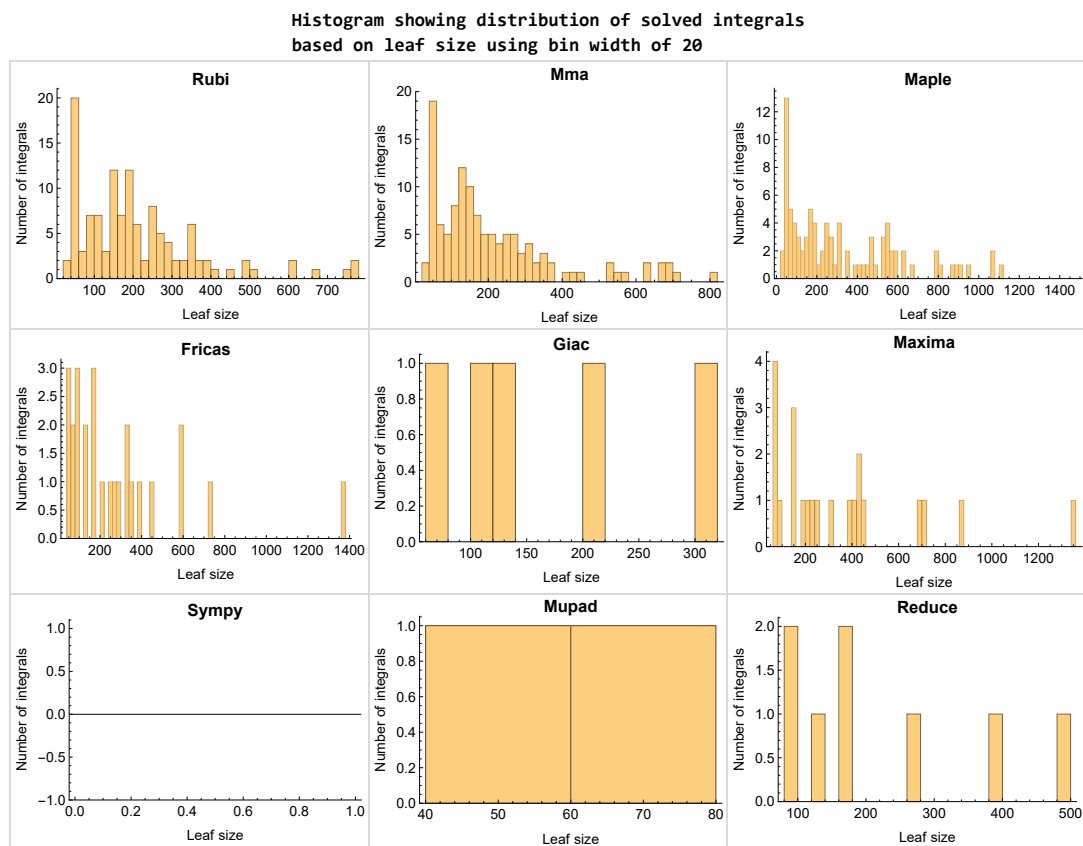


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

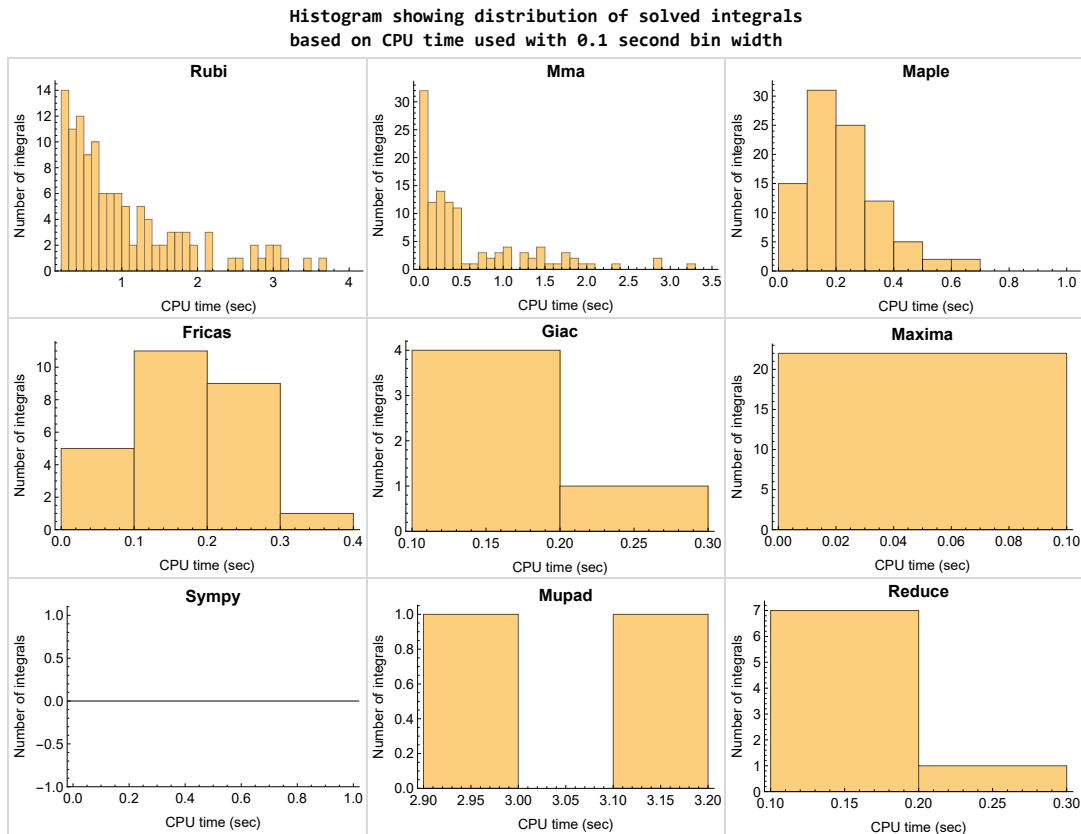


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

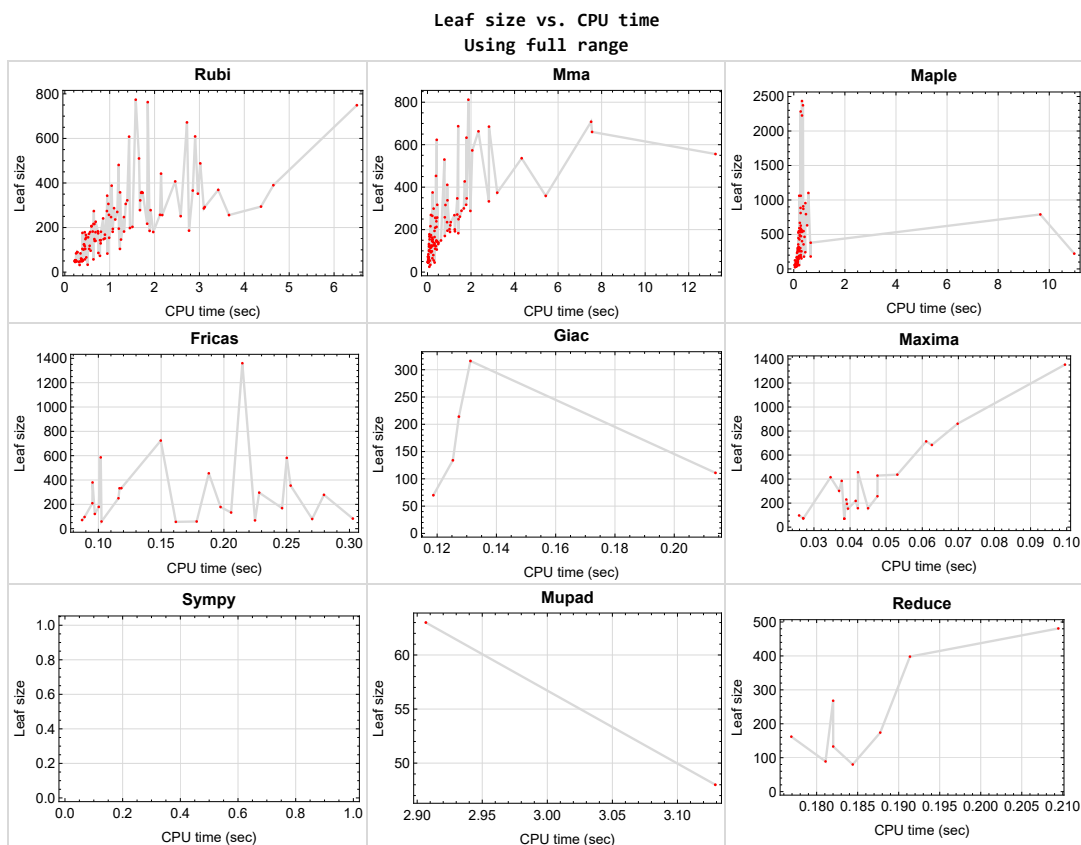


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{21, 22, 26, 27, 31, 32, 36, 37, 74, 75, 80, 81, 85, 86, 89, 90, 93, 94, 98, 99, 102, 103, 108, 109, 114, 115, 119, 120, 136, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 163, 164, 167, 168, 172, 173, 176, 177}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {5, 6, 11, 12, 23, 24, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 45, 46, 49, 52, 53, 54, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 69, 70, 71, 95, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 160, 165, 166, 174}

Maple {127}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int', int(expr,x)), output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```


See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

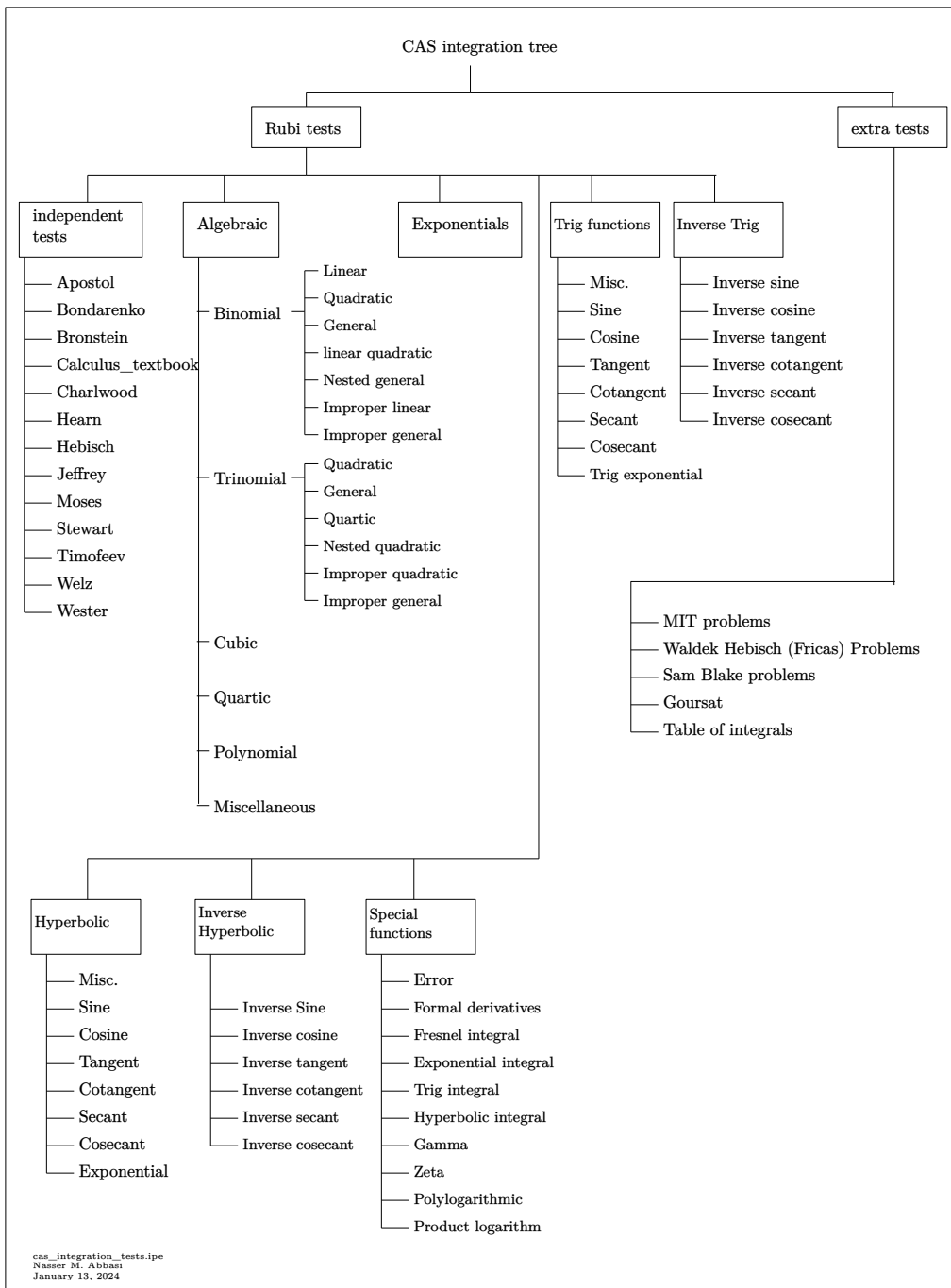
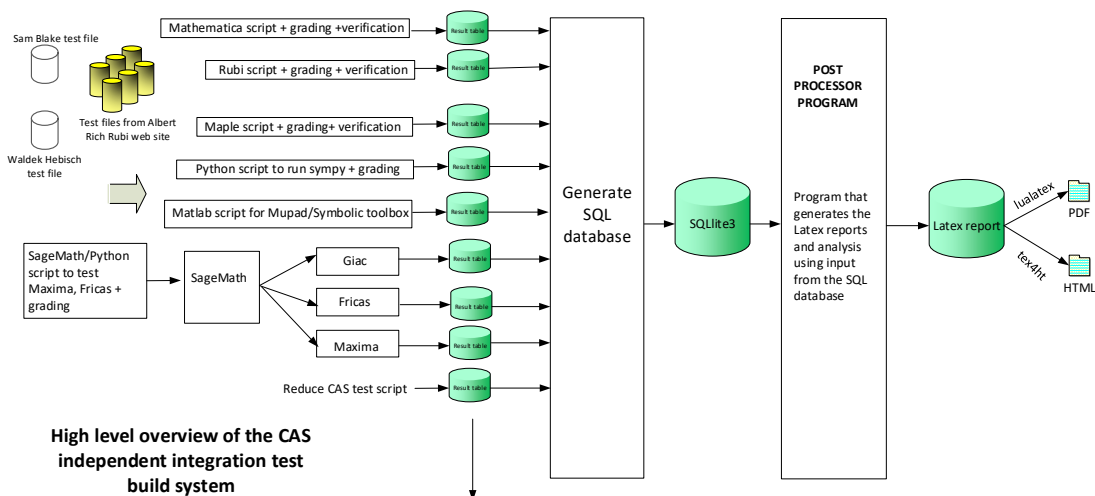


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	29
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2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	79

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	29
Mma	29
Maple	30
Fricas	30
Maxima	31
Giac	31
Mupad	32
Sympy	32
Reduce	33

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 79, 84, 87, 88, 92, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 113, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 165, 169, 170, 174, 175 }

B grade { }

C grade { 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 30, 48, 49, 62, 63, 64, 68, 69, 78, 82, 83, 91, 95, 96, 112, 135, 166, 171 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174 }

B grade { 12, 17, 23, 24 }

C grade { 69, 127, 145, 146, 147 }

F normal fail { 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 51, 55, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 84, 88, 92, 97, 101, 107, 113, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 128, 129, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 139, 140 }

B grade { 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 68, 69, 138 }

C grade { 4, 10, 16, 126, 127 }

F normal fail { 82, 83, 87, 91, 95, 96, 100, 104, 105, 106, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 132, 145, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 73, 79, 113, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 128, 129, 130, 145 }

B grade { 51, 131, 146, 147 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 76, 77, 78, 126, 127, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 114, 115, 116, 117, 119, 120, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177 }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 9, 42, 43, 56, 57, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 128, 129, 130, 131 }

B grade { 7, 8, 13, 14, 15 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 126, 127, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 50, 65, 66, 132, 143, 144, 145, 148, 149, 150, 163, 167 }

Giac

A grade { 122, 123, 124, 125 }

B grade { 131 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 50, 51, 55, 56, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 84, 88, 92, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 126, 127, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 59, 60, 64, 65, 66, 69, 82, 83, 87, 91, 121, 128, 129, 130, 165 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 51, 79 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 40, 41, 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 105, 106, 107, 111, 112, 113, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 52, 58, 64, 65, 70, 76, 81, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 103, 104, 109, 110, 114, 115, 116, 118, 119, 120, 137, 142, 147, 151, 159, 168, 173, 177 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 100, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 160, 161, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 174, 175 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	194	123	130	302	169	0	0	174	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.64	0.68	1.58	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.071	0.172	0.142	0.037	0.246	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	155	99	99	194	133	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.69	0.69	1.36	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	0.101	0.129	0.039	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	89	71	71	97	83	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.83	0.83	1.13	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.057	0.073	0.026	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	58	64	180	0	0	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.08	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.051	0.661	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	118	189	192	0	0	0	0	148	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.58	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	1.034	0.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	174	316	256	0	0	0	0	262	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.76	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	0.825	0.301	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	366	249	356	714	354	0	0	265	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.79	1.13	2.27	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.852	1.425	0.382	0.061	0.253	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	256	201	264	457	278	0	0	200	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.87	1.14	1.98	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.171	1.252	0.181	0.042	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	148	146	171	230	178	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	1.26	1.69	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.865	0.212	0.134	0.039	0.197	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	104	119	355	0	0	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	0.88	1.01	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.088	0.175	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	185	359	428	0	0	0	0	233	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.84	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.890	5.432	0.221	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	294	660	558	0	0	0	0	417	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.19	1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.372	7.561	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	510	749	427	668	1353	582	0	0	361	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.84	1.31	2.65	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	6.508	1.710	0.237	0.100	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	386	488	347	492	861	455	0	0	271	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.90	1.27	2.23	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.019	1.368	0.230	0.070	0.188	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	257	256	313	437	296	0	0	178	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.20	1.47	2.05	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.122	0.354	0.199	0.053	0.228	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	154	167	590	0	0	0	0	114	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.94	3.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.988	0.128	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	286	708	811	0	0	0	0	312	0
N.S.	1	0.91	2.24	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.098	7.518	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	61	45	44	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.67	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.327	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	34	33	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.68	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.131	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	33	25	24	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.86	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.085	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	25	24	22	24	27	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.25	1.20	1.10	1.20	1.35	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	1.376	0.163	0.106	0.183	1.185	0.128	0.200	3.034

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	23	36	36	23	36	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.15	1.80	1.80	1.15	1.80	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	4.534	0.085	0.108	0.171	3.855	0.129	0.222	3.076

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	83	257	107	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	0.85	2.62	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	0.446	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	73	194	87	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.89	2.37	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.322	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	57	65	61	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.12	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	0.225	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	259	24	26	24	31	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	12.95	1.20	1.30	1.20	1.55	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	2.588	0.155	0.248	0.184	2.402	0.127	0.189	3.038

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	351	36	41	23	42	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	17.55	1.80	2.05	1.15	2.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	8.119	0.082	0.289	0.168	10.283	0.133	0.192	3.041

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	226	183	242	0	0	0	0	80	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.68	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.688	1.415	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	172	139	182	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.69	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.504	0.197	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	116	93	114	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.74	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.164	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	24	29	39	36	28	40	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.21	1.62	1.50	1.17	1.67	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	2.536	0.133	0.111	0.167	2.300	0.131	0.204	3.064

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	24	27	67	61	27	58	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.12	2.79	2.54	1.12	2.42	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	20.632	0.160	0.114	0.232	10.519	0.133	0.195	3.085

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	247	573	908	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	0.80	1.87	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.317	2.058	0.369	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	198	261	591	0	0	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.82	1.09	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.451	1.489	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	143	132	318	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.82	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.785	0.494	0.187	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	24	447	71	73	28	74	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	18.62	2.96	3.04	1.17	3.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	9.369	0.141	0.300	0.200	9.119	0.143	0.219	3.055

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	24	644	119	121	27	112	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	26.83	4.96	5.04	1.12	4.67	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.632	23.638	0.149	0.366	0.201	100.070	0.152	0.208	2.978

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	306	300	871	0	0	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.18	3.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.971	1.670	0.374	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	216	192	546	0	0	0	0	101	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.07	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	1.262	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	124	110	281	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.04	2.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.352	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	53	53	88	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.20	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.034	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	84	73	174	70	0	0	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.01	2.42	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.026	0.274	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	179	122	475	157	0	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.81	3.17	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.070	0.284	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	274	168	2225	0	0	0	0	355	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.75	9.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.938	0.088	0.322	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	356	333	1061	0	0	0	0	166	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.11	3.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.701	2.821	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	181	202	533	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.09	2.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.805	1.011	0.253	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	53	53	147	0	0	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.20	3.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.041	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	140	127	560	0	0	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.78	3.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.666	0.330	0.312	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	278	288	2373	0	0	0	0	361	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	8.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.912	1.971	0.359	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	54	152	0	0	0	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.109	0.300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	45	51	0	56	0	0	22	48
N.S.	1	1.00	1.41	1.59	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.69	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.022	0.100	0.000	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.185	3.129

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	306	347	885	0	0	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.25	3.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.358	1.801	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	216	235	546	0	0	0	0	101	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.19	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	0.899	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	124	144	278	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.447	0.163	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	53	53	89	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.032	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	72	180	70	0	0	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	2.14	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.027	0.218	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	179	132	477	157	0	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.81	2.94	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.067	0.250	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	274	178	2283	0	0	0	0	355	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.75	9.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.087	0.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	324	356	374	1061	0	0	0	0	166	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.15	3.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.735	3.204	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	181	235	527	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	0.89	1.15	2.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.067	1.069	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	53	53	149	0	0	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.038	0.151	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	140	126	578	0	0	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.64	2.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.685	0.307	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	278	289	2435	0	0	0	0	361	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.91	7.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.675	1.562	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	405	407	220	794	0	0	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.54	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.460	1.046	0.476	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	390	148	536	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.38	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.648	0.403	0.319	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	182	98	256	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.42	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.320	0.200	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	46	46	55	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.022	0.210	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	143	162	548	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.67	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.221	0.383	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	401	292	258	955	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.64	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.118	0.794	0.454	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	458	207	195	302	0	0	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.45	0.43	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.917	0.256	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	156	149	234	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.47	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.620	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	104	106	167	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.59	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.426	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	49	55	60	0	68	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.04	1.13	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.283	0.152	0.000	0.225	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	26	81	27	26	88	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	3.12	1.04	1.00	3.38	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	8.873	0.196	0.131	0.165	7.304	0.174	0.208	3.011

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	26	108	27	26	129	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	4.15	1.04	1.00	4.96	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	3.630	0.295	0.133	0.181	38.797	0.183	0.211	3.013

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	454	247	271	628	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.60	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.030	1.368	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	195	170	448	0	0	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.55	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.204	0.798	0.182	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	146	122	271	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.70	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.252	0.386	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	51	51	61	0	80	0	0	65	63
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	1.15	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	1.23	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.037	0.098	0.000	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.194	2.907

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	597	133	29	26	144	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	22.96	5.12	1.12	1.00	5.54	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.693	6.325	0.179	0.790	0.196	50.185	0.188	0.210	3.206

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	735	178	0	26	216	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	28.27	6.85	0.00	1.00	8.31	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	12.707	0.263	1.214	0.207	0.000	0.197	0.227	3.204

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	352	154	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.965	0.226	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.402	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	180	117	0	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.971	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	48	48	41	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.027	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	26	22	44	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	1.08	0.92	1.83	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	5.012	0.289	0.407	0.000	4.660	1.644	0.508	2.851

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	26	22	278	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	1.08	0.92	11.58	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	1.090	5.542	0.326	0.432	0.000	90.569	1.621	0.615	2.802

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	203	136	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.507	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.392	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	48	48	41	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.027	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	26	22	48	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	1.08	0.92	2.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	4.784	0.237	0.351	0.000	43.181	3.017	0.571	2.787

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	296	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	12.33	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	1.398	5.597	0.303	0.364	0.000	0.000	3.012	0.760	2.825

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	330	256	148	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.659	0.413	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.432	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	48	48	41	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.026	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	50	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	2.08	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	4.384	0.227	0.377	0.000	0.000	3.049	0.626	2.873

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	304	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	12.67	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	1.541	3.828	0.295	0.374	0.000	0.000	3.040	0.779	2.807

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	368	369	165	0	0	0	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.419	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.438	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	186	121	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.768	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	50	44	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.041	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	20	22	37	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.83	0.92	1.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	6.514	0.519	0.407	0.000	4.611	1.011	0.441	2.748

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	20	22	275	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.83	0.92	11.46	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.959	3.186	0.470	0.454	0.000	91.914	1.024	0.643	2.666

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	217	144	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.835	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.319	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	50	44	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.043	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	20	22	43	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.83	0.92	1.79	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	6.916	0.369	0.386	0.000	45.545	3.354	0.489	2.569

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	301	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	12.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	2.325	3.227	0.442	0.368	0.000	0.000	3.375	0.769	2.613

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	205	209	0	0	0	0	0	259	0
N.S.	1	0.47	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.595	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.516	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	148	153	0	0	0	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.109	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	104	114	0	0	0	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.517	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	46	46	41	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.031	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	27	22	55	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	1.12	0.92	2.29	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	5.038	0.246	0.330	0.000	14.538	1.861	0.322	2.738

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	70	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	2.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	5.307	0.332	0.334	0.000	0.000	1.886	0.336	2.683

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	433	241	411	0	0	0	0	0	306	0
N.S.	1	0.56	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.854	0.908	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.562	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	183	239	0	0	0	0	0	204	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.737	0.408	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.983	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	148	127	0	0	0	0	0	105	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.455	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	46	46	41	0	59	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.84	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.030	0.072	0.000	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	61	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	2.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.865	4.420	0.256	0.335	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.494	2.753

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	84	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	3.50	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.878	5.121	0.322	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.577	2.605

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	251	317	0	0	0	0	0	216	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.582	0.448	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.015	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	182	141	0	0	0	0	0	111	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.621	0.256	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.484	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	48	48	41	0	59	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.80	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.029	0.098	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	61	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	2.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	4.384	0.242	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.512	2.686

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	20	22	0	0	22	84	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.83	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.92	3.50	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	4.041	0.311	0.337	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.562	2.652

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	343	265	302	415	333	0	0	481	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.90	1.23	0.99	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.944	0.221	0.151	0.035	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	312	322	216	246	385	250	0	316	398	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.69	0.79	1.23	0.80	0.00	1.01	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.392	0.136	0.144	0.038	0.116	0.000	0.131	0.191	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	236	154	168	257	179	0	214	268	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.70	0.76	1.16	0.81	0.00	0.97	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.124	0.099	0.142	0.048	0.100	0.000	0.127	0.182	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	167	103	106	154	121	0	134	162	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.70	0.72	1.05	0.82	0.00	0.91	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.471	0.083	0.138	0.039	0.097	0.000	0.125	0.177	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	90	60	56	74	71	0	70	80	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.71	0.67	0.88	0.85	0.00	0.83	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.041	0.074	0.027	0.087	0.000	0.119	0.184	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	481	481	375	222	0	0	0	0	16	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.200	0.235	10.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	774	774	687	790	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.581	1.410	9.651	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	609	609	453	632	684	586	0	0	442	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	1.04	1.12	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.904	0.392	0.522	0.063	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	359	359	299	402	429	380	0	0	283	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.12	1.19	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.715	0.281	0.323	0.048	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	174	203	218	209	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.21	1.30	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.894	0.160	0.273	0.042	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	55	84	78	72	96	0	111	50	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.65	1.53	1.41	1.88	0.00	2.18	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.041	0.123	0.027	0.089	0.000	0.214	0.193	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	763	763	623	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.848	0.425	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	388	388	254	380	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.044	0.393	0.662	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	180	125	178	0	0	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.90	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.168	0.400	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	57	46	56	0	0	0	0	12	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.85	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.046	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	29	17	22	31	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.45	0.85	1.10	1.55	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.546	0.181	0.098	0.071	8.306	0.140	0.239	2.906

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	53	0	22	59	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	2.65	0.00	1.10	2.95	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	2.405	0.323	0.107	0.092	0.000	0.134	0.340	2.959

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	510	510	663	1102	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.654	2.342	0.572	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	257	338	465	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.984	0.917	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	86	80	125	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.89	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.748	0.268	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	816	57	19	22	64	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	40.80	2.85	0.95	1.10	3.20	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	16.586	0.197	1.110	0.097	81.031	0.138	0.240	2.940

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	1078	98	0	22	115	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	53.90	4.90	0.00	1.10	5.75	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	27.685	0.362	1.626	0.092	0.000	0.140	0.342	2.880

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	6.075	0.818	0.000	0.086	1.598	0.163	200.027	3.304

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	2.686	0.704	0.000	0.094	0.983	0.136	51.229	3.351

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	556	0	0	332	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.50	0.00	0.00	3.29	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	13.231	0.000	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	200.027	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	176	633	0	0	724	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.98	3.52	0.00	0.00	4.02	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	1.791	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.000	0.000	200.030	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	270	685	0	0	1360	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.59	0.00	0.00	5.15	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.169	2.825	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000	0.000	200.030	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	0	34	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.55	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	14.129	0.372	0.000	0.095	1.638	0.250	200.026	3.194

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	0	34	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.55	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	7.650	0.288	0.000	0.093	1.069	0.181	54.741	3.208

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	0	54	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.45	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	12.948	0.776	0.000	0.090	7.239	0.173	200.029	3.451

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	107	65	0	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	4.86	2.95	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	26.175	0.565	0.576	0.099	0.000	0.183	200.031	3.418

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	22	19	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	1.00	0.86	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.878	0.589	0.113	0.094	0.479	0.141	126.835	3.006

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	39	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	1.77	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.758	0.524	0.096	0.082	0.746	0.150	65.950	3.209

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	63	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	2.86	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	1.277	0.711	0.118	0.081	3.126	0.150	197.558	3.183

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	87	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	3.95	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	2.592	0.707	0.126	0.075	35.462	0.155	200.027	3.099

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	596	36	20	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	27.09	1.64	0.91	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	10.051	0.615	0.602	0.099	0.873	0.144	192.204	3.359

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	580	67	22	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	26.36	3.05	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	10.483	0.500	1.041	0.082	2.106	0.151	73.057	3.338

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	857	108	22	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	38.95	4.91	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	15.472	0.681	2.075	0.106	15.209	0.166	200.032	3.173

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	1117	149	0	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	50.77	6.77	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	23.525	0.683	2.817	0.096	0.000	0.179	200.029	3.391

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	672	672	536	0	0	0	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.722	4.327	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.923	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	322	317	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.681	1.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.528	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	104	100	0	0	0	0	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.229	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	0	0	19	22	21	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.86	1.00	0.95	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	1.917	0.234	0.000	0.000	1.542	9.832	0.664	3.007

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	20	22	32	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.91	1.00	1.45	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	17.686	0.383	0.388	0.000	39.669	9.858	1.778	3.124

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	442	442	812	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.144	1.879	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.997	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	151	269	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.893	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.432	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	0	0	19	22	51	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.86	1.00	2.32	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.476	0.230	0.000	0.000	33.013	14.542	1.608	3.263

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	0	22	73	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	3.32	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	11.458	0.404	0.500	0.000	0.000	14.416	5.221	3.330

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	608	608	530	0	0	0	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.433	0.777	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.697	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	213	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.097	0.415	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.427	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	96	100	0	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	20	22	41	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.91	1.00	1.86	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.187	0.247	0.339	0.000	4.817	10.067	0.642	3.300

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	0	22	69	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	3.14	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.231	0.369	0.360	0.000	0.000	10.005	1.706	3.277

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	358	358	268	0	0	0	0	0	1233	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.231	1.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.479	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	129	0	0	0	0	0	0	842	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.799	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.747	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	20	22	74	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.91	1.00	3.36	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.195	0.240	0.386	0.000	36.155	0.210	0.642	4.094

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	20	22	0	0	22	14432	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	656.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.246	0.386	0.402	0.000	0.000	0.237	57.292	4.215

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [135] had the largest ratio of [1]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	7	6	1.02	22	0.273
2	A	7	6	1.08	22	0.273
3	A	4	4	1.03	20	0.200
4	C	7	6	0.98	22	0.273
5	C	10	9	0.98	22	0.409
6	C	12	11	0.97	22	0.500
7	A	11	11	1.17	24	0.458
8	A	10	10	1.11	24	0.417
9	A	7	7	1.09	22	0.318
10	C	8	7	0.88	24	0.292
11	C	14	13	0.95	24	0.542
12	C	16	15	0.97	24	0.625
13	A	22	21	1.47	24	0.875
14	A	17	16	1.26	24	0.667
15	A	10	10	1.21	22	0.455
16	C	9	8	0.87	24	0.333
17	C	20	19	0.91	24	0.792
18	C	6	5	0.91	20	0.250
19	C	6	5	0.96	20	0.250
20	C	6	5	1.14	18	0.278
21	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
23	A	5	4	0.85	20	0.200
24	A	5	4	0.89	20	0.200
25	A	5	4	0.98	18	0.222
26	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
27	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
28	C	7	6	0.84	24	0.250
29	C	7	6	0.86	24	0.250
30	C	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
31	N/A	1	0	1.00	24	0.000
32	N/A	1	0	1.00	24	0.000
33	A	5	4	0.80	24	0.167
34	A	5	4	0.82	24	0.167
35	A	5	4	0.89	22	0.182
36	N/A	2	0	1.00	24	0.000
37	N/A	2	0	1.00	24	0.000
38	A	11	11	1.20	24	0.458
39	A	8	8	1.21	24	0.333
40	A	3	3	1.17	24	0.125
41	A	1	1	1.20	24	0.042
42	A	2	2	1.17	24	0.083
43	A	5	5	1.19	24	0.208
44	A	9	9	1.22	24	0.375
45	A	12	12	1.18	26	0.462
46	A	5	5	0.97	26	0.192
47	A	1	1	1.20	26	0.038
48	C	10	9	0.86	26	0.346
49	C	14	13	0.96	26	0.500
50	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
51	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
52	A	11	11	1.10	24	0.458

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
53	A	8	8	1.10	24	0.333
54	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
55	A	1	1	0.95	24	0.042
56	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
57	A	5	5	1.10	24	0.208
58	A	9	9	1.16	24	0.375
59	A	12	12	1.10	26	0.462
60	A	5	5	0.89	26	0.192
61	A	1	1	0.95	26	0.038
62	C	10	9	0.71	26	0.346
63	C	14	13	0.87	26	0.500
64	C	18	17	1.00	22	0.773
65	A	18	18	1.01	22	0.818
66	A	6	6	0.79	22	0.273
67	A	1	1	0.94	22	0.045
68	C	11	10	0.59	22	0.455
69	C	16	15	0.73	22	0.682
70	A	6	5	0.45	26	0.192
71	A	5	4	0.50	26	0.154
72	A	6	5	0.57	26	0.192
73	A	1	1	0.92	26	0.038
74	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
75	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
76	A	7	6	0.54	26	0.231
77	A	8	7	0.64	26	0.269
78	C	14	13	0.83	26	0.500
79	A	1	1	0.96	26	0.038
80	N/A	3	0	1.00	26	0.000
81	N/A	4	0	1.00	26	0.000
82	C	18	17	1.00	24	0.708
83	C	12	11	0.88	24	0.458
84	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
85	N/A	2	0	1.00	24	0.000
86	N/A	4	0	1.00	24	0.000
87	A	8	7	0.67	24	0.292
88	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042
89	N/A	2	0	1.00	24	0.000
90	N/A	6	0	1.00	24	0.000
91	C	15	14	0.78	24	0.583
92	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042
93	N/A	2	0	1.00	24	0.000
94	N/A	6	0	1.00	24	0.000
95	C	19	18	1.00	24	0.750
96	C	12	11	0.88	24	0.458
97	A	1	1	0.96	24	0.042
98	N/A	3	0	1.00	24	0.000
99	N/A	6	0	1.00	24	0.000
100	A	8	7	0.69	24	0.292
101	A	1	1	0.96	24	0.042
102	N/A	3	0	1.00	24	0.000
103	N/A	8	0	1.00	24	0.000
104	A	6	5	0.47	24	0.208
105	A	5	4	0.50	24	0.167
106	A	6	5	0.59	24	0.208
107	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042
108	N/A	1	0	1.00	24	0.000
109	N/A	1	0	1.00	24	0.000
110	A	6	5	0.56	24	0.208
111	A	7	6	0.64	24	0.250
112	C	11	10	0.87	24	0.417
113	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042
114	N/A	3	0	1.00	24	0.000
115	N/A	4	0	1.00	24	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
116	A	13	12	0.76	24	0.500
117	A	10	9	0.91	24	0.375
118	A	1	1	0.94	24	0.042
119	N/A	3	0	1.00	24	0.000
120	N/A	4	0	1.00	24	0.000
121	A	7	6	1.02	18	0.333
122	A	7	6	1.03	14	0.429
123	A	7	6	1.07	14	0.429
124	A	7	6	1.14	14	0.429
125	A	4	4	1.07	12	0.333
126	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
127	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
128	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
129	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
130	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
131	A	3	3	1.08	10	0.300
132	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
133	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
134	A	2	2	1.29	18	0.111
135	C	11	10	1.06	10	1.000
136	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
137	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
138	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
139	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
140	A	10	9	0.96	10	0.900
141	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
142	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
143	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
144	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
145	A	7	6	1.00	20	0.300
146	A	8	7	0.98	20	0.350

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
147	A	10	9	1.02	20	0.450
148	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
149	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
150	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
151	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
152	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
153	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
154	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
155	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
156	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
157	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
158	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
159	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
160	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
161	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
162	A	9	8	1.02	12	0.667
163	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
164	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
165	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
166	C	11	10	1.08	12	0.833
167	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
168	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
169	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
170	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
171	C	9	8	1.09	12	0.667
172	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
173	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
174	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
175	A	9	8	1.08	12	0.667
176	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
177	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.6	$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$	130
3.7	$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	139
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3.10	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$	167
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3.14	$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$	214
3.15	$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$	227
3.16	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$	238
3.17	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$	246
3.18	$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	260
3.19	$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	266
3.20	$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	271
3.21	$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	276
3.22	$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	281

3.23	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$	286
3.24	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$	292
3.25	$\int \frac{c-a^2cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$	298
3.26	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$	304
3.27	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$	309
3.28	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^3}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	314
3.29	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^2}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	321
3.30	$\int \frac{d-c^2dx^2}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	328
3.31	$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	334
3.32	$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	339
3.33	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^3}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	344
3.34	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^2}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	352
3.35	$\int \frac{d-c^2dx^2}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	360
3.36	$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	367
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	372
3.38	$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	377
3.39	$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	386
3.40	$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	394
3.41	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx$	400
3.42	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	405
3.43	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	410
3.44	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	417
3.45	$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	425
3.46	$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	435
3.47	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx$	443
3.48	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	448
3.49	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	456
3.50	$\int \sqrt{1 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx$	468
3.51	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx$	473
3.52	$\int (d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	478
3.53	$\int (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	487

3.54	$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	495
3.55	$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$	501
3.56	$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	506
3.57	$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	511
3.58	$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx$	518
3.59	$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	526
3.60	$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	536
3.61	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$	543
3.62	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	548
3.63	$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	556
3.64	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{7/2}} dx$	567
3.65	$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$	580
3.66	$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$	592
3.67	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$	599
3.68	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	604
3.69	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	612
3.70	$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	624
3.71	$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	631
3.72	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	637
3.73	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	643
3.74	$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	648
3.75	$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	653
3.76	$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	658
3.77	$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	666
3.78	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	674
3.79	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	683
3.80	$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	688
3.81	$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	694
3.82	$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	700
3.83	$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$	712

3.84	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$	720
3.85	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	725
3.86	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	730
3.87	$\int \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx$	736
3.88	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$	743
3.89	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	748
3.90	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	753
3.91	$\int \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx$	759
3.92	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$	769
3.93	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	774
3.94	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	779
3.95	$\int (a^2-x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$	785
3.96	$\int \sqrt{a^2-x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$	797
3.97	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx$	805
3.98	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	810
3.99	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	815
3.100	$\int \sqrt{a^2-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx$	821
3.101	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx$	828
3.102	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	833
3.103	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	838
3.104	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	844
3.105	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	851
3.106	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	857
3.107	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	863
3.108	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	868
3.109	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$	873

3.110	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	878
3.111	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	885
3.112	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	892
3.113	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	899
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	904
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	909
3.116	$\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	914
3.117	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	924
3.118	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	932
3.119	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	937
3.120	$\int \frac{1}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	942
3.121	$\int (d+ex^2)^4 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	947
3.122	$\int (c+dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$	956
3.123	$\int (c+dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$	965
3.124	$\int (c+dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$	973
3.125	$\int (c+dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$	981
3.126	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c+dx^2} dx$	987
3.127	$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx$	994
3.128	$\int (d+ex^2)^3 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	1003
3.129	$\int (d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	1012
3.130	$\int (d+ex^2) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	1020
3.131	$\int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	1026
3.132	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d+ex^2} dx$	1032
3.133	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1041
3.134	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1049
3.135	$\int \frac{1}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1055
3.136	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	1062
3.137	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	1067
3.138	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1072
3.139	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1082
3.140	$\int \frac{1}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1089
3.141	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1096

3.142	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1101
3.143	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$	1106
3.144	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1111
3.145	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1116
3.146	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1122
3.147	$\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1129
3.148	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$	1138
3.149	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1143
3.150	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1148
3.151	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1153
3.152	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1158
3.153	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	1163
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	1168
3.155	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$	1173
3.156	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1178
3.157	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1183
3.158	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1188
3.159	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$	1193
3.160	$\int (d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1198
3.161	$\int (d+ex^2) \sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1206
3.162	$\int \sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$	1212
3.163	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{d+ex^2} dx$	1219
3.164	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1224
3.165	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$	1229
3.166	$\int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$	1236
3.167	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d+ex^2} dx$	1244
3.168	$\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1249
3.169	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$	1254
3.170	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$	1262
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$	1268

3.172	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$	1275
3.173	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$	1280
3.174	$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1285
3.175	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1291
3.176	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1298
3.177	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1303

3.1 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	94
Maple [A] (verified)	97
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	97
Sympy [F]	98
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	98
Giac [F(-2)]	99
Mupad [F(-1)]	99
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{16bd^3\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{35c} + \frac{8bd^3(-1+cx)^{3/2}(1+cx)^{3/2}}{105c}$$

$$- \frac{6bd^3(-1+cx)^{5/2}(1+cx)^{5/2}}{175c} + \frac{bd^3(-1+cx)^{7/2}(1+cx)^{7/2}}{49c}$$

$$+ d^3x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2d^3x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4d^3x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{7}c^6d^3x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output

```
-16/35*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c+8/105*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)/c-6/175*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/c+1/49*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)/c+d^3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-c^2*d^3*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+3/5*c^4*d^3*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/7*c^6*d^3*x^7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{d^3 (b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(2161 - 757c^2x^2 + 351c^4x^4 - 75c^6x^6) + 105acx(-35 + 35c^2x^2 - 21c^4x^4 + 5c^6x^6) + 105b^2cx^2(-35 + 35c^2x^2 - 21c^4x^4 + 5c^6x^6) + 105b^2cx^2(-35 + 35c^2x^2 - 21c^4x^4 + 5c^6x^6) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])}{3675c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/3675*(d^3*(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(2161 - 757*c^2*x^2 + 351*c^4*x^4 - 75*c^6*x^6) + 105*a*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + 105*b*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6)*ArcCosh[c*x]))/c
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {6309, 27, 2113, 2331, 2389, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6309

$$-bc \int \frac{d^3 x (-5c^6 x^6 + 21c^4 x^4 - 35c^2 x^2 + 35)}{35\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6 d^3 x^7 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4 d^3 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2 d^3 x^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + d^3 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{35}bcd^3 \int \frac{x(-5c^6 x^6 + 21c^4 x^4 - 35c^2 x^2 + 35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6 d^3 x^7 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4 d^3 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2 d^3 x^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + d^3 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 2113

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcd^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}dx}{35\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}-\frac{1}{7}c^6d^3x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+\frac{3}{5}c^4d^3x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-c^2d^3x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^3x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2331 \\
& -\frac{bcd^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\frac{-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}dx^2}{70\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}-\frac{1}{7}c^6d^3x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+\frac{3}{5}c^4d^3x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-c^2d^3x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^3x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2389 \\
& \frac{bcd^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\left(-5(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}+6(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}-8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}+\frac{16}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)dx^2}{70\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}-\frac{1}{7}c^6d^3x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+\frac{3}{5}c^4d^3x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-c^2d^3x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^3x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{1}{7}c^6d^3x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+\frac{3}{5}c^4d^3x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-c^2d^3x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^3x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-\frac{bcd^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\left(-\frac{10(c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7c^2}+\frac{12(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^2}-\frac{16(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{3c^2}+\frac{32\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2}\right)}{70\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/70*(b*c*d^3*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((32*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (16*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^2) + (12*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^2) - (10*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c^2)))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + d^3*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) - c^2*d^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) + (3*c^4*d^3*x^5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/5 - (c^6*d^3*x^7*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/7
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2113 `Int[(P_x)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[P_x*(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_x, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[m, n] && !IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 2331 `Int[(P_q)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^(m - 1)/2*SubstFor[x^2, P_q, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2389 `Int[(P_q)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[P_q*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || EqQ[n, 1])`
- rule 6309 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = -d^3 \left(\int (-a) dx + \int (-b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 3ac^2 x^2 dx + \int (-3ac^4 x^4) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int ac^6 x^6 dx + \int 3bc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-3bc^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int bc^6 x^6 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
-d**3*(Integral(-a, x) + Integral(-b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(3*a*c**2*x*
*2, x) + Integral(-3*a*c**4*x**4, x) + Integral(a*c**6*x**6, x) + Integral
(3*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(-3*b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x), x) + I
ntegral(b*c**6*x**6*acosh(c*x), x))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{1}{7} ac^6 d^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{5} ac^4 d^3 x^5 \\ - \frac{1}{245} \left(35 x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^6}{c^2} + \frac{6 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^6} + \frac{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^8} \right) c \right) bc \\ + \frac{1}{25} \left(15 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bc^4 d^3 \\ - ac^2 d^3 x^3 - \frac{1}{3} \left(3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bc^2 d^3 \\ + ad^3 x + \frac{(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) bd^3}{c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/7*a*c^6*d^3*x^7 + 3/5*a*c^4*d^3*x^5 - 1/245*(35*x^7*arccosh(c*x) - (5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^8)*c)*b*c^6*d^3 + 1/25*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*b*c^4*d^3 - a*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 1/3*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^3*x + (c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*b*d^3/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \text{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 (-525 a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b c^7 x^7 + 2205 a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b c^5 x^5 - 3675 a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b c^3 x^3 + 3675 a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b c x + 75 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b^2 c^2 x^2)}{3675 c}$$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(d**3*( - 525*acosh(c*x)*b*c**7*x**7 + 2205*acosh(c*x)*b*c**5*x**5 - 3675*
acosh(c*x)*b*c**3*x**3 + 3675*acosh(c*x)*b*c*x + 75*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*
c**6*x**6 - 351*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**4*x**4 + 757*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*
b*c**2*x**2 + 1514*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b - 3675*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1
)*b - 525*a*c**7*x**7 + 2205*a*c**5*x**5 - 3675*a*c**3*x**3 + 3675*a*c*x))
/(3675*c)
```

3.2 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	105
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	105
Sympy [F]	106
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	106
Giac [F(-2)]	107
Mupad [F(-1)]	107
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	108

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{8bd^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{15c} + \frac{4bd^2(-1+cx)^{3/2}(1+cx)^{3/2}}{45c}$$

$$- \frac{bd^2(-1+cx)^{5/2}(1+cx)^{5/2}}{25c}$$

$$+ d^2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2}{3}c^2d^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}c^4d^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output

```
-8/15*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c+4/45*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)/c-1/25*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/c+d^2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-2/3*c^2*d^2*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/5*c^4*d^2*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 (b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-149 + 38c^2x^2 - 9c^4x^4) + 15acx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + 15bcx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + 15b^2cx^2(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + 15b^2cx^2 \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{225c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(d^2*(b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-149 + 38*c^2*x^2 - 9*c^4*x^4) + 15*
a*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + 15*b*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^
4)*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(225*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {6309, 27, 1905, 1576, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6309}$$

$$-bc \int \frac{d^2 x (3c^4 x^4 - 10c^2 x^2 + 15)}{15\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} c^4 d^2 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^2 x^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + d^2 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{1}{15} bcd^2 \int \frac{x(3c^4 x^4 - 10c^2 x^2 + 15)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} c^4 d^2 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^2 x^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + d^2 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{1905}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcd^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}dx}{15\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}+\frac{1}{5}c^4d^2x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^2x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1576 \\
& -\frac{bcd^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\frac{3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}dx^2}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}+\frac{1}{5}c^4d^2x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^2x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1140 \\
& -\frac{bcd^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\int\left(3(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}-4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}+\frac{8}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)dx^2}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}+\frac{1}{5}c^4d^2x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^2x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{1}{5}c^4d^2x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))+d^2x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))- \\
& \quad \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\left(\frac{6(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^2}-\frac{8(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{3c^2}+\frac{16\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2}\right)}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

```

-1/30*(b*c*d^2*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((16*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (8*(-1 +
c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^2) + (6*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^2)))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*
x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + d^2*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) - (2*c^2*d^2*x^3*(a + b*Arc
Cosh[c*x]))/3 + (c^4*d^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/5

```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 1140 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$
- rule 1576 $\text{Int}[(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x]$
- rule 1905 $\text{Int}[((f_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)} + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}*((d2 + e2*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}/(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[q]}) \text{ Int}[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^q*(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[non2, n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$
- rule 6309 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
parts	$d^2 a \left(\frac{1}{5} c^4 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^2 x^3 + x \right) + \frac{d^2 b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{2 c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3} + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} (9c^4 x^4 - 38c^2 x^2 + 149)}{225} \right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + cx \right) + d^2 b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{2 c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3} + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} (9c^4 x^4 - 38c^2 x^2 + 149)}{225} \right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + cx \right) + d^2 b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{2 c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3} + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} (9c^4 x^4 - 38c^2 x^2 + 149)}{225} \right)}{c}$
orering	$\frac{x(81c^4 x^4 - 302c^2 x^2 + 821)(-c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{225(c x - 1)(c x + 1)(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{(9c^4 x^4 - 38c^2 x^2 + 149) \left(-4(-c^2 d x^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{225c^2(c x - 1)(c x + 1)}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d^2*a*(1/5*c^4*x^5-2/3*c^2*x^3+x)+d^2*b/c*(1/5*arccosh(c*x)*c^5*x^5-2/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)+c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/225*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(9*c^4*x^4-38*c^2*x^2+149))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{45 ac^5 d^2 x^5 - 150 ac^3 d^2 x^3 + 225 acd^2 x + 15 (3 bc^5 d^2 x^5 - 10 bc^3 d^2 x^3 + 15 bcd^2 x) \log (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - (9 b c^4 d^2 x^4 - 38 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 149 b d^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{225 c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/225*(45*a*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 150*a*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 225*a*c*d^2*x + 15*(3*b*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 10*b*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 15*b*c*d^2*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (9*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 38*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 149*b*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = d^2 \left(\int a dx + \int b \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-2ac^2 x^2) dx + \int ac^4 x^4 dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-2bc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int bc^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `d**2*(Integral(a, x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(-2*a*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(a*c**4*x**4, x) + Integral(-2*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x), x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} ac^4 d^2 x^5 \\ + \frac{1}{75} \left(15 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bc^4 d^2 \\ - \frac{2}{3} ac^2 d^2 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} \left(3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bc^2 d^2 \\ + ad^2 x + \frac{(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) bd^2}{c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/5*a*c^4*d^2*x^5 + 1/75*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c
^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*b*c^4*d^2 -
2/3*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 - 2/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^
2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^2*x + (c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sq
rt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*b*d^2/c
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 (45 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^5 x^5 - 150 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^3 x^3 + 225 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c x - 9 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b c^4 x^4 + 38 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b c^2 x^2 + 76 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b - 225 \sqrt{c x + 1} \sqrt{c x - 1} b + 45 a c^5 x^5 - 150 a c^3 x^3 + 225 a c x)}{225 c}$$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(d**2*(45*acosh(c*x)*b*c**5*x**5 - 150*acosh(c*x)*b*c**3*x**3 + 225*acosh(c*x)*b*c*x - 9*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**4*x**4 + 38*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**2*x**2 + 76*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b - 225*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b + 45*a*c**5*x**5 - 150*a*c**3*x**3 + 225*a*c*x)/(225*c)
```

3.3 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{7bd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{9c} + \frac{1}{9}bcdx^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} + dx(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}c^2 dx^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output
$$-7/9*b*d*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}/c+1/9*b*c*d*x^2*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}+d*x*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))-1/3*c^2*d*x^3*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{d(b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-7 + c^2 x^2) + a(9cx - 3c^3 x^3) - 3bcx(-3 + c^2 x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{9c}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]),x]$$

output $(d*(b*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) + a*(9*c*x - 3*c^3*x^3) - 3*b*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/(9*c)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {6309, 27, 960, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6309$$

$$-bc \int \frac{dx(3 - c^2 x^2)}{3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2 dx^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + dx(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}bcd \int \frac{x(3 - c^2 x^2)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2 dx^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + dx(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 960$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}bcd \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c^2 dx^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + dx(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 83$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}c^2 dx^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + dx(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}bcd \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{3c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right)$$

input $\text{Int}[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]), x]$

output

```
-1/3*(b*c*d*((7*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(3*c^2) - (x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]
]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/3)) + d*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) - (c^2*d*x^3*(a + b*ArcCos
h[c*x]))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 83

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f
*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]
```

rule 960

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(non2_.))^(p_.)*((a2_) + (b2_.)
*(x_)^(non2_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(p
m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*e*(m + n
*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a1*a2*d*(m + 1) - b1*b2*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/
(b1*b2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^p*(a2 + b2*x^(n
/2))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[non2,
n/2] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 6309

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symb
ol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u,
x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x]
, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
parts	$-da\left(\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3 - x\right) - \frac{db\left(\frac{c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{9}(c^2x^2-7)}{c}\right)}{c}$	71
derivativedivides	$\frac{-da\left(\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 - cx\right) - db\left(\frac{c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{9}(c^2x^2-7)}{c}\right)}{c}$	73
default	$\frac{-da\left(\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 - cx\right) - db\left(\frac{c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{9}(c^2x^2-7)}{c}\right)}{c}$	73
orering	$\frac{x(5c^2x^2-23)(-c^2dx^2+d)(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{9c^2x^2-9} - \frac{(c^2x^2-7)\left(-2c^2dx(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + \frac{(-c^2dx^2+d)bc}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{9c^2}$	103

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-d*a*(1/3*c^2*x^3-x) - d*b/c*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*x*arccosh(c*x) - 1/9*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2-7))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{3ac^3dx^3 - 9acdx + 3(bc^3dx^3 - 3bcdx) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) - (bc^2dx^2 - 7bd)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{9c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/9*(3*a*c^3*d*x^3 - 9*a*c*d*x + 3*(b*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*b*c*d*x)*\log(c*x + \operatorname{sqrt}(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (b*c^2*d*x^2 - 7*b*d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = -d \left(\int (-a) dx + \int (-b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int ac^2 x^2 dx + \int bc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `-d*(Integral(-a, x) + Integral(-b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(a*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx \\ = -\frac{1}{3} ac^2 dx^3 - \frac{1}{9} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bc^2 d \\ + adx + \frac{(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})bd}{c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a*c^2*d*x^3 - 1/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*b*c^2*d + a*d*x + (c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*b*d/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2) dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-3a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b c^3 x^3 + 9a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) bcx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b c^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b - 9\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx - 1} b - 3a c^2 x^2)}{9c}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(d*( - 3*acosh(c*x)*b*c**3*x**3 + 9*acosh(c*x)*b*c*x + sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)
*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b - 9*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b -
3*a*c**3*x**3 + 9*a*c*x))/(9*c)
```

3.4 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d-c^2dx^2} dx$

Optimal result	116
Mathematica [A] (verified)	116
Rubi [C] (verified)	117
Maple [C] (verified)	119
Fricas [F]	120
Sympy [F]	120
Maxima [F]	120
Giac [F]	121
Mupad [F(-1)]	121
Reduce [F]	121

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2dx^2} dx = \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd}$$

output

```
2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+b*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-b*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2dx^2} dx = \frac{-((a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) (\log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}))) + b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*(Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]]
)) + b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/(c*d)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6318$$

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)$$

$$\frac{cd}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)$$

$$\frac{cd}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 26$$

$$i \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)$$

$$\frac{cd}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 4670$$

$$i \left(ib \int \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - ib \int \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \right.$$

$$\left. \right) \frac{cd}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 2715$$

$$i \left(ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 2i \operatorname{arct}$$

$$\right) \frac{cd}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 2838$$

$$\frac{i(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}))}{cd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x]`

output `((-I)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6318

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - b \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{2i \left(\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 - \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) + \operatorname{dilog} \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) \right)}{c^2x^2-1} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - b \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{2i \left(\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 - \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) + \operatorname{dilog} \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) \right)}{c^2x^2-1} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a \ln(cx+1)}{2dc} - \frac{a \ln(cx-1)}{2dc} - \frac{b \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{2i \left(\operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh}(cx) \ln \left(1 - \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) + \operatorname{dilog} \left(1 + \frac{i(cx+1)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right) \right)}{c^2x^2-1} \right)}{d}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(a/d*arctanh(c*x)-b/d*(-arctanh(c*x)*arccosh(c*x)-2*I*(arctanh(c*x)*ln
(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-arctanh(c*x)*ln(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))+dilog(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-dilog(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*c*x+1/2)^(1/2)*(1/2*c*x-1/2)^(1/2)/(c^2*
x^2-1)))
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{a}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d),x)`

output `-(Integral(a/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x))/d`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*b*((4*(log(c*x + 1) - log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - log(c*x + 1)^2 - 2*log(c*x + 1)*log(c*x - 1))/(c*d) + 8*integrate(1/4*(3*c*x - 1)*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x) + 8*integrate(1/2*(log(c*x + 1) - log(c*x - 1))/(c^3*d*x^3 - c*d*x + (c^2*d*x^2 - d)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1), x) + 1/2*a*(log(c*x + 1)/(c*d) - log(c*x - 1)/(c*d))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) bc - \log(c^2 x - c) a + \log(c^2 x + c) a}{2cd}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x)`

output `(- 2*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a + log(c**2*x + c)*a)/(2*c*d)`

3.5 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	122
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	123
Rubi [C] (verified)	123
Maple [A] (verified)	126
Fricas [F]	127
Sympy [F]	127
Maxima [F]	128
Giac [F]	128
Mupad [F(-1)]	129
Reduce [F]	129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{2cd^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{2cd^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*b/c/d^2/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^2/(-c^
2*x^2+1)+(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2
+1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-1/2*b*polylog(2,c
*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2acx - 2b\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} - 2bcx\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} - 2b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\left(cx + (-1+c^2x^2)\log\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}\right) + (1-c^2x^2)\log\left(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}\right)\right) + (a - ac^2x^2)\log\left(\frac{1-cx}{1+cx}\right)}{-1+c^2x^2} + \frac{4cd^2}{4cd^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((-2*a*c*x - 2*b*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 2*b*c*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 2*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*(c*x + (-1 + c^2*x^2)*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + (1 - c^2*x^2)*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (a - a*c^2*x^2)*Log[1 - c*x] - a*Log[1 + c*x] + a*c^2*x^2*Log[1 + c*x])/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + 2*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/(4*c*d^2)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {6316, 27, 83, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6316}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d(1 - c^2 x^2)} dx}{2d} + \frac{bc \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1 - c^2 x^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{bc \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 83

$$\frac{\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

↓ 6318

$$-\frac{\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

↓ 26

$$-\frac{i \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

↓ 4670

$$-\frac{i(ib \int \log(1-e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - ib \int \log(1+e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) + 2i\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}})}{2cd^2}$$

↓ 2715

$$-\frac{i(ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1-e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1+e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 2i\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2cd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}})}{2cd^2}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{i(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}))}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 b}{2cd^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*b/(c*d^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(2*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - ((I/2)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])) / (c*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(f*fz*I)], x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x) + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6316 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

rule 6318 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2}\right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2}\right)}{c}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{1}{4c(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4c} - \frac{1}{4c(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4c}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2}\right)}{c}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(a/d^2*(-1/4/(c*x-1)-1/4*ln(c*x-1)-1/4/(c*x+1)+1/4*ln(c*x+1))+b/d^2*(-1/2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-1/2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/d**2`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/64*(192*c^3*integrate(1/8*x^3*log(c*x - 1)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x) - 8*c^2*(2*x/(c^4*d^2*x^2 - c^2*d^2) + log(c*x + 1)/(c^3*d^2) - log(c*x - 1)/(c^3*d^2)) - 64*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x) + 3*(c*(2/(c^4*d^2*x - c^3*d^2) - log(c*x + 1)/(c^3*d^2) + log(c*x - 1)/(c^3*d^2)) + 4*log(c*x - 1)/(c^4*d^2*x^2 - c^2*d^2))*c - 4*((c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + 1)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + 1)*log(c*x - 1) + 4*(2*c*x - (c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + 1) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^3*d^2*x^2 - c*d^2) + 64*integrate(-1/4*(2*c*x - (c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + 1) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x - 1))/(c^5*d^2*x^5 - 2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + c*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x) + 64*integrate(1/8*log(c*x - 1)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x))*b - 1/4*a*(2*x/(c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2) - log(c*x + 1)/(c*d^2) + log(c*x - 1)/(c*d^2))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right) b c^3 x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right) bc - \log(c^2 x - c) a c^2 x^2 + \log(c^2 x - c) a + \log(c^2 x + c) a c^2 x^2 - \log(c^2 x + c) a}{4c d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x)`output `(4*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b*c**3*x**2 - 4*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a*c**2*x**2 + log(c**2*x - c)*a + log(c**2*x + c)*a*c**2*x**2 - log(c**2*x + c)*a - 2*a*c*x)/(4*c*d**2*(c**2*x**2 - 1))`

3.6 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	130
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b}{12cd^3(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{3b}{8cd^3\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

$$+ \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{3x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{8d^3(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{8cd^3} - \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{8cd^3}$$

output

```
1/12*b/c/d^3/(c*x-1)^(3/2)/(c*x+1)^(3/2)-3/8*b/c/d^3/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)
^(1/2)+1/4*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^2+3/8*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)
)/d^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)+3/4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
^(1/2))/c/d^3+3/8*b*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^3-3/8
*b*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ax}{(-1+c^2x^2)^2} - \frac{6ax}{-1+c^2x^2} + \frac{b(\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(2+cx) - 3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3c(1+cx)^2} + \frac{b((2-cx)\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx} + 3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3c(-1+cx)^2} + \frac{3b}{\sqrt{\frac{-1}{1+cx}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((4*a*x)/(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 - (6*a*x)/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + (b*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(2 + c*x) - 3*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 + c*x)^2) + (b*((2 - c*x)*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] + 3*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*c*(-1 + c*x)^2) + (3*b*(-(1/Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]) + ArcCosh[c*x]/(1 - c*x)))/c + (3*b*(Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - ArcCosh[c*x]/(1 + c*x)))/c - (3*a*Log[1 - c*x])/c + (3*a*Log[1 + c*x])/c - (3*b*(ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - 4*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) - 4*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(2*c) + (3*b*(ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - 4*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) - 4*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(2*c))/(16*d^3)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6316, 27, 83, 6316, 83, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{d^2(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{4d} - \frac{bc \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{4d^3} - \frac{bc \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 83 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{4d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6316 \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1-c^2x^2)}\right)}{4d^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 83 \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{4d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6318 \\
& \frac{3\left(-\frac{\int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{4d^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3\left(-\frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \csc(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{b}{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{4d^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3 \left(\frac{-i \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) d \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1 - c^2 x^2)} - \frac{b}{2c \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d^3}{\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4670 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{-i \left(b \int \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - b \int \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d^3}{\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2715 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{-i \left(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d^3}{\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2838 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{-i \left(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + i b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - i b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right)}{2c} \right) + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2(1 - c^2 x^2)} \\
 & \quad + \frac{4d^3}{\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4d^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{b}{12cd^3(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `b/(12*c*d^3*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2)) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(4*d^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2) + (3*(-1/2*b/(c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - ((I/2)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/c)/(4*d^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 83 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]$
- rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^{((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))})^{(n_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{(e*(c + d*x))})^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4670 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)}/(f*fz*I)], x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x}], x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6316

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

rule 6318

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(-\frac{1}{16(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16} + \frac{1}{16(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{9c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 9\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2 x^2 - 24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2}{24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2} \right)}{d^3}$
default	$\frac{a \left(-\frac{1}{16(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16} + \frac{1}{16(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{9c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 9\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2 x^2 - 24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2}{24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2} \right)}{d^3}$
parts	$-\frac{a \left(\frac{1}{16c(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16c(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16c} - \frac{1}{16c(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16c(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16c} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{9c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 9\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2 x^2 - 24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2}{24c^4 x^4 - 48c^2} \right)}{d^3}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-a/d^3*(-1/16/(c*x-1)^2+3/16/(c*x-1)+3/16*ln(c*x-1)+1/16/(c*x+1)^2+3/16/(c*x+1)-3/16*ln(c*x+1))-b/d^3*(1/24*(9*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)+9*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-15*c*x*arccosh(c*x)-11*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c^4*x^4-2*c^2*x^2+1)+3/8*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/8*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/8*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/8*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = -\int \frac{a}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `-(Integral(a/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1), x))/d**3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2048*(18432*c^5*integrate(1/32*x^5*log(c*x - 1)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3
*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x) - 48*c^4*(2*(5*c^2*x^3 - 3*x)/(c^8*d^3*x^4
- 2*c^6*d^3*x^2 + c^4*d^3) + 3*log(c*x + 1)/(c^5*d^3) - 3*log(c*x - 1)/(c
^5*d^3)) - 6144*c^4*integrate(1/32*x^4*log(c*x - 1)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d
^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x) + 18*(c*(2*(5*c^2*x^2 + 3*c*x - 6)/(c^8*
d^3*x^3 - c^7*d^3*x^2 - c^6*d^3*x + c^5*d^3) - 5*log(c*x + 1)/(c^5*d^3) +
5*log(c*x - 1)/(c^5*d^3)) + 16*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x - 1)/(c^8*d^3*x^4 -
2*c^6*d^3*x^2 + c^4*d^3))*c^3 + 80*c^2*(2*(c^2*x^3 + x)/(c^6*d^3*x^4 - 2*
c^4*d^3*x^2 + c^2*d^3) - log(c*x + 1)/(c^3*d^3) + log(c*x - 1)/(c^3*d^3))
+ 12288*c^2*integrate(1/32*x^2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 +
3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x) + 9*(c*(2*(3*c^2*x^2 - 3*c*x - 2)/(c^6*d^3*x^3 -
c^5*d^3*x^2 - c^4*d^3*x + c^3*d^3) - 3*log(c*x + 1)/(c^3*d^3) + 3*log(c*x
- 1)/(c^3*d^3)) - 16*log(c*x - 1)/(c^6*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^4*d^3*x^2 + c^2*d^3)
)*c - 32*(3*(c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x + 1)^2 + 6*(c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*
x^2 + 1)*log(c*x + 1)*log(c*x - 1) + 4*(6*c^3*x^3 - 10*c*x - 3*(c^4*x^4 -
2*c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x + 1) + 3*(c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x - 1))*lo
g(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^5*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^3*d^3*x^2 + c*d^3
) + 2048*integrate(-1/16*(6*c^3*x^3 - 10*c*x - 3*(c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + 1)
*log(c*x + 1) + 3*(c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x - 1))/(c^7*d^3*x^7 - 3
*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3*c^3*d^3*x^3 - c*d^3*x + (c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + ...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^3, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) b c^5 x^4 + 32 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) b c^3 x^2 - 16 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) b c}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x)`output `(- 16*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b*c**5*x**4 + 32*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b*c**3*x**2 - 16*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b*c - 3*log(c**2*x - c)*a*c**4*x**4 + 6*log(c**2*x - c)*a*c**2*x**2 - 3*log(c**2*x - c)*a + 3*log(c**2*x + c)*a*c**4*x**4 - 6*log(c**2*x + c)*a*c**2*x**2 + 3*log(c**2*x + c)*a - 6*a*c**3*x**3 + 10*a*c*x)/(16*c*d**3*(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1))`

3.7 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 314

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx &= \frac{4322b^2 d^3 x}{3675} - \frac{1514b^2 c^2 d^3 x^3}{11025} \\ &+ \frac{234b^2 c^4 d^3 x^5}{6125} - \frac{2}{343} b^2 c^6 d^3 x^7 - \frac{32bd^3 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{35c} \\ &+ \frac{16bd^3 (-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{105c} \\ &- \frac{12bd^3 (-1 + cx)^{5/2} (1 + cx)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{175c} \\ &+ \frac{2bd^3 (-1 + cx)^{7/2} (1 + cx)^{7/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{49c} \\ &+ \frac{16}{35} d^3 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{8}{35} d^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{6}{35} d^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4322/3675*b^2*d^3*x-1514/11025*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3+234/6125*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^5-2/
343*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^7-32/35*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c
*x))/c+16/105*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-12/17
5*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+2/49*b*d^3*(c*x-1
)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+16/35*d^3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^
2+8/35*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+6/35*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(
a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/7*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3(2b^2cx(226905 - 26495c^2x^2 + 7371c^4x^4 - 1125c^6x^6) - 11025a^2cx(-35 + 35c^2x^2 - 21c^4x^4 + 5c^6x^6) + \dots}{385875c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d^3*(2*b^2*c*x*(226905 - 26495*c^2*x^2 + 7371*c^4*x^4 - 1125*c^6*x^6) - 11025*a^2*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + 210*a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-2161 + 757*c^2*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75*c^6*x^6) + 210*b*(-105*a*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-2161 + 757*c^2*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75*c^6*x^6))*ArcCosh[c*x] - 11025*b^2*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6)*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)/(385875*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {6312, 27, 6312, 6312, 6294, 6330, 24, 25, 39, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6312$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d \int d^2(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \int (1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \int (1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx - \frac{2}{5}bc \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{5}x(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{2}{3} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 6294

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{3}bc \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx \right) + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} - \frac{b \int -(1 - cx)^3(cx + 1)^3 dx}{7c} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int -((1 - cx)(cx + 1))dx}{3c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{7/2}(cx + 1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} - \frac{b \int -(1 - cx)^3(cx + 1)^3 dx}{7c} \right) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{b \int (1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 39

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1-c^2x^2)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{b \int (1-c^2x^2)^3dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 210

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1-c^2x^2)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{b \int (-c^6x^6 + 3c^4x^4 - 3c^2x^2 + 1)dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{b \left(x - \frac{c^2x^3}{3} \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{7c^2} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{7}c^6x^7 + \frac{3c^4x^5}{5} - c^2x^3 + x \right)}{7c} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/7 + (2*b*c*d^3*((b*(x - c^2 \\ & *x^3 + (3*c^4*x^5)/5 - (c^6*x^7)/7))/(7*c) + ((-1 + c*x)^{(7/2)}*(1 + c*x)^{(\\ & 7/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/(7*c^2)))/7 + (6*d^3*((x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b \\ & *\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/5 - (2*b*c*(-1/5*(b*(x - (2*c^2*x^3)/3 + (c^4*x^5)/5))/c \\ & + ((-1 + c*x)^{(5/2)}*(1 + c*x)^{(5/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/(5*c^2)))/5 + (\\ & 4*((x*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*b*c*((b*(x - (c^2*x^3)/ \\ & 3))/(3*c) + ((-1 + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(1 + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/(3*c^2 \\ &)))/3 + (2*(x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2 - 2*b*c*(-((b*x)/c) + (\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x] \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/c^2))/3)/5))/7 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

$$\text{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 39

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$$

rule 210

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6294

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \quad \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p
_))*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 +
e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2
*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^
p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n -
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && E
qQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
derivativedivides	$-d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 - \frac{3}{5} c^5 x^5 + c^3 x^3 - c x \right) - d^3 b^2 \left(-\frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 (c x - 1)^3 (c x + 1)^3 c x}{7} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2}{35} \right)$
default	$-d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 - \frac{3}{5} c^5 x^5 + c^3 x^3 - c x \right) - d^3 b^2 \left(-\frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 (c x - 1)^3 (c x + 1)^3 c x}{7} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2}{35} \right)$
parts	$-d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^6 x^7 - \frac{3}{5} c^4 x^5 + c^2 x^3 - x \right) - \frac{d^3 b^2 \left(-\frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 (c x - 1)^3 (c x + 1)^3 c x}{7} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2}{35} \right)}{1}$
orering	$\frac{x(47625c^8x^8 - 271212c^6x^6 + 741678c^4x^4 - 3539900c^2x^2 + 128625)(-c^2dx^2 + d)^3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{128625(cx - 1)^2(cx + 1)^2(c^2x^2 - 1)^2} - \frac{(20250c^8x^8 - \dots)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-d^3*a^2*(1/7*c^7*x^7-3/5*c^5*x^5+c^3*x^3-c*x)-d^3*b^2*(-16/35*arccos
h(c*x)^2*c*x+1/7*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^3*(c*x+1)^3*c*x-6/35*arccosh(c*x)^
2*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+8/35*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+32/35*ar
ccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-413312/385875*c*x-2/49*arccosh(c*x)
*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)+2/343*c*x*(c*x-1)^3*(c*x+1)^3-888/42875*c*x*(
c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+30256/385875*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+12/175*arccosh(c*x)*(c
*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)-16/105*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))
-2*d^3*a*b*(1/7*arccosh(c*x)*c^7*x^7-3/5*arccosh(c*x)*c^5*x^5+c^3*x^3*arcc
osh(c*x)-c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/3675*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(75*c^6*x^6-3
51*c^4*x^4+757*c^2*x^2-2161)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{1125 (49 a^2 + 2 b^2) c^7 d^3 x^7 - 189 (1225 a^2 + 78 b^2) c^5 d^3 x^5 + 35 (11025 a^2 + 1514 b^2) c^3 d^3 x^3 - 105 (3675 a^2 + 4322 b^2) c d^3 x + 11025 (5 b^2 c^7 d^3 x^7 - 21 b^2 c^5 d^3 x^5 + 35 b^2 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 35 b^2 c d^3 x) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^2 + 210 (525 a b c^7 d^3 x^7 - 2205 a b c^5 d^3 x^5 + 3675 a b c^3 d^3 x^3 - 3675 a b c d^3 x - (75 b^2 c^6 d^3 x^6 - 351 b^2 c^4 d^3 x^4 + 757 b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 2161 b^2 d^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - 210 (75 a b c^6 d^3 x^6 - 351 a b c^4 d^3 x^4 + 757 a b c^2 d^3 x^2 - 2161 a b d^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/385875*(1125*(49*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 189*(1225*a^2 + 78*b^2)*c^5
*d^3*x^5 + 35*(11025*a^2 + 1514*b^2)*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 105*(3675*a^2 + 4322*b^
2)*c*d^3*x + 11025*(5*b^2*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 21*b^2*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 35*b^2*c^3*d^
3*x^3 - 35*b^2*c*d^3*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 210*(525*a*b*c^7*
d^3*x^7 - 2205*a*b*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3675*a*b*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 3675*a*b*c*d^3*x -
(75*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 351*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 757*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2 - 2161*b^
2*d^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 210*(75*a*b*c^6*d
^3*x^6 - 351*a*b*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 757*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 - 2161*a*b*d^3)*sqrt(c^
2*x^2 - 1))/c
```

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\
&= -d^3 \left(\int (-a^2) dx + \int (-b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx + \int (-2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\
&\quad + \int 3a^2 c^2 x^2 dx + \int (-3a^2 c^4 x^4) dx + \int a^2 c^6 x^6 dx + \int 3b^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx \\
&\quad + \int (-3b^2 c^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx + \int b^2 c^6 x^6 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int 6abc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \\
&\quad \left. + \int (-6abc^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx + \int 2abc^6 x^6 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
-d**3*(Integral(-a**2, x) + Integral(-b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-2
*a*b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(3*a**2*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(-3*a**2*c**
4*x**4, x) + Integral(a**2*c**6*x**6, x) + Integral(3*b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh
(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-3*b**2*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(b**
2*c**6*x**6*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(6*a*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) +
Integral(-6*a*b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(2*a*b*c**6*x**6*acosh(
c*x), x))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 714 vs. $2(271) = 542$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 714, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/7*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^7*arccosh(c*x)^2 - 1/7*a^2*c^6*d^3*x^7 + 3/5*b^2*c^4*d^
3*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 3/5*a^2*c^4*d^3*x^5 - 2/245*(35*x^7*arccosh(c*x) -
(5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^
2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^8)*c)*a*b*c^6*d^3 + 2/25725*(105*(
5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2
- 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^8)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (75*c^6*x^7 + 1
26*c^4*x^5 + 280*c^2*x^3 + 1680*x)/c^6)*b^2*c^6*d^3 - b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3*arcc
osh(c*x)^2 + 2/25*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*
sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*a*b*c^4*d^3 - 2/37
5*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(
c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 + 120*x)/c^4)*b
^2*c^4*d^3 - a^2*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 2/3*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 -
1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 2/9*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x
^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/
c^2)*b^2*c^2*d^3 + b^2*d^3*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*b^2*d^3*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2
- 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^2*d^3*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)
)*a*b*d^3/c
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3(-1050 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^7 x^7 + 4410 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^5 x^5 - 7350 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^3 x^3 + 7350 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab cx + 150 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^6 x^6 - 702 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 x^4 + 1514 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^2 x^2 + 3028 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab - 7350 \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx - 1} ab + 3675 \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2, x) b^2 c - 3675 \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 x^6, x) b^2 c^7 + 11025 \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 x^4, x) b^2 c^5 - 11025 \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 x^2, x) b^2 c^3 - 525 a^2 c^7 x^7 + 2205 a^2 c^5 x^5 - 3675 a^2 c^3 x^3 + 3675 a^2 c x)}{(3675 c)}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `(d**3*(- 1050*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**7*x**7 + 4410*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**5*x**5 - 7350*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 7350*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c*x + 150*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**6*x**6 - 702*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*x**4 + 1514*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 3028*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b - 7350*sqrt(cx + 1)*sqrt(cx - 1)*a*b + 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c - 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**6,x)*b**2*c**7 + 11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*b**2*c**5 - 11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**3 - 525*a**2*c**7*x**7 + 2205*a**2*c**5*x**5 - 3675*a**2*c**3*x**3 + 3675*a**2*c*x))/(3675*c)`

3.8 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{298}{225} b^2 d^2 x - \frac{76}{675} b^2 c^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{2}{125} b^2 c^4 d^2 x^5 - \frac{16bd^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15c}$$

$$+ \frac{8bd^2 (-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{45c}$$

$$- \frac{2bd^2 (-1 + cx)^{5/2} (1 + cx)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c}$$

$$+ \frac{8}{15} d^2 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{4}{15} d^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{5} d^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

output

```
298/225*b^2*d^2*x-76/675*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^3+2/125*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^5-16/15*b*d^2
*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+8/45*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)
*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-2/25*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)
*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+8/15*d^2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+4/15*d^2*x*(-c^2*x^2
+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/5*d^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2(225a^2cx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) - 30ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(149 - 38c^2x^2 + 9c^4x^4) + 2b^2cx(2235 - 190c^2x^2 + 27c^4x^4) - 30b^2(-15acx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(149 - 38c^2x^2 + 9c^4x^4))\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] + 225b^2cx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4)\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2)}{(3375c)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d^2*(225*a^2*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) - 30*a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) + 2*b^2*c*x*(2235 - 190*c^2*x^2 + 27*c^4*x^4) - 30*b^2*(-15*a*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4))*ArcCosh[c*x] + 225*b^2*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)/(3375*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {6312, 27, 6312, 6294, 6330, 24, 25, 39, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}d \int d(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx - \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \int (1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx - \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{2}{3} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 6294

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{3}bc \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \int (1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2 dx}{5c} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int -((1-cx)(cx+1))dx}{3c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \int (1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2 dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \int (1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2 dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 39

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2 x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \int (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 210

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{b \int (1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2 x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \int (c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1) dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{5}d^2 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\ \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{b \left(x - \frac{c^2 x^3}{3} \right)}{3c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2 x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{2}{3} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5c^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{c^4 x^5}{5} - \frac{2c^2 x^3}{3} + x \right)}{5c} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/5 - (2*b*c*d^2*(-1/5*(b*(x - (2*c^2*x^3)/3 + (c^4*x^5)/5))/c + ((-1 + c*x)^(5/2)*(1 + c*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(5*c^2))/5 + (4*d^2*((x*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*b*c*((b*(x - (c^2*x^3)/3))/(3*c) + ((-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*c^2))/3 + (2*(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 - 2*b*c*(-((b*x)/c) + (Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/c^2))/3))/5`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 39 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`
- rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 6294 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1))/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 6312 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_)
*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 +
e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2
*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^
p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n -
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && E
qQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
derivativedivides	$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + c x \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2 (c x + 1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{15} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} \right)$
default	$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + c x \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2 (c x + 1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{15} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} \right)$
parts	$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^4 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^2 x^3 + x \right) + \frac{d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)^2 (c x + 1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{15} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 c x}{15} \right)}{c^2 x^2 + d^2}$
orering	$\frac{x(1647c^6x^6 - 8677c^4x^4 + 51845c^2x^2 - 3375)(-c^2dx^2 + d)^2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3375(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2x^2 - 1)^2} - \frac{(324c^6x^6 - 2035c^4x^4 + 18450c^2x^2 - 3375)(-c^2dx^2 + d)^2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3375(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2x^2 - 1)^2}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(d^2*a^2*(1/5*c^5*x^5-2/3*c^3*x^3+c*x)+d^2*b^2*(8/15*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x
+1/5*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-4/15*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-
1)*(c*x+1)-16/15*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4144/3375*c*x-2/
25*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)+2/125*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-
272/3375*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+8/45*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)
)+2*d^2*a*b*(1/5*arccosh(c*x)*c^5*x^5-2/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)+c*x*arccosh
(c*x)-1/225*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(9*c^4*x^4-38*c^2*x^2+149)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{27(25a^2 + 2b^2)c^5 d^2 x^5 - 10(225a^2 + 38b^2)c^3 d^2 x^3 + 15(225a^2 + 298b^2)cd^2 x + 225(3b^2 c^5 d^2 x^5 - 10b^2 c^3 d^2 x^3 + 15b^2 c d^2 x) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^2 + 30(45ab^2 c^5 d^2 x^5 - 150ab^2 c^3 d^2 x^3 + 225ab^2 c d^2 x - (9b^2 c^4 d^2 x^4 - 38b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 149b^2 d^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - 30(9a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 x^4 - 38a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 149a^2 b^2 d^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3375*(27*(25*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 10*(225*a^2 + 38*b^2)*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 15*(225*a^2 + 298*b^2)*c*d^2*x + 225*(3*b^2*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 10*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 15*b^2*c*d^2*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 30*(45*a*b*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 150*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 225*a*b*c*d^2*x - (9*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 38*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 149*b^2*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 30*(9*a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 38*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 149*a*b*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = d^2 \left(\int a^2 dx + \int b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx + \int (-2a^2 c^2 x^2) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int a^2 c^4 x^4 dx + \int (-2b^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int b^2 c^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-4abc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 2abc^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output

```
d**2*(Integral(a**2, x) + Integral(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b
*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(-2*a**2*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(a**2*c**4*x**4
, x) + Integral(-2*b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(b**2*c**4*x
**4*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-4*a*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) + Integra
l(2*a*b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x), x))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 457 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{5} b^2 c^4 d^2 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{5} a^2 c^4 d^2 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} b^2 c^2 d^2 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \\
&+ \frac{2}{75} \left(15 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) abc^4 d^2 \\
&- \frac{2}{1125} \left(15 \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{9 c^4 x^5 + 20 c^2 x^3 + 120 x}{c^4} \right) \\
&- \frac{2}{3} a^2 c^2 d^2 x^3 - \frac{4}{9} \left(3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) abc^2 d^2 \\
&+ \frac{4}{27} \left(3 c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6 x}{c^2} \right) b^2 c^2 d^2 \\
&+ b^2 d^2 x \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + 2 b^2 d^2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c} \right) \\
&+ a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2 (cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) abd^2}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 1/5*a^2*c^4*d^2*x^5 - 2/3*b^2*c^2*d^2
*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2/75*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4
/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*a*b*c^4*d
^2 - 2/1125*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4
+ 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 + 120
*x)/c^4)*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 2/3*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^3 - 4/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(
sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 4/27*(
3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (
c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*b^2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*d^2*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*b^2*d^2*(x
- sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^2*d^2*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sq
rt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b*d^2/c
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 (90 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^5 x^5 - 300 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^3 x^3 + 450 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab cx - 18 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 x^4 + 76 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^2 x^2 - 152 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab - 450 \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx - 1} ab + 225 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx) b^2 c + 225 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 x^4 dx) b^2 c^5 - 450 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 x^2 dx) b^2 c^3 + 45 a^2 c^5 x^5 - 150 a^2 c^3 x^3 + 225 a^2 c x)}{(225 c)}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output

```
(d**2*(90*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**5*x**5 - 300*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 450*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c*x - 18*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*x**4 + 76*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 152*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b - 450*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*b**2*c**5 - 450*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**3 + 45*a**2*c**5*x**5 - 150*a**2*c**3*x**3 + 225*a**2*c*x))/(225*c)
```

3.9 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{14}{9}b^2 dx - \frac{2}{27}b^2 c^2 dx^3 - \frac{4bd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c} + \frac{2bd(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c} + \frac{2}{3}dx(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

output

```
14/9*b^2*d*x-2/27*b^2*c^2*d*x^3-4/3*b*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+2/9*b*d*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+2/3*d*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/3*d*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-2b^2 cx(-21 + c^2 x^2) + 6ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-7 + c^2 x^2) - 9a^2 cx(-3 + c^2 x^2) + 6b(b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} + 27c))}{27c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d*(-2*b^2*c*x*(-21 + c^2*x^2) + 6*a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) - 9*a^2*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2) + 6*b*(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) + a*(9*c*x - 3*c^3*x^3))*ArcCosh[c*x] - 9*b^2*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x]^2))/(27*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {6312, 6294, 6330, 24, 25, 39, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6312$$

$$\frac{2}{3}bcd \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{2}{3}d \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

$$\downarrow 6294$$

$$\frac{2}{3}d \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{3}bcd \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 6330 \\ & \frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{b \int 1dx}{c}\right)\right) + \\ & \frac{2}{3}bcd\left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int -((1-cx)(cx+1))dx}{3c}\right) + \\ & \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{2}{3}bcd\left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int -((1-cx)(cx+1))dx}{3c}\right) + \\ & \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\ & \frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{2}{3}bcd\left(\frac{b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2}\right) + \\ & \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\ & \frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 39 \\ & \frac{2}{3}bcd\left(\frac{b \int (1-c^2x^2)dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \\ & \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\ & \frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2}{3}bcd\left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{b\left(x - \frac{c^2x^3}{3}\right)}{3c}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \\ & \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\ & \frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{(d*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*b*c*d*((b*(x - (c^2*x^3)/3))/(3*c) + ((-1 + c*x)^{3/2}*(1 + c*x)^{3/2}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/(3*c^2)))/3 + (2*d*(x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2 - 2*b*c*(-((b*x)/c) + (\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/c^2)))/3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 $\text{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 39 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(m_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 6294 $\text{Int}[(a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \text{ Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6312 $\text{Int}[(a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_)^{(n_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(p-1)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{ Int}[x*(1 + c*x)^{(p-1/2)}*(-1 + c*x)^{(p-1/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_.))^(p
_)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 +
e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n/(2
*c*(p + 1))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^
p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n -
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && E
qQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$-da^2\left(\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3-cx\right)-db^2\left(-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx}{3}+\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx(cx-1)(cx+1)}{3}+4\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{3}-\frac{40cx}{27}-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{27}\right)$
default	$-da^2\left(\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3-cx\right)-db^2\left(-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx}{3}+\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx(cx-1)(cx+1)}{3}+4\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{3}-\frac{40cx}{27}-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{27}\right)$
parts	$-da^2\left(\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3-x\right)-\frac{db^2\left(-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx}{3}+\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2cx(cx-1)(cx+1)}{3}+4\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{3}-\frac{40cx}{27}-\frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{27}\right)}{c}$
orering	$\frac{x(19c^4x^4-166c^2x^2+27)(-c^2dx^2+d)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{27(c^2x^2-1)^2}-\frac{(2c^4x^4-29c^2x^2+7)\left(-2c^2dx(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2+\frac{2}{9}c^2x^2-7\right)}{9c^2(c^2x^2-1)}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-d*a^2*(1/3*c^3*x^3-c*x)-d*b^2*(-2/3*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x+1/3*arccosh(c
*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+4/3*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-40/
27*c*x-2/9*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+2/27*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+
1))-2*d*a*b*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)-c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/9*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-7)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{(9a^2 + 2b^2)c^3 dx^3 - 3(9a^2 + 14b^2)cdx + 9(b^2c^3 dx^3 - 3b^2cdx) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})^2 + 6(3abc^3 dx^3 - 27c^2 dx^2)}{27c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/27*((9*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*(9*a^2 + 14*b^2)*c*d*x + 9*(b^2*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*b^2*c*d*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 6*(3*a*b*c^3*d*x^3 - 9*a*b*c*d*x - (b^2*c^2*d*x^2 - 7*b^2*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 6*(a*b*c^2*d*x^2 - 7*a*b*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = -d \left(\int (-a^2) dx + \int (-b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx + \int (-2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx + \int a^2 c^2 x^2 dx + \int b^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int 2abc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `-d*(Integral(-a**2, x) + Integral(-b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-2*a*b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(a**2*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{3} b^2 c^2 dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{3} a^2 c^2 dx^3 \\
&\quad - \frac{2}{9} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) abc^2 d \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{27} \left(3c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6x}{c^2} \right) b^2 c^2 d \\
&\quad + b^2 dx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + 2b^2 d \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c} \right) \\
&\quad + a^2 dx + \frac{2(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})abd}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b^2*c^2*d*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 - 1/3*a^2*c^2*d*x^3 - 2/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*c^2*d + 2/27*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*b^2*c^2*d + b^2*d*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*b^2*d*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^2*d*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b*d/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-6 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) abcx + 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^2 x^2 + 4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab - 18\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx - 1})}{9c}$$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
(d*( - 6*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 18*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(c**2*x*
*2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b - 18*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(
c*x - 1)*a*b + 9*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c - 9*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)
*b**2*c**3 - 3*a**2*c**3*x**3 + 9*a**2*c*x))/(9*c)
```

3.10 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d-c^2dx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2dx^2} dx = \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{2b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{2b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd}$$

output

```
2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+2*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-2*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-2*b^2*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+2*b^2*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) + (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) + 2b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((-(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/(c*d)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6318$$

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$= \frac{\int i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{i \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd} \\
& \downarrow 4670 \\
& \frac{i(2ib \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - 2ib \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx))}{cd} \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{i(-2ib(b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{cd} \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{cd} \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{i(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - 2ib(b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))))}{cd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x]`

output `((-I)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6318 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - \frac{b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - \frac{b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(cx+1)}{2dc} - \frac{a^2 \ln(cx-1)}{2dc} - \frac{b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2dc}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/c*(a^2/d*\operatorname{arctanh}(c*x)-b^2/d*(\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2*\ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))-2*\operatorname{poly} \\ & \log(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))- \operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2*\ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))-2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))) \\ & +2*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2}))-2*a*b/d*(-\operatorname{arctanh}(c*x)*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)-2*I*(\operatorname{arctanh}(c*x)*\ln(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2}))- \operatorname{arctanh}(c*x)*\ln(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2}))+\operatorname{dilog}(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2}))- \operatorname{dilog}(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2}))) \\ & *(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*c*x+1/2)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*c*x-1/2)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*x^2-1))) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = -\int \frac{a^2}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{2ab \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d), x)`

output `-(Integral(a**2/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(2*a*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x))/d`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^2*(log(c*x + 1)/(c*d) - log(c*x - 1)/(c*d)) + 1/2*(b^2*log(c*x + 1) - b^2*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/(c*d) - integrate((2*a*b*c*x + (b^2*c*x*log(c*x + 1) - b^2*c*x*log(c*x - 1) + 2*a*b)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x + 1) - (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(c^3*d*x^3 - c*d*x + (c^2*d*x^2 - d)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx \\ &= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) abc - 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) b^2 c - \log(c^2 x - c) a^2 + \log(c^2 x + c) a^2}{2cd} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x)`

output `(- 4*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a*b*c - 2*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b**2*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a**2 + log(c**2*x + c)*a**2)/(2*c*d)`

3.11 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^2} dx$

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Rubi [C] (verified)	175
Maple [A] (verified)	180
Fricas [F]	181
Sympy [F]	181
Maxima [F]	182
Giac [F]	182
Mupad [F(-1)]	183
Reduce [F]	183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{cd^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2} - \frac{b^2\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{cd^2} + \frac{b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2} - \frac{b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2} - \frac{b^2\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2} + \frac{b^2\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

output

```
-b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c/d^2/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(a+b*arccosh
(c*x))^2/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)+(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-b^2*arctanh(c*x)/c/d^2+b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,
-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,c*x
+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-b^2*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+b^2*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{4a^2 x}{-1+c^2 x^2} - \frac{2a^2 \log(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{2a^2 \log(1+cx)}{c} + 4ab \left(-\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) (cx + (-1+c^2 x^2)) \log \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{1 + e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \right) + (1-c^2 x^2) \right)}{-1+c^2 x^2}}{c} \right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((-4*a^2*x)/(-1 + c^2*x^2) - (2*a^2*Log[1 - c*x])/c + (2*a^2*Log[1 + c*x])/c + (4*a*b*((-2*(Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x) + ArcCosh[c*x]*(c*x + (-1 + c^2*x^2)*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + (1 - c^2*x^2)*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + 2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/c + (b^2*(-4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Coth[ArcCosh[c*x]/2] - ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 4*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*Log[Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]] - 8*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 8*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*PolyLog[3, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Sech[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 + 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]))/c)/(8*d^2)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.542$, Rules used = {6316, 27, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 2720, 6330, 25, 39, 219, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 6316 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d(1-c^2x^2)} dx}{2d} + \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 6318 \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{i \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 4670 \\
& \frac{i(2ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1-e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - 2ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1+e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx))}{2cd^2} \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{i(-2ib(b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{2cd^2} \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2720
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{d^2} + \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{d^2} + \frac{bc \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(1-cx)(cx+1)} dx}{c} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{d^2} + \frac{bc \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(1-cx)(cx+1)} dx}{c} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 39

$$\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{d^2} + \frac{bc \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{c} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{d^2} + \frac{bc \left(-\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}(cx)}{c^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{bc\left(-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{c^2}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{i(2\operatorname{iarctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - 2ib(b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)))^2)}{2cd^2}}{\frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(2*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + (b*c*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(c^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x])) - (b*ArcTanh[c*x])/c^2))/d^2 - ((I/2)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(c*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 39 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6316 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

rule 6318 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{4c(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4c} - \frac{1}{4c(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4c} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(a^2/d^2*(-1/4/(c*x-1)-1/4*ln(c*x-1)-1/4/(c*x+1)+1/4*ln(c*x+1))+b^2/d^2*(-1/2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-1/2*arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-2*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))+2*a*b/d^2*(-1/2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-1/2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{2ab \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
(Integral(a**2/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(2*a*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/d**2
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^2*(2*x/(c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2) - log(c*x + 1)/(c*d^2) + log(c*x - 1)/(c*d^2)) - 1/4*(2*b^2*c*x - (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)^2/(c^3*d^2*x^2 - c*d^2) - integrate(-1/2*(2*b^2*c^3*x^3 + (2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 4*a*b - (b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*log(c*x - 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + 2*(2*a*b*c - b^2*c)*x - (b^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(c^5*d^2*x^5 - 2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + c*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right) ab c^3 x^2 - 8 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right) abc + 4 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right) b^2 c^3 x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right)}{4c d^2 (c^2 x^2 - d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x)`output `(8*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*c**3*x**2 - 8*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*c + 4*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 4*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a**2*c**2*x**2 + log(c**2*x - c)*a**2 + log(c**2*x + c)*a**2*c**2*x**2 - log(c**2*x + c)*a**2 - 2*a**2*c*x)/(4*c*d**2*(c**2*x**2 - 1))`

3.12 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2x}{12d^3(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{6cd^3(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{4cd^3\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{3x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{8d^3(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{3(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3} - \frac{5b^2\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{6cd^3} + \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3} - \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3} - \frac{3b^2\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3} + \frac{3b^2\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{4cd^3}$$

output

```
-1/12*b^2*x/d^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)+1/6*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c/d^3/(c*x-1)^(3/2)/
(c*x+1)^(3/2)-3/4*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c/d^3/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1
/4*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/d^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^2+3/8*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/d^
3/(-c^2*x^2+1)+3/4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2))/c/d^3-5/6*b^2*arctanh(c*x)/c/d^3+3/4*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2
,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^3-3/4*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(
2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^3-3/4*b^2*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^3+3/4*b^2*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2
))/c/d^3
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 660 vs. 2(302) = 604.

Time = 7.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*x)/(4*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2) - (3*a^2*x)/(8*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)) - (3*a^2*Log[1 - c*x])/(16*c*d^3) + (3*a^2*Log[1 + c*x])/(16*c*d^3) - (2*a*b*((-2 + c*x)*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] - 3*ArcCosh[c*x])/(48*(-1 + c*x)^2) - (Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(2 + c*x) - 3*ArcCosh[c*x])/(48*(1 + c*x)^2) - (3*(-(Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[-1 + c*x]) - ArcCosh[c*x]/(-1 + c*x)))/16 - (3*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x] - ArcCosh[c*x]/(1 + c*x)))/16 - (3*(-1/2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/16 + (3*(-1/2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/16)/(c*d^3) - (b^2*(80*ArcCosh[c*x]*Coth[ArcCosh[c*x]/2] + 2*(-2 + 9*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 - 2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcCosh[c*x]*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^4 - 3*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^4 - 160*Log[Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]] + 72*(ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 2*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 2*PolyLog[3, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 2*(-2 + 9*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sech[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 + 3*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Sech[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^4 - (32*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^4)/(((1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x))^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^3) - 80*ArcCosh[c*x]*Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]))/(192*c*d^3)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {6316, 27, 6316, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 2720, 6330, 25, 39, 215, 219, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6316}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} dx}{4d} - \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx - bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{4d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx + bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{4d^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6318} \\
& \frac{3 \left(bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{4d^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3 \left(bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{4d^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{3 \left(bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{4d^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4670} \\
& \frac{3 \left(-\frac{i(2ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1-e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - 2ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \log(1+e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) + 2i\operatorname{arctan}(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2})}{2c}}{4d^3} \right)}{4d^3} \\
& \quad \frac{bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3011

$$3 \left(-\frac{i(-2ib(b \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) d\text{arccosh}(cx) - \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) dx)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \int \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 2720

$$3 \left(-\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\text{arccosh}(cx)} - \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} dx)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \int \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 6330

$$3 \left(-\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\text{arccosh}(cx)} - \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} dx)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3c} - \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$3 \left(-\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\text{arccosh}(cx)} - \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} dx)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3c} - \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1 - c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 39

$$3 \left(\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) dx e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx))}{2d^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 215

$$3 \left(\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) dx e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx))}{2d^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{x}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$3 \left(\frac{i(-2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) dx e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))) + 2ib(b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx))}{2d^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}$$

↓ 7143

$$3 \left(bc \left(-\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{i(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - 2ib(b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))))}{2d^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{2c} + \frac{x}{2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{3c^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{4d^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(4*d^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2) - (b*c*(-1/3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(c^2*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2)) + (b*(x/(2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + ArcTanh[c*x]/(2*c)))/(3*c)))/(2*d^3) + (3*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + b*c*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(c^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])) - (b*ArcTanh[c*x])/c^2) - ((I/2)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))/c))/(4*d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 39 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6316 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

rule 6318 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_.)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}/((d_.) + (e_.)(x_.)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c*d)^{-1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csch}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6330 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_.)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}*(x_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^{(p + 1)}*(d2 + e2*x)^{(p + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \text{Int}[(1 + c*x)^{(p + 1/2)}*(-1 + c*x)^{(p + 1/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}]/((d_.) + (e_.)(x_.)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 558, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{16(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16} + \frac{1}{16(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx} \right)}{d^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{16(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16} + \frac{1}{16(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx} \right)}{d^3}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{1}{16c(cx+1)^2} + \frac{3}{16c(cx+1)} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+1)}{16c} - \frac{1}{16c(cx-1)^2} + \frac{3}{16c(cx-1)} + \frac{3 \ln(cx-1)}{16c} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx} \right)}{d^3}$

input $\text{int}((a+b*\text{arccosh}(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```

1/c*(-a^2/d^3*(-1/16/(c*x-1)^2+3/16/(c*x-1)+3/16*ln(c*x-1)+1/16/(c*x+1)^2+
3/16/(c*x+1)-3/16*ln(c*x+1))-b^2/d^3*(1/24*(9*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^3*x^3+18*ar
ccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-15*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x-22*ar
ccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c^3*x^3+2*c*x)/(c^4*x^4-2*c^2*x^2
+1)+5/3*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/8*arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1-c
*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/4*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/
2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/4*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/8*arcco
sh(c*x)^2*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/4*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2
,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/4*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1
)^(1/2)))-2*a*b/d^3*(1/24*(9*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)+9*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2)*c^2*x^2-15*c*x*arccosh(c*x)-11*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(c^4*x^4
-2*c^2*x^2+1)+3/8*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/8*p
olylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/8*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1
)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/8*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3
*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\int \frac{a^2}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx}{d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
-(Integral(a**2/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral
(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Inte
gral(2*a*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1), x))/d**
3
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*a^2*(2*(3*c^2*x^3 - 5*x)/(c^4*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*x^2 + d^3) - 3*log
(c*x + 1)/(c*d^3) + 3*log(c*x - 1)/(c*d^3)) - 1/16*(6*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 10*b^2
*c*x - 3*(b^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(c*x + 1) + 3*(b^2*c^4*x^4
- 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1
))^2/(c^5*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^3*d^3*x^2 + c*d^3) - integrate(-1/8*(6*b^2*c^5*x^5
- 16*b^2*c^3*x^3 + (6*b^2*c^4*x^4 - 10*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 16*a*b - 3*(b^2*c^5*x
^5 - 2*b^2*c^3*x^3 + b^2*c*x)*log(c*x + 1) + 3*(b^2*c^5*x^5 - 2*b^2*c^3*x
^3 + b^2*c*x)*log(c*x - 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 2*(8*a*b*c - 5*b
^2*c)*x - 3*(b^2*c^6*x^6 - 3*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x +
1) + 3*(b^2*c^6*x^6 - 3*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(c*x - 1))*l
og(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(c^7*d^3*x^7 - 3*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3*c^3
*d^3*x^3 - c*d^3*x + (c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3)*s
qrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-32 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) ab c^5 x^4 + 64 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) ab c^3 x^2 - 32 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^6 x^6 - 3c^4 x^4 + 3c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right)}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(- 32*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a*b*c**5*x**4 + 64*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a*b*c**3*x**2 - 32*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a*b*c - 16*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b**2*c**5*x**4 + 32*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 16*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**6*x**6 - 3*c**4*x**4 + 3*c**2*x**2 - 1),x)*b**2*c - 3*log(c**2*x - c)*a**2*c**4*x**4 + 6*log(c**2*x - c)*a**2*c**2*x**2 - 3*log(c**2*x - c)*a**2 + 3*log(c**2*x + c)*a**2*c**4*x**4 - 6*log(c**2*x + c)*a**2*c**2*x**2 + 3*log(c**2*x + c)*a**2 - 6*a**2*c**3*x**3 + 10*a**2*c*x)/(16*c*d**3*(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1))`

3.13 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 510

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{1259536b^3 d^3 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}}{385875c} + \frac{16}{315} b^3 c d^3 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}$$

$$+ \frac{1184b^3 d^3 (-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2}}{42875c} - \frac{2664b^3 d^3 (-1 + cx)^{5/2} (1 + cx)^{5/2}}{214375c}$$

$$+ \frac{6b^3 d^3 (-1 + cx)^{7/2} (1 + cx)^{7/2}}{2401c} + \frac{4322b^2 d^3 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1225}$$

$$- \frac{1514b^2 c^2 d^3 x^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3675} + \frac{702b^2 c^4 d^3 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{6125}$$

$$- \frac{6}{343} b^2 c^6 d^3 x^7 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{48bd^3 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{35c} + \frac{8bd^3 (-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2}}{35c}$$

output

```
-1259536/385875*b^3*d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c+16/315*b^3*c*d^3*x^2
*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1184/42875*b^3*d^3*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2
)/c-2664/214375*b^3*d^3*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/c+6/2401*b^3*d^3*(c*x-
1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)/c+4322/1225*b^2*d^3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1514/3675*
b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+702/6125*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c
*x))-6/343*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-48/35*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c+8/35*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*
(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c-18/175*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcco
sh(c*x))^2/c+3/49*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c
+16/35*d^3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3+8/35*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x
))^3+6/35*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3+1/7*d^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 (-385875 a^3 cx (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6) + 11025 a^2 b \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (-2161 + 757 c^2 x^2 - 351 c^4 x^4 + 75 c^6 x^6) - 210 a b^2 c x (-226905 + 26495 c^2 x^2 - 7371 c^4 x^4 + 1125 c^6 x^6) + 2 b^3 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (-22329151 + 747937 c^2 x^2 - 134541 c^4 x^4 + 16875 c^6 x^6) + 105 b (2 b^2 c x (226905 - 26495 c^2 x^2 + 7371 c^4 x^4 - 1125 c^6 x^6) - 11025 a^2 c x (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6) + 210 a b \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (-2161 + 757 c^2 x^2 - 351 c^4 x^4 + 75 c^6 x^6)) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] + 11025 b^2 (-105 a c x (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6) + b \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (-2161 + 757 c^2 x^2 - 351 c^4 x^4 + 75 c^6 x^6)) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2 - 385875 b^3 c x (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^3)}{(13505625 c)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(d^3*(-385875*a^3*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + 11025*
a^2*b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-2161 + 757*c^2*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75
*c^6*x^6) - 210*a*b^2*c*x*(-226905 + 26495*c^2*x^2 - 7371*c^4*x^4 + 1125*c
^6*x^6) + 2*b^3*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-22329151 + 747937*c^2*x^2 -
134541*c^4*x^4 + 16875*c^6*x^6) + 105*b*(2*b^2*c*x*(226905 - 26495*c^2*x^
2 + 7371*c^4*x^4 - 1125*c^6*x^6) - 11025*a^2*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^
4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + 210*a*b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-2161 + 757*c^2
*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75*c^6*x^6))*ArcCosh[c*x] + 11025*b^2*(-105*a*c*x*(-3
5 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*
(-2161 + 757*c^2*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75*c^6*x^6))*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 - 385875*
b^3*c*x*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6)*ArcCosh[c*x]^3))/(1350
5625*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 749, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {6312, 27, 6312, 6312, 6294, 6330, 25, 2009, 6304, 6309, 27, 960, 83, 1905, 1576, 1140, 2009, 2113, 2331, 2389, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d \int d^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \int (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \int (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx - \frac{3}{5}bc \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{5}x(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{2}{3} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{6294}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right) + bc \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \int x(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c} \right) \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{7c^2} - \frac{2b \int -(1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{7c} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c} \right) \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{7c^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{7c^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 6304

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \int (1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \int (1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{7c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{7/2}(cx+1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{7c^2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 6309

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right) + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{35\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right) + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right)$$

↓ 960

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{4}{5} \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right) + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right)$$

↓ 83

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(-\frac{3}{5}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{15}bc \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right)$$

↓ 1905

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(-\frac{3}{5}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3 \right)}{7c} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 1576

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(-\frac{3}{5}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3 \right)}{7c} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 1140

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(-\frac{3}{5}bc \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \left(3(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2} - 4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + \frac{8}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{7c} \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3 \right)}{7c} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{35}bc \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \right. \\ \left. \frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right) \right) \right.$$

↓ 2113

$$\frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \\ \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1-c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \\ \frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2331

$$\frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{-5c^6x^6+21c^4x^4-35c^2x^2+35}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{70\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3 \right)}{7c} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right) \right) \right.$$

↓ 2389

$$\frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \left(-5(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2} + 6(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2} - 8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + \frac{16}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{70\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - c^2x^3 \right)}{7c} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{7c} \right) \right) \right) \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{7}d^3x(1 - c^2x^2)^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 +$$

$$\frac{6}{7}d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{4}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{3}{7}bcd^3 \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{7/2}(cx + 1)^{7/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{7c^2} + \frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{7}c^6x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^3) / 7 + (3 b c d^3 (((-1 + c x)^{7/2} (1 + c x)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^2) / (7 c^2) + (2 b (-1/70 (b c \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2 x^2] * ((32 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2 x^2]) / c^2 - (16 (-1 + c^2 x^2)^{3/2})) / (3 c^2) + (12 (-1 + c^2 x^2)^{5/2})) / (5 c^2) - (10 (-1 + c^2 x^2)^{7/2})) / (7 c^2))) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x]) + x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x]) - c^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x]) + (3 c^4 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / 5 - (c^6 x^7 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / 7) / (7 c)) / 7 + (6 d^3 ((x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^3) / 5 - (3 b c (((-1 + c x)^{5/2} (1 + c x)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^2) / (5 c^2) - (2 b (-1/30 (b c \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2 x^2] * ((16 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2 x^2]) / c^2 - (8 (-1 + c^2 x^2)^{3/2})) / (3 c^2) + (6 (-1 + c^2 x^2)^{5/2})) / (5 c^2))) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x]) + x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x]) - (2 c^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / 3 + (c^4 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / 5) / (5 c)) / 5 + (4 ((x (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^3) / 3 + b c (((-1 + c x)^{3/2} (1 + c x)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^2) / (3 c^2) + (2 b (-1/3 (b c ((7 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x]) / (3 c^2) - (x^2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x]) / 3)) + x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x]) - (c^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / 3) / (3 c)) + (2 (x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^3 - 3 b c ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x] (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])^2) / c^2 - (2 b (a x - (b \operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c x])) / c + b x \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c x])) / c)) / 3) / 5) / 7 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_)(G x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 83

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x)) * ((c_ + (d_)(x))^{(n_)} * ((e_ + (f_)(x))^{(p_)}), x] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b * (c + d x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f x)^{(p + 1)} / (d f * (n + p + 2))), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[a * d * f * (n + p + 2) - b * (d * e * (n + 1) + c * f * (p + 1)), 0]$$

rule 960

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p._)*((a2_) + (b2_)*
*(x_)^(non2_))^(p._)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*e*(m + n
*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a1*a2*d*(m + 1) - b1*b2*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/
(b1*b2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^p*(a2 + b2*x^(n
/2))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[non2,
n/2] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 1140

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1576

```
Int[(x_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4)^(
p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]
, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

rule 1905

```
Int[((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*((d1_) + (e1_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(q._)*((d2_) + (e2_)*
*(x_)^(non2_))^(q._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p._), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x^(n/2))^FracPart[q]*((d2 + e2*x^(n/2))^FracPart[
q]/(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^q*(a
+ b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, n, p,
q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[non2, n/2] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2113

```
Int[(Px_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_))^(n_)*((e._) + (f_
)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[
m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[Px*(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && EqQ[b*c + a
*d, 0] && EqQ[m, n] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2331

```
Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 S
ubst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*SubstFor[x^2, Pq, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2389 $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[Pq*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 1])$

rule 6294 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \ \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^(n - 1))/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6304 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d1_) + (e1_)*(x_)^(p_))*((d2_) + (e2_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 6309 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6312 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1), x] + (\text{Simp}[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \ \text{Int}[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6330 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_)*(x_)^(p_))*((d2_) + (e2_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \ \text{Int}[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$-d^3 a^3 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 - \frac{3}{5} c^5 x^5 + c^3 x^3 - cx \right) - d^3 b^3 \left(-\frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 (cx-1)^3 (cx+1)^3 cx}{7} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)^2}{35} \right)$
default	$-d^3 a^3 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 - \frac{3}{5} c^5 x^5 + c^3 x^3 - cx \right) - d^3 b^3 \left(-\frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 (cx-1)^3 (cx+1)^3 cx}{7} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)^2}{35} \right)$
parts	Expression too large to display
oring	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-d^3*a^3*(1/7*c^7*x^7-3/5*c^5*x^5+c^3*x^3-c*x)-d^3*b^3*(-16/35*arccos
h(c*x)^3*c*x+1/7*arccosh(c*x)^3*(c*x-1)^3*(c*x+1)^3*c*x-6/35*arccosh(c*x)^
3*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+8/35*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+48/35*ar
ccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-413312/128625*c*x*arccosh(c*x)+41
3312/128625*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/49*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*
(c*x+1)^(7/2)+6/343*arccosh(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)^3*(c*x+1)^3-2664/42875*arccos
h(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+30256/128625*arccosh(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+
1)-6/2401*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)+2664/214375*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5
/2)-30256/385875*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+18/175*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)
^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)-8/35*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))-3*d^
3*a*b^2*(-16/35*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x+1/7*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^3*(c*x+1)^3*
c*x-6/35*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+8/35*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c
*x-1)*(c*x+1)+32/35*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-413312/385875
*c*x-2/49*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)+2/343*c*x*(c*x-1)^3*(c*
x+1)^3-888/42875*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2+30256/385875*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+
12/175*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)-16/105*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)
^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))-3*d^3*a^2*b*(1/7*arccosh(c*x)*c^7*x^7-3/5*arccosh(c
*x)*c^5*x^5+c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)-c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/3675*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*
x+1)^(1/2)*(75*c^6*x^6-351*c^4*x^4+757*c^2*x^2-2161)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{39375 (49 a^3 + 6 ab^2) c^7 d^3 x^7 - 6615 (1225 a^3 + 234 ab^2) c^5 d^3 x^5 + 3675 (3675 a^3 + 1514 ab^2) c^3 d^3 x^3 - 11025 (1225 a^3 + 4322 ab^2) c d^3 x + 385875 (5 b^3 c^7 d^3 x^7 - 21 b^3 c^5 d^3 x^5 + 35 b^3 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 35 b^3 c d^3 x) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^3 + 11025 (525 a b^2 c^7 d^3 x^7 - 2205 a b^2 c^5 d^3 x^5 + 3675 a b^2 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 3675 a b^2 c d^3 x - (75 b^3 c^6 d^3 x^6 - 351 b^3 c^4 d^3 x^4 + 757 b^3 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 2161 b^3 d^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^2 + 105 (1125 (49 a^2 b + 2 b^3) c^7 d^3 x^7 - 189 (1225 a^2 b + 78 b^3) c^5 d^3 x^5 + 35 (11025 a^2 b + 1514 b^3) c^3 d^3 x^3 - 105 (3675 a^2 b + 4322 b^3) c d^3 x - 210 (75 a b^2 c^6 d^3 x^6 - 351 a b^2 c^4 d^3 x^4 + 757 a b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 2161 a b^2 d^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - (16875 (49 a^2 b + 2 b^3) c^6 d^3 x^6 - 81 (47775 a^2 b + 3322 b^3) c^4 d^3 x^4 + (8345925 a^2 b + 1495874 b^3) c^2 d^3 x^2 - (23825025 a^2 b + 44658302 b^3) d^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/13505625*(39375*(49*a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 6615*(1225*a^3 + 234*a*b^2)*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3675*(3675*a^3 + 1514*a*b^2)*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 11025*(1225*a^3 + 4322*a*b^2)*c*d^3*x + 385875*(5*b^3*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 21*b^3*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 35*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 35*b^3*c*d^3*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^3 + 11025*(525*a*b^2*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 2205*a*b^2*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3675*a*b^2*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 3675*a*b^2*c*d^3*x - (75*b^3*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 351*b^3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 757*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - 2161*b^3*d^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 105*(1125*(49*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 189*(1225*a^2*b + 78*b^3)*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 35*(11025*a^2*b + 1514*b^3)*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 105*(3675*a^2*b + 4322*b^3)*c*d^3*x - 210*(75*a*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 351*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 757*a*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2 - 2161*a*b^2*d^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (16875*(49*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 81*(47775*a^2*b + 3322*b^3)*c^4*d^3*x^4 + (8345925*a^2*b + 1495874*b^3)*c^2*d^3*x^2 - (23825025*a^2*b + 44658302*b^3)*d^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c`

SymPy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx \\
&= -d^3 \left(\int (-a^3) dx + \int (-b^3 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx)) dx + \int (-3ab^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx \right. \\
&\quad + \int (-3a^2b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx + \int 3a^3c^2x^2 dx + \int (-3a^3c^4x^4) dx + \int a^3c^6x^6 dx \\
&\quad + \int 3b^3c^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx) dx + \int (-3b^3c^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx)) dx + \int b^3c^6x^6 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx) dx \\
&\quad + \int 9ab^2c^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int (-9ab^2c^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx \\
&\quad + \int 3ab^2c^6x^6 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int 9a^2bc^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \\
&\quad \left. + \int (-9a^2bc^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx + \int 3a^2bc^6x^6 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**3,x)
```

output

```
-d**3*(Integral(-a**3, x) + Integral(-b**3*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(-3
*a*b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-3*a**2*b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(3
*a**3*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(-3*a**3*c**4*x**4, x) + Integral(a**3*c**6*
x**6, x) + Integral(3*b**3*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(-3*b**3*
c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(b**3*c**6*x**6*acosh(c*x)**3, x) +
Integral(9*a*b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-9*a*b**2*c**4*x*
*4*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*c**6*x**6*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Int
egral(9*a**2*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(-9*a**2*b*c**4*x**4*aco
sh(c*x), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*c**6*x**6*acosh(c*x), x))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1353 vs. $2(437) = 874$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1353, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/7*b^3*c^6*d^3*x^7*arccosh(c*x)^3 - 3/7*a*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^7*arccosh(c*x)^2
- 1/7*a^3*c^6*d^3*x^7 + 3/5*b^3*c^4*d^3*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^3 + 9/5*a*b^2*c^
4*d^3*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 3/5*a^3*c^4*d^3*x^5 - b^3*c^2*d^3*x^3*arccosh(c
*x)^3 - 3/245*(35*x^7*arccosh(c*x) - (5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt
(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)
/c^8)*c)*a^2*b*c^6*d^3 + 2/8575*(105*(5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt
(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)
/c^8)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (75*c^6*x^7 + 126*c^4*x^5 + 280*c^2*x^3 + 1680*x)/c
^6)*a*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 1/900375*(11025*(5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(
c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/
c^8)*c*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*c*((1125*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*c^4*x^6 + 3996*sqrt(c
^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*x^4 + 15128*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2 + 206656*sqrt(c^2*x^2 -
1)/c^2)/c^6 - 105*(75*c^6*x^7 + 126*c^4*x^5 + 280*c^2*x^3 + 1680*x)*arccos
h(c*x)/c^7))*b^3*c^6*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 3/25*(15*x
^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c
^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*a^2*b*c^4*d^3 - 2/125*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2
- 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*a
rccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 + 120*x)/c^4)*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 1/1875
*(225*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(
c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*c*((27*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*x^4...
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3(-525 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^7 x^7 + 2205 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^5 x^5 - 3675 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^3 x^3 + 3675 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c x + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^3,x)`

output

```
(d**3*( - 525*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**7*x**7 + 2205*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**5*x*
*5 - 3675*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**3*x**3 + 3675*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c*x + 75*sq
rt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**6*x**6 - 351*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**4*x
**4 + 757*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**2*x**2 + 1514*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*
a**2*b - 3675*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a**2*b + 1225*int(acosh(c*x)**3,
x)*b**3*c + 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2*c - 1225*int(acosh(c*x)**3*x*
*6,x)*b**3*c**7 + 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**3*x**4,x)*b**3*c**5 - 3675*int(acos
h(c*x)**3*x**2,x)*b**3*c**3 - 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**6,x)*a*b**2*c**7 +
11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*a*b**2*c**5 - 11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**
2,x)*a*b**2*c**3 - 175*a**3*c**7*x**7 + 735*a**3*c**5*x**5 - 1225*a**3*c**
3*x**3 + 1225*a**3*c*x))/(1225*c)
```

3.14 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 386

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{12632b^3d^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{3375c} + \frac{8}{135}b^3cd^2x^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}$$

$$+ \frac{8b^3d^2(-1+cx)^{3/2}(1+cx)^{3/2}}{375c} - \frac{6b^3d^2(-1+cx)^{5/2}(1+cx)^{5/2}}{625c}$$

$$+ \frac{298}{75}b^2d^2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{76}{225}b^2c^2d^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{125}b^2c^4d^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{8bd^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{125}$$

output

```
-12632/3375*b^3*d^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c+8/135*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8/375*b^3*d^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)/c-6/625*b^3*d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/c+298/75*b^2*d^2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-76/225*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+6/125*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-8/5*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c+4/15*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c-3/25*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c+8/15*d^2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3+4/15*d^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3+1/5*d^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2(1125a^3cx(15 - 10c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) - 225a^2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(149 - 38c^2x^2 + 9c^4x^4) + 30ab^2cx(2235$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(d^2*(1125*a^3*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) - 225*a^2*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]
]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) + 30*a*b^2*c*x*(2235 - 190*
c^2*x^2 + 27*c^4*x^4) - 2*b^3*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(31841 - 842*c^
2*x^2 + 81*c^4*x^4) + 15*b*(225*a^2*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) - 30
*a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) + 2*b^2*c
*x*(2235 - 190*c^2*x^2 + 27*c^4*x^4))*ArcCosh[c*x] - 225*b^2*(-15*a*c*x*(1
5 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(149 - 38*c^2
*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4))*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 1125*b^3*c*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*
x^4)*ArcCosh[c*x]^3)/(16875*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {6312, 27, 6312, 6294, 6330, 25, 2009, 6304, 6309, 27, 960, 83, 1905, 1576, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}d \int d(1 - c^2x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx - \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \int (1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx - \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{2}{3} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx + \frac{1}{3}x(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6294

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx \right) + bc \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \int x(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c} \right) \right) + bc \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \int (1 - cx)^2(cx + 1)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{5c} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c} \right) \right) + bc \left(\frac{(cx - 1)^{5/2}(cx + 1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \int (1 - cx)^2(cx + 1)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{5c} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1 - c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \int (1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6304

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \int (1-c^2x^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \int (1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6309

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-bc \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{15\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}dx + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2) \right) + \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{15}bc \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}dx + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 960

$$\frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{15}bc \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5c} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \right) \right. \right.$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{15}bc \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5c} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \right.$$

↓ 1905

$$-\frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5c} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \right.$$

↓ 1576

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{3c^4x^4-10c^2x^2+15}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{5} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \\
 & \left. \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1140} \\
 & -\frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \left(3(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2} - 4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + \frac{8}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{30\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{5} \right)}{5} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \\
 & \left. \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d^2x(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \\
 & \frac{4}{5}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}x(1-c^2x^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + bc \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{3c} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{3}{5}bcd^2 \left(\frac{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{5c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{5}c^4x^5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2}{3}c^2x^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \right)}{5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^3)/5 - (3*b*c*d^2*(((-1 + c*x) \\ & ^{(5/2)}*(1 + c*x)^{(5/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/(5*c^2) - (2*b*(-1/30*(b*c* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((16*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (8*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}) \\ & /((3*c^2) + (6*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^{(5/2}))/((5*c^2))))/(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x \\ &]) + x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]) - (2*c^2*x^3*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/3 + (c^4*x^ \\ & 5*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/5))/5 + (4*d^2*((x*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Cosh}[c*x])^3)/3 + b*c*(((-1 + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(1 + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c \\ & *x])^2)/(3*c^2) + (2*b*(-1/3*(b*c*((7*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x])/((3*c^2) \\ &) - (x^2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x])/3)) + x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]) - (c^2 \\ & *x^3*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/3))/3)/3 + (2*(x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^3 - 3*b \\ & *c*((\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/c^2 - (2*b*(a*x \\ & - (b*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x])/c + b*x*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/c))/3))/5 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 83

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]$$

rule 960

$$\text{Int}[(e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_.)^{(non2_.))^{(p_.)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_.)^{(non2_.))^{(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a1 + b1*x^{(n/2)})^{(p + 1)}*((a2 + b2*x^{(n/2)})^{(p + 1)}/(b1*b2*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a1*a2*d*(m + 1) - b1*b2*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b1*b2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^{(n/2)})^p*(a2 + b2*x^{(n/2)})^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[non2, n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]$$

rule 1140 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 1576 $\text{Int}[(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x]$

rule 1905 $\text{Int}[(f_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)} + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}*((d2 + e2*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}/(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[q]}) \ \text{Int}[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^q*(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^p, x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[non2, n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$
 $\text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 6294 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \ \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6304 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 6309 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/(2*p + 1))), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p
_))*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 +
e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2
*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^
p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n -
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && E
qQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
derivativedivides	$d^2 a^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + cx \right) + d^2 b^3 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)^2 (cx+1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} \right)$
default	$d^2 a^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + cx \right) + d^2 b^3 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)^2 (cx+1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} \right)$
parts	$d^2 a^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^4 x^5 - \frac{2}{3} c^2 x^3 + x \right) + \frac{d^2 b^3}{15} \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)^2 (cx+1)^2}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 cx (cx-1)(cx+1)}{15} \right)$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/c*(d^2*a^3*(1/5*c^5*x^5-2/3*c^3*x^3+c*x)+d^2*b^3*(8/15*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x+1/5*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-4/15*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)-8/5*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4144/1125*c*x*arccosh(c*x)-4144/1125*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/25*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)+6/125*arccosh(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-272/1125*arccosh(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)-6/625*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)+272/3375*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+4/15*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))+3*d^2*a*b^2*(8/15*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x+1/5*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-4/15*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)-16/15*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4144/3375*c*x-2/25*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)+2/125*c*x*(c*x-1)^2*(c*x+1)^2-272/3375*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+8/45*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))+3*d^2*a^2*b*(1/5*arccosh(c*x)*c^5*x^5-2/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)+c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/225*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(9*c^4*x^4-38*c^2*x^2+149)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{135(25a^3 + 6ab^2)c^5d^2x^5 - 150(75a^3 + 38ab^2)c^3d^2x^3 + 225(75a^3 + 298ab^2)cd^2x + 1125(3b^3c^5d^2x^5 -$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/16875*(135*(25*a^3 + 6*a*b^2)*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 150*(75*a^3 + 38*a*b^2)*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 225*(75*a^3 + 298*a*b^2)*c*d^2*x + 1125*(3*b^3*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 10*b^3*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 15*b^3*c*d^2*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^3 + 225*(45*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 150*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 225*a*b^2*c*d^2*x - (9*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 38*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 149*b^3*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 15*(27*(25*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 10*(225*a^2*b + 38*b^3)*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 15*(225*a^2*b + 298*b^3)*c*d^2*x - 30*(9*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 38*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 149*a*b^2*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (81*(25*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*(4275*a^2*b + 842*b^3)*c^2*d^2*x^2 + (33525*a^2*b + 63682*b^3)*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c

```


Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx \\
&= d^2 \left(\int a^3 dx + \int b^3 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx) dx + \int 3ab^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int 3a^2b \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right. \\
&\quad + \int (-2a^3c^2x^2) dx + \int a^3c^4x^4 dx + \int (-2b^3c^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx)) dx \\
&\quad + \int b^3c^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx) dx + \int (-6ab^2c^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx \\
&\quad + \int 3ab^2c^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx + \int (-6a^2bc^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx \\
&\quad \left. + \int 3a^2bc^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**3,x)`

output `d**2*(Integral(a**3, x) + Integral(b**3*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(-2*a**3*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(a**3*c**4*x**4, x) + Integral(-2*b**3*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(b**3*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(-6*a*b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-6*a**2*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x), x))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 861 vs. $2(330) = 660$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/5*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^3 + 3/5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^2
+ 1/5*a^3*c^4*d^2*x^5 - 2/3*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^3 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*d
^2*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 1/25*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x
^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*a^2*b*c
^4*d^2 - 2/375*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/
c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 +
120*x)/c^4)*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 1/5625*(225*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*s
qrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*c
*((27*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*x^4 + 136*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2 + 2072*sqrt(c^
2*x^2 - 1)/c^2)/c^4 - 15*(9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 + 120*x)*arccosh(c*x)/c^5
))*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 2/3*a^3*c^2*d^2*x^3 + b^3*d^2*x*arccosh(c*x)^3 - 2/3*(3*x
^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))
*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 4/9*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)
/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2/27*(9*c*(sqrt(
c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*c*((sq
rt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2 + 20*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^2)/c^2 - 3*(c^2*x^3 + 6*x)*arc
cosh(c*x)/c^3))*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^2*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 - 3*(sqrt(c^2*x
^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)^2/c - 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c)*b^3
*d^2 + 6*a*b^2*d^2*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^3*d^2*x + 3*
(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a^2*b*d^2/c

```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2(45 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^5 x^5 - 150 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^3 x^3 + 225 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c x - 9\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b c^4 x^4 + 38\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b c^2 x^2 - 75 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^2 x^2 + 76 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b - 225 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b c^2 x^2 + 75 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a^2 b c^2 x^2 + 75 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 dx) b^3 c^5 - 150 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 dx) b^3 c^3 + 225 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 dx) b^3 c - 150 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 dx) b^3 c^3 + 225 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 dx) a^2 b^2 c^5 - 450 \int (\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx) a^2 b^2 c^3 + 15 a^3 c^5 x^5 - 50 a^3 c^3 x^3 + 75 a^3 c x)}{(75 c)}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^3,x)`

output `(d**2*(45*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**5*x**5 - 150*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**3*x**3 + 225*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 9*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**4*x**4 + 38*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**2*x**2 + 76*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b - 225*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a**2*b + 75*int(acosh(c*x)**3,x)*b**3*c + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2*c + 75*int(acosh(c*x)**3*x**4,x)*b**3*c**5 - 150*int(acosh(c*x)**3*x**2,x)*b**3*c**3 + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*a*b**2*c**5 - 450*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*a*b**2*c**3 + 15*a**3*c**5*x**5 - 50*a**3*c**3*x**3 + 75*a**3*c*x))/(75*c)`

3.15 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = -\frac{122b^3 d \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}}{27c} + \frac{2}{27} b^3 c dx^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} + \frac{14}{3} b^2 dx (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2}{9} b^2 c^2 dx^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{2bd \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c} + \frac{bd(-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c} + \frac{2}{3} dx (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{1}{3} dx (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

output

```
-122/27*b^3*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c+2/27*b^3*c*d*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+14/3*b^2*d*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-2/9*b^2*c^2*d*x^3*(a+b*arcc
osh(c*x))-2*b*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c+1/3*b*d
*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c+2/3*d*x*(a+b*arccosh(c
*x))^3+1/3*d*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d(2b^3\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-61 + c^2x^2) - 6ab^2cx(-21 + c^2x^2) + 9a^2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-7 + c^2x^2) - 9a^3cx^2(-3 + c^2x^2) + 3b^3(-2b^2cx^2(-21 + c^2x^2) + 6ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-7 + c^2x^2) - 9a^2cx^2(-3 + c^2x^2))\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] + 9b^2(b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-7 + c^2x^2) + a(9cx - 3c^3x^3))\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2 - 9b^3cx^2(-3 + c^2x^2)\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^3)}{(27c)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(d*(2*b^3*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-61 + c^2*x^2) - 6*a*b^2*c*x*(-21 + c^2*x^2) + 9*a^2*b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) - 9*a^3*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2) + 3*b^3*(-2*b^2*c*x*(-21 + c^2*x^2) + 6*a*b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) - 9*a^2*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2))*ArcCosh[c*x] + 9*b^2*(b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) + a*(9*c*x - 3*c^3*x^3))*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 - 9*b^3*c*x^2*(-3 + c^2*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x]^3)/(27*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {6312, 6294, 6330, 25, 2009, 6304, 6309, 27, 960, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6312}$$

$$bcd \int x\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{2}{3}d \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{6294}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx\right) + bcd \int x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 6330

$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c}\right)\right) + bcd\left(\frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \int -((1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))) dx}{3c}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{c}\right)\right) + bcd\left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3$$

↓ 2009

$$bcd\left(\frac{2b \int (1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 +$$

$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b\left(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}\right)}{c}\right)\right)$$

↓ 6304

$$bcd\left(\frac{2b \int (1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3c^2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}dx(1 - c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 +$$

$$\frac{2}{3}d\left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b\left(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}\right)}{c}\right)\right)$$

↓ 6309

$$bcd \left(\frac{2b \left(-bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{2}{3}d \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$bcd \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x(3-c^2x^2)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{2}{3}d \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 960

$$bcd \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{2}{3}d \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 83

$$bcd \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}bc \left(\frac{7\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{3c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \right) \right)}{3c} + \frac{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}dx(1-c^2x^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 + \frac{2}{3}d \left(x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b(ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{c}}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/3 + b*c*d*(((-1 + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(1 \\ & + c*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2) + (2*b*(-1/3*(b*c*((7*sqrt[- \\ & 1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x])/(3*c^2) - (x^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x])/3)) + \\ & x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) - (c^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/3))/(3*c) + (2*d \\ & *(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3 - 3*b*c*(sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*Arc \\ & Cosh[c*x])^2)/c^2 - (2*b*(a*x - (b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x])/c + b*x \\ & *ArcCosh[c*x])/c))/3 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 83

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]$$

rule 960

$$\text{Int}[(e_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^{(non2_)})^{(p_)}*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^{(non2_)})^{(p_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a1 + b1*x^{(n/2)})^{(p + 1)}*((a2 + b2*x^{(n/2)})^{(p + 1)}/(b1*b2*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a1*a2*d*(m + 1) - b1*b2*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b1*b2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^{(n/2)})^p*(a2 + b2*x^{(n/2)})^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{non2}, n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6294

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \quad \text{Int}[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^{(n - 1)})/(sqrt[1 + c*x]*sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 6304

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*
(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6309

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6330

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_) * ((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
derivativedivides	$-d a^3 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 - c x\right) - d b^3 \left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{3} + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 \sqrt{c x - 1} \sqrt{c x + 1} - \frac{40 c x \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{9} \right)$
default	$-d a^3 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 - c x\right) - d b^3 \left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{3} + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 \sqrt{c x - 1} \sqrt{c x + 1} - \frac{40 c x \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{9} \right)$
parts	$-d a^3 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^2 x^3 - x\right) - \frac{d b^3 \left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^3 c x (c x - 1)(c x + 1)}{3} + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2 \sqrt{c x - 1} \sqrt{c x + 1} - \frac{40 c x \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{9} \right)}{c}$
orering	$\frac{5x(13c^4x^4 - 194c^2x^2 - 179)(-c^2dx^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{81(c^2x^2 - 1)^2} - \frac{(25c^4x^4 - 683c^2x^2 - 242)(-2c^2dx(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)))}{81c^2(c^2x^2 - 1)}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-d*a^3*(1/3*c^3*x^3-c*x)-d*b^3*(-2/3*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x+1/3*arccosh(c*x)^3*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+2*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-40/9*c*x*arccosh(c*x)+40/9*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/3*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+2/9*arccosh(c*x)*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)-2/27*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2))-3*d*a*b^2*(-2/3*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x+1/3*arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)+4/3*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-40/27*c*x-2/9*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+2/27*c*x*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))-3*d*a^2*b*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccosh(c*x)-c*x*arccosh(c*x)-1/9*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-7)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{3(3a^3 + 2ab^2)c^3 dx^3 - 9(3a^3 + 14ab^2)cdx + 9(b^3c^3 dx^3 - 3b^3cdx) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})^3 + 9(3ab^2c^3 dx^3 - 9ab^2cdx)}{81(c^2x^2 - 1)^2}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/27*(3*(3*a^3 + 2*a*b^2)*c^3*d*x^3 - 9*(3*a^3 + 14*a*b^2)*c*d*x + 9*(b^3
*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*b^3*c*d*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^3 + 9*(3*a*b^2*c^3*
d*x^3 - 9*a*b^2*c*d*x - (b^3*c^2*d*x^2 - 7*b^3*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c
*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 3*((9*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*(9*a^2*b +
14*b^3)*c*d*x - 6*(a*b^2*c^2*d*x^2 - 7*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x
+ sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - ((9*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c^2*d*x^2 - (63*a^2*b + 122*b^3
)*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx = -d \left(\int (-a^3) dx + \int (-b^3 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-3ab^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-3a^2b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx + \int a^3 c^2 x^2 dx \right. \\ \left. + \int b^3 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 3ab^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 3a^2 b c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**3,x)
```

output

```
-d*(Integral(-a**3, x) + Integral(-b**3*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(-3*a*
b**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(-3*a**2*b*acosh(c*x), x) + Integral(a**3
*c**2*x**2, x) + Integral(b**3*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**3, x) + Integral(3*a*
b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x),
x))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 437 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 dx \\
 &= -\frac{1}{3} b^3 c^2 dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 - ab^2 c^2 dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{3} a^3 c^2 dx^3 + b^3 dx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \\
 & \quad - \frac{1}{3} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) a^2 b c^2 d \\
 & \quad + \frac{2}{9} \left(3c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6x}{c^2} \right) ab^2 c^2 d \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{27} \left(9c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + 2c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2 + \frac{20\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3(c^2 x^3 + 6x)}{c} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + 3ab^2 dx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{c} - \frac{2(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{c} \right) \right) b^3 d \\
 & \quad + 6ab^2 d \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c} \right) + a^3 dx + \frac{3(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) a^2 b d}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b^3*c^2*d*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^3 - a*b^2*c^2*d*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 - 1/3*a^3*c^2*d*x^3 + b^3*d*x*arccosh(c*x)^3 - 1/3*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2/9*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*a*b^2*c^2*d + 1/27*(9*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*c*((sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2 + 20*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^2)/c^2 - 3*(c^2*x^3 + 6*x)*arccosh(c*x)/c^3)*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a*b^2*d*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 - 3*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)^2/c - 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c)*b^3*d + 6*a*b^2*d*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^3*d*x + 3*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a^2*b*d/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3 (d - c^2 dx^2) dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-3a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) a^2 b c^3 x^3 + 9a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) a^2 b c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b c^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} a^2 b - 9\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx - 1})}{c^3}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^3,x)`

output

```
(d*( - 3*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c**3*x**3 + 9*acosh(c*x)*a**2*b*c*x + sqrt(c**2
*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*b - 9*sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a**2*b + 3*int(acosh(c*x)**3,x)*b**3*c + 9*int(acosh(c*x)
**2,x)*a*b**2*c - 3*int(acosh(c*x)**3*x**2,x)*b**3*c**3 - 9*int(acosh(c*x)
**2*x**2,x)*a*b**2*c**3 - a**3*c**3*x**3 + 3*a**3*c*x))/(3*c)
```

3.16 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d-c^2dx^2} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	239
Rubi [C] (verified)	239
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Fricas [F]	243
Sympy [F]	243
Maxima [F]	244
Giac [F]	244
Mupad [F(-1)]	245
Reduce [F]	245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2dx^2} dx = \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{6b^2(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{6b^2(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd}$$

output

```
2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+3*b*(a
+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-3*b*(a
+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-6*b^2*(a
+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+6*b^2*(a+b
*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d+6*b^3*polylo
g(4,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d-6*b^3*polylog(4,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2
)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) + (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) + 3b(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d - c^2 dx^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
3*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 3*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCo
sh[c*x]] - 3*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 6*b^2*(
a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 6*b^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + 6*b^3*PolyLog[4, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 6*b^3*
PolyLog[4, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/(c*d)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6318} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{i \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4670} \\
 & \frac{i(3ib \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - 3ib \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx))}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & \frac{i(-3ib(2b(\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{i(-3ib(2b(\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - b \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{i(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3ib(2b(\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))))}{cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x]`

output

```
((-I)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - (3*I)*b*(-(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 2*b*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*PolyLog[4, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]])) + (3*I)*b*(-(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 2*b*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*PolyLog[4, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2720

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.))]*(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4670

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6318 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c*d)^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - \frac{b^3 \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{d} - \frac{b^3 \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \ln(cx+1)}{2dc} - \frac{a^3 \ln(cx-1)}{2dc} - \frac{b^3 \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) + 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) \right)}{d}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/c*(a^3/d*arctanh(c*x)-b^3/d*(arccosh(c*x)^3*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*arccosh(c*x)^2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-6*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+6*polylog(4,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-arccosh(c*x)^3*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3*arccosh(c*x)^2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+6*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-6*polylog(4,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))-3*a*b^2/d*(arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-2*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-2*arccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))-3*a^2*b/d*(-arctanh(c*x)*arccosh(c*x)-2*I*(arctanh(c*x)*ln(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-arctanh(c*x)*ln(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+dilog(1+I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-dilog(1-I*(c*x+1)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*c*x+1/2)^(1/2)*(1/2*c*x-1/2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^3}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-(b^3*arccosh(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^3)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{a^3}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \operatorname{acosh}^3(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx + \int \frac{3a^2 b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**3/(-c**2*d*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
-(Integral(a**3/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(b**3*acosh(c*x)**3/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x))/d
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^3}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*a^3*(log(c*x + 1)/(c*d) - log(c*x - 1)/(c*d)) + 1/2*(b^3*log(c*x + 1) - b^3*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3/(c*d) - integrate(3/2*((2*a*b^2*c*x + (b^3*c*x*log(c*x + 1) - b^3*c*x*log(c*x - 1) + 2*a*b^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(c*x + 1) - (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a^2*b)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^3*d*x^3 - c*d*x + (c^2*d*x^2 - d)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^3}{c^2 dx^2 - d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^3/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) a^2 b c - 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^3}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) b^3 c - 6 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right) a b^2 c - \log(c^2 x - c) a^3 + \log(c^2 x + c) a^3}{2cd}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d), x)`

output `(- 6*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x)*a**2*b*c - 2*int(acosh(c*x)**3/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x)*b**3*c - 6*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**2*x**2 - 1), x)*a*b**2*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a**3 + log(c**2*x + c)*a**3)/(2*c*d)`

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d-c^2dx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	246
Mathematica [B] (verified)	247
Rubi [C] (verified)	248
Maple [A] (verified)	255
Fricas [F]	256
Sympy [F]	257
Maxima [F]	257
Giac [F]	258
Mupad [F(-1)]	258
Reduce [F]	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2dx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3b(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2cd^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{2cd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{2cd^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^2(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd^2}$$

output

```
-3/2*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c/d^2/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)-6*b^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-3*b^3*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+3/2*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+3*b^3*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-3/2*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-3*b^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+3*b^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2+3*b^3*polylog(4,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2-3*b^3*polylog(4,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/c/d^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 708 vs. $2(316) = 632$.

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]
```


output

```

-1/2*(a^3*x)/(d^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)) - (a^3*Log[1 - c*x])/(4*c*d^2) + (a^3*Lo
g[1 + c*x])/(4*c*d^2) + (3*a^2*b*((-Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[-1 + c*x]) - ArcCo
sh[c*x]/(-1 + c*x))/4 + (Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x] - ArcCosh[c*x]/(1 +
c*x))/4 + (-1/2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]] +
2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/4 + (ArcCosh[c*x]^2/2 - 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log[
1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])/4)/(c*d^2) + (3*a*b^2
*(-4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Coth[ArcCosh[c*x]/2] - ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/
2]^2 - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 4*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Log[
1 + E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*Log[Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]] - 8*ArcCosh[c*x]*Poly
Log[2, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])]
- 8*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*PolyLog[3, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - Arc
Cosh[c*x]^2*Sech[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 + 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Tanh[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]))
/(8*c*d^2) + (b^3*(-Pi^4 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^4 - 12*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*Coth[ArcCo
sh[c*x]/2] - 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^3*Csch[ArcCosh[c*x]/2]^2 + 48*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log
[1 - E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 48*ArcCosh[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 8*A
rcCosh[c*x]^3*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 8*ArcCosh[c*x]^3*Log[1 - E^ArcC
osh[c*x]] - 24*(-2 + ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 48*P
olyLog[2, E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 24*ArcCosh[c*x]^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]
] - 48*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] + 48*ArcCosh[c*x]*PolyL
og[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 48*PolyLog[4, -E^(-ArcCosh[c*x])] - 48*PolyLog[...

```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.792$, Rules used = {6316, 27, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 6330, 25, 6304, 6318, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6316}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{d(1 - c^2 x^2)} dx}{2d} + \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2 x^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 6318 \\
& \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\int i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \csc(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{i \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3 \csc(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{2cd^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 4670 \\
& \frac{i(3ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1-e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - 3ib \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log(1+e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) dx)}{2cd^2} \\
& \quad \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{2cd^2} \\
& \quad \frac{3bc \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1-c^2x^2)} \\
& \downarrow 6330
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(\frac{2b \int -\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(1-cx)(cx+1)} dx}{c} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(1-cx)(cx+1)} dx}{c} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 6304

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{c} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 6318

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} dx}{c^2} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2b \int i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) dx}{c^2} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \csc(i \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{c^2} \right)} + \frac{2d^2}{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3} \frac{2d^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}}{\downarrow 4670}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib \int \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - ib \int \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) + 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{c^2} \right)}{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))} \frac{2d^2}{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3} \frac{2d^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}}{\downarrow 2715}$$

$$\frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))} \frac{2d^2}{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3} \frac{2d^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}}{\downarrow 2838}$$

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)))}{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib(2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} \right)} \frac{2d^2}{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3} \frac{2d^2}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}}{\downarrow 7163}$$

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b(\text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - b \int \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) \text{darccosh}(cx)) - \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} - \frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} \right)}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} \Bigg)^{\frac{2d^2}{3}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{i(-3ib(2b(\text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - b \int e^{-\text{arccosh}(cx)} \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) d e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} - \frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} \right)}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} \Bigg)^{\frac{2d^2}{3}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{i(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^3 - 3ib(2b(\text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - b \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} - \frac{3bc \left(-\frac{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{c^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{2ib(2i \text{arctanh}(e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)})(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}) - ib \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{\text{arccosh}(cx)}))}{c^2} \right)}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)} \Bigg)^{\frac{2d^2}{3}}}{2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(2*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + (3*b*c*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(c^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x])) + ((2*I)*b*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/c^2))/(2*d^2) - ((I/2)*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3*ArcTanh[E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - (3*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 2*b*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*PolyLog[4, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]])) + (3*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 2*b*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*PolyLog[4, E^ArcCosh[c*x]])))))/(c*d^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)}/(f*fz*I)], x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x}], x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6304 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 6316 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p+1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[(2*p+3)/(2*d*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*(p+1)))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{Int}[x*(1 + c*x)^{p+1/2}*(-1 + c*x)^{p+1/2}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n-1}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 6318 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c*d)^{-1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csch}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6330 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*(x_)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^{p+1}*(d2 + e2*x)^{p+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(n/(2*c*(p+1)))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \text{Int}[(1 + c*x)^{p+1/2}*(-1 + c*x)^{p+1/2}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 811, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 (cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \left(-\frac{1}{4(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4} - \frac{1}{4(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 (cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \left(-\frac{1}{4c(cx+1)} + \frac{\ln(cx+1)}{4c} - \frac{1}{4c(cx-1)} - \frac{\ln(cx-1)}{4c} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 (cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + 3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{2(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 \ln(1-cx)}{2} \right)}{d^2}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/c*(a^3/d^2*(-1/4/(c*x-1)-1/4*ln(c*x-1)-1/4/(c*x+1)+1/4*ln(c*x+1))+b^3/d^
2*(-1/2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2))-1/2*arccosh(c*x)^3*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3/2*arc
cosh(c*x)^2*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*arccosh(c*x)*poly
log(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3*polylog(4,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)^3*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3/2*arc
cosh(c*x)^2*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3*arccosh(c*x)*pol
ylog(3,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*polylog(4,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2))+3*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*polylo
g(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-3*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*a*b^2/d^2
*(-1/2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2))-1/2*arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-arccosh(c*
x)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+polylog(3,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*
(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)^2*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+ar
ccosh(c*x)*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-polylog(3,-c*x-(c*x
-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-2*arctanh(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+3*a^2
*b/d^2*(-1/2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/
2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-1/2*polylog(2,c*x+(c
*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^3}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^3*arccosh(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccosh(c*
x) + a^3)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a^3}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arccosh}^3(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{3a^2 b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c^4 x^4 - 2c^2 x^2 + 1} dx}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**3/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a**3/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b**3*acosh(c*x)**3/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/d**2`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^3}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^3*(2*x/(c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2) - log(c*x + 1)/(c*d^2) + log(c*x - 1)/(c*d^2)) - 1/4*(2*b^3*c*x - (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)^3/(c^3*d^2*x^2 - c*d^2) - integrate(-3/4*((2*b^3*c^3*x^3 + (2*b^3*c^2*x^2 + 4*a*b^2 - (b^3*c^3*x^3 - b^3*c*x)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^3*c^3*x^3 - b^3*c*x)*log(c*x - 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - b^3*c)*x - (b^3*c^4*x^4 - 2*b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(c*x + 1) + (b^3*c^4*x^4 - 2*b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 4*(a^2*b*c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a^2*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(c^5*d^2*x^5 - 2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + c*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1), x)`

output

```
(12*int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a**2*b*c**3*x**2 - 12*
int(acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a**2*b*c + 4*int(acosh(c*x)
)**3/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**3*c**3*x**2 - 4*int(acosh(c*x)**3
/(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**3*c + 12*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4
- 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 12*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4
- 2*c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b**2*c - log(c**2*x - c)*a**3*c**2*x**2 + log(c**2
*x - c)*a**3 + log(c**2*x + c)*a**3*c**2*x**2 - log(c**2*x + c)*a**3 - 2*a
**3*c*x)/(4*c*d**2*(c**2*x**2 - 1))
```

3.18 $\int \frac{(c-a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{35c^3\operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} - \frac{21c^3\operatorname{Shi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} + \frac{7c^3\operatorname{Shi}(5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} - \frac{c^3\operatorname{Shi}(7\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a}$$

output `35/64*c^3*Shi(arccosh(a*x))/a-21/64*c^3*Shi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a+7/64*c^3*Shi(5*arccosh(a*x))/a-1/64*c^3*Shi(7*arccosh(a*x))/a`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{c^3(35\operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 21\operatorname{Shi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + 7\operatorname{Shi}(5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \operatorname{Shi}(7\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{64a}$$

input `Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/ArcCosh[a*x], x]`

output

```
(c^3*(35*SinhIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] - 21*SinhIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]] + 7*
SinhIntegral[5*ArcCosh[a*x]] - SinhIntegral[7*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(64*a)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 & \frac{c^3 \int \frac{\left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}\right)^{7/2} (ax+1)^7}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c^3 \int \frac{i \sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^7}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{ic^3 \int \frac{\sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^7}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{ic^3 \int \left(\frac{35i \sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}} (ax+1)}{64 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{21i \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{7i \sinh(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{i \sinh(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{ic^3 \left(\frac{35}{64} i \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{21}{64} i \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \frac{7}{64} i \operatorname{Shi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{1}{64} i \operatorname{Shi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/ArcCosh[a*x],x]`

output `((-I)*c^3*(((35*I)/64)*SinhIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] - ((21*I)/64)*SinhIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]] + ((7*I)/64)*SinhIntegral[5*ArcCosh[a*x]] - (I/64)*SinhIntegral[7*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^3(35 \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 21 \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + 7 \operatorname{Shi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \operatorname{Shi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{64a}$	44
default	$\frac{c^3(35 \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 21 \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + 7 \operatorname{Shi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \operatorname{Shi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{64a}$	44

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/64/a*c^3*(35*Shi(arccosh(a*x))-21*Shi(3*arccosh(a*x))+7*Shi(5*arccosh(a*x))-Shi(7*arccosh(a*x)))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^6*c^3*x^6 - 3*a^4*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*x^2 - c^3)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = -c^3 \left(\int \frac{3a^2x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{3a^4x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right) dx + \int \frac{a^6x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**3/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `-c**3*(Integral(3*a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(-3*a**4*x**4/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(a**6*x**6/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(-1/acosh(a*x), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^3/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)^3/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/acosh(a*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = c^3 \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^6 + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^4 - 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `c**3*(- int(x**6/acosh(a*x),x)*a**6 + 3*int(x**4/acosh(a*x),x)*a**4 - 3*int(x**2/acosh(a*x),x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x),x))`

$$3.19 \quad \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

Optimal result	266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	266
Rubi [C] (verified)	267
Maple [A] (verified)	268
Fricas [F]	269
Sympy [F]	269
Maxima [F]	269
Giac [F]	270
Mupad [F(-1)]	270
Reduce [F]	270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{5c^2 \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8a} - \frac{5c^2 \operatorname{Shi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16a} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{Shi}(5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16a}$$

output

```
5/8*c^2*Shi(arccosh(a*x))/a-5/16*c^2*Shi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a+1/16*c^2*Shi(5*
arccosh(a*x))/a
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{c^2(10\operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 5\operatorname{Shi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \operatorname{Shi}(5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{16a}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/ArcCosh[a*x],x]
```

output

```
(c^2*(10*SinhIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] - 5*SinhIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sin
hIntegral[5*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(16*a)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}\right)^{5/2} (ax+1)^5}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \int -\frac{i \sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^5}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{ic^2 \int \frac{\sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^5}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & -\frac{ic^2 \int \left(\frac{5i \sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}} (ax+1)}{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{5i \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{i \sinh(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{ic^2 \left(\frac{5}{8} i \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{5}{16} i \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \frac{1}{16} i \operatorname{Shi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/ArcCosh[a*x], x]`

output
$$\frac{((-I)*c^2*((5*I)/8)*\text{SinhIntegral}[\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]] - ((5*I)/16)*\text{SinhIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]] + (I/16)*\text{SinhIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]])}{a}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26
$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_1])*(F x_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3793
$$\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 1]))$$

rule 6321
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p + 1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*p, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^2(10 \text{Shi}(\text{arccosh}(ax)) - 5 \text{Shi}(3 \text{arccosh}(ax)) + \text{Shi}(5 \text{arccosh}(ax)))}{16a}$	33
default	$\frac{c^2(10 \text{Shi}(\text{arccosh}(ax)) - 5 \text{Shi}(3 \text{arccosh}(ax)) + \text{Shi}(5 \text{arccosh}(ax)))}{16a}$	33

input
$$\text{int}((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/\text{arccosh}(a*x), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output `1/16/a*c^2*(10*Shi(arccosh(a*x))-5*Shi(3*arccosh(a*x))+Shi(5*arccosh(a*x)))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^4*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = c^2 \left(\int \left(-\frac{2a^2 x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right) dx + \int \frac{a^4 x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**2/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `c**2*(Integral(-2*a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(a**4*x**4/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(1/acosh(a*x), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/acosh(a*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = c^2 \left(\left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^4 - 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `c**2*(int(x**4/acosh(a*x),x)*a**4 - 2*int(x**2/acosh(a*x),x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x),x))`

3.20 $\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$

Optimal result	271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	271
Rubi [C] (verified)	272
Maple [A] (verified)	273
Fricas [F]	274
Sympy [F]	274
Maxima [F]	274
Giac [F]	275
Mupad [F(-1)]	275
Reduce [F]	275

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{3c \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4a} - \frac{c \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4a}$$

output `3/4*c*Shi(arccosh(a*x))/a-1/4*c*Shi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{c(3 \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{4a}$$

input `Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)/ArcCosh[a*x], x]`

output `(c*(3*SinhIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] - SinhIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(4*a)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 \frac{c \int \frac{\left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}\right)^{3/2} (ax+1)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{c \int \frac{i \sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{26} \\
 \frac{ic \int \frac{\sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 \frac{ic \int \left(\frac{3i \sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}} (ax+1)}{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{i \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{ic \left(\frac{3}{4} i \operatorname{Shi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{1}{4} i \operatorname{Shi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)/ArcCosh[a*x], x]`

output $((-I)*c*((3*I)/4)*\text{SinhIntegral}[\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]] - (I/4)*\text{SinhIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]])/a$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_1])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3793 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 1]))$

rule 6321 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*p, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{c(3 \text{Shi}(\text{arccosh}(ax)) - \text{Shi}(3 \text{arccosh}(ax)))}{4a}$	24
default	$\frac{c(3 \text{Shi}(\text{arccosh}(ax)) - \text{Shi}(3 \text{arccosh}(ax)))}{4a}$	24

input $\text{int}((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/\text{arccosh}(a*x), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output `1/4/a*c*(3*Shi(arccosh(a*x))-Shi(3*arccosh(a*x)))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = -c \left(\int \frac{a^2 x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `-c*(Integral(a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x), x) + Integral(-1/acosh(a*x), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((a^2*c*x^2 - c)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)/acosh(a*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = c \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `c*(- int(x**2/acosh(a*x),x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x),x))`

3.21 $\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$

Optimal result	276
Mathematica [N/A]	276
Rubi [N/A]	277
Maple [N/A]	277
Fricas [N/A]	278
Sympy [N/A]	278
Maxima [N/A]	278
Giac [N/A]	279
Mupad [N/A]	279
Reduce [N/A]	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)(c - a^2cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)(c - a^2cx^2)} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(a**2*x**2*acosh(a*x) - acosh(a*x)), x)/c`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2 c x^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x) (c - a^2 c x^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx}{c}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/acosh(a*x),x)`output `(- int(1/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x))/c`

$$3.22 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

Optimal result	281
Mathematica [N/A]	281
Rubi [N/A]	282
Maple [N/A]	282
Fricas [N/A]	283
Sympy [N/A]	283
Maxima [N/A]	283
Giac [N/A]	284
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Reduce [N/A]	285

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c - a^2 cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c - a^2 cx^2)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/((a^4*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2)*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) - 2a^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) + \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**2/acosh(a*x),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**4*x**4*acosh(a*x) - 2*a**2*x**2*acosh(a*x) + acosh(a*x)), x)/c**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2 c x^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2*arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x) (c - a^2 c x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^4x^4 - 2\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/acosh(a*x),x)`output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)*a**4*x**4 - 2*acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 + acosh(a*x)),x)/c**2`

3.23 $\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$

Optimal result	286
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	286
Rubi [A] (verified)	287
Maple [A] (verified)	289
Fricas [F]	289
Sympy [F]	290
Maxima [F]	290
Giac [F]	291
Mupad [F(-1)]	291
Reduce [F]	291

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{c^3(-1 + ax)^{7/2}(1 + ax)^{7/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{35c^3 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} - \frac{63c^3 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} + \frac{35c^3 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a} - \frac{7c^3 \operatorname{Chi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{64a}$$

output `c^3*(a*x-1)^(7/2)*(a*x+1)^(7/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)+35/64*c^3*Chi(arccosh(a*x))
/a-63/64*c^3*Chi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a+35/64*c^3*Chi(5*arccosh(a*x))/a-7/64*c^3*Chi(7*arccosh(a*x))/a`

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 257 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{c^3 \left(-64 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - 64ax \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + 192a^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + 192a^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - 192a^4 x^4 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - 192a^5 x^5 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/ArcCosh[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(c^3*(-64*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} - 64*ax*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} + 192*a^2*x^2*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} + 192*a^3*x^3*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} - 192*a^4*x^4*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} - 192*a^5*x^5*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} + 64*a^6*x^6*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} + 64*a^7*x^7*\sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} + 35*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]*\text{CoshIntegral}[\text{ArcCosh}[ax]] - 63*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]*\text{CoshIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]] + 35*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]*\text{CoshIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]] - 7*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]*\text{CoshIntegral}[7*\text{ArcCosh}[ax]])/(64*a*\text{ArcCosh}[ax])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\text{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{c^3(ax - 1)^{7/2}(ax + 1)^{7/2}}{a \text{arccosh}(ax)} - 7ac^3 \int \frac{x(ax - 1)^{5/2}(ax + 1)^{5/2}}{\text{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\frac{c^3(ax - 1)^{7/2}(ax + 1)^{7/2}}{a \text{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{7c^3 \int \frac{ax(ax - 1)^3(ax + 1)^3}{\text{arccosh}(ax)} d\text{arccosh}(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$\frac{c^3(ax - 1)^{7/2}(ax + 1)^{7/2}}{a \text{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{7c^3 \int \left(-\frac{5ax}{64 \text{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{9 \cosh(3 \text{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \text{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{5 \cosh(5 \text{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \text{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{\cosh(7 \text{arccosh}(ax))}{64 \text{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\text{arccosh}(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c^3(ax-1)^{7/2}(ax+1)^{7/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{7c^3\left(-\frac{5}{64}\operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \frac{9}{64}\operatorname{Chi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{5}{64}\operatorname{Chi}(5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \frac{1}{64}\operatorname{Chi}(7\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))\right)}{a}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/ArcCosh[a*x]^2, x]`

output `(c^3*(-1 + a*x)^(7/2)*(1 + a*x)^(7/2))/(a*ArcCosh[a*x]) - (7*c^3*((-5*CoshIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]])/64 + (9*CoshIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]])/64 - (5*CoshIntegral[5*ArcCosh[a*x]])/64 + CoshIntegral[7*ArcCosh[a*x]]/64))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6368 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^q/(-1 + c*x)^q] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^3 (35 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 63 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + 35 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 7 \operatorname{Chi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 35 (ax-1)^{1/2} (ax+1)^{1/2} + 21 \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 7 \sinh(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \sinh(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{64a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$
default	$\frac{c^3 (35 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 63 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + 35 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 7 \operatorname{Chi}(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 35 (ax-1)^{1/2} (ax+1)^{1/2} + 21 \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 7 \sinh(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \sinh(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{64a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{64/a*c^3*(35*\operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)-63*\operatorname{Chi}(3*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)+35*\operatorname{Chi}(5*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)-7*\operatorname{Chi}(7*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)-35*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}+21*\sinh(3*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))-7*\sinh(5*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))+\sinh(7*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)))/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)}$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^6*c^3*x^6 - 3*a^4*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*x^2 - c^3)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = -c^3 \left(\int \frac{3a^2 x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{3a^4 x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} \right) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{a^6 x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**3/acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

output `-c**3*(Integral(3*a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(-3*a**4*x**4/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(a**6*x**6/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(-1/acosh(a*x)**2, x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(a^9*c^3*x^9 - 4*a^7*c^3*x^7 + 6*a^5*c^3*x^5 - 4*a^3*c^3*x^3 + a*c^3*x + (a^8*c^3*x^8 - 4*a^6*c^3*x^6 + 6*a^4*c^3*x^4 - 4*a^2*c^3*x^2 + c^3)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^3*x^2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))*a^2*x - a)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)) - integrate((7*a^10*c^3*x^10 - 29*a^8*c^3*x^8 + 46*a^6*c^3*x^6 - 34*a^4*c^3*x^4 + 11*a^2*c^3*x^2 + (7*a^8*c^3*x^8 - 20*a^6*c^3*x^6 + 18*a^4*c^3*x^4 - 4*a^2*c^3*x^2 - c^3)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) - c^3 + 7*(2*a^9*c^3*x^9 - 7*a^7*c^3*x^7 + 9*a^5*c^3*x^5 - 5*a^3*c^3*x^3 + a*c^3*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^4*x^4 + (a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1))*a^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 2*(a^3*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + 1)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^3}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)^3/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^3/acosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^3}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = c^3 \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^6 + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^4 - 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`

output `c**3*(- int(x**6/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**6 + 3*int(x**4/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**4 - 3*int(x**2/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x)**2,x))`

3.24 $\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$

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Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	292
Rubi [A] (verified)	293
Maple [A] (verified)	295
Fricas [F]	295
Sympy [F]	295
Maxima [F]	296
Giac [F]	296
Mupad [F(-1)]	297
Reduce [F]	297

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = -\frac{c^2(-1 + ax)^{5/2}(1 + ax)^{5/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{5c^2 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8a} - \frac{15c^2 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16a} + \frac{5c^2 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16a}$$

output `-c^2*(a*x-1)^(5/2)*(a*x+1)^(5/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)+5/8*c^2*Chi(arccosh(a*x))/a-15/16*c^2*Chi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a+5/16*c^2*Chi(5*arccosh(a*x))/a`

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{c^2 \left(16 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + 16ax \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - 32a^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - 32a^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + 16a^4 x^4 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + 16a^5 x^5 \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} \right)}{16a}$$

input `Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/ArcCosh[a*x]^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/16*(c^2*(16*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] + 16*a*x*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] - 32*a^2*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] - 32*a^3*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] + 16*a^4*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] + 16*a^5*x^5*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] - 10*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]*\text{CoshIntegral}[\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]] + 15*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]*\text{CoshIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]] - 5*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]*\text{CoshIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x]])}{(a*\text{ArcCosh}[a*x])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\text{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6319} \\ & 5ac^2 \int \frac{x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{\text{arccosh}(ax)} dx - \frac{c^2(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2}}{a\text{arccosh}(ax)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6368} \\ & \frac{5c^2 \int \frac{ax(ax-1)^2(ax+1)^2}{\text{arccosh}(ax)} d\text{arccosh}(ax)}{a} - \frac{c^2(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2}}{a\text{arccosh}(ax)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\ & \frac{5c^2 \int \left(\frac{ax}{\text{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{3 \cosh(3\text{arccosh}(ax))}{16\text{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{\cosh(5\text{arccosh}(ax))}{16\text{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\text{arccosh}(ax)}{a} - \frac{c^2(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2}}{a\text{arccosh}(ax)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5c^2\left(\frac{1}{8}\text{Chi}(\text{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{3}{16}\text{Chi}(3\text{arccosh}(ax)) + \frac{1}{16}\text{Chi}(5\text{arccosh}(ax))\right)}{c^2(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2} \text{arccosh}(ax)}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/ArcCosh[a*x]^2,x]`

output `-((c^2*(-1 + a*x)^(5/2)*(1 + a*x)^(5/2))/(a*ArcCosh[a*x])) + (5*c^2*(CoshIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]]/8 - (3*CoshIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]])/16 + CoshIntegral[5*ArcCosh[a*x]]/16))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6368 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p_.))*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^2(10 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 15 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + 5 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 10\sqrt{ax})}{16a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$
default	$\frac{c^2(10 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 15 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + 5 \operatorname{Chi}(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 10\sqrt{ax})}{16a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{16/a*c^2*(10*\operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)-15*\operatorname{Chi}(3*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)+5*\operatorname{Chi}(5*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)-10*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}+5*\sinh(3*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x))-\sinh(5*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)))}/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)}$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^4*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = c^2 \left(\int \left(-\frac{2a^2x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} \right) dx + \int \frac{a^4x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**2/acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

output

```
c**2*(Integral(-2*a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(a**4*x**4/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(acosh(a*x)**(-2), x))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(a^7*c^2*x^7 - 3*a^5*c^2*x^5 + 3*a^3*c^2*x^3 - a*c^2*x + (a^6*c^2*x^6 - 3*a^4*c^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2 - c^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^3*x^2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a^2*x - a)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))) + integrate((5*a^8*c^2*x^8 - 16*a^6*c^2*x^6 + 18*a^4*c^2*x^4 - 8*a^2*c^2*x^2 + (5*a^6*c^2*x^6 - 9*a^4*c^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 5*(2*a^7*c^2*x^7 - 5*a^5*c^2*x^5 + 4*a^3*c^2*x^3 - a*c^2*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + c^2)/((a^4*x^4 + (a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1)*a^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 2*(a^3*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + 1)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a^2 cx^2 - c)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2/acosh(a*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2} dx = c^2 \left(\left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2} dx \right) a^4 - 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`output `c**2*(int(x**4/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**4 - 2*int(x**2/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x)**2,x))`

3.25 $\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$

Optimal result	298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	298
Rubi [A] (verified)	299
Maple [A] (verified)	300
Fricas [F]	301
Sympy [F]	301
Maxima [F]	301
Giac [F]	302
Mupad [F(-1)]	302
Reduce [F]	303

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{c(-1 + ax)^{3/2}(1 + ax)^{3/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + \frac{3c \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4a} - \frac{3c \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4a}$$

output

```
c*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)+3/4*c*Chi(arccosh(a*x))/a-3/4*c*Chi(3*arccosh(a*x))/a
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{c \left(4 \left(\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax} \right)^{3/2} (1 + ax)^3 + 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(c*(4*((-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x))^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^3 + 3*ArcCosh[a*x]*CoshIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] - 3*ArcCosh[a*x]*CoshIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(4*a*ArcCosh[a*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{c(ax - 1)^{3/2}(ax + 1)^{3/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - 3ac \int \frac{x\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\frac{c(ax - 1)^{3/2}(ax + 1)^{3/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{3c \int \frac{ax(ax-1)(ax+1)}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$\frac{c(ax - 1)^{3/2}(ax + 1)^{3/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{3c \int \left(\frac{\cosh(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{ax}{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c(ax - 1)^{3/2}(ax + 1)^{3/2}}{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{3c \left(\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Chi}(3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{a}$$

input

```
Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^2, x]
```

output

```
(c*(-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2))/(a*ArcCosh[a*x]) - (3*c*(-1/4*CoshIntegral[ArcCosh[a*x]] + CoshIntegral[3*ArcCosh[a*x]]/4))/a
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] & IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6368 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	si
derivativedivides	$\frac{c(3 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 3 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} + \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$	6
default	$\frac{c(3 \operatorname{Chi}(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 3 \operatorname{Chi}(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} + \sinh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$	6

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/4/a*c*(3*Chi(arccosh(a*x))*arccosh(a*x)-3*Chi(3*arccosh(a*x))*arccosh(a*x)-3*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}+\sinh(3*arccosh(a*x)))/arccosh(a*x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = -c \left(\int \frac{a^2 x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)/acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

output `-c*(Integral(a**2*x**2/acosh(a*x)**2, x) + Integral(-1/acosh(a*x)**2, x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(a^5*c*x^5 - 2*a^3*c*x^3 + a*c*x + (a^4*c*x^4 - 2*a^2*c*x^2 + c)*sqrt(a*x
+ 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^3*x^2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a^2*x - a)*log
(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))) - integrate((3*a^6*c*x^6 - 7*a^4*c*x^
4 + 5*a^2*c*x^2 + (3*a^4*c*x^4 - 2*a^2*c*x^2 - c)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 3*
(2*a^5*c*x^5 - 3*a^3*c*x^3 + a*c*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - c)/((a^4
*x^4 + (a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1)*a^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 2*(a^3*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(a*
x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + 1)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{a^2 cx^2 - c}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((c - a^2*c*x^2)/acosh(a*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((c - a^2*c*x^2)/acosh(a*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c - a^2 cx^2}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = c \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`

output `c*(- int(x**2/acosh(a*x)**2,x)*a**2 + int(1/acosh(a*x)**2,x))`

$$3.26 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	304
Mathematica [N/A]	304
Rubi [N/A]	305
Maple [N/A]	305
Fricas [N/A]	306
Sympy [N/A]	306
Maxima [N/A]	306
Giac [N/A]	307
Mupad [N/A]	307
Reduce [N/A]	308

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 (c - a^2 cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{a \int \frac{x}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx}{c} + \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6376}$$

$$\frac{a \int \frac{x}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx}{c} + \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)*arccosh(a*x)^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax) - \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx}{c}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)/acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

output `-Integral(1/(a**2*x**2*acosh(a*x)**2 - acosh(a*x)**2), x)/c`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^3*c*x^2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a^2*c*x - a*c)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))) + integrate((a^4*x^4 + (a^2*x^2 - 1)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + (2*a^3*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - 1)/((a^6*c*x^6 - 3*a^4*c*x^4 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + (a^4*c*x^4 - a^2*c*x^2)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 2*(a^5*c*x^5 - 2*a^3*c*x^3 + a*c*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - c)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)*arccosh(a*x)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 (c - a^2cx^2)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(acosh(a*x)^2*(c - a^2*c*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(acosh(a*x)^2*(c - a^2*c*x^2)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx}{c}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`output `(- int(1/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)**2),x))/c`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	309
Mathematica [N/A]	309
Rubi [N/A]	310
Maple [N/A]	310
Fricas [N/A]	311
Sympy [N/A]	311
Maxima [N/A]	312
Giac [N/A]	312
Mupad [N/A]	313
Reduce [N/A]	313

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 (c - a^2 cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$-\frac{3a \int \frac{x}{(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx}{c^2} - \frac{1}{ac^2(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6376}$$

$$-\frac{3a \int \frac{x}{(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx}{c^2} - \frac{1}{ac^2(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2, x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/((a^4*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2)*arccosh(a*x)^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax) - 2a^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax) + \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax)} dx}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**2/acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**4*x**4*acosh(a*x)**2 - 2*a**2*x**2*acosh(a*x)**2 + acosh(a*x)**2), x)/c**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/((a^5*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a*c^2 + (a^4*c^2*x^3 - a^2*c^2*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))) - integrate((3*a^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*x^2 + (3*a^2*x^2 - 1)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 3*(2*a^3*x^3 - a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - 1)/((a^8*c^2*x^8 - 4*a^6*c^2*x^6 + 6*a^4*c^2*x^4 - 4*a^2*c^2*x^2 + (a^6*c^2*x^6 - 2*a^4*c^2*x^4 + a^2*c^2*x^2)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 2*(a^7*c^2*x^7 - 3*a^5*c^2*x^5 + 3*a^3*c^2*x^3 - a*c^2*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + c^2)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a^2cx^2 - c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/arccosh(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a^2*c*x^2 - c)^2*arccosh(a*x)^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2 (c - a^2 c x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^2*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2),x)`output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^2*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 c x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2 a^4 x^4 - 2 \operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2 a^2 x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2/acosh(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**4*x**4 - 2*acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 + acosh(a*x)**2),x)/c**2`

$$3.28 \quad \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	314
Mathematica [A] (verified)	315
Rubi [C] (verified)	315
Maple [A] (verified)	318
Fricas [F]	318
Sympy [F]	319
Maxima [F]	319
Giac [F]	319
Mupad [F(-1)]	320
Reduce [F]	320

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{35d^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{64bc} + \frac{21d^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{64bc} - \frac{7d^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{64bc} + \frac{d^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{7a}{b}\right)}{64bc} + \frac{35d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{64bc} - \frac{21d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64bc} + \frac{7d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64bc} - \frac{d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{7a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64bc}$$

output

```
-35/64*d^3*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c+21/64*d^3*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c-7/64*d^3*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(5*a/b)/b/c+1/64*d^3*Chi(7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(7*a/b)/b/c+35/64*d^3*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c-21/64*d^3*cosh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c+7/64*d^3*cosh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c-1/64*d^3*cosh(7*a/b)*Shi(7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 \left(-35 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + 21 \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - 7 \operatorname{Chi}\left(5\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) + \operatorname{CoshIntegral}\left[7\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right] \sinh\left(\frac{7a}{b}\right) + 35 \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{a}{b}\right] \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) - 21 \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{3a}{b}\right] \operatorname{Shi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) + 7 \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{5a}{b}\right] \operatorname{Shi}\left(5\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{7a}{b}\right] \operatorname{Shi}\left(7\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \right)}{64 b^3 c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(d^3*(-35*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[a/b] + 21*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] - 7*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[(5*a)/b] + CoshIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[(7*a)/b] + 35*Cosh[a/b]*ShiIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - 21*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*ShiIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 7*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*ShiIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - Cosh[(7*a)/b]*ShiIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(64*b*c)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {6321, 25, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 & - \frac{d^3 \int - \frac{\sinh^7\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{d^3 \int \frac{\sinh^7\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{d^3 \int \frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^7}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{id^3 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^7}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{id^3 \int \left(- \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{7a}{b} - \frac{7(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{7i \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} - \frac{21i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{35i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{64(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \right)}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{id^3 \left(\frac{35}{64} i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{21}{64} i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{7}{64} i \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

```
(I*d^3*(((35*I)/64)*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b] - ((21*I)/64)*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] + ((7*I)/64)*CoshIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(5*a)/b] - (I/64)*CoshIntegral[(7*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(7*a)/b] - ((35*I)/64)*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b] + ((21*I)/64)*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] - ((7*I)/64)*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + (I/64)*Cosh[(7*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(7*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]))/(b*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{d^3 e^{\frac{7a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{7a}{b}\right)}{128b} + \frac{7d^3 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{128b} - \frac{21d^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{128b}$
default	$-\frac{d^3 e^{\frac{7a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(7 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{7a}{b}\right)}{128b} + \frac{7d^3 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{128b} - \frac{21d^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{128b}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/c * (-1/128*d^3/b*exp(7*a/b)*Ei(1,7*arccosh(c*x)+7*a/b) + 7/128*d^3/b*exp(5* \\ & a/b)*Ei(1,5*arccosh(c*x)+5*a/b) - 21/128*d^3/b*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x) \\ &) + 3*a/b) + 35/128*d^3/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b) - 35/128*d^3/b*exp(-a/ \\ & b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b) + 21/128*d^3/b*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x) - 3 \\ & *a/b) - 7/128*d^3/b*exp(-5*a/b)*Ei(1,-5*arccosh(c*x) - 5*a/b) + 1/128*d^3/b*exp(\\ & -7*a/b)*Ei(1,-7*arccosh(c*x) - 7*a/b) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -d^3 \left(\int \frac{3c^2 x^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{3c^4 x^4}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} \right) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{c^6 x^6}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `-d**3*(Integral(3*c**2*x**2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(-3*c**4*x**4/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(c**6*x**6/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(-1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^3/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^3/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx &= d^3 \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^6 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^4 \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `d**3*(- int(x**6/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**6 + 3*int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**4 - 3*int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x))`

3.29
$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	321
Mathematica [A] (verified)	322
Rubi [C] (verified)	322
Maple [A] (verified)	325
Fricas [F]	325
Sympy [F]	326
Maxima [F]	326
Giac [F]	326
Mupad [F(-1)]	327
Reduce [F]	327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{5d^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8bc} + \frac{5d^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{16bc} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{16bc} + \frac{5d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8bc} - \frac{5d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc} + \frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc}$$

output

```
-5/8*d^2*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c+5/16*d^2*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c-1/16*d^2*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(5*a/b)/b/c+5/8*d^2*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c-5/16*d^2*cosh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c+1/16*d^2*cosh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{d^2 (10 \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \sinh(\frac{a}{b}) - 5 \operatorname{Chi}(3(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))) \sinh(\frac{3a}{b}) + \operatorname{Chi}(5(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))))}{b^2 c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/16*(d^2*(10*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[a/b] - 5*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] + CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Sinh[(5*a)/b] - 10*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 5*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - Cosh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(b*c)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {6321, 25, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 \frac{d^2 \int -\frac{\sinh^5\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sinh^5\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{d^2 \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^5}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 \downarrow \text{26} \\
 \frac{id^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^5}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 \frac{id^2 \int \left(\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{5i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{5i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{id^2 \left(\frac{5}{8} i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{5}{16} i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{16} i \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bc}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(I*d^2*((5*I)/8)*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b] - ((5*I)/16)*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] + (I/16)*CoshIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(5*a)/b] - ((5*I)/8)*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b] + ((5*I)/16)*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] - (I/16)*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]))/(b*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)*(b_)^(n_)]*(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32b} - \frac{5d^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{32b} + \frac{5d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16b} - \frac{5d^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16b}$
default	$\frac{d^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32b} - \frac{5d^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{32b} + \frac{5d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16b} - \frac{5d^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16b}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{1}{32} d^2 / b \exp(5a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, 5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) - \frac{5}{32} d^2 / b \exp(3a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) + \frac{5}{16} d^2 / b \exp(a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) - \frac{5}{16} d^2 / b \exp(-a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, -\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{5}{32} d^2 / b \exp(-3a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, -3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{32} d^2 / b \exp(-5a/b) \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, -5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{5a}{b}\right) \right)$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = d^2 \left(\int \left(-\frac{2c^2 x^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} \right) dx + \int \frac{c^4 x^4}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx + \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `d**2*(Integral(-2*c**2*x**2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(c**4*x**4/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = d^2 \left(\left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^4 - 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `d**2*(int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**4 - 2*int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x))`

3.30 $\int \frac{d-c^2 dx^2}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	328
Mathematica [A] (verified)	329
Rubi [C] (verified)	329
Maple [A] (verified)	331
Fricas [F]	332
Sympy [F]	332
Maxima [F]	332
Giac [F]	333
Mupad [F(-1)]	333
Reduce [F]	333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{3d\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4bc} + \frac{d\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4bc} + \frac{3d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4bc} - \frac{d \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4bc}$$

output

```
-3/4*d*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c+1/4*d*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c+3/4*d*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c-1/4*d*cosh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d(-3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) + 3 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right))}{4bc}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(d*(-3*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[a/b] + CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Sinh[(3*a)/b] + 3*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(4*b*c)
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {6321, 25, 3042, 26, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6321}$$

$$\frac{d \int -\frac{\sinh^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{d \int \frac{\sinh^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{d \int \frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^3}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{26} \\
\frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^3}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3793} \\
\frac{id \int \left(\frac{3i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{2009} \\
\frac{id \left(\frac{3}{4} i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} i \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} i \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) + \dots \right)}{bc}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `(I*d*((3*I)/4)*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b] - (I/4)*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] - ((3*I)/4)*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b] + (I/4)*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]))/(b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{d e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8b} + \frac{3d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b} - \frac{3d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b} + \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{c}$
default	$-\frac{d e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8b} + \frac{3d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b} - \frac{3d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b} + \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{c}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-1/8*d/b*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)+3/8*d/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-3/8*d/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)+1/8*d/b*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -d \left(\int \frac{c^2 x^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `-d*(Integral(c**2*x**2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x) + Integral(-1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((c^2*d*x^2 - d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = d \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `d*(- int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x))`

$$3.31 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	334
Mathematica [N/A]	334
Rubi [N/A]	335
Maple [N/A]	335
Fricas [N/A]	336
Sympy [N/A]	336
Maxima [N/A]	336
Giac [N/A]	337
Mupad [N/A]	337
Reduce [N/A]	338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d-c^2dx^2)(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/(a*c^2*d*x^2 - a*d + (b*c^2*d*x^2 - b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{ac^2x^2 - a + bc^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) - b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(a*c**2*x**2 - a + b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x) - b*acosh(c*x)), x)/d`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))(d - c^2 dx^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a c^2 x^2 - a} dx}{d}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `(- int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)*b + a*c**2*x**2 - a),x))/d`

$$3.32 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	339
Mathematica [N/A]	339
Rubi [N/A]	340
Maple [N/A]	340
Fricas [N/A]	341
Sympy [N/A]	341
Maxima [N/A]	342
Giac [N/A]	342
Mupad [N/A]	342
Reduce [N/A]	343

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 20.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \text{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{ac^4x^4 - 2ac^2x^2 + a + bc^4x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) - 2bc^2x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a*c**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*x**2 + a + b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x) - 2*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x) + b*acosh(c*x)), x)/d**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^4 x^4 - 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^2 x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a c^4 x^4 - 2 a c^2 x^2 + a} dx$$

$$d^2$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b*c**4*x**4 - 2*acosh(c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 + acosh(c*x)*b + a*c**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*x**2 + a), x)/d**2`

3.33
$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	344
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	345
Rubi [A] (verified)	346
Maple [B] (verified)	348
Fricas [F]	349
Sympy [F]	349
Maxima [F]	350
Giac [F]	350
Mupad [F(-1)]	351
Reduce [F]	351

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{d^3(-1 + cx)^{7/2}(1 + cx)^{7/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{35d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} - \frac{63d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} + \frac{35d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} - \frac{7d^3 \cosh\left(\frac{7a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} - \frac{35d^3 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} + \frac{63d^3 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} - \frac{35d^3 \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c} + \frac{7d^3 \sinh\left(\frac{7a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64b^2c}$$

output

```
d^3*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+35/64*d^3*cosh(a/b)
*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-63/64*d^3*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(
c*x))/b)/b^2/c+35/64*d^3*cosh(5*a/b)*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-7/6
4*d^3*cosh(7*a/b)*Chi(7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-35/64*d^3*sinh(a/b)*Sh
i((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+63/64*d^3*sinh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)
))/b)/b^2/c-35/64*d^3*sinh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+7/64*d
^3*sinh(7*a/b)*Shi(7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d^3*(-64*b*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 64*b*c*x*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)
]) + 192*b*c^2*x^2*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 192*b*c^3*x^3*sqrt[(-1 + c
*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 192*b*c^4*x^4*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 192*b*c^5*x^5*
sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 64*b*c^6*x^6*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 64*
b*c^7*x^7*sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 35*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[a/b]*C
oshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - 63*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*Co
shIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 35*a*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[5*(a/
b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 35*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b +
ArcCosh[c*x])] - 7*a*Cosh[(7*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] -
7*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[(7*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - 35*
a*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - 35*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[a/b]
*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 63*a*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b
+ ArcCosh[c*x])] + 63*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b +
ArcCosh[c*x])] - 35*a*Sinh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] -
35*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 7*
a*Sinh[(7*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 7*b*ArcCosh[c*x]*Si
nh[(7*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[7*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(64*b^2*c*(a + b*ArcCos
h[c*x]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{d^3 (cx - 1)^{7/2} (cx + 1)^{7/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{7cd^3 \int \frac{x(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\frac{d^3 (cx - 1)^{7/2} (cx + 1)^{7/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{7d^3 \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^6\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2 c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$\frac{d^3 (cx - 1)^{7/2} (cx + 1)^{7/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{7d^3 \int \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{7a}{b} - \frac{7(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{5 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{9 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{64(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{5 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{64(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right)}{b^2 c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{d^3 (cx - 1)^{7/2} (cx + 1)^{7/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{7d^3 \left(-\frac{5}{64} \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) + \frac{9}{64} \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{5}{64} \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b^2 c}$$

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^3(-1 + cx)^{7/2}(1 + cx)^{7/2})/(b*c*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])) - (7*d^3 \\ & *((-5*\text{Cosh}[a/b]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 + (9*\text{Cosh}[(3*a)/b] \\ & *\text{CoshIntegral}[(3*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 - (5*\text{Cosh}[(5*a)/b]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(5*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 + (\text{Cosh}[(7*a)/b]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(7*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 + (5*\text{Sinh}[a/b]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 - (9*\text{Sinh}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 + (5*\text{Sinh}[(5*a)/b]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(5*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64 - (\text{Sinh}[(7*a)/b]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(7*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/64))/(b^2*c) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5971

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)*\text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{n*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 6319

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))}), x] - \text{Simp}[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{Int}[x*(1 + c*x)^{(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^{(p - 1/2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 6368

$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{(m + 1))))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p + 1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p + 3/2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 907 vs. $2(287) = 574$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 908, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(-64c^6x^6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+80c^4x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}-24\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+64c^7x^7-112c^5x^5+56c^3x^3-7cx)d^3}{128b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$
default	$-\frac{(-64c^6x^6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+80c^4x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}-24\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+64c^7x^7-112c^5x^5+56c^3x^3-7cx)d^3}{128b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-1/128*(-64*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+80*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-24*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+64*c^7*x^7-112*c^5*x^5+56*c^3*x^3-7*c*x)*d^3/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)))+7/128*d^3/b^2*exp(7*a/b)*Ei(1,7*arccosh(c*x)+7*a/b)+7/128*(-16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+5*c*x)*d^3/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-35/128*d^3/b^2*exp(5*a/b)*Ei(1,5*arccosh(c*x)+5*a/b)-21/128*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*d^3/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+63/128*d^3/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)+35/128*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d^3/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-35/128*d^3/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-35/128/b*d^3*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-35/128/b^2*d^3*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)+21/128/b*d^3*(4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+63/128/b^2*d^3*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)-7/128/b*d^3*(16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+5*c*x-12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-35/128/b^2*d^3*exp(-5*a/b)*Ei(1,-5*arccosh(c*x)-5*a/b)+1/128/b*d^3*(64*c^7*x^7-112*c^5*x^5+64*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+56*c^3*x^3-80*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-7*c*x+24*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = & -d^3 \left(\int \frac{3c^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} dx \right. \\ & + \int \left(-\frac{3c^4 x^4}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} \right) dx \\ & + \int \frac{c^6 x^6}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} dx \\ & \left. + \int \left(-\frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} \right) dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**3/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `-d**3*(Integral(3*c**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x) + Integral(-3*c**4*x**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x) + Integral(c**6*x**6/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x) + Integral(-1/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(c^9*d^3*x^9 - 4*c^7*d^3*x^7 + 6*c^5*d^3*x^5 - 4*c^3*d^3*x^3 + c*d^3*x + (c^8*d^3*x^8 - 4*c^6*d^3*x^6 + 6*c^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*c^2*d^3*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) - integrate((7*c^10*d^3*x^10 - 29*c^8*d^3*x^8 + 46*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 34*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 11*c^2*d^3*x^2 + (7*c^8*d^3*x^8 - 20*c^6*d^3*x^6 + 18*c^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) - d^3 + 7*(2*c^9*d^3*x^9 - 7*c^7*d^3*x^7 + 9*c^5*d^3*x^5 - 5*c^3*d^3*x^3 + c*d^3*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^3}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)^3/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx &= d^3 \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^6 \right. \\ &\quad + 3 \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^4 \\ &\quad - 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^2 \\ &\quad \left. + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^3/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `d**3*(- int(x**6/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**6 + 3*int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**4 - 3*int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x))`

3.34
$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 240

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = & -\frac{d^2(-1 + cx)^{5/2}(1 + cx)^{5/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\ & + \frac{5d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c} \\ & - \frac{15d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c} \\ & + \frac{5d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c} \\ & - \frac{5d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c} \\ & + \frac{15d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c} \\ & - \frac{5d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+5/8*d^2*cosh(a/b)*
Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-15/16*d^2*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c
*x))/b)/b^2/c+5/16*d^2*cosh(5*a/b)*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-5/8*d
^2*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+15/16*d^2*sinh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(
a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-5/16*d^2*sinh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b
)/b^2/c
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= d^2 \left(-\frac{16b \left(\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx} \right)^{5/2} (1+cx)^5}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 20 \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d^2*((-16*b*((-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x))^(5/2)*(1 + c*x)^5)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]
) + 20*(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshInt
egral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]
+ Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 5*(-2*Cosh[a/b]*C
oshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcC
osh[c*x])] + Cosh[(5*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 2*Sinh[a
/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b +
ArcCosh[c*x])] - Sinh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])))/(1
6*b^2*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{5cd^2 \int \frac{x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{d^2(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\frac{5d^2 \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c}{d^2(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$5d^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))$$

$$\frac{b^2c}{d^2(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{1}{8} \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{16} \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{16} \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{d^2(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))$$

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{d^2(-1+cx)^{5/2}(1+cx)^{5/2}}{b^2c(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])}\right) + (5d^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{Cosh}[a/b]\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{8} - \frac{3\operatorname{Cosh}[(3a)/b]\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(3(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{16} + \frac{\operatorname{Cosh}[(5a)/b]\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(5(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[a/b]\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{8} + \frac{3\operatorname{Sinh}[(3a)/b]\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(3(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[(5a)/b]\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(5(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/b]}{16}\right))/b^2c$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5971

$$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)x]^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)x)^{(m_.)}\operatorname{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)x]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + dx)^m, \operatorname{Sinh}[a + bx]^{n*} \operatorname{Cosh}[a + bx]^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 6319

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[(c_.)x]^{(b_.)}]^{(n_.)}((d_.) + (e_.)x^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+cx]\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+cx](d+ex^2)^p((a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])^{(n+1)})/(b^2c^{(n+1)}), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[c((2p+1)/(b^{(n+1)}))\operatorname{Simp}[(d+ex^2)^p/((1+cx)^p(-1+cx)^p)] \operatorname{Int}[x(1+cx)^{(p-1/2)}(-1+cx)^{(p-1/2)}(a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])^{(n+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c^2d+e, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p]$$

rule 6368

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[(c_.)x]^{(b_.)}]^{(n_.)}x^{(m_.)}((d1_.) + (e1_.)x)^{(p_.)}((d2_.) + (e2_.)x)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(b^2c^{(m+1)}))\operatorname{Simp}[(d1+e1x)^p/(1+cx)^p]\operatorname{Simp}[(d2+e2x)^p/(-1+cx)^p] \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^n\operatorname{Cosh}[-a/b+x/b]^m\operatorname{Sinh}[-a/b+x/b]^{(2p+1)}, x], x, a+b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p+3/2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 590 vs. $2(224) = 448$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(-16c^4x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+12\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+16c^5x^5-20c^3x^3+5cx)d^2}{32b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{5d^2e^{\frac{5a}{b}}\operatorname{expIntegral}_1(5\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{32b^2}$
default	$\frac{(-16c^4x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+12\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+16c^5x^5-20c^3x^3+5cx)d^2}{32b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{5d^2e^{\frac{5a}{b}}\operatorname{expIntegral}_1(5\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{32b^2}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/c*(1/32*(-16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+5*c*x)*d^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32*d^2/b^2*exp(5*a/b)*Ei(1,5*arccosh(c*x)+5*a/b)-5/32*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*d^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+15/32*d^2/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)+5/16*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/16*d^2/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-5/16/b*d^2*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/16/b^2*d^2*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)+5/32/b*d^2*(4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+15/32/b^2*d^2*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)-1/32/b*d^2*(16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+5*c*x-12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32/b^2*d^2*exp(-5*a/b)*Ei(1,-5*arccosh(c*x)-5*a/b))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*a
rccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = d^2 \left(\int \left(-\frac{2c^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)} \right) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{c^4 x^4}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)} dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
d**2*(Integral(-2*c**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2)
, x) + Integral(c**4*x**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2),
x) + Integral(1/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(c^7*d^2*x^7 - 3*c^5*d^2*x^5 + 3*c^3*d^2*x^3 - c*d^2*x + (c^6*d^2*x^6 - 3
*c^4*d^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^3*
x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(
c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1))) + integrate((5*c^8*d^2*x^8 - 16*c^6*d^2*x^6 + 18*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 8*c
^2*d^2*x^2 + (5*c^6*d^2*x^6 - 9*c^4*d^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*(c*x +
1)*(c*x - 1) + 5*(2*c^7*d^2*x^7 - 5*c^5*d^2*x^5 + 4*c^3*d^2*x^3 - c*d^2*x)
*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + d^2)/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b
*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*
x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*
x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + b^2)*log(c*x
+ sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = d^2 \left(\left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^4 \right. \\ \left. - 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^2 \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `d**2*(int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**4 - 2*int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x))`

3.35 $\int \frac{d-c^2 dx^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{d(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}}{bc(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{3d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c} - \frac{3d \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c} - \frac{3d \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c} + \frac{3d \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c}$$

output

```
d*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+3/4*d*cosh(a/b)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-3/4*d*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-3/4*d*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+3/4*d*sinh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{d \left(\frac{4b \left(\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx} \right)^{3/2} (1+cx)^3}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 3 \left(\cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Chi} \left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \right) - \cosh \left(\frac{3a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Chi} \left(3 \left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \right) \right) - \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Shi} \left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \right) + \sinh \left(\frac{3a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Shi} \left(3 \left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \right) \right) \right)}{4b^2 c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(d*((4*b*((-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x))^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^3)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) +
3*(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral
[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])] - Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Si
nh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(4*b^2*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {6319, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{d(cx - 1)^{3/2}(cx + 1)^{3/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{3cd \int \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3d \int \frac{\frac{d(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}}{bc(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} - \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\
 & \frac{3d \int \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3d \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \right)}{b^2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2))/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])) - (3*d*(-1/4*(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]) + (Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/4 + (Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/4 - (Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/4))/(b^2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^(n)*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 6368

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^q/(-1 + c*x)^q] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(-4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+4c^3x^3-3cx)d}{8b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{3de\frac{3a}{b}\operatorname{expIntegral}_1(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b})}{8b^2} + \frac{3(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+cx)d}{8b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$
default	$-\frac{(-4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+4c^3x^3-3cx)d}{8b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{3de\frac{3a}{b}\operatorname{expIntegral}_1(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b})}{8b^2} + \frac{3(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+cx)d}{8b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(-1/8*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*d/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+3/8*d/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)+3/8*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/8*d/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-3/8/b*d*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/8/b^2*d*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)+1/8/b*d*(4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+3/8/b^2*d*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -d \left(\int \frac{c^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} dx + \int \left(-\frac{1}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} \right) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `-d*(Integral(c**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x) + Integral(-1/(a**2 + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(c^5*d*x^5 - 2*c^3*d*x^3 + c*d*x + (c^4*d*x^4 - 2*c^2*d*x^2 + d)*sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x -
a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log
(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) - integrate((3*c^6*d*x^6 - 7*c^4*d*x^
4 + 5*c^2*d*x^2 + (3*c^4*d*x^4 - 2*c^2*d*x^2 - d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 3*
(2*c^5*d*x^5 - 3*c^3*d*x^3 + c*d*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - d)/(a*b*
c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3
- a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(
c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{c^2 dx^2 - d}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(-(c^2*d*x^2 - d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d - c^2 dx^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = d \left(- \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^2 + \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `d*(- int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**2 + int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x))`

$$3.36 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))^2,x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{c \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd} + \frac{1}{bcd\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6376

$$\frac{c \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd} + \frac{1}{bcd\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 - a^2*d + (b^2*c^2*d*x^2 - b^2*d)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*x^2 - a*b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2 c^2 x^2 - a^2 + 2abc^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) - 2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) - b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)} dx}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `-Integral(1/(a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x) - 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2 - b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x)/d`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^3*d*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*d*x - a*b*c*d + (b^2*c^3*d*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b^2*c^2*d*x - b^2*c*d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + integrate((c^4*x^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + (2*c^3*x^3 - c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 1)/(a*b*c^6*d*x^6 - 3*a*b*c^4*d*x^4 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*x^2 + (a*b*c^4*d*x^4 - a*b*c^2*d*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) - a*b*d + 2*(a*b*c^5*d*x^5 - 2*a*b*c^3*d*x^3 + a*b*c*d*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^6*d*x^6 - 3*b^2*c^4*d*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x^2 + (b^2*c^4*d*x^4 - b^2*c^2*d*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) - b^2*d + 2*(b^2*c^5*d*x^5 - 2*b^2*c^3*d*x^3 + b^2*c*d*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b c^2 x^2 - 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b + a^2 c^2 x^2 - a^2} dx}{d}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `(- int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x))/d`

3.37
$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 23.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$-\frac{3c \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd^2} - \frac{1}{bcd^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6376

$$-\frac{3c \int \frac{x}{(cx-1)^{5/2}(cx+1)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd^2} - \frac{1}{bcd^2(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 100.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{a^2 c^4 x^4 - 2 a^2 c^2 x^2 + a^2 + 2 a b c^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) - 4 a b c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + 2 a b \operatorname{acosh}(cx) + b^2 c^4 x^4 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) - 2 b^2 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) + b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)}{d^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*a**2*c**2*x**2 + a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x) - 4*a*b*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x) + 2*a*b*acosh(c*x) + b**2*c**4*x**4*acosh(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*c**2*x**2*acosh(c*x)**2 + b**2*acosh(c*x)**2), x)/d**2`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^5*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^2
+ a*b*c*d^2 + (a*b*c^4*d^2*x^3 - a*b*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1
) + (b^2*c^5*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*x^3 -
b^2*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c
*x - 1))) - integrate((3*c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + (3*c^2*x^2 - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(
c*x - 1) + 3*(2*c^3*x^3 - c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 1)/(a*b*c^8*d
^2*x^8 - 4*a*b*c^6*d^2*x^6 + 6*a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d
^2 + (a*b*c^6*d^2*x^6 - 2*a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*
x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^7*d^2*x^7 - 3*a*b*c^5*d^2*x^5 + 3*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^3 - a*b*
c*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^8*d^2*x^8 - 4*b^2*c^6*d^2*x^
6 + 6*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 4*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^6*d^2*x^6 - 2
*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 + b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^7*d^2*x
^7 - 3*b^2*c^5*d^2*x^5 + 3*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^3 - b^2*c*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
rt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2 dx^2 - d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(1/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```


Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^4 x^4 - 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^2 x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b c^4 x^4 - 4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b c^2 x^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b + a^2 c^4 x^4 - 2 a^2 c^2 x^2 + a^2} dx}{d^2}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 4*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*a**2*c**2*x**2 + a**2),x)/d**2`

3.38 $\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	377
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	378
Rubi [A] (verified)	378
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Fricas [F]	383
Sympy [F(-1)]	384
Maxima [F]	384
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Mupad [F(-1)]	385
Reduce [F]	385

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{5bc\pi^{5/2}x^2\sqrt{1-cx}}{32\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{5b\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}(1-c^2x^2)^2}{96c\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{b\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}(1-c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{5}{16}\pi^2x\sqrt{\pi-c^2\pi x^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{5}{24}\pi x(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output

```
-5/32*b*c*Pi^(5/2)*x^2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+5/96*b*Pi^(5/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+1/36*b*Pi^(5/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+5/16*Pi^2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+5/24*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/6*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32*Pi^(5/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{\pi^{5/2} \left(48acx \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (33 - 26c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) + 720a \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \right)}{2304c^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(Pi^(5/2)*(48*a*c*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 720*a*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)
)*ArcSin[c*x] - 288*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[
c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]])) + 36*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*Ar
cCosh[c*x]^2 + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]])
+ b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-72*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 18*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 9*C
osh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*Cosh[6*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 12*ArcCosh[c*x]*(-3*Sinh[2*
ArcCosh[c*x]] + 3*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] + Sinh[6*ArcCosh[c*x]]))))/(2304*c*
Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {6312, 82, 241, 6312, 25, 82, 244, 2009, 6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi^2 bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - cx)^2 (cx + 1)^2 dx}{6\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi^2 bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 dx}{6\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 241

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (1 - c^2 x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int -x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (1 - c^2 x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (1 - c^2 x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (1 - c^2 x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 244

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx - \frac{\pi bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int (x - c^2x^3) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(1 - c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\pi bc\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(1 - c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 6310

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(1 - c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{3}{4}\pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{\pi^2 b\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(1 - c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{1}{6}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ \frac{5}{6}\pi \left(\frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{4}\pi \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\pi^2 b\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(1 - c^2x^2)^3}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

input `Int[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b\pi^2(1 - c^2x^2)^3\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2})/(36c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}) \\ & + (x(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}(a + b\text{ArcCosh}[cx])/6 + (5\pi(-1/4 * (b*c*\pi*\sqrt{\pi - c^2*\pi*x^2}*(x^2/2 - (c^2*x^4)/4)))/(\sqrt{-1 + cx}*\sqrt{1 + cx})) \\ & + (x(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}(a + b\text{ArcCosh}[cx])/4 + (3\pi*(-1/4*(b*c*x^2*\sqrt{\pi - c^2*\pi*x^2}))/(\sqrt{-1 + cx}*\sqrt{1 + cx}) + (x*\sqrt{\pi - c^2*\pi*x^2}*(a + b\text{ArcCosh}[cx]))/2 - (\sqrt{\pi - c^2*\pi*x^2}*(a + b\text{ArcCosh}[cx])^2)/(4*b*c*\sqrt{-1 + cx}*\sqrt{1 + cx}))/4)/6 \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \ \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 82

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 241

$$\text{Int}[(x_*)((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*b*(p+1)), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 244

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 870 vs. $2(210) = 420$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 871, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

method	result
default	$\frac{ax(-\pi c^2x^2+\pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a\pi x(-\pi c^2x^2+\pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5a\pi^2x\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}}{16} + \frac{5a\pi^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}}\right)}{16\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{32\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{\pi c^2}}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax(-\pi c^2x^2+\pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a\pi x(-\pi c^2x^2+\pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5a\pi^2x\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}}{16} + \frac{5a\pi^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}}\right)}{16\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{32\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{\pi c^2}}\right)$

input

```
int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*a*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)+5/24*a*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+5/16*a*P
i^2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)+5/16*a*Pi^3/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*arctan((Pi*c^2)^(1
/2)*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))+b*(-5/32*Pi^(5/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)
^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^2+1/2304*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*
(32*c^7*x^7-64*c^5*x^5+32*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+38*c^3*x^3-48
*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x+18*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*
c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+6*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c
-3/512*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)
^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+4*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+15/256*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+15/256*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*
x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/
c-3/512*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*(-8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)
)+8*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(1+4*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/2304*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(5/2)*(-32*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+32*c^7*x^7+48
*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-64*c^5*x^5-18*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2)*c^2*x^2+38*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*(1+6*arccosh...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(pi^2*a*c^4*x^4 - 2*pi^2*a*c^2*x^2 + pi^2*a
+ (pi^2*b*c^4*x^4 - 2*pi^2*b*c^2*x^2 + pi^2*b)*arccosh(c*x)), x)

```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(5/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(15*pi^2*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*x + 10*pi*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*x + 8*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*x + 15*pi^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate((pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \pi^2 (15 a \sin(cx) a + 8 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^5 x^5 - 26 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^3 x^3 + 33 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c)}{48 c}$$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(pi)*pi**2*(15*asin(c*x)*a + 8*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**5*x**5 - 26*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**3*x**3 + 33*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x + 48*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*c**5 - 96*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*c**3 + 48*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c))/(48*c)`

3.39 $\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{3bc\pi^{3/2}x^2\sqrt{1-cx}}{16\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{b\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1-cx}(1-c^2x^2)^2}{16c\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{3}{8}\pi x\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{3\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1-cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{16bc\sqrt{-1+cx}}$$

output

```
-3/16*b*c*Pi^(3/2)*x^2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+1/16*b*Pi^(3/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+3/8*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/4*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/16*Pi^(3/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{128}\pi^{3/2} \left(-16ax\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(-5+2c^2x^2) + \frac{48a \arcsin(cx)}{c} - \frac{16b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(\cosh(2\arccos(cx)))}{16bc\sqrt{-1+cx}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(\text{Pi}^{3/2}*(-16*a*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2) + (48*a*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]) / c - (16*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(\text{Cosh}[2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]] + 2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]*(\text{ArcCosh}[c*x] - \text{Sinh}[2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]])))) / (c*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)) + (b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]^2 + \text{Cosh}[4*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]] - 4*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]*\text{Sinh}[4*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]])) / (c*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)))}{128}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 82, 244, 2009, 6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6312$$

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int -x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 82$$

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 244$$

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx - \frac{\pi bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int (x - c^2x^3) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\pi bc\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

↓ 6310

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\pi bc\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{3}{4}\pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\pi bc\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{4}\pi \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) - \frac{\pi bc\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

$$-1/4*(b*c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(x^2/2 - (c^2*x^4)/4))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/4 + (3*Pi*(-1/4*(b*c*x^2*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])))/4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \ \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 82

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 244

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{Expand} \ \text{Integrand}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6308

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_*)(x_*)*(b_*)]^{(n_*)}/(Sqrt[(d1_*) + (e1_*)(x_*)]*Sqrt[(d2_*) + (e2_*)(x_*)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*\text{Simp}[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 545 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

method	result
default	$\frac{ax(-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a\pi x\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{8} + \frac{3a\pi^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2} x}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} - \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax(-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a\pi x\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{8} + \frac{3a\pi^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2} x}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} - \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c}\right)$

input

```
int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+3/8*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)+3/8*a*Pi^
2/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*arctan((Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))+b*(-3/16*
Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^2-1
/256*Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/
2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+4*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(3/2)*(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x
-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(3/
2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c
*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-1/25
6*Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8*c^
5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(1+4*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(pi*a*c^2*x^2 - pi*a + (pi*b*c^2*x^2 - pi*
b)*arccosh(c*x)), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(3*pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*x + 2*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*x + 3*pi^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate((pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \pi (3a \sin(cx) a - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^3 x^3 + 5\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c x - 8(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cos(cx) dx + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{8c}$$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(pi)*pi*(3*asin(c*x)*a - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**3*x**3 + 5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x - 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*c**3 + 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c)/(8*c)`

3.40 $\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	394
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	394
Rubi [A] (verified)	395
Maple [B] (verified)	396
Fricas [F]	397
Sympy [F]	397
Maxima [F]	398
Giac [F(-2)]	398
Mupad [F(-1)]	398
Reduce [F]	399

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{\pi x^2} \sqrt{1 - cx}}{4\sqrt{-1 + cx}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{1 - cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}}$$

output
$$-1/4*b*c*Pi^{(1/2)}*x^2*(-c*x+1)^{(1/2)}/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}+1/2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))-1/4*Pi^{(1/2)}*(-c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\pi} \left(4ax\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} + \frac{4a \arcsin(cx)}{c} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + 2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))))}{c\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1 + cx)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Pi]*(4*a*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (4*a*ArcSin[c*x])/c - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))))/8`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6310$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 6308$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c*x^2*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 6308 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 6310 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/2)), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. $2(86) = 172$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result
default	$\frac{ax\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{2} + \frac{a\pi \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}(2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{16}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{2} + \frac{a\pi \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}(2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{16}\right)$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*a*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)+1/2*a*Pi/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*arctan((Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))+b*(-1/4*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^2+1/16*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(1+2*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \sqrt{\pi} \left(\int a \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int b \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(pi)*(Integral(a*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x), x))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*x + sqrt(pi)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} (a \sin(cx) a + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} acx + 2(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cosh(cx) dx) bc)}{2c}$$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(pi)*(asin(c*x)*a + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x + 2*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c))/(2*c)`

3.41 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi-c^2\pi x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	400
Mathematica [A] (verified)	400
Rubi [A] (verified)	401
Maple [B] (verified)	401
Fricas [F]	402
Sympy [F]	402
Maxima [F]	403
Giac [F(-2)]	403
Mupad [F(-1)]	403
Reduce [F]	404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-1 + cx}}$$

output $-1/2*(-c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2/b/c/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2],x]`

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi} - c^2*Pi*x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} - \frac{b \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{2\sqrt{\pi} c (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$	88
parts	$\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} - \frac{b \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{2\sqrt{\pi} c (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$	88

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*arctan((Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))-1/2*b/Pi^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(1/2),x)`

output `(Integral(a/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x)/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/sqrt(pi)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2), x) + a*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(pi)*c)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \frac{a \sin(cx) a + \left(\int \frac{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) bc}{\sqrt{\pi} c}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)`

output `(asin(c*x)*a + int(acosh(c*x)/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b*c)/(sqrt(pi)*c)`

3.42 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Rubi [A] (verified)	406
Maple [B] (verified)	407
Fricas [F]	407
Sympy [F]	408
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Giac [F(-2)]	408
Mupad [F(-1)]	409
Reduce [F]	409

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{2c\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)-1/2*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/Pi^(3/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2acx + 2bcx\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{2c\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*c*x + 2*b*c*x*ArcCosh[c*x] - b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*Pi^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6314

$$\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 240

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \log(1-c^2x^2)}{2\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 240

```
Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 6314

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n-1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
default	$\frac{ax}{\pi\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)x}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \ln\left(\frac{cx+\sqrt{cx^2-1}}{c}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}c(c^2x^2-1)}$
parts	$\frac{ax}{\pi\sqrt{-\pi c^2x^2+\pi}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)x}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \ln\left(\frac{cx+\sqrt{cx^2-1}}{c}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}c(c^2x^2-1)}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{a}{\pi x \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} - \frac{b}{\pi^{3/2}} \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} (c x - 1)^{1/2} (c x + 1)^{1/2}}{c (c^2 x^2 - 1) \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)} - \frac{b}{\pi^{3/2}} \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{(c^2 x^2 - 1) x} + \frac{b}{\pi^{3/2}} \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} (c x - 1)^{1/2} (c x + 1)^{1/2}}{c (c^2 x^2 - 1) \ln\left(\frac{c x + \sqrt{c x^2 - 1}}{c}\right)}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(pi^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*pi^2*c^2*x^2 + pi^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a}{-c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{-c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx}{\pi^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(3/2),x)`

output `(Integral(a/(-c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x) + Integral(b*acosh(c*x)/(-c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x))/pi**(3/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc \sqrt{-\frac{1}{\pi c^4}} \log\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}\right)}{2\pi} + \frac{bx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{ax}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*c*sqrt(-1/(pi*c^4))*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/pi + b*x*arccosh(c*x)/(pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)) + a*x/(pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2))`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b + ax}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \pi}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**
2 - sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b + a*x)/(sqrt(pi)*sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*p
i)
```

3.43 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx}}{6c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{3c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6acx + 4ac^3x^3 - b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} + 2bcx(-3 + 2c^2x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - 2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(-1 + c^2x^2)}{6c\pi^{5/2}(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(-6*a*c*x + 4*a*c^3*x^3 - b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] + 2*b*c*x*(-3 + 2*c^2*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x] - 2*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Pi^(5/2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {6316, 82, 241, 6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{82} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2 x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2 c(1 - c^2 x^2)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2 x^2} dx}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2 c(1 - c^2 x^2)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 240 \\
 & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\log(1-c^2x^2)}{2\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3\pi} + \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2 c(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(6*c*Pi^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*Pi*(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]))) / (3*Pi)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 82 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6316

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p +
1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*
ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p/((1 +
c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 474 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{3\pi(-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 - 3cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) (8\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}$
parts	$a \left(\frac{x}{3\pi(-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 - 3cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}) (8\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/3/Pi*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+2/3/Pi^2*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))-1/6*
b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/
2)*c^2*x^2-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*1
n((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^5*c^5-8*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^6*c^6-20*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^3*c^3+24*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^
2-1)*x^4*c^4+2*c^3*x^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c^4*x^4+6*c^2*x^2*arc
cosh(c*x)+12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/
2))^2-1)*x*c-24*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^2*c^2-3*(c*x-1
)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+4*c^2*x^2-8*arccosh(c*x)+8*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)-2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(pi^3*c^6*x^6 - 3*pi^3*c^4*x^4 + 3*pi^3*c^2*x^2 - pi^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{1}{6} bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\pi}}{\pi^3 c^4 x^2 - \pi^3 c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\pi} \log(cx+1)}{\pi^3 c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\pi} \log(cx-1)}{\pi^3 c^2} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} b \left(\frac{x}{\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} a \left(\frac{x}{\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*b*c*(sqrt(-pi)/(pi^3*c^4*x^2 - pi^3*c^2) + 2*sqrt(-pi)*log(c*x + 1)/(p
i^3*c^2) + 2*sqrt(-pi)*log(c*x - 1)/(pi^3*c^2)) + 1/3*b*(x/(pi*(pi - pi*c^
2*x^2)^(3/2)) + 2*x/(pi^2*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)))*arccosh(c*x) + 1/3*a*(x/
(pi*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + 2*x/(pi^2*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)))
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b c^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \pi^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*b*c**2*x**2-3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*b+2*a*c**2*x**3-3*a*x)/(3*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*pi**2*(c**2*x**2-1))`

3.44 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	418
Rubi [A] (verified)	418
Maple [B] (verified)	421
Fricas [F]	422
Sympy [F(-1)]	423
Maxima [F]	423
Giac [F(-2)]	423
Mupad [F(-1)]	424
Reduce [F]	424

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx}}{20c\pi^{7/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}(1 - c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}}{15c\pi^{7/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}(1 - c^2x^2)} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15\pi^2(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15\pi^3\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\log(1 - c^2x^2)}{15c\pi^{7/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}}$$

output

```
1/20*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)/c/Pi^(7/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^2+2/15*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)/c/Pi^(7/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)+1/5*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)+4/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+8/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/Pi^3/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)-4/15*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/Pi^(7/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{60acx - 80ac^3x^3 + 32ac^5x^5 + 11b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx} - 8bc^2x^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{60(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(60*a*c*x - 80*a*c^3*x^3 + 32*a*c^5*x^5 + 11*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] - 8*b*c^2*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] + 4*b*c*x*(15 - 20*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)*ArcCosh[c*x] - 16*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(60*c*Pi^(7/2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {6316, 25, 82, 241, 6316, 82, 241, 6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5\pi} - \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int -\frac{x}{(1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3} dx}{5\pi^3\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3} dx}{5\pi^3\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 82

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^3} dx}{5\pi^3\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 241 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20\pi^3c(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6316 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5\pi} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20\pi^3c(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 82 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5\pi} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20\pi^3c(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 241 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2c(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)}{5\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20\pi^3c(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6314 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2c(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)}{5\pi} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20\pi^3c(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 240
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3\pi(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\log(1-c^2x^2)}{2\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3\pi} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6\pi^2 c(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right)}{20\pi^3 c(1-c^2x^2)^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} +$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(20*c*Pi^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(5*Pi*(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*((b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(6*c*Pi^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*Pi*(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])))/(3*Pi)))/(5*Pi)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 82

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] :> Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 240

```
Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 241

```
Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 6314

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp
[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e},
x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6316

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p +
1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*
ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 +
c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2224 vs. $2(189) = 378$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2225, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2225
parts	Expression too large to display	2225

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-64*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-51
7*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*arccosh(c*x)*x+128/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7
/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^12
*x^13-176/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^
6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^10*x^11+2552/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/P
i^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*
c^8*x^9-3986/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+46
9*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^6*x^7+3526/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64
)*c^4*x^5-334/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+46
9*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^2*x^3+a*(1/5/Pi*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)
^(5/2)+4/5/Pi*(1/3/Pi*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+2/3/Pi^2*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)
^(1/2)))+64/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*
c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^7*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccos
h(c*x)*x^8-280/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+4
69*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^5*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arc
cosh(c*x)*x^6+784/5*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^
8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*
arccosh(c*x)*x^4-1784/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(7/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c
^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(pi^4*c^8*x^8 - 4*pi^4
*c^6*x^6 + 6*pi^4*c^4*x^4 - 4*pi^4*c^2*x^2 + pi^4), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*a*(3*x/(pi*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + 4*x/(pi^2*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + 8*x/(pi^3*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2))) + b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^6 x^6 - 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 + 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b c^4 x}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(7/2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b*c**4*x**4 + 30*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b*c**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b + 8*a*c**4*x**5 - 20*a*c**2*x**3 + 15*a*x)/(15*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*pi**3*(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1))`

3.45 $\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	425
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	426
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [B] (verified)	431
Fricas [F]	432
Sympy [F(-1)]	433
Maxima [F]	433
Giac [F(-2)]	433
Mupad [F(-1)]	434
Reduce [F]	434

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int (\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{15}{64}b^2\pi^{3/2}x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{1+cx} + \frac{1}{32}b^2\pi^{3/2}x(1-cx)^{3/2}(1+cx)^{3/2} + \frac{9b^2\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1-cx}\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{64c\sqrt{-1+cx}} - \frac{3bc\pi^{3/2}x^2\sqrt{1-cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{8\sqrt{-1+cx}} + \frac{b\pi}{8\sqrt{-1+cx}}$$

output

```
15/64*b^2*Pi^(3/2)*x*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/32*b^2*Pi^(3/2)*x*(-c*x+1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)+9/64*b^2*Pi^(3/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)-3/8*b*c*Pi^(3/2)*x^2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+1/8*b*Pi^(3/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+3/8*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/4*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2-1/8*Pi^(3/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{\pi^{3/2} \left(-96a^2 cx \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (-5+2c^2x^2) + 288a^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \right)}{768c \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(Pi^(3/2)*(-96*a^2*c*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 288*a^2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcSin[c*x] - 192*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]])) - 32*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(4*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 + 6*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*(1 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 12*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(32*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 + 12*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*(1 + 8*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/ (768*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 6310, 6298, 101, 43, 6308, 6327, 6329, 40, 40, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int -x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \\
& \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{3}{4}\pi \int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \\
& \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 6310 \\
& - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}\pi \left(- \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 6298 \\
& - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}\pi \left(- \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 101 \\
& - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}\pi \left(- \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 43
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \pi \left(- \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6308

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \pi \left(- \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6327

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \pi \left(- \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6329

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{b \int (cx - 1)^{3/2} (cx + 1)^{3/2} dx}{4c} - \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \pi \left(- \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 40

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\pi bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} x (cx - 1)^{3/2} (cx + 1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} dx \right)}{4c} - \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \pi \left(- \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 40

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\pi bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} x (cx-1)^{3/2} (cx+1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right) \right)}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 +}{\frac{3}{4} \pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right)}{43} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} x (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 -}{\pi bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} x (cx-1)^{3/2} (cx+1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c} \right) \right)}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4} \pi \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (x*(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/4 + (3*Pi*((x*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/2 - (Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) - (b*c*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*((x^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (b*c*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(2*c^2) + ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/2))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/4 - (b*c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(-1/4*((1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])))/c^2 + (b*((x*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2))/4 - (3*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/2 - ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c)))/4))/(4*c))/(2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 40 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b*x})^{\text{m}} * ((\text{c} + \text{d*x})^{\text{m}} / (2*\text{m} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2*\text{a}*c * (\text{m} / (2*\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b*x})^{\text{m} - 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d*x})^{\text{m} - 1}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{m} + 1/2, 0]$

rule 43 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_)]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)] / (b*\text{Sqrt}[d/b]), \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d/b, 0]$

rule 101 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_))^{2} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(\text{a} + \text{b*x}) * (\text{c} + \text{d*x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * ((\text{e} + \text{f*x})^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{d*f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{d*f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d*x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{e} + \text{f*x})^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[\text{a}^2 * \text{d*f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3) - \text{b} * (\text{b*c*e} + \text{a} * (\text{d*e} * (\text{n} + 1) + \text{c*f} * (\text{p} + 1))) + \text{b} * (\text{a*d*f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 4) - \text{b} * (\text{d*e} * (\text{n} + 2) + \text{c*f} * (\text{p} + 2))) * \text{x}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n} + \text{p} + 3, 0]$

rule 6298 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{d*x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b*ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{n}} / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[b*c * (\text{n} / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d*x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b*ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(\text{n} - 1)} / (\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c*x}] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c*x}]), \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$

rule 6308 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_))^{(\text{n}_)} / (\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d1}_) + (\text{e1}_)*(\text{x}_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{d2}_) + (\text{e2}_)*(\text{x}_)]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{b*c} * (\text{n} + 1))) * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c*x}] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{d1} + \text{e1*x}] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c*x}] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{d2} + \text{e2*x}] * (\text{a} + \text{b*ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(\text{n} + 1)}, \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, \text{d1}, \text{e1}, \text{d2}, \text{e2}, \text{n}\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{e1}, \text{c*d1}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{e2}, (-\text{c}) * \text{d2}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n}, -1]$

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6329

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 +
c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] &&
GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1060 vs. $2(245) = 490$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1061
parts	Expression too large to display	1061

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*a^2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+3/8*a^2*Pi*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)+3/8*a \\ & ^2*Pi^2/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))+b^2 \\ & *(-1/8*Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\arccosh(c \\ & *x)^3-1/512*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(3/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c \\ & *x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x \\ & -1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(8*\arccosh(c*x)^2-4*\arccosh(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+ \\ & 1)/c+1/16*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(3/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c* \\ & x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(2*\arccosh(c*x)^2-2*\arccos \\ & h(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Pi^(3/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(\\ & 1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(2 \\ & *\arccosh(c*x)^2+2*\arccosh(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-1/512*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/ \\ & 2)*Pi^(3/2)*(-8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1 \\ & /2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(8 \\ & *\arccosh(c*x)^2+4*\arccosh(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+2*a*b*(-3/16*Pi^(3/2) \\ & *(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\arccosh(c*x)^2-1/256*Pi^ \\ & (3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c* \\ & x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+ \\ & 1)^(1/2))*(-1+4*\arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1) \\ & ^{(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2) \\ &)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*\arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(3/2)*(-... \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(pi*a^2*c^2*x^2 - pi*a^2 + (pi*b^2*c^2*x^2 - pi*b^2)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(pi*a*b*c^2*x^2 - pi*a*b)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(3*pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*x + 2*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*x + 3*pi^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2 + integrate((pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*a*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \pi (3a \sin(cx) a^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 c^3 x^3 + 5\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 cx - 16(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2)}{8c}$$

input

```
int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(pi)*pi*(3*asin(c*x)*a**2 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c**3*x**3 +
5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c*x - 16*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c
*x)*x**2,x)*a*b*c**3 + 16*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*a*b*c -
8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**3 + 8*int(sqrt
(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c))/(8*c)
```

3.46 $\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	435
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	436
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Fricas [F]	439
Sympy [F]	440
Maxima [F]	440
Giac [F(-2)]	441
Mupad [F(-1)]	441
Reduce [F]	441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 \sqrt{\pi} x \sqrt{1 - cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{1 - cx} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{4c \sqrt{-1 + cx}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{1 - cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2 \sqrt{-1 + cx}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{1 - cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{-1 + cx}}$$

output

```
1/4*b^2*Pi^(1/2)*x*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/4*b^2*Pi^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)-1/2*b*c*Pi^(1/2)*x^2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2-1/6*Pi^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{\pi} \left(12a^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} + \frac{12a^2 \arcsin(cx)}{c} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{6ab \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (\cosh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sinh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))))}{c \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3 + 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \cosh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - 3(1 + 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2) \sinh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Pi]*(12*a^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (12*a^2*ArcSin[c*x])/c - (6*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]))))/(c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)) - (b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(4*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 + 6*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*(1 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)))/24`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {6310, 6298, 101, 43, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6310

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6298} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{101} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{43} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/2 - (Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]
]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) - (b*c*Sqrt
[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]*((x^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (b*c*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*
Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(2*c^2) + ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/2))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1
+ c*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 43 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[d/b]), x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]
- rule 101 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]
- rule 6298 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
- rule 6308 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)})/(\text{Sqrt}[(d1_) + (e1_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(d2_) + (e2_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x]]*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
- rule 6310 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/2}), x] + (-\text{Simp}[(1/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)}, x], x]) /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 532 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 533, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{2} + \frac{a^2 \pi \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{2} + \frac{a^2 \pi \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} \right)$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*a^2*x*(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*Pi/(Pi*c^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((Pi*c^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)*x}/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))+b^2*(-1/6*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c* \\ & x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^3+1/16*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2) \\ & *(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x \\ & +1)^(1/2))*(2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2-2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(\\ & 1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+ \\ & (c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)+1)/(c* \\ & x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+2*a*b*(-1/4*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x \\ & +1)^(1/2)/c*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2+1/16*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c \\ & *x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+ \\ & 2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*Pi^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(c* \\ & x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c \\ & *x)*(1+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) +
a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \sqrt{\pi} \left(\int a^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int b^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 2ab \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(pi)*(Integral(a**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(b**2*sqrt(-c**
2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(
c*x), x))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
1/2*(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*x + sqrt(pi)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2 + integrate(sqrt
(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*sqrt(p
i - pi*c^2*x^2)*a*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} (a \sin(cx) a^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 cx + 4(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx) abc + 2(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx)^2}{2c}$$

input `int((-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(pi)*(asin(c*x)*a**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c*x + 4*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*a*b*c + 2*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c))/(2*c)
```

$$3.47 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi-c^2\pi x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	443
Mathematica [A] (verified)	443
Rubi [A] (verified)	444
Maple [B] (verified)	444
Fricas [F]	445
Sympy [F]	445
Maxima [F]	446
Giac [F(-2)]	446
Mupad [F(-1)]	447
Reduce [F]	447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-1 + cx}}$$

output $-1/3*(-c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^3/b/c/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi} - c^2*\operatorname{Pi}*x^2], x]$

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi} - c^2*\operatorname{Pi}*x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{3\sqrt{\pi} c(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{\sqrt{\pi} c(c^2 x^2 - 1)}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{3\sqrt{\pi} c(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{\sqrt{\pi} c(c^2 x^2 - 1)}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{\pi} c^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x}}{\sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}\right) - \frac{1}{3} \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{c(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{c(c^2 x^2 - 1)}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(1/2),x)`

output $(\text{Integral}(a^{**2}/\text{sqrt}(-c^{**2}*x^{**2} + 1), x) + \text{Integral}(b^{**2}*\text{acosh}(c*x)^{**2}/\text{sqrt}(-c^{**2}*x^{**2} + 1), x) + \text{Integral}(2*a*b*\text{acosh}(c*x)/\text{sqrt}(-c^{**2}*x^{**2} + 1), x))/\text{sqrt}(\text{pi})$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \text{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $a^2*\arcsin(c*x)/(\text{sqrt}(\text{pi})*c) + \text{integrate}(b^2*\log(c*x + \text{sqrt}(c*x + 1))*\text{sqrt}(c*x - 1))^2/\text{sqrt}(\text{pi} - \text{pi}*c^2*x^2) + 2*a*b*\log(c*x + \text{sqrt}(c*x + 1))*\text{sqrt}(c*x - 1))/\text{sqrt}(\text{pi} - \text{pi}*c^2*x^2), x)$

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{\pi - c^2 \pi x^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{asin}(cx) a^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) abc + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b^2 c}{\sqrt{\pi} c}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)`

output `(asin(c*x)*a**2 + 2*int(acosh(c*x)/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*c + int(acosh(c*x)**2/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*c)/(sqrt(pi)*c)`

3.48
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	448
Mathematica [A] (verified)	449
Rubi [C] (verified)	449
Maple [B] (verified)	452
Fricas [F]	453
Sympy [F]	453
Maxima [F]	454
Giac [F(-2)]	454
Mupad [F(-1)]	455
Reduce [F]	455

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{c\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{c\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}} - \frac{b^2\sqrt{-1 + cx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{c\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - cx}}$$

output

```
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c/Pi^(3/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)+x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/Pi/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)-2*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*ln(1-(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/Pi^(3/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)-b^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*polylog(2,(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/Pi^(3/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}((a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-2b\log(1-e^a))}{\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{1}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 + (Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x])*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x] - 2*b*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b*Log[1 + E^Ar
cCosh[c*x]]) - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcC
osh[c*x]]))/c)/(Pi^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {6314, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6314$$

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 6328$$

$$\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{cx(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int -i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(\operatorname{iarccosh}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(\operatorname{iarccosh}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4199} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}b \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{2}\log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})\right)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})\right) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2]) + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])])/4))/ (c*Pi*Sqrt[Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/ ((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4199 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6328 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 559 vs. $2(168) = 336$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 x}{\pi \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c (c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 x}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} (c^2 x^2 - 1)} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\pi}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 x}{\pi \sqrt{-\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c (c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 x}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} (c^2 x^2 - 1)} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\pi}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a^2/Pi*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2)-b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2-b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*arccosh(c*x)^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*x+2*b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/
2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*l
n(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2/Pi^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
)^(1/2))-2*a*b/Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/(
c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)-2*a*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(3/2)*arccosh(c*x)/(c^
2*x^2-1)*x+2*a*b/Pi^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c
/(c^2*x^2-1)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```

integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas
")

```

output

```

integral(sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) +
a^2)/(pi^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*pi^2*c^2*x^2 + pi^2), x)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{-c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{acosh}^2(cx)}{-c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{2ab \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{-c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input

```

integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(3/2),x)

```

output

```
(Integral(a**2/(-c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x) + Integral(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(-c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x) + Integral(2*a*b*acosh(c*x)/(-c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x))/pi**(3/2)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-a*b*c*sqrt(-1/(pi*c^4))*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/pi + b^2*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2), x) + 2*a*b*x*arccosh(c*x)/(pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)) + a^2*x/(pi*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2))
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) ab - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acos}}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2} dx \right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \pi}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*a*b - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acos(c*x)**2/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b**2 + a**2*x)/(sqrt(pi)*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*pi)`

3.49
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	456
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	457
Rubi [C] (verified)	457
Maple [B] (verified)	463
Fricas [F]	464
Sympy [F]	465
Maxima [F]	465
Giac [F(-2)]	466
Mupad [F(-1)]	466
Reduce [F]	466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 289

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{b^2x}{3\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{1+cx}} \\ &+ \frac{b\sqrt{-1+cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}(1-c^2x^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{-1+cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}} \\ &+ \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi - c^2\pi x^2}} \\ &- \frac{4b\sqrt{-1+cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{3c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}} \\ &- \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-1+cx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{3c\pi^{5/2}\sqrt{1-cx}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/3*b^2*x/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(a+b*
arccosh(c*x))/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)+2/3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(a+
b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/Pi/
(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/Pi^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1
/2)-4/3*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*ln(1-(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
^(1/2))^2)/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*b^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*polylog(2,(c*x+
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/Pi^(5/2)/(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2cx(-3 + 2c^2x^2) + ab\left(-2cx(-3 + 2c^2x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{(-1+c^2x^2)(1+2(-1+...)}{...}\right)}{...}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2), x]`output `(-(a^2*c*x*(-3 + 2*c^2*x^2)) + a*b*(-2*c*x*(-3 + 2*c^2*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x] + ((-1 + c^2*x^2)*(1 + 2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Log[-1 + c*x] + 2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Log[1 + c*x]))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])) + b^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(-(ArcCosh[c*x]*(Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x) + c*x*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(-1 + c^2*x^2)) + c*x*(-1 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2) - 2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] + 2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCosh[c*x])])/(3*c*Pi^(5/2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))`**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6316, 6314, 6327, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838, 6329, 41}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi-c^2\pi x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 6314 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}\right)}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 6327 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}\right)}{3\pi} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 6328 \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{cx(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} dx}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}\right)}{3\pi} + \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int -i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}}\right)}{3\pi} + \\
& \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

4199

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

25

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

2620

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{\pi c\sqrt{\pi-\pi c^2x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{3\pi(\pi-\pi c^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

2715

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{\pi c \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

2838

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) \right) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4}}{\pi c \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

6329

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2c} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{2c^2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) \right) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4}}{\pi c \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

41

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\pi \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) \right) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4}}{\pi c \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3\pi (\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\frac{3\pi}{2c^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{bx}{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{3\pi^2 \sqrt{\pi - \pi c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(Pi - c^2*Pi*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/(3*\text{Pi}*(\text{Pi} - c^2*\text{Pi}*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*b*c*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(-1/2*(b*x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]) + (a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])/(2*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2))))/(3*\text{Pi}^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi} - c^2*\text{Pi}*x^2]) + (2*((x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/(\text{Pi}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi} - c^2*\text{Pi}*x^2]) + ((2*I)*b*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])*\text{Log}[1 - E^(2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])]) - (b*\text{PolyLog}[2, E^(2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])])]/4)))/(c*\text{Pi}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi} - c^2*\text{Pi}*x^2])))/(3*\text{Pi})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 26
$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 41
$$\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(3/2)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(3/2)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0]$$

rule 2620
$$\text{Int}[(((F_)^{((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))})^{(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_))})/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^{((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))})^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])]*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x))})^n/a)], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x))})^n/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 2715
$$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^{((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))})^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{(e*(c + d*x))})^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 2838
$$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4199 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6316 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

rule 6327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p_.))*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 6328 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)*(x_)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6329

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 +
c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] &&
GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2372 vs. $2(267) = 534$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2373, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.21

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2373
parts	Expression too large to display	2373

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

4/3*b^2/Pi^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2
-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+4/3*b^2/Pi^(5/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln
(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+4/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3
*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)*arccosh(c*x)*x^5+2*b
^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^3*(c*
x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^4-10/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi
^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)*arccosh(c*x
)*x^3-14/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^
2-4)*c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^2+b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1
/2)*arccosh(c*x)*x^2+a^2*(1/3/Pi*x/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)+2/3/Pi^2*x/(-Pi*
c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2))-16/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*
x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*arccosh(c*x)*x^3-4/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)
/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*(c*x-1)*(
c*x+1)*x-4/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*
x^2-4)*c^6*arccosh(c*x)*x^7-2*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-1
0*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^5+14/3*b^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/Pi^(5/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*arccosh(c*x)*x^5+17/3...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```

integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas
")

```

output

```

integral(-sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) +
a^2)/(pi^3*c^6*x^6 - 3*pi^3*c^4*x^4 + 3*pi^3*c^2*x^2 - pi^3), x)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{c^4 x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 2c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccosh}^2(cx)}{c^4 x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 2c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-pi*c**2*x**2+pi)**(5/2),x)`

output `(Integral(a**2/(c**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) - 2*c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x) + Integral(b**2*acosh(c*x)**2/(c**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) - 2*c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x) + Integral(2*a*b*acosh(c*x)/(c**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) - 2*c**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x))/pi**(5/2)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(\pi - \pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*b*c*(sqrt(-pi)/(pi^3*c^4*x^2 - pi^3*c^2) + 2*sqrt(-pi)*log(c*x + 1)/(pi^3*c^2) + 2*sqrt(-pi)*log(c*x - 1)/(pi^3*c^2)) + 2/3*a*b*(x/(pi*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + 2*x/(pi^2*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2))*arccosh(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*(x/(pi*(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + 2*x/(pi^2*sqrt(pi - pi*c^2*x^2))) + b^2*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)^(2/(pi - pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-pi*c^2*x^2+pi)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(\Pi - \Pi c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(Pi - Pi*c^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(\pi - c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx \right) ab c^2 x^2 - 6\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4
-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*a*b*c**
2*x**2-6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c
**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)
*a*b+3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*
c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)
)*b**2*c**2*x**2-3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(sqrt(-c**
2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*
x**2+1)),x)*b**2+2*a**2*c**2*x**3-3*a**2*x)/(3*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-c**2
*x**2+1)*pi**2*(c**2*x**2-1))
```

3.50 $\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx$

Optimal result	468
Mathematica [A] (verified)	468
Rubi [A] (verified)	469
Maple [B] (verified)	470
Fricas [F]	471
Sympy [F]	471
Maxima [F(-2)]	471
Giac [F]	472
Mupad [F(-1)]	472
Reduce [F]	472

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4\sqrt{-1+x}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \operatorname{arccosh}(x)^2}{4\sqrt{-1+x}}$$

output
$$-1/4*(1-x)^{(1/2)}*x^2/(-1+x)^{(1/2)}+1/2*x*(-x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(x)-1/4*(1-x)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(x)^2/(-1+x)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \frac{\sqrt{-((-1+x)(1+x))}(\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(x)) + 2\operatorname{arccosh}(x)(\operatorname{arccosh}(x) - \sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(x))))}{8\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{1+x}}(1+x)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x], x]`

output
$$-1/8*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((-1+x)*(1+x))]*(\operatorname{Cosh}[2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x]] + 2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x]*(\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x] - \operatorname{Sinh}[2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x]])))/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-1+x)/(1+x)]*(1+x))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6310} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{1-x} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(x)}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{x-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{x-1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{1-x} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(x)}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{x-1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x \operatorname{arccosh}(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-xx^2}}{4\sqrt{x-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x \operatorname{arccosh}(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \operatorname{arccosh}(x)^2}{4\sqrt{x-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-xx^2}}{4\sqrt{x-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x], x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[1 - x]*x^2)/Sqrt[-1 + x] + (x*Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x])/2 - (Sqrt[1 - x]*ArcCosh[x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[-1 + x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. $2(50) = 100$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(x)^2}{4\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} (2x^3-2x+2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+x}x^2-\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x})(-1+2 \operatorname{arccosh}(x))}{16(1+x)(-1+x)} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1} (-2\sqrt{1+x})}{16(1+x)(-1+x)}$

input

```
int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)*arccosh(x)^2+1/16*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*x^3-2*x+2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(-1+x)^(1/2)*x^2-(-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(x))/(1+x)/(-1+x)+1/16*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(-1+x)^(1/2)*x^2+2*x^3+(-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)-2*x)*(1+2*arccosh(x))/(1+x)/(-1+x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \int \sqrt{-x^2+1} \operatorname{arcosh}(x) dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*arccosh(x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \int \sqrt{-(x-1)(x+1)} \operatorname{acosh}(x) dx$$

input `integrate((-x**2+1)**(1/2)*acosh(x),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1))*acosh(x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \int \sqrt{-x^2+1} \operatorname{arcosh}(x) dx$$

input `integrate((-x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*arccosh(x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(x) \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(x) dx = \int \sqrt{-x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(x) dx$$

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)*acosh(x),x)`

output `int(sqrt(-x**2 + 1)*acosh(x),x)`

3.51 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx$

Optimal result	473
Mathematica [A] (verified)	473
Rubi [A] (verified)	474
Maple [A] (verified)	474
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	475
Sympy [F]	475
Maxima [F]	476
Giac [F]	476
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	477
Reduce [F]	477

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{2a\sqrt{-1+ax} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$$

output

$$1/2*(-a*x+1)^{(1/2)}/a/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1+ax} \sqrt{1+ax}}{2a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[1/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1-a^2*x^2]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^3),x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a*x])/ (a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1-a^2*x^2]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$-\frac{\sqrt{ax-1}}{2a\sqrt{1-ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3), x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]/(a*Sqrt[1 - a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x
] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2(a^2x^2-1)a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}$	51

input `int(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/(a^2*x^2-1)/a/arc
cosh(a*x)^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2(a^3x^2-a)\log(ax+\sqrt{a^2x^2-1})^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2
*x^2 - 1)))^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}\operatorname{acosh}^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*acosh(a*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(a^7*x^7 - 3*a^5*x^5 + 3*a^3*x^3 + (a^4*x^4 - a^2*x^2)*(a*x + 1)^(3/2)
)*(a*x - 1)^(3/2) + (3*a^5*x^5 - 5*a^3*x^3 + 2*a*x)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) +
(3*a^6*x^6 - 7*a^4*x^4 + 5*a^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - a*x
- (a^5*x^5 - 2*a^3*x^3 - (a^2*x^2 - 1)*(a*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a*x - 1)^(3/2) - (
a^3*x^3 - a*x)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + (a^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(a*x +
1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + a*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)))/(((a*x + 1
)^2*(a*x - 1)^(3/2)*a^4*x^3 + 3*(a^5*x^4 - a^3*x^2)*(a*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a*x -
1) + 3*(a^6*x^5 - 2*a^4*x^3 + a^2*x)*(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + (a^7*x^6 -
3*a^5*x^4 + 3*a^3*x^2 - a)*sqrt(a*x + 1))*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*log(a*x + sqrt(a
*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))^2) - integrate(-1/2*(2*a^6*x^6 - 3*a^4*x^4 - (2*a^2
*x^2 - 3)*(a*x + 1)^2*(a*x - 1)^2 - 4*(a^3*x^3 - a*x)*(a*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a*x
- 1)^(3/2) - 4*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*(a*x + 1)*(a*x - 1) + 4*(a^5*x^5 - 2*a^3*x^3
+ a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + 1)/(((a*x + 1)^(5/2)*(a*x - 1)^2*a^4
*x^4 + 4*(a^5*x^5 - a^3*x^3)*(a*x + 1)^2*(a*x - 1)^(3/2) + 6*(a^6*x^6 - 2*
a^4*x^4 + a^2*x^2)*(a*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a*x - 1) + 4*(a^7*x^7 - 3*a^5*x^5 + 3*
a^3*x^3 - a*x)*(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) + (a^8*x^8 - 4*a^6*x^6 + 6*a^4*x^4
- 4*a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1))*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sq
r(a*x - 1))), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccosh(a*x)^3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2(2a^2x^2-2)}$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^3*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x - 1)^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)^(1/2))/(a*acosh(a*x)^2*(2*a^2*x^2 - 2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^3,x)`output `int(1/(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3),x)`

3.52 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	478
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	479
Rubi [A] (verified)	479
Maple [B] (verified)	483
Fricas [F]	484
Sympy [F(-1)]	485
Maxima [F]	485
Giac [F(-2)]	485
Mupad [F(-1)]	486
Reduce [F]	486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{5bcd^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{32\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{5bd^2(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96c} - \frac{bd^2(-1 + cx)^{5/2}(1 + cx)^{5/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c} + \frac{5}{16}d^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} dx (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} x (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output

```
-5/32*b*c*d^2*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+5/96*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c-1/36*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+5/16*d^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+5/24*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{48acd^2 x \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (33 - 26c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4) - 720ad^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(48*a*c*d^2*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) - 720*a*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcTan[(c*x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(Sqrt[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))] - 288*b*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]])) + 36*b*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(8*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-72*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + 18*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 9*Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*Cosh[6*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 12*ArcCosh[c*x]*(-3*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 3*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] + Sinh[6*ArcCosh[c*x]])))/(2304*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {6312, 82, 241, 6312, 25, 82, 244, 2009, 6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{5}{6}d \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - cx)^2 (cx + 1)^2 dx}{6\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{5}{6}d \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 dx}{6\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 241

$$\frac{5}{6}d \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int -x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 244

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (x - c^2 x^3) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcd\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2 x^4}{4}\right) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 6310

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{1}{6}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ \frac{5}{6}d \left(\frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{bd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right)$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(36*c*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \\ & c*x]) + (x*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^{(5/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/6 + (5*d*(-1/4*(b*c \\ & *d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(x^2/2 - (c^2*x^4)/4))/(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x \\ &])) + (x*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/4 + (3*d*(-1/4*(b*c*x^ \\ & 2*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]) + (x*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d* \\ & x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/2 - (\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2 \\ &)/(4*b*c*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x])))/4)/6 \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \ \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 82

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 241

$$\text{Int}[(x_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*b*(p+1)), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 244

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{Expand} \ \text{Integrand}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 884 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 885, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

method	result
default	$\frac{ax(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5adx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5ad^2x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{16} + \frac{5ad^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{5\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{32\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{c}}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5adx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5ad^2x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{16} + \frac{5ad^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{5\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{32\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{c}}\right)$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*a*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/24*a*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+5/16*a*d^2*x*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/16*a*d^3/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(-5/32*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/
2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^2*d^2+1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(32*c^7*x^7-64*c^5*x
^5+32*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+38*c^3*x^3-48*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x+18*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/
2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+6*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-3/512*(-d*(c^2
*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)
+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*
(-1+4*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+15/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2
*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+15/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(
1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x
+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(1+2*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-3/512*(-d*(c^2*x
^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(
1+4*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32
*c^6*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+32*c^7*x^7+48*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)-64*c^5*x^5-18*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+38*c^3*x^3+
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*(1+6*arccosh(c*x))*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*c
^2*d^2*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} d^2 (15 a \sin(cx) a + 8 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^5 x^5 - 26 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^3 x^3 + 33 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c x + 48 \int (\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(c x) x^4, x) * b * c^5 - 96 \int (\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(c x) x^2, x) * b * c^3 + 48 \int (\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(c x), x) * b * c)}{48 * c}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*d**2*(15*asin(c*x)*a + 8*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**5*x**5 - 26*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**3*x**3 + 33*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x + 48*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*c**5 - 96*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*c**3 + 48*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c))/(48*c)`

3.53 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	487
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	488
Rubi [A] (verified)	488
Maple [B] (verified)	492
Fricas [F]	492
Sympy [F]	493
Maxima [F]	493
Giac [F(-2)]	493
Mupad [F(-1)]	494
Reduce [F]	494

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{3bcdx^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{bd(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16c}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8}dx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{3d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{16bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```
-3/16*b*c*d*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/16*b*d*
(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+3/8*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(
1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/1
6*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1
/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} adx(-5 + 2c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} - \frac{3ad^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}}{\sqrt{d}(-1+c^2 x^2)}\right)}{8c}$$

$$-\frac{bd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + \cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - 2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)))}{8c\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1+cx)}$$

$$+ \frac{bd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(8\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + \cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - 4\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sinh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)))}{128c\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1+cx)}$$

input `Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`output
$$-\frac{1}{8}*(a*d*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]) - (3*a*d^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(c*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))])/(8*c) - (b*d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]^2 + \operatorname{Cosh}[2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]] - 2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]*\operatorname{Sinh}[2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]]))/(8*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)) + (b*d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(8*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]^2 + \operatorname{Cosh}[4*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]] - 4*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]*\operatorname{Sinh}[4*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]]))/(128*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 82, 244, 2009, 6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6312$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int -x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - cx)(cx + 1) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{82} \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x(1 - c^2 x^2) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{244} \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (x - c^2 x^3) dx}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \\
& \quad \frac{bcd\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2 x^4}{4}\right) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6310} \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcd\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2 x^4}{4}\right) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcd\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) +$$

$$\frac{3}{4}d \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{bcd\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{c^2x^4}{4}\right)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(x^2/2 - (c^2*x^4)/4))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/4 + (3*d*(-1/4*(b*c*x^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]))/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 82 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p
, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6308 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt
rt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 +
c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1
&& EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 6310 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]`

rule 6312 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
, x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 545 vs. $2(165) = 330$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

method	result
default	$\frac{ax(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3adx\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{8} + \frac{3ad^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{3\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 d}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3adx\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{8} + \frac{3ad^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{3\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 d}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}}{16\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c}\right)$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*a*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*a*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*a*d^2/(c^2 \\ & *d)^(1/2)*\arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(-3/16*(-d*(c^2*x \\ & ^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2*d-1/256*(-d*(c^2 \\ & *x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2) \\ & +4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))* \\ & (-1+4*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3 \\ & *x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2) \\ &)*(-1+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(- \\ & 2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2) \\ &)-2*c*x*(1+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)* \\ & (-8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+ \\ & 1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x*(1+4*\operatorname{arccos} \\ & h(c*x))*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a*c^2*d*x^2 - a*d + (b*c^2*d*x^2 - b*d)*arccosh(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} d (3 a \sin(cx) a - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^3 x^3 + 5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c x - 8 (\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cos(cx) dx))}{8c}$$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(d)*d*(3*asin(c*x)*a - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**3*x**3 + 5*sqrt(-
c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x - 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*
b*c**3 + 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c))/(8*c)
```

3.54 $\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	495
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	495
Rubi [A] (verified)	496
Maple [B] (verified)	497
Fricas [F]	498
Sympy [F]	498
Maxima [F]	499
Giac [F(-2)]	499
Mupad [F(-1)]	499
Reduce [F]	500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = -\frac{bcx^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

$$-1/4*b*c*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))-1/4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(4ax\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} - \frac{4a\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{\sqrt{d}(-1 + c^2 x^2)}\right)}{c} - \frac{b\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 + \cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - 2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1 + cx)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(4*a*x*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2} - (4*a*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[\frac{c*x*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2}}{\sqrt{d}*(-1 + c^2*x^2)}])/c - (b*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2}*(2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]^2 + \text{Cosh}[2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]] - 2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]*\text{Sinh}[2*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])))/(c*\sqrt{(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)}*(1 + c*x)))/8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {6310, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6310$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int x dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 6308$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

```
-1/4*(b*c*x^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (x*Sqr
t[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*Arc
Cosh[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

```
Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sq
rt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 +
c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1
] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result
default	$\frac{ax\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{ad \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d}x}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(2c^3x^3-2cx+2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{16(c^2d+e)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{ax\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{ad \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d}x}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(2c^3x^3-2cx+2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{16(c^2d+e)}\right)$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}ax(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2}ad(c^2d)^{1/2} \arctan\left(\frac{(c^2d)^{1/2}x}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}}\right) + b\left(-\frac{1}{4}(-d(c^2x^2-1))^{1/2}/(cx-1)^{1/2}/(cx+1)^{1/2}/c \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(-d(c^2x^2-1))^{1/2}(2c^3x^3-2cx+2)(cx-1)^{1/2}(cx+1)^{1/2}c^2x^2 - (cx-1)^{1/2}(cx+1)^{1/2}) \cdot (-1+2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/(cx-1)/(cx+1)/c + \frac{1}{16}(-d(c^2x^2-1))^{1/2}(-2(cx-1)^{1/2}(cx+1)^{1/2}c^2x^2 + 2c^3x^3 + (cx-1)^{1/2}(cx+1)^{1/2} - 2cx) \cdot (1+2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/(cx-1)/(cx+1)/c\right)$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a + b*integrate(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} (a \sin(cx) a + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} acx + 2(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cosh(cx) dx) bc)}{2c}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*(asin(c*x)*a + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c*x + 2*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*c))/(2*c)`

3.55 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	501
Rubi [A] (verified)	502
Maple [A] (verified)	502
Fricas [F]	503
Sympy [F]	503
Maxima [F]	504
Giac [F]	504
Mupad [F(-1)]	504
Reduce [F]	505

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bcd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output
$$-1/2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2/b/c/d/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)/(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output
$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
default	$\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b \sqrt{-d(c x - 1)(c x + 1)} \sqrt{c x - 1} \sqrt{c x + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2}{2 c d (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$	89
parts	$\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b \sqrt{-d(c x - 1)(c x + 1)} \sqrt{c x - 1} \sqrt{c x + 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)^2}{2 c d (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$	89

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/2*b*(-d*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 d x^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(c x) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 d x^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(c x)}{\sqrt{-d(c x - 1)(c x + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x) + a*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \frac{a \sin(cx) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) bc}{\sqrt{d} c}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(asin(c*x)*a + int(acosh(c*x)/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b*c)/(sqrt(d)*c)`

3.56 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	506
Mathematica [A] (verified)	506
Rubi [A] (verified)	507
Maple [B] (verified)	508
Fricas [F]	508
Sympy [F]	509
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Giac [F]	509
Mupad [F(-1)]	510
Reduce [F]	510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{2cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

$$x*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*\ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2acx + 2bcx\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{2cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$$

output

$$(2*a*c*x + 2*b*c*x*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x] - b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6314$$

$$\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \log(1-c^2x^2)}{2cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 240

```
Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 6314

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
default	$\frac{ax}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d^2c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)x}{d^2(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{d^2c}$
parts	$\frac{ax}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d^2c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)x}{d^2(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{d^2c}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)-b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/d^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*x+b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^4 d}} \log(x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2})}{2d} + \frac{bx \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + dd}} + \frac{ax}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + dd}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*c*sqrt(-1/(c^4*d))*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/d + b*x*arccosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b + ax}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} d}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`

output `(-sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)*b + a*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*d)`

3.57 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	511
Rubi [A] (verified)	512
Maple [B] (verified)	514
Fricas [F]	515
Sympy [F]	515
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Giac [F]	516
Mupad [F(-1)]	516
Reduce [F]	517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b}{6cd^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \log(1 - c^2x^2)}{3cd^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*b/c/d^2/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6acx + 4ac^3x^3 - b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} + 2bcx(-3 + 2c^2x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - 2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{6cd^2(-1 + c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```


output

$$\frac{(-6acx + 4ac^3x^3 - b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx} + 2bcx(-3 + 2c^2x^2)\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] - 2b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(-1 + c^2x^2)\operatorname{Log}[1 - c^2x^2])}{(6cd^2(-1 + c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {6316, 82, 241, 6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 241

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6cd^2(1 - c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

↓ 6314

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6cd^2(1 - c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

↓ 240

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\log(1 - c^2x^2)}{2cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}\right)}{3d} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}{6cd^2(1 - c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/((6*c*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2] + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*d*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])))/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 82 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6316

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p +
1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*
ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 +
c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 476 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result
default	$a \left(\frac{x}{3d(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(2c^3x^3-3cx+2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2-2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})(8\sqrt{cx-1})}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}$
parts	$a \left(\frac{x}{3d(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(2c^3x^3-3cx+2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2-2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})(8\sqrt{cx-1})}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/3*x/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3/d^2*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/6*b*(-d*
(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-
2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln((c*x+(c*x
-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^5*c^5-8*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2
))^2-1)*x^6*c^6-20*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^3*c^3+24*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^4*c^
4+2*c^3*x^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c^4*x^4+6*c^2*x^2*arccosh(c*x)+1
2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x*
c-24*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^2*c^2-3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*
x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+4*c^2*x^2-8*arccosh(c*x)+8*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1
/2))^2-1)-2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c/d^3
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{1}{6} bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}}{c^4 d^3 x^2 - c^2 d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d} \log(cx + 1)}{c^2 d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d} \log(cx - 1)}{c^2 d^3} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} b \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + dd^2}} + \frac{x}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} d} \right) \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} a \left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + dd^2}} + \frac{x}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} d} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*b*c*(sqrt(-d)/(c^4*d^3*x^2 - c^2*d^3) + 2*sqrt(-d)*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^3) + 2*sqrt(-d)*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^3)) + 1/3*b*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arccosh(c*x) + 1/3*a*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b c^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3\sqrt{d} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*b*c**2*x**2-3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**4*x**4-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2+sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*b+2*a*c**2*x**3-3*a*x)/(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*d**2*(c**2*x**2-1))`

3.58 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	519
Rubi [A] (verified)	519
Maple [B] (verified)	522
Fricas [F]	523
Sympy [F(-1)]	524
Maxima [F]	524
Giac [F]	524
Mupad [F(-1)]	525
Reduce [F]	525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{b}{20cd^3(-1 + cx)^{3/2}(1 + cx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2b}{15cd^3\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{5d(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\log(1 - c^2x^2)}{15cd^3\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
1/20*b/c/d^3/(c*x-1)^(3/2)/(c*x+1)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/15*b/c/d^3
/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/5*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+4/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)
+8/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-4/15*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{60acx - 80ac^3x^3 + 32ac^5x^5 + 11b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} - 8bc^2x^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{60cd^3(-1 + c^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(60*a*c*x - 80*a*c^3*x^3 + 32*a*c^5*x^5 + 11*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] - 8*b*c^2*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x] + 4*b*c*x*(15 - 20*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)*ArcCosh[c*x] - 16*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(60*c*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {6316, 25, 82, 241, 6316, 82, 241, 6314, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int -\frac{x}{(1 - cx)^3(cx + 1)^3} dx}{5d^3\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int \frac{x}{(1 - cx)^3(cx + 1)^3} dx}{5d^3\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 82

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^3} dx}{5d^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 241 \\
& \frac{4 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20cd^3(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6316 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20cd^3(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 82 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20cd^3(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 241 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6cd^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20cd^3(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6314 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6cd^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)}{5d} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{20cd^3(1-c^2x^2)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 240
\end{aligned}$$

$$4 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \log(1 - c^2 x^2)}{2cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{6cd^2(1 - c^2 x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \right) + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d}{20cd^3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(20*c*d^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(5*d*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*((b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(6*c*d^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) + (x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*d*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])))/(3*d)))/(5*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 82 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 6314

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp
[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e},
x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6316

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p +
1))), x] + (Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*
ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 +
c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2282 vs. $2(201) = 402$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2283, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.63

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2283
parts	Expression too large to display	2283

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-64/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c
^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^8/d^4*arccosh(c*x)*x^9+104*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/
2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^6/d
^4*arccosh(c*x)*x^7-1004/5*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*
x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^4/d^4*arccosh(c*x)*x^5+541/3
*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^
4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^2/d^4*arccosh(c*x)*x^3-176/15*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)
/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)/c/d^4*(
c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+22*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c
^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)/d^4*x+a*(1/5*x/d/(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(5/2)+4/5/d*(1/3*x/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3/d^2*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1
/2))) -268/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6
-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c^2/d^4*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)*x^3-20*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2
-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-6
4)*c^3/d^4*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*x^4+519/20*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)
/(40*c^10*x^10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)*c/d^4*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*x^2+512/15*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(40*c^10*x^
10-215*c^8*x^8+469*c^6*x^6-517*c^4*x^4+287*c^2*x^2-64)/c/d^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)+8/15*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2)/d^4/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(c^8*d^4*x^8 - 4*c^6*d^
4*x^6 + 6*c^4*d^4*x^4 - 4*c^2*d^4*x^2 + d^4), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*a*(8*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^3) + 4*x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2) + 3*x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d)) + b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^6 x^6 - 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 + 3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b c^4 x}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2), x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b*c**4*x**4 + 30*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b*c**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)),x)*b + 8*a*c**4*x**5 - 20*a*c**2*x**3 + 15*a*x)/(15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(- c**2*x**2 + 1)*d**3*(c**4*x**4 - 2*c**2*x**2 + 1))`

3.59 $\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	526
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	527
Rubi [A] (verified)	527
Maple [B] (verified)	532
Fricas [F]	533
Sympy [F]	534
Maxima [F]	534
Giac [F(-2)]	534
Mupad [F(-1)]	535
Reduce [F]	535

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 324

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{15}{64} b^2 dx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{1}{32} b^2 dx (1 - cx)(1 + cx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{9b^2 d \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{64c \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{3bcdx^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{8 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{bd(-1 + cx)^{3/2} (1 + cx)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{8c} + \frac{3}{8} dx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4} x (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{d \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{8bc \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```
15/64*b^2*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/32*b^2*d*x*(-c*x+1)*(c*x+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+9/64*b^2*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/8*b*c*d*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*b*d*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+3/8*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2-1/8*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{-96a^2 c dx \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) (-5+2c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} - 288a^2 d^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (1+cx) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(-96*a^2*c*d*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2] - 288*a^2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcTan[(c*x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(Sqrt[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))] - 192*a*b*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] - Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]])) - 32*b^2*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(4*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 + 6*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*(1 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + 12*a*b*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(8*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 4*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + b^2*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(32*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 + 12*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*(1 + 8*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[4*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(768*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 6310, 6298, 101, 43, 6308, 6327, 6329, 40, 40, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \\
& \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{3}{4}d \int \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \\
& \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 6310 \\
& -\frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 6298 \\
& -\frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 101 \\
& -\frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 43
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}d \left(- \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6308

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-cx)(cx+1)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}d \left(- \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6327

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(1-c^2x^2)(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}d \left(- \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 6329

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{b \int (cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2} dx}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \quad \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}d \left(- \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 40

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4}x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} dx\right)}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}d \left(- \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)$$

↓ 40

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{b\left(\frac{1}{4}x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} - \frac{1}{2}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}dx\right)\right)}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\frac{1}{4}x(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - bcd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{b\left(\frac{1}{4}x(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c}\right)\right)}{4c} - \frac{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}d \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

43

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/4 + (3*d*((x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/2 - (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) - (b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((x^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (b*c*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(2*c^2) + ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/2))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]))/4 - (b*c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-1/4*((1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/c^2 + (b*((x*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*(1 + c*x)^(3/2))/4 - (3*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/2 - ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c)))/4))/(4*c)))/(2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 40 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} / (2 * \text{m} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2 * \text{a} * \text{c} * (\text{m} / (2 * \text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 1}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{m} + 1/2, 0]$

rule 43 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)]), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[\text{b} * (\text{x}/\text{a})] / (\text{b} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{d}/\text{b}]), \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{d}/\text{b}, 0]$

rule 101 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)]^2 * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{\text{n}_} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_))^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{b} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}) * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} * ((\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p} + 1} / (\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[\text{a}^2 * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 3) - \text{b} * (\text{b} * \text{c} * \text{e} + \text{a} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{n} + 1) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{p} + 1))) + \text{b} * (\text{a} * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 4) - \text{b} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{n} + 2) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{p} + 2))) * \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n} + \text{p} + 3, 0]$

rule 6298 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_)]^{\text{n}_} * ((\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{\text{m}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(\text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{\text{n}} / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{n} / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{\text{n} - 1} / (\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c} * \text{x}] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c} * \text{x}])], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$

rule 6308 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_)]^{\text{n}_} / (\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d1}_) + (\text{e1}_) * (\text{x}_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{d2}_) + (\text{e2}_) * (\text{x}_)]), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{n} + 1))) * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c} * \text{x}] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{d1} + \text{e1} * \text{x}]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c} * \text{x}] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{d2} + \text{e2} * \text{x}]] * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{\text{n} + 1}, \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d1}, \text{e1}, \text{d2}, \text{e2}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{e1}, \text{c} * \text{d1}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{e2}, (-\text{c}) * \text{d2}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n}, -1]$

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_)^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6329

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 +
c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] &&
GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1060 vs. $2(276) = 552$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1061
parts	Expression too large to display	1061

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4*a^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*a^2*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*a^2*d^
2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(-1/8*(-d
*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^3*d-1/512*(
-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1
)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
(1/2))*(8*arccosh(c*x)^2-4*arccosh(c*x)+1)*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c
*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(2*arccosh(c*x)^2-2*arccosh(c*x)+1)*d/(c*x-1)/(
c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x
^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(2*arccosh(c*x)^2+2*arccos
h(c*x)+1)*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c-1/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*c^4*x^4*(c*
x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+8*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-1
2*c^3*x^3-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(8*arccosh(c*x)^2+4*arccosh(c
*x)+1)*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+2*a*b*(-3/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1
/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*arccosh(c*x)^2*d-1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*c^5*x
^5-12*c^3*x^3+8*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x-8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*
(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+4*arccosh(c*x))*d/(
c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*arccosh(c*x))
*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 - a^2*d + (b^2*c^2*d*x^2 - b^2*d)*arccosh(c*x))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*x^2 - a*b*d)*arccosh(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*a
rcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2 + integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} d (3 \operatorname{asin}(cx) a^2 - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 c^3 x^3 + 5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 cx - 16 \int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} dx)}{8c}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `(sqrt(d)*d*(3*asin(c*x)*a**2 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c**3*x**3 + 5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c*x - 16*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*a*b*c**3 + 16*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*a*b*c - 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**3 + 8*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c))/(8*c)`

3.60 $\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	536
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	537
Rubi [A] (verified)	537
Maple [B] (verified)	540
Fricas [F]	540
Sympy [F]	541
Maxima [F]	541
Giac [F(-2)]	541
Mupad [F(-1)]	542
Reduce [F]	542

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{4c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{bcx^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```
1/4*b^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*b^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/c
/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*b*c*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh
(c*x))/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh
(c*x))^2-1/6*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^3/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(
c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \left(12a^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} - \frac{12a^2 \sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{\sqrt{d}(-1 + c^2 x^2)}\right)}{c} \right.$$

$$- \frac{6ab \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 + \cosh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sinh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c \sqrt{\frac{-1 + cx}{1 + cx}} (1 + cx)}$$

$$\left. + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (-4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \cosh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + (3 + 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \sinh(2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c \sqrt{\frac{-1 + cx}{1 + cx}} (1 + cx)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`output `(12*a^2*x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2] - (12*a^2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(c*x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(Sqrt[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))])/c - (6*a*b*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2 + Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)) + (b^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-4*ArcCosh[c*x]^3 - 6*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]] + (3 + 6*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)))/24`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {6310, 6298, 101, 43, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6310

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6298 \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 101 \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 43 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6308 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/2 - (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) - (b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((x^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/2 - (b*c*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(2*c^2) + ArcCosh[c*x]/(2*c^3))))/2)/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 43 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[d/b]), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d/b, 0]$
- rule 101 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0]$
- rule 6298 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 6308 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)} / (\text{Sqrt}[(d1_) + (e1_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(d2_) + (e2_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x]]*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$
- rule 6310 $\text{Int}(((a_) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/2}), x] + (-\text{Simp}[(1/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \ \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \ \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)}, x], x]) \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 526 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2} + \frac{a^2 d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d}} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} (2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2} + \frac{a^2 d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d}} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} (2c^3 x^3 - 2cx + 2\sqrt{cx-1})}{6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c} \right)$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*a^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*\arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2) \\ &)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(-1/6*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(\\ & c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^3+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x \\ & +2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))* \\ & (2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2-2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2) \\ &)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(\\ & 1/2)-2*c*x)*(2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)+1)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c+2*a*b* \\ & (-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)^2+ \\ & 1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^3-2*c*x+2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2) \\ &)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))*(-1+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/ \\ & c+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*c^ \\ & 3*x^3+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(1+2*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1) \\ &)/c \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2 + integrate(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
 PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
 index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} (a \sin(cx) a^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 cx + 4 \int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cosh(cx) dx) abc + 2 \left(\int \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a \cosh(cx) dx \right)^2}{2c}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*(asin(c*x)*a**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c*x + 4*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x),x)*a*b*c + 2*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c))/(2*c)`

3.61 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	543
Mathematica [A] (verified)	543
Rubi [A] (verified)	544
Maple [B] (verified)	544
Fricas [F]	545
Sympy [F]	545
Maxima [F]	546
Giac [F]	546
Mupad [F(-1)]	546
Reduce [F]	547

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{3bcd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output $-1/3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^3/b/c/d/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)/(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2], x]$

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^3}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/3*b^2*(-d*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^3-a*b*(-d*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) + integrate(b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d) + 2*a*b*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{asin}(cx) a^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) abc + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) b^2 c}{\sqrt{d} c}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(asin(c*x)*a**2 + 2*int(acosh(c*x)/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*c + int(acosh(c*x)**2/sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*c)/(sqrt(d)*c)`

3.62
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	548
Mathematica [A] (verified)	549
Rubi [C] (verified)	549
Maple [B] (verified)	552
Fricas [F]	553
Sympy [F]	553
Maxima [F]	554
Giac [F]	554
Mupad [F(-1)]	554
Reduce [F]	555

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*
(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1
/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*ln(1-(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/d/(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*polylog(2,(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}((a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))-2b\log(1-e^{a-cx}))}{d\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 + (Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x] - 2*b*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[c*x]]) - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[c*x]] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[c*x]]))/c)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {6314, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\ & \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6328} \\ & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{cx(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int -i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(\operatorname{iarccosh}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(\operatorname{iarccosh}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4199} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}b \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{2}\log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})\right)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4}b\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})\right) - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}}{cd\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])]))/4))/(c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4199 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6328 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 577 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{d^2 c (c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 x}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{d^2 c (c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 x}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)} + \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a^2*x/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)^2-b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)^2/d^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*x+2*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*polylog(2,c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*polylog(2,-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))-2*a*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)-2*a*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)/d^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*x+2*a*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*ln((c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2-1)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))** (3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*b*c*sqrt(-1/(c^4*d))*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/d + b^2*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x) + 2*a*b*x*arccosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a^2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) ab - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} d}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(-2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2-sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*a*b-sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*c**2*x**2-sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)),x)*b**2+a**2*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*d)`

3.63 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	556
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	557
Rubi [C] (verified)	557
Maple [B] (verified)	563
Fricas [F]	564
Sympy [F]	565
Maxima [F]	565
Giac [F]	565
Mupad [F(-1)]	566
Reduce [F]	566

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b^2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3cd^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b^2*x/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c/d^2/(c*x-1)
^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/d/(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/3*
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/c/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)-4/3*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*ln(1-(c*x+(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/3*b^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2)*polylog(2,(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/c/d^2/(-c^2*d*x
^2+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^2 cx(-3+2c^2 x^2)}{-1+c^2 x^2} + ab \left(2cx \left(2 + \frac{1}{1-c^2 x^2} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} (-1+(4-4c^2 x^2) \log(\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}))}{-1+cx}}{d - c^2 dx^2} \right)}{d - c^2 dx^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`output `((a^2*c*x*(-3 + 2*c^2*x^2))/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + a*b*(2*c*x*(2 + (1 - c^2*x^2)^(-1))*ArcCosh[c*x] + (Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(-1 + (4 - 4*c^2*x^2)*Log[Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)])))/(-1 + c*x) + b^2*(-((ArcCosh[c*x]*(Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x) + c*x*ArcCosh[c*x])))/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c*x*(-1 + 2*ArcCosh[c*x]^2) - 2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*ArcCosh[c*x]*(ArcCosh[c*x] + 2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(3*c*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6316, 6314, 6327, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838, 6329, 41}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6316

$$\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 6314 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}\right)}{3d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 6327 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}\right)}{3d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 6328 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{cx(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx-1}{cx+1}}(cx+1)} cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{3d}\right)}{3d} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2\left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int -i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(cx)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}\right)}{3d} + \\
& \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \tan\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4199} \\
 & \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{2b} \right)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) d\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right) \right)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) de^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

2838

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^2} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c}}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

6329

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(cx-1)^{3/2}(cx+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2c} + \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{2c^2(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c}}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

41

$$2 \left(\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{2c^2(1-c^2x^2)} - \frac{bx}{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}) \right) - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c}}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{3d(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(3*d*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(-1/2*(b*x)/(c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(2*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) + (2*((x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]) + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[c*x])]))/4)))/(c*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]))/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 41 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(3/2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[c + d*x]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4199 $\text{Int}[((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*\text{tan}[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I)*((c+d*x)^{(m+1)}/(d*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*I \ \text{Int}[(c+d*x)^m*(E^{(2*(-I)*e+f*fz*x})/(1+E^{(2*(-I)*e+f*fz*x})))/E^{(2*I*k*Pi)}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*k] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6314 $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}]/((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x^2])), x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/d)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+c*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[-1+c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x^2]) \ \text{Int}[x*((a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/(1-c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d+e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6316 $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(d+e*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(2*d*(p+1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[(2*p+3)/(2*d*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*(p+1)))*\text{Simp}[(d+e*x^2)^p/((1+c*x)^p*(-1+c*x)^p)] \ \text{Int}[x*(1+c*x)^{(p+1/2)}*(-1+c*x)^{(p+1/2)}*(a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d+e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 6327 $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*((f_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((d1_)+(e1_)*(x_))^{(p_)}*((d2_)+(e2_)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2+e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a+b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1+d1*e2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 6328 $\text{Int}[(((a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}*(x_))/((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a+b*x)^n*\text{Coth}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d+e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6329

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 +
c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] &&
GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]

```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2434 vs. $2(301) = 602$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2435, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.63

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2435
parts	Expression too large to display	2435

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-4/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^6/d^
3*arccosh(c*x)*x^7-2*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c
^2*x^2-4)*c^4/d^3*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^5+2*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x
^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/d^3*x+14/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x
^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4/d^3*arccosh(c*x)*x^5+17/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2
-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2/d^3*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^3-
16/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2/d^
3*arccosh(c*x)*x^3-4/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11
*c^2*x^2-4)/c/d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/
2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/d^3*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)*x+a^2*(1/3*x/d/
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3/d^2*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+4/3*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)
*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1+
c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))+4/3*b^2*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(-d*(
c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(c*x)*ln(1-c*x-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c
*x+1)^(1/2))-10/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*
x^2-4)*c^2/d^3*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1)*arccosh(c*x)*x^3-14/3*b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(
1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c/d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2
)*arccosh(c*x)^2*x^2+b^2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c
^2*x^2-4)*c/d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(c*x)*x^2+4/3*b^2*(-d*(
c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4/d^3*(c*x-1)*(...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) +
a^2)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx))^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*b*c*(sqrt(-d)/(c^4*d^3*x^2 - c^2*d^3) + 2*sqrt(-d)*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^3) + 2*sqrt(-d)*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^3)) + 2/3*a*b*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arccosh(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + b^2*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right) ab c^2 x^2 - 6\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)*a*b + 3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*int(acosh(c*x)**2/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)*b**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*x**3 - 3*a**2*x)/(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*d**2*(c**2*x**2 - 1))`

3.64 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	567
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	568
Rubi [C] (verified)	569
Maple [B] (verified)	577
Fricas [F]	578
Sympy [F(-1)]	578
Maxima [F]	578
Giac [F(-2)]	579
Mupad [F(-1)]	579
Reduce [F]	579

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 405

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x}{3c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{x}{30c^3(1-ax)(1+ax)\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{10ac^3(-1+ax)^{3/2}(1+ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{15ac^3\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15c^2(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15ac^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{15ac^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{15ac^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*x/c^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-1/30*x/c^3/(-a*x+1)/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)
^(1/2)+1/10*arccosh(a*x)/a/c^3/(a*x-1)^(3/2)/(a*x+1)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)
^(1/2)-4/15*arccosh(a*x)/a/c^3/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)
^(1/2)+1/5*x*arccosh(a*x)^2/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)+4/15*x*arccosh(a*x)^2/c^2
/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)+8/15*x*arccosh(a*x)^2/c^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+8/15*
(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2/a/c^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-16/1
5*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*ln(1-(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)
^(1/2))^2)/a/c^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-8/15*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*pol
ylog(2,(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{ax\left(10 + \frac{1}{1-a^2x^2}\right) + 2\left(8\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} + ax\left(-8 + 8\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} - \frac{3}{(-1+a^2x^2)^2} + \frac{4}{-1+a^2x^2}\right)\right) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}\right)^3}{30ac^3\sqrt{c}}}{30ac^3\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/30*(a*x*(10 + (1 - a^2*x^2)^(-1)) + 2*(8*sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] + a
*x*(-8 + 8*sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)] - 3/(-1 + a^2*x^2)^2 + 4/(-1 + a^2*x
^2)))*ArcCosh[a*x]^2 + (((-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x))^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]*(-11 + 8
*a^2*x^2 + 32*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCosh[a*x])]))/(-1 + a*x)^3
- 16*sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCosh[a*x])])
)/(a*c^3*sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.773$, Rules used = {6316, 25, 6316, 6314, 6327, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838, 6329, 41, 42, 41}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & -\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{4 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{4 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{4 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}}{5c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{3c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{5c}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2$$

6327

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{5c}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2$$

6328

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{ax \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}}(ax+1)} dx}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{5c}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2$$

3042

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \quad 5c$$

↓ 26

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \quad 5c$$

↓ 4199

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \quad 5c$$

↓ 25

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2620

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2715

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2838

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^3} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 6329

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2(1-a^2x^2)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2}} dx}{4a} \right)}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 41

$$4 \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2(1-a^2x^2)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{5/2}(ax+1)^{5/2}} dx}{4a} \right)}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} - \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right)}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

5c

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 42

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2(1-a^2x^2)^2} - \frac{-\frac{2}{3}\int\frac{1}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}dx - \frac{x}{3(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}}{4a}\right)}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 4\left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} - \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right)\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}\right)}{3c}\right)}{5c} \\
 & \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 41 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2(1-a^2x^2)^2} - \frac{\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{x}{3(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}}{4a}\right)}{5c^3\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 4\left(\frac{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} - \frac{x}{2a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right)\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}\right)}{3c}\right)}{5c} \\
 & \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5c(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/(5*c*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)) + (2*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(-1/4*(-1/3*x/((-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])))/a + ArcCosh[a*x]/(4*a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^2))/(5*c^3*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + (4*((x*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/(3*c*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(-1/2*x/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + ArcCosh[a*x]/(2*a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)))))/(3*c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + (2*((x*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + ((2*I)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*((-1/2*I)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2 - (2*I)*(-1/2*(ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])) - PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])/4)))/(a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])))/(3*c))/(5*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, \text{a}_])*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], \text{a}]) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{a}^2, 1]$
- rule 41 $\text{Int}[1/(((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_))^{3/2}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_))^{3/2}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(\text{a}*c*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x]), \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0]$
- rule 42 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_))^{m_1}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_))^{m_2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}/(2*a*c*(m + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(2*m + 3)/(2*a*c*(m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m + 3/2, 0]$
- rule 2620 $\text{Int}[(\text{F}_)^{((\text{g}_)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_)*(x_)))^{n_1}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_))^{m_1})}/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*((\text{F}_)^{((\text{g}_)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_)*(x_)))^{n_2})}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^m/(\text{b}*f*g*n*\text{Log}[\text{F}]))*\text{Log}[1 + \text{b}*((\text{F}^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(m/(\text{b}*f*g*n*\text{Log}[\text{F}])) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Log}[1 + \text{b}*((\text{F}^{(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{F}, \text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*((\text{F}_)^{((\text{e}_)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)))^{n_1})}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(\text{d}*e*n*\text{Log}[\text{F}]) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x]/x, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{F}^{(e*(c + d*x)))^n}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{F}, \text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(\text{c}_)*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)^{n_1})]/(x_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4199 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \tan[\text{(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(-I)*((c + d*x)^{\text{(m + 1)}}/(d*(m + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2*I \text{ Int}[\text{((c + d*x)}^{\text{(m)}* \text{(E}^{\text{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)})/(1 + \text{E}^{\text{(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)})})/\text{E}^{\text{(2*I*k*Pi)}})))/\text{E}^{\text{(2*I*k*Pi)}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}\{4*k\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\}$

rule 6314 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\text{(3/2)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n)}}/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/d)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])] \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n - 1)}}/(1 - c^2*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{c^2*d + e, 0\} \&\& \text{GtQ}\{n, 0\}$

rule 6316 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}* ((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\text{(p_.)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(-x)*(d + e*x^2)^{\text{(p + 1)}}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n)}}/(2*d*(p + 1))), \text{x}] + (\text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*d*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{\text{(p + 1)}}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n)}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*(p + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{\text{(p)}}/((1 + c*x)^{\text{(p)}*(-1 + c*x)^{\text{(p)}})} \text{Int}[x*(1 + c*x)^{\text{(p + 1/2)}}*(-1 + c*x)^{\text{(p + 1/2)}}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n - 1)}}, \text{x}], \text{x}]) \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{c^2*d + e, 0\} \&\& \text{GtQ}\{n, 0\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{p, -3/2\}$

rule 6327 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}* ((f_.)*(x_.))^{\text{(m_.)}* ((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_.))^{\text{(p_.)}* ((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_.))^{\text{(p_.)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Int}[(f*x)^{\text{(m)}}*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^{\text{(p)}}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n)}}, \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}\{p\}$

rule 6328 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}* (x_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[1/e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{(n)}}*\text{Coth}[x], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{c^2*d + e, 0\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{n, 0\}$

rule 6329 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}* (x_.)* ((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^{\text{(p_.)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{\text{(p + 1)}}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n)}}/(2*e*(p + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{\text{(p)}}/((1 + c*x)^{\text{(p)}*(-1 + c*x)^{\text{(p)}})} \text{Int}[(1 + c*x)^{\text{(p + 1/2)}}*(-1 + c*x)^{\text{(p + 1/2)}}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{\text{(n - 1)}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{c^2*d + e, 0\} \&\& \text{GtQ}\{n, 0\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{p, -1\}$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs. $2(371) = 742$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}(8a^5x^5-20a^3x^3-8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}a^4x^4+15ax+16a^2x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}-8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1})}{(-64\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\sqrt{c}}$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/30*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*a^5*x^5-20*a^3*x^3-8*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a^4*x^4+15*a*x+16*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-8*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))*(-64*arccosh(a*x)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a^7*x^7-64*arccosh(a*x)*a^8*x^8-32*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*a^7*x^7-32*a^8*x^8+24*arccosh(a*x)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a^5*x^5+280*arccosh(a*x)*a^6*x^6+126*a^5*x^5*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+142*a^6*x^6+80*a^4*x^4*arccosh(a*x)^2-340*a^3*x^3*arccosh(a*x)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-456*a^4*x^4*arccosh(a*x)-156*a^3*x^3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-265*a^4*x^4-190*arccosh(a*x)^2*a^2*x^2+165*arccosh(a*x)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a*x+328*a^2*x^2*arccosh(a*x)+62*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a*x+235*a^2*x^2+128*arccosh(a*x)^2-88*arccosh(a*x)-80)/(40*a^10*x^10-215*a^8*x^8+469*a^6*x^6-517*a^4*x^4+287*a^2*x^2-64)/a/c^4-16/15*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)^2+16/15*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*ln(1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+16/15*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+16/15*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+16/15*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*ln(a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^2/(a^8*c^4*x^8 - 4*a^6*c^4*x^6 + 6*a^4*c^4*x^4 - 4*a^2*c^4*x^2 + c^4), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**2/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^2/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^2/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^6x^6-3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^4x^4+3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2x^2-\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c}c^3}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `(- int(acosh(a*x)**2/(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**6*x**6 - 3*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)),x))/(sqrt(c)*c**3)`

3.65 $\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$

Optimal result	580
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	581
Rubi [A] (verified)	581
Maple [A] (verified)	589
Fricas [F]	590
Sympy [F(-1)]	590
Maxima [F(-2)]	590
Giac [F(-2)]	591
Mupad [F(-1)]	591
Reduce [F]	591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx =$$

$$-\frac{45acx^2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{128\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{3c(-1 + ax)^{3/2}(1 + ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{128a}$$

$$+ \frac{45}{64}cx\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{32}cx(1 - ax)(1 + ax)\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{27c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{128a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
-45/128*a*c*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+3/128*c*(
a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/a+45/64*c*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)
^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)+3/32*c*x*(-a*x+1)*(a*x+1)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh
(a*x)+27/128*c*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)
^(1/2)-9/16*a*c*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x
+1)^(1/2)+3/16*c*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(
a*x)^2/a+3/8*c*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3+1/4*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)
^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3-3/32*c*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^4/a/(a*x-1)
^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}(96\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 - 3(-64\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) + \cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))) - 24\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2(-1$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/1024*(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(96*ArcCosh[a*x]^4 - 3*(-64*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[a*x]]) - 24*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*(-16*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Cosh[4*ArcCosh[a*x]]) + 12*ArcCosh[a*x]*(-32*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sinh[4*ArcCosh[a*x]]) + 32*ArcCosh[a*x]^3*(-8*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sinh[4*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.818$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 6310, 6298, 6308, 6327, 6329, 6313, 25, 82, 244, 2009, 6311, 15, 6308, 6354, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{3ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int -x(1 - ax)(ax + 1)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx + \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x(1-ax)(ax+1)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{6310} \\
& -\frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x(1-ax)(ax+1)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{6298} \\
& -\frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x(1-ax)(ax+1)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{6308} \\
& \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x(1-ax)(ax+1)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{6327} \\
& \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int x(1-a^2x^2)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \mathbf{6329}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) \\ + \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{\int (ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx}{2a} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6313

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) \\ + \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx - \frac{1}{4}a \int -x(1-ax)(ax+1) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) \\ + \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx + \frac{1}{4}a \int x(1-ax)(ax+1) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 82

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) \\ + \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int x(1-a^2x^2) dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 244

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) - \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int (x-a^2x^3) dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) - \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx + \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6311

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) - \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx - \frac{a}{2} \int \frac{xdx}{x} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right) + \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right) - \frac{3ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{ax^2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} - \right. \\ \left. 3ac \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{ax^2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a} \right) \right. \\ \left. \right) \frac{1}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

↓ 6354

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} - \right. \\ \left. 3ac \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{ax^2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a} \right) \right. \\ \left. \right) \frac{1}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} - \right. \\ \left. 3ac \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2x^4}{4} \right) - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{ax^2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a} \right) \right. \\ \left. \right) \frac{1}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} - 3ac \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} \right) - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{ax^2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a}}{2a}}{\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \right)}}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right)}$$

input

```
Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/4 + (3*c*((x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^4)/(8*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) - (3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((x^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/2 - a*(-1/4*x^2/a + (x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]))/(2*a^2) + ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(4*a^3))))/(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]))/4 - (3*a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1/4*((1 - a^2*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/a^2 + ((a*(x^2/2 - (a^2*x^4)/4))/4 + (x*(-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x])/4 - (3*(-1/4*(a*x^2) + (x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x])/2 - ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(4*a)))/4)/(2*a)))/(4*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

```
Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 82

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 244 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int[Expand Integrand}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{m}}*\text{(a + b*x}^2)^{\text{p}}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\}$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp[IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

rule 6298 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh}[\text{(c_.)*(x_)}] * \text{(b_.)})}^{\text{(n_.)} * \text{((d_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{(d*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{((a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{n}} / \text{(d*(m + 1)))}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c * \text{(n/(d*(m + 1)))} \ \text{Int}[\text{(d*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{((a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{(n - 1)}} / \text{(Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{n, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 6308 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh}[\text{(c_.)*(x_)}] * \text{(b_.)})}^{\text{(n_.)} / \text{(Sqrt}[\text{(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)}] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)}])}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x] / \text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x] / \text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x]] * \text{(a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{(n + 1)}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{e1, c*d1\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{e2, (-c)*d2\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{n, -1\}$

rule 6310 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh}[\text{(c_.)*(x_)}] * \text{(b_.)})}^{\text{(n_.)} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2}], x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x * \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] * \text{((a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{n}/2}, x] + (-\text{Simp}[\text{(1/2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] / \text{(Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \ \text{Int}[\text{(a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{n}} / \text{(Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])], x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c * \text{(n/2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] / \text{(Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \ \text{Int}[x * \text{(a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{(n - 1)}, x], x]) \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{c^2*d + e, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}\{n, 0\}$

rule 6311 $\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcCosh}[\text{(c_.)*(x_)}] * \text{(b_.)})}^{\text{(n_.)} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)}] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)}], x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x * \text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x] * \text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x] * \text{((a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{n}/2}, x] + (-\text{Simp}[\text{(1/2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x] / \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]] \ \text{Int}[\text{(a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{n}} / \text{(Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])], x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c * \text{(n/2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x] / \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]] \ \text{Int}[x * \text{(a + b*ArcCosh}[c*x])}^{\text{(n - 1)}, x], x]) \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{e1, c*d1\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{e2, (-c)*d2\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}\{n, 0\}$

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] +
(Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x
], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p
)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n
- 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n,
0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6313

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*
(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d1 + e1*x)^p*(d2 + e2*x)^p
*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d1*d2*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int
[(d1 + e1*x)^(p - 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-
1 + c*x)^p] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh
[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2}, x] && EqQ[e1, c
*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6329

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 +
c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] &&
GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 6354

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((d1_) + (e
1_.)*(x_.))^(p_)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m -
1)*(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(e1*e2*(
m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m
- 2)*(d1 + e1*x)^p*(d2 + e2*x)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f
*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(
-1 + c*x)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(
a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f,
p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && N
eQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$-\frac{3\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 c}{32\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}a} - \frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)} (8a^5x^5-12a^3x^3+8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}a^4x^4+4ax-8a^2x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}+\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1})}{2048(ax-1)(ax+1)a}$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-3/32*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a*arccosh(a*x)^4*
c-1/2048*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*a^5*x^5-12*a^3*x^3+8*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x
+1)^(1/2)*a^4*x^4+4*a*x-8*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+(a*x-1)^(1/2
)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))*(32*arccosh(a*x)^3-24*arccosh(a*x)^2+12*arccosh(a*x)-3)*c
/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a+1/32*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*a^3*x^3-2*a*x+2*a^2*x^2*
(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))*(4*arccosh(a*x)^3
-6*arccosh(a*x)^2+6*arccosh(a*x)-3)*c/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a+1/32*(-c*(a^2*x^2-
1))^(1/2)*(-2*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+2*a^3*x^3+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*
(a*x+1)^(1/2)-2*a*x)*(4*arccosh(a*x)^3+6*arccosh(a*x)^2+6*arccosh(a*x)+3)*
c/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a-1/2048*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1
)^(1/2)*a^4*x^4+8*a^5*x^5+8*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-12*a^3*x^3
-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+4*a*x)*(32*arccosh(a*x)^3+24*arccosh(a*x)^2+1
2*arccosh(a*x)+3)*c/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \int (-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c*x^2 - c)*sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)*acosh(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^3*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \sqrt{c} c \left(- \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 x^2 dx \right) a^2 + \int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*acosh(a*x)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(c)*c*(- int(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3*x**2,x)*a**2 + int(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3,x))`

3.66 $\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$

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Sympy [F]	597
Maxima [F(-2)]	597
Giac [F(-2)]	597
Mupad [F(-1)]	598
Reduce [F]	598

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = -\frac{3ax^2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{8\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{3}{4}x\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{8a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{3ax^2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{8a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
-3/8*a*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+3/4*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)+3/8*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-3/4*a*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3-1/8*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^4/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c(-1 + ax)(1 + ax)}(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 + (3 + 6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2) \cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) - 2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)))}{16a\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}}(1 + ax)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/16*(Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + a*x)*(1 + a*x))]*(2*ArcCosh[a*x]^4 + (3 + 6*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 2*ArcCosh[a*x]*(3 + 2*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {6310, 6298, 6308, 6354, 15, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6310}$$

$$-\frac{3a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx}{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6298}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
& \frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \int \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{6354} \\
& \frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
& \frac{3a \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{4a^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) \right) \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3,x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*
x]^4)/(8*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) - (3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((x^2*
ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/2 - a*(-1/4*x^2/a + (x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCos
h[a*x]))/(2*a^2) + ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x
])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15

```
Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6298

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*
(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(Sqrt[1 +
c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] &
& NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sq
rt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 +
c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1
] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

rule 6354

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((d1_) + (e
1_.)*(x_.))^(p_)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m -
1)*(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(e1*e2*(
m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m
- 2)*(d1 + e1*x)^p*(d2 + e2*x)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f
*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(
-1 + c*x)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(
a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f,
p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && N
eQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}a} + \frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}(2a^3x^3-2ax+2a^2x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1})}{32(ax-1)(ax+1)a} (4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 3)$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a*arccosh(a*x)^4+1
/32*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*a^3*x^3-2*a*x+2*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1
)^(1/2)-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))*(4*arccosh(a*x)^3-6*arccosh(a*x)^2+6*
arccosh(a*x)-3)/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a+1/32*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*a^2*x^2*
(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+2*a^3*x^3+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-2*a*x)*
(4*arccosh(a*x)^3+6*arccosh(a*x)^2+6*arccosh(a*x)+3)/(a*x-1)/(a*x+1)/a
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \int \sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)} \operatorname{acosh}^3(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)*acosh(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*acosh(a*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(acosh(a*x)^3*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(acosh(a*x)^3*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx = \sqrt{c} \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*acosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3,x)
```

3.67 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	599
Rubi [A] (verified)	600
Maple [A] (verified)	600
Fricas [F]	601
Sympy [F]	601
Maxima [F]	602
Giac [F]	602
Mupad [F(-1)]	602
Reduce [F]	603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output $-1/4*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^4/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^3/\operatorname{Sqrt}[c-a^2*c*x^2],x]$

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a*x]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^4)/(4*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c-a^2*c*x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^3/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^4)/(4*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4ac(a^2x^2-1)}$	55

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a/c/(a^2*x^2-1)*arccosh(a*x)^4`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^3/(a^2*c*x^2 - c), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^3(ax)}{\sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**3/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)**3/sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)**3/sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1),x)/sqrt(c)`

3.68 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	605
Rubi [C] (verified)	605
Maple [B] (verified)	609
Fricas [F]	609
Sympy [F]	610
Maxima [F]	610
Giac [F]	610
Mupad [F(-1)]	611
Reduce [F]	611

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{2ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

output

```
x*arccosh(a*x)^3/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccos
h(a*x)^3/a/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*
x)^2*ln(1-(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-3*
(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*polylog(2,(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x
+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+3/2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*pol
ylog(3,(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax} \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 + \frac{ax \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - 3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(ArcCosh[a*x]^3 + (a*x*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) - 3*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[1 - E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - 3*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[1 + E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - 6*ArcCosh[a*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - 6*ArcCosh[a*x]*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCosh[a*x]] + 6*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCosh[a*x]] + 6*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$, Rules used = {6314, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\ & \frac{3a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1 - a^2x^2} dx}{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6328} \\ & \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1} \int \frac{ax \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}}(ax+1)} d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 26 \\
\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 4199 \\
\frac{\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{3} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{3} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 2620 \\
\frac{\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log\left(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 3011 \\
\frac{\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 2720 \\
\frac{\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) d e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)\right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
\downarrow 7143
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(-2i(-\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) + \frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + ((3*I)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*((-1/3*I)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3 - (2*I)*(-1/2*(ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])]) - (ArcCosh[a*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])])/2 + PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x])/4]))/(a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4199 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6314 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6328 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)*(x_))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}+ax)\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c^2(a^2x^2-1)a} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c^2(a^2x^2-1)a} + \frac{3\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c^2(a^2x^2-1)a}$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}*(-(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x)*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^3/ \\ & c^2/(a^2*x^2-1)/a-2*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2 \\ & /(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^3+3*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1) \\ &)^{(1/2)}/c^2/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^2*\ln(1-a*x-(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}) \\ & +6*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2/(a^2*x^2-1) \\ & /a*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,a*x+(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)})-6*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{polylog}(3,a*x+(a*x \\ & -1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)})+3*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2 \\ & /(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^2*\ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)})+1 \\ & +6*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x) \\ & *\operatorname{polylog}(2,-a*x-(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)})-6*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)} \\ & *(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/c^2/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-a*x-(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(-a^2cx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^3/(a^4*c^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*x^2 + c^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^3(ax)}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**3/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)**3/(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = - \frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} a^2x^2 - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c} c}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2), x)`output `(- int(acosh(a*x)**3/(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)),x))/(sqrt(c)*c)`

3.69 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	612
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	613
Rubi [C] (verified)	614
Maple [B] (verified)	620
Fricas [F]	621
Sympy [F]	622
Maxima [F]	622
Giac [F(-2)]	622
Mupad [F(-1)]	623
Reduce [F]	623

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 401

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{2ac^2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3ac^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{ac^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \log(1-a^2x^2)}{2ac^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{ac^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{ac^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-x*arccosh(a*x)/c^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-1/2*arccosh(a*x)^2/a/c^2/(a*x-1)^(
1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+1/3*x*arccosh(a*x)^3/c^2/(-a^2*c*x^
2+c)^(3/2)+2/3*x*arccosh(a*x)^3/c^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)
*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^3/a/c^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*
(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(1-(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c^
2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a/c^
2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)-2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*polylog(
2,(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c^2/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)+(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*polylog(3,(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/a/c^2/(
-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}}(1+ax) \left(-i\pi^3 - \frac{12ax\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{-1+ax} + \frac{6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-a^2x^2} + 8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \right)}{c - a^2cx^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

(Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*((-I)*Pi^3 - (12*a*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)
/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x])/(-1 + a*x) + (6*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/(1 - a^2*x^2) +
8*ArcCosh[a*x]^3 + (8*a*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(-1 +
a*x) - (4*a*x*((-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x))^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(-1 + a*x)^3 -
24*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x])] + 12*Log[Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1
+ a*x)]*(1 + a*x)] - 24*ArcCosh[a*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x])] + 12*
PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x])]))/(12*a*c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])

```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.682$, Rules used = {6316, 6314, 6327, 6328, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 6329, 6315, 240, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6328}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{ax \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}(ax+1)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{ + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{ + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \operatorname{darccosh}(ax)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{ + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4199} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-e^{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{3} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{ + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}}{3c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{3} i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3c}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(1-e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3c}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3c}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) de^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3c}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{6329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)$$

3c

$$\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6315

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{-a \int \frac{x}{1-a^2x^2} dx - \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)$$

3c

$$\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 240

$$2 \left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)$$

3c

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} + \frac{\frac{\log(1-a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}}{a} \right)}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} + \frac{\frac{\log(1-a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}}{a} \right)}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} +$$

$$2 \left(\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(-2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \right) \right)}{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)$$

3c

$$\frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(3*c*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(ArcCosh[a*x]^2/(2*a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)) + (-((x*ArcCosh[a*x])/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]))) + Log[1 - a^2*x^2]/(2*a))/a)/(c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + (2*((x*ArcCosh[a*x]^3)/(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]) + ((3*I)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*((-1/3*I)*ArcCosh[a*x]^3 - (2*I)*(-1/2*(ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])) - (ArcCosh[a*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/2 + PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]])/4)))/(a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]))/(3*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (e_.) * ((F_.)^{((c_.) * (a_.) + (b_.) * (x_)))})^{(n_.)}] * ((f_.) + (g_.) * (x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-f + g*x)^m * (\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e) * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n]) / (b*c*n*\text{Log}[F]), x] + \text{Simp}[g*(m/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{PolyLog}[2, (-e) * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4199 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)]^{(m_.)} * \tan[(e_.) + \text{Pi} * (k_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_]) * (f_.) * (x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I) * ((c + d*x)^{(m + 1)} / (d * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (E^{(2 * ((-I) * e + f * fz * x)) / (1 + E^{(2 * ((-I) * e + f * fz * x)) / E^{(2 * I * k * Pi)})})}) / E^{(2 * I * k * Pi)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4 * k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6314 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.) * (x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} / ((d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^n / (d * \text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2])), x] + \text{Simp}[b * c * (n/d) * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c * x] * (\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c * x] / \text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2])] \text{Int}[x * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^{(n - 1)} / (1 - c^2 * x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2 * d + e, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6315 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.) * (x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} / (((d1_.) + (e1_.) * (x_))^{(3/2)} * ((d2_.) + (e2_.) * (x_))^{(3/2)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^n / (d1 * d2 * \text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1 * x] * \text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2 * x])), x] + \text{Simp}[b * c * (n / (d1 * d2)) * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c * x] / \text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1 * x]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c * x] / \text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2 * x]] \text{Int}[x * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^{(n - 1)} / (1 - c^2 * x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e1, c * d1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c) * d2] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6316 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.) * (x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * ((d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) * (d + e * x^2)^{(p + 1)} * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^n / (2 * d * (p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[(2 * p + 3) / (2 * d * (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e * x^2)^{(p + 1)} * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b * c * (n / (2 * (p + 1))) * \text{Simp}[(d + e * x^2)^p / ((1 + c * x)^p * (-1 + c * x)^p)] \text{Int}[x * (1 + c * x)^{(p + 1/2)} * (-1 + c * x)^{(p + 1/2)} * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c * x])^{(n - 1)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2 * d + e, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 6327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 6328 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6329 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 954 vs. $2(388) = 776$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 955, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(a^2x^2-1)}(2a^3x^3-3ax-2a^2x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}+2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1})\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)(6a^3x^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}+6a^4x^4$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/6*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*a^3*x^3-3*a*x-2*a^2*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+
1)^(1/2)+2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))*arccosh(a*x)*(6*a^3*x^3*arccosh(a*
x)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+6*a^4*x^4*arccosh(a*x)+6*a^3*x^3*(a*x-1)^(1
/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+6*a^4*x^4+6*arccosh(a*x)^2*a^2*x^2-9*arccosh(a*x)*(a*x-1
)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*a*x-12*a^2*x^2*arccosh(a*x)-6*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(
1/2)*a*x-18*a^2*x^2-8*arccosh(a*x)^2+6*arccosh(a*x)+12)/(3*a^6*x^6-10*a^4
*x^4+11*a^2*x^2-4)/a/c^3-(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2
)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*ln((a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+a*x-1)+2*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*
(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2
))*(a*x+1)^(1/2))- (a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a
^2*x^2-1)/a*ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1)-4/3*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1
)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)^3+2*(a*x+1)^(
1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)^
2*ln(1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+4*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*
(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*polylog(2,a*x+(a*x-1)^(1
/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))-4*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^
3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*polylog(3,a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+2*(a*x+1)^(1/2)
*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(
a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1)+4*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(-c*(a^2*
x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/(a^2*x^2-1)/a*arccosh(a*x)*polylog(2,-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^3/(a^6*c^3*x^6 - 3*a^4*c^3*x^4
+ 3*a^2*c^3*x^2 - c^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^3(ax)}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**3/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)**3/(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^3}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3}{\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^4x^4 - 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2x^2 + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{c}c^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^3/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)**3/(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*x**2 + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)), x)/(sqrt(c)*c**2)`

3.70
$$\int \frac{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	624
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	625
Rubi [A] (verified)	625
Maple [A] (verified)	628
Fricas [F]	628
Sympy [F(-1)]	629
Maxima [F]	629
Giac [F]	629
Mupad [F(-1)]	630
Reduce [F]	630

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 458

$$\int \frac{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{3d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{6(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{5d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \log(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{16bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} + \frac{3d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{6(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32bc \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx}}$$

output

```
15/32*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(2*a/b)*Chi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c
/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(4*a/b)*Chi
(4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/32*d^2*(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(6*a/b)*Chi(6*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*
x+1)^(1/2)-5/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b/c/(c*x-1)^(
1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-15/32*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*sinh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*(a+b*
arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+3/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(
1/2)*sinh(4*a/b)*Shi(4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/
2)-1/32*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*sinh(6*a/b)*Shi(6*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b
/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left(15 \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - 6 \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) + 3 \cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(6\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - 5 \ln(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{32 b c \sqrt{(-1 + cx)/(1 + cx)} (1 + cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(15*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c
*x])] - 6*Cosh[(4*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + Cosh[(6*a)/
b]*CoshIntegral[6*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - 10*Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 15*
Sinh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 6*Sinh[(4*a)/b]*SinhI
ntegral[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - Sinh[(6*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[6*(a/b + ArcC
osh[c*x])]))/(32*b*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 25, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sinh^6\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^6}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^6}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b} - \frac{6(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} - \frac{15 \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \right) dx}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left(\frac{15}{32} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{16} \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{32} \cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{6(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output

```
(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((15*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh
[c*x]))/b])/32 - (3*Cosh[(4*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]
)/16 + (Cosh[(6*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(6*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/32 - (5*Lo
g[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/16 - (15*Sinh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCo
sh[c*x]))/b])/32 + (3*Sinh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/
b])/16 - (Sinh[(6*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(6*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/32)/(b*
c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)]
Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(20\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))+20\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))cx+\exp\right)}{\operatorname{Integral}_1}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{64}(-d(c^2x^2-1))^{1/2}(-c^2x^2+d)^{5/2} \frac{(-c^2x^2+d)^{5/2}}{(c^2x^2-1)^{1/2}} \frac{(-c^2x^2+d)^{5/2}}{(c^2x^2-1)^{1/2}} \ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))+20\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \cdot c^2x^2 + \operatorname{Ei}(1,6\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+6a/b) \exp((b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+6a)/b) + \operatorname{Ei}(1,-6\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-6a/b) \exp(-(-b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+6a)/b) - 6\operatorname{Ei}(1,4\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+4a/b) \exp((b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+4a)/b) + 15\operatorname{Ei}(1,2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+2a/b) \exp((b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+2a)/b) + 15\operatorname{Ei}(1,-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-2a/b) \exp(-(-b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+2a)/b) - 6\operatorname{Ei}(1,-4\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-4a/b) \exp(-(-b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+4a)/b) \cdot d^2/(c^2x^2-1)/(c^2x^2+1)/c/b$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \sqrt{d} d^2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^4 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^2 \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)), x)`output `sqrt(d)*d**2*(int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x) + int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*c**4 - 2*int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*c**2)`

3.71
$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	631
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	632
Rubi [A] (verified)	632
Maple [A] (verified)	634
Fricas [F]	635
Sympy [F]	635
Maxima [F]	635
Giac [F]	636
Mupad [F(-1)]	636
Reduce [F]	636

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{8bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{3d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \log(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{8bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{8bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```

1/2*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(2*a/b)*Chi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/8*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(4*a/b)*Chi(4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/8*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*sinh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*sinh(4*a/b)*Shi(4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left(4 \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \right)}{8bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(4*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]) - Cosh[(4*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]) - 3*Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] - 4*Sinh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + Sinh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(8*b*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{6321} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{\sinh^4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^4}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{3}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bc\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-((d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-1/2*(Cosh[(2*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]) + (Cosh[(4*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/8 + (3*Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/8 + (Sinh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/2 - (Sinh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/8))/(b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(-6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))-6\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))cx+\exp\operatorname{Integral}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+c^2*x^2-1)*(-6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-6*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*c*x+Ei(1,4*arccosh(c*x)+4*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)+Ei(1,-4*arccosh(c*x)-4*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)-4*Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-4*Ei(1,-2*arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b))*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c/b`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \sqrt{d} d \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) c^2 \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `sqrt(d)*d*(int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x) - int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*c**2)`

3.72 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	637
Mathematica [A] (verified)	638
Rubi [A] (verified)	638
Maple [A] (verified)	640
Fricas [F]	640
Sympy [F]	641
Maxima [F]	641
Giac [F]	641
Mupad [F(-1)]	642
Reduce [F]	642

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \log(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2bc\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(2*a/b)*Chi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*sinh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-d(-1 + cx)(1 + cx)} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) - \log(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \right)}{2bc\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1 + cx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(d*(-1 + c*x)*(1 + c*x))] * (\operatorname{Cosh}[(2*a)/b] * \operatorname{CoshIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])] - \operatorname{Log}[a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]] - \operatorname{Sinh}[(2*a)/b] * \operatorname{SinhIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])])) / (2*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 25, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6321}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sinh^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 \downarrow 3793 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left(\frac{1}{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{bc\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((Cosh[(2*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/2 - Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/2 - (Sinh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/2))/(b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)]
Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))+2\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))cx+\exp\operatorname{Integral}_1(2a/b+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))\right)}{4(cx-1)(cx+1)cb}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+c^2*x^2-1)*(2
*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+2*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*c
*x+Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)+Ei(1,-2*arccosh(
c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b))/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c/b
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \sqrt{d} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `sqrt(d)*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)`

3.73 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result	643
Mathematica [A] (verified)	643
Rubi [A] (verified)	644
Maple [A] (verified)	644
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	645
Sympy [F]	645
Maxima [F]	646
Giac [F]	646
Mupad [F(-1)]	646
Reduce [F]	647

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \log(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bcd\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}$$

output
$$-(c^2d^2x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*\ln(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/b/c/d/(c*x-1)^{(1/2)/(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1+cx) \log(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{-d(-1+cx)(1+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output
$$\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}\right)*(1+cx)*\operatorname{Log}[a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]]/(b*c*\sqrt{-d*(-1+cx)*(1+cx)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {6305}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6305

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1} \log(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/(b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6305 `Int[1/(((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*Log[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\ln(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{dc(c^2x^2-1)b}$	60

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*ln(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \log\left(\frac{b \log\left(\frac{cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{b}\right) + a}{b}\right)}{bc^3 dx^2 - bcd}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*log((b*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + a)/b)/(b*c^3*d*x^2 - b*c*d)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d} (cx - 1) (cx + 1) (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*acosh(c*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a c^2 x^2 - a} dx \right)}{d}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `(-sqrt(d)*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)/(acosh(c*x)*b*c**2*x**2-acosh(c*x)*b+a*c**2*x**2-a),x))/d`

$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	648
Mathematica [N/A]	648
Rubi [N/A]	649
Maple [N/A]	649
Fricas [N/A]	650
Sympy [N/A]	650
Maxima [N/A]	650
Giac [N/A]	651
Mupad [N/A]	651
Reduce [N/A]	652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \text{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(a*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-d (cx - 1) (cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*acosh(c*x))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx =$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a} dx}{\sqrt{d} d}$$

input

```
int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
( - int(1/(sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 - sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*b + sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**2*x**2 - sqrt( - c**2*x**2 + 1)*a),x))/(sqrt(d)*d)
```

$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	653
Mathematica [N/A]	653
Rubi [N/A]	654
Maple [N/A]	654
Fricas [N/A]	655
Sympy [N/A]	655
Maxima [N/A]	656
Giac [N/A]	656
Mupad [N/A]	656
Reduce [N/A]	657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \text{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(a*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*a*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*x^2 - a*d^3 + (b*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*b*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 - b*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 38.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2)*(a + b*acosh(c*x))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^4 x^4 - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} \frac{1}{\sqrt{d} d^2}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*b*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*b + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a), x)/(sqrt(d)*d**2)`

3.76
$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	658
Mathematica [A] (verified)	659
Rubi [A] (verified)	660
Maple [A] (verified)	662
Fricas [F]	663
Sympy [F(-1)]	663
Maxima [F]	664
Giac [F]	664
Mupad [F(-1)]	665
Reduce [F]	665

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 454

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{bc(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{16b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{4b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{6(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right)}{16b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}\cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{6(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```

-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1
5/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*Chi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(2*a/b)/b^2/
c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+3/4*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*Chi(4*(a+b*arcc
osh(c*x))/b)*sinh(4*a/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/16*d^2*(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*Chi(6*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(6*a/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)
/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+15/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*(a+b*arcco
sh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-3/4*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
*cosh(4*a/b)*Shi(4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
+3/16*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(6*a/b)*Shi(6*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2
/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{d^4 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} \left(-\frac{16b(-1 + c^2 x^2)^4}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 12(-1 + cx)(1 + cx) \left(-2\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \right. \right. \right.$$

input

```
Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```

(d^4*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*((-16*b*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^4)/(a + b*ArcCosh
[c*x]) + 12*(-1 + c*x)*(1 + c*x)*(-2*CoshIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*
Sinh[(2*a)/b] + CoshIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Sinh[(4*a)/b] + 2*Cos
h[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - Cosh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegr
al[4*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 3*(-1 + c*x)*(1 + c*x)*(3*CoshIntegral[2*(a/
b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Sinh[(2*a)/b] - CoshIntegral[6*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Si
nh[(6*a)/b] - 3*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + Cosh[
(6*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[6*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(16*b^2*c*(d - c^2*d*x^2)
^(3/2))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {6319, 6327, 6367, 25, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{6cd^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{x(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6327}$$

$$\frac{6cd^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{x(1-c^2 x^2)^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6367}$$

$$\frac{6d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int -\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^5\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2 c \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{\sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{6d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^5\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2 c \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{\sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$6d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \left(\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{6a}{b} - \frac{6(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{5\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{32(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a$$

$$\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} \\ bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))$$

↓ 2009

$$6d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(-\frac{5}{32} \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{32} \sinh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{6(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))) + (6*d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((-5*CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(2*a)/b])/32 + (CoshIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(4*a)/b])/8 - (CoshIntegral[(6*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(6*a)/b])/32 + (5*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/32 - (Cosh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/8 + (Cosh[(6*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(6*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/32))/(b^2*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 6367 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(-32\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^6x^6-32bc^7x^7+96\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^4x^4+96bc^5x^5-96\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^2x^2-96bc^3x^3\right)}{(c^2x^2+d)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/32*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+c^2*x^2-1)*
(-32*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b*c^6*x^6-32*b*c^7*x^7+96*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*b*c^4*x^4+96*b*c^5*x^5-96*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b*c^2*x
^2-96*b*c^3*x^3+12*arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-4*arccosh(c*x)-4*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arc
cosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)-15*arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-2*arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*a
rccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-3*arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-6*arccosh(c*x)-6*a/b)*exp(-(-b*
arccosh(c*x)+6*a)/b)+3*Ei(1,6*arccosh(c*x)+6*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+6*a)
/b)*b*arccosh(c*x)-12*Ei(1,4*arccosh(c*x)+4*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/
b)*b*arccosh(c*x)+15*Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b
)*b*arccosh(c*x)+32*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b+12*a*Ei(1,-4*arccosh(c*x
)-4*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)-15*a*Ei(1,-2*arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)*ex
p(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-3*a*Ei(1,-6*arccosh(c*x)-6*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arcco
sh(c*x)+6*a)/b)+3*Ei(1,6*arccosh(c*x)+6*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+6*a)/b)*a
-12*Ei(1,4*arccosh(c*x)+4*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)*a+15*Ei(1,2*arc
cosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)*a+32*b*c*x)*d^2/(c*x-1)/(c*x+
1)/c/b^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b^2*arc
cosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```


output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((c^6*d^(5/2)*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^(5/2)*x^2 - d^(5/2))*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (c^7*d^(5/2)*x^7 - 3*c^5*d^(5/2)*x^5 + 3*c^3*d^(5/2)*x^3 - c*d^(5/2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate(((6*c^6*d^(5/2)*x^6 - 11*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^4 + 4*c^2*d^(5/2)*x^2 + d^(5/2))*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 6*(2*c^7*d^(5/2)*x^7 - 5*c^5*d^(5/2)*x^5 + 4*c^3*d^(5/2)*x^3 - c*d^(5/2)*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (6*c^8*d^(5/2)*x^8 - 19*c^6*d^(5/2)*x^6 + 21*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^4 - 9*c^2*d^(5/2)*x^2 + d^(5/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx &= \sqrt{d} d^2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right. \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^4 \\ &\left. - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `sqrt(d)*d**2*(int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x) + int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**4 - 2*int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*c**2)`

$$3.77 \quad \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	666
Mathematica [A] (verified)	667
Rubi [A] (verified)	667
Maple [A] (verified)	670
Fricas [F]	671
Sympy [F]	671
Maxima [F]	671
Giac [F]	672
Mupad [F(-1)]	672
Reduce [F]	673

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c \sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{2b^2 c \sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} + \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c \sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2 c \sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(cx-1)^{1/2}(cx+1)^{1/2}(-c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}/b/c/(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))-d \\
& *(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}\operatorname{Chi}(2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/b)*\sinh(2a/b)/b^2/c/(cx-1) \\
&)^{1/2}/(cx+1)^{1/2}+1/2*d*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}\operatorname{Chi}(4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/ \\
& b)*\sinh(4a/b)/b^2/c/(cx-1)^{1/2}/(cx+1)^{1/2}+d*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}*co \\
& sh(2a/b)*\operatorname{Shi}(2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/b)/b^2/c/(cx-1)^{1/2}/(cx+1)^{1/2}-1/ \\
& 2*d*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}*\cosh(4a/b)*\operatorname{Shi}(4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))/b)/b^2/c/(cx \\
& x-1)^{1/2}/(cx+1)^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{d^3 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} \left(\frac{2b(-1+c^2x^2)^3}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + (-1 + cx)(1 + cx) (-2\operatorname{Chi}(2(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))) \right)}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}$$

input

`Integrate[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (d^3\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + cx]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + cx]*((2*b*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3)/(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c \\
& *x]) + (-1 + cx)*(1 + cx)*(-2*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]])*\operatorname{Sinh}[\\
& (2*a)/b] + \operatorname{CoshIntegral}[4*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]])*\operatorname{Sinh}[(4*a)/b] + 2*\operatorname{Cosh}[(2* \\
& a)/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])] - \operatorname{Cosh}[(4*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[4* \\
& (a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])])))/(2*b^2*c*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))
\end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {6319, 25, 6327, 6367, 25, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{6319} \\
& - \frac{4cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{x(1-cx)(cx+1)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{4cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{x(1-cx)(cx+1)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{6327} \\
& \frac{4cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{x(1-c^2x^2)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{6367} \\
& - \frac{4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^3\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh^3\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{5971} \\
& \frac{4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \left(\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}-\frac{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \right) d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\text{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{8}\sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)\text{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a+b\text{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\text{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\right)}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}{bc(a+b\text{arccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))) - (4*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(2*a)/b])/4 - (CoshIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(4*a)/b])/8 - (Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/4 + (Cosh[(4*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/8))/(b^2*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6367

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)
^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x
)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p
+ 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && Eq
Q[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(-4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^4x^4-4bc^5x^5+8\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^2x^2+8bc^3x^3+2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+c^2*x^2-1)*(-
4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b*c^4*x^4-4*b*c^5*x^5+8*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1
)^(1/2)*b*c^2*x^2+8*b*c^3*x^3+2*arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-2*arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)
*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-4*arccosh(c*x)-4*a/b)*
exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)+Ei(1,4*arccosh(c*x)+4*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*
x)+4*a)/b)*b*arccosh(c*x)-2*Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)
+2*a)/b)*b*arccosh(c*x)-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b+2*a*Ei(1,-2*arccos
h(c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-a*Ei(1,-4*arccosh(c*x)-4*a/b)*
exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+4*a)/b)+Ei(1,4*arccosh(c*x)+4*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*
x)+4*a)/b)*a-2*Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)*a-4*
b*c*x)*d/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c/b^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((c^4*d^(3/2)*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^(3/2)*x^2 + d^(3/2))*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) +
(c^5*d^(3/2)*x^5 - 2*c^3*d^(3/2)*x^3 + c*d^(3/2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-
c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b
^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) - integrate(((4*c^4*d^(3/2)*x^4 - 3*c^2*d^(3/2)*
x^2 - d^(3/2))*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 4*(2*c^5*d^(3/2)*x^5 - 3*c^3*d
^(3/2)*x^3 + c*d^(3/2)*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (4*c^6*d^(3/2)*x^6 - 9*
c^4*d^(3/2)*x^4 + 6*c^2*d^(3/2)*x^2 - d^(3/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x +
1)/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b
*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c
x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*s
qrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))),
x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \sqrt{d} d \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right. \\ \left. - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) c^2 \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `sqrt(d)*d*(int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2+2*acosh(c*x)*a*b+a**2),x)-int((sqrt(-c**2*x**2+1)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2+2*acosh(c*x)*a*b+a**2),x)*c**2)`

3.78 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	674
Mathematica [A] (verified)	675
Rubi [C] (verified)	675
Maple [A] (verified)	679
Fricas [F]	680
Sympy [F]	680
Maxima [F]	681
Giac [F]	681
Mupad [F(-1)]	682
Reduce [F]	682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2c\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}} + \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}$$

output

```
-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-
-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*Chi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(2*a/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(
1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)*cosh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*(a+b*arccosh(c*
x))/b)/b^2/c/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(b(-1 + c^2 x^2) + (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))\operatorname{Chi}(2(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)))) \sinh(\frac{2a}{b}) - (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2 c \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(b*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*CoshIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])*Sinh[(2*a)/b] - (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]))/(b^2*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6319, 6302, 25, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{x}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx}{b\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6302

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\frac{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5971 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b}-\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b}-\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3784
 \end{aligned}$$

$$i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}$$

↓ 26

$$i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}$$

↓ 3042

$$i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}$$

↓ 26

$$i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}$$

↓ 3779

$$i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}$$

↓ 3782

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bc(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + i\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\left(i\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) - i\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\right)}{b^2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))) + (I*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(I*CoshIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(2*a)/b] - I*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]))/(b^2*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^(n)*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}(-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}cx+c^2x^2-1)\left(2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}bc^2x^2+2bc^3x^3+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)b\exp\operatorname{Integral}_1(-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-\frac{2a}{b})\right)}{b^2c^{2n+1}}$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c*x+c^2*x^2-1)*(2
*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*b*c^2*x^2+2*b*c^3*x^3+arccosh(c*x)*b*Ei(1,-2*
arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-Ei(1,2*arccosh(c*x)+2*a/
b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)*b*arccosh(c*x)-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2
)*b+a*Ei(1,-2*arccosh(c*x)-2*a/b)*exp(-(-b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)-Ei(1,2*arc
cosh(c*x)+2*a/b)*exp((b*arccosh(c*x)+2*a)/b)*a-2*b*c*x)/(c*x-1)/(c*x+1)/c/
b^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a
^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-((c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 - sqrt(d))*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (c^3*sqrt(d)*x^3 -
c*sqrt(d)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*s
qrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1
)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate((
(2*c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 + sqrt(d))*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(2*c^3*sqrt(d)
*x^3 - c*sqrt(d)*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (2*c^4*sqrt(d)*x^4 - 3*c^2*s
qrt(d)*x^2 + sqrt(d))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x +
1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(
c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*
x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1
) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \sqrt{d} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `sqrt(d)*int(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.79 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	683
Rubi [A] (verified)	684
Maple [A] (verified)	685
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	685
Sympy [F]	686
Maxima [F]	686
Giac [F]	687
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	687
Reduce [F]	687

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{bcd\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

output `(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/d/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.038$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$-\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{bc \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-d(cx-1)(cx+1)}\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{cd(c^2x^2-1)(a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))b}$	61

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-d*(c*x-1)*(c*x+1))^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{abc^3 dx^2 - abcd + (b^2 c^3 dx^2 - b^2 cd) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*b*c^3*d*x^2 - a*b*c*d + (b^2*c^3*d*x^2 - b^2*c*d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/(((c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*x + (b^2*c^3*sqrt(d)*x^2 - b^2*c*sqrt(d))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + ((c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*x + (a*b*c^3*sqrt(d)*x^2 - a*b*c*sqrt(d))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1) + integrate(-(c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 - (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*sqrt(d) - sqrt(d))/(((c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d*x^3 - b^2*c*d*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^4*d*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d*x^2 + b^2*d)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + ((c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*d*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*d*x^3 - a*b*c*d*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (a*b*c^4*d*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*b*d)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{b \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{cd (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (b^2 - b^2 c^2 x^2)}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(b*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)*(c*x - 1)^(1/2)*(c*x + 1)^(1/2))/(c*d*(a + b*acosh(c*x))*(b^2 - b^2*c^2*x^2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx \\ &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2} dx}{\sqrt{d}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*a*b + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2),x)/sqrt(d)`

3.80
$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	688
Mathematica [N/A]	688
Rubi [N/A]	689
Maple [N/A]	690
Fricas [N/A]	690
Sympy [N/A]	691
Maxima [N/A]	691
Giac [N/A]	692
Mupad [N/A]	692
Reduce [N/A]	693

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^2(cx+1)^2(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6327

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^2(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(a^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 50.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 597, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(((c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*d^(3/2)*x + (b^2*c^3*d^(3/2)*x^2 - b^2*c*d^(3/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + ((c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*d^(3/2)*x + (a*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*x^2 - a*b*c*d^(3/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + integrate((2*c^4*sqrt(d)*x^4 - c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 + (2*c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 - sqrt(d))*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(2*c^3*sqrt(d)*x^3 - c*sqrt(d)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - sqrt(d))/((b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^3 + b^2*c*d^2*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^6*d^2*x^6 - 3*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 - b^2*d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + ((a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^3 + a*b*c*d^2*x)*(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (a*b*c^6*d^2*x^6 - 3*a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 + 3*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 - a*b*d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{d} d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(- int(1/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*a*b + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2),x))/(sqrt(d)*d)`

$$3.81 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	694
Mathematica [N/A]	694
Rubi [N/A]	695
Maple [N/A]	696
Fricas [N/A]	696
Sympy [F(-1)]	697
Maxima [N/A]	697
Giac [N/A]	698
Mupad [N/A]	699
Reduce [N/A]	699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6319} \\
 & \frac{4c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int -\frac{x}{(1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{\frac{bd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}} - \frac{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-cx)^3(cx+1)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{4c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6375} \\
 & \frac{4c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-c^2x^2)^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{bd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```


Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(a^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*x^2 - a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2 - b^2*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*a*b*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 - a*b*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(((b^2*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^3 - b^2*c^2*d^(5/2)*x^2 + b^2*c*d^(5/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^5*d^(5/2)*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^3*d^(5/2)*x^2 + b^2*c*d^(5/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + ((a*b*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^3 - a*b*c^2*d^(5/2)*x)*(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (a*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^(5/2)*x^2 + a*b*c*d^(5/2))*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) - integrate((4*c^4*sqrt(d)*x^4 - 3*c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 + (4*c^2*sqrt(d)*x^2 - sqrt(d))*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 4*(2*c^3*sqrt(d)*x^3 - c*sqrt(d)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) - sqrt(d)/(((b^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 2*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 + b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2)*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 3*b^2*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3*b^2*c^3*d^3*x^3 - b^2*c*d^3*x) * (c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^8*d^3*x^8 - 4*b^2*c^6*d^3*x^6 + 6*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2 + b^2*d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + ((a*b*c^6*d^3*x^6 - 2*a*b*c^4*d^3*x^4 + a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2)*(c*x + 1)^(3/2)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^7*d^3*x^7 - 3*a*b*c^5*d^3*x^5 + 3*a*b*c^3*d^3*x^3 - a*b*c*d^3*x)*(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (a*b*c^8*d^3*x^8 - 4*a*b*c^6*d^3*x^6 + 6*a*b*c^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a*b*d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)**2)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(c*x)*a*b + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2),x)/(sqrt(d)*d**2)`

3.82 $\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	701
Rubi [C] (verified)	701
Maple [F]	709
Fricas [F(-2)]	709
Sympy [F]	709
Maxima [F]	710
Giac [F(-2)]	710
Mupad [F(-1)]	710
Reduce [F]	711

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 351

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx &= \frac{3}{8}cx\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}x(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\
 &- \frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{256a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\
 &+ \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\
 &+ \frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{256a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\
 &- \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3/8*c*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)}+1/4*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(3/2)} \\ & * \operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)}-1/4*c*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(3/2)}/a/(a*x-1) \\ &)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}-1/256*c*\Pi^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erf}(2*\operatorname{arccosh}(\\ & a*x)^{(1/2)})/a/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}+1/32*c*2^{(1/2)}*\Pi^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*c* \\ & x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erf}(2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)})/a/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)} \\ & +1/256*c*\Pi^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erfi}(2*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)})/a/(a*x-1) \\ &)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}-1/32*c*2^{(1/2)}*\Pi^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{erfi}(2^{(1/2)} \\ &)*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)})/a/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int (c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \left(-\sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + 8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + \sqrt{a} \right)}{128a \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} (1+ax) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]], x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/128*(c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]]*\operatorname{Gamma}[3/2, -4*\operatorname{ArcCosh} \\ & [a*x]]) + 8*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]]*\operatorname{Gamma}[3/2, -2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]] + \operatorname{Sqrt} \\ & [\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]]*(32*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^{(3/2)} + 8*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Gamma}[3/2, 2*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x] \\ &] - \operatorname{Gamma}[3/2, 4*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]])))/(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x) \\ & * \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]]) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.708$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 6310, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 6308, 6327, 6367, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6312} \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int -\frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6310} \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6302} \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}}(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5971}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}c & \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}c & \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}c & \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int -\frac{i\sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}c & \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3789}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(i \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \\
 & \frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6308}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6327

$$\frac{ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-a^2x^2)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{8\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6367

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{ax \left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1} \right)^{3/2} (ax+1)^3}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5971

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \left(\frac{\sinh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\left(-\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)+\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)+\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)-\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{3}{4}c\left(\frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{4}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]`

output `(x*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/4 + (c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1/32*(Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/8))/(8*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + (3*c*((x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/(3*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + ((I/8)*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + (I/2)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])))/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2611 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[F^{(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d))}, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \&\& \text{!TrueQ}\{\$UseGamma\}$

rule 2633 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}*(\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 2634 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{2}), x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}*(\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] :> \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3789 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(m_.)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m/E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x\}$

rule 5971 $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{n*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6302 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}*(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] :> \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(m + 1)}) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6312

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6367

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int (-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)*acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int (-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \sqrt{c} c \left(- \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} x^2 dx \right) a^2 + \int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)*acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(c)*c*(- int(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**2,x)*a**2 + int(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)),x))`

3.83 $\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$

Optimal result	712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	713
Rubi [C] (verified)	713
Maple [F]	717
Fricas [F(-2)]	717
Sympy [F]	718
Maxima [F]	718
Giac [F(-2)]	718
Mupad [F(-1)]	719
Reduce [F]	719

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)-1/3*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arc
cosh(a*x)^(3/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/32*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*
c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/
2)-1/32*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1
/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c(-1 + ax)(1 + ax)} \left(16 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{48a \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} (1 + ax) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]
```

output

```
-1/48*(Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + a*x)*(1 + a*x))]*(16*ArcCosh[a*x]^2 + 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {6310, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6310}$$

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{4\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6302}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{ax \sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}} (ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5971 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int -\frac{i \sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3789 \\
& \frac{i\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2611
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(i \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2633 \\
& \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2634 \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 6308 \\
& \frac{i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/(3*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + ((I/8)*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + (I/2)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sinh[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6302

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x,
a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqr
rt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 +
c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1
] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(
1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcC
osh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sq
rt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n
, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)*acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*sqrt(acosh(a*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)} dx = \sqrt{c} \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)} dx \right)$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)),x)
```


$$3.84 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	720
Mathematica [A] (verified)	720
Rubi [A] (verified)	721
Maple [A] (verified)	722
Fricas [F(-2)]	722
Sympy [F]	722
Maxima [F]	723
Giac [F]	723
Mupad [F(-1)]	723
Reduce [F]	724

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/a/c/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/(3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/(3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{3a \sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(1/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{a^2x^2-1} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(a**2*x**2 - 1), x))/c`

3.85
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	725
Mathematica [N/A]	725
Rubi [N/A]	726
Maple [N/A]	726
Fricas [F(-2)]	727
Sympy [N/A]	727
Maxima [N/A]	728
Giac [N/A]	728
Mupad [N/A]	728
Reduce [N/A]	729

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6314

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(1/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{a^4x^4 - 2a^2x^2 + 1} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(a**4*x**4 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c**2`

$$3.86 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	730
Mathematica [N/A]	730
Rubi [N/A]	731
Maple [N/A]	732
Fricas [F(-2)]	732
Sympy [N/A]	733
Maxima [N/A]	733
Giac [N/A]	734
Mupad [N/A]	734
Reduce [N/A]	734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6375}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + 2 \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 90.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(1/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(a*x))/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(-2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax) + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{a^6x^6-3a^4x^4+a^2x^2+c} dx \right) \right)}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*(-2*sqrt(a*x+1)*sqrt(a*x-1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acos
sh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)+3*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**4)
/(a**6*x**6-3*a**4*x**4+3*a**2*x**2-1),x)*a**7*x**2-3*int((sqrt(-
a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**4)/(a**6*x**6-3*a**4*x**4+3*a**2*x
2-1),x)*a5-6*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**2)/(a
6*x6-3*a**4*x**4+3*a**2*x**2-1),x)*a**5*x**2+6*int((sqrt(-a*
*2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**2)/(a**6*x**6-3*a**4*x**4+3*a**2*x**2
-1),x)*a**3))/(3*a*c**3*(a**2*x**2-1))`

3.87 $\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	737
Rubi [A] (verified)	737
Maple [F]	740
Fricas [F(-2)]	741
Sympy [F]	741
Maxima [F]	741
Giac [F(-2)]	742
Mupad [F(-1)]	742
Reduce [F]	742

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 302

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{3\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ &- \frac{3ax^2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{8\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{5a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/16*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
-3/8*a*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(
1/2)+1/2*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)-1/5*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)
)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+3/128*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*
(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+
1)^(1/2)+3/128*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(
a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(15\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + 15\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) \right)}{640 a \sqrt{(-1 + ax)/(1 + ax)} (1 + ax)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(15*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + 15*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] - 8*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*(16*ArcCosh[a*x]^2 + 15*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 20*ArcCosh[a*x]*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/(640*a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {6310, 6299, 6308, 6368, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6310} \\ & -\frac{3a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} dx}{4\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \\ & \quad \frac{1}{2} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6299} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 6368

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2x^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{4a^2} \right)}{5a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2))/(5*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) - (3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((x^2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/2 - (Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]] + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4)/(4*a^2)))/(4*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6299 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1))/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6308

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6310

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 6368

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^p_)^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)} \operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)*acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*acosh(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{c} \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*acosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x),x)`

3.88 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	743
Mathematica [A] (verified)	743
Rubi [A] (verified)	744
Maple [A] (verified)	745
Fricas [F(-2)]	745
Sympy [F]	745
Maxima [F]	746
Giac [F]	746
Mupad [F(-1)]	746
Reduce [F]	747

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{5ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output $-2/5*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(5/2)}/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2],x]`

output $(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a*x]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^{(5/2)})/(5*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c-a^2*c*x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2))/(5*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{5a \sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)}{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(3/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{a^2 x^2 - 1} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x))/(a**2*x**2 - 1),x))/c`

$$3.89 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	748
Mathematica [N/A]	748
Rubi [N/A]	749
Maple [N/A]	749
Fricas [F(-2)]	750
Sympy [N/A]	750
Maxima [N/A]	751
Giac [N/A]	751
Mupad [N/A]	751
Reduce [N/A]	752

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6314

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 43.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(3/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)**(3/2)/(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{a^4x^4 - 2a^2x^2 + 1} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x))/(a**4*x**4 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c**2`

3.90 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	753
Mathematica [N/A]	753
Rubi [N/A]	754
Maple [N/A]	756
Fricas [F(-2)]	756
Sympy [F(-1)]	756
Maxima [N/A]	757
Giac [N/A]	757
Mupad [N/A]	757
Reduce [N/A]	758

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6326} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6375} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{2c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} dx + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-a^2cx^2+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(3/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.33

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(-2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 + 5 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{a^6x^6-3} \right) \right)}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*(- 2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(aco
sh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2 + 5*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*ac
osh(a*x)*x**4)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**7*x**2 -
5*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)*x**4)/(a**6*x**6
- 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**5 - 10*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)
*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)*x**2)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2
- 1),x)*a**5*x**2 + 10*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(
a*x)*x**2)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**3))/(5*a*c**3
*(a**2*x**2 - 1))`

3.91 $\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	759
Mathematica [A] (verified)	760
Rubi [C] (verified)	760
Maple [F]	766
Fricas [F(-2)]	766
Sympy [F(-1)]	766
Maxima [F]	767
Giac [F(-2)]	767
Mupad [F(-1)]	767
Reduce [F]	768

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 330

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{15}{32} x \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{5ax^2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{8\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}}{7a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{15\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{256a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \dots$$

output

```
15/32*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)+5/16*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*
arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-5/8*a*x^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(
1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(
1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)-1/7*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(7/2)/a/(a*
x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+15/512*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(
2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-15/512*2^(1/2)*P
i^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1
/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c(-1 + ax)(1 + ax)} \left(-105\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + 105\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + 8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{3584a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/3584*(Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + a*x)*(1 + a*x))]*(-105*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + 105*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + 8*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*(64*ArcCosh[a*x]^3 + 140*ArcCosh[a*x]*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 7*(15 + 16*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$, Rules used = {6310, 6299, 6308, 6354, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6310}$$

$$-\frac{5a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} dx}{4\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6299}$$

$$\frac{5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 6308

$$\frac{5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \right)}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 6354

$$5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{4a} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 6302

$$5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(-\frac{\int \frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}}(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 5971

$$5a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 27

$$5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{i \sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 26

$$5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{i \int \frac{\sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 3789

$$5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}$$

↓ 2611

$$5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{i \left(\int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{7a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2633 \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax-1}} dx}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right) \right)}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 2634 \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{8a^3} \right) \right)}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \downarrow 6308 \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{8a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3a^3} \right) \right)}{7a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2))/2 - (Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(7/2))/(7*a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) - (5*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((x^2*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))/2 - (3*a*((x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/(2*a^2) + ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)/(3*a^3) + ((I/8)*((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]) + (I/2)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])))/a^3)/4)/(4*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \ \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2611 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$
- rule 2633 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$
- rule 2634 $\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3789 $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 5971 $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)*\text{Sinh}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^n*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 6299 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(m+1)) \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6302 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(m+1)}) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6308 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}/(\text{Sqrt}[(d1_) + (e1_.)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(d2_) + (e2_.)(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c*(n+1))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x]]*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$

rule 6310 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}*\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/2}), x] + (-\text{Simp}[(1/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 6354 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}*((f_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((d1_) + (e1_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}*((d2_) + (e2_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*(f*x)^{(m-1)}*(d1 + e1*x)^{(p+1)}*(d2 + e2*x)^{(p+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n/(e1*e2*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[f^2*((m-1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m-2)}*(d1 + e1*x)^p*(d2 + e2*x)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m-1)}*(1 + c*x)^{(p+1/2)}*(-1 + c*x)^{(p+1/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)*acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} dx = \sqrt{c} \left(\int \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*acosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2,x)`

3.92 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	769
Rubi [A] (verified)	770
Maple [A] (verified)	771
Fricas [F(-2)]	771
Sympy [F(-1)]	771
Maxima [F]	772
Giac [F]	772
Mupad [F(-1)]	772
Reduce [F]	773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}}{7ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output
$$-2/7*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(7/2)}/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}}{7a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^{(5/2)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[c - a^2*c*x^2], x]$$

output
$$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a*x]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^{(7/2)})/(7*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c - a^2*c*x^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{7/2}}{7a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(7/2))/(7*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{7a \sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*arccosh(a*x)^(7/2)/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(5/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2}{a^2x^2-1} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2)/(a**2*x**2-1),x))/c`

3.93 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	774
Mathematica [N/A]	774
Rubi [N/A]	775
Maple [N/A]	775
Fricas [F(-2)]	776
Sympy [F(-1)]	776
Maxima [N/A]	776
Giac [N/A]	777
Mupad [N/A]	777
Reduce [N/A]	778

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6314$$

$$\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 6375$$

$$\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(5/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2}{a^4x^4 - 2a^2x^2 + 1} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2)/(a**4*x**4-2*a**2*x**2+1),x))/c**2
```

3.94 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	779
Mathematica [N/A]	779
Rubi [N/A]	780
Maple [N/A]	782
Fricas [F(-2)]	782
Sympy [F(-1)]	782
Maxima [N/A]	783
Giac [N/A]	783
Mupad [N/A]	783
Reduce [N/A]	784

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} dx}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6329}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}} dx}{4a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6315} \\
& \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6375} \\
& \frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2(1-a^2x^2)} \right)}{6c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{1-a^2x^2} dx}{2c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{3c(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-a^2cx^2+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)**(5/2)/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.67

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(-2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 + 7 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{a^6x^6-3} \right) \right)}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*(- 2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(aco
sh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**3 + 7*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*ac
osh(a*x)**2*x**4)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**7*x**2
- 7*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2*x**4)/(a**
6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**5 - 14*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**
2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*acosh(a*x)**2*x**2)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a
2*x2 - 1),x)*a**5*x**2 + 14*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x
))*acosh(a*x)**2*x**2)/(a**6*x**6 - 3*a**4*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**3
))/(7*a*c**3*(a**2*x**2 - 1))`

3.95 $\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$

Optimal result	785
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	786
Rubi [C] (verified)	786
Maple [F]	794
Fricas [F(-2)]	794
Sympy [F]	795
Maxima [F]	795
Giac [F]	795
Mupad [F(-1)]	796
Reduce [F]	796

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 368

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \frac{3}{8}a^2x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{256\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{16\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{256\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{16\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}}$$

output

```
3/8*a^2*x*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)+1/4*x*(a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)-1/4*a^3*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)-1/256*a^3*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+1/32*a^3*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+1/256*a^3*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erfi(2*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)-1/32*a^3*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(-\sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -4\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right) + 8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right) + \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right)}{128 \sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}} (a+x) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]], x]`output `-1/128*(a^4*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*(-(Sqrt[-ArcCosh[x/a]]*Gamma[3/2, -4*ArcCosh[x/a]]) + 8*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[x/a]]*Gamma[3/2, -2*ArcCosh[x/a]] + Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]*(32*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2) + 8*Sqrt[2]*Gamma[3/2, 2*ArcCosh[x/a]] - Gamma[3/2, 4*ArcCosh[x/a]])))/(Sqrt[(-a + x)/(a + x)]*(a + x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]])`**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {6312, 25, 27, 6310, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 6308, 6327, 6367, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

↓ 6312

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx + \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int -\frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{a^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{a^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 6310

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 6302

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x+1}}\left(\frac{x}{a}+1\right)}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 5971

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}a^2 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}a^2 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
\frac{3}{4}a^2 & \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int -\frac{i\sin\left(2i\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sin\left(2i\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 3789

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 2611

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(i \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 2633

$$\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 2634

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \right) \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{4}x(a^2-x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{(a-x)x(a+x)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}x(a^2-x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{x(a^2-x^2)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{8a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}x(a^2-x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6367} \\
& \frac{a^3\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{x\left(\frac{x-1}{\frac{x}{a}+1}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{x}{a}+1\right)^3}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}x(a^2-x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5971}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \left(\frac{\sinh\left(4 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{8 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} - \frac{\sinh\left(2 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{4 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \right) d \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} + \\
 & \frac{3}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{ia \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} - \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{4} x (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{ia \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} - \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{4} x (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} + \\
 & \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(-\frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]], x]`

output `(x*(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]])/4 + (a^3*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*(-1/32*(Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]]) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/32 - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/8))/(8*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]) + (3*a^2*((x*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]])/2 - (a*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a])^(3/2))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]) + ((I/8)*a*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]] + (I/2)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]]))/(Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]))/4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 5971 $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(p_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * \text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{n*p}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] & IGtQ[p, 0]

rule 6302 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * (x_)^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(m+1)}) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n * \text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m * \text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

rule 6308 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} / (\text{Sqrt}[(d1_.) + (e1_.)(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(d2_.) + (e2_.)(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(n+1)})] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x] / \text{Sqrt}[d1 + e1*x]] * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x] / \text{Sqrt}[d2 + e2*x]] * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]

rule 6310 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * \text{Sqrt}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x * \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/2}), x] + (-\text{Simp}[(1/2) * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[(a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/2} / (\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c^{(n/2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])] \text{Int}[x * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 6312 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * ((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x * (d + e*x^2)^p * ((a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n/(2*p+1)}), x] + (\text{Simp}[2*d*(p/(2*p+1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(p-1)} * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c^{(n/(2*p+1))} * \text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p / ((1 + c*x)^p * (-1 + c*x)^p)] \text{Int}[x * (1 + c*x)^{(p-1/2)} * (-1 + c*x)^{(p-1/2)} * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]

rule 6327 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * ((f_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((d1_.) + (e1_.)(x_)^{(p_.)} * ((d2_.) + (e2_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(f*x)^m * (d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p * (a + b * \text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]

rule 6367

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)
^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x
)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p
+ 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && Eq
Q[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input

```
int((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int (-(a - x)(a + x))^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2-x**2)**(3/2)*acosh(x/a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-(a + x)*(a - x))**(3/2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a^2 - x^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(arccosh(x/a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a^2 - x^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(arccosh(x/a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx =$$

$$-\left(\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} x^2 dx\right) + \left(\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx\right) a^2$$

input `int((a^2-x^2)^(3/2)*acosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)`output `-int(sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*x**2,x) + int(sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a)),x)*a**2`

3.96 $\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$

Optimal result	797
Mathematica [A] (verified)	798
Rubi [C] (verified)	798
Maple [F]	802
Fricas [F(-2)]	803
Sympy [F]	803
Maxima [F]	803
Giac [F]	804
Mupad [F(-1)]	804
Reduce [F]	804

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{16\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{16\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)-1/3*a*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+1/32*a*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)-1/32*a*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(16 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right) + 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right) \right)}{48 \sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}} (a+x) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]],x]`

output `-1/48*(a^2*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*(16*ArcCosh[x/a]^2 + 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[x/a]]*Gamma[3/2, -2*ArcCosh[x/a]] + 3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]*Gamma[3/2, 2*ArcCosh[x/a]]))/(Sqrt[(-a + x)/(a + x)]*(a + x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]])`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$, Rules used = {6310, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 6308}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

↓ 6310

$$-\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{4a \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} dx}{2 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}$$

↓ 6302

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}+1} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx - \sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{4\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx - a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx - a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx - a\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int -\frac{i\sin\left(2i\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx + ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sin\left(2i\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \quad \downarrow \text{3789}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a}) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a}) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(i \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(\frac{x}{a})}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \\
& \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6308} \\
& \frac{ia\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} \\
& \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]])/2 - (a*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]) + ((I/8)*a*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]] + (I/2)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/(Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6308 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 6310 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n/2)), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{-(-a + x)(a + x)} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a**2-x**2)**(1/2)*acosh(x/a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-a + x)*(a + x))*sqrt(acosh(x/a)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a^2 - x^2)*sqrt(arccosh(x/a)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a^2 - x^2)*sqrt(arccosh(x/a)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx$$

input `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*acosh(x/a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a)),x)`

$$3.97 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	805
Rubi [A] (verified)	806
Maple [A] (verified)	806
Fricas [F(-2)]	807
Sympy [F]	807
Maxima [F]	808
Giac [F]	808
Mupad [F(-1)]	808
Reduce [F]	809

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a\sqrt{-1+\frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}}}$$

output $-2/3*(a^2-x^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(x/a)^{(3/2)}/a/(-1+x/a)^{(1/2)}/(x/a+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{-1+\frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x/a]]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2-x^2],x]$

output $(2*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+x/a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+x/a]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x/a]^{(3/2)})/(3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2-x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/Sqrt[a^2 - x^2],x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2))/(3*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{a}}}{3\sqrt{(a-x)(a+x)}}$	44

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)*a/((a-x)*(a+x))^(1/2)*(-(a-x)/a)^(1/2)*((a+x)/a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{-(-a + x)(a + x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(1/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(x/a))/sqrt(-(-a + x)*(a + x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/sqrt(a^2 - x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/sqrt(a^2 - x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2 - x^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a)))/(a**2 - x**2),x)`

$$3.98 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	810
Mathematica [N/A]	810
Rubi [N/A]	811
Maple [N/A]	812
Fricas [F(-2)]	812
Sympy [N/A]	812
Maxima [N/A]	813
Giac [N/A]	813
Mupad [N/A]	814
Reduce [N/A]	814

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6314

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{a^2 x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{2a^3\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x)`**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(-(-a+x)(a+x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(1/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(x/a))/(-(-a + x)*(a + x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^4 - 2a^2x^2 + x^4} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a)))/(a**4 - 2*a**2*x**2 + x**4), x)`

3.99 $\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	815
Mathematica [N/A]	815
Rubi [N/A]	816
Maple [N/A]	817
Fricas [F(-2)]	818
Sympy [N/A]	818
Maxima [N/A]	819
Giac [N/A]	819
Mupad [N/A]	819
Reduce [N/A]	820

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x]

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{a^4 x}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{6a^5 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{6a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{6a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{a^2 x}{(a^2 - x^2) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{2a^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a-x)^2(a+x)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{6a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6327

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{6a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{6a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x}{(a^2-x^2)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int [Sqrt [ArcCosh [x/a]]/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2-x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 91.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(-(-a + x)(a + x))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(1/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acosh(x/a))/(-(-a + x)*(a + x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(arccosh(x/a))/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+x}\sqrt{-a+x}\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}x^4}{a^6-3a^4x^2+3a^2x^4-x^6} dx\right)}{a^6}$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + x)*sqrt(- a + x)*sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a) - 3*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*x**4)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**2 + 3*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*x**4)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*x**2 + 6*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*x**2)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**4 - 6*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*x**2)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**2*x**2)/(3*a**4*(a**2 - x**2))`

3.100 $\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	821
Mathematica [A] (verified)	822
Rubi [A] (verified)	822
Maple [F]	825
Fricas [F(-2)]	826
Sympy [F]	826
Maxima [F]	826
Giac [F]	827
Mupad [F(-1)]	827
Reduce [F]	827

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{16\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} - \frac{3x^2\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{8a\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{64\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right)}{64\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x}{a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a}}}$$

output

```
3/16*a*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)-3/8
*x^2*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2)/a/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+1/2
*x*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)-1/5*a*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(
5/2)/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+3/128*a^2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)
*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)+3/128*a^2^(1
/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(1/2))/(-1+x/a)^(1/
2)/(x/a+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(15\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) + 15\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \right)}{640 \sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}} (a+x)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2),x]`

output `(a^2*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*(15*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]] + 15*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]] - 8*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]*(16*ArcCosh[x/a]^2 + 15*Cosh[2*ArcCosh[x/a]] - 20*ArcCosh[x/a]*Sinh[2*ArcCosh[x/a]])))/(640*Sqrt[(-a + x)/(a + x)]*(a + x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {6310, 6299, 6308, 6368, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6310}$$

$$-\frac{3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} dx}{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6299}$$

$$3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{4a} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2} \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} dx} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6308

$$3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} dx}{4a} \right) - \frac{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 6368

$$3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{1}{4}a^2 \int \frac{x^2}{a^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{1}{4}a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(i\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{1}{4}a^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh\left(2\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}}{a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} - \frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) + \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \right) \right)}{4a \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} + \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2))/2 - (a*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(5/2))/(5*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]) - (3*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2]*((x^2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]))/2 - (a^2*(Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]] + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[x/a]]])/4))/4)/(4*a*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6299 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1))/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6308 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(Sqrt[(d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d1 + e1*x]]*Simp[Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d2 + e2*x]]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 6310 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/2), x] + (-Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x])] Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6368 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_)^(p_.))*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{-(-a + x)(a + x)} \operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a**2-x**2)**(1/2)*acosh(x/a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-a + x)*(a + x))*acosh(x/a)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a^2 - x^2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a^2 - x^2)*arccosh(x/a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)*(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) dx$$

input `int((a^2-x^2)^(1/2)*acosh(x/a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a),x)`

3.101

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	828
Mathematica [A] (verified)	828
Rubi [A] (verified)	829
Maple [A] (verified)	829
Fricas [F(-2)]	830
Sympy [F]	830
Maxima [F]	831
Giac [F]	831
Mupad [F(-1)]	831
Reduce [F]	832

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5a\sqrt{-1+\frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}}}$$

output $-2/5*(a^2-x^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(x/a)^{(5/2)}/a/(-1+x/a)^{(1/2)}/(x/a+1)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{-1+\frac{x}{a}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a^2 - x^2],x]`

output $(2*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + x/a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + x/a]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[x/a]^{(5/2)})/(5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2 - x^2])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{5/2}}{5\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/Sqrt[a^2 - x^2], x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[-1 + x/a]*Sqrt[1 + x/a]*ArcCosh[x/a]^(5/2))/(5*Sqrt[a^2 - x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_
Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x
] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} a \sqrt{-\frac{a-x}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{a}}}{5 \sqrt{(a-x)(a+x)}}$	44

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*arccosh(x/a)^(5/2)*a/((a-x)*(a+x))^(1/2)*(-(a-x)/a)^(1/2)*((a+x)/a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{-(-a+x)(a+x)}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(3/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(x/a)**(3/2)/sqrt(-(-a + x)*(a + x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/sqrt(a^2 - x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/sqrt(a^2 - x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2 - x^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a))/(a**2 - x**2),x)`

$$3.102 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [N/A]	833
Rubi [N/A]	834
Maple [N/A]	835
Fricas [F(-2)]	835
Sympy [N/A]	835
Maxima [N/A]	836
Giac [N/A]	836
Mupad [N/A]	837
Reduce [N/A]	837

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6314}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}}{2a^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6375}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} dx}{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x)`**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 45.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{(-(-a+x)(a+x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(3/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(x/a)**(3/2)/((-a + x)*(a + x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)} \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a^4 - 2a^2x^2 + x^4} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a))/(a**4 - 2*a**2*x**2 + x**4), x)`

3.103

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	838
Mathematica [N/A]	838
Rubi [N/A]	839
Maple [N/A]	841
Fricas [F(-2)]	841
Sympy [F(-1)]	842
Maxima [N/A]	842
Giac [N/A]	842
Mupad [N/A]	843
Reduce [N/A]	843

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2-x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCosh[x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6316} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{a^4 x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2} dx}{2a^5 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2} dx}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2} dx}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2 - x^2} dx}{2a^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{(a-x)^2 (a+x)^2} dx}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{a^2 - x^2} dx}{2a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \right)}{3a^2} + \\
 & \frac{x \operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2 (a^2 - x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\int\frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{(a^2-x^2)^2}dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\int\frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a^2-x^2}dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}\right)}{3a^2} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2\left(\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\int\frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a^2-x^2}dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}\right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{a}-1\right)^{3/2}\left(\frac{x}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}dx}{4a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{2(a^2-x^2)}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2\left(\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\int\frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a^2-x^2}dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}\right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{a}-1\right)^{3/2}\left(\frac{x}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}dx}{4a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{2(a^2-x^2)}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2\left(\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\int\frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{a^2-x^2}dx}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{a^2\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}\right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}+1}\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{a}-1\right)^{3/2}\left(\frac{x}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}dx}{4a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{2(a^2-x^2)}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} + \frac{x\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{3a^2(a^2-x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

Int [ArcCosh [x/a]^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x]

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(acosh(x/a)**(3/2)/(a**2-x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2 - x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.54

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{3/2}}{(a^2 - x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+x}\sqrt{-a+x}\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2} - 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)x}}{a^6-3a^4x^2+3a^2x^4-x^6}\right)}{1}$$

input `int(acosh(x/a)^(3/2)/(a^2-x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + x)*sqrt(- a + x)*sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a)**2 - 5*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a)*x**4)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**2 + 5*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a)*x**4)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*x**2 + 10*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a)*x**2)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**4 - 10*int((sqrt(a**2 - x**2)*sqrt(acosh(x/a))*acosh(x/a)*x**2)/(a**6 - 3*a**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*x**4 - x**6), x)*a**2*x**2)/(5*a**4*(a**2 - x**2))`

$$3.104 \quad \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	845
Rubi [A] (verified)	846
Maple [F]	847
Fricas [F(-2)]	848
Sympy [F(-1)]	848
Maxima [F]	848
Giac [F]	849
Mupad [F(-1)]	849
Reduce [F]	849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 438

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = & -\frac{5c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{8a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & - \frac{3c^2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & + \frac{15c^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & - \frac{3c^2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & + \frac{15c^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \\ & + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{64a \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-5/8*c^2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(
1/2)-3/64*c^2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a
*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+15/128*c^2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)
*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/384*c^2*6
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(6^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*
x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-3/64*c^2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2*arc
cosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+15/128*c^2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*
x+1)^(1/2)+1/384*c^2*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(6^(1/2)*ar
ccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx =$$

$$c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(240 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \sqrt{6} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + 18 \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]],x]
```

output

```

-1/384*(c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(240*ArcCosh[a*x] - Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[
a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -6*ArcCosh[a*x]] + 18*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -4*Ar
cCosh[a*x]] - 45*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x]]
+ 45*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 18*Sqrt[ArcCo
sh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 4*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2
, 6*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a
*x]])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 25, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{(ax-1)^3 (ax+1)^3}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int -\frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^6}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^6}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \left(-\frac{15 \cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{32\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{3 \cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{16\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\cosh(6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{32\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{5}{16\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(-\frac{3}{64} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{15}{64} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{5}{64} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) \right)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]
```

output

```
(c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((-5*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/8 - (3*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 + (15*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Erf[Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 - (3*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 + (15*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Erfi[Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64)/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3793

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)
```


output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}c^2 \left(\sqrt{ax+1} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} a^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{ax+1} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c)*c**2*(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(a
cosh(a*x))*a**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1
)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*a**2*x**2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x*
*2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)) - 6*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2
*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**5)/(a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**6 + 12*int((sqrt(a
*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**3)/(a**2*
x**2 - 1),x)*a**4 - 6*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 +
1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**2))/a
```

$$3.105 \quad \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

Optimal result	851
Mathematica [A] (verified)	852
Rubi [A] (verified)	852
Maple [F]	854
Fricas [F(-2)]	854
Sympy [F]	855
Maxima [F]	855
Giac [F]	855
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	856

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = -\frac{3c\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$-\frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{32a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$-\frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{32a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$+ \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
-3/4*c*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/32*c*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*c*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/32*c*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*c*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(\sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) - 4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) \right)}{32a \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} (1+ax) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]`output `-1/32*(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -4*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*(24*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]] + 4*Sqrt[2]*Gamma[1/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - Gamma[1/2, 4*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6321}$$

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{(ax-1)^2(ax+1)^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^4}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \operatorname{darccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \left(-\frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{\cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{3}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) \operatorname{darccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) \right)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]`

output `-((c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((3*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(m._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(n._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)]
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2)/sqrt(acosh(a*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}c(-\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}a^2x^2 + \sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1})}{\dots}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*c*(-sqrt(a*x+1)*sqrt(a*x-1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*a**2*x**2 + sqrt(a*x+1)*sqrt(a*x-1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)) + 4*int((sqrt(a*x+1)*sqrt(a*x-1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**3)/(a**2*x**2-1),x)*a**4 - 4*int((sqrt(a*x+1)*sqrt(a*x-1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(a**2*x**2-1),x)*a**2))/a`

3.106 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$

Optimal result	857
Mathematica [A] (verified)	858
Rubi [A] (verified)	858
Maple [F]	860
Fricas [F(-2)]	860
Sympy [F]	861
Maxima [F]	861
Giac [F]	861
Mupad [F(-1)]	862
Reduce [F]	862

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output

```

-(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8
*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(
a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(
2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c(-1 + ax)(1 + ax)} \left(8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{8a \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} (1 + ax) \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + a*x)*(1 + a*x))]*(8*ArcCosh[a*x] - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x]] + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {6321, 3042, 25, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6321} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{(ax-1)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int -\frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(i \operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} \\
\downarrow 3793 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} \\
\downarrow 2009 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]], x]`

output `(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]] + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 6321

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)]
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/sqrt(acosh(a*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/sqrt(arccosh(a*x)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c} \left(\sqrt{ax+1} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1} \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} x}{a^2x^2-1} dx \right) a^2 \right)}{a}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)) - 2*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(a**2*x**2 - 1),x)*a**2))/a`

3.107 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$

Optimal result	863
Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
Rubi [A] (verified)	864
Maple [A] (verified)	865
Fricas [F(-2)]	865
Sympy [F]	865
Maxima [F]	866
Giac [F]	866
Mupad [F(-1)]	866
Reduce [F]	867

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output

$$-2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)}/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/(a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])/(a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*sqrt(acosh(a*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x))/c`

$$3.108 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

Optimal result	868
Mathematica [N/A]	868
Rubi [N/A]	869
Maple [N/A]	869
Fricas [F(-2)]	870
Sympy [N/A]	870
Maxima [N/A]	870
Giac [N/A]	871
Mupad [N/A]	871
Reduce [N/A]	872

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^4x^4 - 2\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)*a**4*x**4-2*acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2+acosh(a*x)),x))/c**2
```

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

Optimal result	873
Mathematica [N/A]	873
Rubi [N/A]	874
Maple [N/A]	874
Fricas [F(-2)]	875
Sympy [F(-1)]	875
Maxima [N/A]	875
Giac [N/A]	876
Mupad [N/A]	876
Reduce [N/A]	876

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2)/acosh(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*sqrt(arccosh(a*x))), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(1/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^6 x^6 - 3 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^4 x^4 + 3 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right)}{c^3}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)*a**6
*x**6 - 3*acosh(a*x)*a**4*x**4 + 3*acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x))/
c**3`

3.110 $\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	878
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	879
Rubi [A] (verified)	880
Maple [F]	882
Fricas [F(-2)]	882
Sympy [F(-1)]	883
Maxima [F]	883
Giac [F]	883
Mupad [F(-1)]	884
Reduce [F]	884

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 433

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{3c^2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{8a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{15c^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{3c^2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{8a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{15c^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{c^2\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{16a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```

-2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)+3
/8*c^2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(
1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-15/32*c^2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^
(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/32*c^2*6^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(6^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2
)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c^2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2*arccosh(a*x)^(
1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+15/32*c^2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^
2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+
1/32*c^2*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(6^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(
1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c^2 e^{-6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(-1 + 6e^{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + e^{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + 52e^{6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + e^{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1 + 6*E^(2*ArcCosh[a*x]) + E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x]) +
52*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x]) + E^(8*ArcCosh[a*x]) + 6*E^(10*ArcCosh[a*x]) - E^(1
2*ArcCosh[a*x]) - 64*a^2*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*x^2 - 16*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sq
rt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + 16*E^(6*ArcC
osh[a*x])*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] +
Sqrt[6]*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -6*ArcCosh[a*x]
] - 12*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -4*ArcCosh[a*x]]
- Sqrt[2]*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x
]] - Sqrt[2]*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*
x]] - 12*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 4*ArcCosh[a*x]]
+ Sqrt[6]*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 6*ArcCosh[a*x]]
))/(32*a*E^(6*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcC
osh[a*x]])

```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {6319, 6327, 6367, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{12ac^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6327}$$

$$\frac{12ac^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-a^2 x^2)^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6367}$$

$$\frac{12c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{ax \left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}\right)^{5/2} (ax+1)^5}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5971}$$

$$\frac{12c^2 \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \left(\frac{5 \sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{32\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\sinh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{\sinh(6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{32\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{12c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\left(\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)-\frac{5}{64}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)-\frac{1}{64}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)\right)-}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2))/(a*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]) + (12*c^2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 - (5*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 - (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Erf[Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 - (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 + (5*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Erfi[Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/64))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^(n)*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6367

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)
^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x
)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p
+ 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && Eq
Q[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 c x^2)^{5/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}c^2 \left(6\operatorname{acosh}(ax) \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}x^5}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^6 - 12\operatorname{acosh}(ax) \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) \right)}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*c**2*(6*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**5)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x)*a**6 - 12*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**3)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x)*a**4 + 6*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x)*a**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*a**4*x**4 + 2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))))/(acosh(a*x)*a)`

3.111 $\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	885
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	886
Rubi [A] (verified)	886
Maple [F]	889
Fricas [F(-2)]	889
Sympy [F]	889
Maxima [F]	890
Giac [F]	890
Mupad [F(-1)]	890
Reduce [F]	891

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} - \frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}} + \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)+1/4*c*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*c*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/4*c*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*c*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$ce^{-4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left(-1 - 14e^{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - e^{8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + 16a^2 e^{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} x^2 + 4e^{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1 - 14*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x]) - E^(8*ArcCosh[a*x])
) + 16*a^2*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*x^2 + 4*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[
ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] - 4*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[
2*Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + 2*E^(4*ArcCosh
[a*x])*Sqrt[-ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, -4*ArcCosh[a*x]] + 2*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*
x])*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, 4*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*
Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {6319, 25, 6327, 6367, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int -\frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
& \downarrow 6327 \\
& \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-a^2x^2)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
& \downarrow 6367 \\
& \frac{8c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{ax\left(\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}\right)^{3/2}(ax+1)^3}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
& \downarrow 5971 \\
& \frac{8c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \left(\frac{\sinh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{4\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{8c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \right)}{\frac{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2))/(a*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]) - (8*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1/32*(Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/8))/(a*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; SumQ}[\text{u}]$
- rule 5971 $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{p}_.)} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)} * \text{Sinh}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{n}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m}}, \text{Sinh}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}]^{\text{n}} * \text{Cosh}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}]^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0]$
- rule 6319 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_.)]^{(\text{n}_.)} * ((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c} * \text{x}] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c} * \text{x}] * (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{(\text{n} + 1)} / (\text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{n} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{c} * ((2 * \text{p} + 1) / (\text{b} * (\text{n} + 1))) * \text{Simp}[(\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / ((1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * (-1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{\text{p}})] \quad \text{Int}[\text{x} * (1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{p} - 1/2)} * (-1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{p} - 1/2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{(\text{n} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c}^2 * \text{d} + \text{e}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2 * \text{p}]$
- rule 6327 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_.)]^{(\text{n}_.)} * ((\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)} * ((\text{d1}_.) + (\text{e1}_.) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{p}_.)} * ((\text{d2}_.) + (\text{e2}_.) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(\text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * (\text{d1} * \text{d2} + \text{e1} * \text{e2} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}])^{\text{n}}, \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d1}, \text{e1}, \text{d2}, \text{e2}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{d2} * \text{e1} + \text{d1} * \text{e2}, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 6367 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)] * (\text{b}_.)]^{(\text{n}_.)} * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_.)} * ((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{b} * \text{c}^{(\text{m} + 1))}) * \text{Simp}[(\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / ((1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * (-1 + \text{c} * \text{x})^{\text{p}})] \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{n}} * \text{Cosh}[-\text{a} / \text{b} + \text{x} / \text{b}]^{\text{m}} * \text{Sinh}[-\text{a} / \text{b} + \text{x} / \text{b}]^{(2 * \text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c} * \text{x}]], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c}^2 * \text{d} + \text{e}, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[2 * \text{p} + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}c \left(-4\operatorname{acosh}(ax) \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}x^3}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) a^4 + 4\operatorname{acosh}(ax) \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} dx \right) \right)}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(c)*c*(- 4*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**3)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x)* a**4 + 4*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)),x)*a**2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))))/(acosh(a*x)*a)`

3.112 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	892
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	892
Rubi [C] (verified)	893
Maple [F]	896
Fricas [F(-2)]	896
Sympy [F]	897
Maxima [F]	897
Giac [F]	897
Mupad [F(-1)]	898
Reduce [F]	898

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\left(4-4a^2x^2-\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)+\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{2a\sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}}(1+ax)\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(4 - 4*a^2*x^2 - Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]] + Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]))/(2*a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {6319, 6302, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6319} \\
 & \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6302} \\
 & \frac{4\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{ax-1}{ax+1}}(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\
 & \frac{4\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sinh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int -\frac{i \sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{2i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \int \frac{\sin(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3789 \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2611 \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(i \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2633 \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - i \int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2634 \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \\
& \frac{2i\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2})/(a\sqrt{\text{ArcCosh}[ax]}) - ((2I)\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}((-1/2I)\sqrt{\pi/2}\text{Erf}[\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\text{ArcCosh}[ax]}] + (I/2)\sqrt{\pi/2}\text{Erfi}[\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\text{ArcCosh}[ax]}]))/(a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26
$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2611
$$\text{Int}[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{TrueQ}[\$UseGamma]$$

rule 2633
$$\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\pi]*(\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 2634
$$\text{Int}[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a*\text{Sqrt}[\pi]*(\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2])), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3789
$$\text{Int}(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*\sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6319 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p) Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}}{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/acosh(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c} \left(2\operatorname{acosh}(a x) \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a x + 1} \sqrt{a x - 1} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)} x}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x) a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(a x)} dx \right) a^2 - \sqrt{a x + 1} \sqrt{a x - 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)} \right)}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x) a}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*(2*acosh(a*x)*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(acosh(a*x)*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)), x)*a**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)*a)`

3.113 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	899
Mathematica [A] (verified)	899
Rubi [A] (verified)	900
Maple [A] (verified)	901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Sympy [F]	901
Maxima [F]	902
Giac [F]	902
Mupad [F(-1)]	902
Reduce [F]	903

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

output $2*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[1/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c - a^2*c*x^2]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^{(3/2)}), x]$

output $(-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a*x])/(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c - a^2*c*x^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]])*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}a\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2cx^2 + c}\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}}{(a^3cx^2 - ac)\sqrt{\log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1})}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)/((a^3*c*x^2 - a*c)*sqrt(log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1))))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*acosh(a*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2-acosh(a*x)**2),x))/c`

$$3.114 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	904
Mathematica [N/A]	904
Rubi [N/A]	905
Maple [N/A]	906
Fricas [F(-2)]	906
Sympy [F(-1)]	906
Maxima [N/A]	907
Giac [N/A]	907
Mupad [N/A]	907
Reduce [N/A]	908

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6327

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2x^2 - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**2),x))/c**2`

$$3.115 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	909
Mathematica [N/A]	909
Rubi [N/A]	910
Maple [N/A]	911
Fricas [F(-2)]	911
Sympy [F(-1)]	911
Maxima [N/A]	912
Giac [N/A]	912
Mupad [N/A]	912
Reduce [N/A]	913

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6319}$$

$$\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -\frac{x}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6327}$$

$$\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6375}$$

$$\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}(c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2)/acosh(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(3/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right)}{c^3}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**2*a**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**2), x))/c**3`

3.116 $\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	914
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	915
Rubi [A] (verified)	916
Maple [F]	920
Fricas [F(-2)]	921
Sympy [F(-1)]	921
Maxima [F]	921
Giac [F]	922
Mupad [F(-1)]	922
Reduce [F]	922

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 329

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{16cx(1 - ax)(1 + ax)\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$- \frac{2c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)
-16/3*c*x*(-a*x+1)*(a*x+1)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)-2/3*c*P
i^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*
x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*c*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh
(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*c*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(
1/2)*erfi(2*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*c*2^(1/2
)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)
^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{ce^{-4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}\left(-1 - 14e^{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - e^{8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} + 16a^2 e^{4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}x^2 + 8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - 8e^{8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/24*(c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*(-1 - 14*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x]) - E^(8*ArcCosh[a*
x]) + 16*a^2*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*x^2 + 8*ArcCosh[a*x] - 8*E^(8*ArcCosh[a*x]
)*ArcCosh[a*x] + 64*a*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcC
osh[a*x] + 64*a^2*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*x^2*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCos
h[a*x] - 16*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*(-ArcCosh[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -4*ArcCosh
[a*x]] + 16*Sqrt[2]*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*(-ArcCosh[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -2
*ArcCosh[a*x]] + 16*Sqrt[2]*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)*Gamma[1/
2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 16*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, 4
*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(a*E^(4*ArcCosh[a*x])*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x
)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6319, 25, 6327, 6357, 6322, 3042, 25, 3793, 2009, 6368, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6319} \\
 & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int -\frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-ax)(ax+1)}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \int \frac{x(1-a^2x^2)}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6357} \\
 & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx}{a} + \frac{2x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6322} \\
 & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{(ax-1)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - 8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} + \\ & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - 8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} + \\ & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - 8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - 8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2x(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{8ac\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \left(-8a \int \frac{x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} dx + \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}) - \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{a^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6368}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{8 \int \frac{a^2x^2(ax-1)(ax+1)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\
 & 8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{8 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{1}{8\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}\right) d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 8ac\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{8\left(\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(2\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right) - \sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{a^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)) + (8*a*c*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((2*x*(-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2))/(a*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]) - (8*(-1/4*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]] + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[2*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/32))/a^2 + (2*(-Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]] + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/4))/a^2))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_-), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_-, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; SumQ}[\text{u}]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_-, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 3793 $\text{Int}[\text{((c}_- + (\text{d}_-)(\text{x}_-))^{(\text{m}_-)} \sin[(\text{e}_- + (\text{f}_-)(\text{x}_-)]^{(\text{n}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}, \text{Sin}[\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x}]^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 1] \&\& (!\text{RationalQ}[\text{m}] \text{ || } (\text{GeQ}[\text{m}, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, 1]))$
- rule 5971 $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(\text{a}_- + (\text{b}_-)(\text{x}_-)]^{(\text{p}_-)} * ((\text{c}_- + (\text{d}_-)(\text{x}_-))^{(\text{m}_-)} \text{Sinh}[(\text{a}_- + (\text{b}_-)(\text{x}_-)]^{(\text{n}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}, \text{Sinh}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}]^{\text{n}} * \text{Cosh}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}]^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0]$
- rule 6319 $\text{Int}[\text{((a}_- + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_-)(\text{x}_-)] * (\text{b}_-))^{(\text{n}_-)} * ((\text{d}_- + (\text{e}_-)(\text{x}_-)^2)^{(\text{p}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{c}*\text{x}] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{c}*\text{x}] * (\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c}*\text{x}])^{(\text{n} + 1)} / (\text{b}*\text{c} * (\text{n} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{c} * ((2*\text{p} + 1) / (\text{b} * (\text{n} + 1))) * \text{Simp}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / ((1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{\text{p}} * (-1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{\text{p}})] \text{ Int}[\text{x} * (1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{(\text{p} - 1/2)} * (-1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{(\text{p} - 1/2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c}*\text{x}])^{(\text{n} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{c}^2 * \text{d} + \text{e}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$
- rule 6322 $\text{Int}[\text{((a}_- + \text{ArcCosh}[(\text{c}_-)(\text{x}_-)] * (\text{b}_-))^{(\text{n}_-)} * ((\text{d1}_- + (\text{e1}_-)(\text{x}_-))^{(\text{p}_-)} * ((\text{d2}_- + (\text{e2}_-)(\text{x}_-))^{(\text{p}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{b} * \text{c})) * \text{Simp}[(\text{d1} + \text{e1}*\text{x})^{\text{p}} / (1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{\text{p}}] * \text{Simp}[(\text{d2} + \text{e2}*\text{x})^{\text{p}} / (-1 + \text{c}*\text{x})^{\text{p}}] \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{n}} * \text{Sinh}[-\text{a}/\text{b} + \text{x}/\text{b}]^{(2*\text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{a} + \text{b} * \text{ArcCosh}[\text{c}*\text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d1}, \text{e1}, \text{d2}, \text{e2}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{e1}, \text{c} * \text{d1}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{e2}, (-\text{c}) * \text{d2}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[2*\text{p}, 0]$

rule 6327

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d1_) + (
e1_.)*(x_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*(d1
*d2 + e1*e2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2
, e2, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 6357

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^m*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*
x]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[
f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[(f
*x)^(m - 1)*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(
n + 1), x], x] - Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 1)/(b*f*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((
1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x
)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IGtQ[2*p, 0] && NeQ[m +
2*p + 1, 0] && IGtQ[m, -3]
```

rule 6368

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x
_))^(p_.)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*
Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] Subst[In
t[x^n*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sinh[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c
*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[
e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}c(-4\operatorname{acosh}(ax))^2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}x^3}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^4 + 4\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 \left(\int \right)}{}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c)*c*(- 4*acosh(a*x)**2*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-
a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x**3)/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)
)**2),x)*a**4 + 4*acosh(a*x)**2*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a
**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)**2
),x)*a**2 + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(
a*x))*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(
acosh(a*x)))/(3*acosh(a*x)**2*a)
```

3.117 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	924
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	925
Rubi [A] (verified)	925
Maple [F]	929
Fricas [F(-2)]	929
Sympy [F]	930
Maxima [F]	930
Giac [F]	930
Mupad [F(-1)]	931
Reduce [F]	931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8x\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/a/arccosh(a*x)^(3/2)
-8/3*x*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(1/2)+2/3*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*
c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erf(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/
2)+2/3*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)*erfi(2^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(1/
2))/a/(a*x-1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \left((1 + ax) \left(-1 + ax + 4ax \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right) + \sqrt{2} (-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\right) \right)}{3a \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax}} (1 + ax) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((1 + a*x)*(-1 + a*x + 4*a*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x]) + Sqrt[2]*(-ArcCosh[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -2*ArcCosh[a*x]]) + Sqrt[2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, 2*ArcCosh[a*x]]))/(3*a*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {6319, 6300, 25, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6300

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \int \frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \frac{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\cosh(2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax))}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \frac{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(2i\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{a^2} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right)}{\frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \frac{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \left(-\int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \int e^{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
& \frac{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 2633 \\
& 4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \left(-\int e^{-2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} d\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
& \frac{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
& \downarrow 2634 \\
& 4a\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \left(-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a\sqrt{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} \\
& \frac{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]/ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2)) + (4*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*((-2*x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]) - (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]]) - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[ArcCosh[a*x]]])/2))/a^2))/(3*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`
- rule 6300 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cosh[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 6319

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)^p]*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/((1 + c*x)^p*(-1 + c*x)^p)] Int[x*(1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 c x^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}}{\operatorname{acosh}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/acosh(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c}}{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{\operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c} \left(2\operatorname{acosh}(a x)^2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}x}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2} dx \right) a^2 - \sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{ax-1} \right)}{3\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 a}$$

input `int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*(2*acosh(a*x)**2*int((sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x))*x)/(acosh(a*x)**2*a**2*x**2 - acosh(a*x)**2), x) *a**2 - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(3*acosh(a*x)**2*a)`

$$3.118 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	932
Mathematica [A] (verified)	932
Rubi [A] (verified)	933
Maple [A] (verified)	934
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	934
Sympy [F(-1)]	934
Maxima [F]	935
Giac [F]	935
Mupad [F(-1)]	935
Reduce [F]	936

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}{3ac\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

output $2/3*(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^{(1/2)}/a/c/(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{3a\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output $(-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1+a*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a*x])/(3*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c-a^2*c*x^2]*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {6307}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 6307

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(3*a*Sqrt[c - a^2*c*x^2]*ArcCosh[a*x]^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6307 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_ Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} a \sqrt{-c(ax-1)(ax+1)}}$	41

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3/\operatorname{arccosh}(a*x)^{(3/2)}/a/(-c*(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))^{(1/2)}*(a*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}}{3 (a^3 cx^2 - ac) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1})^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/3*\sqrt{-a^2*c*x^2 + c}*\sqrt{a^2*x^2 - 1}/((a^3*c*x^2 - a*c)*\log(a*x + \sqrt{a^2*x^2 - 1}))^{(3/2)}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(1/2)/acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 cx^2 + c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*c*x^2 + c)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2} \sqrt{c - a^2 cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a^2cx^2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 a^2x^2 - \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(1/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(c)*int((sqrt(-a**2*x**2+1)*sqrt(acosh(a*x)))/(acosh(a*x)**3*a**2*x**2-acosh(a*x)**3),x))/c`

$$3.119 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	937
Mathematica [N/A]	937
Rubi [N/A]	938
Maple [N/A]	939
Fricas [F(-2)]	939
Sympy [F(-1)]	939
Maxima [N/A]	940
Giac [N/A]	940
Mupad [N/A]	940
Reduce [N/A]	941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} (c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6319

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^2(ax+1)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6327

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 6375

$$\frac{4a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(3/2)/acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 a^2x^2 - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3} dx \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(3/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(- sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3*a**2*x**2 - sqrt(- a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3),x))/c**2`

$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	942
Mathematica [N/A]	942
Rubi [N/A]	943
Maple [N/A]	944
Fricas [F(-2)]	944
Sympy [F(-1)]	944
Maxima [N/A]	945
Giac [N/A]	945
Mupad [N/A]	945
Reduce [N/A]	946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6319} \\
 & -\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int -\frac{x}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-ax)^3(ax+1)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6327} \\
 & -\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6375} \\
 & -\frac{8a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \int \frac{x}{(1-a^2x^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3c^2\sqrt{c-a^2cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{3/2} (c-a^2cx^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2cx^2 + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-a**2*c*x**2+c)**(5/2)/acosh(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a^2 cx^2 + c)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/arccosh(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-a^2*c*x^2 + c)^(5/2)*arccosh(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)^{5/2} (c - a^2 cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(a*x)^(5/2)*(c - a^2*c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(c - a^2cx^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 a^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^3 a^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{acosh}(ax)} \right)}{c^3}$$

input `int(1/(-a^2*c*x^2+c)^(5/2)/acosh(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*int(sqrt(acosh(a*x))/(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3*a**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3*a**2*x**2 + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acosh(a*x)**3), x))/c**3`

3.121 $\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	947
Mathematica [A] (verified)	948
Rubi [A] (verified)	948
Maple [A] (verified)	951
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	952
Sympy [F]	952
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	953
Giac [F(-2)]	954
Mupad [F(-1)]	954
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	954

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b(315c^8d^4 + 420c^6d^3e + 378c^4d^2e^2 + 180c^2de^3 + 35e^4)\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{315c^9}$$

$$- \frac{4be(105c^6d^3 + 189c^4d^2e + 135c^2de^2 + 35e^3)(-1+cx)^{3/2}(1+cx)^{3/2}}{945c^9}$$

$$- \frac{2be^2(63c^4d^2 + 90c^2de + 35e^2)(-1+cx)^{5/2}(1+cx)^{5/2}}{525c^9}$$

$$- \frac{4be^3(9c^2d + 7e)(-1+cx)^{7/2}(1+cx)^{7/2}}{441c^9} - \frac{be^4(-1+cx)^{9/2}(1+cx)^{9/2}}{81c^9}$$

$$+ d^4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

output

```
-1/315*b*(315*c^8*d^4+420*c^6*d^3*e+378*c^4*d^2*e^2+180*c^2*d*e^3+35*e^4)*
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/c^9-4/945*b*e*(105*c^6*d^3+189*c^4*d^2*e+135*c
^2*d*e^2+35*e^3)*(c*x-1)^(3/2)*(c*x+1)^(3/2)/c^9-2/525*b*e^2*(63*c^4*d^2+9
0*c^2*d*e+35*e^2)*(c*x-1)^(5/2)*(c*x+1)^(5/2)/c^9-4/441*b*e^3*(9*c^2*d+7*e
)*(c*x-1)^(7/2)*(c*x+1)^(7/2)/c^9-1/81*b*e^4*(c*x-1)^(9/2)*(c*x+1)^(9/2)/c
^9+d^4*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+4/3*d^3*e*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+6/5*d^2*e^2*x
^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+4/7*d*e^3*x^7*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/9*e^4*x^9*(a+b*ar
ccosh(c*x))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{315ax(315d^4 + 420d^3ex^2 + 378d^2e^2x^4 + 180de^3x^6 + 35e^4x^8) - \frac{b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(4480e^4 + 320c^2e^3(81d+7ex^2) + 48c^4e^2(1323d^2 + 270de^2x^2 + 35e^2x^4) + 8c^6e(11025d^3 + 3969d^2ex^2 + 1215de^2x^4 + 175e^3x^6) + c^8(99225d^4 + 44100d^3ex^2 + 23814d^2e^2x^4 + 8100de^3x^6 + 1225e^4x^8))}{99225} + 315bx(315d^4 + 420d^3ex^2 + 378d^2e^2x^4 + 180de^3x^6 + 35e^4x^8) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]}{99225}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(315*a*x*(315*d^4 + 420*d^3*e*x^2 + 378*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 180*d*e^3*x^6 + 35*e^4*x^8) - (b*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(4480*e^4 + 320*c^2*e^3*(81*d + 7*e*x^2) + 48*c^4*e^2*(1323*d^2 + 270*d*e*x^2 + 35*e^2*x^4) + 8*c^6*e*(11025*d^3 + 3969*d^2*e*x^2 + 1215*d*e^2*x^4 + 175*e^3*x^6) + c^8*(99225*d^4 + 44100*d^3*e*x^2 + 23814*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 8100*d*e^3*x^6 + 1225*e^4*x^8)))/c^9 + 315*b*x*(315*d^4 + 420*d^3*e*x^2 + 378*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 180*d*e^3*x^6 + 35*e^4*x^8)*ArcCosh[c*x])/99225
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 2113, 2331, 2389, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6323}$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(35e^4x^8 + 180de^3x^6 + 378d^2e^2x^4 + 420d^3ex^2 + 315d^4)}{315\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + d^4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{315}bc \int \frac{x(35e^4x^8 + 180de^3x^6 + 378d^2e^2x^4 + 420d^3ex^2 + 315d^4)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx + d^4x(a + \\ & \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \\ & \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2113 \\ & -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(35e^4x^8+180de^3x^6+378d^2e^2x^4+420d^3ex^2+315d^4)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{315\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + d^4x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ & \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ & \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2331 \\ & -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{35e^4x^8+180de^3x^6+378d^2e^2x^4+420d^3ex^2+315d^4}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{630\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + d^4x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ & \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \\ & \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2389 \\ & -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \left(\frac{35(c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}e^4}{c^8} + \frac{20(9dc^2+7e)(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}e^3}{c^8} + \frac{6(63d^2c^4+90dec^2+35e^2)(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}e^2}{c^8} + \frac{4(105d^3c^6+189d^2ec^4+105d^2c^6+189d^2ec^4)}{c^8} \right)}{630\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \\ & d^4x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \\ & \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & d^4x(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{3}d^3ex^3(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{6}{5}d^2e^2x^5(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{4}{7}de^3x^7(a + \\ & \text{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{9}e^4x^9(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - \\ & bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{40e^3(c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}(9c^2d+7e)}{7c^{10}} + \frac{70e^4(c^2x^2-1)^{9/2}}{9c^{10}} + \frac{12e^2(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(63c^4d^2+90c^2de+35e^2)}{5c^{10}} + \frac{8e(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(105c^6d^3+105c^6d^3+105c^6d^3)}{5c^{10}} \right) \\ & \frac{630\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{630\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^4*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]), x]`

output

```
-1/630*(b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((2*(315*c^8*d^4 + 420*c^6*d^3*e + 378*c^4*
d^2*e^2 + 180*c^2*d*e^3 + 35*e^4)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^10 + (8*e*(105*c^6
*d^3 + 189*c^4*d^2*e + 135*c^2*d*e^2 + 35*e^3)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^
10) + (12*e^2*(63*c^4*d^2 + 90*c^2*d*e + 35*e^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*
c^10) + (40*e^3*(9*c^2*d + 7*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c^10) + (70*e^4*(
-1 + c^2*x^2)^(9/2))/(9*c^10)))/(Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]) + d^4*x*(a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x]) + (4*d^3*e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/3 + (6*d^2*e^2*x^5*
(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/5 + (4*d*e^3*x^7*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/7 + (e^4*x^9*
(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/9
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2113

```
Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.
)*(x_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[
m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[Px*(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && EqQ[b*c + a
*d, 0] && EqQ[m, n] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2331

```
Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 S
ubst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*SubstFor[x^2, Pq, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2389

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand
[Pq*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (IGtQ[p
, 0] || EqQ[n, 1])
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{11025 ac^9 e^4 x^9 + 56700 ac^9 d e^3 x^7 + 119070 ac^9 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 132300 ac^9 d^3 e x^3 + 99225 ac^9 d^4 x + 315 (35 bc^9 e^4 x^9 + 180 b^2 c^9 d e^3 x^7 + 378 b^3 c^9 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 420 b^4 c^9 d^3 e x^3 + 315 b^5 c^9 d^4 x) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - (1225 b^6 c^8 e^4 x^8 + 99225 b^7 c^8 d^4 + 88200 b^8 c^6 d^3 e + 63504 b^9 c^4 d^2 e^2 + 25920 b^{10} c^2 d e^3 + 100 (81 b^{11} c^8 d e^3 + 14 b^{12} c^6 e^4) x^6 + 4480 b^{13} e^4 + 6 (3969 b^{14} c^8 d^2 e^2 + 1620 b^{15} c^6 d e^3 + 280 b^{16} c^4 e^4) x^4 + 4 (11025 b^{17} c^8 d^3 e + 7938 b^{18} c^6 d^2 e^2 + 3240 b^{19} c^4 d e^3 + 560 b^{20} c^2 e^4) x^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/99225*(11025*a*c^9*e^4*x^9 + 56700*a*c^9*d*e^3*x^7 + 119070*a*c^9*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 132300*a*c^9*d^3*e*x^3 + 99225*a*c^9*d^4*x + 315*(35*b*c^9*e^4*x^9 + 180*b*c^9*d*e^3*x^7 + 378*b*c^9*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 420*b*c^9*d^3*e*x^3 + 315*b*c^9*d^4*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (1225*b*c^8*e^4*x^8 + 99225*b*c^8*d^4 + 88200*b*c^6*d^3*e + 63504*b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 25920*b*c^2*d*e^3 + 100*(81*b*c^8*d*e^3 + 14*b*c^6*e^4)*x^6 + 4480*b*e^4 + 6*(3969*b*c^8*d^2*e^2 + 1620*b*c^6*d*e^3 + 280*b*c^4*e^4)*x^4 + 4*(11025*b*c^8*d^3*e + 7938*b*c^6*d^2*e^2 + 3240*b*c^4*d*e^3 + 560*b*c^2*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^9`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**4*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx &= \frac{1}{9} ae^4 x^9 + \frac{4}{7} ade^3 x^7 + \frac{6}{5} ad^2 e^2 x^5 \\
&+ \frac{4}{3} ad^3 ex^3 + \frac{4}{9} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^3 e \\
&+ \frac{2}{25} \left(15x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bd^2 e^2 \\
&+ \frac{4}{245} \left(35x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{5\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^6}{c^2} + \frac{6\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^6} + \frac{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^8} \right) c \right) bd \\
&+ \frac{1}{2835} \left(315x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{35\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^8}{c^2} + \frac{40\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^6}{c^4} + \frac{48\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^6} + \frac{64\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^8} \right) c \right) b \\
&+ ad^4 x + \frac{(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) bd^4}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/9*a*e^4*x^9 + 4/7*a*d*e^3*x^7 + 6/5*a*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4/3*a*d^3*e*x^3 + 4/
9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)
/c^4))*b*d^3*e + 2/25*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2
+ 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*b*d^2*e^2 + 4/
245*(35*x^7*arccosh(c*x) - (5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 -
1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^8)*c)*b
*d*e^3 + 1/2835*(315*x^9*arccosh(c*x) - (35*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^8/c^2 + 40
*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^4 + 48*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^6 + 64*sqrt(c^2*x^
2 - 1)*x^2/c^8 + 128*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^10)*c)*b*e^4 + a*d^4*x + (c*x*arc
cosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*b*d^4/c
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^4*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (ex^2 + d)^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (d + ex^2)^4 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{99225a c^9 d^4 x + 11025a c^9 e^4 x^9 + 56700a c \operatorname{osh}(cx) b c^9 d e^3 x^7 - 44100\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b c^8 d^3 e x^2 - 23814\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} b c^8 d^3 e x^2}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^4*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(99225*acosh(c*x)*b*c**9*d**4*x + 132300*acosh(c*x)*b*c**9*d**3*e*x**3 + 1
19070*acosh(c*x)*b*c**9*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 56700*acosh(c*x)*b*c**9*d*e**3*x*
*7 + 11025*acosh(c*x)*b*c**9*e**4*x**9 - 44100*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**8*
d**3*e*x**2 - 23814*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**8*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 8100*sqrt(
c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**8*d*e**3*x**6 - 1225*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**8*e**4*x
**8 - 88200*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**6*d**3*e - 31752*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*
b*c**6*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 9720*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**6*d*e**3*x**4 - 1400
*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**6*e**4*x**6 - 63504*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**4*d
**2*e**2 - 12960*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**4*d*e**3*x**2 - 1680*sqrt(c**2*x
**2 - 1)*b*c**4*e**4*x**4 - 25920*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**2*d*e**3 - 2240
*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*c**2*e**4*x**2 - 4480*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*b*e**4 -
99225*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b*c**8*d**4 + 99225*a*c**9*d**4*x + 1323
00*a*c**9*d**3*e*x**3 + 119070*a*c**9*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 56700*a*c**9*d*e**3
*x**7 + 11025*a*c**9*e**4*x**9)/(99225*c**9)
```

3.122 $\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 312

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx \\
 = & -\frac{(315a^8c^4 + 420a^6c^3d + 378a^4c^2d^2 + 180a^2cd^3 + 35d^4)\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{315a^9} \\
 & -\frac{4d(105a^6c^3 + 189a^4c^2d + 135a^2cd^2 + 35d^3)(-1+ax)^{3/2}(1+ax)^{3/2}}{945a^9} \\
 & -\frac{2d^2(63a^4c^2 + 90a^2cd + 35d^2)(-1+ax)^{5/2}(1+ax)^{5/2}}{525a^9} \\
 & -\frac{4d^3(9a^2c + 7d)(-1+ax)^{7/2}(1+ax)^{7/2}}{441a^9} - \frac{d^4(-1+ax)^{9/2}(1+ax)^{9/2}}{81a^9} \\
 & + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/315*(315*a^8*c^4+420*a^6*c^3*d+378*a^4*c^2*d^2+180*a^2*c*d^3+35*d^4)*(a
*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^9-4/945*d*(105*a^6*c^3+189*a^4*c^2*d+135*a^2*c
*d^2+35*d^3)*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)/a^9-2/525*d^2*(63*a^4*c^2+90*a^2*
c*d+35*d^2)*(a*x-1)^(5/2)*(a*x+1)^(5/2)/a^9-4/441*d^3*(9*a^2*c+7*d)*(a*x-1
)^(7/2)*(a*x+1)^(7/2)/a^9-1/81*d^4*(a*x-1)^(9/2)*(a*x+1)^(9/2)/a^9+c^4*x*a
rccosh(a*x)+4/3*c^3*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)+6/5*c^2*d^2*x^5*arccosh(a*x)+4/7*c*
d^3*x^7*arccosh(a*x)+1/9*d^4*x^9*arccosh(a*x)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(4480d^4 + 320a^2d^3(81c + 7dx^2) + 48a^4d^2(1323c^2 + 270cdx^2 + 35d^2x^4) + 8a^6d(11025c^3 + 3969c^2dx^2 + 1215c^2d^2x^4 + 175d^3x^6) + a^8(99225c^4 + 44100c^3dx^2 + 23814c^2d^2x^4 + 8100cd^3x^6 + 1225d^4x^8))}{a^9 + (x(315c^4 + 420c^3dx^2 + 378c^2d^2x^4 + 180cd^3x^6 + 35d^4x^8)) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]} + \frac{1}{315}x(315c^4 + 420c^3dx^2 + 378c^2d^2x^4 + 180cd^3x^6 + 35d^4x^8) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^2)^4*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/99225*(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(4480*d^4 + 320*a^2*d^3*(81*c + 7*d*x^2) + 48*a^4*d^2*(1323*c^2 + 270*c*d*x^2 + 35*d^2*x^4) + 8*a^6*d*(11025*c^3 + 3969*c^2*d*x^2 + 1215*c*d^2*x^4 + 175*d^3*x^6) + a^8*(99225*c^4 + 44100*c^3*d*x^2 + 23814*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 8100*c*d^3*x^6 + 1225*d^4*x^8)))/a^9 + (x*(315*c^4 + 420*c^3*d*x^2 + 378*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 180*c*d^3*x^6 + 35*d^4*x^8))*ArcCosh[a*x])/315
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 2113, 2331, 2389, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c + dx^2)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6323$$

$$-a \int \frac{x(35d^4x^8 + 180cd^3x^6 + 378c^2d^2x^4 + 420c^3dx^2 + 315c^4)}{315\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{315}a \int \frac{x(35d^4x^8 + 180cd^3x^6 + 378c^2d^2x^4 + 420c^3dx^2 + 315c^4)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2113

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(35d^4x^8+180cd^3x^6+378c^2d^2x^4+420c^3dx^2+315c^4)}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx}{315\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2331

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{35d^4x^8+180cd^3x^6+378c^2d^2x^4+420c^3dx^2+315c^4}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{630\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2389

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \left(\frac{35(a^2x^2-1)^{7/2}d^4}{a^8} + \frac{20(9ca^2+7d)(a^2x^2-1)^{5/2}d^3}{a^8} + \frac{6(63c^2a^4+90cda^2+35d^2)(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}d^2}{a^8} + \frac{4(105c^3a^6+189c^2d^2)(a^2x^2-1)^{1/2}d}{a^8} \right) dx}{630\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{40d^3(a^2x^2-1)^{7/2}(9a^2c+7d)}{7a^{10}} + \frac{70d^4(a^2x^2-1)^{9/2}}{9a^{10}} + \frac{12d^2(a^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(63a^4c^2+90a^2cd+35d^2)}{5a^{10}} + \frac{8d(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(105c^3a^6+189c^2d^2)}{a^{10}} \right) dx}{630\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{3}c^3dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{6}{5}c^2d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{4}{7}cd^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9}d^4x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^2)^4*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/630*(a*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2]*((2*(315*a^8*c^4 + 420*a^6*c^3*d + 378*a^4*c^2*d^2 + 180*a^2*c*d^3 + 35*d^4)*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2])/a^10 + (8*d*(105*a^6*c^3 + 189*a^4*c^2*d + 135*a^2*c*d^2 + 35*d^3)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^10) + (12*d^2*(63*a^4*c^2 + 90*a^2*c*d + 35*d^2)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^10) + (40*d^3*(9*a^2*c + 7*d)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*a^10) + (70*d^4*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(9/2))/(9*a^10)))/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + c^4*x*ArcCosh[a*x] + (4*c^3*d*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x])/3 + (6*c^2*d^2*x^5*ArcCosh[a*x])/5 + (4*c*d^3*x^7*ArcCosh[a*x])/7 + (d^4*x^9*ArcCosh[a*x])/9
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2113

```
Int[(P_x)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[P_x*(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_x, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[m, n] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2331

```
Int[(P_q)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*SubstFor[x^2, P_q, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2389

```
Int[(P_q)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[P_q*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || EqQ[n, 1])
```


rule 6323

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:=> With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
parts	$\frac{d^4 x^9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9} + \frac{4c d^3 x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{7} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{5} + \frac{4c^3 d x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3} + c^4 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^4 ax + \frac{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^3 d x^3}{3} + \frac{6a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c d^3 x^7}{7} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^4 x^9}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{9}}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^4 ax + \frac{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^3 d x^3}{3} + \frac{6a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c d^3 x^7}{7} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^4 x^9}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{9}}$
orering	$\frac{x(20825a^{10}d^5x^{10} + 132525a^{10}cd^4x^8 + 366282a^{10}c^2d^3x^6 + 1400a^8d^5x^8 + 604170a^{10}c^3d^2x^4 + 12960a^8cd^4x^6 + 1025325a^{10}d^4x^9 - \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1})}{9}$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)^4*arccosh(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*d^4*x^9*arccosh(a*x)+4/7*c*d^3*x^7*arccosh(a*x)+6/5*c^2*d^2*x^5*arccosh(a*x)+4/3*c^3*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)+c^4*x*arccosh(a*x)-1/99225/a^9*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(1225*a^8*d^4*x^8+8100*a^8*c*d^3*x^6+23814*a^8*c^2*d^2*x^4+1400*a^6*d^4*x^6+44100*a^8*c^3*d*x^2+9720*a^6*c*d^3*x^4+99225*a^8*c^4+31752*a^6*c^2*d^2*x^2+1680*a^4*d^4*x^4+88200*a^6*c^3*d+12960*a^4*c*d^3*x^2+63504*a^4*c^2*d^2+2240*a^2*d^4*x^2+25920*a^2*c*d^3+4480*d^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{315 (35 a^9 d^4 x^9 + 180 a^9 c d^3 x^7 + 378 a^9 c^2 d^2 x^5 + 420 a^9 c^3 d x^3 + 315 a^9 c^4 x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}) - (1225 a^8 d^4 x^8 + 99225 a^8 c^4 + 88200 a^6 c^3 d + 63504 a^4 c^2 d^2 + 100 (81 a^8 c d^3 + 14 a^6 d^4) x^6 + 25920 a^2 c d^3 + 6 (3969 a^8 c^2 d^2 + 1620 a^6 c d^3 + 280 a^4 d^4) x^4 + 4480 d^4 + 4 (11025 a^8 c^3 d + 7938 a^6 c^2 d^2 + 3240 a^4 c d^3 + 560 a^2 d^4) x^2) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}}{a^9}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^4*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/99225*(315*(35*a^9*d^4*x^9 + 180*a^9*c*d^3*x^7 + 378*a^9*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 420*a^9*c^3*d*x^3 + 315*a^9*c^4*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - (1225*a^8*d^4*x^8 + 99225*a^8*c^4 + 88200*a^6*c^3*d + 63504*a^4*c^2*d^2 + 100*(81*a^8*c*d^3 + 14*a^6*d^4)*x^6 + 25920*a^2*c*d^3 + 6*(3969*a^8*c^2*d^2 + 1620*a^6*c*d^3 + 280*a^4*d^4)*x^4 + 4480*d^4 + 4*(11025*a^8*c^3*d + 7938*a^6*c^2*d^2 + 3240*a^4*c*d^3 + 560*a^2*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1))/a^9`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)**4*acosh(a*x),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**2)**4*acosh(a*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{99225} \left(\frac{1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} d^4 x^8}{a^2} + \frac{8100 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} c d^3 x^6}{a^2} + \frac{23814 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} c^2 d^2 x^4}{a^2} + \frac{1400 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} d^4 x^2}{a^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{315} (35 d^4 x^9 + 180 c d^3 x^7 + 378 c^2 d^2 x^5 + 420 c^3 d x^3 + 315 c^4 x) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

```
input integrate((d*x^2+c)^4*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/99225*(1225*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^4*x^8/a^2 + 8100*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^3*x^6/a^2 + 23814*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*d^2*x^4/a^2 + 1400*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^4*x^2/a^2 + 44100*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^3*d*x^2/a^2 + 9720*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^3*x^4/a^4 + 99225*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^4/a^2 + 31752*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*d^2*x^2/a^4 + 1680*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^4*x^4/a^6 + 88200*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^3*d/a^4 + 12960*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^3*x^2/a^6 + 63504*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*d^2/a^6 + 2240*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^4*x^2/a^8 + 25920*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^3/a^8 + 4480*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^4/a^10)*a + 1/315*(35*d^4*x^9 + 180*c*d^3*x^7 + 378*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 420*c^3*d*x^3 + 315*c^4*x)*arccosh(a*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{315} (35 d^4 x^9 + 180 c d^3 x^7 + 378 c^2 d^2 x^5 + 420 c^3 d x^3 + 315 c^4 x) \log \left(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} \right)$$

$$- \frac{(315 a^8 c^4 + 420 a^6 c^3 d + 378 a^4 c^2 d^2 + 180 a^2 c d^3 + 35 d^4) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}}{315 a^9}$$

$$- \frac{44100 (a^2 x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^6 c^3 d + 23814 (a^2 x^2 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^4 c^2 d^2 + 79380 (a^2 x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 c^2 d^2 + 8100 (a^2 x^2 - 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 c^3 d}{315 a^9}$$

```
input integrate((d*x^2+c)^4*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/315*(35*d^4*x^9 + 180*c*d^3*x^7 + 378*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 420*c^3*d*x^3 + 315*
c^4*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - 1/315*(315*a^8*c^4 + 420*a^6*c^3*d +
378*a^4*c^2*d^2 + 180*a^2*c*d^3 + 35*d^4)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)/a^9 - 1/99225
*(44100*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^6*c^3*d + 23814*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*a^4*c^2*
d^2 + 79380*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^4*c^2*d^2 + 8100*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(7/2)*a^2
*c*d^3 + 34020*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*a^2*c*d^3 + 1225*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(9/2)*d^
4 + 56700*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^3 + 6300*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(7/2)*d^4 + 1
3230*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*d^4 + 14700*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*d^4)/a^9
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) (dx^2 + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (c + dx^2)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{99225 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^9 c^4 x + 132300 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^9 c^3 d x^3 + 119070 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^9 c^2 d^2 x^5 + 56700 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^9 c d^3 x^7 + 14700 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^9 d^4 x^9}{a^9}$$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)^4*acosh(a*x),x)
```

output

```
(99225*acosh(a*x)*a**9*c**4*x + 132300*acosh(a*x)*a**9*c**3*d*x**3 + 11907
0*acosh(a*x)*a**9*c**2*d**2*x**5 + 56700*acosh(a*x)*a**9*c*d**3*x**7 + 110
25*acosh(a*x)*a**9*d**4*x**9 - 44100*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**8*c**3*d*x**2
- 23814*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**8*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 8100*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)
*a**8*c*d**3*x**6 - 1225*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**8*d**4*x**8 - 88200*sqrt(a
**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*c**3*d - 31752*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*c**2*d**2*x**2
- 9720*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*c*d**3*x**4 - 1400*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**
6*d**4*x**6 - 63504*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*c**2*d**2 - 12960*sqrt(a**2*x
**2 - 1)*a**4*c*d**3*x**2 - 1680*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*d**4*x**4 - 2592
0*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*c*d**3 - 2240*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*d**4*x**
2 - 4480*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*d**4 - 99225*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a**8
*c**4)/(99225*a**9)
```

3.123 $\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$

Optimal result	965
Mathematica [A] (verified)	966
Rubi [A] (verified)	966
Maple [A] (verified)	969
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	969
Sympy [F]	970
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	970
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	971
Mupad [F(-1)]	971
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	972

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(35a^6c^3 + 35a^4c^2d + 21a^2cd^2 + 5d^3) \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}}{35a^7}$$

$$- \frac{d(35a^4c^2 + 42a^2cd + 15d^2) (-1 + ax)^{3/2} (1 + ax)^{3/2}}{105a^7}$$

$$- \frac{3d^2(7a^2c + 5d) (-1 + ax)^{5/2} (1 + ax)^{5/2}}{175a^7} - \frac{d^3(-1 + ax)^{7/2} (1 + ax)^{7/2}}{49a^7}$$

$$+ c^3 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2 dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5} cd^2 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7} d^3 x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

output

```
-1/35*(35*a^6*c^3+35*a^4*c^2*d+21*a^2*c*d^2+5*d^3)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^7-1/105*d*(35*a^4*c^2+42*a^2*c*d+15*d^2)*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)/a^7-3/175*d^2*(7*a^2*c+5*d)*(a*x-1)^(5/2)*(a*x+1)^(5/2)/a^7-1/49*d^3*(a*x-1)^(7/2)*(a*x+1)^(7/2)/a^7+c^3*x*arccosh(a*x)+c^2*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)+3/5*c*d^2*x^5*arccosh(a*x)+1/7*d^3*x^7*arccosh(a*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(240d^3 + 24a^2d^2(49c + 5dx^2) + 2a^4d(1225c^2 + 294cdx^2 + 45d^2x^4) + a^6(3675c^3 + 1225c^2dx^2 + 441cd^2x^4 + 75d^3x^6))}{3675a^7} + \frac{1}{35}x(35c^3 + 35c^2dx^2 + 21cd^2x^4 + 5d^3x^6) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^2)^3*ArcCosh[a*x], x]`

output `-1/3675*(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(240*d^3 + 24*a^2*d^2*(49*c + 5*d*x^2) + 2*a^4*d*(1225*c^2 + 294*c*d*x^2 + 45*d^2*x^4) + a^6*(3675*c^3 + 1225*c^2*d*x^2 + 441*c*d^2*x^4 + 75*d^3*x^6)))/a^7 + (x*(35*c^3 + 35*c^2*d*x^2 + 21*c*d^2*x^4 + 5*d^3*x^6)*ArcCosh[a*x])/35`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 2113, 2331, 2389, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c + dx^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 6323

$$-a \int \frac{x(5d^3x^6 + 21cd^2x^4 + 35c^2dx^2 + 35c^3)}{35\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{35}a \int \frac{x(5d^3x^6 + 21cd^2x^4 + 35c^2dx^2 + 35c^3)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2113

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(5d^3x^6+21cd^2x^4+35c^2dx^2+35c^3)}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2331

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{5d^3x^6+21cd^2x^4+35c^2dx^2+35c^3}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{70\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2389

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \left(\frac{5(a^2x^2-1)^{5/2}d^3}{a^6} + \frac{3(7ca^2+5d)(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}d^2}{a^6} + \frac{(35c^2a^4+42cda^2+15d^2)\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}d}{a^6} + \frac{35c^3a^6+35c^2da^4+21cd^2a^2-1}{a^6\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} \right)}{70\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{6d^2(a^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(7a^2c+5d)}{5a^8} + \frac{10d^3(a^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7a^8} + \frac{2d(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(35a^4c^2+42a^2cd+15d^2)}{3a^8} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}(35a^6c^3+35a^5cd+5a^4c^2d^2+5a^3d^3)}{a^8} \right)}{70\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}$$

$$c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{3}{5}cd^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{7}d^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^2)^3*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/70*(a*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2]*((2*(35*a^6*c^3 + 35*a^4*c^2*d + 21*a^2*c*d^2 + 5*d^3)*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2])/a^8 + (2*d*(35*a^4*c^2 + 42*a^2*c*d + 15*d^2)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^8) + (6*d^2*(7*a^2*c + 5*d)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^8) + (10*d^3*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*a^8)))/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + c^3*x*ArcCosh[a*x] + c^2*d*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x] + (3*c*d^2*x^5*ArcCosh[a*x])/5 + (d^3*x^7*ArcCosh[a*x])/7
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2113 `Int[(P_x)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[P_x*(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_x, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[m, n] && !IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 2331 `Int[(P_q)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^(m - 1)/2*SubstFor[x^2, P_q, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2389 `Int[(P_q)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[P_q*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && PolyQ[P_q, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || EqQ[n, 1])`
- rule 6323 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
parts	$\frac{d^3 x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{7} + \frac{3c d^2 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{5} + c^2 d x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^3 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{a}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^3 ax+a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 d x^3 + \frac{3a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^3 x^7}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (75a^6 d^3 x^6 + 441a^6 c d^2 x^5)}{a}}{a}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^3 ax+a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 d x^3 + \frac{3a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^3 x^7}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (75a^6 d^3 x^6 + 441a^6 c d^2 x^5)}{a}}{a}$
ordering	$\frac{x(325a^8 d^4 x^8 + 1792a^8 c d^3 x^6 + 4410a^8 c^2 d^2 x^4 + 30a^6 d^4 x^6 + 9800a^8 c^3 d x^2 + 294a^6 c d^3 x^4 + 1225a^8 c^4 + 2450a^6 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 600a^6 c^3 d x^2 + 1225a^8 c^4)}{1225(dx^2+c)a^8}$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{7}d^3x^7\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)+\frac{3}{5}c*d^2*x^5*\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)+c^2*d*x^3*\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)+c^3*x*\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)-\frac{1}{3675}a^{-7}*(ax-1)^{(1/2)}*(ax+1)^{(1/2)}*(75*a^6*d^3*x^6+441*a^6*c*d^2*x^4+1225*a^6*c^2*d*x^2+90*a^4*d^3*x^4+3675*a^6*c^3+588*a^4*c*d^2*x^2+2450*a^4*c^2*d+120*a^2*d^3*x^2+1176*a^2*c*d^2+240*d^3)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \frac{105(5a^7 d^3 x^7 + 21a^7 c d^2 x^5 + 35a^7 c^2 d x^3 + 35a^7 c^3 x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}) - (75a^6 d^3 x^6 + 3675a^6 c^3 + 2450a^4 c^2 d + 1176a^2 c d^2 + 9(49a^6 c d^2 + 10a^4 d^3) x^4 + 240d^3 + (1225a^6 c^2 d + 588a^4 c d^2 + 120a^2 d^3) x^2) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}}{a^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{3675}*(105*(5*a^7*d^3*x^7 + 21*a^7*c*d^2*x^5 + 35*a^7*c^2*d*x^3 + 35*a^7*c^3*x)*\log(ax + \sqrt{a^2*x^2 - 1}) - (75*a^6*d^3*x^6 + 3675*a^6*c^3 + 2450*a^4*c^2*d + 1176*a^2*c*d^2 + 9*(49*a^6*c*d^2 + 10*a^4*d^3)*x^4 + 240*d^3 + (1225*a^6*c^2*d + 588*a^4*c*d^2 + 120*a^2*d^3)*x^2)*\sqrt{a^2*x^2 - 1})/a^7$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)**3*acosh(a*x), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**2)**3*acosh(a*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3675} \left(\frac{75 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} d^3 x^6}{a^2} + \frac{441 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} c d^2 x^4}{a^2} + \frac{1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} c^2 d x^2}{a^2} + \frac{90 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} d^3 x^4}{a^4} + \frac{3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} c^3}{a^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{35} (5 d^3 x^7 + 21 c d^2 x^5 + 35 c^2 d x^3 + 35 c^3 x) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3675*(75*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^3*x^6/a^2 + 441*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^2*x^4/a^2 + 1225*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*d*x^2/a^2 + 90*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^3*x^4/a^4 + 3675*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^3/a^4 + 588*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^2*x^2/a^4 + 2450*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2*d/a^4 + 120*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^3*x^2/a^6 + 1176*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d^2/a^6 + 240*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^3/a^8)*a + 1/35*(5*d^3*x^7 + 21*c*d^2*x^5 + 35*c^2*d*x^3 + 35*c^3*x)*arccosh(a*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{35} (5d^3x^7 + 21cd^2x^5 + 35c^2dx^3 + 35c^3x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1})$$

$$- \frac{(35a^6c^3 + 35a^4c^2d + 21a^2cd^2 + 5d^3)\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}}{35a^7}$$

$$- \frac{1225(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4c^2d + 441(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2cd^2 + 1470(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2cd^2 + 75(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3 + 315(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}{3675a^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/35*(5*d^3*x^7 + 21*c*d^2*x^5 + 35*c^2*d*x^3 + 35*c^3*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - 1/35*(35*a^6*c^3 + 35*a^4*c^2*d + 21*a^2*c*d^2 + 5*d^3)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)/a^7 - 1/3675*(1225*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^4*c^2*d + 441*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*a^2*c*d^2 + 1470*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^2 + 75*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(7/2)*d^3 + 315*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*d^3 + 525*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*d^3)/a^7`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) (dx^2 + c)^3 dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^3,x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{3675 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^7 c^3 x + 3675 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^7 c^2 d x^3 + 2205 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^7 c d^2 x^5 + 525 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) a^7 d^3 x^7 - 1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^3 + 1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^5 - 1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^7 + 1225 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^9 - 441 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^5 - 441 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^7 - 441 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^9 - 75 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^{11} - 588 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^7 - 588 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^9 - 588 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^{11} - 90 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^{13} - 1176 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^9 - 1176 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^{11} - 1176 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^{13} - 120 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^{15} - 240 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^{11} - 240 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^{13} - 240 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^{15} - 3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^{17} - 3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^3 x^{13} - 3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c^2 d x^{15} - 3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} c d^2 x^{17} - 3675 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^{10} d^3 x^{19}}{(3675 a^{10})}$$

input

```
int((d*x^2+c)^3*acosh(a*x),x)
```

output

```
(3675*acosh(a*x)*a**7*c**3*x + 3675*acosh(a*x)*a**7*c**2*d*x**3 + 2205*acosh(a*x)*a**7*c*d**2*x**5 + 525*acosh(a*x)*a**7*d**3*x**7 - 1225*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*c**2*d*x**2 - 441*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*c*d**2*x**4 - 75*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**6*d**3*x**6 - 2450*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*c**2*d - 588*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*c*d**2*x**2 - 90*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*d**3*x**4 - 1176*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*c*d**2 - 120*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*d**3*x**2 - 240*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*d**3 - 3675*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a**6*c**3)/(3675*a**7)
```

3.124 $\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$

Optimal result	973
Mathematica [A] (verified)	974
Rubi [A] (verified)	974
Maple [A] (verified)	977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Sympy [F]	978
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	978
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	979
Mupad [F(-1)]	979
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	980

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(15a^4c^2 + 10a^2cd + 3d^2)\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}}{15a^5}$$

$$- \frac{2d(5a^2c + 3d)(-1 + ax)^{3/2}(1 + ax)^{3/2}}{45a^5} - \frac{d^2(-1 + ax)^{5/2}(1 + ax)^{5/2}}{25a^5}$$

$$+ c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

output

```
-1/15*(15*a^4*c^2+10*a^2*c*d+3*d^2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^5-2/45*d
*(5*a^2*c+3*d)*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)/a^5-1/25*d^2*(a*x-1)^(5/2)*(a*x
+1)^(5/2)/a^5+c^2*x*arccosh(a*x)+2/3*c*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)+1/5*d^2*x^5*arcc
osh(a*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax}\sqrt{1 + ax}(24d^2 + 4a^2d(25c + 3dx^2) + a^4(225c^2 + 50cdx^2 + 9d^2x^4))}{225a^5}$$

$$+ \left(c^2x + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 + \frac{d^2x^5}{5}\right) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/225*(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(24*d^2 + 4*a^2*d*(25*c + 3*d*x^2) +
a^4*(225*c^2 + 50*c*d*x^2 + 9*d^2*x^4)))/a^5 + (c^2*x + (2*c*d*x^3)/3 + (d
^2*x^5)/5)*ArcCosh[a*x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 1905, 1576, 1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6323}$$

$$-a \int \frac{x(3d^2x^4 + 10cdx^2 + 15c^2)}{15\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx + c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{1}{15}a \int \frac{x(3d^2x^4 + 10cdx^2 + 15c^2)}{\sqrt{ax - 1}\sqrt{ax + 1}} dx + c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1905 \\
& -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(3d^2x^4+10cdx^2+15c^2)}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \\
& \downarrow 1576 \\
& -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \frac{3d^2x^4+10cdx^2+15c^2}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \\
& \downarrow 1140 \\
& -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \int \left(\frac{3(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}d^2}{a^4} + \frac{2(5ca^2+3d)\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}d}{a^4} + \frac{15c^2a^4+10cda^2+3d^2}{a^4\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{30\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{a\sqrt{a^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{4d(a^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(5a^2c+3d)}{3a^6} + \frac{6d^2(a^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}(15a^4c^2+10a^2cd+3d^2)}{a^6} \right)}{30\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \\
& \quad c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{5}d^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^2)^2*ArcCosh[a*x],x]`

output `-1/30*(a*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2]*((2*(15*a^4*c^2 + 10*a^2*c*d + 3*d^2)*Sqrt[-1 + a^2*x^2])/a^6 + (4*d*(5*a^2*c + 3*d)*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^6) + (6*d^2*(-1 + a^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^6)))/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]) + c^2*x*ArcCosh[a*x] + (2*c*d*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x])/3 + (d^2*x^5*ArcCosh[a*x])/5`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 1140 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$
- rule 1576 $\text{Int}[(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x]$
- rule 1905 $\text{Int}[((f_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_)^{(non2_.)})^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)} + (c_.)*(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}*((d2 + e2*x^{(n/2)})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}/(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[q]}) \text{ Int}[(f*x)^m*(d1*d2 + e1*e2*x^n)^q*(a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, f, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[non2, n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d2*e1 + d1*e2, 0]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$
- rule 6323 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[p + 1/2, 0])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
parts	$\frac{d^2 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{5} + \frac{2cdx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3} + c^2 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (9a^4 d^2 x^4 + 50a^4 cd x^2 + 225a^4 c^2)}{225a^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 ax + \frac{2a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)cdx^3}{3} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (9a^4 d^2 x^4 + 50a^4 cd x^2 + 225a^4 c^2 + 12a^2 d^2 x^2 + 100a^2 c^2 d + 24d^2)}{225a^4}}{a}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)c^2 ax + \frac{2a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)cdx^3}{3} + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)d^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (9a^4 d^2 x^4 + 50a^4 cd x^2 + 225a^4 c^2 + 12a^2 d^2 x^2 + 100a^2 c^2 d + 24d^2)}{225a^4}}{a}$
oring	$\frac{x(81a^6 d^3 x^6 + 395a^6 c d^2 x^4 + 1275a^6 c^2 d x^2 + 12a^4 d^3 x^4 + 225a^6 c^3 + 200a^4 c d^2 x^2 - 900a^4 c^2 d + 48a^2 d^3 x^2 - 400a^2 c d^2 - 96d^3)}{225(d x^2 + c)a^6}$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{5}d^2x^5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{2}{3}cdx^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + c^2x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{225}a^5(a^2x-1)^{1/2}(a^2x+1)^{1/2}(9a^4d^2x^4+50a^4cdx^2+225a^4c^2+12a^2d^2x^2+100a^2c^2d+24d^2)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3a^5d^2x^5 + 10a^5cdx^3 + 15a^5c^2x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}) - (9a^4d^2x^4 + 225a^4c^2 + 100a^2cd + 2(25a^4c^2d + 6a^2d^2)x^2 + 24d^2) \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}}{225a^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{225}(15(3a^5d^2x^5 + 10a^5cdx^3 + 15a^5c^2x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}) - (9a^4d^2x^4 + 225a^4c^2 + 100a^2cd + 2(25a^4c^2d + 6a^2d^2)x^2 + 24d^2) \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1})/a^5$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)**2*acosh(a*x), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**2)**2*acosh(a*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{225} \left(\frac{9\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}d^2x^4}{a^2} + \frac{50\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}cdx^2}{a^2} + \frac{225\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}c^2}{a^2} + \frac{12\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}d^2x^2}{a^4} + \frac{100\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{a^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{15} (3d^2x^5 + 10cdx^3 + 15c^2x) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/225*(9*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4/a^2 + 50*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d*x^2/a^2 + 225*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c^2/a^2 + 12*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^2*x^2/a^4 + 100*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c*d/a^4 + 24*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d^2/a^6)*a + 1/15*(3*d^2*x^5 + 10*c*d*x^3 + 15*c^2*x)*arccosh(a*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{15} (3d^2x^5 + 10cdx^3 + 15c^2x) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1})$$

$$- \frac{(15a^4c^2 + 10a^2cd + 3d^2)\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}}{15a^5}$$

$$- \frac{50(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2cd + 9(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2 + 30(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}{225a^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/15*(3*d^2*x^5 + 10*c*d*x^3 + 15*c^2*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - 1/15*(15*a^4*c^2 + 10*a^2*c*d + 3*d^2)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)/a^5 - 1/225*(50*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d + 9*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(5/2)*d^2 + 30*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^(3/2)*d^2)/a^5`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) (dx^2 + c)^2 dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^2,x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{225a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^5 c^2 x + 150a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^5 c d x^3 + 45a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^5 d^2 x^5 - 50\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^4 c d x^2 - 9\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^4 c^2 x - 9\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} a^4 d^2 x^4}{225a^5}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)^2*acosh(a*x),x)`output `(225*acosh(a*x)*a**5*c**2*x + 150*acosh(a*x)*a**5*c*d*x**3 + 45*acosh(a*x)*a**5*d**2*x**5 - 50*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*c*d*x**2 - 9*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**4*d**2*x**4 - 100*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*c*d - 12*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)*d**2 - 225*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)*a**4*c**2)/(225*a**5)`

3.125 $\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$

Optimal result	981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	981
Rubi [A] (verified)	982
Maple [A] (verified)	984
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	984
Sympy [F]	985
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Mupad [F(-1)]	986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	986

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = -\frac{(9a^2c + 2d) \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}}{9a^3} - \frac{dx^2 \sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax}}{9a} + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

output

```
-1/9*(9*a^2*c+2*d)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/9*d*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)
*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a+c*x*arccosh(a*x)+1/3*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1 + ax} \sqrt{1 + ax} (2d + a^2(9c + dx^2))}{9a^3} + \left(cx + \frac{dx^3}{3} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(2*d + a^2*(9*c + d*x^2)))/a^3 + (c*x +
(d*x^3)/3)*ArcCosh[a*x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 960, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (c + dx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6323$$

$$-a \int \frac{x(dx^2 + 3c)}{3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} a \int \frac{x(dx^2 + 3c)}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\downarrow 960$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} a \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2d}{a^2} + 9c \right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + \frac{dx^2 \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a^2} \right) + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

$$\downarrow 83$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \left(\frac{2d}{a^2} + 9c \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{dx^2 \sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{3a^2} \right) + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a*((9*c + (2*d)/a^2)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(3*a^2) + (d*x^2
*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(3*a^2))) + c*x*ArcCosh[a*x] + (d*x^3*ArcCo
sh[a*x])/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 83

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f
*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]
```

rule 960

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)
*(x_)^(non2_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^(n/2))^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*e*(m + n
*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a1*a2*d*(m + 1) - b1*b2*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/
(b1*b2*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^p*(a2 + b2*x^(n
/2))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[non2,
n/2] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 6323

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symb
ol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u,
x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x]
, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0]
|| ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
parts	$\frac{dx^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3} + cx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (dx^2 a^2 + 9a^2 c + 2d)}{9a^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) cax + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (dx^2 a^2 + 9a^2 c + 2d)}{9a^2}}{a}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) cax + \frac{a \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (dx^2 a^2 + 9a^2 c + 2d)}{9a^2}}{a}$
oring	$\frac{x(5a^4 d^2 x^4 + 30a^4 cd x^2 + 9a^4 c^2 + 2a^2 d^2 x^2 - 18a^2 cd - 4d^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9(dx^2 + c)a^4} - \frac{(dx^2 a^2 + 9a^2 c + 2d)(ax-1)(ax+1) \left(\frac{2dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9a^4(dx^2 + c)} \right)}{9a^4(dx^2 + c)}$

input `int((d*x^2+c)*arccosh(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*d*x^3*arccosh(a*x)+c*x*arccosh(a*x)-1/9/a^3*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a^2*d*x^2+9*a^2*c+2*d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^3 dx^3 + 3a^3 cx) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}) - (a^2 dx^2 + 9a^2 c + 2d) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}}{9a^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(3*(a^3*d*x^3 + 3*a^3*c*x)*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - (a^2*d*x^2 + 9*a^2*c + 2*d)*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1))/a^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x**2+c)*acosh(a*x),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**2)*acosh(a*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = -\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}dx^2}{a^2} + \frac{9\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}c}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}d}{a^4} \right) a + \frac{1}{3} (dx^3 + 3cx) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*(sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d*x^2/a^2 + 9*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*c/a^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)*d/a^4)*a + 1/3*(d*x^3 + 3*c*x)*arccosh(a*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \frac{1}{3} (dx^3 + 3cx) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}) - \frac{(a^2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{9a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}(3a^2c + d)}{3a^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x^2+c)*arccosh(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{3}(dx^3 + 3cx) \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}) - \frac{1}{9}(a^2x^2 - 1)^{3/2} \frac{d}{a^3} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1} \frac{(3a^2c + d)}{a^3}$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx = \int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) (dx^2 + c) dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)*(c + d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (c + dx^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) dx$$

$$= \frac{9a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^3 cx + 3a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^3 dx^3 - \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1} a^2 dx^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1} d - 9\sqrt{ax + 1} \sqrt{ax - 1} a^2 c}{9a^3}$$

input `int((d*x^2+c)*acosh(a*x),x)`

output $\frac{(9a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^3 cx + 3a \operatorname{cosh}(ax) a^3 dx^3 - \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1} a^2 dx^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1} d - 9\sqrt{ax + 1} \sqrt{ax - 1} a^2 c)}{(9a^3)}$

3.126 $\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c+dx^2} dx$

Optimal result	987
Mathematica [A] (verified)	988
Rubi [A] (verified)	989
Maple [C] (verified)	990
Fricas [F]	991
Sympy [F]	991
Maxima [F]	992
Giac [F]	992
Mupad [F(-1)]	992
Reduce [F]	993

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 481

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c+dx^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln(1-d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} - (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln(1+d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} - (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} + 1/2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln(1-d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} + (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln(1+d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} + (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} - (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} + 1/2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} - (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} + (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} + 1/2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, d^{1/2} * (ax+(ax-1)^{1/2} * (ax+1)^{1/2})) / (a(-c)^{1/2} + (-a^2c-d)^{1/2}) / (-c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \frac{-\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right) + \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{-a\sqrt{-c} + \sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right) + \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right) - \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{-a\sqrt{-c} + \sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

input

Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]/(c + d*x^2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-(\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])]) + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (-a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c]) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])] + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])] - \operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])] + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])] - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (-a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c]) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])] - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -((\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])]) + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{E}^{\operatorname{ArcCosh}[a*x]}) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(a^2*c - d)])]) / (2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d]) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6324} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2c(\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{dx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-c} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2c(\sqrt{-c} + \sqrt{dx})} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{-ca^2 - d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{-ca^2 - d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{-ca} + \sqrt{-ca^2 - d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{-ca} + \sqrt{-ca^2 - d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{a^2(-c) - d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a\sqrt{-c} - \sqrt{a^2(-c) - d}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{a^2(-c) - d} + a\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{de} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{\sqrt{a^2(-c) - d} + a\sqrt{-c}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCosh[a*x]/(c + d*x^2), x]`

output

```
(ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c)
- d])])/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) - (ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a
*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])])/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) + (ArcCosh[a
*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])])/(
2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) - (ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sq
rt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])])/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) - PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[d
]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]))]/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d])
+ PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])]/
(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) - PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] +
Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]))]/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d]) + PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCos
h[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])]/(2*Sqrt[-c]*Sqrt[d])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6324

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_.,
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(\frac{\sum_{R1=\text{RootOf}(d-Z^4+(4a^2c+2d)-Z^2+d)} \frac{-R1 \left(\text{arccosh}(ax) \ln \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{R1} \right) + \text{dilog} \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{R1} \right) \right)}{R1^2_{d+2a^2c+d}}}{2} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{\sum_{R1=\text{RootOf}(d-Z^4+(4a^2c+2d)-Z^2+d)} \frac{-R1 \left(\text{arccosh}(ax) \ln \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{R1} \right) + \text{dilog} \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{R1} \right) \right)}{R1^2_{d+2a^2c+d}}}{2} \right)$

input `int(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(1/2*a^2*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*d+2*a^2*c+d)*(arccosh(a*x)*ln((_R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(d*_Z^4+(4*a^2*c+2*d)*_Z^2+d))-1/2*a^2*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*d+2*a^2*c+d)*(arccosh(a*x)*ln((_R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(d*_Z^4+(4*a^2*c+2*d)*_Z^2+d))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)/(d*x**2+c),x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2 + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x^2),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{c + dx^2} dx = \int \frac{a \operatorname{cosh}(ax)}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x**2),x)`

$$3.127 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	995
Mathematica [C] (verified)	996
Rubi [A] (verified)	997
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	999
Fricas [F]	1000
Sympy [F]	1001
Maxima [F]	1001
Giac [F]	1001
Mupad [F(-1)]	1002
Reduce [F]	1002

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 774

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4c\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{dx})} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4c\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{dx})} \\
& + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+ax}}}{\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+ax}}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d}}}} \\
& - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+ax}}}{\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+ax}}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d}}}} \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{-a^2c-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/4*arccosh(a*x)/c/d^(1/2)/((-c)^(1/2)-d^(1/2)*x)+1/4*arccosh(a*x)/c/d^(1
/2)/((-c)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x)+1/2*a*arctanh((a*(-c)^(1/2)-d^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a*x
+1)^(1/2)/(a*(-c)^(1/2)+d^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2))/c/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-d^(1
/2))^(1/2)/(a*(-c)^(1/2)+d^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-1/2*a*arctanh((a*(-c)^(1/2
)+d^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-d^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a*x-1)^(1/2))
/c/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-d^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a*(-c)^(1/2)+d^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-1/4*a
rccosh(a*x)*ln(1-d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-(-
a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(1/2)+1/4*arccosh(a*x)*ln(1+d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a
*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(
1/2)-1/4*arccosh(a*x)*ln(1-d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-
c)^(1/2)+(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(1/2)+1/4*arccosh(a*x)*ln(1+d^(1/
2)*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)^(1/2)+(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)
^(3/2)/d^(1/2)+1/4*polylog(2,-d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a
*(-c)^(1/2)-(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(1/2)-1/4*polylog(2,d^(1/2)*(a
*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)^(1/2)-(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2
)/d^(1/2)+1/4*polylog(2,-d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)
^(1/2)+(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(1/2)-1/4*polylog(2,d^(1/2)*(a*x+(a
*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/(a*(-c)^(1/2)+(-a^2*c-d)^(1/2)))/(-c)^(3/2)/d^(
1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 687, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{-i\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{a \log \left(\frac{2d(i\sqrt{d}+a^2\sqrt{cx}-i\sqrt{-a^2c-d}\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax})}{a\sqrt{-a^2c-d}(\sqrt{c}+i\sqrt{dx})} \right)}{\sqrt{-a^2c-d}} \right)}{c^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{c} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{i\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{a \log \left(\frac{2d(-\sqrt{d}-ia^2\sqrt{cx}+a\sqrt{-a^2c-d}\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax})}{a\sqrt{-a^2c-d}(\sqrt{c}-i\sqrt{dx})} \right)}{\sqrt{-a^2c-d}} \right)}{c^2}$$

input

Integrate[ArcCosh[a*x]/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*(ArcCosh[a*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x) + (a*Log[(2*d*(I*Sqrt[d] + a^2*Sqrt[c]*x - I*Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]))/(a*Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]*(Sqrt[c] + I*Sqrt[d]*x))])/Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d] - 2*Sqrt[c]*(-(ArcCosh[a*x]/(I*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x)) - (a*Log[(2*d*(-Sqrt[d] - I*a^2*Sqrt[c]*x + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]))/(a*Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]*(I*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x))])/Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d] + I*(ArcCosh[a*x]*(-ArcCosh[a*x] + 2*(Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(I*a*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]) + Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(I*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]))) + 2*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/((-I)*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]) + 2*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(I*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]))) - I*(ArcCosh[a*x]*(-ArcCosh[a*x] + 2*(Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/((-I)*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]) + Log[1 - (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(I*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]]))) + 2*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/((-I)*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]])] + 2*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(I*a*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])]))/(8*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 774, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 6324

$$\int \left(-\frac{d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{2c(-cd - d^2x^2)} - \frac{d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4c(\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d} - dx)^2} - \frac{d\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{4c(\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{d} + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-ca^2-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{-ca^2-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \\
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-ca}+\sqrt{-ca^2-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{-ca}+\sqrt{-ca^2-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \\
& \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{a^2(-c)-d}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{a^2(-c)-d}} + 1\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \\
& \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{a^2(-c)-d}+a\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{\text{arccosh}(ax)}}{\sqrt{a^2(-c)-d}+a\sqrt{-c}} + 1\right)}{4(-c)^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} - \\
& \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax)}{4c\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{dx})} + \frac{\text{arccosh}(ax)}{4c\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{dx})} + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}}} - \\
& \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}-\sqrt{d}}\sqrt{a\sqrt{-c}+\sqrt{d}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[ArcCosh[a*x]/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*ArcCosh[a*x]/(c*Sqrt[d]*(Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[d]*x)) + ArcCosh[a*x]/(4*c*S
qrt[d]*(Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[d]*x)) + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[d]]*Sq
rt[1 + a*x])/(Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[-1 + a*x])])/(2*c*Sqrt[a*Sqr
t[-c] - Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[d]) - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a*
Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[-1 + a
*x])])/(2*c*Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[d]]*Sqrt[d])
- (ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2
*c) - d])])/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) + (ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcC
osh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])])/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) - (Ar
cCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) -
d])])/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) + (ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*
x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])])/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) + PolyLog[2
, -((Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]))]/(4*(-c)^(
3/2)*Sqrt[d]) - PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] - Sqrt[-(a
^2*c) - d])]/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) + PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x]
)/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d]))]/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]) - PolyLog[2,
(Sqrt[d]*E^ArcCosh[a*x])/(a*Sqrt[-c] + Sqrt[-(a^2*c) - d])]/(4*(-c)^(3/2)*
Sqrt[d])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 6324 Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_,
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 9.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)a^3x}{2c(dx^2a^2+a^2c)} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{-R1 \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{-R1} \right) \right) + \operatorname{dilo}}{-R1^2_{d+2a^2c+d}} \right)}{4c}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)a^3x}{2c(dx^2a^2+a^2c)} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{-R1 \left(\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \ln \left(\frac{R1-ax-\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{-R1} \right) \right) + \operatorname{dilo}}{-R1^2_{d+2a^2c+d}} \right)}{4c}$

```
input int(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/a*(1/2*arccosh(a*x)*a^3*x/c/(a^2*d*x^2+a^2*c)+1/4/c*a^2*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*d
+2*a^2*c+d)*(arccosh(a*x)*ln(( _R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)+di
log(( _R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(d*_Z^4+(4*a^2*c
+2*d)*_Z^2+d))+1/2*(-(2*a^2*c-2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)+d)*d)^(1/2)*(2*(a^
2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)*a^2*c+2*a^4*c^2+2*a^2*c*d+(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)*d)*
a^2*arctanh(d*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/((-2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c
+d))^(1/2)-d)*d)^(1/2))/c/(a^2*c+d)/d^3-1/2*(-(2*a^2*c-2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))
^(1/2)+d)*d)^(1/2)*(2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)+d)*arctanh(d*(a*x+(a
*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/((-2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)-d)*d)^(1/2
))*a^2/c/d^3+1/2*((2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)+d)*d)^(1/2)*(-2*(a^2*
c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)*a^2*c+2*a^4*c^2+2*a^2*c*d-(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)*d)*a^
2*arctan(d*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/((2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))
^(1/2)+d)*d)^(1/2))/c/(a^2*c+d)/d^3-1/2*((2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2
)+d)*d)^(1/2)*(2*a^2*c-2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)+d)*arctan(d*(a*x+(a*x-1)
^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/((2*a^2*c+2*(a^2*c*(a^2*c+d))^(1/2)+d)*d)^(1/2))*a^2/
c/d^3-1/4/c*a^2*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*d+2*a^2*c+d)*(arccosh(a*x)*ln(( _R1-a*x-(a
*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog(( _R1-a*x-(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)
)/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(d*_Z^4+(4*a^2*c+2*d)*_Z^2+d)))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c+dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{(dx^2+c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(arccosh(a*x)/(d^2*x^4 + 2*c*d*x^2 + c^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(acosh(a*x)/(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2 + c)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}(ax)}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccosh(a*x)/(d*x^2 + c)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{(dx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x^2)^2,x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)/(c + d*x^2)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{(c + dx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{d^2x^4 + 2cdx^2 + c^2} dx$$

input `int(acosh(a*x)/(d*x^2+c)^2,x)`output `int(acosh(a*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**4),x)`

3.128 $\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1005
Rubi [A] (verified)	1006
Maple [A] (verified)	1008
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1009
Sympy [F]	1009
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1010
Giac [F(-2)]	1010
Mupad [F(-1)]	1011
Reduce [F]	1011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 609

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = & 2b^2d^3x + \frac{4b^2d^2ex}{3c^2} + \frac{16b^2de^2x}{25c^4} + \frac{32b^2e^3x}{245c^6} \\
& + \frac{2}{9}b^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{8b^2de^2x^3}{75c^2} + \frac{16b^2e^3x^3}{735c^4} \\
& + \frac{6}{125}b^2de^2x^5 + \frac{12b^2e^3x^5}{1225c^2} + \frac{2}{343}b^2e^3x^7 \\
& - \frac{2bd^3\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c} \\
& - \frac{4bd^2e\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c^3} \\
& - \frac{16bde^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c^5} \\
& - \frac{32be^3\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^7} \\
& - \frac{2bd^2ex^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c} \\
& - \frac{8bde^2x^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c^3} \\
& - \frac{16be^3x^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^5} \\
& - \frac{6bde^2x^4\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c} \\
& - \frac{12be^3x^4\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^3} \\
& - \frac{2be^3x^6\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{49c} \\
& + d^3x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& + d^2ex^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{3}{5}de^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{7}e^3x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*b^2*d^3*x+4/3*b^2*d^2*e*x/c^2+16/25*b^2*d*e^2*x/c^4+32/245*b^2*e^3*x/c^6
+2/9*b^2*d^2*e*x^3+8/75*b^2*d*e^2*x^3/c^2+16/735*b^2*e^3*x^3/c^4+6/125*b^2
*d*e^2*x^5+12/1225*b^2*e^3*x^5/c^2+2/343*b^2*e^3*x^7-2*b*d^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-4/3*b*d^2*e*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)
*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c^3-16/25*b*d*e^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*ar
ccosh(c*x))/c^5-32/245*b*e^3*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)
)/c^7-2/3*b*d^2*e*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-8/2
5*b*d*e^2*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c^3-16/245*b*
e^3*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c^5-6/25*b*d*e^2*x^
4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-12/245*b*e^3*x^4*(c*x-1)
^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c^3-2/49*b*e^3*x^6*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*
(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+d^3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+d^2*e*x^3*(a
+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+3/5*d*e^2*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/7*e^3*x^7*(a+b*arc
cosh(c*x))^2

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{11025a^2c^7x(35d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 + 21de^2x^4 + 5e^3x^6) - 210ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(240e^3 + 24c^2e^2(49d + 5ex^2) + 2c^4e(1225d^2 + 294de^2x^2 + 45e^2x^4) + c^6(3675d^3 + 1225d^2ex^2 + 441de^2x^4 + 75e^3x^6)) + 2b^2c^7x(25200e^3 + 840c^2e^2(147d + 5ex^2) + 210c^4e(1225d^2 + 98de^2x^2 + 9e^2x^4) + c^6(385875d^3 + 42875d^2ex^2 + 9261de^2x^4 + 1125e^3x^6)) - 210b^2(-105ac^7x(35d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 + 21de^2x^4 + 5e^3x^6) + b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(240e^3 + 24c^2e^2(49d + 5ex^2) + 2c^4e(1225d^2 + 294de^2x^2 + 45e^2x^4) + c^6(3675d^3 + 1225d^2ex^2 + 441de^2x^4 + 75e^3x^6))) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] + 11025b^2c^7x(35d^3 + 35d^2ex^2 + 21de^2x^4 + 5e^3x^6) \operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2}{(385875c^7)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```

(11025*a^2*c^7*x*(35*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 + 21*d*e^2*x^4 + 5*e^3*x^6) - 210*
a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(240*e^3 + 24*c^2*e^2*(49*d + 5*e*x^2) +
2*c^4*e*(1225*d^2 + 294*d*e*x^2 + 45*e^2*x^4) + c^6*(3675*d^3 + 1225*d^2*e
*x^2 + 441*d*e^2*x^4 + 75*e^3*x^6)) + 2*b^2*c^7*x*(25200*e^3 + 840*c^2*e^2*(
147*d + 5*e*x^2) + 210*c^4*e*(1225*d^2 + 98*d*e*x^2 + 9*e^2*x^4) + c^6*(38
5875*d^3 + 42875*d^2*e*x^2 + 9261*d*e^2*x^4 + 1125*e^3*x^6)) - 210*b^2*(-105
*a*c^7*x*(35*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x^2 + 21*d*e^2*x^4 + 5*e^3*x^6) + b*Sqrt[-1 +
c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(240*e^3 + 24*c^2*e^2*(49*d + 5*e*x^2) + 2*c^4*e*(1225*
d^2 + 294*d*e*x^2 + 45*e^2*x^4) + c^6*(3675*d^3 + 1225*d^2*e*x^2 + 441*d*e
^2*x^4 + 75*e^3*x^6)))*ArcCosh[c*x] + 11025*b^2*c^7*x*(35*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x
^2 + 21*d*e^2*x^4 + 5*e^3*x^6)*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)/(385875*c^7)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6324

$$\int (d^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + 3d^2ex^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + 3de^2x^4(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + e^3x^6(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{32be^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^7} - \frac{16bde^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c^5} - \\ & \frac{16be^3x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^5} - \frac{4bd^2e\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c^3} - \\ & \frac{8bde^2x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c^3} - \frac{12be^3x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{245c^3} + \\ & d^3x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{2bd^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c} + d^2ex^3(a + \\ & \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{2bd^2ex^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3c} + \frac{3}{5}de^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\ & \frac{6bde^2x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c} + \frac{1}{7}e^3x^7(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\ & \frac{2be^3x^6\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c} + \frac{32b^2e^3x}{245c^6} + \frac{16b^2de^2x}{25c^4} + \frac{16b^2e^3x^3}{735c^4} + \frac{4b^2d^2ex}{3c^2} + \\ & \frac{8b^2de^2x^3}{75c^2} + \frac{12b^2e^3x^5}{1225c^2} + 2b^2d^3x + \frac{2}{9}b^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{6}{125}b^2de^2x^5 + \frac{2}{343}b^2e^3x^7 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2*b^2*d^3*x + (4*b^2*d^2*e*x)/(3*c^2) + (16*b^2*d*e^2*x)/(25*c^4) + (32*b^2* \\
& 2*e^3*x)/(245*c^6) + (2*b^2*d^2*e*x^3)/9 + (8*b^2*d*e^2*x^3)/(75*c^2) + (1 \\
& 6*b^2*e^3*x^3)/(735*c^4) + (6*b^2*d*e^2*x^5)/125 + (12*b^2*e^3*x^5)/(1225* \\
& c^2) + (2*b^2*e^3*x^7)/343 - (2*b*d^3*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b* \\
& ArcCosh[c*x]))/c - (4*b*d^2*e*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[\\
& c*x]))/(3*c^3) - (16*b*d*e^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[\\
& c*x]))/(25*c^5) - (32*b*e^3*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[\\
& c*x]))/(245*c^7) - (2*b*d^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh \\
& [c*x]))/(3*c) - (8*b*d*e^2*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh \\
& [c*x]))/(25*c^3) - (16*b*e^3*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCo \\
& sh[c*x]))/(245*c^5) - (6*b*d*e^2*x^4*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*A \\
& rcCosh[c*x]))/(25*c) - (12*b*e^3*x^4*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*A \\
& rcCosh[c*x]))/(245*c^3) - (2*b*e^3*x^6*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b \\
& *ArcCosh[c*x]))/(49*c) + d^3*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 + d^2*e*x^3*(a + b*A \\
& rcCosh[c*x])^2 + (3*d*e^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/5 + (e^3*x^7*(a + b* \\
& ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/7
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6324

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\{(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)\}^{(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, \\
& x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], \\
& x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \\
& (p > 0 \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0])
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(d^3c^7x+d^2c^7ex^3+\frac{3}{5}dc^7e^2x^5+\frac{1}{7}e^3c^7x^7)}{c^6} + \frac{b^2\left(c^6d^3(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2cx-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+2cx\right)+\frac{c^4d^2e(9\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c^6}}{c^6}$
default	$\frac{a^2(d^3c^7x+d^2c^7ex^3+\frac{3}{5}dc^7e^2x^5+\frac{1}{7}e^3c^7x^7)}{c^6} + \frac{b^2\left(c^6d^3(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2cx-2\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+2cx\right)+\frac{c^4d^2e(9\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c^6}}{c^6}$
parts	$a^2\left(\frac{1}{7}e^3x^7 + \frac{3}{5}de^2x^5 + d^2ex^3 + d^3x\right) + \frac{b^2(55125\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2c^7x^7e^3+231525\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2c^7x^5de^2+385875c^8d^2e^3x^4+146016c^6de^4x^6-385875c^8d^2e^3x^2+1176c^2de^2+240e^3))}{c^6}$
orering	$x(47625c^8e^5x^{10}+328917c^8de^4x^8+1128666c^8d^2e^3x^6+10080c^6e^5x^8+5951050c^8d^3e^2x^4+146016c^6de^4x^6-385875c^8d^2e^3x^2+1176c^2de^2+240e^3)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(a^2/c^6*(d^3*c^7*x+d^2*c^7*e*x^3+3/5*d*c^7*e^2*x^5+1/7*e^3*c^7*x^7)+
^2/c^6*(c^6*d^3*(arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x-2*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2)+2*c*x)+1/9*c^4*d^2*e*(9*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^3*x^3-6*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)
^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2
*c^3*x^3+12*c*x)+1/375*c^2*d*e^2*(225*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^5*x^5-90*arccosh(c*
x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^4*x^4-120*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x
-1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+18*c^5*x^5-240*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+
40*c^3*x^3+240*c*x)+1/25725*e^3*(3675*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^7*x^7-1050*arccosh(
c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6-1260*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^4*x^4+150*c^7*x^7-1680*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*c^2*x^2+252*c^5*x^5-3360*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+560
*c^3*x^3+3360*c*x))+2*a*b/c^6*(arccosh(c*x)*d^3*c^7*x+arccosh(c*x)*d^2*c^7
*e*x^3+3/5*arccosh(c*x)*d*c^7*e^2*x^5+1/7*arccosh(c*x)*e^3*c^7*x^7-1/3675*
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(75*c^6*e^3*x^6+441*c^6*d*e^2*x^4+1225*c^6*d^2
*e*x^2+90*c^4*e^3*x^4+3675*c^6*d^3+588*c^4*d*e^2*x^2+2450*c^4*d^2*e+120*c^
2*e^3*x^2+1176*c^2*d*e^2+240*e^3))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1125 (49 a^2 + 2 b^2) c^7 e^3 x^7 + 189 (49 (25 a^2 + 2 b^2) c^7 d e^2 + 20 b^2 c^5 e^3) x^5 + 35 (1225 (9 a^2 + 2 b^2) c^7 d^2 e + 1176 b^2 c^5 d e^2 + 240 b^2 c^3 e^3) x^3 + 11025 (5 b^2 c^7 e^3 x^7 + 21 b^2 c^7 d e^2 x^5 + 35 b^2 c^7 d^2 e x^3 + 35 b^2 c^7 d^3 x) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^2 + 105 (3675 (a^2 + 2 b^2) c^7 d^3 + 4900 b^2 c^5 d^2 e + 2352 b^2 c^3 d e^2 + 480 b^2 c e^3) x + 210 (525 a b c^7 e^3 x^7 + 2205 a b c^7 d e^2 x^5 + 3675 a b c^7 d^2 e x^3 + 3675 a b c^7 d^3 x - (75 b^2 c^6 e^3 x^6 + 3675 b^2 c^6 d^3 + 2450 b^2 c^4 d^2 e + 1176 b^2 c^2 d e^2 + 240 b^2 e^3 + 9 (49 b^2 c^6 d e^2 + 10 b^2 c^4 e^3) x^4 + (1225 b^2 c^6 d^2 e + 588 b^2 c^4 d e^2 + 120 b^2 c^2 e^3) x^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - 210 (75 a b c^6 e^3 x^6 + 3675 a b c^6 d^3 + 2450 a b c^4 d^2 e + 1176 a b c^2 d e^2 + 240 a b e^3 + 9 (49 a b c^6 d e^2 + 10 a b c^4 e^3) x^4 + (1225 a b c^6 d^2 e + 588 a b c^4 d e^2 + 120 a b c^2 e^3) x^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) / c^7$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/385875*(1125*(49*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^7*e^3*x^7 + 189*(49*(25*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^7*d^2*e + 1176*b^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 240*b^2*c^3*e^3)*x^5 + 35*(1225*(9*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^7*d^2*e + 1176*b^2*c^5*d*e^2 + 240*b^2*c^3*e^3)*x^3 + 11025*(5*b^2*c^7*e^3*x^7 + 21*b^2*c^7*d*e^2*x^5 + 35*b^2*c^7*d^2*e*x^3 + 35*b^2*c^7*d^3*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 105*(3675*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^7*d^3 + 4900*b^2*c^5*d^2*e + 2352*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 480*b^2*c*e^3)*x + 210*(525*a*b*c^7*e^3*x^7 + 2205*a*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^5 + 3675*a*b*c^7*d^2*e*x^3 + 3675*a*b*c^7*d^3*x - (75*b^2*c^6*e^3*x^6 + 3675*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 2450*b^2*c^4*d^2*e + 1176*b^2*c^2*d*e^2 + 240*b^2*e^3 + 9*(49*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 + 10*b^2*c^4*e^3)*x^4 + (1225*b^2*c^6*d^2*e + 588*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 + 120*b^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 210*(75*a*b*c^6*e^3*x^6 + 3675*a*b*c^6*d^3 + 2450*a*b*c^4*d^2*e + 1176*a*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 240*a*b*e^3 + 9*(49*a*b*c^6*d*e^2 + 10*a*b*c^4*e^3)*x^4 + (1225*a*b*c^6*d^2*e + 588*a*b*c^4*d*e^2 + 120*a*b*c^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^7`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d + ex^2)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*(d + e*x**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/7*b^2*e^3*x^7*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 1/7*a^2*e^3*x^7 + 3/5*b^2*d*e^2*x^5*arcco \\ & sh(c*x)^2 + 3/5*a^2*d*e^2*x^5 + b^2*d^2*e*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 + a^2*d^2*e*x \\ & ^3 + b^2*d^3*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2/3*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 \\ & - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*d^2*e - 2/9*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^ \\ & 2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c \\ & ^2)*b^2*d^2*e + 2/25*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + \\ & 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c)*a*b*d*e^2 - 2/3 \\ & 75*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt \\ & (c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2*x^3 + 120*x)/c^4)* \\ & b^2*d*e^2 + 2/245*(35*x^7*arccosh(c*x) - (5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6* \\ & sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 \\ & - 1)/c^8)*c)*a*b*e^3 - 2/25725*(105*(5*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^6/c^2 + 6*sqrt(\\ & c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^6 + 16*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/ \\ & c^8)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (75*c^6*x^7 + 126*c^4*x^5 + 280*c^2*x^3 + 1680*x)/c^ \\ & 6)*b^2*e^3 + 2*b^2*d^3*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^2*d^3*x \\ & + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b*d^3/c \end{aligned}$$
Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{7350 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^7 d^3 x + 7350 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^7 d^2 e x^3 + 4410 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^7 d e^2 x^5 + 1050 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^7 e^3 x^7}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `(7350*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**7*d**3*x + 7350*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**7*d**2*e*x**3 + 4410*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**7*d*e**2*x**5 + 1050*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**7*e**3*x**7 - 2450*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**6*d**2*e*x**2 - 882*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**6*d*e**2*x**4 - 150*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**6*e**3*x**6 - 4900*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d**2*e - 1176*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d*e**2*x**2 - 180*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*e**3*x**4 - 2352*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*d*e**2 - 240*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*e**3*x**2 - 480*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*e**3 - 7350*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c**6*d**3 + 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c**7*d**3 + 3675*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**6,x)*b**2*c**7*e**3 + 11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*b**2*c**7*d*e**2 + 11025*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**7*d**2*e + 3675*a**2*c**7*d**3*x + 3675*a**2*c**7*d**2*e*x**3 + 2205*a**2*c**7*d*e**2*x**5 + 525*a**2*c**7*e**3*x**7)/(3675*c**7)`

3.129 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1012
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1013
Rubi [A] (verified)	1013
Maple [A] (verified)	1015
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1016
Sympy [F]	1017
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1017
Giac [F(-2)]	1018
Mupad [F(-1)]	1018
Reduce [F]	1019

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 359

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = & 2b^2 d^2 x + \frac{8b^2 dex}{9c^2} + \frac{16b^2 e^2 x}{75c^4} \\
 & + \frac{4}{27} b^2 dex^3 + \frac{8b^2 e^2 x^3}{225c^2} + \frac{2}{125} b^2 e^2 x^5 \\
 & - \frac{2bd^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c} \\
 & - \frac{8bde \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c^3} \\
 & - \frac{16be^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{75c^5} \\
 & - \frac{4bdex^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c} \\
 & - \frac{8be^2 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{75c^3} \\
 & - \frac{2be^2 x^4 \sqrt{-1 + cx} \sqrt{1 + cx} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c} \\
 & + d^2 x (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
 & + \frac{2}{3} dex^3 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \\
 & + \frac{1}{5} e^2 x^5 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$2*b^2*d^2*x+8/9*b^2*d*e*x/c^2+16/75*b^2*e^2*x/c^4+4/27*b^2*d*e*x^3+8/225*b^2*e^2*x^3/c^2+2/125*b^2*e^2*x^5-2*b*d^2*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c-8/9*b*d*e*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c^3-16/75*b*e^2*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c^5-4/9*b*d*e*x^2*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c-8/75*b*e^2*x^2*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c^3-2/25*b*e^2*x^4*(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c+d^2*x*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2+2/3*d*e*x^3*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2+1/5*e^2*x^5*(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{225a^2c^5x(15d^2 + 10dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) - 30ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(24e^2 + 4c^2e(25d + 3ex^2) + c^4(225d^2 + 50d^2 + 9e^2x^4)) + 2b^2cx(360e^2 + 60c^2e(25d + ex^2) + c^4(3375d^2 + 250d^2 + 27e^2x^4)) - 30b(-15ac^5x(15d^2 + 10d^2 + 3e^2x^4) + b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(24e^2 + 4c^2e(25d + 3e^2x^2) + c^4(225d^2 + 50d^2 + 9e^2x^4)))\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx] + 225b^2c^5x(15d^2 + 10d^2 + 3e^2x^4)\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2}{(3375c^5)}$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$(225*a^2*c^5*x*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) - 30*a*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(24*e^2 + 4*c^2*e*(25*d + 3*e*x^2) + c^4*(225*d^2 + 50*d^2 + 9*e^2*x^4)) + 2*b^2*c*x*(360*e^2 + 60*c^2*e*(25*d + e*x^2) + c^4*(3375*d^2 + 250*d^2 + 27*e^2*x^4)) - 30*b*(-15*a*c^5*x*(15*d^2 + 10*d^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*(24*e^2 + 4*c^2*e*(25*d + 3*e*x^2) + c^4*(225*d^2 + 50*d^2 + 9*e^2*x^4)))*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x] + 225*b^2*c^5*x*(15*d^2 + 10*d^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]^2)/(3375*c^5)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6324

$$\int (d^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + 2dex^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + e^2x^4(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16be^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{75c^5} - \frac{8bde\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c^3} - \\ & \frac{8be^2x^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{75c^3} + d^2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\ & \frac{2bd^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c} + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\ & \frac{4bdex^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c} + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \\ & \frac{2be^2x^4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{25c} + \frac{16b^2e^2x}{75c^4} + \frac{8b^2dex}{9c^2} + \frac{8b^2e^2x^3}{225c^2} + 2b^2d^2x + \\ & \frac{4}{27}b^2dex^3 + \frac{2}{125}b^2e^2x^5 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `2*b^2*d^2*x + (8*b^2*d*e*x)/(9*c^2) + (16*b^2*e^2*x)/(75*c^4) + (4*b^2*d*e*x^3)/27 + (8*b^2*e^2*x^3)/(225*c^2) + (2*b^2*e^2*x^5)/125 - (2*b*d^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/c - (8*b*d*e*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(9*c^3) - (16*b*e^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(75*c^5) - (4*b*d*e*x^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(9*c) - (8*b*e^2*x^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(75*c^3) - (2*b*e^2*x^4*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(25*c) + d^2*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 + (2*d*e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/3 + (e^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 6324 Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(c^5 d^2 x + \frac{2}{3} d c^5 e x^3 + \frac{1}{5} e^2 c^5 x^5)}{c^4} + \frac{b^2(c^4 d^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx) + 2c^2 de (9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) c^3 x^2 + 3c^3 x - 3))}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a^2(c^5 d^2 x + \frac{2}{3} d c^5 e x^3 + \frac{1}{5} e^2 c^5 x^5)}{c^4} + \frac{b^2(c^4 d^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx) + 2c^2 de (9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) c^3 x^2 + 3c^3 x - 3))}{c^4}$
parts	$a^2\left(\frac{1}{5}e^2x^5 + \frac{2}{3}dex^3 + d^2x\right) + \frac{b^2(675 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^5 e^2 + 2250 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^3 de + 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^2 e^2 - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x de - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^2 e^2 - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^3 de - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^4 e^2 - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^5 de - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^6 e^2 - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^7 de - 3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^8 e^2)}{3375(e x^2 + d)^2 c^6}$
orering	$\frac{x(1647c^6e^4x^8 + 10924c^6de^3x^6 + 77050c^6d^2e^2x^4 + 600c^4e^4x^6 - 4500c^6d^3ex^2 + 21808c^4de^3x^4 + 3375c^6d^4 - 89000c^4d^2e^2x^2 - 3375c^6d^4 - 89000c^4d^2e^2x^2 - 3375c^6d^4 - 89000c^4d^2e^2x^2)}{3375(e x^2 + d)^2 c^6}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/c*(a^2/c^4*(c^5*d^2*x+2/3*d*c^5*e*x^3+1/5*e^2*c^5*x^5)+b^2/c^4*(c^4*d^2*
(arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x-2*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2*c*x)+2/27
*c^2*d*e*(9*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^3*x^3-6*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*c^2*x^2-12*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2*c^3*x^3+12*c*x)+
1/1125*e^2*(225*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^5*x^5-90*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+
1)^(1/2)*c^4*x^4-120*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+18*c
^5*x^5-240*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+40*c^3*x^3+240*c*x))+2
*a*b/c^4*(arccosh(c*x)*d^2*c^5*x+2/3*arccosh(c*x)*d*c^5*e*x^3+1/5*arccosh(
c*x)*e^2*c^5*x^5-1/225*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(9*c^4*e^2*x^4+50*c^4*d
*e*x^2+225*c^4*d^2+12*c^2*e^2*x^2+100*c^2*d*e+24*e^2)))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{27(25a^2 + 2b^2)c^5e^2x^5 + 10(25(9a^2 + 2b^2)c^5de + 12b^2c^3e^2)x^3 + 225(3b^2c^5e^2x^5 + 10b^2c^5dex^3 + 15b^2c^5e^2x^5)}{c^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/3375*(27*(25*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 10*(25*(9*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^5*d*e +
12*b^2*c^3*e^2)*x^3 + 225*(3*b^2*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 10*b^2*c^5*d*e*x^3 + 15*b^
2*c^5*d^2*x)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 15*(225*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^5*d^
2 + 200*b^2*c^3*d*e + 48*b^2*c*e^2)*x + 30*(45*a*b*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 150*a*b*c
^5*d*e*x^3 + 225*a*b*c^5*d^2*x - (9*b^2*c^4*e^2*x^4 + 225*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 10
0*b^2*c^2*d*e + 24*b^2*e^2 + 2*(25*b^2*c^4*d*e + 6*b^2*c^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(
c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 30*(9*a*b*c^4*e^2*x^4 + 225*a
*b*c^4*d^2 + 100*a*b*c^2*d*e + 24*a*b*e^2 + 2*(25*a*b*c^4*d*e + 6*a*b*c^2*
e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^5

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{5} b^2 e^2 x^5 \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{5} a^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} b^2 dex^3 \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 dex^3 \\ &+ b^2 d^2 x \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{4}{9} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) abde \\ &- \frac{4}{27} \left(3c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6x}{c^2} \right) b^2 de \\ &+ \frac{2}{75} \left(15x^5 \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - \left(\frac{3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) abe^2 \\ &- \frac{2}{1125} \left(15 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^6} \right) c \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - \frac{9c^4 x^5 + 20c^2 x^3 + 120x}{c^4} \right) \\ &+ 2b^2 d^2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)}{c} \right) + a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2(cx \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) abd^2}{c} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/5*b^2*e^2*x^5*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 1/5*a^2*e^2*x^5 + 2/3*b^2*d*e*x^3*arccosh
(c*x)^2 + 2/3*a^2*d*e*x^3 + b^2*d^2*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 4/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(
c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*d*e -
4/27*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*
x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*b^2*d*e + 2/75*(15*x^5*arccosh(c*x) - (3*sqrt(c^
2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6
)*c)*a*b*e^2 - 2/1125*(15*(3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 -
1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^6)*c*arccosh(c*x) - (9*c^4*x^5 + 20*c^2
*x^3 + 120*x)/c^4)*b^2*e^2 + 2*b^2*d^2*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)
/c) + a^2*d^2*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b*d^2/c
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{450acosh(cx) ab c^5 d^2 x + 300acosh(cx) ab c^5 de x^3 + 90acosh(cx) ab c^5 e^2 x^5 - 100\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 de x^2 - 18\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 d^2 x - 200\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 d e x - 24\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 d^2 e - 48\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 d e x - 450\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^4 d^2 x + 225 \int acosh(cx)^2 dx}{(225c^5)}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output

```
(450*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**5*d**2*x + 300*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**5*d*e*x**3 + 90*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**5*e**2*x**5 - 100*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d*e*x**2 - 18*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d**2*x - 200*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d*e - 24*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d**2*e - 48*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**4*d*e*x - 450*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c**4*d**2 + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c**5*d**2 + 225*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**4,x)*b**2*c**5*e**2 + 450*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**5*d*e + 225*a**2*c**5*d**2*x + 150*a**2*c**5*d*e*x**3 + 45*a**2*c**5*e**2*x**5)/(225*c**5)
```

3.130 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1020
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1021
Rubi [A] (verified)	1021
Maple [A] (verified)	1022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1023
Sympy [F]	1023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1024
Giac [F(-2)]	1024
Mupad [F(-1)]	1025
Reduce [F]	1025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = 2b^2 dx + \frac{4b^2 ex}{9c^2} + \frac{2}{27} b^2 ex^3 - \frac{2bd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c} - \frac{4be\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{9c^3} - \frac{2bex^2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{9c} + dx(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3} ex^3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2$$

output

```
2*b^2*d*x+4/9*b^2*e*x/c^2+2/27*b^2*e*x^3-2*b*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)
*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c-4/9*b*e*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)
)/c^3-2/9*b*e*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/c+d*x*(a
+b*arccosh(c*x))^2+1/3*e*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{9a^2c^3x(3d + ex^2) - 6ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(2e + c^2(9d + ex^2)) + 2b^2cx(6e + c^2(27d + ex^2)) - 6b(-3ac^3x(3d + ex^2) + b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}(2e + c^2(9d + ex^2)))}{27c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(9*a^2*c^3*x*(3*d + e*x^2) - 6*a*b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(2*e + c^2*(9*d + e*x^2)) + 2*b^2*c*x*(6*e + c^2*(27*d + e*x^2)) - 6*b*(-3*a*c^3*x*(3*d + e*x^2) + b*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(2*e + c^2*(9*d + e*x^2)))*ArcCosh[c*x] + 9*b^2*c^3*x*(3*d + e*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x]^2)/(27*c^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6324$$

$$\int (d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 + ex^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4be\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c^3} + dx(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{2bd\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 - \frac{2bex^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{9c} + \frac{4b^2ex}{9c^2} + 2b^2dx + \frac{2}{27}b^2ex^3$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output $2*b^2*d*x + (4*b^2*e*x)/(9*c^2) + (2*b^2*e*x^3)/27 - (2*b*d*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/c - (4*b*e*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(9*c^3) - (2*b*e*x^2*sqrt[-1 + c*x]*sqrt[1 + c*x]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(9*c) + d*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2 + (e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2)/3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
parts	$a^2\left(\frac{1}{3}e x^3 + dx\right) + \frac{b^2\left(\frac{e\left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1} c^2 x^2 - 12 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} + 2c^3 x^3 + 1\right)}{27c^2}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2\left(c^3 dx + \frac{1}{3}e c^3 x^3\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b^2\left(d c^2\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx\right) + \frac{e\left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1} c^2 x^2 - 12 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} + 2c^3 x^3 + 1\right)}{27c^2}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a^2\left(c^3 dx + \frac{1}{3}e c^3 x^3\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b^2\left(d c^2\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx\right) + \frac{e\left(9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1} c^2 x^2 - 12 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1} + 2c^3 x^3 + 1\right)}{27c^2}\right)}{c^2}$
orering	$\frac{x\left(19c^4 e^3 x^6 + 209c^4 d e^2 x^4 + 9c^4 d^2 e x^2 + 24c^2 e^3 x^4 + 27c^4 d^3 - 232c^2 d e^2 x^2 - 48e^3 x^2\right)\left(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)^2}{27\left(e x^2 + d\right)^2 c^4} - \frac{\left(6c^4 e^2 x^6 + 1\right)}{c^4}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a^2*(1/3*e*x^3+d*x)+b^2/c*(1/27*e*(9*arccosh(c*x)^2*c^3*x^3-6*arccosh(c*x)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-12*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)
^(1/2)+2*c^3*x^3+12*c*x)/c^2+d*(arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x-2*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2*c*x))+2*a*b/c*(1/3*c*arccosh(c*x)*e*x^3+arccosh(c*x)
*c*x*d-1/9/c^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*e*x^2+9*c^2*d+2*e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(9a^2 + 2b^2)c^3ex^3 + 9(b^2c^3ex^3 + 3b^2c^3dx) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})^2 + 3(9(a^2 + 2b^2)c^3d + 4b^2ce)x + 6(3$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/27*((9*a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^3*e*x^3 + 9*(b^2*c^3*e*x^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d*x)*log(c*
x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 3*(9*(a^2 + 2*b^2)*c^3*d + 4*b^2*c*e)*x + 6*(3*
a*b*c^3*e*x^3 + 9*a*b*c^3*d*x - (b^2*c^2*e*x^2 + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 2*b^2*e)*sq
rt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 6*(a*b*c^2*e*x^2 + 9*a*b*c
^2*d + 2*a*b*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d + ex^2) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*(d + e*x**2), x)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{3} b^2 ex^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 + b^2 dx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 \\
&+ \frac{2}{9} \left(3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) abe \\
&- \frac{2}{27} \left(3c \left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^4} \right) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{c^2x^3 + 6x}{c^2} \right) b^2e \\
&+ 2b^2d \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c} \right) + a^2dx + \frac{2(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})abd}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b^2*e*x^3*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 1/3*a^2*e*x^3 + b^2*d*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2/9*(3*x^3*arccosh(c*x) - c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4))*a*b*e - 2/27*(3*c*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^4)*arccosh(c*x) - (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*b^2*e + 2*b^2*d*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*arccosh(c*x)/c) + a^2*d*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b*d/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2), x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{18 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^3 dx + 6 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab c^3 e x^3 - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} ab c^2 e x^2 - 4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} abe - 18\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{cx}}{9c^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `(18*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**3*d*x + 6*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**3*e*x**3 - 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*c**2*e*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)*a*b*e - 18*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c**2*d + 9*int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c**3*d + 9*int(acosh(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2*c**3*e + 9*a**2*c**3*d*x + 3*a**2*c**3*e*x**3)/(9*c**3)`

3.131 $\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1026
Rubi [A] (verified)	1027
Maple [A] (verified)	1028
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1029
Sympy [F]	1029
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1029
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1030
Mupad [F(-1)]	1030
Reduce [F]	1031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = 2b^2x - \frac{2b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c} + x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2$$

output

$2*b^2*x - 2*b*(c*x - 1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x + 1)^{(1/2)}*(a + b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/c + x*(a + b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = (a^2 + 2b^2)x - \frac{2ab\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{c} + \frac{2b(acx - b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}) \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c} + b^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2, x]`

output

$$(a^2 + 2b^2)x - (2ab\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx})/c + (2b(ax - b\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx})\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx])/c + b^2x\operatorname{ArcCosh}[cx]^2$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {6294, 6330, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6294} \\ & x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6330} \\ & x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\ & x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 - 2bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2, x]$$

output

$$x*(a + b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^2 - 2*b*c*(-((b*x)/c) + (\sqrt{-1 + c*x}*\sqrt{1 + c*x}*(a + b\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]))/c^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 6294 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6330 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((d2_) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 + e2*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^q/(-1 + c*x)^q] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(q + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{cx^2 a^2 + b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx) + 2ab(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1})}{c}$
default	$\frac{cx^2 a^2 + b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx) + 2ab(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1})}{c}$
parts	$xa^2 + \frac{b^2 (\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 cx - 2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1} + 2cx)}{c} + \frac{2ab(cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1})}{c}$
oring	$x(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 + \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))b}{c\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{x(cx-1)(cx+1)}{c^2} \left(\frac{2b^2 e^2}{(cx-1)(cx+1)} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))b c^2}{(cx-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{cx+1}} - \frac{(a - b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))b c^2}{(cx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{cx-1}} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(c*x*a^2+b^2*(arccosh(c*x)^2*c*x-2*arccosh(c*x)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+2*c*x)+2*a*b*(c*x*arccosh(c*x)-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 cx \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})^2 + (a^2 + 2b^2)cx - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}ab + 2(abcx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}b^2) \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*c*x*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + (a^2 + 2*b^2)*c*x - 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b + 2*(a*b*c*x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))/c`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = b^2 x \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)^2 + 2b^2 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arcosh}(cx)}{c} \right) + a^2 x + \frac{2(cx \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})ab}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*x*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*b^2*(x - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*arccosh(c*x)/c + a^2*x + 2*(c*x*arccosh(c*x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*a*b/c`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= 2 \left(x \log \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c} \right) ab$$

$$+ \left(x \log \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right)^2 + 2c \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \log \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right)}{c^2} \right) \right) b^2$$

$$+ a^2 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(x*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c)*a*b + (x*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))^2 + 2*c*(x/c - sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^2))*b^2 + a^2*x`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) abcx - 2\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}ab + \left(\int a \operatorname{cosh}(cx)^2 dx\right) b^2c + a^2cx}{c}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b + int(acosh(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*c + a**2*c*x)/c`

$$3.132 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d+ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1034
Rubi [A] (verified)	1035
Maple [F]	1037
Fricas [F]	1038
Sympy [F]	1038
Maxima [F(-2)]	1038
Giac [F]	1039
Mupad [F(-1)]	1039
Reduce [F]	1040

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 763

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ee} \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*ln(1-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c
*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2
*ln(1+e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d-e)^(
1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*ln(1-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-
1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2
)-1/2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2*ln(1+e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/
(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*p
olylog(2,-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d-
e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,e^(1/2)*(c*x+
(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e
^(1/2)-b*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*polylog(2,-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b*(a+b*arccosh(
c*x))*polylog(2,e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-
c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b^2*polylog(3,-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1
/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-b^2
*polylog(3,e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)-(-c^2*d
-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b^2*polylog(3,-e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(
c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d-e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-b^2*poly
log(3,e^(1/2)*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(c*(-d)^(1/2)+(-c^2*d-e)^(
1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 623, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{e} e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) + (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{e} e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{-c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) + (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{e} e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) - (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{e} e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{-c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right)}{2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])]) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])]) + (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])]) - (a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])]) + 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])] - 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])] - 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))] + 2*b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 6324

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2d(\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{ex})} + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{2d(\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{ex})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{-dc}+\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{-dc}+\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{c^2(-d)-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{c^2(-d)-e}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2(-d)-e}+c\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2(-d)-e}+c\sqrt{-d}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{c\sqrt{-d}-\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{-dc}+\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{e}e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{-dc}+\sqrt{-dc^2-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output

```

((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*E^ArcCosh[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[-d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6324

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d), x)
```

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2), x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{ex^2+d} dx\right) abde + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2}{ex^2+d} dx\right) b^2 de}{de}$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2 + 2*int(acosh(c*x)/(d + e*x**2),x)*a*b*d*e + int(acosh(c*x)**2/(d + e*x**2),x)*b**2*d*e)/(d*e)`

$$3.133 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1042
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1043
Rubi [A] (verified)	1044
Maple [A] (verified)	1045
Fricas [F]	1046
Sympy [F]	1046
Maxima [F]	1047
Giac [F]	1047
Mupad [F(-1)]	1047
Reduce [F]	1048

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 388

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx = & -\frac{d^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc} \\
& -\frac{de \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} \\
& -\frac{e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8bc^5} \\
& -\frac{de \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} \\
& -\frac{3e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} \\
& -\frac{e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} \\
& +\frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc} \\
& +\frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} \\
& +\frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8bc^5} \\
& +\frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} \\
& +\frac{3e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} \\
& +\frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-d^2*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c-1/2*d*e*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x)
)/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c^3-1/8*e^2*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c^5-1/2
*d*e*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c^3-3/16*e^2*Chi(3*(a+b*arc
cosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c^5-1/16*e^2*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(
5*a/b)/b/c^5+d^2*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c+1/2*d*e*cosh(a/b)
*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^3+1/8*e^2*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/
b)/b/c^5+1/2*d*e*cosh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^3+3/16*e^2*co
sh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^5+1/16*e^2*cosh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+
b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(8c^4d^2 + 4c^2de + e^2) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - e(8c^2d + 3e) \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(5\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(8*c^4*d^2 + 4*c^2*d*e + e^2)*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[a/
b] - e*(8*c^2*d + 3*e)*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]*Sinh[(3*a)/b]
- e^2*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]*Sinh[(5*a)/b] + 16*c^4*d^2*Cosh
[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*c^2*d*e*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[
a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*e^2*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8
*c^2*d*e*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 3*e^2*Cosh[(
3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + e^2*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*SinhInteg
ral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(16*b*c^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6324} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{d^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \frac{2dex^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \frac{e^2x^4}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8bc^5} - \frac{3e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} - \\
 & \frac{e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} + \frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8bc^5} + \\
 & \frac{3e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} + \frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16bc^5} - \\
 & \frac{de \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} - \frac{de \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} + \\
 & \frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} + \frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc^3} - \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc} + \frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]), x]
```

output

```

-((d^2*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b])/(b*c)) - (d*e*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b])/(2*b*c^3) - (e^2*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b])/(8*b*c^5) - (d*e*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b])/(2*b*c^3) - (3*e^2*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b])/(16*b*c^5) - (e^2*CoshIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]*Sinh[(5*a)/b])/(16*b*c^5) + (d^2*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(b*c) + (d*e*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(2*b*c^3) + (e^2*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(8*b*c^5) + (d*e*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(2*b*c^3) + (3*e^2*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(16*b*c^5) + (e^2*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(16*b*c^5)
    
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
    
```

rule 6324

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32c^4b} - \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32c^4b} + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \dots$
default	$\frac{e^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32c^4b} - \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(-5 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32c^4b} + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \exp\text{Integral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \dots$

input

```

int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
    
```

output

```
1/c*(1/32/c^4*e^2/b*exp(5*a/b)*Ei(1,5*arccosh(c*x)+5*a/b)-1/32/c^4*e^2/b*exp(-5*a/b)*Ei(1,-5*arccosh(c*x)-5*a/b)+1/2*d^2/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)+1/4/c^2/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)*d*e+1/16/c^4/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)*e^2-1/2*d^2/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)-1/4/c^2/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)*d*e-1/16/c^4/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)*e^2+1/4/c^2*e/b*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)*d+3/32/c^4*e^2/b*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)-1/4/c^2*e/b*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)*d-3/32/c^4*e^2/b*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) e^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) de + \left(\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) d^2$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*e**2 + 2*int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*d*e + int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*d**2`

3.134 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	1049
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1050
Rubi [A] (verified)	1050
Maple [A] (verified)	1051
Fricas [F]	1052
Sympy [F]	1052
Maxima [F]	1053
Giac [F]	1053
Mupad [F(-1)]	1053
Reduce [F]	1054

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{(4c^2d+e)\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{e\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{(4c^2d+e)\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{e\cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4bc^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(4*c^2*d+e)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(a/b)/b/c^3-1/4*e*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)*sinh(3*a/b)/b/c^3+1/4*(4*c^2*d+e)*cosh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^3+1/4*e*cosh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-((4c^2d + e) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - e \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) + 4c^2d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - 4c^2d \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + e \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - e \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b}\right))}{4bc^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(-((4*c^2*d + e)*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sinh[a/b]) - e*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]]*Sinh[(3*a)/b] + 4*c^2*d*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + e*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + e*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(4*b*c^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6324}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \frac{ex^2}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{e \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{e \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \\
 & \frac{e \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{e \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} - \\
 & \frac{d \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc} + \frac{d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `-((d*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b])/(b*c)) - (e*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b])/(4*b*c^3) - (e*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[(3*a)/b])/(4*b*c^3) + (d*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(b*c) + (e*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(4*b*c^3) + (e*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(4*b*c^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(-3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b} + \frac{e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b} + \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}}}{c}$
default	$-\frac{e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(-3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b} + \frac{e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b} + \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}}}{c}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-1/8*e/c^2/b*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)+1/8*e/c^2/b*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)+1/2*d/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)+1/8/c^2/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)*e-1/2*d/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)-1/8/c^2/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)*e`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*e + int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*d`

3.135 $\int \frac{1}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	1055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1055
Rubi [C] (verified)	1056
Maple [A] (verified)	1059
Fricas [F]	1059
Sympy [F]	1059
Maxima [F]	1060
Giac [F]	1060
Mupad [F(-1)]	1060
Reduce [F]	1061

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}$$

output

$$-\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)}{b}\right)*\sinh(a/b)/b/c+\cosh(a/b)*\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x)}{b}\right)/b/c$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{-1}, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]]*\operatorname{Sinh}[a/b] - \operatorname{Cosh}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]]\right)\right)/(b*c)$$

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {6296, 25, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6296 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3784 \\
 & \frac{i \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26
 \end{aligned}$$

$$i \left(i \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)$$

bc

↓ 3042

$$i \left(i \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{i \sin \left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)$$

bc

↓ 26

$$i \left(i \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)$$

bc

↓ 3779

$$i \left(i \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - i \cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Shi} \left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} \right) \right)$$

bc

↓ 3782

$$i \left(i \sinh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Chi} \left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} \right) - i \cosh \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Shi} \left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} \right) \right)$$

bc

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(I*(I*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]*Sinh[a/b] - I*Cosh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]))/(b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 6296 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) - e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b}}{c}$	56
default	$\frac{\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) - e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b}}{c}$	56

input `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(1/2/b*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-1/2/b*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.136 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1062
Mathematica [N/A]	1062
Rubi [N/A]	1063
Maple [N/A]	1063
Fricas [N/A]	1064
Sympy [N/A]	1064
Maxima [N/A]	1064
Giac [N/A]	1065
Mupad [N/A]	1065
Reduce [N/A]	1066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)bd + \operatorname{acosh}(cx)be x^2 + ad + aex^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b*d + acosh(c*x)*b*e*x**2 + a*d + a*e*x**2),x)`

3.137
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [N/A]	1067
Rubi [N/A]	1068
Maple [N/A]	1068
Fricas [N/A]	1069
Sympy [F(-1)]	1069
Maxima [N/A]	1069
Giac [N/A]	1070
Mupad [N/A]	1070
Reduce [N/A]	1070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)), x)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b d^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b d e x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(cx) b e^2 x^4 + a d^2 + 2 a d e x^2 + a e^2 x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)*b*d**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*b*d*e*x**2 + acosh(c*x)*b*e**2*x**4 + a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4),x)`

$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1073
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1074
Rubi [A] (verified)	1075
Maple [B] (verified)	1077
Fricas [F]	1078
Sympy [F]	1079
Maxima [F]	1079
Giac [F]	1080
Mupad [F(-1)]	1080
Reduce [F]	1080

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 510

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = & -\frac{d^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} - \frac{2dex^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \\
& - \frac{e^2x^4\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} \\
& + \frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} \\
& + \frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} \\
& + \frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c^5} \\
& + \frac{3de \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} \\
& + \frac{9e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} \\
& + \frac{5e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} \\
& - \frac{d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} \\
& - \frac{de \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} \\
& - \frac{e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c^5} \\
& - \frac{3de \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} \\
& - \frac{9e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} \\
& - \frac{5e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-d^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-2*d*e*x^2*(c*x-1)^(
1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-e^2*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(
1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+d^2*cosh(a/b)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+
1/2*d*e*cosh(a/b)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3+1/8*e^2*cosh(a/b)*Chi(
(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^5+3/2*d*e*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
/b)/b^2/c^3+9/16*e^2*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^5+5/16*
e^2*cosh(5*a/b)*Chi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^5-d^2*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b
*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-1/2*d*e*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^
3-1/8*e^2*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^5-3/2*d*e*sinh(3*a/b)*
Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3-9/16*e^2*sinh(3*a/b)*Shi(3*(a+b*arccos
h(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^5-5/16*e^2*sinh(5*a/b)*Shi(5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^
5

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/16*(16*b*c^4*d^2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 16*b*c^5*d^2*x*Sqrt[(-1 +
c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 32*b*c^4*d*e*x^2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 32*b*c^5*
d*e*x^3*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 16*b*c^4*e^2*x^4*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 +
c*x)] + 16*b*c^5*e^2*x^5*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - 2*(8*c^4*d^2 + 4*c^
2*d*e + e^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x
]] - 3*e*(8*c^2*d + 3*e)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[3
*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] - 5*a*e^2*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCo
sh[c*x])] - 5*b*e^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Cosh[(5*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCo
sh[c*x])] + 16*a*c^4*d^2*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*a*
c^2*d*e*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*a*e^2*Sinh[a/b]*Sin
hIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 16*b*c^4*d^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIn
tegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*b*c^2*d*e*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegr
al[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 2*b*e^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b +
ArcCosh[c*x]] + 24*a*c^2*d*e*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[
c*x])] + 9*a*e^2*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 24*b
*c^2*d*e*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] +
9*b*e^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] +
5*a*e^2*Sinh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 5*b*e^2*ArcC
osh[c*x]*Sinh[(5*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]/(b^2*c^5*(a +
b*ArcCosh[c*x]))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6324}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} + \frac{2dex^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} + \frac{e^2x^4}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c^5} + \frac{9e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} + \\
& \frac{5e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} - \frac{e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2c^5} - \\
& \frac{9e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} - \frac{5e^2 \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2c^5} + \\
& \frac{de \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} + \frac{3de \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} - \\
& \frac{de \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} - \frac{3de \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^3} + \\
& \frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d^2 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \\
& \frac{2dex^2 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{e^2 x^4 \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((d^2 \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx})/(b*c*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x]))) - (2*d*e*x^2 \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx})/(b*c*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])) - (e^2*x^4 \sqrt{-1+cx} \sqrt{1+cx})/(b*c*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])) + (d^2*\operatorname{Cosh}[a/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c) + (d*e*\operatorname{Cosh}[a/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(2*b^2*c^3) + (e^2*\operatorname{Cosh}[a/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(8*b^2*c^5) + (3*d*e*\operatorname{Cosh}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(3*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(2*b^2*c^3) + (9*e^2*\operatorname{Cosh}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(3*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(16*b^2*c^5) + (5*e^2*\operatorname{Cosh}[(5*a)/b]*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(5*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(16*b^2*c^5) - (d^2*\operatorname{Sinh}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c) - (d*e*\operatorname{Sinh}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(2*b^2*c^3) - (e^2*\operatorname{Sinh}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(8*b^2*c^5) - (3*d*e*\operatorname{Sinh}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(3*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(2*b^2*c^3) - (9*e^2*\operatorname{Sinh}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(3*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(16*b^2*c^5) - (5*e^2*\operatorname{Sinh}[(5*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(5*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCosh}[c*x])/b])/(16*b^2*c^5)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1101 vs. $2(478) = 956$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1102
default	Expression too large to display	1102

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/c*(1/32*(-16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+5*c*x)*e^2/c^4/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32*e^2/c^4/b^2*exp(5*a/b)*Ei(1,5*arccosh(c*x)+5*a/b)-1/32/b*e^2/c^4*(16*c^5*x^5-20*c^3*x^3+16*c^4*x^4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+5*c*x-12*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-5/32/b^2*e^2/c^4*exp(-5*a/b)*Ei(1,-5*arccosh(c*x)-5*a/b)+1/2*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/2*d^2/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)+1/4*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d*e/c^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/4/c^2*d*e/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)+1/16*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*e^2/c^4/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/16/c^4*e^2/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-1/2/b*d^2*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/2/b^2*d^2*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)-1/4/c^2/b*d*e*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/4/c^2/b^2*d*e*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)-1/16/c^4/b*e^2*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/16/c^4/b^2*e^2*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)+1/4*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*d*e/c^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+3/32*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*e^2/c^4/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/4*e/c^2/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)*d-9/32*e^2/c^4/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccos...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^3*e^2*x^7 + (2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^5 - c*d^2*x + (c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d*e)*x^3 + (c^2*e^2*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e - e^2)*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - 2*d*e)*x^2 - d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate((5*c^5*e^2*x^8 + 2*(3*c^5*d*e - 5*c^3*e^2)*x^6 + (c^5*d^2 - 12*c^3*d*e + 5*c*e^2)*x^4 + (5*c^3*e^2*x^6 + 3*(2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^4 + c*d^2 + (c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d*e)*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + c*d^2 - 2*(c^3*d^2 - 3*c*d*e)*x^2 + (10*c^4*e^2*x^7 + (12*c^4*d*e - 13*c^2*e^2)*x^5 + 2*(c^4*d^2 - 7*c^2*d*e + 2*e^2)*x^3 - (c^2*d^2 - 4*d*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(a*b*c^5*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^3*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^3*x^2 + a*b*c + 2*(a*b*c^4*x^3 - a*b*c^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^5*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^3*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^3*x^2 + b^2*c + 2*(b^2*c^4*x^3 - b^2*c^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx &= \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) de \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) d^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output

```
int(x**4/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*e**2 + 2*int(x*  
*2/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*d*e + int(1/(acosh(c*  
x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*d**2
```

3.139 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1082
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1083
Rubi [A] (verified)	1084
Maple [A] (verified)	1085
Fricas [F]	1086
Sympy [F]	1086
Maxima [F]	1086
Giac [F]	1087
Mupad [F(-1)]	1087
Reduce [F]	1088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{ex^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

$$+ \frac{d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

$$+ \frac{e \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3e \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3}$$

$$- \frac{d \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

$$- \frac{e \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3}$$

$$- \frac{3e \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3}$$

output

```
-d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-e*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*
(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+d*cosh(a/b)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)
/b^2/c+1/4*e*cosh(a/b)*Chi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3+3/4*e*cosh(3*a/b)
*Chi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3-d*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)
/b^2/c-1/4*e*sinh(a/b)*Shi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3-3/4*e*sinh(3*a/b)
*Shi(3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{4bc^2 d \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} + 4bc^3 dx \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} + 4bc^2 ex^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} + 4bc^3 ex^3 \sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}} - (4c^2 d + e)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(4*b*c^2*d*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 4*b*c^3*d*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(
1 + c*x)] + 4*b*c^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] + 4*b*c^3*e*x^3*Sqrt[
(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)] - (4*c^2*d + e)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[a/b]*CoshI
ntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - 3*e*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshI
ntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])]) + 4*a*c^2*d*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + A
rcCosh[c*x]] + a*e*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 4*b*c^2*d*
ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + b*e*ArcCosh[c*x]
*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 3*a*e*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhInte
gral[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])] + 3*b*e*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegr
al[3*(a/b + ArcCosh[c*x])])/(b^2*c^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6324$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d}{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} + \frac{ex^2}{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} + \frac{3e \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} -$$

$$\frac{e \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} - \frac{3e \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} +$$

$$\frac{d \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} -$$

$$\frac{ex^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output

```

-((d*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))) - (e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])) + (d*Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c) + (e*Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) + (3*e*Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) - (d*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c) - (e*Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) - (3*e*Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(4*b^2*c^3)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 6324 Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(-4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+4c^3x^3-3cx)e^{-3e\frac{3a}{b}}\exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)-e(4c^3x^3-3cx+4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{8c^2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{3e\frac{3a}{b}\exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b^2} - \frac{e(4c^3x^3-3cx+4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{8c^2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$
default	$\frac{(-4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}c^2x^2+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+4c^3x^3-3cx)e^{-3e\frac{3a}{b}}\exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)-e(4c^3x^3-3cx+4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{8c^2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{3e\frac{3a}{b}\exp\text{Integral}_1\left(3\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^2b^2} - \frac{e(4c^3x^3-3cx+4\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1})}{8c^2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(1/8*(-4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x)*e/c^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/8*e/c^2/b^2*exp(3*a/b)*Ei(1,3*arccosh(c*x)+3*a/b)-1/8*e/c^2/b*(4*c^3*x^3-3*c*x+4*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-3/8*e/c^2/b^2*exp(-3*a/b)*Ei(1,-3*arccosh(c*x)-3*a/b)+1/2*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*d/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))+1/8*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*e/c^2/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/2*d/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-1/8/c^2/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)*e-1/2/b*d*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/8/c^2/b*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))*e-1/2/b^2*d*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)-1/8/c^2/b^2*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)*e
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*e*x^5 + (c^3*d - c*e)*x^3 - c*d*x + (c^2*e*x^4 + (c^2*d - e)*x^2 - d
)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*
a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x -
b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate((3*c^5*e*x^6 +
(c^5*d - 6*c^3*e)*x^4 + (3*c^3*e*x^4 + (c^3*d - c*e)*x^2 + c*d)*(c*x + 1)
*(c*x - 1) - (2*c^3*d - 3*c*e)*x^2 + (6*c^4*e*x^5 + (2*c^4*d - 7*c^2*e)*x^
3 - (c^2*d - 2*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + c*d)/(a*b*c^5*x^4 + (c*
x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^3*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^3*x^2 + a*b*c + 2*(a*b*c^4*x^3 - a*
b*c^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^5*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*
b^2*c^3*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^3*x^2 + b^2*c + 2*(b^2*c^4*x^3 - b^2*c^2*x)*sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(x**2/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*e + int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*d`

3.140 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1089
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1089
Rubi [A] (verified)	1090
Maple [A] (verified)	1093
Fricas [F]	1093
Sympy [F]	1093
Maxima [F]	1094
Giac [F]	1094
Mupad [F(-1)]	1095
Reduce [F]	1095

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{bc(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

output

$-(c*x-1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x+1)^{(1/2)}/b/c/(a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))+\cosh(a/b)*\operatorname{Chi}((a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-\sinh(a/b)*\operatorname{Shi}((a+b*\operatorname{arccosh}(c*x))/b)/b^2/c$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b\sqrt{\frac{-1+cx}{1+cx}}(1+cx)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{b^2c}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-((b\sqrt{-1 + cx})/(1 + cx))*(1 + cx))/(a + b\text{ArcCosh}[cx]) + \text{Cosh}[a/b]*\text{CoshIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcCosh}[cx]] - \text{Sinh}[a/b]*\text{SinhIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcCosh}[cx]])/(b^2*c)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {6295, 6368, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6295

$$\frac{c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 6368

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+\text{barccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2c}$$

↓ 3784

$$-\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))} +$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \text{barccosh}(cx)) - i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+\text{barccosh}(cx)} d(a + \text{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2c}$$

↓ 26

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{i \sin\left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26 \\
 & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \\
 & \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) + \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3779 \\
 & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} + \\
 & \frac{-\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3782 \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-2),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))) + (Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b] - Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_{x_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_{x_}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3779 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I*(\text{SinhIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]$
- rule 3782 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{CoshIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*(e - \text{Pi}/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]$
- rule 3784 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$
- rule 6295 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[c_.*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n+1}/(b*c*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c/(b*(n+1)) \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{n+1}/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x])), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$
- rule 6368 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCosh}[c_.*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d1_.) + (e1_.)*(x_))^{p_.}*((d2_.) + (e2_.)*(x_))^{q_.}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{m+1}))*\text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^q/(-1 + c*x)^q] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^{2*p+1}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p + 3/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+cx}{2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^2} - \frac{cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^2}$	125
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}+cx}{2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^2} - \frac{cx+\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{2b(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{expIntegral}_1\left(-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)-\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^2}$	125

input `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(1/2*(-(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)+c*x)/b/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/2/b^2*exp(a/b)*Ei(1,arccosh(c*x)+a/b)-1/2/b*(c*x+(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2))/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))-1/2/b^2*exp(-a/b)*Ei(1,-arccosh(c*x)-a/b)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(-2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate((c^4*x^4 - 2*c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + (2*c^3*x^3 - c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + 1)/(a*b*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + (c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + b^2)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(-2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.141 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\mathbf{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1096
Mathematica [N/A]	1096
Rubi [N/A]	1097
Maple [N/A]	1097
Fricas [N/A]	1098
Sympy [N/A]	1098
Maxima [N/A]	1098
Giac [N/A]	1099
Mupad [N/A]	1100
Reduce [N/A]	1100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \mathbf{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \mathbf{barccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 16.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \mathbf{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \mathbf{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d + (b^2*e*x^2 + b^2*d)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e*x^2 + a*b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 81.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/(a*b*c^3*e*x^
4 + (c^3*d - c*e)*a*b*x^2 - a*b*c*d + (a*b*c^2*e*x^3 + a*b*c^2*d*x)*sqrt(c
*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^3*e*x^4 + (c^3*d - c*e)*b^2*x^2 - b^2*c*d +
(b^2*c^2*e*x^3 + b^2*c^2*d*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) - integrate((c^5*e*x^6 - (c^5*d + 2*c^3*e)*x^4 +
(c^3*e*x^4 - (c^3*d + 3*c*e)*x^2 - c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + (2*c^3*d +
c*e)*x^2 + (2*c^4*e*x^5 - (2*c^4*d + 5*c^2*e)*x^3 + (c^2*d + 2*e)*x)*sqrt(
c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*d)/(a*b*c^5*e^2*x^8 + 2*(c^5*d*e - c^3*e^2)*a*b
*x^6 + (c^5*d^2 - 4*c^3*d*e + c*e^2)*a*b*x^4 + a*b*c*d^2 - 2*(c^3*d^2 - c*
d*e)*a*b*x^2 + (a*b*c^3*e^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^3*d*e*x^4 + a*b*c^3*d^2*x^2)*(c*
x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^4*e^2*x^7 + (2*c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*a*b*x^5 - a*
b*c^2*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2 - 2*c^2*d*e)*a*b*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) +
(b^2*c^5*e^2*x^8 + 2*(c^5*d*e - c^3*e^2)*b^2*x^6 + (c^5*d^2 - 4*c^3*d*e +
c*e^2)*b^2*x^4 + b^2*c*d^2 - 2*(c^3*d^2 - c*d*e)*b^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*e^2*x
^6 + 2*b^2*c^3*d*e*x^4 + b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4
*e^2*x^7 + (2*c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*b^2*x^5 - b^2*c^2*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2 - 2*c^
2*d*e)*b^2*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(
c*x - 1))), x)

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 d + \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 e x^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b d + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b e x^2 + a^2 d + a^2 e x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*e*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*e*x**2 + a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2),x)`

3.142 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\text{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1101
Mathematica [N/A]	1101
Rubi [N/A]	1102
Maple [N/A]	1102
Fricas [N/A]	1103
Sympy [F(-1)]	1103
Maxima [N/A]	1103
Giac [N/A]	1104
Mupad [N/A]	1105
Reduce [N/A]	1105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \text{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \text{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 27.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \text{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \text{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*d*e*x^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*b^2*d*e*x^2 + b^2*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*d*e*x^2 + a*b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1078, normalized size of antiderivative = 53.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/(a*b*c^3*e^2*
x^6 + (2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*a*b*x^4 - a*b*c*d^2 + (c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d*e)*a*b*x^
2 + (a*b*c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*e*x^3 + a*b*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
rt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^3*e^2*x^6 + (2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*b^2*x^4 - b^2*c*d^2 +
(c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d*e)*b^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*b^2*c^2*d*e*x^3 + b^2*
c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x -
1))) - integrate((3*c^5*e*x^6 - (c^5*d + 6*c^3*e)*x^4 + (3*c^3*e*x^4 - (c
^3*d + 5*c*e)*x^2 - c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + (2*c^3*d + 3*c*e)*x^2 + (6*
c^4*e*x^5 - (2*c^4*d + 11*c^2*e)*x^3 + (c^2*d + 4*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt
(c*x - 1) - c*d)/(a*b*c^5*e^3*x^10 + (3*c^5*d*e^2 - 2*c^3*e^3)*a*b*x^8 + (
3*c^5*d^2*e - 6*c^3*d*e^2 + c*e^3)*a*b*x^6 + (c^5*d^3 - 6*c^3*d^2*e + 3*c*
d*e^2)*a*b*x^4 + a*b*c*d^3 - (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)*a*b*x^2 + (a*b*c^3*e^
3*x^8 + 3*a*b*c^3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*a*b*c^3*d^2*e*x^4 + a*b*c^3*d^3*x^2)*(c*x
+ 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^4*e^3*x^9 + (3*c^4*d*e^2 - c^2*e^3)*a*b*x^7 - a*
b*c^2*d^3*x + 3*(c^4*d^2*e - c^2*d*e^2)*a*b*x^5 + (c^4*d^3 - 3*c^2*d^2*e)*
a*b*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^5*e^3*x^10 + (3*c^5*d*e^2 -
2*c^3*e^3)*b^2*x^8 + (3*c^5*d^2*e - 6*c^3*d*e^2 + c*e^3)*b^2*x^6 + (c^5*d^
3 - 6*c^3*d^2*e + 3*c*d*e^2)*b^2*x^4 + b^2*c*d^3 - (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)
*b^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*e^3*x^8 + 3*b^2*c^3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*b^2*c^3*d^2*e*x^4 +
b^2*c^3*d^3*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4*e^3*x^9 + (3*c^4*d*e^...

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 d^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 d e x^2 + \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 e^2 x^4 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b d^2 + 4 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b d e x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d*e*x**2 + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*e**2*x**4 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d**2 + 4*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d*e*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*e**2*x**4 + a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x**2 + a**2*e**2*x**4), x)`

3.143 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1106
Mathematica [N/A]	1106
Rubi [N/A]	1107
Maple [N/A]	1107
Fricas [N/A]	1108
Sympy [N/A]	1108
Maxima [F(-2)]	1108
Giac [N/A]	1109
Mupad [N/A]	1109
Reduce [N/A]	1110

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

3.144 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1111
Mathematica [N/A]	1111
Rubi [N/A]	1112
Maple [N/A]	1112
Fricas [N/A]	1113
Sympy [N/A]	1113
Maxima [F(-2)]	1113
Giac [N/A]	1114
Mupad [N/A]	1114
Reduce [N/A]	1115

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 51.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

3.145 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1116
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1116
Rubi [A] (verified)	1117
Maple [F]	1119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1119
Sympy [F]	1120
Maxima [F(-2)]	1120
Giac [F]	1121
Mupad [F(-1)]	1121
Reduce [F]	1121

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)
*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/d/e^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 13.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$ax + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + \frac{2b(-1+cx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(c\sqrt{d}-i\sqrt{e})(1+cx)}{(c\sqrt{d}+i\sqrt{e})(-1+cx)}} \left(\frac{c(-ic\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e})(i\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}) \sqrt{\frac{1+\frac{ic\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}-cx}{1-cx}}}{1-cx}}{1-cx} \right)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x + b*x*ArcCosh[c*x] + (2*b*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[((c*Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e])*(1 + c*x))/((c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])*(-1 + c*x))]*((c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)*Sqrt[(1 + (I*c*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] - c*x + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d])/(1 - c*x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(2 - 2*c*x))]]], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2))/(-1 + c*x) + c*Sqrt[d]*(-(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])*Sqrt[((c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2))/(d*e*(-1 + c*x)^2)]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))]*EllipticPi[(2*c*Sqrt[d])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]), ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(2 - 2*c*x))]]], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2))/((c*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))])/((d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 2038, 353, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6323}$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - bc \int \frac{x}{d\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2038}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2d\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{d\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{x(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cx - 1}\sqrt{cx + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (b*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 2038 `Int[(u_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^(n/2))^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^n)^FracPart[p])
Int[u*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[non2, n/2] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 2] && IGtQ[q, 0])`

rule 6323 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} b e x \log(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + 4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e x + (b e x^2 + b d) \sqrt{e} \log(8 \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*e*x*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*e*x + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e), 1/2*(2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*e*x*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*e*x + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c^2*d>0)', see `assume?` for more detail`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

3.146 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1122
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1122
Rubi [A] (verified)	1123
Maple [F]	1126
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1126
Sympy [F]	1127
Maxima [F]	1127
Giac [F]	1128
Mupad [F(-1)]	1128
Reduce [F]	1128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{3d(c^2d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output `-1/3*b*c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/3*b*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/d^2/e^(1/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(d+ex^2)}{d(c^2d+e)} + \frac{ax(3d+2ex^2)}{d^2} + \frac{bx(3d+2ex^2)\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{d^2} + \frac{4b(-1+cx)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c\sqrt{d+e}}{c\sqrt{d+e}}}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((-((b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2))/(d*(c^2*d + e))) + (a*x*(3*d + 2*e*x^2))/d^2 + (b*x*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCosh[c*x])/d^2 + (4*b*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[((c*Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e])*(1 + c*x))/((c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])*(-1 + c*x))])*(d + e*x^2)*((c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)*Sqrt[(1 + (I*c*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] - c*x + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d])/(1 - c*x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x)))/(2 - 2*c*x))], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2))/(-1 + c*x) + c*Sqrt[d]*(-(c*Sqrt[d]) + I*Sqrt[e])*Sqrt[((c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2))/(d*e*(-1 + c*x)^2)]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))]*EllipticPi[(2*c*Sqrt[d])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]), ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(2 - 2*c*x))], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2)))/(c*d^2*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))]))/(3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 1076, 435, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6323} \\
& -bc \int \frac{x(2ex^2 + 3d)}{3d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{bc \int \frac{x(2ex^2 + 3d)}{\sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1076} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \int \frac{x(2ex^2 + 3d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{435} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \int \frac{2ex^2 + 3d}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
& -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \left(4 \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}} + \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{2x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \left(\frac{4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{c\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6d^2 \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((2*d*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(c*Sqrt[e])))/(6*d^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)^(r_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 1076

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e1_)+(f1_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(r_)*((e2_)+(f2_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(r_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e1+f1*x^(n/2))^FracPart[r]*((e2+f2*x^(n/2))^FracPart[r]/(e1*e2+f1*f2*x^n)^FracPart[r]) Int[(g*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e1*e2+f1*f2*x^n)^r, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e1, f1, e2, f2, g, m, n, p, q, r}, x] && EqQ[n2, n/2] && EqQ[e2*f1+e1*f2, 0]
```

rule 6323

```
Int[((a_)+ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[-1+c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d+e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p+1/2, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 724, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(bc^2d^3 + (bc^2de^2 + be^3)x^4 + bd^2e + 2(bc^2d^2e + bde^2)x^2)\sqrt{e} \log(8c^4e^2x^4 + c^4d^2)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e +
b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e
- c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x
^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 2*(2*(b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^2*d^2*e +
b*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*(2*(a*c^2*d*
e^2 + a*e^3)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x - (b*c*d*e^2*x^2 + b*c*d^2*
e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^5*e + d^4*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^3
+ d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^3)*x^2), 1/3*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2
*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*ar
ctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(
-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + (2*(b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e
^3)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*
x^2 - 1)) + (2*(a*c^2*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x - (
b*c*d*e^2*x^2 + b*c*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^5*e
+ d^4*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 + d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^3)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output `1/3*a*(2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

3.147 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1129
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1130
Rubi [A] (verified)	1131
Maple [F]	1134
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1135
Sympy [F(-1)]	1136
Maxima [F]	1136
Giac [F]	1136
Mupad [F(-1)]	1137
Reduce [F]	1137

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{15d(c^2d + e)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bc(3c^2d + 2e)\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{15d^2(c^2d + e)^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{5d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{8b\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{15d^3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}$$

output

```
-1/15*b*c*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-2/15*b*c
*(3*c^2*d+2*e)*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*d+e)^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
+1/5*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)+4/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^2/
(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+8/15*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))/d^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-8/15*b*(c^2*
x^2-1)^(1/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/d^3/e^(1
/2)/(c*x-1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ax(15d^2 + 20dex^2 + 8e^2x^4)}{d^3} - \frac{bc\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}(d+ex^2)(e(5d+4ex^2)+c^2d(7d+6ex^2))}{d^2(c^2d+e)^2} + \frac{bx(15d^2+20dex^2)}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
((a*x*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4))/d^3 - (b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*(d + e*x^2)*(e*(5*d + 4*e*x^2) + c^2*d*(7*d + 6*e*x^2)))/(d^2*(c^2*d + e)^2) + (b*x*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^4)*ArcCosh[c*x])/d^3 + (16*b*(-1 + c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[((c*Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e])*(1 + c*x))/((c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])*(-1 + c*x))]*(d + e*x^2)^2*((c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)*Sqrt[(1 + (I*c*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] - c*x + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d])]/(1 - c*x))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(2 - 2*c*x))]], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2))/(-1 + c*x) + c*Sqrt[d]*(-(c*Sqrt[d]) + I*Sqrt[e])*Sqrt[((c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2))/(d*e*(-1 + c*x)^2)]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))]*EllipticPi[(2*c*Sqrt[d])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]), ArcSin[Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(2 - 2*c*x))]], ((4*I)*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e])^2))/(c*d^3*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-((-1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d] + c*((I*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[e] + x))/(1 - c*x))]))/(15*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {6323, 27, 2038, 7266, 1193, 27, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6323} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{x(8e^2x^4 + 20dex^2 + 15d^2)}{15d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{8x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bc \int \frac{x(8e^2x^4+20dex^2+15d^2)}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{15d^3} + \frac{8x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2038} \\
 & -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{x(8e^2x^4+20dex^2+15d^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx}{15d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{8x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7266} \\
 & -\frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \int \frac{8e^2x^4+20dex^2+15d^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{5/2}} dx^2}{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} + \frac{8x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1193}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{3(4e(dc^2+e)x^2+d(7dc^2+6e))}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{3(c^2d+e)} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{4x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}} + \frac{8x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{4e(dc^2+e)x^2+d(7dc^2+6e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{c^2d+e} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{4x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}} + \frac{8x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{2 \left(4(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^2d+2e)}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c^2d+e} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{8x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{4x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{2 \left(8(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^2d+2e)}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c^2d+e} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{8x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{4x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}} + \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{8x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{4x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{15d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{5d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{8(c^2d+e)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^2d+2e)}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c^2d+e} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{30d^3\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(5*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x
]))/(15*d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (8*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/(15*d^3*Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2]) - (b*c*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*((2*d^2*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d +
e)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((2*d*(3*c^2*d + 2*e))*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^
2*d + e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (8*(c^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*
x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/(c*Sqrt[e])))/(c^2*d + e))/(30*d^3*Sqrt[-1 +
c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1193

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_)^(n_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_)
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

rule 2038

```
Int[(u._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p
_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(non2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^(n/2))
^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^(n/2))^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]
) Int[u*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2,
b2, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[non2, n/2] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !(Eq
Q[n, 2] && IGtQ[q, 0])
```

rule 6323

```
Int[((a._) + ArcCosh[(c._)*(x_)])*(b._))*((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symb
ol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]) u,
x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && (IGtQ[p, 0]
|| ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])
```

rule 7266

```
Int[(u._)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m
+ 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && Function
OfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 674 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1360, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.15

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/15*(2*(b*c^4*d^5 + 2*b*c^2*d^4*e + (b*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*x^6 + b*d^3*e^2 + 3*(b*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*d*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(b*c^4*d^4*e + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + b*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + (8*(b*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*x^5 + 20*(b*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*d*e^4)*x^3 + 15*(b*c^4*d^4*e + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + b*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (8*(a*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*x^5 + 20*(a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*d*e^4)*x^3 + 15*(a*c^4*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*d^2*e^3)*x - (7*b*c^3*d^4*e + 5*b*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*(3*b*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 2*b*c*d*e^4)*x^4 + (13*b*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 9*b*c*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^4*d^8*e + 2*c^2*d^7*e^2 + d^6*e^3 + (c^4*d^5*e^4 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + d^3*e^6)*x^6 + 3*(c^4*d^6*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + d^4*e^5)*x^4 + 3*(c^4*d^7*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + d^5*e^4)*x^2), 1/15*(4*(b*c^4*d^5 + 2*b*c^2*d^4*e + (b*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*x^6 + b*d^3*e^2 + 3*(b*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*d*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(b*c^4*d^4*e + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + b*d^2*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + (8*(b*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*x^5 + 20*(b*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*d*e^4)*x^3 + ...
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*a*(8*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^3) + 4*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d^2) + 3*x/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*d)) + b*integrate(log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2), x)`output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(7/2), x)`

3.148 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1138
Mathematica [N/A]	1138
Rubi [N/A]	1139
Maple [N/A]	1139
Fricas [N/A]	1140
Sympy [N/A]	1140
Maxima [F(-2)]	1140
Giac [N/A]	1141
Mupad [N/A]	1141
Reduce [N/A]	1142

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

3.149 $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1143
Mathematica [N/A]	1143
Rubi [N/A]	1144
Maple [N/A]	1144
Fricas [N/A]	1145
Sympy [N/A]	1145
Maxima [F(-2)]	1145
Giac [N/A]	1146
Mupad [N/A]	1146
Reduce [N/A]	1147

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 54.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a)^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

$$3.150 \quad \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1148
Mathematica [N/A]	1148
Rubi [N/A]	1149
Maple [N/A]	1149
Fricas [N/A]	1150
Sympy [N/A]	1150
Maxima [F(-2)]	1150
Giac [N/A]	1151
Mupad [N/A]	1151
Reduce [N/A]	1152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c^2*d>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```


Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1153
Mathematica [N/A]	1153
Rubi [N/A]	1154
Maple [N/A]	1154
Fricas [N/A]	1155
Sympy [F(-1)]	1155
Maxima [N/A]	1155
Giac [N/A]	1156
Mupad [N/A]	1156
Reduce [N/A]	1157

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**2/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*a^2*(2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + integrate(
b^2*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2) + 2*a*b*log
(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^2/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [N/A]	1158
Rubi [N/A]	1159
Maple [N/A]	1159
Fricas [N/A]	1160
Sympy [N/A]	1160
Maxima [N/A]	1160
Giac [N/A]	1161
Mupad [N/A]	1161
Reduce [N/A]	1162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{b\operatorname{arcosh}(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{b\operatorname{arcosh}(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 126.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

$$3.153 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1163
Mathematica [N/A]	1163
Rubi [N/A]	1164
Maple [N/A]	1164
Fricas [N/A]	1165
Sympy [N/A]	1165
Maxima [N/A]	1165
Giac [N/A]	1166
Mupad [N/A]	1166
Reduce [N/A]	1167

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{acosh}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 65.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} (a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a)} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

$$3.154 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1168
Mathematica [N/A]	1168
Rubi [N/A]	1169
Maple [N/A]	1169
Fricas [N/A]	1170
Sympy [N/A]	1170
Maxima [N/A]	1170
Giac [N/A]	1171
Mupad [N/A]	1171
Reduce [N/A]	1172

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 197.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)} dx$$

input

`int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output

`int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

$$3.155 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	1173
Mathematica [N/A]	1173
Rubi [N/A]	1174
Maple [N/A]	1174
Fricas [N/A]	1175
Sympy [N/A]	1175
Maxima [N/A]	1175
Giac [N/A]	1176
Mupad [N/A]	1176
Reduce [N/A]	1177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*e^3*x^6 + 3*a*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*a*d^2*e*x^2 + a*d^3 + (b*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*b*d^2*e*x^2 + b*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 35.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)) (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x)),x)`

$$3.156 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1178
Mathematica [N/A]	1178
Rubi [N/A]	1179
Maple [N/A]	1179
Fricas [N/A]	1180
Sympy [N/A]	1180
Maxima [N/A]	1180
Giac [N/A]	1181
Mupad [N/A]	1182
Reduce [N/A]	1182

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(b^2*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccosh(c*x) + a^2), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x**2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) + integrate((2*c^5*e*x^6 + (c^5*d - 4*c^3*e)*x^4 + (2*c^3*e*x^4 + c^3*d*x^2 + c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) - 2*(c^3*d - c*e)*x^2 + (4*c^4*e*x^5 + 2*(c^4*d - 2*c^2*e)*x^3 - (c^2*d - e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + c*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a*b*c^5*e*x^6 + (c^5*d - 2*c^3*e)*a*b*x^4 - (2*c^3*d - c*e)*a*b*x^2 + a*b*c*d + (a*b*c^3*e*x^4 + a*b*c^3*d*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^4*e*x^5 - a*b*c^2*d*x + (c^4*d - c^2*e)*a*b*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + (b^2*c^5*e*x^6 + (c^5*d - 2*c^3*e)*b^2*x^4 - (2*c^3*d - c*e)*b^2*x^2 + b^2*c*d + (b^2*c^3*e*x^4 + b^2*c^3*d*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4*e*x^5 - b^2*c^2*d*x + (c^4*d - c^2*e)*b^2*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^2, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 192.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

3.157 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1183
Mathematica [N/A]	1183
Rubi [N/A]	1184
Maple [N/A]	1184
Fricas [N/A]	1185
Sympy [N/A]	1185
Maxima [N/A]	1185
Giac [N/A]	1186
Mupad [N/A]	1186
Reduce [N/A]	1187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcosh}(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d + (b^2*e*x^2 + b^2*d)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e*x^2 + a*b*d)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcosh}(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/((b^2*c^3*x^2
+ sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x
+ sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (a*b*c^3*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)
)*a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) + integrate((c^5*d*x^4 - 2*c^3*d*x^2
+ ((c^3*d + 2*c*e)*x^2 + c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + (2*(c^4*d + c^2*e)*x^
3 - (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) + c*d)/((b^2*c^5*e*x^6 + (c
^5*d - 2*c^3*e)*b^2*x^4 - (2*c^3*d - c*e)*b^2*x^2 + b^2*c*d + (b^2*c^3*e*x
^4 + b^2*c^3*d*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4*e*x^5 - b^2*c^2*d*x +
(c^4*d - c^2*e)*b^2*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log
(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (a*b*c^5*e*x^6 + (c^5*d - 2*c^3*e)*a
*b*x^4 - (2*c^3*d - c*e)*a*b*x^2 + a*b*c*d + (a*b*c^3*e*x^4 + a*b*c^3*d*x^
2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^4*e*x^5 - a*b*c^2*d*x + (c^4*d - c^2*e)*
a*b*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 73.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} (\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

$$3.158 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1188
Mathematica [N/A]	1188
Rubi [N/A]	1189
Maple [N/A]	1189
Fricas [N/A]	1190
Sympy [N/A]	1190
Maxima [N/A]	1191
Giac [N/A]	1191
Mupad [N/A]	1192
Reduce [N/A]	1192

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*d*e*x^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*b^2*d*e*x^2 + b^2*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*d*e*x^2 + a*b*d^2)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))**2*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 857, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/((b^2*c^3*e*x
^4 + (c^3*d - c*e)*b^2*x^2 - b^2*c*d + (b^2*c^2*e*x^3 + b^2*c^2*d*x)*sqrt(
c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x -
1)) + (a*b*c^3*e*x^4 + (c^3*d - c*e)*a*b*x^2 - a*b*c*d + (a*b*c^2*e*x^3 +
a*b*c^2*d*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)) - integrate((2
*c^5*e*x^6 - (c^5*d + 4*c^3*e)*x^4 + (2*c^3*e*x^4 - (c^3*d + 4*c*e)*x^2 -
c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(c^3*d + c*e)*x^2 + (4*c^4*e*x^5 - 2*(c^4*d +
4*c^2*e)*x^3 + (c^2*d + 3*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*d)/((b^2*
c^5*e^2*x^8 + 2*(c^5*d*e - c^3*e^2)*b^2*x^6 + (c^5*d^2 - 4*c^3*d*e + c*e^2
)*b^2*x^4 + b^2*c*d^2 - 2*(c^3*d^2 - c*d*e)*b^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*e^2*x^6 + 2
*b^2*c^3*d*e*x^4 + b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4*e^2*x
^7 + (2*c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*b^2*x^5 - b^2*c^2*d^2*x + (c^4*d^2 - 2*c^2*d*e)
*b^2*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (a*b*c^5*e^2*x^8 + 2*(c^5*d*e - c^3*e^2)*a*b*x^6 + (
c^5*d^2 - 4*c^3*d*e + c*e^2)*a*b*x^4 + a*b*c*d^2 - 2*(c^3*d^2 - c*d*e)*a*b
*x^2 + (a*b*c^3*e^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^3*d*e*x^4 + a*b*c^3*d^2*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(
c*x - 1) + 2*(a*b*c^4*e^2*x^7 + (2*c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*a*b*x^5 - a*b*c^2*d^
2*x + (c^4*d^2 - 2*c^2*d*e)*a*b*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x
^2 + d)), x)

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

3.159
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1193
Mathematica [N/A]	1193
Rubi [N/A]	1194
Maple [N/A]	1194
Fricas [N/A]	1195
Sympy [F(-1)]	1195
Maxima [N/A]	1195
Giac [N/A]	1196
Mupad [N/A]	1197
Reduce [N/A]	1197

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 23.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))^2, x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(a^2*e^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d^3 + (b^2*e^3*x^6 + 3*b^2*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*b^2*d^2*e*x^2 + b^2*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e^3*x^6 + 3*a*b*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*a*b*d^2*e*x^2 + a*b*d^3)*arccosh(c*x)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1117, normalized size of antiderivative = 50.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(c^3*x^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*x)/((b^2*c^3*e^2
*x^6 + (2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*b^2*x^4 - b^2*c*d^2 + (c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d*e)*b^2*x
^2 + (b^2*c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*b^2*c^2*d*e*x^3 + b^2*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*s
qrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (a*
b*c^3*e^2*x^6 + (2*c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*a*b*x^4 - a*b*c*d^2 + (c^3*d^2 - 2*c*d
*e)*a*b*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*e*x^3 + a*b*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(c
*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) - integrate((4*c^5*e*x^6 - (c^5*d
+ 8*c^3*e)*x^4 + (4*c^3*e*x^4 - (c^3*d + 6*c*e)*x^2 - c*d)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x
- 1) + 2*(c^3*d + 2*c*e)*x^2 + (8*c^4*e*x^5 - 2*(c^4*d + 7*c^2*e)*x^3 + (c
^2*d + 5*e)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - c*d)/((b^2*c^5*e^3*x^10 + (3*
c^5*d*e^2 - 2*c^3*e^3)*b^2*x^8 + (3*c^5*d^2*e - 6*c^3*d*e^2 + c*e^3)*b^2*x
^6 + (c^5*d^3 - 6*c^3*d^2*e + 3*c*d*e^2)*b^2*x^4 + b^2*c*d^3 - (2*c^3*d^3
- 3*c*d^2*e)*b^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*e^3*x^8 + 3*b^2*c^3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*b^2*c^3*
d^2*e*x^4 + b^2*c^3*d^3*x^2)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1) + 2*(b^2*c^4*e^3*x^9 + (3
*c^4*d*e^2 - c^2*e^3)*b^2*x^7 - b^2*c^2*d^3*x + 3*(c^4*d^2*e - c^2*d*e^2)*
b^2*x^5 + (c^4*d^3 - 3*c^2*d^2*e)*b^2*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sq
rt(e*x^2 + d)*log(c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (a*b*c^5*e^3*x^10 +
(3*c^5*d*e^2 - 2*c^3*e^3)*a*b*x^8 + (3*c^5*d^2*e - 6*c^3*d*e^2 + c*e^3)*a
*b*x^6 + (c^5*d^3 - 6*c^3*d^2*e + 3*c*d*e^2)*a*b*x^4 + a*b*c*d^3 - (2*c^3*
d^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)*a*b*x^2 + (a*b*c^3*e^3*x^8 + 3*a*b*c^3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*a...

```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^2 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^2*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} (\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^2,x)`

3.160 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	1199
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1200
Rubi [A] (verified)	1201
Maple [F]	1203
Fricas [F(-2)]	1203
Sympy [F]	1204
Maxima [F]	1204
Giac [F]	1204
Mupad [F(-1)]	1205
Reduce [F]	1205

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 672

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} dx &= d^2 x \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \\
&+ \frac{2}{3} dex^3 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} e^2 x^5 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bd^2} e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bde} e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c^3} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^5} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bde} e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24c^3} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64c^5} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{320c^5} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bd^2} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bde} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c^3} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^5} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{bde} e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24c^3} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64c^5} \\
&\frac{\sqrt{be^2} e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{320c^5}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
d^2*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)+2/3*d*e*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)+1/5*e^
2*x^5*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)-1/4*b^(1/2)*d^2*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*
arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c-1/8*b^(1/2)*d*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*
arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3-1/32*b^(1/2)*e^2*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a
+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^5-1/72*b^(1/2)*d*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3-1/192*b^(1/2)*e^2
*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
/c^5-1/1600*b^(1/2)*e^2*exp(5*a/b)*5^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(5^(1/2)*(a+b*arcco
sh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^5-1/4*b^(1/2)*d^2*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x
))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c*exp(a/b)-1/8*b^(1/2)*d*e*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*
x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3/exp(a/b)-1/32*b^(1/2)*e^2*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccos
h(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^5/exp(a/b)-1/72*b^(1/2)*d*e*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi
(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3/exp(3*a/b)-1/192*b^(1/2)*e^
2*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^5/exp(
3*a/b)-1/1600*b^(1/2)*e^2*5^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(5^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^5/exp(5*a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{be^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \left(450e^{\frac{6a}{b}} \left(8ac^4 d^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 8bc^4 d^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - be(4c^2 d + e) \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \right) \right)}{c^5 \exp(5a/b)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
```

output

```
(b*(450*E^((6*a)/b)*(8*a*c^4*d^2*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*b*c^4*d^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - b*e*(4*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/b^2)])*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] - 9*Sqrt[5]*b*e^2*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/b^2)]*Gamma[3/2, (-5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] - E^((2*a)/b)*(25*Sqrt[3]*b*e*(8*c^2*d + 3*e)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/b^2)]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 450*E^((2*a)/b)*(8*a*c^4*d^2*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + 8*b*c^4*d^2*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + b*e*(4*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/b^2)])*Gamma[3/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + b*e*E^((6*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^2/b^2)]*(25*Sqrt[3]*(8*c^2*d + 3*e)*Gamma[3/2, (3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 9*Sqrt[5]*e*E^((2*a)/b)*Gamma[3/2, (5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]))/(7200*c^5*E^((5*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6324$$

$$\int \left(d^2 \sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)} + 2dex^2 \sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)} + e^2 x^4 \sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{a/b}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64c^5} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{\frac{5a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{320c^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^5} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64c^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}}\sqrt{b}e^2e^{-\frac{5a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{320c^5} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}de^2e^{a/b}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{b}de^2e^{\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24c^3} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}de^2e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{b}de^2e^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24c^3} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}d^2e^{a/b}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}d^2e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} + \\
 & d^2x\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \frac{2}{3}dex^3\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]`

output `d^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + (2*d*e*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/3 + (e^2*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/5 - (Sqrt[b]*d^2*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*c) - (Sqrt[b]*d*e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(8*c^3) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(32*c^5) - (Sqrt[b]*d*e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(24*c^3) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(64*c^5) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*E^((5*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/5]*Erf[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(320*c^5) - (Sqrt[b]*d^2*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*c*E^(a/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*d*e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(8*c^3*E^(a/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(32*c^5*E^(a/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*d*e*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(24*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(64*c^5*E^((3*a)/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[Pi/5]*Erfi[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(320*c^5*E^((5*a)/b))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (ex^2 + d)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx &= \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a dx} \right) d^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a x^4 dx} \right) e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a x^2 dx} \right) de \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*d**2 + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**4,x)*e**2 + 2*int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2,x)*d*e`

3.161 $\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	1206
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1207
Rubi [A] (verified)	1208
Maple [F]	1209
Fricas [F(-2)]	1209
Sympy [F]	1210
Maxima [F]	1210
Giac [F]	1210
Mupad [F(-1)]	1211
Reduce [F]	1211

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 322

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx &= dx \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} d e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} e e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16c^3} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{48c^3} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} e e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16c^3} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{b} e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{48c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
d*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)+1/3*e*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)-1/4*b^(1/2)
)*d*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c-1/16*b^(1/2)
)*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3-1/144*b^(1/2)
)*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)
)/c^3-1/4*b^(1/2)*d*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c/e
xp(a/b)-1/16*b^(1/2)*e*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3
/exp(a/b)-1/144*b^(1/2)*e*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))
^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3/exp(3*a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{de^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}}}\right)}{ee^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \left(9e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) + \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \right)}$$

72

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
```

output

```
(d*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*((E^((2*a)/b)*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])/
Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Gamma[3/2, -(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/Sqrt[-((a
+ b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]))/(2*c*E^(a/b)) + (e*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*(9*E^
((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] +
Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b]
+ 9*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[3/2, -(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])
/b]) + Sqrt[3]*E^((6*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[3/2, (3*(
a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b]))/(72*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^
2/b^2)])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6324} \\
 & \int \left(d\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + ex^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \sqrt{b} e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{48c^3} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{48c^3} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} d e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} + \\
 & dx \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \frac{1}{3} e x^3 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]],x]`

output `d*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + (e*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/3 - (Sqrt[b]*d*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*c) - (Sqrt[b]*e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(16*c^3) - (Sqrt[b]*e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(48*c^3) - (Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*c*E^(a/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(16*c^3*E^(a/b)) - (Sqrt[b]*e*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(48*c^3*E^((3*a)/b))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
(p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + adx} \right) d + \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + ax^2 dx} \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*d + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2, x)*e`

3.162 $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	1212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1212
Rubi [A] (verified)	1213
Maple [F]	1216
Fricas [F(-2)]	1216
Sympy [F]	1216
Maxima [F]	1217
Giac [F]	1217
Mupad [F(-1)]	1217
Reduce [F]	1218

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b} e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} - \frac{\sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)-1/4*b^(1/2)*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c-1/4*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c/exp(a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}}}\right)}{2c}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*((E^((2*a)/b)*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Gamma[3/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]/Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]))/(2*c*E^(a/b))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {6294, 6368, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6294 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6368 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3788 \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} i \int -\frac{ie^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{ie^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 26
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{\int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \int e^{\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{\int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]`

output `x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] - ((Sqrt[b]*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(2*E^(a/b))/(2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{(a_)} + (b_)((c_)+(d_)(x_))^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a \sqrt{[\text{Pi}](\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]))}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]

rule 2634 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{(a_)} + (b_)((c_)+(d_)(x_))^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a \sqrt{[\text{Pi}](\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]))}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)(x_))^{(m_)} \sin[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * E^{(I*k*Pi)} * E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]

rule 6294 $\text{Int}[(a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)})/(\text{Sqrt}[1 + c*x]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 6368 $\text{Int}[(a_)+\text{ArcCosh}[(c_)(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)}(x_)^{(m_)}((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(p_)}((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{(m + 1)}))*\text{Simp}[(d_ + e_1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*\text{Simp}[(d_ + e_2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p + 1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && EqQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && IGtQ[p + 3/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) + b} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.163 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d+ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1219
Mathematica [N/A]	1219
Rubi [N/A]	1220
Maple [N/A]	1220
Fricas [F(-2)]	1221
Sympy [N/A]	1221
Maxima [F(-2)]	1221
Giac [N/A]	1222
Mupad [N/A]	1222
Reduce [N/A]	1223

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(d + e*x**2),x)`

$$3.164 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1224
Mathematica [N/A]	1224
Rubi [N/A]	1225
Maple [N/A]	1225
Fricas [F(-2)]	1226
Sympy [N/A]	1226
Maxima [N/A]	1226
Giac [N/A]	1227
Mupad [N/A]	1227
Reduce [N/A]	1228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 17.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2)^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 39.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}}{e^2 x^4 + 2d e x^2 + d^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)`

3.165 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1229
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1230
Rubi [A] (verified)	1231
Maple [F]	1233
Fricas [F(-2)]	1233
Sympy [F]	1234
Maxima [F]	1234
Giac [F(-2)]	1234
Mupad [F(-1)]	1235
Reduce [F]	1235

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 442

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \\
 & \frac{3bd\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{2c} \\
 & - \frac{be\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{3c^3} \\
 & - \frac{be x^2 \sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{6c} + dx(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3b^{3/2}de^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} \\
 & - \frac{3b^{3/2}ee^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^3} - \frac{b^{3/2}ee^{\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{96c^3} \\
 & + \frac{3b^{3/2}de^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} + \frac{3b^{3/2}ee^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^{3/2}ee^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{96c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-3/2*b*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/c-1/3*b*e*(c
*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/c^3-1/6*b*e*x^2*(c*x-1)
^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/c+d*x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/
2)+1/3*e*x^3*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)-3/8*b^(3/2)*d*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(
(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c-3/32*b^(3/2)*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((
a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3-1/288*b^(3/2)*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3+3/8*b^(3/2)*d*Pi^
(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c/exp(a/b)+3/32*b^(3/2)*e*Pi^
(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3/exp(a/b)+1/288*b^(3/2)*e*
3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^3/exp(3*
a/b)

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 812, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int (d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*(E^((2*a)/b)*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]
)/Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Gamma[3/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]/Sqrt[-(
(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)))/(2*c*E^(a/b)) + (a*e*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*(
9*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x
]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))
/b] + 9*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[3/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c
*x])/b)] + Sqrt[3]*E^((6*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[3/2,
(3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b)))/(72*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*
x])^2/b^2)]) + (b*d*(-12*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*A
rcCosh[c*x]] + 8*c*x*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + ((2*a + 3*b)*
Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[a/b] - Sinh[a/b]))/S
qrt[b] + ((2*a - 3*b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh
[a/b] + Sinh[a/b]))/Sqrt[b]))/(8*c) + (Sqrt[b]*e*(9*(-12*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(-1
+ c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*Sqrt[b]*c*x*ArcCo
sh[c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + (2*a + 3*b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*Ar
cCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[a/b] - Sinh[a/b]) + (2*a - 3*b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sq
rt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[a/b] + Sinh[a/b])) + (2*a + b)*Sqrt[
3*Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[(3*a)/b] - Si
nh[(3*a)/b]) + (2*a - b)*Sqrt[3*Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])
/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[(3*a)/b] + Sinh[(3*a)/b]) + 12*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCo...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6324$$

$$\int \left(d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} + ex^2(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}ee^{a/b}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}b^{3/2}ee^{\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{96c^3} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}ee^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}b^{3/2}ee^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{96c^3} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}de^{a/b}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}de^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} - \\
& \frac{be\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{3c^3} + dx(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{3bd\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{2c} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \\
& \frac{be^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{6c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(-3*b*d*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/(2*c) - (b*e*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/(3*c^3) - (b*e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/(6*c) + d*x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2) + (e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2))/3 - (3*b^(3/2)*d*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(8*c) - (3*b^(3/2)*e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(32*c^3) - (b^(3/2)*e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(96*c^3) + (3*b^(3/2)*d*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(8*c*E^(a/b)) + (3*b^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(32*c^3*E^(a/b)) + (b^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(96*c^3*E^((3*a)/b))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (e x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (ex^2 + d) (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2} (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) (a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx &= \left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) ad \\ &+ \left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) x^2 dx \right) be \\ &+ \left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right) bd + \left(\int \sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} x^2 dx \right) ae \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)*a*d + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x),x)*b*d + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2,x)*a*e`

3.166 $\int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1236
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1237
Rubi [C] (verified)	1237
Maple [F]	1241
Fricas [F(-2)]	1241
Sympy [F]	1242
Maxima [F]	1242
Giac [F]	1242
Mupad [F(-1)]	1243
Reduce [F]	1243

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3b\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{2c} + x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3b^{3/2}e^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} + \frac{3b^{3/2}e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c}$$

output

```
-3/2*b*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/c+x*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)-3/8*b^(3/2)*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c+3/8*b^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c*exp(a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{ae^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{b \left(-12 \sqrt{\frac{-1 + cx}{1 + cx}} (1 + cx) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + 8cx \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c} \right)}{8c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]*(E^((2*a)/b)*Gamma[3/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Gamma[3/2, -(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b])/Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)))/(2*c*E^(a/b)) + (b*(-12*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + 8*c*x*ArcCosh[c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]] + ((2*a + 3*b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[a/b] - Sinh[a/b]))/Sqrt[b] + ((2*a - 3*b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]*(Cosh[a/b] + Sinh[a/b]))/Sqrt[b]))/(8*c)`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {6294, 6330, 6296, 25, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 6294 \\
& x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \int \frac{x\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx \\
& \downarrow 6330 \\
& x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx}{2c} \right) \\
& \downarrow 6296 \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \int \frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3789} \\ & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} - \frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2611} \\ & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} - \frac{i \left(i \int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} - i \int e^{\frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2633} \\ & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} - \frac{i \left(i \int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2634} \\ & \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{c^2} - \frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2) - (3*b*c*((Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/c^2 - ((I/2)*((I/2)*Sqrt[b]*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]] - ((I/2)*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/E^(a/b)))/c^2))/2
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 6294 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n - 1)/(Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6296 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) S
ubst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]`

rule 6330 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d1_) + (e1_.)*(x_))^(p
)*((d2) + (e2_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^(p + 1)*(d2 +
e2*x)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(2*e1*e2*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2
c(p + 1)))*Simp[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p]*Simp[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^
p] Int[(1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(-1 + c*x)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n -
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, p}, x] && EqQ[e1, c*d1] && E
qQ[e2, (-c)*d2] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) a$$

$$+ \left(\int \sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*a + int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x), x)*b`

$$3.167 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d+ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1244
Mathematica [N/A]	1244
Rubi [N/A]	1245
Maple [N/A]	1245
Fricas [F(-2)]	1246
Sympy [N/A]	1246
Maxima [F(-2)]	1246
Giac [N/A]	1247
Mupad [N/A]	1247
Reduce [N/A]	1248

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 33.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2), x)
```


Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{d + ex^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(cx) b + a}}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) a$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(cx) b + a} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(d + e*x**2),x)*a + int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x))/(d + e*x**2),x)*b`

$$3.168 \quad \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1249
Mathematica [N/A]	1249
Rubi [N/A]	1250
Maple [N/A]	1250
Fricas [F(-2)]	1251
Sympy [F(-1)]	1251
Maxima [N/A]	1251
Giac [N/A]	1252
Mupad [N/A]	1252
Reduce [N/A]	1252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 11.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2)/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) a$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a} \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*a + int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x))/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b`

$$3.169 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1256
Rubi [A] (verified)	1257
Maple [F]	1259
Fricas [F(-2)]	1259
Sympy [F]	1260
Maxima [F]	1260
Giac [F]	1260
Mupad [F(-1)]	1261
Reduce [F]	1261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 608

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = & - \frac{d^2 e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \\
& - \frac{dee^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} \\
& - \frac{e^2 e^{a/b} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16\sqrt{bc^5}} \\
& - \frac{dee^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} \\
& - \frac{e^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} \\
& - \frac{e^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} \\
& + \frac{d^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \\
& + \frac{dee^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} \\
& + \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16\sqrt{bc^5}} \\
& + \frac{dee^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} \\
& + \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} \\
& + \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*d^2*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c
-1/4*d*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c
^3-1/16*e^2*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
/c^5-1/12*d*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^3-1/32*e^2*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)
)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^5-1/160*e^2*exp(5*a/b)*5^(1/
2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(5^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^5+1/2*
d^2*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c/exp(a/b)+1/4
*d*e*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^3/exp(a/b)+
1/16*e^2*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^5/exp(a
/b)+1/12*d*e*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)
))/b^(1/2)/c^3/exp(3*a/b)+1/32*e^2*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arcc
osh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^5/exp(3*a/b)+1/160*e^2*5^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
*erfi(5^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^5/exp(5*a/b)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

$$= e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \left(30(8c^4d^2 + 4c^2de + e^2) e^{\frac{6a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) + 3\sqrt{5}e^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
```

output

```
(30*(8*c^4*d^2 + 4*c^2*d*e + e^2)*E^((6*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + 3*Sqrt[5]*e^2*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, (-5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 40*Sqrt[3]*c^2*d*e*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 15*Sqrt[3]*e^2*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 240*c^4*d^2*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + 120*c^2*d*e*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + 30*e^2*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + 40*Sqrt[3]*c^2*d*e*E^((8*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 15*Sqrt[3]*e^2*E^((8*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 3*Sqrt[5]*e^2*E^((10*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (5*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] / (480*c^5*E^((5*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 608, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

↓ 6324

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2}{\sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{2dex^2}{\sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{e^2x^4}{\sqrt{a + \text{barccosh}(cx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}e^2 e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16\sqrt{bc^5}} - \frac{\sqrt{3\pi}e^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}}e^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}e^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16\sqrt{bc^5}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3\pi}e^2 e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{5}}e^2 e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32\sqrt{bc^5}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d e e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}d e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d e e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}d e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc^3}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(d^2*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[b]
*c) - (d*e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*Sqrt
[b]*c^3) - (e^2*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(1
6*Sqrt[b]*c^5) - (d*e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCo
sh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*c^3) - (e^2*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[3*Pi]*Erf[(Sqr
t[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(32*Sqrt[b]*c^5) - (e^2*E^((5*a)/
b)*Sqrt[Pi/5]*Erf[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(32*Sqrt[b]
*c^5) + (d^2*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*c
*E^(a/b)) + (d*e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*Sqrt[
b]*c^3*E^(a/b)) + (e^2*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(1
6*Sqrt[b]*c^5*E^(a/b)) + (d*e*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[
c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)) + (e^2*Sqrt[3*Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[
3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(32*Sqrt[b]*c^5*E^((3*a)/b)) + (e^2
*Sqrt[Pi/5]*Erfi[(Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(32*Sqrt[b]*
c^5*E^((5*a)/b))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)**2/sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) d^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} x^4}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) de \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*d**2 + int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*e**2 + 2*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*d*e`

3.170 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1262
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1263
Rubi [A] (verified)	1263
Maple [F]	1265
Fricas [F(-2)]	1265
Sympy [F]	1266
Maxima [F]	1266
Giac [F]	1266
Mupad [F(-1)]	1267
Reduce [F]	1267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = -\frac{de^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{ee^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} - \frac{ee^{\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{de^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{ee^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{ee^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c-1
/8*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^3-1
/24*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(
1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^3+1/2*d*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(
1/2)/c/exp(a/b)+1/8*e*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(
1/2)/c^3/exp(a/b)+1/24*e*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^3/exp(3*a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

$$e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \left(3(4c^2d + e) e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) + \sqrt{3} e \sqrt{-\frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right) \right)$$

24

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]
```

output

```
(3*(4*c^2*d + e)*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, a/b + Arc
Cosh[c*x]] + Sqrt[3]*e*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*(a +
b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 3*(4*c^2*d + e)*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c
*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] + Sqrt[3]*e*E^((6*a)/b)*Sqr
t[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b])/(24*c^3*E^((
3*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6324} \\
& \int \left(\frac{d}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{8\sqrt{bc^3}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} d e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*(d*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]/(Sqrt[b]*c) - (e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*c^3) - (e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*c^3) + (d*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*c*E^(a/b)) + (e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*c^3*E^(a/b)) + (e*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e x^2 + d}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)/sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} x^2}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*d + int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a), x)*e`

3.171 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1268
Rubi [C] (verified)	1269
Maple [F]	1272
Fricas [F(-2)]	1272
Sympy [F]	1272
Maxima [F]	1273
Giac [F]	1273
Mupad [F(-1)]	1273
Reduce [F]	1274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = -\frac{e^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}$$

output `-1/2*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c+1/2*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c/exp(a/b)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \left(e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) + \sqrt{-\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right) \right)}{2c\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]`

output `(E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]] + Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)])/(2*c*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {6296, 25, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow 6296 \\
 \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \\
 \hline bc \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \\
 \hline bc \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \\
 \hline bc \\
 \downarrow 26
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3789} \\
\frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} d(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \right)}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{2611} \\
\frac{i \left(i \int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - i \int e^{\frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \right)}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{2633} \\
\frac{i \left(i \int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{2634} \\
\frac{i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{bc}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x]`

output `(I*((I/2)*Sqrt[b]*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]] - ((I/2)*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/E^(a/b)))/(b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 6296 `Int[((a_) + ArcCosh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Sinh[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}}{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.172 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1275
Mathematica [N/A]	1275
Rubi [N/A]	1276
Maple [N/A]	1276
Fricas [F(-2)]	1277
Sympy [N/A]	1277
Maxima [N/A]	1277
Giac [N/A]	1278
Mupad [N/A]	1278
Reduce [N/A]	1279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*acosh(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d) \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d) \sqrt{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2) \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) bd + \operatorname{acosh}(cx) be x^2 + ad + ae x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)*b*d + acosh(c*x)*b*e*x**2 + a*d + a*e*x**2),x)`

$$3.173 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1280
Mathematica [N/A]	1280
Rubi [N/A]	1281
Maple [N/A]	1281
Fricas [F(-2)]	1282
Sympy [F(-1)]	1282
Maxima [N/A]	1282
Giac [N/A]	1283
Mupad [N/A]	1283
Reduce [N/A]	1283

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 \sqrt{b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*sqrt(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx)} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b + a}}{a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b d^2 + 2 a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b d e x^2 + a \operatorname{cosh}(cx) b e^2 x^4 + a d^2 + 2 a d e x^2 + a e^2 x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)*b*d**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*b*d*e*x**2 +
acosh(c*x)*b*e**2*x**4 + a*d**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4),x)`

3.174 $\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1285
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1286
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 358

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{-1+cx}\sqrt{1+cx}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{de^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} + \frac{ee^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \frac{ee^{\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \frac{de^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} + \frac{ee^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \frac{ee^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3}$$

output

```
-2*d*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)-2*e*x^2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)+d*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c+1/4*e*exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^3+1/4*e*exp(3*a/b)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erf(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^3+d*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c/exp(a/b)+1/4*e*Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^3/exp(a/b)+1/4*e*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*erfi(3^(1/2)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^3/exp(3*a/b)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \left(- \left((4c^2d + e) e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)\right) \right) + \sqrt{3} e \sqrt{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(-((4*c^2*d + e)*E^((4*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]) + Sqrt[3]*e*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + (4*c^2*d + e)*E^((2*a)/b)*Sqrt[-((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)]*Gamma[1/2, -((a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])/b)] - E^((3*a)/b)*(2*(4*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[(-1 + c*x)/(1 + c*x)]*(1 + c*x) + Sqrt[3]*e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[a/b + ArcCosh[c*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]))/b] + 2*e*Sinh[3*ArcCosh[c*x]]))/(4*b*c^3*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {6324, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6324}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{3\pi} e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{3\pi} e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^3} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi} d e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} d e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} - \frac{2d\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)/(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*d*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]) - (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (d*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*c) + (e*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(3/2)*c^3) + (e*E^((3*a)/b)*Sqrt[3*Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(3/2)*c^3) + (d*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*c*E^(a/b)) + (e*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(3/2)*c^3*E^(a/b)) + (e*Sqrt[3*Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(3/2)*c^3*E^((3*a)/b))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6324 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCosh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (p > 0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e x^2 + d}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(c x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{d + e x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(c x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)/(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex^2}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(- acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**5*d + 2*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**3*e + acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**3*d - 2*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c*e + 6*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**3)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**4*d + 6*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**3)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a*b*c**4*d - 2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*c**2*d*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*d - int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a...`

3.175 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1291
Mathematica [F]	1291
Rubi [A] (verified)	1292
Maple [F]	1295
Fricas [F(-2)]	1295
Sympy [F]	1295
Maxima [F]	1296
Giac [F]	1296
Mupad [F(-1)]	1296
Reduce [F]	1297

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1 + cx}\sqrt{1 + cx}}{bc\sqrt{a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{e^{a/b}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} + \frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c}$$

output

```
-2*(c*x-1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)+exp(a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*erf((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c+Pi^(1/2)*erfi((a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c/exp(a/b)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-3/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {6295, 6368, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6295} \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} dx}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6368} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & -\frac{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} + \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} d(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)) \right)}{b^2c} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}}{bc\sqrt{a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2611 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \int e^{\frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} \right)}{\frac{b^2 c}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} bc\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 2633 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\int e^{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\frac{b^2 c}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} bc\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}} \\
 & \downarrow 2634 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{a/b} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\frac{b^2 c}{2\sqrt{cx-1}\sqrt{cx+1}} bc\sqrt{a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(-3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[-1 + c*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]) + (2*((Sqrt[b]*E^(a/b)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCosh[c*x]]/Sqrt[b]])/(2*E^(a/b))))/(b^2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_)+(f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{(a_)} + (b_)((c_)+ (d_)(x_))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a \sqrt{[\text{Pi}](\text{Erfi}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[b*\text{Log}[F], 2]))}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 2634 $\text{Int}[(F_)^{(a_)} + (b_)((c_)+ (d_)(x_))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[F^a \sqrt{[\text{Pi}](\text{Erf}[(c + d*x)*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]]/(2*d*\text{Rt}[(-b)*\text{Log}[F], 2]))}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3788 $\text{Int}[(c_)+ (d_)(x_)]^{(m_)} \sin[(e_)+ \text{Pi}*(k_)+ (f_)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I/2 \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m/(E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}), x], x] - \text{Simp}[I/2 \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * E^{(I*k*Pi)} * E^{(I*(e + f*x))}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*k]$

rule 6295 $\text{Int}[(a_)+ \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)(x_)]*(b_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + c*x} * \sqrt{-1 + c*x} * ((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))}), x] - \text{Simp}[c/(b*(n + 1)) \ \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x])^{(n + 1)/(sqrt{1 + c*x} * sqrt{-1 + c*x})}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 6368 $\text{Int}[(a_)+ \text{ArcCosh}[(c_)(x_)]*(b_)]^{(n_)}(x_)]^{(m_)}((d1_)+ (e1_)(x_)]^{(p_)}((d2_)+ (e2_)(x_)]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{(m + 1)))) * \text{Simp}[(d1 + e1*x)^p/(1 + c*x)^p] * \text{Simp}[(d2 + e2*x)^p/(-1 + c*x)^p] \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n * \text{Cosh}[-a/b + x/b]^m * \text{Sinh}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p + 1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCosh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d1, e1, d2, e2, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e1, c*d1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[e2, (-c)*d2] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p + 3/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x) - acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**3 + acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x))/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c - 2*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a*b*c**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)**2*x)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*b**2*c**2 - int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a*b*c**3 + int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x))/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a*b*c - 2*int((sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b + a**2*c**2*x**2 - a**2),x)*a**2*c**2 - 2*int((sqrt(c...
```

$$3.176 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1298
Mathematica [N/A]	1298
Rubi [N/A]	1299
Maple [N/A]	1299
Fricas [F(-2)]	1300
Sympy [N/A]	1300
Maxima [N/A]	1300
Giac [N/A]	1301
Mupad [N/A]	1301
Reduce [N/A]	1302

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 36.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2}(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{acosh}(cx) b + a}}{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 d + \operatorname{acosh}(cx)^2 b^2 e x^2 + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b d + 2 \operatorname{acosh}(cx) a b e x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*e*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*e*x**2 + a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2),x)`

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1303
Mathematica [N/A]	1303
Rubi [N/A]	1304
Maple [N/A]	1304
Fricas [F(-2)]	1305
Sympy [F(-1)]	1305
Maxima [N/A]	1305
Giac [N/A]	1306
Mupad [N/A]	1306
Reduce [N/A]	1306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+\operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6325

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)**2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{barccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcosh}(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccosh(c*x) + a)^(3/2)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{acosh}(cx))^{3/2} (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2)*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 57.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14432, normalized size of antiderivative = 656.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)^2/(a+b*acosh(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x) - acosh(c
*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*
d**2*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*d*e*x**4 + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*e
**2*x**6 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d*e*x**2 - acosh
(c*x)**2*b**2*e**2*x**4 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*acosh(c*x)*a
*b*c**2*d*e*x**4 + 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*e**2*x**6 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d**2
- 4*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d*e*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*e**2*x**4 + a**2*c**2*d**2
*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*e*x**4 + a**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 - a**2*d**2 - 2*a**2*d*
e*x**2 - a**2*e**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c**3*d*e - acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x
)*b + a)*acosh(c*x)*x**4)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x
)**2*b**2*c**2*d*e*x**4 + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 - acosh(c*x)**
2*b**2*d**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d*e*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*e**2*x**4
+ 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*acosh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*d*e*x**4 + 2*ac
osh(c*x)*a*b*c**2*e**2*x**6 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d**2 - 4*acosh(c*x)*a*b*d*e
*x**2 - 2*acosh(c*x)*a*b*e**2*x**4 + a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*e
*x**4 + a**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 - a**2*d**2 - 2*a**2*d*e*x**2 - a**2*e**2*x**4
),x)*b**2*c**3*e**2*x**2 - acosh(c*x)*int((sqrt(acosh(c*x)*b + a)*acosh(c*
x)*x**2)/(acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*d*
e*x**4 + acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d**2 - 2*a
cosh(c*x)**2*b**2*d*e*x**2 - acosh(c*x)**2*b**2*e**2*x**4 + 2*acosh(c*x)...

```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions 1308
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS . 1326

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
  ]
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
    If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
    If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
    If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```


Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```



```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file