

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

7-Inverse-hyperbolic-functions/7.6-Inverse-hyperbolic-  
cosecant/349-7.6.1

Nasser M. Abbasi

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 179 ]. This is test number [ 349 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 179 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	100.00 ( 179 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Fricas	68.72 ( 123 )	31.28 ( 56 )
Maple	58.10 ( 104 )	41.90 ( 75 )
Maxima	34.08 ( 61 )	65.92 ( 118 )
Mupad	27.37 ( 49 )	72.63 ( 130 )
Giac	25.70 ( 46 )	74.30 ( 133 )
Reduce	25.70 ( 46 )	74.30 ( 133 )
Sympy	19.55 ( 35 )	80.45 ( 144 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.



grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

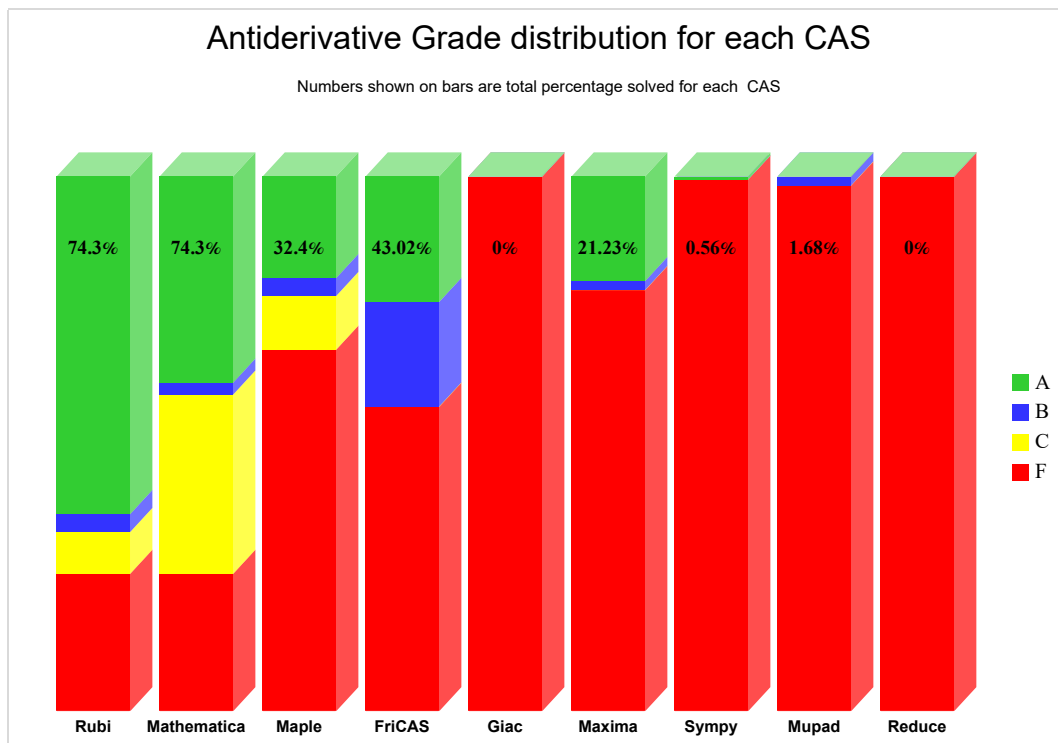
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

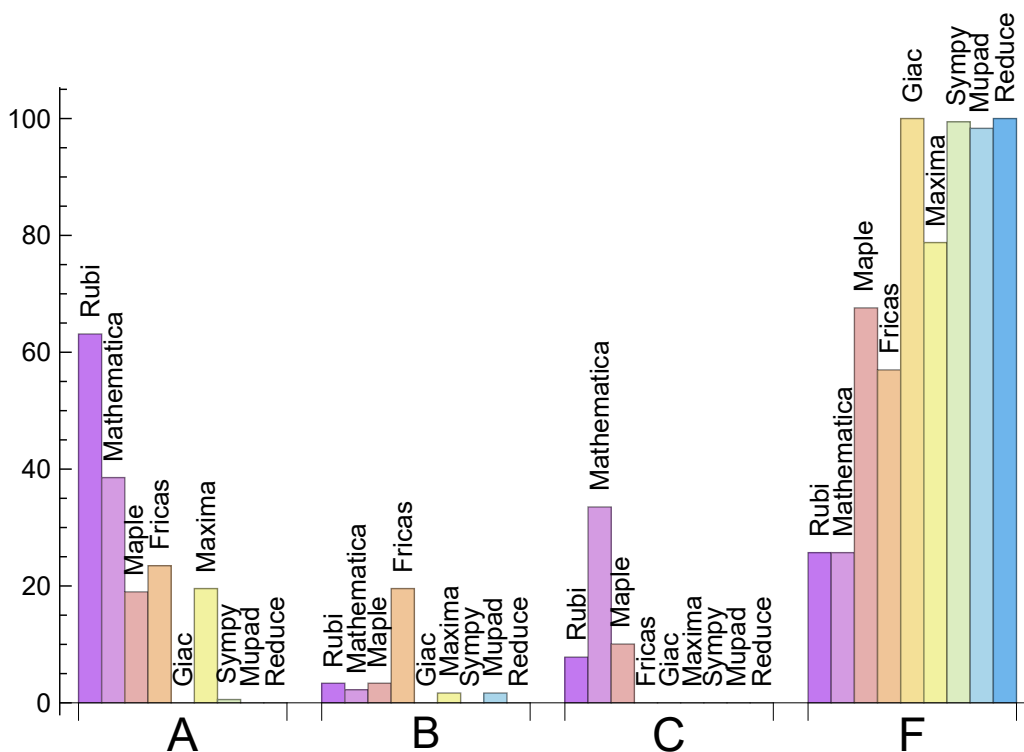
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	63.128	3.352	7.821	25.698
Mathematica	38.547	2.235	33.520	25.698
Fricas	23.464	19.553	0.000	56.983
Maxima	19.553	1.676	0.000	78.771
Maple	18.994	3.352	10.056	67.598
Sympy	0.559	0.000	0.000	99.441
Giac	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000
Mupad	0.000	1.676	0.000	98.324
Reduce	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	56	89.29	10.71	0.00
Maple	75	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	118	59.32	0.00	40.68
Mupad	130	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	144	73.61	26.39	0.00
Giac	133	98.50	0.00	1.50
Reduce	133	100.00	0.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Giac	0.12
Fricas	0.16
Reduce	0.29
Maxima	0.51
Rubi	0.89
Maple	2.43
Mupad	4.00
Mathematica	5.03
Sympy	30.17

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Sympy	20.49	0.96	20.00	0.95
Giac	21.83	1.03	23.00	1.00
Mupad	26.80	1.21	27.00	1.17
Reduce	125.30	5.68	85.50	3.77
Maxima	164.43	4.92	132.00	1.29
Fricas	315.71	2.32	143.00	1.74
Mathematica	320.56	1.18	132.00	1.09
Rubi	325.79	1.09	131.00	1.00
Maple	397.45	1.31	75.00	0.97

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

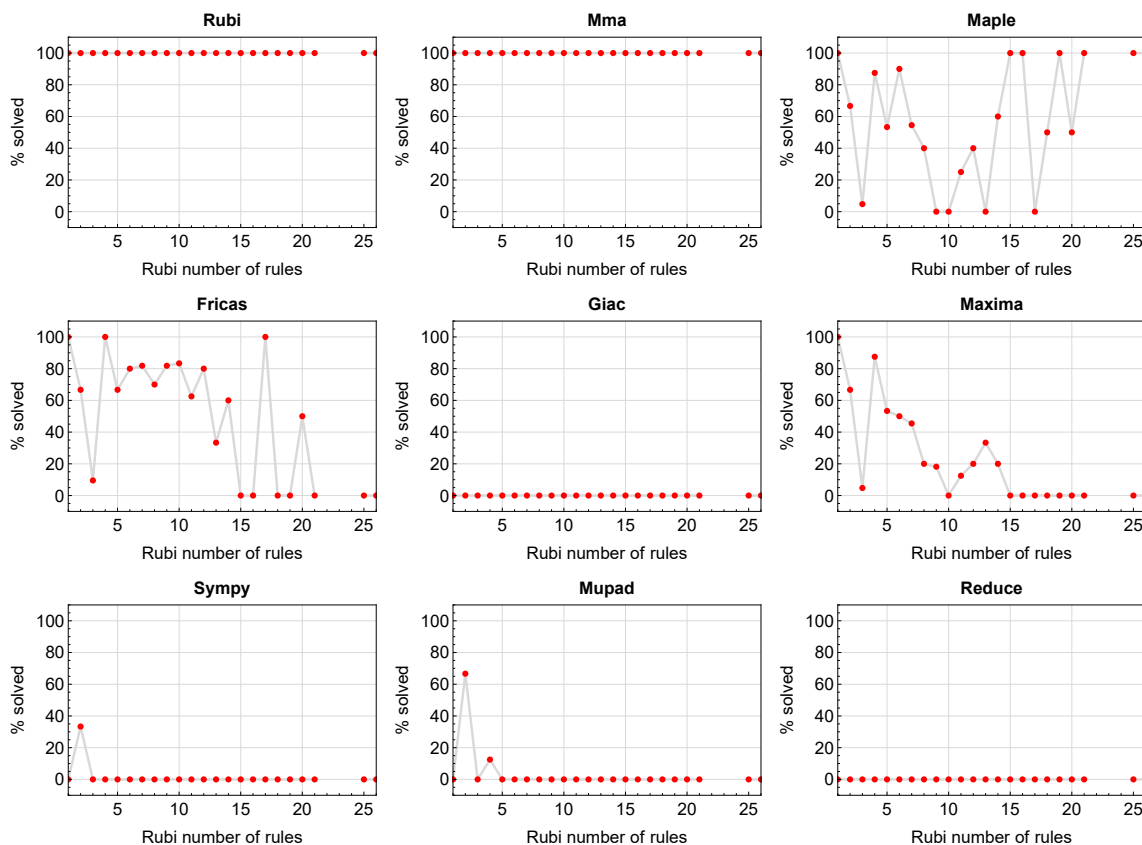


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

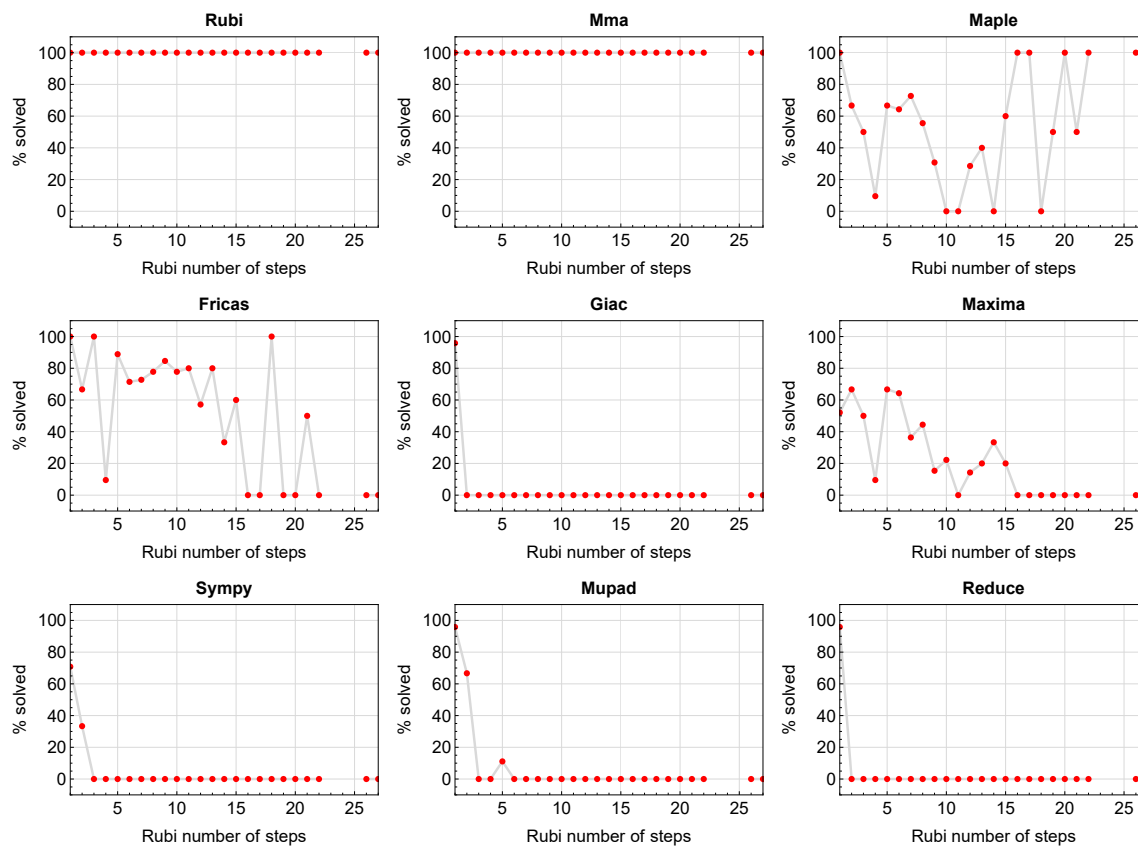


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

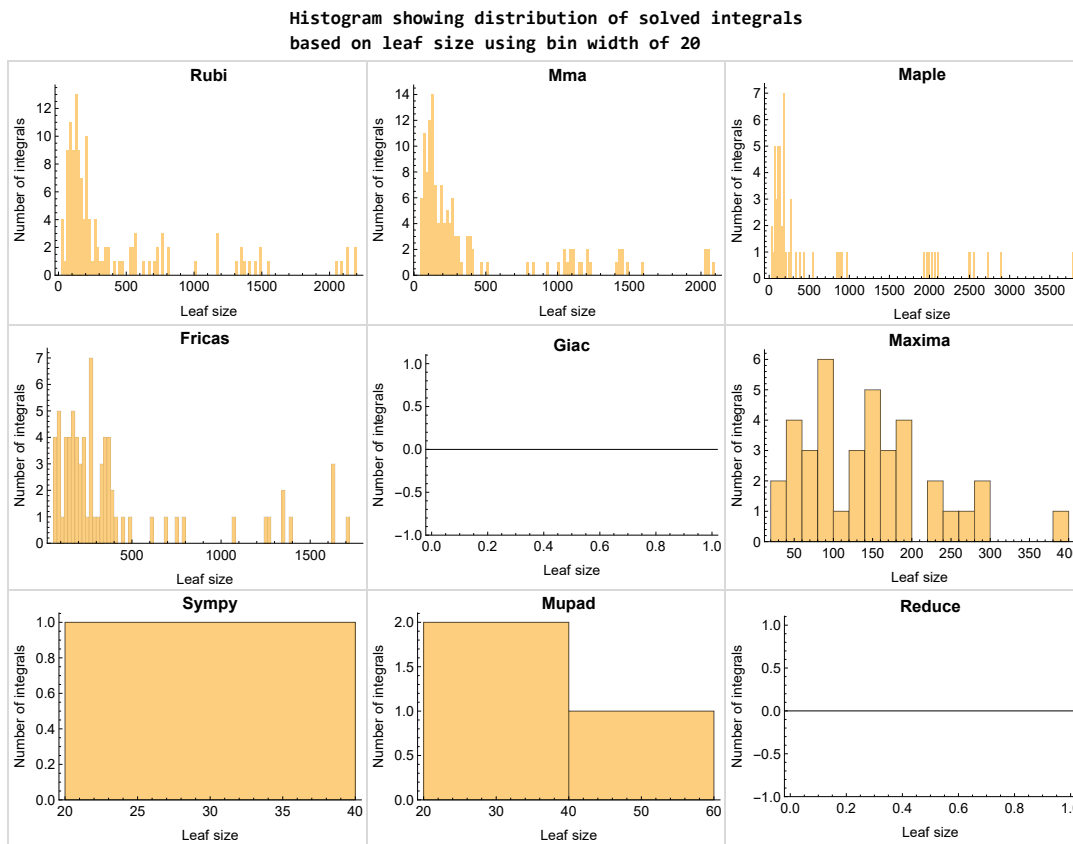


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution



## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

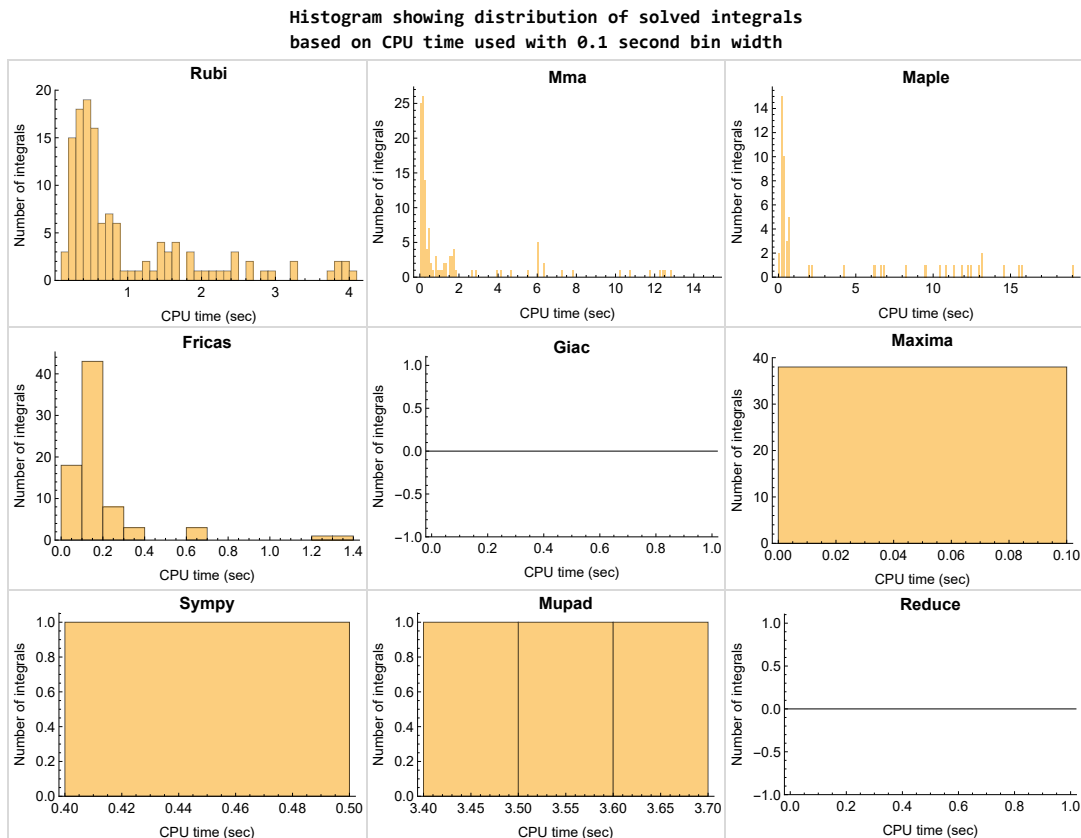


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

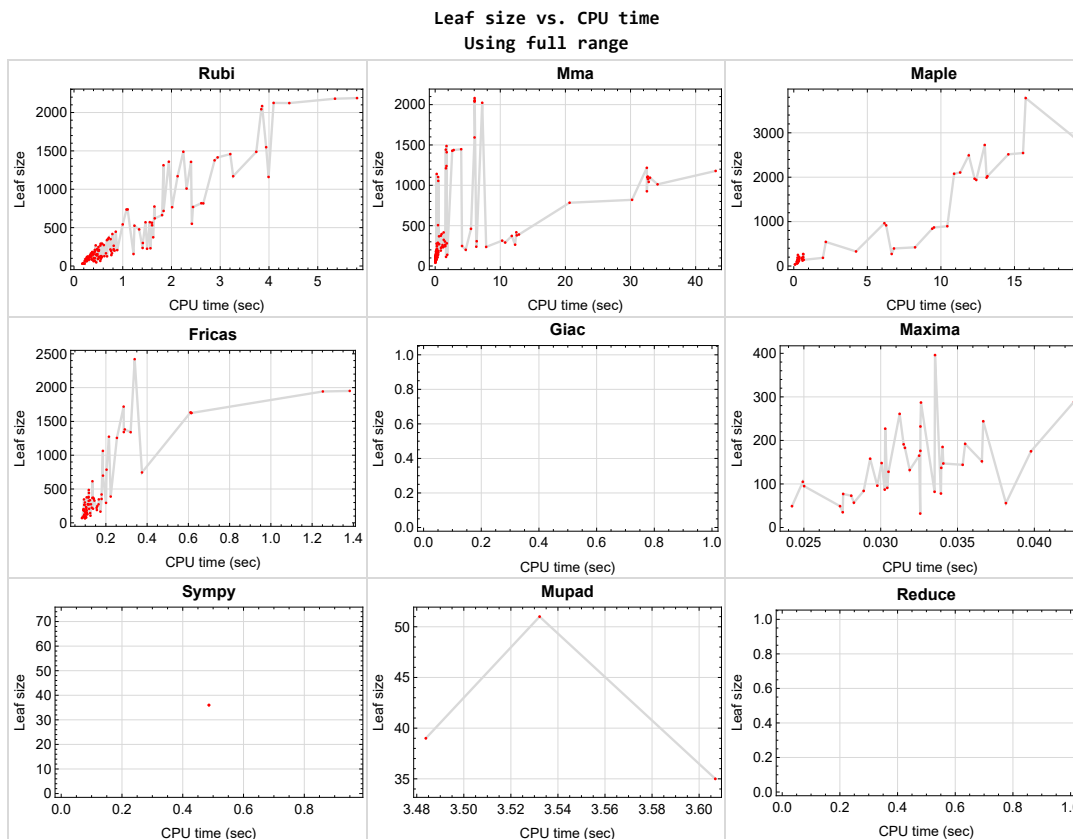


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{33, 34, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 55, 56, 62, 63, 68, 69, 74, 75, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 142, 143, 144, 145, 151, 152, 153, 154, 160, 161, 162, 163, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 178, 179}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {8, 54, 57, 61, 67, 73, 76, 164, 165, 176}

**Mathematica** {48, 51, 52, 54, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 70, 71, 73, 76, 99, 100, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 129, 130, 139, 140, 148, 157, 158, 159}

**Maple** {}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

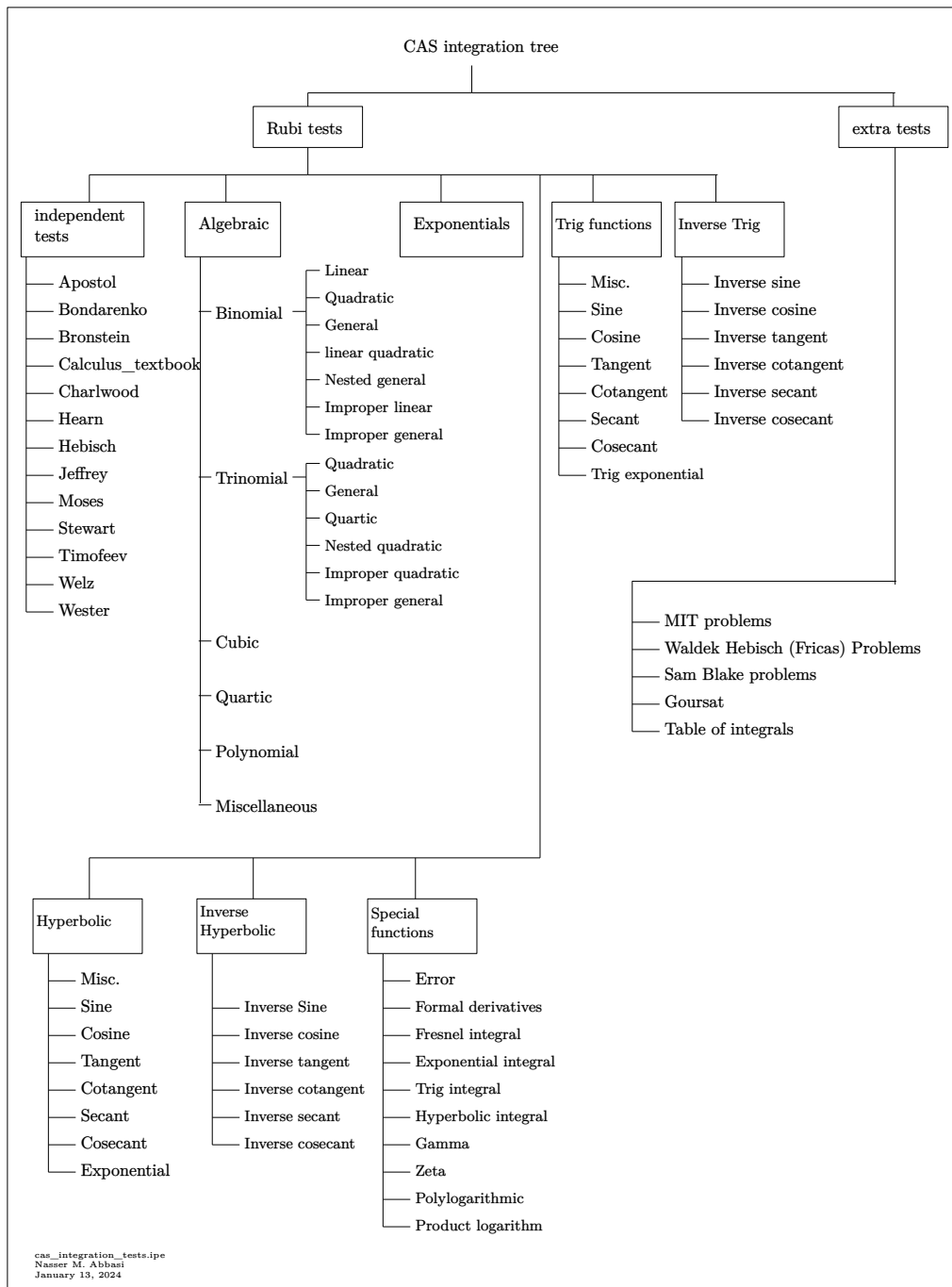
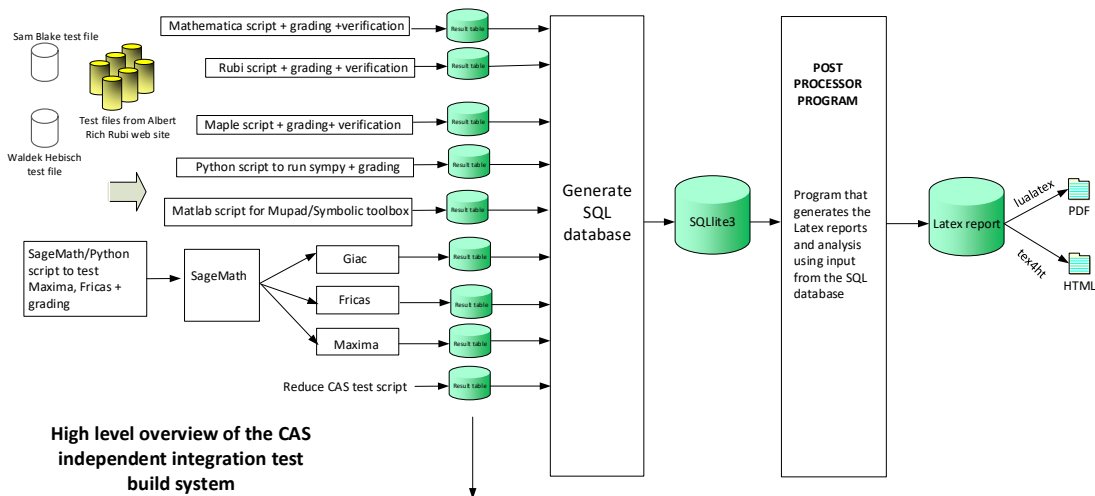


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree



# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .	30
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	35
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results . . . . .	80

## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	30
Mma . . . . .	30
Maple . . . . .	31
Fricas . . . . .	31
Maxima . . . . .	32
Giac . . . . .	32
Mupad . . . . .	33
Sympy . . . . .	33
Reduce . . . . .	34

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 21, 23, 30, 32, 36, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177 }

**B grade** { 51, 52, 53, 70, 71, 72 }

**C grade** { 8, 16, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 37 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 146, 155, 164, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177 }

**B grade** { 7, 25, 27, 47 }

**C grade** { 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120,

121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 147, 148, 149, 150, 156, 157, 158, 159, 165  
}

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85,  
86, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96 }

**B grade** { 9, 10, 50, 106, 113, 114 }

**C grade** { 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76 }

**F normal fail** { 8, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37,  
38, 41, 48, 87, 88, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 115,  
116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 148, 149,  
150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 2, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 32, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 89, 93, 94, 95, 96, 119,  
120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 146, 147, 148, 155, 156, 164, 165, 175, 176  
}

**B grade** { 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 29, 30, 31, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 50, 79, 80, 90, 91, 92,  
106, 113, 114, 141, 149, 150, 157, 158, 159, 177 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 8, 16, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 36, 37, 38, 41, 48, 51, 52, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61,  
64, 67, 71, 72, 73, 87, 88, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111,  
112, 115, 116, 117, 118, 166, 167, 168 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 53, 54, 65, 66, 70, 76 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 17, 20, 29, 44, 45, 46, 47, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96 }

**B grade** { 10, 12, 14 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 8, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 87, 88, 97, 98, 100, 102, 104, 105, 106, 107, 112, 113, 114, 115, 121, 130, 141, 150, 155, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 99, 101, 103, 108, 109, 110, 111, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 157, 160, 161, 162, 163 }

## Giac

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 177 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 175, 176 }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 6, 9, 10 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Sympy

**A grade** { 9 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 120, 121, 127, 128, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 149, 150, 155, 167, 168, 177 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 74, 75, 76, 104, 107, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 129, 130, 133, 137, 138, 148, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 170, 171, 174, 175, 176 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,  
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58,  
59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89,  
90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110,  
111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 137, 138, 139, 140,  
141, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177  
}

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	117	107	123	158	208	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	1.12	1.44	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.099	0.360	0.029	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	94	72	79	77	97	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.84	0.92	0.90	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.085	0.262	0.028	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	89	97	104	128	199	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.13	1.21	1.49	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.037	0.232	0.031	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000



Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	66	62	70	57	87	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	1.13	0.92	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.070	0.220	0.028	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	61	85	83	96	186	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.37	1.34	1.55	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.042	0.236	0.030	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	50	61	35	70	0	0	17	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	1.61	0.92	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.45	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.022	0.225	0.028	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.171	3.484

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	64	36	49	143	0	0	12	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.13	1.20	1.63	4.77	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.074	0.096	0.027	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	97	51	0	0	0	0	0	17	0
N.S.	1	1.73	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	40	58	32	64	36	0	21	35
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.93	1.07	2.13	1.20	0.00	0.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.027	0.230	0.033	0.099	0.486	0.000	0.178	3.607

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	63	66	96	105	76	0	0	25	51
N.S.	1	1.26	1.32	1.92	2.10	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.50	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.032	0.218	0.025	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.165	3.532

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	63	59	71	56	77	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.02	1.22	0.97	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.040	0.253	0.038	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	94	78	116	147	89	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.05	1.57	1.99	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.038	0.227	0.034	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	83	69	79	73	87	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.87	1.00	0.92	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.049	0.233	0.028	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	125	88	135	185	99	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.90	1.38	1.89	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.054	0.240	0.034	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	114	122	0	0	272	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.16	0.00	0.00	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	128	225	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	0.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	65	87	0	82	234	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.61	0.00	1.52	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.150	0.000	0.034	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	73	135	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	96	114	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	63	70	0	78	139	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.43	0.00	1.59	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.101	0.000	0.034	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	88	100	0	0	163	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.33	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	121	106	0	0	178	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.06	0.00	0.00	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	138	147	0	0	202	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.22	0.00	0.00	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	207	271	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.887	0.620	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	201	461	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	5.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	128	171	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.394	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	119	246	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.99	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	126	181	0	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	91	132	0	144	222	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.69	0.00	1.85	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.154	0.000	0.035	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	140	182	0	0	267	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.48	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	197	200	0	0	301	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.20	0.00	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.761	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	264	277	0	0	346	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.36	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	14	10	14	14	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	0.83	1.17	1.17	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	2.587	0.018	0.109	0.080	0.498	0.109	0.193	3.522

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	12	12	10	12	12	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.171	2.183	0.020	0.081	0.090	0.510	0.106	0.166	3.496

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	15	12	16	15	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.07	0.86	1.14	1.07	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.217	0.020	0.102	0.082	1.109	0.106	0.176	3.573



Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	47	44	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	66	56	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	110	91	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	1351	44	15	18	121	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	84.44	2.75	0.94	1.12	7.56	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	3.915	0.018	7.934	0.098	27.492	0.116	0.209	3.785

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	644	30	15	18	80	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	40.25	1.88	0.94	1.12	5.00	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	2.568	0.017	3.062	0.122	10.815	0.113	0.187	3.782

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	81	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.181	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	14	18	20	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.25	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	0.624	0.019	0.101	0.093	1.184	0.109	0.170	3.475

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	566	32	15	18	34	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	35.38	2.00	0.94	1.12	2.12	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	1.272	0.019	0.560	0.104	5.737	0.110	0.174	3.483

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	166	165	250	261	419	0	0	93	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	1.50	1.56	2.51	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	0.163	0.279	0.031	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	128	122	186	192	328	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	1.52	1.57	2.69	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.106	0.253	0.035	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	85	119	98	87	207	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.47	1.21	1.07	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.136	0.214	0.030	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	64	36	49	143	0	0	12	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.13	1.20	1.63	4.77	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	0.027	0.076	0.024	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	215	506	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	0.439	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	106	134	184	0	354	0	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.37	1.88	0.00	3.61	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.138	1.980	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	196	204	543	0	745	0	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.25	3.33	0.00	4.57	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.286	2.178	0.000	0.375	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1040	2188	1178	2897	0	0	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	2.10	1.13	2.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.806	43.068	19.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.318	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	978	2125	1094	2515	0	0	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	2.17	1.12	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.095	32.994	14.583	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.317	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	856	2043	418	1966	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	2.39	0.49	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.843	12.461	12.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	998	1313	926	840	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.93	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.836	32.514	9.409	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	138	21	19	21	59	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	6.57	1.00	0.90	1.00	2.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	39.570	0.101	1.871	0.113	14.297	0.112	0.206	3.792

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	149	21	20	21	75	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	7.10	1.00	0.95	1.00	3.57	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	6.032	0.105	2.088	0.090	15.684	0.114	0.249	3.804

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1059	1357	380	1939	0	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.36	1.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.401	12.530	12.401	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.321	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1003	1548	1098	2545	0	0	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.54	1.09	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.942	32.574	15.582	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	914	1458	1012	1991	0	0	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.60	1.11	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.206	34.150	13.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	844	1377	416	868	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.63	0.49	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.884	1.303	9.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	526	737	307	395	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.40	0.58	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.101	6.377	6.809	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	116	29	19	21	57	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	5.52	1.38	0.90	1.00	2.71	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	3.133	0.102	0.792	0.089	9.013	0.109	0.240	3.953

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	175	31	20	21	79	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	8.33	1.48	0.95	1.00	3.76	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	5.432	0.105	2.090	0.089	18.703	0.109	0.250	3.949

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	935	1488	1042	2021	0	0	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.59	1.11	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.740	32.792	13.161	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.393	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	861	1415	820	896	0	0	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	1.64	0.95	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.946	30.233	10.434	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	575	1009	264	421	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.75	0.46	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.309	12.279	8.244	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	537	736	166	328	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.31	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.077	0.476	4.231	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.294	0.000



Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	179	40	19	21	101	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	8.52	1.90	0.90	1.00	4.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	11.075	0.116	1.970	0.117	34.721	0.111	0.345	4.202

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	252	42	20	21	122	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	12.00	2.00	0.95	1.00	5.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	14.178	0.124	2.440	0.104	63.400	0.116	0.335	4.320

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	942	2180	1108	2726	0	0	0	0	174	0
N.S.	1	2.31	1.18	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.354	32.646	12.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.527	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	913	2123	1076	2492	0	0	0	0	162	0
N.S.	1	2.33	1.18	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.417	32.679	11.894	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.547	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	866	2084	390	2106	0	0	0	0	146	0
N.S.	1	2.41	0.45	2.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.859	12.863	11.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.421	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	879	1359	784	2078	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	1.55	0.89	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.946	20.638	10.897	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.420	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	239	51	0	21	247	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	11.38	2.43	0.00	1.00	11.76	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	29.069	0.121	2.433	0.111	0.000	0.115	0.993	3.880

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	316	53	0	21	281	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	15.05	2.52	0.00	1.00	13.38	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	26.421	0.136	2.776	0.093	0.000	0.115	0.462	3.833

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1006	1489	1217	3782	0	0	0	0	260	0
N.S.	1	1.48	1.21	3.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.243	32.506	15.764	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.165	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	172	138	198	289	295	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.64	0.93	1.35	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.159	0.635	0.043	0.201	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	140	119	158	227	273	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.71	0.95	1.36	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.122	0.561	0.030	0.164	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	106	155	109	148	245	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.35	0.95	1.29	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.166	0.335	0.030	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	86	109	102	84	222	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.20	1.12	0.92	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.102	0.298	0.029	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	104	68	109	91	105	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.62	1.00	0.83	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.072	0.332	0.030	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	135	93	127	132	127	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.59	0.80	0.84	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.095	0.328	0.032	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	164	109	145	165	146	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.53	0.71	0.80	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.112	0.343	0.033	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	166	114	139	176	165	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.56	0.68	0.86	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.179	0.676	0.033	0.174	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	135	97	121	137	144	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.61	0.76	0.86	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.159	0.595	0.034	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	122	77	181	95	123	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.53	1.24	0.65	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.082	0.568	0.025	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	142	107	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.767	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	165	124	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	220	182	270	396	388	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.70	1.04	1.52	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	0.215	0.639	0.034	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	183	149	195	287	353	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.76	0.99	1.46	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.138	0.335	0.033	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	152	134	173	191	347	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.79	1.02	1.12	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.123	0.353	0.031	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	151	123	186	152	334	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.75	1.13	0.93	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.160	0.362	0.037	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	175	126	175	175	165	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.67	0.93	0.93	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.141	0.369	0.040	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	206	152	207	232	197	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.61	0.83	0.93	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.167	0.362	0.033	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	212	159	198	244	224	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.64	0.79	0.98	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.247	0.619	0.037	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	165	123	266	183	189	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.61	1.31	0.90	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.177	0.640	0.032	0.156	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	208	150	0	0	0	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.816	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	218	186	0	0	0	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.814	0.474	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	512	564	1239	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.599	1.735	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000



Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	449	531	1103	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.18	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.602	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	477	525	1055	0	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.240	0.478	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	425	477	1141	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.12	2.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.336	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	518	570	1211	0	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.467	1.656	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	571	663	1447	0	0	0	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.16	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.807	3.995	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	535	621	1410	0	0	0	0	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.16	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.657	1.770	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	125	271	271	0	615	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.95	1.95	0.00	4.42	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.516	6.654	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	515	571	1428	0	0	0	0	0	138	0
N.S.	1	1.11	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.555	2.622	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	756	816	1593	0	0	0	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.652	6.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	719	775	1442	0	0	0	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.650	1.636	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	713	769	1437	0	0	0	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.442	2.842	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	758	818	1487	0	0	0	0	0	155	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.612	1.742	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	676	766	2023	0	0	0	0	0	238	0
N.S.	1	1.13	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.012	7.227	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	153	375	963	0	1381	0	0	180	0
N.S.	1	0.92	2.25	5.77	0.00	8.27	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.866	6.159	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	202	368	916	0	1256	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.80	4.47	0.00	6.13	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.593	6.278	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	657	717	2081	0	0	0	0	0	265	0
N.S.	1	1.09	3.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.838	6.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1106	1170	2045	0	0	0	0	0	272	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.126	6.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1106	1170	2053	0	0	0	0	0	271	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.265	6.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1096	1160	2038	0	0	0	0	0	263	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.992	6.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	413	374	324	0	0	1951	0	0	97	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.78	0.00	0.00	4.72	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.625	1.318	0.000	0.000	1.382	0.000	0.000	0.473	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	273	263	0	0	1625	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.87	0.00	0.00	5.38	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	1.538	0.000	0.000	0.615	0.000	0.000	0.422	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	186	233	0	0	1342	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.15	0.00	0.00	6.61	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	1.229	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.349	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	20	23	84	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.87	1.00	3.65	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	5.500	0.129	0.000	0.090	9.665	0.124	0.264	4.197

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	22	23	107	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	4.65	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	10.335	0.124	0.000	0.086	16.639	0.126	0.263	4.365

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	27	22	23	87	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.17	0.96	1.00	3.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	6.318	0.125	0.000	0.083	28.253	0.129	0.275	4.291

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	61	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	3.05	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	3.003	0.128	0.000	0.096	7.094	0.131	0.244	4.118

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	22	23	67	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	2.91	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	1.671	0.127	0.000	0.087	9.421	0.123	0.242	4.452

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>A</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	337	237	0	0	275	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	7.834	0.000	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	455	447	314	0	0	377	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.857	10.287	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	384	348	303	0	0	1943	0	0	121	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.79	0.00	0.00	5.06	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.693	1.505	0.000	0.000	1.252	0.000	0.000	0.659	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	248	246	0	0	1625	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.91	0.00	0.00	6.02	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	1.564	0.000	0.000	0.614	0.000	0.000	0.569	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	20	23	123	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.87	1.00	5.35	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	6.125	0.131	0.000	0.106	73.671	0.151	0.330	4.136



Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	145	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	6.30	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	10.553	0.134	0.000	0.093	70.124	0.125	0.335	4.441

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	43	0	23	133	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.87	0.00	1.00	5.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	6.614	0.131	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.136	0.384	4.386

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	37	19	20	108	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.85	0.95	1.00	5.40	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	3.564	0.122	0.000	0.091	71.019	0.135	0.334	4.169

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	109	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	4.74	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	6.365	0.114	0.000	0.087	64.994	0.135	0.339	4.509

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	111	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	4.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	11.998	0.124	0.000	0.099	74.604	0.126	0.331	4.354

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	420	417	291	0	0	374	0	0	120	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.788	10.753	0.000	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.342	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	560	542	372	0	0	486	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.999	11.762	0.000	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.387	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	300	281	0	0	1633	0	0	79	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.85	0.00	0.00	4.96	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.412	1.793	0.000	0.000	0.610	0.000	0.000	0.383	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	208	236	0	0	1341	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.91	1.03	0.00	0.00	5.86	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	1.041	0.000	0.000	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	131	108	0	0	1064	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.80	0.00	0.00	7.88	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	31	20	23	81	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.35	0.87	1.00	3.52	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	1.081	0.119	0.000	0.094	8.357	0.123	0.259	3.967

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	33	22	23	111	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.43	0.96	1.00	4.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	4.718	0.119	0.000	0.096	31.517	0.120	0.250	4.009

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	27	22	23	69	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.17	0.96	1.00	3.00	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	7.082	0.121	0.000	0.081	15.764	0.122	0.245	4.031

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	48	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	2.40	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.692	0.124	0.000	0.096	3.434	0.125	0.291	3.745

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	247	267	139	0	0	179	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	1.854	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	364	368	239	0	0	274	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.714	6.314	0.000	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	235	260	0	0	1719	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.02	0.00	0.00	6.71	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.408	1.130	0.000	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.441	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	155	191	0	0	1274	0	0	126	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.19	0.00	0.00	7.96	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.867	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.394	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	79	0	0	368	0	0	105	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	4.49	0.00	0.00	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.347	0.000

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	42	20	23	223	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.83	0.87	1.00	9.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	7.561	0.141	0.000	0.098	74.171	0.130	0.253	4.178

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	44	0	23	269	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.91	0.00	1.00	11.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	9.739	0.131	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.125	0.298	4.275

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	47	0	23	208	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.04	0.00	1.00	9.04	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	10.513	0.136	0.000	0.126	0.000	0.136	0.288	4.234

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	47	22	23	179	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.04	0.96	1.00	7.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	5.510	0.151	0.000	0.120	38.131	0.131	0.267	3.985

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	113	0	0	127	0	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	1.672	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	291	201	0	0	272	0	0	147	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	4.696	0.000	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	225	241	0	0	2421	0	0	266	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.00	9.65	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.499	1.284	0.000	0.000	0.340	0.000	0.000	0.472	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	153	139	0	0	786	0	0	246	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.82	0.00	0.00	4.65	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.405	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	131	132	0	0	698	0	0	222	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.92	0.00	0.00	4.85	0.00	0.00	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.331	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	53	0	23	433	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.30	0.00	1.00	18.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	12.654	0.138	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.132	0.271	4.143

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	55	0	23	477	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.39	0.00	1.00	20.74	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	15.675	0.139	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.135	0.299	4.505

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	58	0	23	391	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.00	17.00	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	12.990	0.138	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.141	0.304	4.326

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	58	0	23	336	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.00	14.61	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	9.016	0.132	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.138	0.299	4.287



Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	291	189	0	0	371	0	0	268	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.73	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.299	0.000	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	269	248	0	0	442	0	0	276	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.85	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	4.127	0.000	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	596	550	396	0	0	0	0	0	656	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.418	0.986	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	379	350	288	0	0	0	0	0	360	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.751	0.420	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	209	167	0	0	0	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	20	25	43	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.87	1.09	1.87	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	1.977	0.132	0.115	0.096	54.335	0.112	0.185	3.723

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	36	0	25	65	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.57	0.00	1.09	2.83	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	4.341	0.146	0.123	0.098	0.000	0.115	0.211	3.782

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	42	0	25	87	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.68	0.00	1.00	3.48	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.986	0.141	0.139	0.098	0.000	0.163	0.491	3.795

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	25	24	25	41	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.64	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.127	0.119	0.130	0.100	61.741	0.141	0.312	3.699

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	25	24	25	45	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.80	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	1.009	0.153	0.135	0.134	29.602	0.126	0.259	3.828

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	45	0	25	77	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.80	0.00	1.00	3.08	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	1.183	0.139	0.133	0.102	0.000	0.125	0.279	3.902

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	231	214	0	0	382	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.569	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.445	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	156	180	0	0	324	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.68	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.221	0.329	0.000	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.353	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	101	141	0	0	265	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.78	1.08	0.00	0.00	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	88	37	34	26	50	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	3.38	1.42	1.31	1.00	1.92	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.396	0.130	0.394	0.083	8.254	0.126	0.186	4.535

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	112	39	36	26	79	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	4.31	1.50	1.38	1.00	3.04	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	6.944	0.132	0.421	0.088	101.549	0.116	0.189	4.240

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [32] had the largest ratio of [1.4285699999999999]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	8	7	1.06	12	0.583
2	A	4	4	1.09	12	0.333
3	A	7	6	1.03	12	0.500
4	A	3	3	1.06	12	0.250
5	A	6	5	0.98	12	0.417
6	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
7	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
8	C	10	9	1.73	12	0.750
9	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
10	A	5	4	1.26	12	0.333
11	A	5	4	1.09	12	0.333
12	A	6	5	1.27	12	0.417
13	A	5	4	1.05	12	0.333
14	A	7	6	1.28	12	0.500
15	A	13	12	1.09	14	0.857
16	C	12	11	1.05	14	0.786
17	A	10	9	1.20	12	0.750
18	C	8	7	1.07	10	0.700
19	C	10	9	1.19	14	0.643
20	C	10	9	1.29	14	0.643
21	A	7	6	1.17	14	0.429

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	C	12	11	1.21	14	0.786
23	A	10	9	1.15	14	0.643
24	C	19	18	1.06	14	1.286
25	C	14	13	1.04	14	0.929
26	C	14	13	1.09	12	1.083
27	C	9	8	0.99	10	0.800
28	C	11	10	1.15	14	0.714
29	C	14	13	1.17	14	0.929
30	A	12	11	1.14	14	0.786
31	C	18	17	1.19	14	1.214
32	A	21	20	1.29	14	1.429
33	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
34	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
35	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
36	A	9	8	1.02	14	0.571
37	C	12	11	1.05	14	0.786
38	A	4	3	0.94	14	0.214
39	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
40	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
41	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
42	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
43	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
44	A	15	14	0.99	16	0.875
45	A	13	12	1.05	16	0.750
46	A	12	11	1.05	14	0.786
47	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
48	A	2	2	1.04	16	0.125
49	A	8	7	1.08	16	0.438
50	A	9	8	1.20	16	0.500
51	B	27	26	2.10	21	1.238
52	B	21	20	2.17	21	0.952

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
53	B	20	19	2.39	19	1.000
54	A	13	12	1.32	18	0.667
55	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
56	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
57	A	16	15	1.28	18	0.833
58	A	19	18	1.54	21	0.857
59	A	17	16	1.60	21	0.762
60	A	15	14	1.63	19	0.737
61	A	7	6	1.40	18	0.333
62	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
63	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
64	A	17	16	1.59	21	0.762
65	A	15	14	1.64	21	0.667
66	A	12	11	1.75	19	0.579
67	A	7	6	1.37	18	0.333
68	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
69	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
70	B	26	25	2.31	21	1.190
71	B	26	25	2.33	21	1.190
72	B	22	21	2.41	19	1.105
73	A	16	15	1.55	18	0.833
74	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
75	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
76	A	17	16	1.48	18	0.889
77	A	8	7	0.80	19	0.368
78	A	7	6	0.84	19	0.316
79	A	6	5	0.92	16	0.312
80	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
81	A	4	4	0.95	19	0.211
82	A	5	5	0.85	19	0.263
83	A	6	6	0.80	19	0.316

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
84	A	6	5	0.81	19	0.263
85	A	6	5	0.85	19	0.263
86	A	5	4	0.84	17	0.235
87	A	6	5	1.23	19	0.263
88	A	6	5	1.29	19	0.263
89	A	9	8	0.85	21	0.381
90	A	8	7	0.93	18	0.389
91	A	9	8	0.89	21	0.381
92	A	8	7	0.92	21	0.333
93	A	6	6	0.93	21	0.286
94	A	7	7	0.83	21	0.333
95	A	6	5	0.85	21	0.238
96	A	5	4	0.81	19	0.211
97	A	6	5	1.17	21	0.238
98	A	6	5	1.22	21	0.238
99	A	4	3	1.10	21	0.143
100	A	4	3	1.18	19	0.158
101	A	4	3	1.10	18	0.167
102	A	4	3	1.12	21	0.143
103	A	4	3	1.10	21	0.143
104	A	4	3	1.16	21	0.143
105	A	4	3	1.16	21	0.143
106	A	7	6	0.90	19	0.316
107	A	4	3	1.11	21	0.143
108	A	4	3	1.08	21	0.143
109	A	4	3	1.08	21	0.143
110	A	4	3	1.08	18	0.167
111	A	4	3	1.08	21	0.143
112	A	4	3	1.13	21	0.143
113	A	7	6	0.92	21	0.286
114	A	9	8	0.99	19	0.421
115	A	4	3	1.09	21	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
116	A	4	3	1.06	21	0.143
117	A	4	3	1.06	21	0.143
118	A	4	3	1.06	18	0.167
119	A	15	14	0.91	23	0.609
120	A	13	12	0.90	23	0.522
121	A	10	9	0.92	21	0.429
122	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
123	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
124	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
125	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
126	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
127	A	9	9	1.02	23	0.391
128	A	10	10	0.98	23	0.435
129	A	15	14	0.91	23	0.609
130	A	12	11	0.92	21	0.524
131	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
132	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
133	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
134	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
135	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
136	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
137	A	10	10	0.99	23	0.435
138	A	11	11	0.97	23	0.478
139	A	13	12	0.91	23	0.522
140	A	11	10	0.91	23	0.435
141	A	9	8	0.97	21	0.381
142	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
143	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
144	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
145	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
146	A	9	9	1.08	23	0.391
147	A	9	9	1.01	23	0.391
148	A	11	10	0.92	23	0.435
149	A	9	8	0.97	23	0.348
150	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
151	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
152	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
153	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
154	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
155	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
156	A	9	9	1.06	23	0.391
157	A	11	10	0.90	23	0.435
158	A	8	7	0.91	23	0.304
159	A	6	5	0.91	21	0.238
160	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
161	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
162	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
163	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
164	A	7	7	1.13	23	0.304
165	A	5	5	0.92	20	0.250
166	A	8	8	0.92	23	0.348
167	A	7	7	0.92	23	0.304
168	A	5	5	0.95	21	0.238
169	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
170	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
171	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
172	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
173	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
174	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
175	A	8	7	0.58	26	0.269
176	A	10	9	0.59	26	0.346

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
177	A	9	8	0.78	26	0.308
178	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
179	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	94
3.2	$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	102
3.3	$\int x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	108
3.4	$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	115
3.5	$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	121
3.6	$\int x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	127
3.7	$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	132
3.8	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx$	137
3.9	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$	144
3.10	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$	149
3.11	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx$	155
3.12	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$	161
3.13	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$	167
3.14	$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx$	173
3.15	$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	179
3.16	$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	187
3.17	$\int x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	194
3.18	$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	201
3.19	$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx$	208
3.20	$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$	215
3.21	$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$	221
3.22	$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$	227

3.23	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$	234
3.24	$\int x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	241
3.25	$\int x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	250
3.26	$\int x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	259
3.27	$\int (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	267
3.28	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx$	274
3.29	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$	282
3.30	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$	289
3.31	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$	297
3.32	$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$	306
3.33	$\int \frac{x}{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$	316
3.34	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$	321
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$	326
3.36	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$	331
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$	337
3.38	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$	344
3.39	$\int (dx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	349
3.40	$\int (dx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	354
3.41	$\int (dx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	359
3.42	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$	364
3.43	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$	369
3.44	$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	374
3.45	$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	385
3.46	$\int (d+ex) (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	394
3.47	$\int (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	402
3.48	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex} dx$	407
3.49	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	413
3.50	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	420
3.51	$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	429
3.52	$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	451

3.53	$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	474
3.54	$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	488
3.55	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	501
3.56	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	506
3.57	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	511
3.58	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	524
3.59	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	543
3.60	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	558
3.61	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	570
3.62	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	579
3.63	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	584
3.64	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	589
3.65	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	604
3.66	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	618
3.67	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	628
3.68	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	636
3.69	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	641
3.70	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	646
3.71	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	684
3.72	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	708
3.73	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	727
3.74	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	746
3.75	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	751
3.76	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	756
3.77	$\int x^4(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	774
3.78	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	782
3.79	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	790

3.80	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	798
3.81	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	805
3.82	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	811
3.83	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	818
3.84	$\int x^5(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	826
3.85	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	833
3.86	$\int x(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	840
3.87	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	846
3.88	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	852
3.89	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	858
3.90	$\int (d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	868
3.91	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	876
3.92	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	884
3.93	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	892
3.94	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	900
3.95	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	908
3.96	$\int x(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	916
3.97	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	923
3.98	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	930
3.99	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	937
3.100	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	945
3.101	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} dx$	953
3.102	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)} dx$	960
3.103	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)} dx$	967
3.104	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	976
3.105	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	985
3.106	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	994
3.107	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1002

3.108	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1011
3.109	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1020
3.110	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1029
3.111	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1038
3.112	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1047
3.113	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1056
3.114	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1065
3.115	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1075
3.116	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1084
3.117	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1092
3.118	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1100
3.119	$\int x^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1108
3.120	$\int x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1120
3.121	$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1130
3.122	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	1139
3.123	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	1144
3.124	$\int x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1149
3.125	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1154
3.126	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	1159
3.127	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	1164
3.128	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	1172
3.129	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1181
3.130	$\int x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1192
3.131	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	1201
3.132	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	1206
3.133	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1211
3.134	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1216
3.135	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	1221



3.136	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	1226
3.137	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	1231
3.138	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	1240
3.139	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1250
3.140	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1261
3.141	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1270
3.142	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1278
3.143	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1283
3.144	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1288
3.145	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1293
3.146	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1298
3.147	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1306
3.148	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1314
3.149	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1323
3.150	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1331
3.151	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1337
3.152	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1342
3.153	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1347
3.154	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1352
3.155	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1357
3.156	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1362
3.157	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1370
3.158	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1379
3.159	$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1387
3.160	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1394

3.161	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1399
3.162	$\int \frac{x^6(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1404
3.163	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1409
3.164	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1414
3.165	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1422
3.166	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^3 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1429
3.167	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1440
3.168	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2) (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1449
3.169	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	1456
3.170	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1461
3.171	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1466
3.172	$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1471
3.173	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1476
3.174	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1481
3.175	$\int \frac{x^{11}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$	1486
3.176	$\int \frac{x^7(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$	1494
3.177	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$	1502
3.178	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$	1509
3.179	$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$	1514

### 3.1 $\int x^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	94
Mathematica [A] (verified)	94
Rubi [A] (verified)	95
Maple [A] (verified)	98
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	99
Sympy [F]	99
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	100
Giac [F]	100
Mupad [F(-1)]	101
Reduce [F]	101

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int x^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{5b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{112c^5} - \frac{5b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4}{168c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^6}{42c} + \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{5b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{112c^7}$$

output

```
5/112*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^5-5/168*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c^3+1/42*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6/c+1/7*x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-5/112*b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^7}{7} + b\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} \left( \frac{5x^2}{112c^5} - \frac{5x^4}{168c^3} + \frac{x^6}{42c} \right) + \frac{1}{7}bx^7csch^{-1}(cx) - \frac{5b \log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{112c^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output  $(a*x^7)/7 + b*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((5*x^2)/(112*c^5) - (5*x^4)/(168*c^3) + x^6/(42*c)) + (b*x^7*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/7 - (5*b*\text{Log}[x*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2])])]/(112*c^7)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$ , Rules used = {6838, 798, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6838 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{7c} + \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( -\frac{5 \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} dx \frac{1}{x^2}}}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} dx \frac{1}{x^2}}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \int \frac{1}{c^2 x^4 - c^2} dx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b}{14c} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^2} - x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^6\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} \right)$$

input `Int[x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/7 - (b*(-1/3*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^6) - (5*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4) - (3*(-(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]]/c^2))/(4*c^2)))/(6*c^2)))/(14*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 6838 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m +
1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^7}{7} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^7 x^7 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-8c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 10c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 15cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{336 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^7}$	123
derivativedivides	$\frac{ac^7 x^7}{7} + b \left( \frac{c^7 x^7 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-8c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 10c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 15cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{336 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right) \frac{1}{c^7}$	127
default	$\frac{ac^7 x^7}{7} + b \left( \frac{c^7 x^7 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-8c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 10c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 15cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{336 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right) \frac{1}{c^7}$	127

```
input int(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/7*a*x^7+b/c^7*(1/7*c^7*x^7*arccsch(c*x)-1/336*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-8*c^5*
x^5*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+10*c^3*x^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-15*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)+15*arcsinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{48 ac^7 x^7 + 48 bc^7 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 48 bc^7 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1\right) + 15 b \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{336 c^7}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/336*(48*a*c^7*x^7 + 48*b*c^7*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 48*b*c^7*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 15*b*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + 48*(b*c^7*x^7 - b*c^7)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (8*b*c^6*x^6 - 10*b*c^4*x^4 + 15*b*c^2*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^7`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**6*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{7} ax^7 + \frac{1}{672} \left( 96 x^7 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^3 - 3 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^2 + 3 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right) - c^6} - \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^6} + \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^6} \right) c$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/7*a*x^7 + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsch(c*x) + (2*(15*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) -
40*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) +
1)^3 - 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^6) - 15*log
(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 + 15*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^6)/
c)*b
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^6 dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^6, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^6 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^6*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x^6*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^6 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(7*int(acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b + a*x**7)/7`

### 3.2 $\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	102
Rubi [A] (verified)	103
Maple [A] (verified)	104
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	105
Sympy [F]	105
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	106
Giac [F]	106
Mupad [F(-1)]	106
Reduce [F]	107

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{45c^5} - \frac{2b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3}{45c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^5}{30c} + \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
4/45*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^5-2/45*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c^3+1/30*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5/c+1/6*x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} + b\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} \left( \frac{4x}{45c^5} - \frac{2x^3}{45c^3} + \frac{x^5}{30c} \right) + \frac{1}{6}bx^6 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

$$(a*x^6)/6 + b*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((4*x)/(45*c^5) - (2*x^3)/(45*c^3) + x^5/(30*c)) + (b*x^6*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/6$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6838, 803, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6838$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{5c^2} \right)}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{4 \left( \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right)}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{4 \left( \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right)}{6c}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{b \left( \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) x^5 / 5 - \left( 4 \left( -2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) x \right) / \left( 3 c^2 \right) + \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) x^3 / 3 \right) / \left( 5 c^2 \right) / \left( 6 c \right) + \left( x^6 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \right) / 6$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1) / a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^6 a}{6} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(3c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^6}$	79
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a c^6 x^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(3c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^6}$	83
default	$\frac{\frac{a c^6 x^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(3c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^6}$	83

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{6}x^6a + \frac{b}{c^6} \left( \frac{1}{6}c^6x^6 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{1}{90}(c^2x^2+1)(3c^4x^4 - 4c^2x^2 + 8) \right) / \left( \frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2} \right)^{1/2} / c/x$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15bc^5x^6 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) + 15ac^5x^6 + (3bc^4x^5 - 4bc^2x^3 + 8bx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{90c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{90}(15bc^5x^6 \log((cx\sqrt{(c^2x^2+1)/(c^2x^2)}+1)/(cx)) + 15ac^5x^6 + (3bc^4x^5 - 4bc^2x^3 + 8bx)\sqrt{(c^2x^2+1)/(c^2x^2)}))/c^5$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{6} ax^6 + \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*x^6 + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsch(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5 dx \right) b + \frac{ax^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b + a*x**6)/6`



### 3.3 $\int x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	108
Mathematica [A] (verified)	108
Rubi [A] (verified)	109
Maple [A] (verified)	111
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	112
Sympy [F]	112
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	113
Giac [F]	113
Mupad [F(-1)]	114
Reduce [F]	114

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = -\frac{3b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}}{40c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^4}}{20c} + \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{3b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{40c^5}$$

output

```
-3/40*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^3+1/20*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c+1/5*x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+3/40*b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + b\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\left(-\frac{3x^2}{40c^3} + \frac{x^4}{20c}\right) + \frac{1}{5}bx^5csch^{-1}(cx) + \frac{3b\log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{40c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + b*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((-3*x^2)/(40*c^3) + x^4/(20*c
)) + (b*x^5*ArcSch[c*x])/5 + (3*b*Log[x*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2
])])]/(40*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {6838, 798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6838} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{5c} + \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{10c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( -\frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{10c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( -\frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \int \frac{1}{\frac{c^2}{x^4} - c^2} d\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{10c}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c^2} - x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{10c}$$

↓ 221

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/5 - (b*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4) - (3*(-(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c^2)))/(4*c^2)))/(10*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 6838 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m +
1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 3cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{40 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^5}$	104
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{c^5 x^5 a}{5} + b \left( \frac{c^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 3cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{40 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^5}$	108
default	$\frac{\frac{c^5 x^5 a}{5} + b \left( \frac{c^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (2c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 3cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{40 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^5}$	108

```
input int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*a*x^5+b/c^5*(1/5*c^5*x^5*arccsch(c*x)+1/40*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*c^3*x^
3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*arcsinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8ac^5x^5 + 8bc^5 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 8bc^5 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx - 1\right) - 3b \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx\right)}{40c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/40*(8*a*c^5*x^5 + 8*b*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 8*b*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - 3*b*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + 8*(b*c^5*x^5 - b*c^5)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (2*b*c^4*x^4 - 3*b*c^2*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^5`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} ax^5 + \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^2 - 2c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right) + c^4} - \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{c^4} + \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{c^4} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*a*x^5 + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsch(c*x) - (2*(3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^4 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(5*int(acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b + a*x**5)/5`

### 3.4 $\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	115
Mathematica [A] (verified)	115
Rubi [A] (verified)	116
Maple [A] (verified)	117
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	118
Sympy [F]	118
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	118
Giac [F]	119
Mupad [F(-1)]	119
Reduce [F]	120

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{6c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3}{12c} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
-1/6*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/12*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + b\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\left(-\frac{x}{6c^3} + \frac{x^3}{12c}\right) + \frac{1}{4}bx^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + b*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*(-1/6*x/c^3 + x^3/(12*c)) + (b*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/4
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {6838, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6838$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c^2} \right)}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3c^2} \right)}{4c}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*((-2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(3*c^2) + (sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3)/3)) / (4*c) + (x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/4`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 746  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)} / a), x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]

rule 803  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{(p+1)} / (a \cdot (m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot (m+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m+n)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]

rule 6838  $\text{Int}[(a_ + \text{ArcSch}[(c_ \cdot)(x_ )] \cdot (b_ )) \cdot ((d_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(m_ )}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSch}[c \cdot x]) / (d \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[b \cdot (d / (c \cdot (m+1))) \text{Int}[(d \cdot x)^{(m-1)} / \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1 / (c^2 \cdot x^2)], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^4 a}{4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(c^2 x^2 - 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	70
derivativeldivides	$\frac{\frac{a c^4 x^4}{4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(c^2 x^2 - 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	74
default	$\frac{\frac{a c^4 x^4}{4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(c^2 x^2 - 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	74

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/4 \cdot x^4 \cdot a + b / c^4 \cdot (1/4 \cdot c^4 \cdot x^4 \cdot \operatorname{arcsch}(c \cdot x) + 1/12 \cdot (c^2 \cdot x^2 + 1) \cdot (c^2 \cdot x^2 - 2) / ((c^2 \cdot x^2 + 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} / c / x)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3bc^3x^4 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) + 3ac^3x^4 + (bc^2x^3 - 2bx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{12c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*b*c^3*x^4*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 3*a*c^3*x^4 + (b*c^2*x^3 - 2*b*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^3`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2x^3\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b + \frac{ax^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b + a*x**4)/4`

### 3.5 $\int x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	121
Mathematica [A] (verified)	121
Rubi [A] (verified)	122
Maple [A] (verified)	124
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	124
Sympy [F]	125
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	125
Giac [F]	126
Mupad [F(-1)]	126
Reduce [F]	126

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{6c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^3}$$

output `1/6*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-1/6*b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{6c} + \frac{1}{3}bx^3csch^{-1}(cx) - \frac{b\log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{6c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(6*c) + (b*x^3*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/3 - (b*\text{Log}[x*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2])])/(6*c^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {6838, 798, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6838} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c} + \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{2c^2} \right)}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \int \frac{1}{\frac{c^2}{x^4} - c^2} d\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c^2} - x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{6c} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 - (b*(-(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c^2)/(6*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	83
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{c^3 x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	87
default	$\frac{\frac{c^3 x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (-cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	87

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/3*x^3*a+b/c^3*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccsch(c*x)-1/6*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+arcsinh(c*x))}{(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/x}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3x^3 + bc^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 2bc^3 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 2bc^3 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx - 1\right) + b \log\left(\dots\right)}{6c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*(2*a*c^3*x^3 + b*c^2*x^2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*b*c^3*log(c
*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 2*b*c^3*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^
2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + b*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c
*x) + 2*(b*c^3*x^3 - b*c^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c
*x)))/c^3
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)-c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^2}}{c} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*a*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b + \frac{ax^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b + a*x**3)/3`

### 3.6 $\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	127
Mathematica [A] (verified)	127
Rubi [A] (verified)	128
Maple [A] (verified)	129
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	129
Sympy [F]	130
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Giac [F]	130
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	131
Reduce [F]	131

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

output `1/2*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + (b*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {6838, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6838$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{2c} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{bx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2c}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(2*c) + (x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	61
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{ac^2 x^2}{2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	65
default	$\frac{\frac{ac^2 x^2}{2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	65

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a*x^2+b/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsch(c*x)+1/2/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x*(c^2*x^2+1))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. 2(32) = 64.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{sch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bcx^2 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) + acx^2 + bx\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*c*x^2*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + a*c*x^2 + b*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2} + \frac{bx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2c}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*asinh(1/(c*x)))/2 + (b*x*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(2*c)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b + \frac{ax^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b + a*x**2)/2`



### 3.7 $\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	132
Mathematica [B] (verified)	132
Rubi [A] (verified)	133
Maple [A] (verified)	133
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	134
Sympy [F]	134
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	135
Giac [F]	135
Mupad [F(-1)]	135
Reduce [F]	136

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
a*x+b*x*arccsch(c*x)+b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[a + b*ArcCsch[c*x], x]
```

output

```
a*x + b*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*x)])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c} + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcCsch[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$xa + bx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	36
parts	$xa + bx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	36
derivativedivides	$\frac{acx + b\left(cx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$	39

input `int(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*a+b*x*arccsch(c*x)+b/c*ln(c*x+c*x*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.77

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{acx + bc \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1 \right) - bc \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1 \right) - b \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx \right) + (bcx}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*c*x + b*c*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - b*c*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - b*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + (b*c*x - b*c)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/c`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*acsch(c*x),x)`

output `Integral(a + b*acsch(c*x), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ax + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1\right)\right)b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b/c`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(b*arccsch(c*x) + a, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) dx$$

input `int(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)),x)`output `int(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b + ax$$

input `int(a+b*acsch(c*x),x)`

output `int(acsch(c*x),x)*b + a*x`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	137
Mathematica [A] (verified)	137
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	138
Maple [F]	141
Fricas [F]	141
Sympy [F]	141
Maxima [F]	142
Giac [F]	142
Mupad [F(-1)]	142
Reduce [F]	143

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2b} - (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/b-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*b*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + a \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]^2)/2 - b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x])}] + a \operatorname{Log}[x] - (b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x])}])]/2}{}$$
**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {6836, 6190, 25, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6836} \\ & - \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6190} \\ & \frac{\int - \left( (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \coth\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{b}\right) \right) d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \coth\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{b}\right) d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int -i(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \tan\left(\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{i \int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2ia + \pi) - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b}\right) d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{i \left( 2i \int \frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{1 + e^{\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi}} d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) - \frac{i}{2x^2} \right)}{b}$$

4201  
↓

$$\frac{i \left( 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} b \int \log \left( 1 + e^{\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} \right) d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) - \frac{1}{2} b (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + e^{-\frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} \right) \right)}{b}$$

2620  
↓

$$\frac{i \left( 2i \left( -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \int x \log \left( 1 + e^{\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} \right) d e^{\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} - \frac{1}{2} b (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + e^{-\frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} - i\pi} \right) \right)}{b}$$

2715  
↓

$$\frac{i \left( 2i \left( \frac{1}{4} b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -a - \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}) \right) - \frac{1}{2} b (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + e^{-\frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{b} + \frac{2a}{b} - i\pi} \right) \right) - \frac{i}{2x} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/x,x]`

output `((-I)*((-1/2*I)/x^2 + (2*I)*(-1/2*(b*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))*Log[1 + E^((2*a)/b - I*Pi - (2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x])))/b])) + (b^2*PolyLog[2, -a - b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]])/4))/b`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4201 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_]*(f_)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 6190 `Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 6836

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(4*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 + x), x) - 2*c^2*integrate(x*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x) - (log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c) + log(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c) - 2*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*integrate(log(x)/(c^2*x^3 + x), x))*b + a*log(x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b + \log(x) a$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*b + log(x)*a`

### 3.9 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	144
Rubi [A] (verified)	145
Maple [B] (verified)	146
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	146
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	147
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	147
Giac [F]	147
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	148
Reduce [F]	148

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

output `b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} + bc\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) + b*c*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {6838, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 6838

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3} dx}{c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

↓ 793

$$bc \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} + bc \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{cx} + \frac{c^2x^2+1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right)$	58
derivativedivides	$c \left( -\frac{a}{cx} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{cx} + \frac{c^2x^2+1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right) \right)$	62
default	$c \left( -\frac{a}{cx} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{cx} + \frac{c^2x^2+1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right) \right)$	62

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-a/x+b*c*(-1/c/x*arccsch(c*x)+1/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/x^2*(c^2*x^2+1))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{bcx \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - b \log \left( \frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 1}{cx} \right) - a}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - b*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - a)/x
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{x} + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a + \infty b}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a/x + b*c*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*acsch(c*x)/x, Ne(c, 0)),  
(-a + zoo*b)/x, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \left( c\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) b - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b - a/x`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = bc \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^2,x)`

output `b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) - a/x - (b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right) bx - a}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `(int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*x - a)/x`

### 3.10 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	149
Mathematica [A] (verified)	149
Rubi [A] (verified)	150
Maple [B] (verified)	151
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	152
Sympy [F]	152
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	153
Giac [F]	153
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	154
Reduce [F]	154

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{1}{4}bc^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2}$$

output `1/4*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/4*b*c^2*arccsch(c*x)-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}bc^2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a/x^2 + (b*c*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]/(4*x) - (b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*x^2) - (b*c^2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6838, 858, 262, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6838} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} dx}{2c} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right)}{2c} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)}{2c} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^2 + (b*((c^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*x) - (c^3*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/2)))/(2*c)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 6838  $\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcSch}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSch}[c*x])/(d*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b*(d/(c*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m-1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + bc^2 \left( -\frac{\text{arccsch}(cx)}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^3x^3} \right)$	96
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a}{2c^2x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\text{arccsch}(cx)}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^3x^3} \right) \right)$	100
default	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a}{2c^2x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\text{arccsch}(cx)}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^3x^3} \right) \right)$	100

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2*a/x^2+b*c^2*(-1/2/c^2/x^2*arccsch(c*x)-1/4*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*c^2*x^2-(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/x^3$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{bcx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - (bc^2 x^2 + 2b) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) - 2a}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/4*(b*c*x*\sqrt{(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)} - (b*c^2*x^2 + 2*b)*\log((c*x*\sqrt{(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)} + 1)/(c*x)) - 2*a)/x^2$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} b \left( \frac{2c^4 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right) - 1} - c^3 \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) + c^3 \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) - \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*b*((2*c^4*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/c - 4*arccsch(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*a/x^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{bc \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x} - \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(\frac{c^2 x}{4} + \frac{1}{2x}\right)}{x} - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^3,x)`output `(b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(4*x) - (b*asinh(1/(c*x))*((c^2*x)/4 + 1/(2*x)))/x - a/(2*x^2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) b x^2 - a}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*x**2 - a)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.11 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	155
Mathematica [A] (verified)	155
Rubi [A] (verified)	156
Maple [A] (verified)	157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	158
Sympy [F]	158
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	159
Giac [F]	159
Mupad [F(-1)]	159
Reduce [F]	160

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3}bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{9}bc^3\left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + b\left(-\frac{2c^3}{9} + \frac{c}{9x^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^4, x]
```

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3 + b*((-2*c^3)/9 + c/(9*x^2))*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*x^3)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6838, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6838} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^5} dx}{3c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{b \int \left( c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{2}{3} c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{3/2} - 2c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^4,x]`

output `(b*(-2*c^4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + (2*c^4*(1 + 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2))/3))/(6*c) - (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*x^3)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + bc^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^2x^2-1)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^4x^4} \right)$	71
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a}{3c^3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^2x^2-1)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^4x^4} \right) \right)$	75
default	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a}{3c^3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^2x^2-1)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^4x^4} \right) \right)$	75

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*a/x^3+b*c^3*(-1/3/c^3/x^3*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x)-1/9*(c^2*x^2+1)*(2*c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^4/x^4)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) + (2bc^3x^3 - bcx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 3a}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/9*(3*b*\log((c*x*\sqrt{(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)} + 1)/(c*x)) + (2*b*c^3*x^3 - b*c*x)*\sqrt{(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)} + 3*a)/x^3$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{9} b \left( \frac{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{a}{3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*b*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*a/x^3`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b x^3 - a}{3x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*x**3 - a)/(3*x**3)`

### 3.12 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	161
Mathematica [A] (verified)	161
Rubi [A] (verified)	162
Maple [A] (verified)	164
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	164
Sympy [F]	165
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	165
Giac [F]	166
Mupad [F(-1)]	166
Reduce [F]	166

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{16x^3} - \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{32x} + \frac{3}{32}bc^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

output

```
1/16*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-3/32*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+3/32*b*c^4*arccsch(c*x)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} + b\left(\frac{c}{16x^3} - \frac{3c^3}{32x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} + \frac{3}{32}bc^4\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^5,x]
```

output

$$-1/4*a/x^4 + b*(c/(16*x^3) - (3*c^3)/(32*x))*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(4*x^4) + (3*b*c^4*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/32$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {6838, 858, 262, 262, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6838$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^6}} dx}{4c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 858$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^4}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 262$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 262$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^4 + (b*((c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(4*x^3) - (3*c^2*((c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*x) - (c^3*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/2))/4))/4)/(4*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} + bc^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^4x^4 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^2x^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^5x^5} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a}{4c^4x^4} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^4x^4 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^2x^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^5x^5} \right) \right)$
default	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a}{4c^4x^4} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^4x^4 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^2x^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^5x^5} \right) \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*a/x^4+b*c^4*(-1/4/c^4/x^4*arccsch(c*x)+1/32*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*c^4*x^4-3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2+2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^5/x^5)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3bc^4x^4 - 8b) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) - (3bc^3x^3 - 2bcx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - 8a}{32x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/32*((3*b*c^4*x^4 - 8*b)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (3*b*c^3*x^3 - 2*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 8*a)/x^4
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x**5, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs.  $2(62) = 124$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{64} b \left( \frac{3c^5 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - 3c^5 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right) - \frac{2\left(3c^8 x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5c^6 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^2 - 2c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right) + 1}}{c} \right) - \frac{a}{4x^4} \quad 16$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/64*b*((3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - 3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 2*(3*c^8*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*c^6*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))/c - 16*arccsch(c*x)/x^4 - 1/4*a/x^4`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^5, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) b x^4 - a}{4x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^5,x)`

output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)/x**5,x)*b*x**4 - a)/(4*x**4)`

### 3.13 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	167
Mathematica [A] (verified)	167
Rubi [A] (verified)	168
Maple [A] (verified)	169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	170
Sympy [F]	170
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	171
Giac [F]	171
Mupad [F(-1)]	171
Reduce [F]	172

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{5}bc^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2}{15}bc^5\left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{25}bc^5\left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

output

$1/5*b*c^5*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-2/15*b*c^5*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)+1/25*b*c^5*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(5/2)-1/5*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/x^5$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a}{5x^5} + b\left(\frac{8c^5}{75} + \frac{c}{25x^4} - \frac{4c^3}{75x^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^6, x]`

output

$$-1/5*a/x^5 + b*((8*c^5)/75 + c/(25*x^4) - (4*c^3)/(75*x^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/(5*x^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6838, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6838$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^7} dx}{5c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{b \int \left( \left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} c^4 - 2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 + \frac{c^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{2}{5} c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{5/2} - \frac{4}{3} c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{3/2} + 2c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{10c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/x^6, x]$$

output

$$(b*(2*c^6*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (4*c^6*(1 + 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2))/3 + (2*c^6*(1 + 1/(c^2*x^2))^(5/2))/5))/(10*c) - (a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/(5*x^5)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b c^5 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(8c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right)$	79
derivativedivides	$c^5 \left( -\frac{a}{5c^5 x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(8c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right) \right)$	83
default	$c^5 \left( -\frac{a}{5c^5 x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(8c^4 x^4 - 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right) \right)$	83

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/5*a/x^5+b*c^5*(-1/5/c^5/x^5*arccsch(c*x)+1/75*(c^2*x^2+1)*(8*c^4*x^4-4*
c^2*x^2+3)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^6/x^6)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15 b \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) - (8 bc^5 x^5 - 4 bc^3 x^3 + 3 bcx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 15 a}{75 x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/75*(15*b*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (8*b*c^5*
x^5 - 4*b*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 15*a)/x^5
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x**6, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{75} b \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^5} \right) - \frac{a}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/75*b*((3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 15*arccsch(c*x)/x^5) - 1/5*a/x^5`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^6,x)`



output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{5 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b x^5 - a}{5x^5}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `(5*int(acsch(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*x**5 - a)/(5*x**5)`

### 3.14 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{36x^5} - \frac{5bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{144x^3} + \frac{5bc^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{96x} - \frac{5}{96}bc^6\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6}$$

output

```
1/36*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5-5/144*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3+5/96*
b*c^5*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-5/96*b*c^6*arccsch(c*x)-1/6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
/x^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a}{6x^6} + b\left(\frac{c}{36x^5} - \frac{5c^3}{144x^3} + \frac{5c^5}{96x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} - \frac{5}{96}bc^6\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^7,x]
```

output

$$-1/6*a/x^6 + b*(c/(36*x^5) - (5*c^3)/(144*x^3) + (5*c^5)/(96*x))*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/(6*x^6) - (5*b*c^6*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/96$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {6838, 858, 262, 262, 262, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 6838 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^8} dx}{6c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 858 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^6} d\frac{1}{x}}{6c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 262 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{6x^5} - \frac{5}{6} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} d\frac{1}{x} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 262 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{6x^5} - \frac{5}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x} \right) \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 262 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{6x^5} - \frac{5}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right) \right) \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 222 \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{6x^5} - \frac{5}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) \right) \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^6 + (b*((c^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(6*x^5) - (5*c^2*((c^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(4*x^3) - (3*c^2*((c^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*x) - (c^3*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/2)/4))/6))/(6*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} + bc^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{6c^6x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^6x^6 - 15\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^4x^4 + 10\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^2x^2 - 288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7 \right)}{288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^6 \left( -\frac{a}{6c^6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{6c^6x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^6x^6 - 15\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^4x^4 + 10\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^2x^2 - 288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7 \right)}{288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7} \right) \right)$
default	$c^6 \left( -\frac{a}{6c^6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{6c^6x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^6x^6 - 15\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^4x^4 + 10\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^2x^2 - 288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7 \right)}{288\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^7x^7} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/6*a/x^6+b*c^6*(-1/6/c^6/x^6*arccsch(c*x)-1/288*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(15*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*c^6*x^6-15*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c^4*x^4+10*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c^2*x^2-8*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^7/x^7)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{sch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{3(5bc^6x^6 + 16b) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) - (15bc^5x^5 - 10bc^3x^3 + 8bcx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 48a}{288x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/288*(3*(5*b*c^6*x^6 + 16*b)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (15*b*c^5*x^5 - 10*b*c^3*x^3 + 8*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 48*a)/x^6$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/x**7, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{576} b \left( \frac{15 c^7 \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - 15 c^7 \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) - \frac{2 \left( 15 c^{12} x^5 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 c^{10} x^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 c^8 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^6 x^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^3 - 3 c^4 x^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^2 + 3 c^2 x^2 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right) - 1}}{c} \right) - \frac{a}{6 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/576*b*((15*c^7*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - 15*c^7*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 2*(15*c^12*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 40*c^10*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*c^8*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^6*x^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^3 - 3*c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 + 3*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/c + 96*arccsch(c*x)/x^6) - 1/6*a/x^6`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^7, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/x^7, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^7} dx \right) b x^6 - a}{6x^6}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^7,x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)/x**7,x)*b*x**6 - a)/(6*x**6)`

### 3.15 $\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	186
Reduce [F]	186

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^2}{12c^2} - \frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^3} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{3c^4}$$

output

```
1/12*b^2*x^2/c^2-1/3*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c^3+1/6*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2-1/3*b^2*ln(x)/c^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{cx \left( b^2 cx + 3a^2 c^3 x^3 + 2ab \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (-2 + c^2 x^2) \right) + 2bcx \left( 3ac^3 x^3 + b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (-2 + c^2 x^2) \right) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{12c^4}$$



input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(c*x*(b^2*c*x + 3*a^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*a*b*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)) + 2*b*c*x*(3*a*c^3*x^3 + b*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-2 + c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x] + 3*b^2*c^4*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 - 4*b^2*Log[x])/(12*c^4)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 4673, 25, 3042, 25, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6840 \\
 & \frac{\int c^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5975 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{2} b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4673 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int -c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{6} b c^2 x^2 \right) - \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(-\frac{2}{3}\int c^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2+\frac{1}{2}b\left(-\frac{2}{3}\int\left((a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\operatorname{csc}\left(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)^2\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2+\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\int(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\operatorname{csc}\left(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{c^4}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2+\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-ib\int-ic\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\int c\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2+\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\int-i\tan\left(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2+\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))+ib\int\tan\left(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\log\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{c^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((-1/4*(c^4*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2) + (b*(-1/6*(b*c^2*x^2) - (c^3*Sqr  
t[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (2*(c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2  
)]*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) - b*Log[1/(c*x)]))/3))/2)/c^4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I  
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d  
*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp  
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)  
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4673 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),  
x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S  
imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])  
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 5975

```
Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) +
(d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n))
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^4x^4 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right)^2 + 3a^2c^4x^4 + 6abc^4 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 6abc^4 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} -$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*b^2*c^4*x^4*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 +
3*a^2*c^4*x^4 + 6*a*b*c^4*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1)
) - 6*a*b*c^4*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + b^2*c^2*x
^2 - 4*b^2*log(x) + 2*(3*a*b*c^4*x^4 - 3*a*b*c^4 + (b^2*c^3*x^3 - 2*b^2*c*
x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) +
1)/(c*x)) + 2*(a*b*c^3*x^3 - 2*a*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^
4
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**2, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) -
3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*a*b + 1/288*(72*x^4*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)
+ 1)^2 + 1152*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^5*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c
^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 1152*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^5*lo
g(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x
^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 576*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(
x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) - 1
152*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) +
1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) + 57
6*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^5*log(x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sq
rt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) - 1152*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^5*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*
x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1
), x) + 1152*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2
+ sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 1152*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(sqrt(c^2
*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) +
1), x)*log(c) - 24*(6*c^2*x^2 - 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)^2 + 4*(c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)
- 12*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 6)*log(c)^2/c^4 - 48*(3*c^2*x^2 - 2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)
^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 3*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 3)*log(c)^2/c^4 + 144*
(c^2*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)*log(c)^2/c^4 + 144*(2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1
) - log(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(c)^2/c^4 - 48*(6*c^2*x^2 - 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)^2 ...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2*x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x^3 dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`output `(8*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*a*b + 4*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x**3,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**4)/4`

### 3.16 $\int x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	188
Rubi [C] (verified)	188
Maple [F]	191
Fricas [F]	191
Sympy [F]	192
Maxima [F]	192
Giac [F]	193
Mupad [F(-1)]	193
Reduce [F]	193

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2x}{3c^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2b(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{csch^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{csch^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{csch^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3}$$

output

```
1/3*b^2*x/c^2+1/3*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2-2/3*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*arctanh(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3-1/3*b^2*polylog(2,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+1/3*b^2*polylog(2,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 cx + abc^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 + a^2 c^3 x^3 + b^2 c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + 2abc^3 x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2 c^3 x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(b^2 c x + a b c^2 \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)}) x^2 + a^2 c^3 x^3 + b^2 c^2 \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)} x^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] + 2 a b c^3 x^3 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] + b^2 c^3 x^3 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]^2 + b^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}] - b^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] \operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}] + (a b c \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)}) x \operatorname{Log}[-(c x) + \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}]/\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} + b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}] - b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}])/(3 c^3)$

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 26, 4673, 26, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6840$$

$$\frac{\int c^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3}$$

$$\downarrow 5975$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \int c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{2}{3}b \int -i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3}$$

↓ 4673

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{1}{2} \int -icx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( -\frac{1}{2}i \int cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( -\frac{1}{2}i \int i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 4670

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( ib \int \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - ib \int \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( ib \int e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - ib \int e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2i\operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)) + ib\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)\right)}{c^3}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((-1/3*(c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2) - ((2*I)/3)*b*((-1/2*I)*b*c*x - (I/2)*c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCsch[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c*x]])/2))/c^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x) + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x]], x], x) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4673

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),
x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S
imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 5975

```
Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) +
(d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n))
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^2*x^2*arcsch(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*arcsch(c*x) + a^2*x^2, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3 + 1/6*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*a*b + 1/3*(x^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 - 3*integrate(-1/3*(3*c^2*x^4*log(c)^2 + 3*x^2*log(c)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^4 + x^2)*log(x)^2 + 6*(c^2*x^4*log(c) + x^2*log(c))*log(x) - 2*(3*c^2*x^4*log(c) + 3*x^2*log(c) + 3*(c^2*x^4 + x^2)*log(x) + (c^2*x^4*(3*log(c) + 1) + 3*x^2*log(c) + 3*(c^2*x^4 + x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 3*(c^2*x^4*log(c)^2 + x^2*log(c)^2 + (c^2*x^4 + x^2)*log(x)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^4*log(c) + x^2*log(c))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x))*b^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x^2 dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*a*b + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**3)/3`

### 3.17 $\int x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	194
Mathematica [A] (verified)	194
Rubi [A] (verified)	195
Maple [F]	197
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	198
Sympy [F]	198
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	199
Giac [F]	199
Mupad [F(-1)]	200
Reduce [F]	200

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{c^2}$$

output

$b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2+b^2*\ln(x)/c^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{acx\left(2b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + acx\right) + 2bcx\left(b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + acx\right)csch^{-1}(cx) + b^2c^2x^2csch^{-1}(cx)^2 + 2b^2 \log(cx)}{2c^2}$$

input

`Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$(a*c*x*(2*b*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) + 2*b*c*x*(b*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b^2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 2*b^2*Log[c*x])/(2*c^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 25, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
 & \frac{\int c^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dcsch^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5975} \\
 & \frac{b \int c^2 x^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dcsch^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + b \int -\left( (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \csc(icsch^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) dcsch^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 - b \int (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \csc(icsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dcsch^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 - b \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int -ic \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x dcsch^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{-b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\int c\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2-b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\int -i\tan\left(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2-b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))+ib\int \tan\left(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2-b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))-b\log\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(c^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2) - b*(c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) - b*Log[1/(c*x)]))/c^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5975 `Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6840 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 c^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)^2 + a^2 c^2 x^2 + 2 abc^2 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 2 abc^2 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1\right)}{2 c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*c^2*x^2*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 + a^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 2*a*b*c^2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 2*a*b*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*b^2*log(x) + 2*(a*b*c^2*x^2 + b^2*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - a*b*c^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/c^2`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 + \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) ab + \left( \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c^2} \right) b^2$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b^2*x^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*x^2 + (x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*a*b + (x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsch(c*x)/c + log(x)/c^2)*b^2`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx) + a)^2 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*a*b + 2*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**2)/2`

### 3.18 $\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	201
Mathematica [A] (verified)	202
Rubi [C] (verified)	202
Maple [F]	204
Fricas [F]	205
Sympy [F]	205
Maxima [F]	205
Giac [F]	206
Mupad [F(-1)]	206
Reduce [F]	207

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{4b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2+4*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*arctanh(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+2*b^2*polylog(2,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-2*b^2*polylog(2,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 cx + 2abcx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2 cx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - 2b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log(1 - e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) + 2b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log(1 + e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*c*x + 2*a*b*c*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + b^2*c*x*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 - 2*b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 2*b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])]) + 2*a*b*Log[Cosh[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]] - 2*a*b*Log[Sinh[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])])/c
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$ , Rules used = {6834, 5975, 3042, 26, 4670, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6834$$

$$\frac{\int c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 5975$$

$$\frac{2b \int cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{-cx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \int i(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \csc(icsch^{-1}(cx)) dcsch^{-1}(cx)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{-cx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \int (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \csc(icsch^{-1}(cx)) dcsch^{-1}(cx)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 4670 \\
 & \frac{-cx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \left( ib \int \log(1 - e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) dcsch^{-1}(cx) - ib \int \log(1 + e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) dcsch^{-1}(cx) + \right)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 2715 \\
 & \frac{-cx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \left( ib \int e^{-csch^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) de^{csch^{-1}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-csch^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) de^{csch^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 2838 \\
 & \frac{-cx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \left( 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}) \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
-((-c*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2) + (2*I)*b*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCsch[c*x]] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c*x]]))/c)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```



rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4670 `Int[csc[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x]
+ (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x
]], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e
+ f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5975 `Int[Coth[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*Csch[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n))
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6834 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-c^(-1) S
ubst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(x*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 - integrate(-(c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x) - 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + (c^2*x^2*(log(c) + 1) + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + log(c))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + log(c))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + (c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x)) *b^2 + a^2*x + (2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*a*b/c
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 dx \right) b^2 + a^2 x$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `2*int(acsch(c*x),x)*a*b + int(acsch(c*x)**2,x)*b**2 + a**2*x`

**3.19**  $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} - (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - b(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/b-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*b^2*polylog(3,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = ab \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3$$

$$- 2ab \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$- b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + a^2 \log(cx)$$

$$- b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x,x]`

output `a*b*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + (b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^3)/3 - 2*a*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] - b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + a^2*Log[c*x] - b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (b^2*PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/2`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$ , Rules used = {6840, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6840$$

$$- \int c \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \int -i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& i \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \tan\left(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \downarrow 4199 \\
& i \left( 2i \int -\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& i \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \right) \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& i \left( -2i \left( b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& i \left( -2i \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& i \left( -2i \left( b \left( \frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) d e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& i \left( -2i \left( b \left( \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x,x]`

output

```
I*((( -1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])
^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + b*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2,
E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + (b*PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/4)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2620

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)
))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2720

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```



rule 4199

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)
*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp
[2*I Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x
)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && In
tegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^( -1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^2)/x, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**2/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**2/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + a^2*log(x) - integrate(-(b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*log(c))*x^2 - 2*a*b*log(c) + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(x)^2 + 2*((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b)*log(x) - 2*((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b + (2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(x)))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*log(c))*x^2 - 2*a*b*log(c) + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(x)^2 + 2*((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b)*log(x)))/(c^2*x^3 + (c^2*x^3 + x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) ab + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 + \log(x) a^2$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2/x,x)`

output `2*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*a*b + int(acsch(c*x)**2/x,x)*b**2 + log(x)*a**2`

**3.20**  $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	215
Rubi [C] (verified)	216
Maple [F]	218
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	218
Sympy [F]	219
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Giac [F]	219
Mupad [F(-1)]	220
Reduce [F]	220

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2}{x} + 2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x}$$

output

$$-2*b^2/x+2*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))-(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))^2/x$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 + 2b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 2b\left(a - bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2}{x}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x])^2/x^2, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^2 + 2b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2x^2)}}{x} + 2b(a - bc\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2x^2)})\right) \operatorname{ArcSch}[cx] + b^2 \operatorname{ArcSch}[cx]^2/x$$
**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$ , Rules used = {6840, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\ & -c \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -c \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin\left(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2ib \int -\frac{i(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{cx} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \int -i(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \end{aligned}$$

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} + 2ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} + 2ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} + 2ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \sin\left(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} + 2ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{ib}{cx} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `-(c*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/(c*x) + (2*I)*b*(((-I)*b)/(c*x) + I*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[[-(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 abcx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - b^2 \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)^2 - a^2 - 2b^2 + 2\left(b^2 cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - ab\right) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(2*a*b*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - b^2*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 - a^2 - 2*b^2 + 2*(b^2*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - a*b)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/x
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = 2 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) ab$$

$$+ 2 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{1}{x} \right) b^2 - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)^2}{x} - \frac{a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*a*b + 2*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsch(c*x) - 1/x)*b^2 - b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2/x - a^2/x`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2/x^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) abx + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^2} dx \right) b^2x - a^2}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2/x^2,x)`output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*a*b*x + int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**2,x)*b**2*x - a**2)/x`

**3.21**  $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	221
Rubi [A] (verified)	222
Maple [F]	224
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	224
Sympy [F]	225
Maxima [F]	225
Giac [F]	226
Mupad [F(-1)]	226
Reduce [F]	226

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b^2}{4x^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2x} - \frac{1}{4}c^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/4*b^2/x^2+1/2*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x-1/4*c^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{2a^2 + b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x - 2b(-2a + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2(2 + c^2x^2) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + 2ab}{4x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/4*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 2*b*(-2*a + b*c*Sqrt
[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b^2*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 2*a
*b*c^2*x^2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/x^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 25, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
 & -c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5969} \\
 & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2 x^2} - b \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2 x^2} - b \int -((a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2 x^2} + b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & -c^2 \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{b}{4c^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2 x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 17

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2 x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4b} + \frac{b}{4c^2 x^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^3,x]`

output `-(c^2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/(2*c^2*x^2) + b*(b/(4*c^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/(4*b)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 5969 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sinh[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sinh[a + b*x]^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2abcx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - (b^2c^2x^2 + 2b^2)\log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right)^2 - 2a^2 - b^2 - 2\left(abc^2x^2 - b^2cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 2ab\right)\log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right)}{4x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*a*b*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - (b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^2)*log((
c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 - 2*a^2 - b^2 - 2*(a*b*c^2
*x^2 - b^2*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*a*b)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x
^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/x^2
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*b*((2*c^4*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/c - 4*arccsch(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*b^2*(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/x^2 + 2*integrate(-(c^2*x^2*log(c))^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x) - (2*c^2*x^2*log(c) + 2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + (c^2*x^2*(2*log(c) - 1) + 2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + 2*log(c))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*log(c))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + (c^2*x^2*log(c))^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^5 + x^3 + (c^2*x^5 + x^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - 1/2*a^2/x^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) ab x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^3} dx \right) b^2 x^2 - a^2}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2/x^3,x)`

output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)/x**3,x)*a*b*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**3,x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2)/(2*x**2)`

**3.22** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	227
Mathematica [A] (verified)	227
Rubi [C] (verified)	228
Maple [F]	231
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	231
Sympy [F]	232
Maxima [F]	232
Giac [F]	233
Mupad [F(-1)]	233
Reduce [F]	233

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2b^2}{27x^3} + \frac{4b^2c^2}{9x} - \frac{4}{9}bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9x^2} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3x^3}$$

output `-2/27*b^2/x^3+4/9*b^2*c^2/x-4/9*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))`  
`+2/9*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2-1/3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9a^2 + 6abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 - 2c^2x^2) + 2b^2(-1 + 6c^2x^2) - 6b\left(3a + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-1 + 2c^2x^2)\right)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{27x^3}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^4,x]`

output `(-9*a^2 + 6*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 - 2*c^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*(-1 + 6*c^2*x^2) - 6*b*(3*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x] - 9*b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^2)/(27*x^3)`

## Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 26, 3791, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
 & -c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5969} \\
 & -c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3 x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \int i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} i b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{ib}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3}i \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{ib}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3}i \int -i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \sin\left(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ib \left( -\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left( i\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{ib}{cx} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^4,x]`

output

$$-(c^3*((a + b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x])^2/(3*c^3*x^3) - ((2*I)/3)*b*((I/9)*b)/(c^3*x^3) - ((I/3)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x]))/(c^2*x^2) + (2*((-I)*b)/(c*x) + I*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x]))/3))$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 26

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \quad I \text{nt}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3117

$$\text{Int}[\sin[\text{Pi}/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/d, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3777

$$\text{Int}(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[( - (c + d*x)^m)*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 3791

$$\text{Int}(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x] ]*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-1)}/(f*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$$

rule 5969

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m*(\text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{(n+1)}/(b*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*(n+1))) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{(n+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs.  $2(86) = 172$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^2c^2x^2 - 9b^2 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right)^2 - 9a^2 - 2b^2 - 6\left(3ab + (2b^2c^3x^3 - b^2cx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}\right) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/27*(12*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 9*b^2*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(
c*x))^2 - 9*a^2 - 2*b^2 - 6*(3*a*b + (2*b^2*c^3*x^3 - b^2*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x
^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - 6
*(2*a*b*c^3*x^3 - a*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^3
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*a*b*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*b^2*(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/x^3 + 3*integrate(-1/3*(3*c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + 3*log(c)^2 + 6*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x) - 2*(3*c^2*x^2*log(c) + 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + (c^2*x^2*(3*log(c) - 1) + 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + 3*log(c))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 3*log(c))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 3*(c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^6 + x^4 + (c^2*x^6 + x^4)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - 1/3*a^2/x^3`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) ab x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)^2}{x^4} dx \right) b^2 x^3 - a^2}{3x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2/x^4,x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*a*b*x**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**4,x)*b**2*x**3 - a**2)/(3*x**3)`

**3.23** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	234
Mathematica [A] (verified)	235
Rubi [A] (verified)	235
Maple [F]	238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Sympy [F]	238
Maxima [F]	239
Giac [F]	239
Mupad [F(-1)]	240
Reduce [F]	240

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{b^2}{32x^4} + \frac{3b^2c^2}{32x^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8x^3} - \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{16x} + \frac{3}{32}c^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/32*b^2/x^4+3/32*b^2*c^2/x^2+1/8*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3-3/16*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x+3/32*c^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8a^2 - b^2 + 4abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 3b^2c^2x^2 - 6abc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 - 2b\left(8a + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-2 + 3c^2x^2)\right) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{32x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^5,x]`

output `(-8*a^2 - b^2 + 4*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 3*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 - 2*b*(8*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-2 + 3*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x] + b^2*(-8 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 6*a*b*c^4*x^4*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(32*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 3791, 25, 3042, 25, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6840}$$

$$-c^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5969}$$

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^4x^4} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$



$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int -\frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3 x^3} - \frac{b}{16c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3 x^3} - \frac{b}{16c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int -\left( (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{b}{4c^2 x} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4b} + \frac{b}{4c^2 x^2} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3 x^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/x^5,x]
```

output

```

-(c^4*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2/(4*c^4*x^4) - (b*(-1/16*b/(c^4*x^4) + (Sqrt[
1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(4*c^3*x^3) + (3*(b/(4*c^2*x^2) - (
Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])
^2/(4*b))))/4))/2)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17

```

Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)
)/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

```

rule 25

```

Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 3791

```

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]

```

rule 5969

```

Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sinh[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1)
))), x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sinh[a + b*x]^(n + 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]

```

rule 6840

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^2x^2 + (3b^2c^4x^4 - 8b^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right)^2 - 8a^2 - b^2 + 2\left(3abc^4x^4 - 8ab - (3b^2c^3x^3 - 2b^2cx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{32x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/32*(3*b^2*c^2*x^2 + (3*b^2*c^4*x^4 - 8*b^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 - 8*a^2 - b^2 + 2*(3*a*b*c^4*x^4 - 8*a*b - (3*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 2*b^2*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - 2*(3*a*b*c^3*x^3 - 2*a*b*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^4`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**2/x**5, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*a*b*((3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - 3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 2*(3*c^8*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*c^6*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))/c - 16*arccsch(c*x)/x^4) - 1/4*b^2*(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/x^4 + 4*integrate(-1/2*(2*c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + 2*log(c)^2 + 4*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x) - (4*c^2*x^2*log(c) + 4*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + (c^2*x^2*(4*log(c) - 1) + 4*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + 4*log(c))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 4*log(c))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c)^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x)^2 + log(c)^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2*log(c) + log(c))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^7 + x^5 + (c^2*x^7 + x^5)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - 1/4*a^2/x^4`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2/x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2/x^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) ab x^4 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^5} dx \right) b^2 x^4 - a^2}{4x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^2/x^5,x)`output `(8*int(acsch(c*x)/x**5,x)*a*b*x**4 + 4*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**5,x)*b**2*x**4 - a**2)/(4*x**4)`

### 3.24 $\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}}{4c^3} + \frac{b^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4c^2} - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^4} - \frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^3} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x} x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{b^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c^4} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{2c^4}$$

output

```
1/4*b^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/4*b^2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c^2-1/2*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/c^4-1/2*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/c^3+1/4*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3+b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^4+1/2*b^3*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + ab^2c^2x^2 + a^2bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 + a^3c^4x^4 + b^2(3ac^4x^4 + b(2 - 2c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}))}{c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + b^3*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + a*b^2*c^2*x^2 + a^2*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 + a^3*c^4*x^4 + b^2*(3*a*c^4*x^4 + b*(2 - 2*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + c^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3))*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + b^3*c^4*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 + b*ArcCsch[c*x]*(c*x*(b^2*c*x + 3*a^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)) + 4*b^2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + 4*a*b^2*Log[1/(c*x)] - 2*b^3*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/(4*c^4)
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.286$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 4674, 25, 3042, 25, 4254, 24, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 6840$$

$$\frac{\int c^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 5975 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{4}b \int c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 4674 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int -c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int -c^2 x^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( -\frac{2}{3} \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int c^2 x^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \left( -\frac{2}{3} \int - (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int - \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 4254 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}ib^2 \int 1 d(-ic\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4} \\ & \downarrow 4672 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int -ic\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \int c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \int -i(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \tan(icsch^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \tan(icsch^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 4199

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} dx\right)\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{1-e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} dx\right)\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) dx\right)\right)\right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 2715

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}b\int e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\log(1 - e^{\dots})\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 2838

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{2}\log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
-((-1/4*(c^4*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3) + (3*b*(-1/3*(b^2*c*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) - (b*c^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 - (c^3*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*(c*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2 + (2*I)*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/4))))/3)/4)/c^4
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2620

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4199 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_
.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp
[2*I Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x
)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && In
tegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4674 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbo
l] :> Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n
- 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^
2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)))
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/
(n - 1) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 5975

```
Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) +
(d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n))
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^3*x^3*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^3*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^3
*arccsch(c*x) + a^3*x^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*b^3*x^4*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c)^2 + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c)^2 + 1/4*a^3*x^4 - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 24*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^5*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 4*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*log(x)^3/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx &= 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3 x^3 dx \right) b^3 \\ &\quad + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x^3 dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^3,x)`

output `(12*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*a**2*b + 4*int(acsch(c*x)**3*x**3,x)*b**3 + 12*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x**3,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**4)/4`

### 3.25 $\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 194

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = & \frac{b^2 x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{c^2} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \\
 & - \frac{b (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

b^2*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c^2+1/2*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*
x))^2/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3-b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2*arctanh(1/c/x+
(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+b^3*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3-b^2*(a+b*arc
csch(c*x))*polylog(2,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)*polylog(2,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+b^3*polylog(3,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2))/c^3-b^3*polylog(3,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3

```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(194) = 388.

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx \\
&= \frac{a^2 b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{2c} + \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a^2 b \log\left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{2c^3} \\
&+ \frac{ab^2 \left( cx + c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + c^3 x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^3} \\
&+ \frac{b^3 \left( 24 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) - 4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3 \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) + 6 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \operatorname{csch}^2\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) \right)}{c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```



output

```
(a^2*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2)/(2*c) + (a^3*x^3)/3 + a^2*b*x^3*ArcCsch[
c*x] - (a^2*b*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(2*c^3) + (a*b^2*(c*x +
c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x] + c^3*x^3*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + ArcC
sch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])]) - ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c*x
])]) + PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])])]/c^3
+ (b^3*(24*ArcCsch[c*x]*Coth[ArcCsch[c*x]/2] - 4*ArcCsch[c*x]^3*Coth[ArcC
sch[c*x]/2] + 6*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Csch[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]^2 + (ArcCsch[c*x]^3*Cs
ch[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]^4)/(c*x) + 24*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])]
- 24*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - 48*Log[Tanh[ArcCsch[c*x]
/2]] + 48*ArcCsch[c*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - 48*ArcCsch[c*x]*Po
lyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 48*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - 48*PolyL
og[3, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 6*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Sech[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]^2 + 16*c^
3*x^3*ArcCsch[c*x]^3*Sinh[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]^4 - 24*ArcCsch[c*x]*Tanh[ArcCsch
[c*x]/2] + 4*ArcCsch[c*x]^3*Tanh[ArcCsch[c*x]/2]))/(48*c^3)
```

## Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.929$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 26, 4674, 26, 3042, 26, 4257, 4670, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6840 \\
 & \frac{\int c^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5975 \\
 & \frac{b \int c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + b \int -i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 4674 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2} \int -icx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2(-\int -icx d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2x^2\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(-\frac{1}{2}i \int cx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + ib^2 \int cx d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(-\frac{1}{2}i \int i(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + ib^2 \int i \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2} \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b^2(-\int \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 4257 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2} \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}ic^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 4670 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2ib \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 2ib \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 3011 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-2ib\left(b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{c^3} \\ & \downarrow 2720 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-2ib\left(b\int e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) de^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 7143

$$-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2i\operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib\left(b\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
--((-1/3*(c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3) - I*b*((-I)*b*c*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) - (I/2)*c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2 - I*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]] + ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^ArcCsch[c*x]] - (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]]) + (2*I)*b*(-((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c*x]]) + b*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCsch[c*x]]))/2))/c^3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```
Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

rule 2720

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F]), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 4670  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz\_])(f_.)(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)}]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)}]], x], x) + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((-I)*e + f*fz*x)}]], x], x) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 4674  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)})/(f*(n-1)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)})/(f^2*(n-1)*(n-2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*d^2*m*((m-1)/(f^2*(n-1)*(n-2))) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-2)}*(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-2)/(n-1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, 2] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 5975  $\text{Int}[\text{Coth}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(p_.)}*\text{Csch}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(\text{Csch}[a + b*x]^n/(b^n)), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b^n)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Csch}[a + b*x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6840  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m+1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csch}[x]^{(m+1)}*\text{Coth}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \text{ || LtQ}[m, -1])$

rule 7143  $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}]/((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x^2*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a^3*x^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*b^3*x^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 + 1/3*a^3*x^3 + 1/4*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*a^2*b - integrate(((b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^4 + (b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*((b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + (b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + (3*(b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x) + ((b^3*c^2*(3*log(c) + 1) - 3*a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 3*((b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^4 + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x) - 3*((b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^4 + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 2*((b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + (b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x) + ((b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^4 + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 2*((b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + (b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + ((b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^4 + (b^3*c^2*x^4 + b^3*x^2)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*((b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^4 + (b^3*log(c) - a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*((b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^4 + (b^3*...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3 x^2 dx \right) b^3 + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x^2 dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^3,x)`output `(9*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*a**2*b + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**3*x**2,x)*b**3 + 9*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**3)/3`

## 3.26 $\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	266
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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{3b(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3b^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c^2} - \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{2c^2}$$

output

```
3/2*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/c^2+3/2*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3-3*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^2-3/2*b^3*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^2
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2 \left( ac^2x^2 + b \left( -1 + c \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \right) \right) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + b^3 c^2 x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3 + 3b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \left( acx \left( 2b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*b^2*(a*c^2*x^2 + b*(-1 + c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + b^3*c^2*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 + 3*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*(a*c*x*(2*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) - 2*b^2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + a*(a*c*x*(3*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) - 6*b^2*Log[1/(c*x)]) + 3*b^3*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/(2*c^2)
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.083$ , Rules used = {6840, 5975, 3042, 25, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6840}$$

$$\frac{\int c^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5975}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} b \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b \int -(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{csc}(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 4672 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int -ic\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \int c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \int -i(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \tan(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \tan(i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 4199 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \left( 2i \int -\frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \left( cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^2} \\ & \downarrow 2620 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \log\left(1 - e^{2csch^{-1}(cx)}\right) dcsch\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}b \int e^{-2csch^{-1}(cx)} \log\left(1 - e^{2csch^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2ib\left(-2i\left(-\frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 - e^{2csch^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(c^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3) - (3*b*(c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2 + (2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x]])) - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x]]))/4))))/2)/c^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2715

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 2838

```
Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4199

```
Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_
.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp
[2*I Int[(((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x
)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && In
tegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 4672

```
Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 5975

```
Int[Coth[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*Csch[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^( -1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^3*x*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*arccs
ch(c*x) + a^3*x, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))**3, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/2*a*b^2*x^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^3*x^2 + 3/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*a^2*b + 3*(x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsch(c*x)/c + log(x)/c^2)*a*b^2 - 1/4*(24*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c)^2 - 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c)^2 - 2*x^2*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 + 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*log(x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 48*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(x)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) - 48*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)*log(c) + 8*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*log(x)^3/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) - 24*c^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*log(x)^2*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3 x dx \right) b^3 \\ + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 x dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^3,x)`output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*a**2*b + 2*int(acsch(c*x)**3*x,x)*b**3 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)**2*x,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**2)/2`

### 3.27 $\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{6b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} + \frac{6b^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} - \frac{6b^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c} + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3+6*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2*arctanh(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+6*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*polylog(2,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-6*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*polylog(2,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-6*b^3*polylog(3,-1/c/x-(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+6*b^3*polylog(3,1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```



**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs.  $2(120) = 240$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = a^3 x + 3a^2 b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{3a^2 b \log \left( cx \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{c} + \frac{3ab^2 \left( \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \left( cx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 2 \log \left( 1 - e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 2 \log \left( 1 + e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)}{c} + \frac{b^3 \left( cx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3 - 3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \log \left( 1 - e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \log \left( 1 + e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) - 6 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 6 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]`

output `a^3*x + 3*a^2*b*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (3*a^2*b*Log[c*x*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])])/c + (3*a*b^2*(ArcCsch[c*x]*(c*x*ArcCsch[c*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])]) + 2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])])) - 2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 2*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])])/c + (b^3*(c*x*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 - 3*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 3*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - 6*ArcCsch[c*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 6*ArcCsch[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] - 6*PolyLog[3, -E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])] + 6*PolyLog[3, E^(-ArcCsch[c*x])])))/c`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {6834, 5975, 3042, 26, 4670, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 6834 \\
& \frac{\int c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5975 \\
& \frac{3b \int cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3b \int i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4670 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3ib \left( 2ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 2ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3ib \left( -2ib \left( b \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3ib \left( -2ib \left( b \int e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) d e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3ib \left( 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( b \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}) \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```

-((-c*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3) + (3*I)*b*((2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2*ArcTan
h[E^ArcCsch[c*x]] - (2*I)*b*(-(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]])
+ b*PolyLog[3, -E^ArcCsch[c*x]]) + (2*I)*b*(-(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c*x]])
+ b*PolyLog[3, E^ArcCsch[c*x]])))/c

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26

```

Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x]
]; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]

```

rule 2720

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]

```

rule 3011

```

Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

```

rule 4670

```

Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 5975

```
Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) +
(d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n))
, x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 6834

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-c^(-1) S
ubst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^3*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsch(c*x
) + a^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

b^3*x*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 + a^3*x + 3/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log
(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*a^2*b/c - in
tegrate((b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 +
(b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b
^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c
^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)
*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*(log(c) + 1) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x
^2 + b^3)*log(x)))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b
^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x) - 3*(b^3*lo
g(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b
^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b
^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x) + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 -
2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) -
a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(s
qrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + (b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 +
b^3)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log
(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2
- 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x))*s
qrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx &= 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3 dx \right) b^3 \\ &\quad + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 dx \right) a b^2 + a^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3,x)`

output `3*int(acsch(c*x),x)*a**2*b + int(acsch(c*x)**3,x)*b**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)*  
*2,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x`

$$3.28 \quad \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	274
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Rubi [C] (verified)	275
Maple [F]	279
Fricas [F]	279
Sympy [F]	279
Maxima [F]	280
Giac [F]	280
Mupad [F(-1)]	281
Reduce [F]	281

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} - (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})$$

$$- \frac{3}{2} b (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} b^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})$$

$$- \frac{3}{4} b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})$$

output

```
1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^4/b-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*b*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+3/2*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*polylog(3,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-3/4*b^3*polylog(4,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( 6a^2 b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + 4ab^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3 + b^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^4 \right. \\ \left. - 12a^2 b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\ \left. - 12ab^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\ \left. - 4b^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^3 \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 4a^3 \log(cx) \right. \\ \left. - 6b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\ \left. + 6b^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\ \left. - 3b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x,x]`

output `(6*a^2*b*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 4*a*b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 + b^3*ArcCsch[c*x]^4 - 12*a^2*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] - 12*a*b^2*ArcCsch[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] - 4*b^3*ArcCsch[c*x]^3*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + 4*a^3*Log[c*x] - 6*b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + 6*b^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] - 3*b^3*PolyLog[4, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/4`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {6840, 3042, 26, 4199, 25, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
& - \int c \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& - \int -i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \tan \left( i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& i \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \tan \left( i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4199} \\
& i \left( 2i \int - \frac{e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& i \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{i (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& i \left( -2i \left( \frac{3}{2} b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& i \left( -2i \left( \frac{3}{2} b \left( b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
& i \left( -2i \left( \frac{3}{2} b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} b \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720}
\end{aligned}$$

$$i \left( -2i \left( \frac{3}{2} b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \text{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) de^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$i \left( -2i \left( \frac{3}{2} b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \text{PolyLog} \left( 4, e^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x,x]`

output

```
I*(((−1/4*I)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^4)/b − (2*I)*(−1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3*Log[1 − E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + (3*b*(−1/2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + b*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*PolyLog[3, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]))/2 − (b*PolyLog[4, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/4)))/2)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011  $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (e\_.) * ((F\_.)^{((c\_.) * (a\_.) + (b\_.) * (x\_)))})^{(n\_.)}] * ((f\_.) + (g\_.) * (x\_))^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-f + g*x)^m * (\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e) * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n]) / (b*c*n*\text{Log}[F]), x] + \text{Simp}[g*(m/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{PolyLog}[2, (-e) * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4199  $\text{Int}[((c\_.) + (d\_.) * (x\_))^{(m\_.)} * \tan[(e\_.) + \text{Pi} * (k\_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz\_]) * (f\_.) * (x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I) * ((c + d*x)^{(m + 1)} / (d * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (E^{(2 * ((-I) * e + f * fz * x)) / (1 + E^{(2 * ((-I) * e + f * fz * x)) / E^{(2 * I * k * Pi))})}) / E^{(2 * I * k * Pi)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4 * k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 6840  $\text{Int}[((a\_.) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c\_.) * (x\_)] * (b\_.) )^{(n\_.)} * (x\_)^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m + 1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n * \text{Csch}[x]^{(m + 1)} * \text{Coth}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

rule 7143  $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c\_.) * ((a\_.) + (b\_.) * (x\_))^{(p\_.)}] / ((d\_.) + (e\_.) * (x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c * (a + b*x)^p] / (e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

rule 7163  $\text{Int}[((e\_.) + (f\_.) * (x\_))^{(m\_.)} * \text{PolyLog}[n_, (d\_.) * ((F\_.)^{((c\_.) * (a\_.) + (b\_.) * (x\_)))})^{(p\_.)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e + f*x)^m * (\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, d * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^p]) / (b*c*p*\text{Log}[F]), x] - \text{Simp}[f*(m/(b*c*p*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{PolyLog}[n + 1, d * (F^{(c*(a + b*x))})^p], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^3)/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 + a^3*log(x) - integrate((b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (2*b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c) + a^2*b*c^2)*x^2)*log(x) - 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c) + a^2*b*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x) + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c) + a^2*b*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + (b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c) + a^2*b*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^3 + (c^2*x^3 + x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3/x, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx &= 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 \\ &\quad + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 + \log(x) a^3 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3/x,x)`

output `3*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*a**2*b + int(acsch(c*x)**3/x,x)*b**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x,x)*a*b**2 + log(x)*a**3`

**3.29**  $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = 6b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{6b^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 3bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x}$$

output `6*b^3*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-6*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x+3*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^3 + 6ab^2 - 3a^2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x - 6b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 3b(a^2 + 2b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + 3b^2}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((a^3 + 6*a*b^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 6*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/
(c^2*x^2)]*x + 3*b*(a^2 + 2*b^2 - 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCs
ch[c*x] + 3*b^2*(a - b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCs ch[c*x]^2 + b^3*ArcCs
ch[c*x]^3)/x)

```

### Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.929$ , Rules used = {6840, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
 & -c \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 \sin\left(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3ib \int -\frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \int -i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 26 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \downarrow 3777 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 3777 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - ib \int -\frac{i}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \frac{1}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int -i \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 26 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} + ib \int \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \\ & \downarrow 3118 \\ & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} + 3ib \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(c*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(c*x) + (3*I)*b*(I*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2 - (2*I)*b*(-(b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(c*x))))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6840 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{b^3 \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)^3 - 3(a^2 b + 2b^3)cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + a^3 + 6ab^2 - 3\left(b^3 cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - ab^2\right) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{cx}\right)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b^3*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^3 - 3*(a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + a^3 + 6*a*b^2 - 3*(b^3*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - a*b^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 - 3*(2*a*b^2*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - a^2*b - 2*b^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/x`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)^3}{x} + 3 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) a^2 b \\ & \quad + 6 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{1}{x} \right) ab^2 \\ & \quad + 3 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)^2 + 2c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) b^3 \\ & \quad - \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)^2}{x} - \frac{a^3}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b^3*arccsch(c*x)^3/x + 3*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*a^2*b + 6*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsch(c*x) - 1/x)*a*b^2 + 3*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 2*c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 2*arccsch(c*x)/x)*b^3 - 3*a*b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2/x - a^3/x`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) a^2 b x + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3}{x^2} dx \right) b^3 x + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^2} dx \right) a b^2 x - a^3}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*a**2*b*x + int(acsch(c*x)**3/x**2,x)*b**3*x + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**2,x)*a*b**2*x - a**3)/x`

**3.30**  $\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{3b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{3}{8}b^3c^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{3b^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4x^2} + \frac{3bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4x} - \frac{1}{4}c^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2x^2}$$

output

```
3/8*b^3*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-3/8*b^3*c^2*arccsch(c*x)-3/4*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2+3/4*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x-1/4*c^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{4a^3 + 6ab^2 - 6a^2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x - 3b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 6b(2a^2 + b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + 6b^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/8*(4*a^3 + 6*a*b^2 - 6*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 3*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 6*b*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsch[c*x] + 6*b^2*(-(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) + a*(2 + c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 2*b^3*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 + 3*b*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c^2*x^2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/x^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 25, 3792, 17, 25, 3042, 25, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\ & -c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5969} \\ & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int -(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \int -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2cx} \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b^2 \int -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int -\sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115



$$\begin{aligned}
& -c^2 \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 \operatorname{dcsch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2cx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + (a \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \downarrow 24 \right. \right. \\
& -c^2 \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{6b} + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \right. \right.
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^3,x]`

output `-(c^2*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(2*c^2*x^2) + (3*b*((b^2*(-1/2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + ArcCsch[c*x]/2))/2 + (b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c^2*x^2) - (sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(6*b)))/2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3792

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[
b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 5969

```
Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sinh[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n +
1))), x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sinh[a + b*x]^(n +
1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(b^3 c^2 x^2 + 2b^3) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)^3 - 3(2a^2 b + b^3) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 4a^3 + 6ab^2 + 6(ab^2 c^2 x^2 - b^3 cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}})}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/8*(2*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^3 - 3*(2*a^2*b + b^3)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 4*a^3 + 6*a*b^2 + 6*(a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^3*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*a*b^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 - 3*(4*a*b^2*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - (2*a^2*b + b^3)*c^2*x^2 - 4*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/x^2`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/8*a^2*b*((2*c^4*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)
- c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) - 1))/c - 4*arccsch(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*b^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3/x^
2 - 1/2*a^3/x^2 - integrate(1/2*(2*b^3*log(c)^3 - 6*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*(b^
3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + 2*(b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^
2 + 6*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3
*(2*b^3*log(c) - 2*a*b^2 + 2*(b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^2
*x^2 + b^3)*log(x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*b^3*log(c) - 2*a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*
(2*log(c) - 1) - 2*a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)))*log(sqrt
(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 6*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)
^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x) - 6*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) +
(b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2
+ 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x) + (b^3
*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 +
(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) -
a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*
(b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2
*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*1
og(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3
*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3/x^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) a^2 b x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3}{x^3} dx \right) b^3 x^2 + 6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^3} dx \right) a b^2 x^2 - a^3}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3/x^3,x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)/x**3,x)*a**2*b*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)**3/x**3,x)*b**3*x**2 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**3,x)*a*b**2*x**2 - a**3)/(2*x**2)`

**3.31** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	298
Rubi [C] (verified)	298
Maple [F]	302
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	303
Sympy [F]	303
Maxima [F]	304
Giac [F]	304
Mupad [F(-1)]	305
Reduce [F]	305

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 166

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{14}{9}b^3c^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2}{27}b^3c^3\left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} \\ & - \frac{2b^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9x^3} + \frac{4b^2c^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x} \\ & - \frac{2}{3}bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \\ & + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3x^2} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-14/9*b^3*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+2/27*b^3*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)-2/9*b^2
*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3+4/3*b^2*c^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x-2/3*b*c^3*(1+1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2+1/3*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch
(c*x))^2/x^2-1/3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9a^3 + 2b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 - 20c^2x^2) + 9a^2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 - 2c^2x^2) + 6ab^2(-1 + 6c^2x^2) + 3b(-9a^2 + \dots)}{27x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^4,x]`

output `(-9*a^3 + 2*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 - 20*c^2*x^2) + 9*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 - 2*c^2*x^2) + 6*a*b^2*(-1 + 6*c^2*x^2) + 3*b*(-9*a^2 + 6*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 - 2*c^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*(-1 + 6*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x] - 9*b^2*(3*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 - 9*b^3*ArcCsch[c*x]^3)/(27*x^3)`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.214$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 26, 3792, 26, 3042, 26, 3113, 2009, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6840$$

$$-c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 5969$$

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - b \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3 x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - b \int i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int -\frac{i}{c^3 x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2ib(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} i \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{2}{9} ib^2 \int \frac{1}{c^3 x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2ib(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} i \int -i(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{2}{9} ib^2 \int i \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3113

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2}{9} ib^2 \int -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} d \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009



$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2ib(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - ib \int -\frac{i}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \frac{1}{cx} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int -i \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2ib \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{cx} + ib \int \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3 x^3} - ib \left( \frac{2ib(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3 x^3} - \frac{i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^2 x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^4,x]`

output `-(c^3*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(3*c^3*x^3) - I*b*(((2*I)/9)*b^2*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (1 + 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2)/3) + (((2*I)/9)*b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(c^3*x^3) - ((I/3)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/(c^2*x^2) + (2*(I*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2 - (2*I)*b*(-(b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*x))))/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777  $\text{Int}[\{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)\}^{(m_.)} \sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{- (c + d*x)^m \} \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f, x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)} \text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3792  $\text{Int}[\{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)\}^{(m_.)} \{(b_.) \sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]\}^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m-1)} \{(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n / (f^{2*n^2})\}, x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m \text{Cos}[e + f*x] \{(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-1)} / (f*n)\}, x] + \text{Simp}[b^{2*(n-1)/n} \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m \{(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n-2)}\}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^{2*m} * (m-1) / (f^{2*n^2}) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-2)} \{(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n\}, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 5969  $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)] \{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)\}^{(m_.)} \text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m \{(\text{Sinh}[a + b*x])^{(n+1)} / (b*(n+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*(n+1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)} \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{(n+1)}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$

rule 6840  $\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_.)(x_)](b_.)\}^{(n_.)} (x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m+1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n \text{Csch}[x]^{(m+1)} \text{Coth}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))^3/x^4,x)$

output  $\text{int}((a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))^3/x^4,x)$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs.  $2(144) = 288$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{36 ab^2 c^2 x^2 - 9 b^3 \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right)^3 - 9 a^3 - 6 ab^2 - 9 \left(3 ab^2 + (2 b^3 c^3 x^3 - b^3 cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c}\right)}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(36*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 9*b^3*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^3 - 9*a^3 - 6*a*b^2 - 9*(3*a*b^2 + (2*b^3*c^3*x^3 - b^3*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 + 3*(12*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 9*a^2*b - 2*b^3 - 6*(2*a*b^2*c^3*x^3 - a*b^2*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (2*(9*a^2*b + 20*b^3)*c^3*x^3 - (9*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^3`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*a^2*b*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c -
3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*b^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3/x^3 - 1/3*a^3/
x^3 - integrate((b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log
(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*
b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + (3*b^3*log(c) - 3*a*b^2
+ 3*(b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x) + sqr
t(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(3*b^3*log(c) - 3*a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*(3*log(c) - 1) - 3*a*b^2
*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 +
3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))
*x^2)*log(x) - 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*
b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2
+ (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x) + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(
c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log
(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*
sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + (b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*lo
g(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*lo
g(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*lo
g(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^
2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^2*x^6 + x^4 + (c^2*x^6 + x^4)
*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3/x^4, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{9 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) a^2 b x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3}{x^4} dx \right) b^3 x^3 + 9 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^4} dx \right) a b^2 x^3 - a^3}{3x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3/x^4,x)`

output `(9*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*a**2*b*x**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)**3/x**4,x)*b**3*x**3 + 9*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**4,x)*a*b**2*x**3 - a**3)/(3*x**3)`

**3.32** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{3b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{128x^3} - \frac{45b^3c^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{256x} + \frac{45}{256}b^3c^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{3b^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{32x^4} + \frac{9b^2c^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{32x^2} + \frac{3bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{16x^3} - \frac{9bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{32x} + \frac{3}{32}c^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4x^4}$$

output

```
3/128*b^3*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-45/256*b^3*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+45/256*b^3*c^4*arccsch(c*x)-3/32*b^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4+9/32*b^2*c^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2+3/16*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x^3-9/32*b*c^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/x+3/32*c^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-64a^3 - 24ab^2 + 48a^2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 6b^3c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 72ab^2c^2x^2 - 72a^2bc^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 - 45b^3c^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4}{256c^4x^4 \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(cx)]}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^5,x]`

output `(-64*a^3 - 24*a*b^2 + 48*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 6*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 72*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 72*a^2*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 - 45*b^3*c^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4 - 24*b*(8*a^2 + b^2*(1 - 3*c^2*x^2) + 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-2 + 3*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsch[c*x] + 24*b^2*(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(2 - 3*c^2*x^2) + a*(-8 + 3*c^4*x^4))*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 8*b^3*(-8 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x]^3 + 9*b*(8*a^2 + 5*b^2)*c^4*x^4*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(256*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.429$ , Rules used = {6840, 5969, 3042, 3792, 25, 3042, 25, 3115, 25, 3042, 25, 3115, 24, 3792, 17, 25, 3042, 25, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6840$$

$$-c^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^3x^3} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 5969$$



$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4 x^4} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int -\frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^4 x^4} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^4 x^4} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int -(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \int \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \int \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^4 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \int -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4 x^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4c^3 x^3} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4c^3 x^3} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4c^3 x^3} + \frac{3}{4} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 24

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2} b^2 \int -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4 x^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} b^2 \int -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} b^2 \int -\sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} b^2 \int \sin(\operatorname{icsch}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + b \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2cx} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \right)$$

↓ 24

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4 x^4} - \frac{3}{4} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6b} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/x^5,x]`

output `-(c^4*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(4*c^4*x^4) - (3*b*((b^2*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/4*c^3*x^3) + (3*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + ArcCsch[c*x]/2))/4))/8 - (b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(8*c^4*x^4) + (Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/(4*c^3*x^3) + (3*((b^2*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + ArcCsch[c*x]/2))/2 + (b*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2)/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3/(6*b)))/4)/4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 17  $\text{Int}[(c_.)((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1)})/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \ \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \ \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3792  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)} * ((b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)} * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n / (f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m * \text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)}) / (f*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2 * m * ((m - 1) / (f^2*n^2)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 2)} * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$
- rule 5969  $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)] * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)} * \text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m * (\text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)}) / (b*(n + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m / (b*(n + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$
- rule 6840  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * (x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m + 1)})^{(-1)} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n * \text{Csch}[x]^{(m + 1)} * \text{Coth}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{72 ab^2 c^2 x^2 + 8 (3 b^3 c^4 x^4 - 8 b^3) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right)^3 - 64 a^3 - 24 ab^2 + 24 (3 ab^2 c^4 x^4 - 8 ab^2 - (3 b^3 c^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/256*(72*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*(3*b^3*c^4*x^4 - 8*b^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^3 - 64*a^3 - 24*a*b^2 + 24*(3*a*b^2*c^4*x^4 - 8*a*b^2 - (3*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 2*b^3*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))^2 + 3*(3*(8*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*c^4*x^4 + 24*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*a^2*b - 8*b^3 - 16*(3*a*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 2*a*b^2*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - 3*(3*(8*a^2*b + 5*b^3)*c^3*x^3 - 2*(8*a^2*b + b^3)*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^4`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))**3/x**5, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3/64*a^2*b*((3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - 3*c^5*log(c*x*sqrt
(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 2*(3*c^8*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*c^6*x*sq
rt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1))/c - 16*arccsch(c*x)/x^4) - 1/4*b^3*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^
3/x^4 - 1/4*a^3/x^4 - integrate(1/4*(4*b^3*log(c)^3 - 12*a*b^2*log(c)^2 +
4*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 + 4*(b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^
2)*x^2 + 12*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)
^2 + 3*(4*b^3*log(c) - 4*a*b^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(b
^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(4*b^3*log(c) - 4*a*b^2 + (b
^3*c^2*(4*log(c) - 1) - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)))*l
og(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 12*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2
*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2)*log(x) - 12*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*l
og(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*
log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)
) + (b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)
))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b^3*c^2*l
og(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) +
1) + 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + (b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*log(x)^3 +
(b^3*c^2*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c) - a*b^2 + (b
^3*c^2*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*lo...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3/x^5, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3/x^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) a^2 b x^4 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3}{x^5} dx \right) b^3 x^4 + 12 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2}{x^5} dx \right) a b^2 x^4 - a^3}{4x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))^3/x^5,x)`output `(12*int(acsch(c*x)/x**5,x)*a**2*b*x**4 + 4*int(acsch(c*x)**3/x**5,x)*b**3*x**4 + 12*int(acsch(c*x)**2/x**5,x)*a*b**2*x**4 - a**3)/(4*x**4)`



### 3.33 $\int \frac{x}{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	316
Mathematica [N/A]	316
Rubi [N/A]	317
Maple [N/A]	317
Fricas [N/A]	318
Sympy [N/A]	318
Maxima [N/A]	318
Giac [N/A]	319
Mupad [N/A]	319
Reduce [N/A]	320

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{x}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `int(x/(acsch(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.34 \quad \int \frac{1}{a+b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	321
Mathematica [N/A]	321
Rubi [N/A]	322
Maple [N/A]	322
Fricas [N/A]	323
Sympy [N/A]	323
Maxima [N/A]	323
Giac [N/A]	324
Mupad [N/A]	324
Reduce [N/A]	325

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^(-1), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate(1/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input

`int(1/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output

`int(1/(acsch(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.35 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	326
Mathematica [N/A]	326
Rubi [N/A]	327
Maple [N/A]	327
Fricas [N/A]	328
Sympy [N/A]	328
Maxima [N/A]	328
Giac [N/A]	329
Mupad [N/A]	329
Reduce [N/A]	330

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x*arccsch(c*x) + a*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsch(c*x)*b*x + a*x),x)`

$$3.36 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [F]	334
Fricas [F]	334
Sympy [F]	335
Maxima [F]	335
Giac [F]	335
Mupad [F(-1)]	336
Reduce [F]	336

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{c \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b}$$

output

```
-c*cosh(a/b)*Chi(a/b+arccsch(c*x))/b+c*sinh(a/b)*Shi(a/b+arccsch(c*x))/b
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right))}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]
```



output

```

-((c*(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]] - Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[
a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]]))/b)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {6840, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
& -c \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \int \frac{\sin(i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
& -c \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& -c \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} + i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} + i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -c \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} + i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + i \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} + i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& -c \left( -\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} + \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia}{b} + i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& -c \left( \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output `-(c*((Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]])/b - (Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]])/b))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 6840

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[
-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, A
rcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (G
tQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(1/(b*x^2*arcsch(c*x) + a*x^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsch(c*x)*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

**3.37**  $\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result	337
Mathematica [A] (verified)	337
Rubi [C] (verified)	338
Maple [F]	341
Fricas [F]	341
Sympy [F]	341
Maxima [F]	342
Giac [F]	342
Mupad [F(-1)]	342
Reduce [F]	343

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^2 \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sinh(\frac{2a}{b})}{2b} - \frac{c^2 \cosh(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2b}$$

output

$1/2*c^2*Chi(2*a/b+2*arccsch(c*x))*sinh(2*a/b)/b-1/2*c^2*cosh(2*a/b)*Shi(2*a/b+2*arccsch(c*x))/b$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^2 (\operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sinh(\frac{2a}{b}) - \cosh(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)))}{2b}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output

```
(c^2*(CoshIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*Sinh[(2*a)/b] - Cosh[(2*a)/b]
*SinhIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsch[c*x]]))/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {6840, 5971, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\
 & -c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{cx (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\
 & -c^2 \int \frac{\sinh(2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{\sinh(2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} c^2 \int -\frac{i \sin(2i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} i c^2 \int \frac{\sin(2i \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b} + 2i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b} + 2i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b} + 2i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b} + 2i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3779

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( \frac{i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2ia}{b} + 2i\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\frac{1}{2}ic^2 \left( \frac{i \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output `(I/2)*c^2*(((-I)*CoshIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*Sinh[(2*a)/b])/b + (I*Cosh[(2*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsch[c*x]])/b)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 26  $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3779  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I*(\text{SinhIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]$
- rule 3782  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{CoshIntegral}[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*(e - \text{Pi}/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]$
- rule 3784  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$
- rule 5971  $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)*\text{Sinh}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sinh}[a + b*x]^{n*}\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$
- rule 6840  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m+1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csch}[x]^{(m+1)*\text{Coth}[x]}, x], x, \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arsch}(cx) + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arcsch(c*x) + a)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arcsch(c*x) + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(acsch(c*x)*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.38 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result	344
Mathematica [A] (verified)	345
Rubi [A] (verified)	345
Maple [F]	346
Fricas [F]	347
Sympy [F]	347
Maxima [F]	347
Giac [F]	348
Mupad [F(-1)]	348
Reduce [F]	348

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^3 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} - \frac{c^3 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} - \frac{c^3 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{c^3 \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b}$$

output

```
1/4*c^3*cosh(a/b)*Chi(a/b+arccsch(c*x))/b-1/4*c^3*cosh(3*a/b)*Chi(3*a/b+3*
arccsch(c*x))/b-1/4*c^3*sinh(a/b)*Shi(a/b+arccsch(c*x))/b+1/4*c^3*sinh(3*a
/b)*Shi(3*a/b+3*arccsch(c*x))/b
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^3 \left( -\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right) \right)}{4b}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output `-1/4*(c^3*(-(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]]) + Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]]) + Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]] - Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCsch[c*x])])/b`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {6840, 5971, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6840} \\ & -c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5971} \\ & -c^3 \int \left( \frac{\cosh(3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} \right) d \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$-c^3 \left( -\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} - \operatorname{si} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])),x]`

output `-(c^3*(-1/4*(Cosh[a/b]*CoshIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]])/b + (Cosh[(3*a)/b]*CoshIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcCsch[c*x]])/(4*b) + (Sinh[a/b]*SinhIntegral[a/b + ArcCsch[c*x]])/(4*b) - (Sinh[(3*a)/b]*SinhIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcCsch[c*x]])/(4*b))`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5971 `Int[Cosh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sinh[a + b*x]^n*Cosh[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 6840 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(n-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]^(m + 1)*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*acsch(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b x^4 + a x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(acsch(c*x)*b*x**4 + a*x**4),x)`

### 3.39 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	349
Mathematica [N/A]	349
Rubi [N/A]	350
Maple [N/A]	350
Fricas [N/A]	351
Sympy [N/A]	351
Maxima [N/A]	351
Giac [N/A]	352
Mupad [N/A]	353
Reduce [N/A]	353

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \operatorname{Int}\left((dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3, x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arccsch(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^3)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 27.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1351, normalized size of antiderivative = 84.44

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

b^3*d^m*x*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^3/(m + 1) + (d*x)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*
(m + 1)) - integrate((3*((b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*d^m*(m + 1) - (a*
b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1) - (d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + d^m)*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*d
^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^3*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m + (b^3*d^m
*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*
c^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^3*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x))
*x^m)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + (b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*d
^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^
2 + b^3*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^
2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c))*x^2 + 3*(b^3*d^m*
(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*c
^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*d^m*
(m + 1)*log(c) + a^2*b*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b
^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + a^2*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x
^2 + 1)*x^m + (b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 + 3
*a^2*b*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^3*d^m*(m + 1))*lo
g(x)^3 + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2
+ 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c))*x^2 + 3*(b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*
d^m*(m + 1) + (b^3*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2)*lo
g(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + a^2...

```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^3*(d*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m (x^m a^3 x + 3 \int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) a^2 b m + 3 \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^3 dx \right) b^3 m + \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b^3}{m + 1}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^3,x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*a**3*x + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*a**2*b*m + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*a**2*b + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**3,x)*b**3*m + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**3,x)*b**3 + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2*m + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2))/(m + 1)`

### 3.40 $\int (dx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	354
Mathematica [N/A]	354
Rubi [N/A]	355
Maple [N/A]	355
Fricas [N/A]	356
Sympy [N/A]	356
Maxima [N/A]	356
Giac [N/A]	357
Mupad [N/A]	358
Reduce [N/A]	358

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Int}\left((dx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^2)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.25

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

b^2*d^m*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(m + 1) + (d*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*
(m + 1)) - integrate(-((b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)
) + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c))*x^2 + (b
^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^2*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*lo
g(c) - a*b*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)
)*x^2)*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m + (b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*d
^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*
log(c))*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^2*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^
2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b
*c^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2)*log(x))*x^m - 2*((b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b*d^m*
(m + 1) - (a*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1) - (d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) + d^m)*b^2*c^2)*x^2 +
(b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^2*d^m*(m + 1))*log(x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m
+ (b^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - a*b*d^m*(m + 1) + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*log(c)
- a*b*c^2*d^m*(m + 1))*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + b^2*d^m*(m + 1))*
log(x))*x^m)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(c^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + (c^2*(m + 1)*x
^2 + m + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + m + 1), x)

```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2*(d*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m (x^m a^2 x + 2(\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) abm + 2(\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) ab + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 dx) b^2 m + (\int x^m}{m + 1}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*a**2*x + 2*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*a*b*m + 2*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*a*b + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*m + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)**2,x)*b**2))/m + 1)`

### 3.41 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	359
Rubi [A] (verified)	360
Maple [F]	361
Fricas [F]	361
Sympy [F]	362
Maxima [F]	362
Giac [F]	362
Mupad [F(-1)]	363
Reduce [F]	363

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d(1+m)} + \frac{b(dx)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1 - \frac{m}{2}, -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)}{cm(1+m)}$$

output

```
(d*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/(1+m)+b*(d*x)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2*m], [1-1/2*m], -1/c^2/x^2)/c/m/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{x(dx)^m \left( (1+m)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2 x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1+c^2 x^2}} \right)}{(1+m)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
(x*(d*x)^m*((1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (b*c*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(1 + m)^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {6838, 862, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6838} \\
 & \frac{bd \int \frac{(dx)^{m-1} dx}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)}}{c(m+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{862} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m (dx)^m \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-1} d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}}{c(m+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)} + \frac{b(dx)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1 - \frac{m}{2}, -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)}{cm(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*(d*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1/2*m, 1 - m/2, -(1/(c^2*x^2))])/(c*m*(1 + m))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 862 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(-1))*(c*x)^(m + 1)*(1/x)^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalQ[m]`

rule 6838 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c^2*d^m*integrate(x^2*x^m/(c^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + (c^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + m + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + m + 1), x) - (d^m*x*x^m*log(x) - d^m*x*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(m + 1) - integrate((c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2*log(c) + d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - d^m)*x^m/(c^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + m + 1), x))*b + (d*x)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\ = \frac{d^m (x^m a x + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) b m + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) b)}{m + 1} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*a*x + int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*m + int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b))/  
(m + 1)`



$$3.42 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	364
Mathematica [N/A]	364
Rubi [N/A]	365
Maple [N/A]	365
Fricas [N/A]	366
Sympy [N/A]	366
Maxima [N/A]	366
Giac [N/A]	367
Mupad [N/A]	367
Reduce [N/A]	368

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^m}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/(a + b*acsch(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} dx = d^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `d**m*int(x**m/(acsch(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.43 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\left(a+b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	369
Mathematica [N/A]	369
Rubi [N/A]	370
Maple [N/A]	370
Fricas [N/A]	371
Sympy [N/A]	371
Maxima [N/A]	371
Giac [N/A]	372
Mupad [N/A]	372
Reduce [N/A]	373

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\left(a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^m}{\left(a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{\left(a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{\left(a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(b^2*arccsch(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(c*x) + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(a+b*acsch(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/(a + b*acsch(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

-((c^2*d^m*x^3 + d^m*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m + (c^2*d^m*x^3 + d^m*x)*x^m)
/((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*
log(x) - (b^2*c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2 + b^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)
+ 1) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*log(c) + b^2*log(x) - a*b)) - integrate(-((
c^2*d^m*(m + 3)*x^2 + d^m*(m + 1))*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m + (c^4*d^m*(m + 2)*x^
4 + c^2*d^m*(3*m + 5)*x^2 + 2*d^m*(m + 1))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m + (c^4*d^
m*(m + 1)*x^4 + 2*c^2*d^m*(m + 1)*x^2 + d^m*(m + 1))*x^m)/((b^2*c^4*log(c)
- a*b*c^4)*x^4 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) + (c^2*x^2
+ 1)*(b^2*log(c) + b^2*log(x) - a*b) - a*b + (b^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*b^2*c^2*x^2
+ b^2)*log(x) - (b^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2 + b^2 +
2*(b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*sq
rt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*((b^2*c^2*log(c) - a*b*c^2)*x^2 + b^2*log(c) - a*b + (b^2*
c^2*x^2 + b^2)*log(x))), x)

```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2,x)
```

output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = d^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)^2 b^2 + 2 \operatorname{acsch}(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*acsch(c*x))^2,x)`

output `d**m*int(x**m/(acsch(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acsch(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.44 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	374
Mathematica [A] (verified)	375
Rubi [A] (verified)	375
Maple [A] (verified)	380
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	381
Sympy [F]	381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	382
Giac [F]	383
Mupad [F(-1)]	383
Reduce [F]	383

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{be(9c^2d^2 - e^2) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x}{6c^3} + \frac{bde^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3}{12c} - \frac{bd^4 csch^{-1}(cx)}{4e}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$+ \frac{bd(2c^2d^2 - e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2c^3}$$

output

```
1/6*b*e*(9*c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/2*b*d*e^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/12*b*e^3*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c-1/4*b*d^4*arccsch(c*x)/e+1/4*(e*x+d)^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e+1/2*b*d*(2*c^2*d^2-e^2)*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ac^3x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(-2e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 6dex + e^2x^2)) + 3bc^3x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 3bc^3x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) \operatorname{ArcSch}[cx] + 6b^2d(2c^2d^2 - e^2) \operatorname{Log}[(1 + \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2x^2)})x]}{12c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
(3*a*c^3*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-2*e^2 + c^2*(18*d^2 + 6*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) + 3*b*c^3*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3)*ArcSch[c*x] + 6*b*d*(2*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(12*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$ , Rules used = {6844, 1892, 1803, 540, 25, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 538, 222, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6844$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{4ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$\downarrow 1892$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^4 x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{4ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^4 x^4}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4ce} \\
 & \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\left( \frac{3d^4}{x^3} + \frac{12ed^3}{x^2} + 12e^3d + \frac{2e^2(9d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x} \right) x^3}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} e^4 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4ce} \\
 & \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\left( \frac{3d^4}{x^3} + \frac{12ed^3}{x^2} + 12e^3d + \frac{2e^2(9d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x} \right) x^3}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} e^4 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4ce} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2 \left( \frac{3d^4}{x^2} + \frac{6e(2d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})d}{x} + 2e^2(9d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{3} e^4 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4ce} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{\left( \frac{3d^4}{x^2} + \frac{6e(2d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})d}{x} + 2e^2(9d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{3} e^4 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4ce} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2338}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(-\int -\frac{3d\left(\frac{d^3}{x}+2e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\right)x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)-\frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\int\frac{\left(\frac{d^3}{x}+2e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\right)x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)-\frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(d^3\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+2e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 222

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(2e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+cd^3\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x^2}+cd^3\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(2c^2e\left(2d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\int\frac{1}{c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-c^2}}d\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}+cd^3\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\left(9d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3d \left( cd^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right) \left(2d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\right) - 2e^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \left(9d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) - 6de^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{4ce}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(4*e) - (b*(-1/3*(e^4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x^3) + (-2*e^2*(9*d^2 - e^2/c^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 6*d*e^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2 + 3*d*(c*d^3*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)] - 2*e*(2*d^2 - e^2/c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]]))/3)/(4*c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a+b*x^2)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 538  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 540  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*(m+1)*Qx - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1892  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(mn_)}))^{(q_)}*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}))^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 2338  $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Q = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*c*(m+1)*Q - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ || \ \text{NeQ}[\text{Expon}[Pq, x], 1])$



rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(ex+d)^4}{4e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c e^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^4}{4} + c e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^3 d + \frac{3ce \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^2 d^2}{2} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)cx d^3 + \frac{c \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^4}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{4} \right)}{4e}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^4}{4c^3 e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^4 d^4}{4e} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d^3 x + \frac{3e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d^2 x^2}{2} + e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d x^3 + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{4} \right)}{4c^3 e}$
default	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^4}{4c^3 e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d^4}{4e} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d^3 x + \frac{3e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d^2 x^2}{2} + e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 d x^3 + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{4} \right)}{4c^3 e}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a*(e*x+d)^4/e+b/c*(1/4*c*e^3*arccsch(c*x)*x^4+c*e^2*arccsch(c*x)*x^3*d
+3/2*c*e*arccsch(c*x)*x^2*d^2+arccsch(c*x)*c*x*d^3+1/4*c/e*arccsch(c*x)*d^
4-1/12/c^4/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(3*c^4*d^4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-12*
c^3*d^3*e*arcsinh(c*x)-18*c^2*d^2*e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c^2*d*e^3*x*(c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)-e^4*c^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6*c*d*e^3*arcsinh(c*x)+2*e^4*(
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 419 vs.  $2(147) = 294$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ac^3e^3x^4 + 12ac^3de^2x^3 + 18ac^3d^2ex^2 + 12ac^3d^3x + 3(4bc^3d^3 + 6bc^3d^2e + 4bc^3de^2 + bc^3e^3) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 6(2bc^2d^3 - bde^2) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx - 1\right) + 3(bc^3e^3x^4 + 4bc^3d^3e^2x^3 + 6bc^3d^2e^2x^2 + 4bc^3d^3x - 4bc^3d^3 - 6bc^3d^2e - 4bc^3de^2 - bc^3e^3) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) + (bc^2e^3x^3 + 6bc^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2(9bc^2d^2e - be^3)x) \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*a*c^3*e^3*x^4 + 12*a*c^3*d*e^2*x^3 + 18*a*c^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 12*a*c^3*d^3*x + 3*(4*b*c^3*d^3 + 6*b*c^3*d^2*e + 4*b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c^3*e^3)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 6*(2*b*c^2*d^3 - b*d*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 3*(4*b*c^3*d^3 + 6*b*c^3*d^2*e + 4*b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c^3*e^3)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 3*(b*c^3*e^3*x^4 + 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 6*b*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*b*c^3*d^3*x - 4*b*c^3*d^3 - 6*b*c^3*d^2*e - 4*b*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c^3*e^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (b*c^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*(9*b*c^2*d^2*e - b*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^3`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} ae^3 x^4 + ade^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2 ex^2 + \frac{3}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bd^2 e \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1) - c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1)}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1)}{c^2}}{c} \right) bde^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 (\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) be^3 + ad^3 x \\
&+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right) \right) bd^3}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*e^3*x^4 + a*d*e^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + 3/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*d^2*e + 1/4*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d*e^2 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*e^3 + a*d^3*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d^3/c`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b d^3 + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^3 \\ &\quad + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d e^2 \\ &\quad + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b d^2 e + a d^3 x \\ &\quad + \frac{3a d^2 e x^2}{2} + a d e^2 x^3 + \frac{a e^3 x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(4*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3 + 4*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**3 + 12*int(acs  
ch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**2 + 12*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d**2*e + 4*a*d**3*x +  
6*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**2*x**3 + a*e**3*x**4)/4
```

### 3.45 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bde\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c} + \frac{be^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{6c} - \frac{bd^3csch^{-1}(cx)}{3e} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e} + \frac{b(6c^2d^2 - e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^3}$$

output

```
b*d*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/6*b*e^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c-1/3*b*d^3*arccsch(c*x)/e+1/3*(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e+1/6*b*(6*c^2*d^2-e^2)*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{c^2x\left( be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(6d + ex) + 2ac(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) \right) + 2bc^3x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2)csch^{-1}(cx) + b(6c^2d^2 - e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

output  $(c^2*x*(b*e*\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)})*(6*d + e*x) + 2*a*c*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) + 2*b*c^3*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x] + b*(6*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*\text{Log}[(1 + \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)})*x]/(6*c^3)$

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {6844, 1892, 1803, 540, 25, 2338, 25, 538, 222, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6844 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 dx}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}}}{3ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1892 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^3 x dx}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}}{3ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^3 x^3 d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\left(\frac{2d^3}{x^2} + 6e^2d + \frac{e(6d^2 - e^2)}{x}\right) x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x^2} + 6e^2d + \frac{e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x} \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int - \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x} + e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x} + e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 538 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 222 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2cd^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 6de^2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2}e(6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2cd^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 6de^2x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2}e^3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( c^2 e \left( 6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - c^2}} d \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} + 2cd^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2cd^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right) \left( 6d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{3ce}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e) - (b*(-1/2*(e^3*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x^2) + (-6*d*e^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*c*d^3*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)] - e*(6*d^2 - e^2/c^2)*ArcTanh[sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/(2))/(3*c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 222  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a+b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 538  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 540  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*(m+1)*Qx - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1892  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(mn_)})^{(q_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 2338  $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Q = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*c*(m+1)*Q - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ || \ \text{NeQ}[\text{Expon}[Pq, x], 1])$

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(ex+d)^3}{3e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^3}{3} + ce \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^2d + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)cx d^2 + \frac{c \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^3}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -2c^3d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^3}{3c^2e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^3d^3}{3e} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3d^2x + e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3dx^2 + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -2c^3d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{c} \right)}{e^2}$
default	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^3}{3c^2e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^3d^3}{3e} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3d^2x + e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3dx^2 + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -2c^3d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{c} \right)}{c^2}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*a*(e*x+d)^3/e+b/c*(1/3*c*e^2*arccsch(c*x)*x^3+c*e*arccsch(c*x)*x^2+d*a
rccsch(c*x)*c*x*d^2+1/3*c/e*arccsch(c*x)*d^3+1/6/c^3/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*
(-2*c^3*d^3*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+6*c^2*d^2*e*arcsinh(c*x)+6*c*d*e^2
*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+e^3*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-e^3*arcsinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1
)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs.  $2(108) = 216$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3e^2x^3 + 6ac^3dex^2 + 6ac^3d^2x + 2(3bc^3d^2 + 3bc^3de + bc^3e^2) \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - (6bc^2d^2 -$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 6*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 6*a*c^3*d^2*x + 2*(3*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*b*c^3*d*e + b*c^3*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - (6*b*c^2*d^2 - b*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 2*(3*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*b*c^3*d*e + b*c^3*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 3*b*c^3*d^2*x - 3*b*c^3*d^2 - 3*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (b*c^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*b*c^2*d*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^3`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{3} ae^2 x^3 + adex^2 + \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bde \\
&+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 (\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1) - c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1)}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1)}{c^2}}{c} \right) be^2 \\
&+ ad^2 x + \frac{(2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1) - \log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1)) bd^2}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + a*d*e*x^2 + (x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c) *b*d*e + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e^2 + a*d^2*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d^2/c`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b e^2 + 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b d e + a d^2 x + a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(3*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**2 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e + 3*a*d**2*x + 3*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**3)/3`

### 3.46 $\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output

$1/2*b*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c-1/2*b*d^2*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x)/e+1/2*(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/e+b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + \frac{bex\sqrt{1+\frac{c^2x^2}{1+c^2x^2}}}{2c} + bdx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2}bex^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2bd\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^2)/2 + (b*e*x*sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + b*d*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (b*e*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/2 + (2*b*d*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(-1 + sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*x)]/sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {6844, 1892, 1730, 540, 25, 27, 538, 222, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6844 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{2ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1892 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(\frac{d}{x}+e)^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1730 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b \int \frac{(\frac{d}{x}+e)^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b \left( e^2 x \left( -\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \int -\frac{d \left( \frac{d}{x} + 2e \right) x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right)}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(\int \frac{d\left(\frac{d}{x}+2e\right)x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+2e\right)x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 538 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} + 2e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}\right) - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 222 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(2e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} + c\operatorname{darcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x^2} + c\operatorname{darcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(2c^2e\int \frac{1}{c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}-c^2}d\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + c\operatorname{darcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(c\operatorname{darcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 2e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2ce}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]
```

output 
$$\frac{((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(2*e) - (b*(-(e^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) + d*(c*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)] - 2*e*ArcTanh[sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])))/(2*c*e)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 222 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 243 
$$\text{Int}[(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 538 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 540

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]},
Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1730

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> -Subst[Int[(d + e/x^n)^q*(a + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2], x], x, 1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 1892

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /;
FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2e + dx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)x^2e + \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)dcx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}+2dc \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2c^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}x}\right)}{c}$	98
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} e c^2 x^2\right)}{c} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) d c^2 x + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) e c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}(e\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}+2dc \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2 x^2}} c x}\right)}{c}$	115
default	$\frac{a\left(d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} e c^2 x^2\right)}{c} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) d c^2 x + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) e c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}(e\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}+2dc \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2 x^2}} c x}\right)}{c}$	115

input `int((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/2*x^2*e+d*x)+b/c*(1/2*c*arccsch(c*x)*x^2*e+arccsch(c*x)*d*c*x+1/2/c^2/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*d*c*arcsinh(c*x)))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{acex^2 + 2acdx + bex\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - 2bd \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx\right) + (2bcd + bce) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*c*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + b*e*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 2*b*d*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + (2*b*c*d + b*c*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - (2*b*c*d + b*c*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + (b*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x - 2*b*c*d - b*c*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/c`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} aex^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) be + adx$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) \right) bd}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*e*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*e + a*d*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d/c`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) be + adx + \frac{ae x^2}{2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(2*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d + 2*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e + 2*a*d*x + a*e*x**2)/2`

### 3.47 $\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	402
Mathematica [B] (verified)	402
Rubi [A] (verified)	403
Maple [A] (verified)	403
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	404
Sympy [F]	404
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	405
Giac [F]	405
Mupad [F(-1)]	405
Reduce [F]	406

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
a*x+b*x*arccsch(c*x)+b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[a + b*ArcCsch[c*x], x]
```

output

```
a*x + b*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*x)])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c} + b x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcCsch[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$xa + bx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	36
parts	$xa + bx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	36
derivativedivides	$\frac{acx + b\left(cx \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$	39



input `int(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*a+b*x*arccsch(c*x)+b/c*ln(c*x+c*x*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.77

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{acx + bc \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1 \right) - bc \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1 \right) - b \log \left( cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx \right) + (bcx}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*c*x + b*c*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - b*c*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - b*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + (b*c*x - b*c)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/c`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*acsch(c*x),x)`

output `Integral(a + b*acsch(c*x), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ax + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1\right)\right)b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b/c`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsch(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(b*arccsch(c*x) + a, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) dx$$

input `int(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)),x)`output `int(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b + ax$$

input `int(a+b*acsch(c*x),x)`

output `int(acsch(c*x),x)*b + a*x`

### 3.48 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	407
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	408
Rubi [A] (verified)	408
Maple [F]	410
Fricas [F]	411
Sympy [F]	411
Maxima [F]	411
Giac [F]	412
Mupad [F(-1)]	412
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{cde^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{e - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{cde^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{e + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{cde^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{e - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{cde^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{e + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e}$$

output

```
(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*d*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))/e+(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*d*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))/e-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e+b*polylog(2,-c*d*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))/e+b*polylog(2,-c*d*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))/e-1/2*b*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{a \log(d + ex)}{e} + \frac{b \left( \pi^2 - 4i\pi \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 8 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - 32 \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{ie}{cd}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{(icd+e) \cot\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\pi + 2i \operatorname{CSch}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right) \right)}{8e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x), x]`

output

```
(a*Log[d + e*x])/e + (b*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 -
32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*e)/(c*d)]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((I*c*d + e)*Cot[(Pi + (2
*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*
ArcCsch[c*x])] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + ((-e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*
x])/(c*d)] + 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + ((-e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[
c*x])/(c*d)] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*e)/(c*d)]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + ((-e +
Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 - ((e + Sqrt
[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)] + 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - ((e + Sqr
t[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*e)/(c
*d)]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - ((e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)] -
(4*I)*Pi*Log[e + d/x] + 4*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + 8*PolyLog[2, (
(e - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)] + 8*PolyLog[2, ((e + Sqrt
[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)])))/(8*e)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {6843, 2998}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6843} \\
& b \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx + b \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx \\
& \quad - \frac{ce}{b \int \frac{\log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)})}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{ce} + \\
& \quad \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2998} \\
& \quad \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} + \\
& \quad \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} + \\
& \quad \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x), x]`

output

```
((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*Log[1 - ((e - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)]/e + ((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*Log[1 - ((e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)]/e - ((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/e + (b*PolyLog[2, ((e - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)]/e + (b*PolyLog[2, ((e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*d)]/e - (b*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]))/(2*e)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2998

```
Int[Log[v_]*(u_), x_Symbol] :=> With[{w = DerivativeDivides[v, u*(1 - v), x]}, Simp[w*PolyLog[2, 1 - v], x] /; !FalseQ[w]]
```

rule 6843

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*(Log[1 - (e - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(c*d)]/e), x] + (Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*(Log[1 - (e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(c*d)]/e), x] - Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])*(Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]/e), x] + Simp[b/(c*e) Int[Log[1 - (e - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] + Simp[b/(c*e) Int[Log[1 - (e + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] - Simp[b/(c*e) Int[Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{ex + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x + d), x) + a*log(e*x + d)/e`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{ex+d} dx\right) be + \log(ex + d) a}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(int(acsch(c*x)/(d + e*x),x)*b*e + log(d + e*x)*a)/e`

**3.49**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{de} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{e}{x}}{c\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}$$

output `b*arccsch(c*x)/d/e-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)+b*arctanh((c^2*d-e/x)/c/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{e(d + ex)} - \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{de} + \frac{b \log(d + ex)}{d\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} - \frac{b \log\left(e + c\left(-cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) x\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output

$$-(a/(e*(d + e*x))) - (b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)) + (b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(d*e) + (b*Log[d + e*x])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]) - (b*Log[e + c*(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$ , Rules used = {6844, 1892, 1803, 605, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6844$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)} dx}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 1892$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) x^3} dx}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 1803$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) x} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 605$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{d} \right)}{ce} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \left( \frac{c \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right)} d^{\frac{1}{x}}} {d} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{e \int \frac{1}{d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}} d^{\frac{d - \frac{e}{c^2 x}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{c \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{c \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} + \frac{c e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c \left(d - \frac{e}{c^2 x}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{d \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x))) + (b*((c*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/d + (c*e*ArcTanh[(c*(d - e/(c^2*x))]/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])))/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))/(c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[  
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[  
{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 605 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]  
:= Simp[1/d Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - Simp[c/d Int[x^(m - 1)  
)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m,  
0] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x  
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&  
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1892 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(  
p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; F  
reeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n  
2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 6844 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbo  
l] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[  
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]  
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{(ex+d)e} + \frac{b}{c} \left( -\frac{c^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(cex+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2dc^2x+2e}}{cex+cd}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x d \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}}}\right) \right)$
derivativeldivides	$-\frac{ac^2}{(cex+cd)e} + bc^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(cex+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2dc^2x+2e}}{cex+cd}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2xd \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}}}\right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{ac^2}{(cex+cd)e} + bc^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(cex+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2dc^2x+2e}}{cex+cd}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2xd \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}}}\right) \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/(e*x+d)/e+b/c*(-c^2/(c*e*x+c*d)/e*arccsch(c*x)+1/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-ln(2*((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x+e)/(c*e*x+c*d)))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs. 2(92) = 184.  
 Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{ac^2d^3 + ade^2 - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(be^2x + bde) \log\left(-\frac{c^3d^2x - cde + (c^3d^2 + ce^2)x\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + (c^2dx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + c^2dx - e)\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}{ex+d}\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-(a*c^2*d^3 + a*d*e^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(b*e^2*x + b*d*e)*log(-(c^3*d^
2*x - c*d*e + (c^3*d^2 + c*e^2)*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + (c^2*d*x
*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + c^2*d*x - e)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 + e^2))/(e*x +
d)) - (b*c^2*d^3 + b*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e + b*e^3)*x)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^
2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + (b*c^2*d^3 + b*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e + b*e^3
)*x)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + (b*c^2*d^3 + b*d*e
^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^4*e + d^2*e
^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 + d*e^4)*x)

```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**2, x)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-1/2*(2*c^2*integrate(x/(c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x + d*e + (c^2*e^
2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x + d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) + I*c*(log(I*c*x
+ 1) - log(-I*c*x + 1))/(c^2*d^2 + e^2) - 2*e*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^3 + d*e
^2) - (2*c^2*d^3*log(c) + 2*d*e^2*log(c) - 2*(c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x*log(x) +
(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*(c^2*d^3 + d*e^2)*log(sqrt(c^
2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(c^2*d^4*e + d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 + d*e^4)*x))*b - a/(e
^2*x + d*e)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2} dx\right) b d^2 + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2} dx\right) b dex + ax}{d(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2),x)*b*d**2 + int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e*x + a*x)/(d*(d + e*x))`



**3.50**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	421
Rubi [A] (verified)	421
Maple [B] (verified)	425
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	426
Sympy [F]	427
Maxima [F]	427
Giac [F]	428
Mupad [F(-1)]	428
Reduce [F]	428

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{bce\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2d(c^2d^2 + e^2)\left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2d^2e} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{b(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{e}{x}}{c\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{2d^2(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*c*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(e+d/x)+1/2*b*arccsch(c*x)/
d^2/e-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^2+1/2*b*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2)*arctanh((c^
2*d-e/x)/c/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/2
)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{a}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{bce \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d^2 e} + \frac{b(2c^2 d^2 + e^2) \log(d + ex)}{d^2 (c^2 d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{b(2c^2 d^2 + e^2) \log\left(e + c\left(-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{d^2 (c^2 d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-(a/(e*(d + e*x)^2)) - (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(d*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)
*(d + e*x)) - (b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(d^2
*e) + (b*(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(d^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/2)) - (b*
(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Log[e + c*(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*
x^2)]*x)]/(d^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/2)))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {6844, 1892, 1803, 603, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 6844

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1892 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2} dx}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 \downarrow 1803 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 \downarrow 603 \\
 \frac{b \left( -\frac{c^2 \int \frac{e^{-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}}+d}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{c^2e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 \downarrow 719 \\
 \frac{b \left( -\frac{c^2 \left( e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}+2\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d^{\frac{1}{x}} - \left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}+1\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d^{\frac{1}{x}} \right)}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{c^2e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 \downarrow 222 \\
 \frac{b \left( -\frac{c^2 \left( e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}+2\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d^{\frac{1}{x}} - \operatorname{carcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}+1\right) \right)}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{c^2e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 \downarrow 488
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b \left( \frac{c^2 \left( -e \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 2 \right) \int \frac{1}{d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}} d \frac{d - \frac{e}{c^2 x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 1 \right) \right)}{c^2 d^2 + e^2} - \frac{c^2 e^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left( \frac{d}{x} + e \right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{2ce}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \\
 & \frac{2e(d + ex)^2}{2e(d + ex)^2} \\
 & \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & b \left( \frac{c^2 \left( -\operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 1 \right) - \frac{ce \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 2 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{c \left( d - \frac{e}{c^2 x} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 + e^2} - \frac{c^2 e^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left( \frac{d}{x} + e \right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{2ce}{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \\
 & \frac{2e(d + ex)^2}{2e(d + ex)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*(-((c^2*e^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(d*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(e + d/x))) - (c^2*(-(c*(1 + e^2/(c^2*d^2))*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]) - (c*e*(2 + e^2/(c^2*d^2))*ArcTanh[(c*(d - e/(c^2*x)))/(sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)))/(2*c*e)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[  
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ  
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol  
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde  
r[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/((n +  
1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)  
^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n +  
1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGt  
Q[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +  
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,  
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x  
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&  
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1892 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(  
p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; F  
reeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n  
2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 6844 `Int[((a_) + ArcSch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbo  
l] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[  
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]  
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 542 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{2(ex+d)^2e} + b \left( -\frac{c^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2(cex+cd)^2e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{e^2} \left( \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^3 d^2 ex + \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{ac^3}{2(cex+cd)^2e} + bc^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2(cex+cd)^2e} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{e^2} \left( -\sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^3 d^3 - \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{ac^3}{2(cex+cd)^2e} + bc^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2(cex+cd)^2e} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{e^2} \left( -\sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) c^3 d^3 - \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right) \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a/(e*x+d)^2/e+b/c*(-1/2*c^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e*arccsch(c*x)+1/2/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*c^3*d^2*e*x+((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3-2*ln(2*((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x+e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c^3*d^2*e*x-2*ln(2*((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x+e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c^3*d^3+((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e^3*c*x+((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*c*d*e^2-(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e^2-ln(2*((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x+e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*e^3*c*x-ln(2*((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x+e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c*d*e^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d^2/((c^2*d^2+e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c*e*x+c*d))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs.  $2(147) = 294$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$ac^4d^6 + bc^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^4e^2 + bcd^3e^3 + ad^2e^4 + (bc^3d^3e^3 + bcde^5)x^2 - (2bc^2d^4e + bd^2e^3 + (2bc^2d^2e^3 +$$


---

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(a*c^4*d^6 + b*c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*c*d^3*e^3 + a*d^2*e^4
+ (b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + b*c*d*e^5)*x^2 - (2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^3 + (2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + b*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 + e^2)
)*log(-(c^3*d^2*x - c*d*e + (c^3*d^2 + c*e^2)*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))) + (c^2*d*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + c^2*d*x - e)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 + e^2))/(e*x + d)
) + 2*(b*c^3*d^4*e^2 + b*c*d^2*e^4)*x - (b*c^4*d^6 + 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 + b*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^5*e + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + b*d*e^5)*x)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1)
+ (b*c^4*d^6 + 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 + b*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^5*e + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + b*d*e^5)*x)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1)
+ (b*c^4*d^6 + 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + ((b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + b*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (b*c^3*d^4*e^2 + b*c*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^4*d^8*e + 2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + d^4*e^5 + (c^4*d^6*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^7*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + d^3*e^6)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*I*c^3*d*(log(I*c*x + 1) - log(-I*c*x + 1))/(c^4*d^4 + 2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + e^4) + 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*x/(c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*log(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^6 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^2*e^4) - (2*c^4*d^6*log(c) + 2*d^2*e^4*log(c) - 2*d^2*e^4 + 2*(2*d^4*e^2*log(c) - d^4*e^2)*c^2 - 2*(c^2*d^3*e^3 + d*e^5)*x + (c^4*d^6 - c^2*d^4*e^2 + (c^4*d^4*e^2 - c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e - c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*((c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^2*e^4 + e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e + 2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + d*e^5)*x)*log(x) - 2*(c^4*d^6 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^2*e^4)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(c^4*d^8*e + 2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + d^4*e^5 + (c^4*d^6*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^7*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + d^3*e^6)*x))*b - 1/2*a/(e^3*x^2 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 ex + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 ex + d^3} dx \right) b d e^2 x + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 ex + d^3} dx \right) b}{2e(e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e + 4*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3),x)*b*d*e**2*x + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3),x)*b*e**3*x**2 - a)/(2*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

### 3.51 $\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	429
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	430
Rubi [B] (verified)	431
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Mupad [F(-1)]	450
Reduce [F]	450

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1040

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-20/189*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3-32/315*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e^2+4/63*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/
e^2+16/945*b*d*(6*c^2*d^2-7*e^2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/e
^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2/3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(
3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+6/5*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4-6
/7*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+2/9*(e*x+d)^(9/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c
*x))/e^4+32/315*b*d^(9/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/
(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-16/945*b*d*(6*c^2*d^2-7*e^2
)*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arct
an(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/945*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4
)*(48*c^5*d^5+24*c^3*d^3*e^2-28*c*d*e^4-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(48*c^4*d^4-25
*e^4))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2
)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/
c^(11/2)/e^6/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+16/315*b*d^4*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(
2)*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2...

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 43.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, 3/2])/(e^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]) + (
b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((16*c*d*(-6*c^2*d^2 + 7*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(
945*e^3) + (32*c^4*d^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/(315*e^4) - (2*c^4*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/
9 - (2*c^3*x^3*(2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(63*e) - (4
*c^2*x^2*(2*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 3*c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(315*e^
2) - (4*c*x*(-9*c^2*d^2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 25*e^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x
^2)] + 12*c^3*d^3*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(945*e^3)))/Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[e +
d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-(Sqrt[2]*(48*c^4*d^4*e - 25*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 25*e^5)*Sqrt[1
+ I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[
-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]
*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2
]*(c*d - I*e)*(48*c^5*d^5 - 24*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 28*c*d*e^4)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*S
qrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, A
rcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e))/(e*Sqrt[1 +
1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(-24*c^4*d^4*e + 28*c^2*d^2*
e^3)*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*Sqrt
[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((e*(-I
+ c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*(c*d + I
*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d...
```

## Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2188 vs.  $2(1040) = 2080$ .

Time = 5.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10, number of steps used = 27, number of rules used = 26,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.238$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 634, 599, 27, 631, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2185, 27, 687, 27, 687, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(16d^3-24exd^2+30e^2x^2d-35e^3x^3)}{315e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{c}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} \frac{3e^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} - \frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(16d^3-24exd^2+30e^2x^2d-35e^3x^3)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{315ce^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} \frac{3e^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(16d^3-24exd^2+30e^2x^2d-35e^3x^3)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{\frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} \frac{3e^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} - \frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{\frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} \frac{3e^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 634 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2-2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) \right)}{\frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} \frac{3e^4}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} +
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^{2(2d+ex)}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\frac{e^2}{e^2}} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{5e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{5e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4}$$

↓ 631

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{5e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4}$$

↓ 1511

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-35x^2e^3+30dxe^2-24d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. \frac{315ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{d+ex}{c^2}}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{9/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{5e^4}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{9e^4}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 16d^3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{9/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{5e^4}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{9e^4}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 16 \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1540

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 2185



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 687

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 687

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \begin{array}{l} 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \\ 16 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \frac{\left( \begin{array}{l} 4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{(e^2d^2 + 1) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \\ 2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}} \end{array} \right) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \begin{array}{l} 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \\ 16 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \frac{\left( \begin{array}{l} 4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{(e^2d^2 + 1) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \\ 2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}} \end{array} \right) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 599

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 1511

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2e^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


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↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 16 \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2222

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \\
 & \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 16 \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}}{e^2} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`



output

```
(-2*d^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^4) + (6*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^4) - (6*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(7*e^4) + (2*(d + e*x)^(9/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(9*e^4) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((-10*e^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e*((-50*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) - 16*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] + (2*(-4*c*d*(18*c^2*d^2 - 7*e^2)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(72*c^3*d^3 - 28*c*d*e^2 + 25*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/(3*c^2*e))/c^2 + 16*d^3*(2*(-(Sqrt[...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 631 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n + 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2185

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrate[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 19.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2897, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

method	result	size
derivativdivides	Expression too large to display	2897
default	Expression too large to display	2897
parts	Expression too large to display	2898

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e^4*(-a*(-1/9*(e*x+d)^(9/2)+3/7*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)-3/5*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/
3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2))-b*(-1/9*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)+3/7*arccsch(c*x)*d
*(e*x+d)^(7/2)-3/5*arccsch(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*arccsch(c*x)*d^3*(e*
x+d)^(3/2)+2/945/c^5*(54*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d*e*(e*x+
d)^(7/2)-63*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+24
*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-26*I*((I*e+c*
d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+21*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*
d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+
c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^
2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2), (-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*
e^2+25*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4*(-(
I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)
)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)
)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2), (-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e^2-3*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d
^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(
1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2), (-2*I*c*d*
e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e^4+28*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*
x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d
^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*...
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^3)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/99225*(31255875*c^2*e^4*integrate(1/315*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^5*log(x)/(c^2*e
^4*x^2 + e^4), x) - 10080*c^2*d^4*(integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 -
e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))
, x)/(c^2*e) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e^2))/e^2 + 31255875*e^4*integrate(1/3
15*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3*log(x)/(c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4), x) - 1680*c^2*d^3*(3*e*in
tegrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2
), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c^2*e^2))/e^2 + 252*c^2*d^2*(15*e*integrate
(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d +
c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 5*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*c^2*d - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2)/(c^4*e^2))/e^2 + 30*c^2*d*(105*e
^3*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2
+ e^2), x)/c^4 + 2*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2 - 42*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d + 35
*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/(c^4*e^2))/e^2 - 6615*(15*e*integrate(((
e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^
2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 5*(e*x +
d)^(3/2)*c^2*d - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2)/(c^4*e^2))*log(c) + 315*c^2*(315*e^
3*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x +
d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^6 + 2*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*
c^4 - 135*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^4*d + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4 + 63*(3*c^4*d^2 -
c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 105*(c^4*d^3 - c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/(...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-32\sqrt{ex+d} a d^4 + 16\sqrt{ex+d} a d^3 ex - 12\sqrt{ex+d} a d^2 e^2 x^2 + 10\sqrt{ex+d} a d e^3 x^3 + 70\sqrt{ex+d} a e^4 x^4}{315e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 32*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**4 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**3*e*x - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e**3*x**3 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**4*x**4 + 315*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**4)/(315*e**4)`

### 3.52 $\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	451
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	452
Rubi [B] (verified)	453
Maple [C] (verified)	470
Fricas [F]	471
Sympy [F]	471
Maxima [F]	471
Giac [F]	472
Mupad [F(-1)]	473
Reduce [F]	473

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 978

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$



output

```

-4/105*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e+4/35*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e-4/105*b*(5*c^2*d^2+9*e^2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))+2/
3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-4/5*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc
h(c*x))/e^3+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-16/105*b*d^(7/2)*(c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1+1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+4/105*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(5*c^2*d^2+9*e^2)*((c^2*x^2+1
)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2
+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^3/(1+1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2/105*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(8*c^4*d^4+5*c^2*d^2*e^2+9*e^4-
c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^2+e^2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c
*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*I
nverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+
2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^5/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-8/105*
b*d^3*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(
c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^
2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
/e^5/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 32.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1094, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, 3/2])/(e^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]))
+ (b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((4*(5*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(105
*e^2) - (16*c^3*d^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/(105*e^3) - (2*c^3*x^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/7 -
(2*c^2*x^2*(2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(35*e) - (8*c*
x*(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(105*e^2)))/Sqrt[d
+ e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-((Sqrt[2]*(9*c^3*d^3*e + c*d*e^3)*
Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2
*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*
Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(8*c^4*d^4 - 5*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*e^4)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sq
rt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, Ar
cSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/(e*Sqrt[1 +
1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(-5*c^3*d^3*e - 9*c*d*e^3)*Co
sh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2
*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-
((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x)
)/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*Ell
ipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] -
I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d +
I*e)])) + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I...

```

## Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2125 vs. 2(978) = 1956.

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.952$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 634, 599, 27, 631, 687, 27, 687, 27, 599, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(8d^2-12exd+15e^2x^2)}{105e^3 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} \frac{c}{7e^3} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{\frac{3e^3}{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} +} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(8d^2-12exd+15e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{105ce^3}{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{3e^3}{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} +} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(8d^2-12exd+15e^2x^2)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{3e^3}{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}} +} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15e^2x-12de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}} +} \\
& \quad \downarrow 634 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2-2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15e^2x-12de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}} +} \\
& \quad \downarrow 599
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^2(2d+ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15e^2x-12de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15e^2x-12de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 631

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{15e\sqrt{d+ex}(4d^2c^2+dexc^2+3e^2)}{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{5c^2} + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -\frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4d^2c^2+dexc^2+3e^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} dx \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -\frac{3e \left( 2 \int \frac{c^2(4d(3c^2d^2+2e^2)+e(13c^2d^2+9e^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} dx \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4d(3c^2d^2+2e^2)+e(13c^2d^2+9e^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} dx \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( - \frac{3e \left( \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(d(c^2d^2+e^2)-(13c^2d^2+9e^2)(d+ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{3e^2} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} \right)$$

$$105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( - \frac{3e \left( \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d(c^2d^2+e^2)-(13c^2d^2+9e^2)(d+ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{3e} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} \right)$$

$$105ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

1511

$$\left( \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{3e} \left( \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(13c^2d^2+9e^2) \int \frac{1-\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2}-\frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2}+\frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}+1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(-cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+...)} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

$\downarrow$  1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \\
 & \left. 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8 \left( 2 \frac{\left( \sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8 \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8 \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8 \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2222

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8 \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*d^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (4*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)} \\ & )*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x))/(5*e^3) + (2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])) \\ & /((7*e^3) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((6*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] \\ & ])/c^2 - (3*e*((2*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/3 - (2*((Sqrt[c^2*d \\ & ^2 + e^2]*(13*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - \\ & (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 \\ & + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (c*(d \\ & + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x) \\ & )/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqr \\ & t[c^2*d^2 + e^2]^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 \\ & + e^2)^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2* \\ & d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/c - ((c^2*d \\ & ^2 + e^2)^{(3/4)}*(13*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2 - c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d \\ & + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x) \\ & )/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqr \\ & t[c^2*d^2 + e^2]^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + \\ & e^2)^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]))/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (c^2 \\ & *d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/(3*e))/c^ \\ & 2 + 8*d^2*(2*(-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/ \\ & e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)... \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`



rule 631 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n + 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol]
:= Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])], x], x]] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2515, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	2515
default	Expression too large to display	2515
parts	Expression too large to display	2518

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2/e^3*(a*(1/7*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+1/3*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)})+b*( \\
 & 1/7*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*arccsch(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+1/3*arccsch \\
 & h(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+2/105/c^4*(-7*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)} \\
 & *c^3*d*e*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-3*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^4*d*(e*x+d)^{( \\
 & 7/2)}-I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+7*((I*e+c \\
 & *d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^4*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e \\
 & ^2))^{(1/2)}*c*d*e^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-8*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^ \\
 & 2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^ \\
 & 2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/ \\
 & 2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}((I*e+ \\
 & c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*e+I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^ \\
 & 2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2) \\
 & / (c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{( \\
 & 1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c*d*e^3-4*(-(I*c*(e \\
 & x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2 \\
 & *d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e \\
 & +c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2 \\
 & )}*c^4*d^4-5*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1 \\
 & /2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*Ellipt \\
 & icE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^...
 \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/11025*(1157625*c^2*e^3*integrate(1/105*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^4*log(x)/(c^2*e^
3*x^2 + e^3), x) + 1680*c^2*d^3*(integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^
2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)),
x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e))/e^2 + 1157625*e^3*integrate(1/105*sqrt(e
*x + d)*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*e^3*x^2 + e^3), x) + 280*c^2*d^2*(3*e^2*integrate(
sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^
2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c^2*e))/e^2 - 42*c^2*d*(15*e^2*integrate(((e*x + d)
*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 +
e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)
*c^2*d - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2)/(c^4*e))/e^2 - 3675*(3*e^2*integrate(sqrt(e
*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*
(e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c^2*e))*log(c) + 105*c^2*(105*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)
/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^4 + 2*(15*(e*
x + d)^(7/2)*c^2 - 42*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d + 35*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(e*x + d)
^(3/2))/(c^4*e))*log(c)/e^2 + 30*c^2*(105*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*
x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^4 + 2*(15*(e*x + d)
^(7/2)*c^2 - 42*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d + 35*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)
))/(c^4*e))/e^2 - 210*(15*e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2*e*x + 8*d^3)*sqrt(
e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e^3 - 11025*integrate(2/105*(15*c^2*e^
3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 4*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^3*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{16\sqrt{ex+d} a d^3 - 8\sqrt{ex+d} a d^2 ex + 6\sqrt{ex+d} a d e^2 x^2 + 30\sqrt{ex+d} a e^3 x^3 + 105 \left( \int \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) \right)}{105e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**3 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 105*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**3)/(105*e**3)`

### 3.53 $\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	474
Mathematica [C] (verified)	475
Rubi [B] (verified)	476
Maple [C] (verified)	484
Fricas [F(-1)]	485
Sympy [F]	486
Maxima [F]	486
Giac [F]	487
Mupad [F(-1)]	487
Reduce [F]	487

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 856

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{15c} + \frac{8bd\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{15\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} + \frac{4bd^{5/2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{15ce^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} - \frac{8bd(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{15c^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} - \frac{2b(c^2d^2+e^2)^{5/4}(2c^2d^2+e^2-2cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{15c^{7/2}e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} + \frac{2bd^2(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))}}(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}},2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{15c^{3/2}e^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

output

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4/15*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c+8/15*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*
x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2/3*
d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)/e^2+4/15*b*d^(5/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-8/15*b*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c
^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*
(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^2
/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2/15*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(5/4)*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2-2*c*d*(c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan
(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/
2))^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/15*b*d^2*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*
x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c
^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)
),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)
/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

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### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))dx = \frac{1}{15} \left( \frac{4b\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c} \right. \\
 + \frac{2a\sqrt{d+ex}(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{d+ex}(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2} \\
 \left. + \frac{4ib\sqrt{-\frac{e(-i+cx)}{cd+ie}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}}(2cd(cd+ie)E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd-ie}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\middle|\frac{cd-ie}{cd+ie}\right)+(c^2d^2-2icde+e^2)}{c^3\sqrt{-}} \right)$$

input

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Integrate[x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
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output

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((4*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + (2*a*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-2*d^
2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/e^2 + (2*b*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x
^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^2 + ((4*I)*b*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*Sqrt[
-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*(2*c*d*(c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[
-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + (c^2*d^2 - (2
*I)*c*d*e + e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]]
, (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - 2*c^2*d^2*EllipticPi[1 - (I*e)/(c*d), I*ArcSi
nh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)))]/(c^3*
Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/15

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**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2043 vs. 2(856) = 1712.

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2043, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 497, 27, 599, 27, 634, 599, 27, 631, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\,dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6864 \\
 & \frac{b\int-\frac{2(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{15e^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}}\,dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b\int\frac{(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}}\,dx}{15ce^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\int\frac{(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\,dx}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(\int -\frac{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx + 2d\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - 3e\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \downarrow 497 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - 3e\left(\frac{2\int \frac{3d^2c^2+4dexc^2-e^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx}{3c^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2}\right)\right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - 3e\left(\frac{\int \frac{3d^2c^2+4dexc^2-e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx}{3c^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2}\right)\right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \downarrow 599 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - 3e\left(\frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} - \frac{2\int \frac{e(d^2c^2-4d(d+ex)c^2+e^2)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2}-\frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2}+\frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}+1}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2e^2}\right)\right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2c^2-4d(d+ex)c^2+e^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2e} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 634

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2-2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2c^2-4d(d+ex)c^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2e} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 599

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2d \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^2(2d+ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2c^2-4d(d+ex)c^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2e} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2d \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2c^2-4d(d+ex)c^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2e} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 631

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2d \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \right)$$

$$15ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 1511

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2d \left( 2 \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}}{c} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2d \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{\left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2d \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2d \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2d \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2222 \\
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \\
 & \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( 2d \right) \left( 2 \right) \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

```
output (-2*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e^2) + (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^2) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(-3*e*((2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) - (2*(4*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2] - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) - ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(4*c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((3*c^2*e) + 2*d*(2*(-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 ...
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 497  $\text{Int}[((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 599  $\text{Int}[((A_*) + (B_*)(x_))/( \text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 631  $\text{Int}[1/((x_*)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/((c - x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 634  $\text{Int}[((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}/((x_*)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n + 1/2)} \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - \text{Int}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]))*\text{ExpandToSum}[(c^{(n + 1/2)} - (c + d*x)^{(n + 1/2)})/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n - 1/2, 0]$
- rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1511

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```



rule 6864

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] ] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1966, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1966
default	Expression too large to display	1966
parts	Expression too large to display	1967

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/e^2*(-a*(-1/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d)-b*(-1/5*arccsch(c*x)*(e
*x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d-2/15/c^3*(-2*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(
c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*d*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2
)*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*e*(e*x+d)^(5
/2)-I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I
*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*
x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^
2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*e^3+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e*(e*x+
d)^(1/2)+2*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(-I*c*
(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-
c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((
I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(
1/2))*c^3*d^3+2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))
^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^
2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3-2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*
d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(
c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(
1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*
e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3-3*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+...

```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\,dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a+b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/225*(3375*c^2*e^2*integrate(1/15*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3*log(x)/(c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2), x) - 60*c^2*d^2*(e*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2))*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/c^2)/e^2 + 3375*e^2*integrate(1/15*sqrt(e*x + d)*x*log(x)/(c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2), x) - 10*(3*e^3*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)/c^2)*c^2*d/e^2 + 225*(e*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2))*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/c^2)*log(c) - 15*c^2*(15*e^3*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2))*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2)/c^4)*log(c)/e^2 - 6*c^2*(15*e^3*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2))*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2)/c^4)/e^2 - 30*(3*e^2*x^2 + d*e*x - 2*d^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e^2 - 225*integrate(2/15*(3*c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2 + (c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x)*b + 2/15*a*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/e^2 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d/e^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{ex+d}ad^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}adex + 6\sqrt{ex+d}ae^2x^2 + 15\left(\int \sqrt{ex+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)xdx\right)be^2}{15e^2}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2)/(15*e**2)`

### 3.54 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	499
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 998

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

4/3*b*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e-2/3*b*d^(3/2)*(1/
c^2+x^2)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))/e/(1+1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/3*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(
1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(
2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(5/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^
2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),
1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(5/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2
/3*b*d^2*(c^2*d^2+e^2-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e
^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))
,1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/
(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/3*b*d*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2
/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*
EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c
*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^
2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(3/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
    
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 926, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{2a(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b \left( \frac{(cd+ce x) \left( -\frac{4}{3} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2cd \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e} - \frac{2}{3} cx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) - \frac{2(cd+ce x)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x}}(cx)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{e(1-icx)}{icd+e}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{-\frac{e}{c}} \right) \right) \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output

```
(2*a*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e) + (b*(-(((c*d + c*e*x)*((-4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/3 - (2*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e) - (2*c*x*ArcCsch[c*x])/3))/Sqrt[d + e*x] - (2*(c*d + c*e*x)*(-((Sqrt[2]*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e]^2*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*e*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)])) + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e]^2*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(2*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]))/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(2 + c^2*x^2)))/(3*e*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/c^2
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 634, 599, 27, 631, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6844

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{3ce} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1898 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \downarrow 634 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2 - 2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \downarrow 599 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^2(2d+ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \downarrow 631 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( 2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \downarrow 1511
\end{aligned}$$



$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( 2 \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right) \right)$$

$$3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left( \frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

$$3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 1509

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} (\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+cd) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left( \frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right),$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right),$$

↓ 2222

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right),$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(3*e) + (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[c^{(-2)} + x^2]* \\ & 2*(-((\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-((\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*( \\ & d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/(c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2 \\ & *d^2 + e^2]))*\text{Sqrt}[(c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^ \\ & 2)/((c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*\text{Ellipti} \\ & \text{cE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 \\ & + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e \\ & ^2]))*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])* \text{Sqrt}[(c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d \\ & *(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2)/((c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/ \\ & \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c^2*d \\ & ^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2)]/(2*c^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c^{(- \\ & 2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]) - 2*d^2*(-1/2*(\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[c]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(c*d - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/ \\ & \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])* \text{Sqrt}[(c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e \\ & *x)^2/e^2)/((c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)] \\ & *\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}], (1 + ( \\ & c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2)]/(e^2*\text{Sqrt}[c^{(-2)} + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x)) \\ & /e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(1 - (c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e... \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]  
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a  
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fr  
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 631 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n + 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 840, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{3} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ex+d}{c}, \frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{3} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ex+d}{c}, \frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{3} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ex+d}{c}, \frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right) \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e*(1/3*a*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+b*(1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsch(c*x)+2/3/c^2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(I*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2))*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e-I*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e-2*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2+EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2)/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/(I*e-c*d))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/9*(27*c^2*e*integrate(1/3*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x)
+ 9*e^2*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2
*d^2 + e^2), x)*log(c) + 6*c^2*d*(e^2*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2
- e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x +
d)), x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c^2)/e^2 + 27*e*integrate(1/3*sqrt(e*x + d
)*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x) - 3*(3*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)
^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*e/
c^2)*c^2*log(c)/e^2 - 6*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e - 2*(
3*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d
^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*e/c^2)*c^2/e^2 - 9*integrate(2/3*(c^
2*e*x^2 + c^2*d*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2
+ 1) + e), x))*b + 2/3*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a/e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}ad + 2\sqrt{ex+d}aex + 3(\int \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) be}{3e}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e*x + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x),x)*b*e)/(3*e)`

$$3.55 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	501
Mathematica [N/A]	501
Rubi [N/A]	502
Maple [N/A]	502
Fricas [N/A]	503
Sympy [N/A]	503
Maxima [N/A]	503
Giac [N/A]	504
Mupad [N/A]	504
Reduce [N/A]	505

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 39.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(a+b\operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 14.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x)/x, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d))) + 2*sqrt
(e*x + d))*a - ((sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sq
rt(d))) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d))*log(c) + integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*log(x)/x, x) -
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/x, x))*b
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{ex+d}a + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})a - \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d})a + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx\right)b$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`output `2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x))/x,x)*b`

$$3.56 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	506
Mathematica [N/A]	506
Rubi [N/A]	507
Maple [N/A]	507
Fricas [N/A]	508
Sympy [N/A]	508
Maxima [N/A]	508
Giac [N/A]	509
Mupad [N/A]	509
Reduce [N/A]	510

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(a+b\operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d) -
2*sqrt(e*x + d)/x)*a - 1/2*((e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d)
+ sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d) - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/x)*log(c) + 2*integrate(sqrt(e*x +
d)*log(x)/x^2, x) - 2*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/
x^2, x))*b
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}ad + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})aex - \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d})aex + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right)b}{2dx}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x)- sqrt(d))*a*e*x - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*d*x)/(2*d*x)
```

### 3.57 $\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 1059

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

4/15*b*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+28/15*b*d*e*(
e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2))+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e-2/5*b*d^(5/2)*(1/c^2+x^2)^(
1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x-28/15*b*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(
e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*Ell
ipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c
*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2/5*b*d^3*(
c^2*d^2+e^2-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(
e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*Inv
erseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*
c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)/x+2/15*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(2*c^2*d^2-e^2+7*c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(
1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*
(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
)/c^(7/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/5*b*d^2*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((
c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+...

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right) dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{2be^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + 3a(d+ex)^{5/2} + 3b(d+ex)^{5/2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2ib \sqrt{-\frac{e(-i+cx)}{cd+ie}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}}}{c} \right)}{c^2} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(2*((2*b*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + 3*a*(d + e*x)^(5/2)
) + 3*b*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*ArcSch[c*x] + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d
+ I*e))]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*(7*c*d*(c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[
I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)]
+ (-9*c^2*d^2 - (7*I)*c*d*e + e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e
))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + 3*c^2*d^2*EllipticPi[1 - (I
*e)/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c
*d + I*e)))/(c^3*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(15*e)
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 634, 631, 1540, 1416, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6844} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{5ce} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{x \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{5cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{634} \\
 & \frac{2b \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( d^3 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \int \frac{-x^2 e^3 - 3dxe^2 - 3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{631}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( - \int \frac{-x^2 e^3 - 3dxe^2 - 3d^2 e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - 2d^3 \int - \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 1540

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( - \int \frac{-x^2 e^3 - 3dxe^2 - 3d^2 e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - 2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( - 2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})}} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 2185

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( - 2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} (cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})}} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 25

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$



↓ 1511

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -2d^3 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1-\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})}} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -2 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1-\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})}} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1-\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})}} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \right)$$


---

↓ 2222

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -2 \frac{(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right) \left( \frac{c \left(\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{4\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{5e} \right) \right) + \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

```
output (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e) + (2*b*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2]*
(2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2])/3 + (2*((-7*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]
*(((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)
^2/e^2)))/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + (
(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2)
+ d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1
+ (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt
[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sq
rt[c]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/c
+ ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(2*c^2*d^2 - e^2 + 7*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1
+ (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*
x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2
*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2
)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2
/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/3 - 2*d^3*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*
(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[
c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2
/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*Elli
pticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/
Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(e^2*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e...
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 599  $\text{Int}[(\text{A}_.) + (\text{B}_.)*(\text{x}_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/\text{d}^2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{B}*c - \text{A}*d - \text{B}*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{b}*c^2 + \text{a}*d^2)/\text{d}^2 - 2*\text{b}*c*(x^2/\text{d}^2) + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{d}^2)], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{A}, \text{B}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 631  $\text{Int}[1/((\text{x}_)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/((\text{c} - \text{x}^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{b}*c^2 + \text{a}*d^2)/\text{d}^2 - 2*\text{b}*c*(x^2/\text{d}^2) + \text{b}*(x^4/\text{d}^2)]), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 634  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_.)}/((\text{x}_)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^{(\text{n} + 1/2)} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{x}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Int}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]))*\text{ExpandToSum}[(\text{c}^{(\text{n} + 1/2)} - (\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1/2)})/\text{x}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n} - 1/2, 0]$
- rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + \text{q}^2*\text{x}^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*\text{x}^2)^2)]/(2*\text{q}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2 - \text{b}*(\text{q}^2/(4*\text{c}))], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$
- rule 1509  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_)^4], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{c}/\text{a}, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{-d})*\text{x}*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4]/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*\text{x}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(1 + \text{q}^2*\text{x}^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)/(\text{a}*(1 + \text{q}^2*\text{x}^2)^2)]/(*\text{q}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{q}*x], 1/2 - \text{b}*(\text{q}^2/(4*\text{c}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; EqQ}[\text{e} + \text{d}*\text{q}^2, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{c}/\text{a}]$

rule 1511

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*(a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2185

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1939, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1939
default	Expression too large to display	1939
parts	Expression too large to display	1941

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/e*(1/5*a*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+b*(1/5*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/15/c^3*(2*I*(
-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x
+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1
/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e
^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2
)+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*e^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-3*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)
*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(
e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*
d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2
*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e-2*I*((I*e+c*
d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^2*d*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e
^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-9*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e
^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d
^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-
(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3+7*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+
c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x
+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c
/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*
d^3+3*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I
*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi...

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*e*x + a*d + (b*e*x + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a/e - 1/75*(375*c^2*e^2*integrate(1/5*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x) + 375*c^2*d*e*integrate(1/5*sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x) + 75*d*e^2*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)*log(c) + 30*c^2*d^2*(e^2*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c^2)/e^2 + 375*e^2*integrate(1/5*sqrt(e*x + d)*x*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x) + 375*d*e*integrate(1/5*sqrt(e*x + d)*log(x)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x) - 25*(3*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*e/c^2)*c^2*d*log(c)/e^2 - 20*(3*e^4*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2), x)/c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*e/c^2)*c^2*d/e^2 + 75*(e^2*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c^2)*log(c) - 5*c^2*(15*e^4*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*e - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d*e - 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3)/c^4*log(c)/e^2 - 30*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e - 2*c^2*(15*e^4*integrate(((e*x + d)*c^2*d - c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(((e*x + d)^2*c^2 - 2*(e*x + d)*c^2*d + c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)/c^4 - 2*(3*(e*x ...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} a d^2 + 4\sqrt{ex+d} a d e x + 2\sqrt{ex+d} a e^2 x^2 + 5 \left( \int \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b e}{5e}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2 *x**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*a csch(c*x),x)*b*d*e)/(5*e)`



$$3.58 \quad \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	524
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	525
Rubi [A] (verified)	526
Maple [C] (verified)	539
Fricas [F]	540
Sympy [F]	540
Maxima [F]	540
Giac [F]	541
Mupad [F(-1)]	541
Reduce [F]	542

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1003

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-32/105*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2+4/35*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e^2+4/105*b*(16*c^2*d^2-9*e^2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))-2*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*
arccsch(c*x))/e^4-6/5*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+2/7*(e*x+d)^(
7/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+32/35*b*d^(7/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x
+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/105*b*(
16*c^2*d^2-9*e^2)*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e
*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*Elli
pticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*
d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/105*b*(c
^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(48*c^4*d^4+16*c^2*d^2*e^2-9*e^4-8*c*d*(6*c^2*d^2-e^2)*
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arct
an(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^6/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+16/35*b*d^3*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*
(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^6/(c^2*d^2+e^2)...

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 32.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1098, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, 1/2])/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (
b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((4*(-16*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(105*
e^3) + (32*c^3*d^3*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(35*e^4) - (2*c^3*x^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/(7*e)
- (4*c^2*x^2*(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 3*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(35*e^2) + (
4*c*x*(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 12*c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(105*e^3)
))/Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-((Sqrt[2]*(40*c^3*d^3*e -
8*c*d*e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*Elli
pticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/(Sqr
t[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d +
e]])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(48*c^4*d^4 - 16*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 9*e^4)*Sqrt
[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 +
(I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)]
)/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(-16*c^3*d^3*e
+ 9*c*d*e^3)*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(
c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*Elliptic
F[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[
-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*(
(c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)
/(c*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*
d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)) + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + ...
```

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1548, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 630, 1656, 1416, 2185, 27, 687, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \int -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{35e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \\
& \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& 2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& -\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \\
& \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{35ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \\
& \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{35ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{630}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{e^4}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1656

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 35ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{e^4}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 35ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{e^4}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 2185

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c}}{\dots} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c}}{\dots} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c}}{\dots} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{d} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{d} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 25

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{d} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1511

$$\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1416



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)^4 \sqrt{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} +$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} - 32 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right)^4 \sqrt{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right)$$

↓ 2222

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} +$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} - 32 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \left( \frac{\left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2 c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-2*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^4 + (2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^4 - (6*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^4) + (2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(7*e^4) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((-2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e*((-16*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/3 + (2*(-(((16*c^2*d^2 - 9*e^2)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(16*c^2*d^2 - 9*e^2 + 8*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/((2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/(3*e))/c^2 - 32*d^3*(-1/2*((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))*(...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 630

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[-2 Subst[Int[x^2/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^
2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbo
l] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q
^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*
x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2
/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1511

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbo
l] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^
4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;
NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && Pos
Q[c/a]
```

rule 1656

```
Int[(x_)^2/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(-a)*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
  Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*d*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e
^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 -
a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2185

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2545, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	2545
default	Expression too large to display	2545
parts	Expression too large to display	2546

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e^4*(-a*(-1/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/5*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+d^3*(e
*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/7*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/5*arccsch(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)
^(5/2)-arccsch(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+arccsch(c*x)*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/105
/c^4*(40*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)
)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*Elliptic
F((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)
)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e+3*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*
d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+14*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d*e*(e*x+d)^(5/
2)-14*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-3*I*((I*e+c*
d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c*e^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-19*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e
^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+8*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c
*d*e^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+19*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^3*(e*x+d)
^(3/2)-24*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*
((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(
(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/
(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4-16*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^
2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^
2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-
(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4+48*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+
c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(...
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^3)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/35*a*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)/e^4 - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d/e^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2/e^4 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3/e^4) + 1/35*b*(2*(5*e^4*x^4 - d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^3*e*x - 16*d^4)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4) + 35*integrate(2/35*(5*c^2*e^4*x^5 - c^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 8*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 - 16*c^2*d^4*x)/((c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 35*integrate(-1/35*(2*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 16*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 - 5*(7*e^4*log(c) + 2*e^4)*c^2*x^5 + 32*c^2*d^4*x - (4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 35*e^4*log(c))*x^3 - 35*(c^2*e^4*x^5 + e^4*x^3)*log(x))/((c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-32\sqrt{ex + d} a d^3 + 16\sqrt{ex + d} a d^2 ex - 12\sqrt{ex + d} a d e^2 x^2 + 10\sqrt{ex + d} a e^3 x^3 + 35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx \right) b}{35e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 32*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**3 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e*x - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 35*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**4)/(35*e**4)`

**3.59** 
$$\int \frac{x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	543
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	544
Rubi [A] (verified)	545
Maple [C] (verified)	554
Fricas [F]	555
Sympy [F]	555
Maxima [F]	555
Giac [F]	556
Mupad [F(-1)]	556
Reduce [F]	557

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 914

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{15ce} - \frac{4bd\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{5e\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} \left( 1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{16bd^{5/2}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{15c^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

$$+ \frac{4bd(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2})\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) E\left(2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{5c^{5/2}e^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(8c^4d^4 + 7c^2d^2e^2 - e^4 - cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(8c^2d^2 + 3e^2)) \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2})\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{15c^{7/2}e^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

$$- \frac{8bd^2(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}} (\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d+ex)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2a\right)}{15c^{3/2}e^5\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

output

```

4/15*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e-4/5*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))+2
*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-4/3*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch
(c*x))/e^3+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-16/15*b*d^(5/2)*(c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1+1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+4/5*b*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1
+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))
*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2
+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/15*
b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(8*c^4*d^4+7*c^2*d^2*e^2-e^4-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)
*(8*c^2*d^2+3*e^2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arct
an(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^5/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-8/15*b*d^2*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^
2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(
e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 34.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1012, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, 1/2])/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]))
+ (b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((4*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(5*e^2) - (16*c^2*d^
2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(15*e^3) - (2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(5*e) - (4*c*x*(e*Sqrt
[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 2*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(15*e^2)))/Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sq
rt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-((Sqrt[2]*(7*c^2*d^2*e - e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I +
c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x)
)/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e))]/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]
*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*
(8*c^3*d^3 - 3*c*d*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(
I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d -
I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e))]/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)
^(3/2)) + (6*c*d*e*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) +
(c*x*(c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*El
lipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2
*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I
*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d
- I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]
], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)]) + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(
I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*El
lipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1458, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 630, 687, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1656, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6864$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{15e^3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{c}{5e^3}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{15ce^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3e^2x-4de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 630 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3e^2x-4de)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 687 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{3e(4d^2c^2+3dexc^2+e^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{3c^2} - 16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -\frac{e \int \frac{4d^2c^2+3dexc^2+e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2} - 16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right) +$$


---


$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(d^2c^2+3d(d+ex)c^2+e^2)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2e} + 2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right) +$$


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$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 25

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(d^2c^2+3d(d+ex)c^2+e^2)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2e} + 2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right) +$$


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$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 27



$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2c^2 + 3d(d+ex)c^2 + e^2}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

1511

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -16d^2 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} (\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} + 3cd) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( - \frac{2 \left( (c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} (\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} + 3cd) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

1509

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \\
 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} & \left( -16 \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d + ex} d^2 - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 \frac{\left( (c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} (3cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)}{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1656

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \\
 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} & \left( -16 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -16 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right)\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2222

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -16 \left( d \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \left( \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2}}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^3 - (4*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a +
b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3) + (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^
3) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/c^2 -
(2*(-3*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 -
(2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1
+ (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(
d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x
))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sq
rt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2
+ e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2
*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) + ((c^2*d^2
+ e^2)^(3/4)*(3*c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^
2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*
x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2
]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 +
(c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*
d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/c^2 - 16*d^2*(-1/2*((1 + (c^2
*d^2)/e^2)*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c*(
d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x
))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 599

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 630

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[-2 Subst[Int[x^2/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^
2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 687

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbo
l] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q
^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*
x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2
/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1511

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbo
l] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^
4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;
NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && Pos
Q[c/a]
```

rule 1656

```
Int[(x_)^2/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(-a)*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
  Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*d*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e
^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 -
a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p/x, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1991, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	1991
default	Expression too large to display	1991
parts	Expression too large to display	1994

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/e^3*(a*(1/5*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-2/3*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d+d^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})+b*(1/5* \\
& \text{arccsch}(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-2/3*\text{arccsch}(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d+\text{arccsch}(c*x)*d \\
& ^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2/15/c^3*(I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^2*e*(e*x+ \\
& d)^{(5/2)}-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-I*(-(I*c*(e \\
& *x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^ \\
& 2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I* \\
& e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)} \\
& )*e^3+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*e^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-2*I*((I*e+c* \\
& d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d*e*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}-4*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*( \\
& e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2 \\
& *d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d \\
& ^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3-3*( \\
& -(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x \\
& +d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}((e*x+d)^{(1 \\
& /2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e \\
& ^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3+8*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2 \\
& +e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/ \\
& 2)}*\text{EllipticPi}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/ \\
& c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2 \\
& +e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3+2*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^2*(e*x+...
\end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
2/15*a*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)/e^3 - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d/e^3 + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)
)*d^2/e^3) + 1/15*b*(2*(3*e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^2*e*x + 8*d^3)*log(sqrt
(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3) + 15*integrate(2/15*(3*c^2*e^3*x^4
- c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 4*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^3*x)/((c^2*e^3*x^2 + e^3)*sqrt
(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^3*x^2 + e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 15
*integrate(-1/15*(2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 3*(5*e^3*log(c) + 2*e^3)*c^2*x^4 - 16*
c^2*d^3*x - (8*c^2*d^2*e + 15*e^3*log(c))*x^2 - 15*(c^2*e^3*x^4 + e^3*x^2)
*log(x))/((c^2*e^3*x^2 + e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{16\sqrt{ex+d}ad^2 - 8\sqrt{ex+d}adex + 6\sqrt{ex+d}ae^2x^2 + 15\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx\right)be^3}{15e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**3)/(15*e**3)`

**3.60** 
$$\int \frac{x \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	558
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	559
Rubi [A] (verified)	560
Maple [C] (verified)	566
Fricas [F]	568
Sympy [F]	568
Maxima [F]	568
Giac [F]	569
Mupad [F(-1)]	569
Reduce [F]	569

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 844

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\ &= \frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}(1+c^2x^2)}{3c^2\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\ &+ \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} + \frac{4bd^{3/2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3ce^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\ & - \frac{4b(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\ & + \frac{2b(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{5/2}e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\ & + \frac{2bd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
)/x/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
)/e^2+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+4/3*b*d^(3/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x-4/3*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+
d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*Ellipti
cE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*(c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(3/4)*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1
+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))
)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(
2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*
b*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*
d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+
e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d
/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a(-2d+ex)(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{2b(-2d+ex)(d+ex)\operatorname{CSch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2} + \frac{2b(icd+e)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ce(i+cx)(d+ex)}{(icd+e)^2}}\left(2i(cd+ie)e\sqrt{\frac{-e(-i+cx)}{cd+ie}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{ce(i+cx)(d+ex)}{(icd+e)^2}}\right)\right)\right)}{e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

((2*a*(-2*d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (2*b*(-2*d + e*x)*(d + e*x)*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^2 + (2*b*(I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*((2*I)*(c*d + I*e)*e*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - I*c*d*e*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*e^2*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + 2*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e^3*(c + c^3*x^2))/(3*Sqrt[d + e*x])

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 25, 27, 507, 630, 1459, 1416, 1509, 1656, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6864 \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2351
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(\int -\frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx + 2d\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - \int \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - e\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 507 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(2d\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx - 2\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}d\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 630 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(-2\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}d\sqrt{d+ex} - 4d\int -\frac{d+ex}{e\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}d\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1459
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -4d \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \quad 3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -2 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{(c^2d^2+1) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \quad 3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

↓ 1509

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -4d \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2 \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{(c^2d^2+1) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 1656

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} - \\
 & \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( -2 \right) \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


---

↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} - \\
 & \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( -2 \right) \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


---

↓ 2222

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} - \\
 & \left( \left( 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \left( -2 \right) \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


---



input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/e^2 + (2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b* \\ & \text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(3*e^2) - (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c^2*x^2]*(-2*(-((\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2] \\ & ]*(-((\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2] - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^ \\ & 2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 \\ & + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])) \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2 \\ & )]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*\text{Ellipti} \\ & \text{cE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x) \\ & )/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(3/4)}*(1 + (c*(d + \\ & e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/ \\ & e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[ \\ & c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + \\ & e^2])^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(2*c^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (c^2*d^2) \\ & /e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) - 4*d*(-1/2* \\ & ((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^{(1/4)}*(1 - (c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])) \\ & *(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d* \\ & d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d \\ & + e*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] \\ & )]/(\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^{(1/4)}], (1 + (c*d)/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\dots \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 507 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/  
d Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]  
, x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 630

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[-2 Subst[Int[x^2/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^
2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1459

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q
Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=
With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q
^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*
x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2
/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2
- 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1656

```
Int[(x_)^2/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(-a)*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*d*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e
^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 -
a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 868, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d\sqrt{ex+d} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2} \right)$
default	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d\sqrt{ex+d} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - d\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) - \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2} \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e^2*(-a*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+d*(e*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsch(c*x)+arccsch(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3/c^2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(2*I*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e-2*I*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e-EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+2*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2-EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2)/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/(I*e-c*d)))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*arccsch(c*x) + a*x)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*a*((e*x + d)^(3/2)/e^2 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d/e^2) + 1/3*b*(2*(e^2*x^2 - d*e*x - 2*d^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2) + 3*integrate(2/3*(c^2*e^2*x^3 - c^2*d*e*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*x)/((c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 3*integrate(-1/3*(2*c^2*d*e*x^2 - (3*e^2*log(c) + 2*e^2)*c^2*x^3 + (4*c^2*d^2 - 3*e^2*log(c))*x - 3*(c^2*e^2*x^3 + e^2*x)*log(x))/((c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{ex + d}ad + 2\sqrt{ex + d}aex + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx\right) b e^2}{3e^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e*x + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**2)/(3*e**2)`

### 3.61 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	570
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	571
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	572
Maple [C] (verified)	575
Fricas [F]	576
Sympy [F]	577
Maxima [F]	577
Giac [F]	578
Mupad [F(-1)]	578
Reduce [F]	578

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 526

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{2b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4}(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right), \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}{c}\right)}{c^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$


---


$$\frac{b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}}(\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d + ex))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}, 2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

output

```

2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e-2*b*d^(1/2)*(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2)*arctanh
((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2*b*(c
^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/
2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/
2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-b
*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/
2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/
2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d
/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3/
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( ae(d + ex) - \frac{b \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right) \left( -cex \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+icx} \left( -e^{2(i+cx)} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd-ie}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}} \right), \frac{icd+e}{2e} \right) + cd(icd+e) \sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}}} (cd+e)} \right)}{c} \right)}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

(2*(a*e*(d + e*x) - (b*(e + d/x)*(-(c*e*x*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1
+ I*c*x]*(-(e^2*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]), (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])) + c*d*(I*c*d + e
)*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d
+ e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e)
)]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)]))/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d
- I*e))]*(c*d + c*e*x)))/c)/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])

```



**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 737, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 630, 1656, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6844} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{ce} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{630} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int -\frac{d+ex}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1656} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \\
 & 4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} + \frac{d(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1416} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} + \frac{d(c^2d^2+e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} \right)}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{e^x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4}(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)} \right) + \frac{cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{}$$

↓ 2222

$$4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left(\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{cd+ve}{4cd}\right)}{4\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e - (4*b*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2]*(((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(2*Sqrt[c]*e^2*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]) + (d*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*((c*(1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])))/(2*Sqrt[d]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))^2]*EllipticPi[(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2/(4*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]), 2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], 1/2 + (d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/(2*c*(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*e^2)]/(4*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/e^2)/(c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 630

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[-2 Subst[Int[x^2/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2 + b*(x^4/d^2))], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&  
PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1656

```
Int[(x_)^2/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(-a)*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] + Simp[a*d*((e + d*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{ex+d} a + 2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{e}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}}\right) \right)$
default	$2\sqrt{ex+d} a + 2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{e}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}}\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{ex+d}}{e} + 2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{e}{c\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-e^2}}\right) \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*a+b*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsch(c*x)+2/c*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))-EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)))/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*(2*sqrt(e*x + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e + integrate(2*(c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d*x)/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - integrate(((e*log(c) + 2*e)*c^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d*x + e*log(c) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*log(x))/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*a/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} a + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx \right) b e}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a + int(acsch(c*x)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e)/e`

### 3.62 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	579
Mathematica [N/A]	579
Rubi [N/A]	580
Maple [N/A]	580
Fricas [N/A]	581
Sympy [N/A]	581
Maxima [N/A]	581
Giac [N/A]	582
Mupad [N/A]	582
Reduce [N/A]	583

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(log(c)*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d)
+ integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x) - integrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)
+ 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x))*b + a*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x
+ d) + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex+d} - \sqrt{d}) a - \sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{d}) a + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d} x} dx \right) bd}{d}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt
(d))*a + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*x),x)*b*d)/d
```

### 3.63 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	584
Mathematica [N/A]	584
Rubi [N/A]	585
Maple [N/A]	585
Fricas [N/A]	586
Sympy [N/A]	586
Maxima [N/A]	586
Giac [N/A]	587
Mupad [N/A]	587
Reduce [N/A]	588

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 18.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.33

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*((2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/((e*x + d)*d - d^2) + e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2))*log(c) - 2*integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x) + 2*integrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x))*b - 1/2*a*(2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/((e*x + d)*d - d^2) + e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d} ad - \sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{d}) aex + \sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} + \sqrt{d}) aex + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex + d} x^2} dx \right) b d^2 x}{2d^2 x}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e*x + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*x**2),x)*b*d**2*x)/(2*d**2*x)
```

$$3.64 \quad \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	589
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	590
Rubi [A] (verified)	591
Maple [C] (verified)	600
Fricas [F]	601
Sympy [F]	601
Maxima [F]	601
Giac [F]	602
Mupad [F(-1)]	602
Reduce [F]	603

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 935

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

4/15*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2-32/15*b*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2))+2*d^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+6*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*a
rccsch(c*x))/e^4-2*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2
)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4-32/5*b*d^(5/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(
1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+32/15*b*d*(c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^
(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)
)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/15*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(48*
c^4*d^4+32*c^2*d^2*e^2-e^4-8*c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(6*c^2*d^2+e^2))*((c^
2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(
e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^6
/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-16/5*b*d^2*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)
*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/
2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/
4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^6/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 32.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1042, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, -1/2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
+ (b*(-((c^2*(e + d/x)^2*x^2*(32*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(15*e^3) -
(32*c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(5*e^4) + (2*c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e^3*(e + d/x)
)) - (2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(5*e^2) - (2*c*x*(2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]
- 9*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(15*e^3))/(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(e + d/x)^(3/2)*(c
*x)^(3/2)*(-((Sqrt[2]*(32*c^2*d^2*e - e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[
(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*
e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)
)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(48*c^3*d^3
- 8*c*d*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)
^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]],
(I*c*d + e)/(2*e)]/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) +
(16*c*d*e*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d
*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[A
rcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((
e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*
d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c
*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d -
I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))
/(c*d - I*e)]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*Elliptic...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 631, 1540, 1416, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\frac{b \int \frac{2(16d^3+8exd^2-2e^2x^2d+e^3x^3)}{5e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} dx}{c} + \frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{16d^3+8exd^2-2e^2x^2d+e^3x^3}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} dx}{5ce^4} + \frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 7272

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{16d^3+8exd^2-2e^2x^2d+e^3x^3}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{5ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 2351

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{x^2e^3-2dxe^2+8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{5ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 631

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3-2dxe^2+8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{5ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1540

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3 - 2dxe^2 + 8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right. \right.$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{5ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3 - 2dxe^2 + 8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - 32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right. \right.$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 2185

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right. \right.$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 25

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{e^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1511

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32d^3 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{2d^3(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))d^3}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))d^2}{e^4} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}} \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 1509



$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \int - \frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c^4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}(cd)}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2222

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} +$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -32 \left( \left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( 1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \left( \frac{\left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2}}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

input Int[(x^3\*(a + b\*ArcCsch[c\*x]))/(d + e\*x)^(3/2),x]

output

```
(2*d^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a
+ b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^4 - (2*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^4 +
(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^4) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]
*((2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (2*(8*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2
+ e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2
+ (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^
2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 +
e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^
2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*
d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2)]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d
+ e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(32*c^2*d^
2 - e^2 - 8*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2
])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e
^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*Ellip
ticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/S
qrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2)]/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d +
e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])))/(3*c^2) - 32*d^3*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*(c^2
*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*
d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 631  $\text{Int}[1/((x_*)\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)]\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2]), x\_Symbol] :$   
 $> \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/((c - x^2)\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2)$   
 $+ b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c$   
 $/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/$   
 $(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))$   
 $], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1509  $\text{Int}[\{(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2\}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbo$   
 $l] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q$   
 $^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*$   
 $x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2$   
 $/(4*c))], x] /;$   $\text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2$   
 $- 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1511  $\text{Int}[\{(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2\}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbo$   
 $l] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d*q)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^$   
 $4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;$   
 $\text{NeQ}[e + d*q, 0] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1540  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4]), x\_S$   
 $ymbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[1$   
 $/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ I$   
 $nt}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a,$   
 $b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2185

```

Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))

```

rule 2222

```

Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]

```

rule 2351

```

Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]

```

rule 6864

```

Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

```

rule 7272

```

Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]

```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2021, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	2021
default	Expression too large to display	2021
parts	Expression too large to display	2022

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/e^4*(-a*(-1/5*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d-3*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-d^3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})-b*(-1/5*arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+arccsch(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d \\ & -3*arccsch(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-arccsch(c*x)*d^3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-2/15/c^3* \\ & (32*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I \\ & *c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((e \\ & x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^ \\ & 2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})*c^2*d^2*e-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d*(e*x+ \\ & d)^{(5/2)}-2*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d*e*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+I*((I \\ & *e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*e^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e \\ & ^2))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-24*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d \\ & ^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c \\ & ^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/ \\ & 2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})*c^3*d^3-8*(-(I*c*(e*x+d) \\ & )*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d* \\ & (e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c* \\ & d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})* \\ & c^3*d^3+48*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)} \\ & )*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*Elliptic \\ & Pi((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+ \\ & e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)} \dots \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/5*a*((e*x + d)^(5/2)/e^4 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d/e^4 + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^
2/e^4 + 5*d^3/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4)) + 1/5*b*(2*(e^3*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d
^2*e*x + 16*d^3)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4) + 5*integr
ate(2/5*(c^2*e^3*x^4 - 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 8*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 16*c^2*d^3*x)/(
(c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^4*x^2 + e^4)*
sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 5*integrate(-1/5*(2*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 - 48*c^2*d^3*e*x^2
- (5*e^4*log(c) + 2*e^4)*c^2*x^5 - 32*c^2*d^4*x - (12*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 5*e^4*
log(c))*x^3 - 5*(c^2*e^4*x^5 + e^4*x^3)*log(x))/((c^2*e^5*x^3 + c^2*d*e^4*
x^2 + e^5*x + d*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^4 + 32a d^3 + 16a d^2 ex - 4ad e^2 x^2 + 2a e^3 x^3}{5\sqrt{ex + d} e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x)*b*e**4 + 32*a*d**3 + 16*a*d**2*e*x - 4*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*e**3*x**3)/(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4)`



**3.65** 
$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	604
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	605
Rubi [A] (verified)	606
Maple [C] (verified)	613
Fricas [F(-1)]	615
Sympy [F]	615
Maxima [F]	615
Giac [F]	616
Mupad [F(-1)]	616
Reduce [F]	617

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 861

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{d + ex}}{3e \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{2d^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4d \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{16bd^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{3ce^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$$

$$- \frac{4b(c^2 d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2})\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{5/2} e^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$$

$$- \frac{2b \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} (8c^3 d^3 + 5cde^2 - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} (8c^2 d^2 + e^2)) \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2})\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{5/2} e^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$$

$$+ \frac{8bd (cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2})^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2} (\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} + c(d+ex))} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{3/2} e^5 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$$

output

```

4/3*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+16/3*b*d^(3/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/3*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/4)*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2/3*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)*(8*c^3*d^3+5*c*d*e^2-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^2+e^2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^5/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+8/3*b*d*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 30.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ad^3 \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{3/2} B_{-\frac{ex}{d}}\left(3, -\frac{1}{2}\right)}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$b\left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left( -\frac{2c^3x(-8d^2 - 4dex + e^2x^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^3} + \frac{10c^3d\sqrt{2 + \frac{2}{c^2x^2}}x^2\sqrt{1+icx}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd-ie}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}}\right), \frac{icd+e}{2e}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e(1-icx)}{icd+e}}(-i+cx)} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, -1/2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) - (b*(e + d/x)*((-2*c^3*x*(-8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)*ArcSch[c*x])/e^3 + (10*c^3*d*Sqrt[2 + 2/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)]*(-I + c*x)) - (2*c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)]) - (4*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)]) - (2*(I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]) - ((2*I)*(c*d - I*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(e^4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])))/(3*c^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1415, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 599, 25, 27, 631, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{2(8d^2 + 4exd - e^2x^2)}{3e^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{c} - \frac{2d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{8d^2+4exd-e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} dx}{3ce^3} - \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{8d^2+4exd-e^2x^2}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{4de-e^2x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 & \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{599} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2(4d-ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\frac{e^2}{e^2}} \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^2(4d-ex)}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\frac{e^2}{e^2}} + 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \int \frac{4d-ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

631

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \int \frac{4d-ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 16d^2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

1511

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \left( \frac{(5cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1-\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{3e^3}$$

1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1-\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2} (5cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}}}{2c^3} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

1509

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} E \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2 \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} E \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \frac{1}{c}$$

↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \left( \sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2e^2}{e^2} + 1}}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1\right)^2} E \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2e^2}{e^2} + 1}}{c} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

2222

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \left( \sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2e^2}{e^2} + 1}}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1\right)^2} E \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2e^2}{e^2} + 1}}{c} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (4*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a
+ b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^3 + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3)
- (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(2*((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1
+ (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 +
(c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^
2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 -
(2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1
+ (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[
d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/ (Sqr
t[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/
e^2])))/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(5*c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(
d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x)
)/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sq
rt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2
+ e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (c
^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])) - 16*d^2*
(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(
d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x)
)/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sq
rt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 599

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```



rule 631  $\text{Int}[1/((x_*)\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)]\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2]), x\_Symbol] :$   
 $> \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/((c - x^2)\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2 + b*(x^4/d^2))], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1509  $\text{Int}[\text{((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;$   $\text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1511  $\text{Int}[\text{((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4], x\_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d*q)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;$   $\text{NeQ}[e + d*q, 0] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1540  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2 + (c_*)(x_*)^4]), x\_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 896, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-ic(ex+d)e+}}{\dots} \right)$
default	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-ic(ex+d)e+}}{\dots} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{e^3} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-ic(ex+d)e+}}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e^3*(a*(1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))+b*(1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsch(c*x)-2*arccsch(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-arccsch(c*x)*d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/3/c^2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c*d*e-8*I*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c*d*e-4*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+8*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2+EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2-EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^2)/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/(I*e-c*d))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/3*a*((e*x + d)^(3/2)/e^3 - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*d/e^3 - 3*d^2/(sqrt(e*x + d)*
e^3)) + 1/3*b*(2*(e^2*x^2 - 4*d*e*x - 8*d^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(s
qrt(e*x + d)*e^3) + 3*integrate(2/3*(c^2*e^2*x^3 - 4*c^2*d*e*x^2 - 8*c^2*d
^2*x)/((c^2*e^3*x^2 + e^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^3*x^2
+ e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 3*integrate(-1/3*(6*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - (3*e^3*log
(c) + 2*e^3)*c^2*x^4 + 16*c^2*d^3*x + 3*(8*c^2*d^2*e - e^3*log(c))*x^2 - 3
*(c^2*e^3*x^4 + e^3*x^2)*log(x))/((c^2*e^4*x^3 + c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + e^4*x + d
*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^3 - 16a d^2 - 8adex + 2a e^2 x^2}{3\sqrt{ex + d} e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x)*b*e**3 - 16*a*d**2 - 8*a*d*e*x + 2*a*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3)`

**3.66** 
$$\int \frac{x \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	618
Mathematica [C] (verified)	619
Rubi [A] (verified)	620
Maple [C] (verified)	625
Fricas [F(-1)]	626
Sympy [F]	626
Maxima [F]	626
Giac [F]	627
Mupad [F(-1)]	627
Reduce [F]	627

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 575

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} - \frac{4b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(2c^3d^3 + 2cde^2 - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}(2c^2d^2 + e^2)) \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2})(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}})^2}} \left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \operatorname{arctan}\right)}{c^{3/2}e^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$


---


$$\frac{2b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}} (\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d + ex)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2 \operatorname{arctan}\right)}{c^{3/2}e^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

output

```

2*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)/e^2-4*b*d^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-2*b*(2*c^3*d^3+2*c*d*e^2-(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*
d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM
(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2
+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-
2*b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^
(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/
c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(3/2)/e
^4/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{a(2d+ex)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{b(2d+ex)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2ib\sqrt{-\frac{e(-i+cx)}{cd+ie}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}}}{e^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd-}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(2*((a*(2*d + e*x))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (b*(2*d + e*x)*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d +
e*x] - ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(
c*d - I*e))]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (
c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - 2*EllipticPi[1 - (I*e)/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c
/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e))]/(c*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d
- I*e))]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/e^2

```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1009, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 510, 631, 1416, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6864} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{2(2d+ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \int \frac{2d+ex}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx}{ce^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right)}{ce^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx \right)}{ce^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{510}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}}$$

↓ 631

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 4d \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}}{}$$

↓ 1540

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 1416

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

2222

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^2 + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) - 4*d*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(e^2*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) + (1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(((1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])]/(2*Sqrt[d]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticPi[(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2/(4*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]), 2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(e^2*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 510

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 631

```
Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x]] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
parts	$\frac{2a\left(\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right)}{c^2d^2+e^2}$
derivativelimit	$-2a\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right) - 2b\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right)$
default	$-2a\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right) - 2b\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d}{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{c^2d^2+e^2}\right)$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2*a/e^2*((e*x+d)^(1/2)+d/(e*x+d)^(1/2))+2*b/e^2*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsch(c*x)
)+arccsch(c*x)*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/c*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-
e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*
d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)
,(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)
)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c
*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)))/((c^2*(e*x+
d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d
^2+e^2))^(1/2))
    
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*(2*(e*x + 2*d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2) + integrat  
e(2*(c^2*e*x^2 + 2*c^2*d*x)/((c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*  
x + d) + (c^2*e^2*x^2 + e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - integrate((6*c^2*d*e*x^2  
+ (e^2*log(c) + 2*e^2)*c^2*x^3 + (4*c^2*d^2 + e^2*log(c))*x + (c^2*e^2*x^3  
+ e^2*x)*log(x))/((c^2*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x + d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x  
+ d)), x) + 2*a*(sqrt(e*x + d)/e^2 + d/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^2 + 4ad + 2aex}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x) *b*e**2 + 4*a*d + 2*a*e*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2)`



**3.67**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	628
Mathematica [C] (verified)	629
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	629
Maple [C] (verified)	633
Fricas [F]	634
Sympy [F]	634
Maxima [F]	634
Giac [F]	635
Mupad [F(-1)]	635
Reduce [F]	635

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 537

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(c^2d^2 + e^2 - cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}}(\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d + ex))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}de^3\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

output

```
(-2*a-2*b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*b*(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2*b*(c^2*d^2+e^2-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2e(1 + c^2x^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + 2bc(icd + e)\sqrt{2 + \frac{2}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{1 + icx}\sqrt{\frac{ce(i+cx)(d+(icd+e)^2)}}{(icd+e)^2}}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + c^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*e*(1 + c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + 2*b*c*(I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + 2/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)]/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(1 + c^2*x^2))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 631, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6844} \\
 & - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{ce} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & - \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{631} \\
 & \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1540} \\
 & 4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{c(cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}}}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1416} \\
 & 4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left(1 - \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right) \int -\frac{\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt[4]{c^2 d^2 + e^2} (cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right)}{ce x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2222} \\
 & \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1-\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right) \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(1-\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2}+\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left(\frac{1}{c^2}+\frac{d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}+\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(-2*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(e*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*b*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2]*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/ (e^2*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*((c*(1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])]/(2*Sqrt[d]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 - (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))^2]*EllipticPi[(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2/(4*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]), 2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], 1/2 + (d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/(2*c*(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*e^2)]/(4*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/e^2)/(c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 631

```
Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^
2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1
/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) I
nt[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^
(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(
c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n
))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !I
negerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 +
(c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[
b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x d \sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x d \sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}e} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{ic(ex+d)e+c^2d(ex+d)-c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{ic(ex+d)e-c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2+e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x d \sqrt{\frac{cd+ie}{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e*(-a/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+b*(-1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsch(c*x)+2/c/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(-I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*c^2*integrate(x/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 2*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + integrate(((e*log(c) - 2*e)*c^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*x + e*log(c) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*log(x))/((c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x + d*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))*b - 2*a/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{ex+de}} dx \right) be - 2a}{\sqrt{ex + d} e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x)*b*e - 2*a)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*e)`



$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	636
Mathematica [N/A]	636
Rubi [N/A]	637
Maple [N/A]	637
Fricas [N/A]	638
Sympy [N/A]	638
Maxima [N/A]	638
Giac [N/A]	639
Mupad [N/A]	639
Reduce [N/A]	640

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 11.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 34.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*((e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2*e/(sqrt(e*x + d)*d))*log(c)/e + integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e*x^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d*x), x) - integrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e*x^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d*x), x) + a*(log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(e*x + d)*d))`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex+d} \log(\sqrt{ex+d} - \sqrt{d}) a - \sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex+d} \log(\sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{d}) a + \sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ex+d} d^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a + sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x**2),x)*b*d**2 + 2*a*d)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2)`

$$3.69 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	641
Mathematica [N/A]	641
Rubi [N/A]	642
Maple [N/A]	642
Fricas [N/A]	643
Sympy [N/A]	643
Maxima [N/A]	643
Giac [N/A]	644
Mupad [N/A]	644
Reduce [N/A]	645

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 63.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$



input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*((3*e^2*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*(e*x + d)*e^2 - 2*d*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3))*log(c)/e - 2*integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e*x^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x) + 2*integrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e*x^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d*x^2), x) - 1/2*a*(2*(3*(e*x + d)*e - 2*d*e)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3) + 3*e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2))`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})aex + 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d})ae}{2\sqrt{ex+d}d^3x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**3*x - 2*a*d**2 - 6*a*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3*x)`

$$3.70 \quad \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	646
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	647
Rubi [B] (verified)	648
Maple [C] (verified)	680
Fricas [F(-1)]	681
Sympy [F]	682
Maxima [F]	682
Giac [F]	683
Mupad [F(-1)]	683
Reduce [F]	683

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 942

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

4/3*b*c*d^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/e^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*b*(1
+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(1/2))+2/3*d^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-6*d^2*(a+b*arcc
sch(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-6*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+2/3*(
e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^4+32/3*b*d^(3/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcta
nh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/
3*b*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2
)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)
^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(5
/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*(16*c^4*d^4+16*c^2
*d^2*e^2+e^4-8*c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^
2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(5/2)/e^6/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+16/3*b*d*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^
2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))
),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^(3/2)/e^6/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/
2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 32.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, -3/2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
+ (b*(-((c^3*(e + d/x)^3*x^3*(-4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(3*e*(c^2*d^2 +
e^2)) + (32*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e^4) - (2*c*d*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e^2*(e +
d/x)^2) - (2*c*x*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e^3) - (2*(2*c^2*d^2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x
^2)] + 7*c^3*d^3*ArcCsch[c*x] + 7*c*d*e^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3*(c^2*d^2 +
e^2)*(e + d/x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(e + d/x)^(5/2)*(c*x)^(5/2)*(-(S
qrt[2]*(8*c^3*d^3*e + 8*c*d*e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e
*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*
c*d + e)/(2*e)]/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*
(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(16*c^4*d^4 + 16*c^2*
d^2*e^2 - e^4)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e
)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]],
(I*c*d + e)/(2*e)]/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) +
(2*e^3*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*S
qrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[Arc
Sin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((e*
(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d
+ I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d
+ I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I
*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x)...
```

## Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2180 vs. 2(942) = 1884.

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31, number of steps used = 26, number of rules used = 25,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.190$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 507, 631, 1459, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2182, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int -\frac{2(16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3)}{3e^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}} dx}{c} + \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}} dx}{3ce^4} + \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 635 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 498 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{3e^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{3e^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 507

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3 + 6dxe^2 + 24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

↓ 631

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3 + 6dxe^2 + 24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3 \left( - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

↓ 1459



$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{\int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + 16d^3} \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} dx}{2c^2} \\ \frac{e}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{d}{d} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + 3ce^4x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$\downarrow$  1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \left( \left( \frac{2c^2 d^2 + c^2(d+ex)^2 - 2c^2 d(d+ex) + 1}{e^2} \right)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2 + c^2(d+ex)^2 - 2c^2 d(d+ex) + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \frac{2c^2}{e} \frac{\left( \frac{c^2 d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2 d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{16d^3}{e(c^2 d^2 + e^2)} \right) \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2d^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1509}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

16

e

2c<sup>2</sup>

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right)^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 2182



$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right)^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 599

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

16

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

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↓ 25

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 27



$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

16

e

2c<sup>2</sup>

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right)^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 1511

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$2c^2$ 

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

$e$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

$16$

$e$

$2c^2$

$-$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

↓ 2222



$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^4} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} -$$

$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}$

16

$e$

$2c^2$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{c^2d^2 + 1}{e^2} \right)^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*d^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (6*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (6*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^4 + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^4) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((-34*d^2*e^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*(-(((16*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(16*c^2*d^2 - e^2 + 8*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2) + 16*d^3*(-((e*(-2*e*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c^2*(-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*S...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((n+1)(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b / ((n+1)(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} (a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c \cdot (n+1) - d \cdot (n+2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2 \cdot p + 3], 0])

rule 507  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 599  $\text{Int}[(A + B \cdot x) / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(B \cdot c - A \cdot d - B \cdot x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 631  $\text{Int}[1 / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / ((c - x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n+1/2} \text{Int}[1 / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^{n+1/2}) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{-n-1/2}], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4], x] \rightarrow \text{With}[q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4], \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2 \cdot x^2) \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4] / (a \cdot (1 + q^2 \cdot x^2)^2)) / (2 \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4]) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[2 \cdot \text{ArcTan}[q \cdot x], 1/2 - b \cdot (q^2 / (4 \cdot c))], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1459  $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1509  $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2))/ (q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1511  $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d*q)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; \text{NeQ}[e + d*q, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1540  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2182  $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, d + e*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[e*R*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2726, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2726
default	Expression too large to display	2726
parts	Expression too large to display	2729

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/e^4*(-a*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/3*d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsch(c*x)+3*arccsch(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/3*arccsch(c*x)*d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*arccsch(c*x)*d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3/c^2*(-16*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c*d*e^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+16*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c*d^2*e^3+((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^3*(e*x...$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*(2*(e^3*x^3 - 6*d*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^2*e*x - 16*d^3)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((e^5*x + d*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 3*integrate(2/3*(c^2*e^3*x^4 - 6*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 24*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 16*c^2*d^3*x)/((c^2*e^5*x^3 + c^2*d*e^4*x^2 + e^5*x + d*e^4)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^5*x^3 + c^2*d*e^4*x^2 + e^5*x + d*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 3*integrate(-1/3*(10*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 80*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 - (3*e^4*log(c) + 2*e^4)*c^2*x^5 + 32*c^2*d^4*x + 3*(20*c^2*d^2*e^2 - e^4*log(c))*x^3 - 3*(c^2*e^4*x^5 + e^4*x^3)*log(x))/((c^2*e^6*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^2*e^4 + e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 2/3*a*((e*x + d)^(3/2)/e^4 - 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*d/e^4 - 9*d^2/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4) + d^3/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^4))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e**4 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*e**5*x - 32*a*d**3 - 48*a*d**2*e*x - 12*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*e**3*x**3)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4*(d + e*x))`



$$3.71 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	685
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	686
Rubi [B] (verified)	687
Maple [C] (verified)	704
Fricas [F]	705
Sympy [F]	706
Maxima [F]	706
Giac [F]	707
Mupad [F(-1)]	707
Reduce [F]	707

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 913

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4bcd\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{3e(c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
& + \frac{4bc^2d\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}}{3e(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)} - \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{16b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{3ce^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& - \frac{4bd\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)E\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{c}e^3\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& - \frac{2b(8c^3d^3 + 7cde^2 - \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}(8c^2d^2 + 3e^2))\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1+\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{3/2}e^5\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& - \frac{8b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}}(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} + c(d + ex))\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{3/2}e^5\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-4/3*b*c*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*b*c^2*d
*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c
^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2/3*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*d*(a+b*a
rccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-16/3
*b*d^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2))/c/e^3/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/3*b*d*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*
(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*El
lipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*
c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)/x-2/3*b*(8*c^3*d^3+7*c*d*e^2-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^2+3*e^
2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2
)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+
d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(
3/2)/e^5/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-8/3*b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e
*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/
2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4
)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 32.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1076, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, -3/2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) + (b*(-((c^3*(e + d/x)^3*x^3*(-4*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(3*e^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)) - (16*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e^3) + (2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*e*(e + d/x)^2) + (4*(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 2*c^2*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x] + 2*e^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(e + d/x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*(e + d/x)^(5/2)*(c*x)^(5/2)*(-((Sqrt[2]*(3*c^2*d^2*e + 3*e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/((Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(8*c^3*d^3 + 9*c*d*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)])/((e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c*d*e*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d ...

```

## Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2123 vs. 2(913) = 1826.

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33, number of steps used = 26, number of rules used = 25,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.190$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 507, 631, 688, 27, 599, 25, 27, 1459, 1416, 1509, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{2(8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2)}{3e^3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce^3} - \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 635 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{4d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 498 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{4d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{4d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 507 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{4d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 631 \\
& \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^3} \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

688

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^3} \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^3} \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

599

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + 3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

25

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + 3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 8d^2 \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2}}} d}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + 3ce^3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

1459



$$\left( \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{8d^2} \right) \left( \frac{2c^2}{e} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right) \frac{e^{c^2d^2+e^2}}{d}$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{8d^2} - \frac{2c^2 \left( (c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}{\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{c^2d^2+e^2}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{2c^2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{e \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

↓ 1509

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8} -
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) d}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \left( \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)}{2c^2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^3 + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*((-18*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(-3*c*d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(3*c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/(c^2*d^2 + e^2) + 8*d^2*(-((e*(-2*e*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c^2*(-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_}) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c \cdot (n+1) - d \cdot (n+2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2\*p + 3], 0])

rule 507  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 599  $\text{Int}[(A_ + (B_ \cdot x_)] / (\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(B \cdot c - A \cdot d - B \cdot x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 631  $\text{Int}[1 / ((x_ \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / ((c - x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)/d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2/d^2) + b \cdot (x^4/d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_}) / (x_ \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n+1/2)} \text{Int}[1 / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^{(n+1/2)}) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{-(n-1/2)}] / x, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]

rule 688  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_ )^{m_}) \cdot ((f_ + (g_ \cdot x_)) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g) \cdot (m+1) - c \cdot (e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (m+2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2\*m, 2\*p])

rule 1416

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1459

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1511

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2492, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2492
default	Expression too large to display	2492
parts	Expression too large to display	2500

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/e^3*(a*((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3*d^2/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+2*d/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})+b*((e*x+d) \\ & )^{(1/2)}*arccsch(c*x)-1/3*arccsch(c*x)*d^2/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+2*arccsch(c*x)*d/( \\ & e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3*c*(-I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*d*e^3-8*I*(-(I*c* \\ & (e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e- \\ & c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*( \\ & (I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d) \\ & *c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*e^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/ \\ & 2)}-8*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*(( \\ & I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(( \\ & e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2) \\ & /d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})*c \\ & ^2*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-4*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2* \\ & d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{( \\ & 1/2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d \\ & *e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+(-(I*c*(e*x+d) \\ & *e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*( \\ & e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d) \\ & )*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)})*c \\ & ^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+8*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^ \\ & 2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))\dots \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*(2*(3*e^2*x^2 + 12*d*e*x + 8*d^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((e^4*x + d*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 3*integrate(2/3*(3*c^2*e^2*x^3 + 12*c^2*d*e*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^2*x)/((c^2*e^4*x^3 + c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + e^4*x + d*e^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^4*x^3 + c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + e^4*x + d*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 3*integrate(1/3*(30*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*(e^3*log(c) + 2*e^3)*c^2*x^4 + 16*c^2*d^3*x + (40*c^2*d^2*e + 3*e^3*log(c))*x^2 + 3*(c^2*e^3*x^4 + e^3*x^2)*log(x))/((c^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^3 + e^5)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 2/3*a*(3*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3 + 6*d/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3) - d^2/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^3))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e^3(ex + d)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*e**4*x + 16*a*d**2 + 24*a*d*e*x + 6*a*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d + e*x))`



**3.72** 
$$\int \frac{x \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	708
Mathematica [C] (verified)	709
Rubi [B] (verified)	710
Maple [C] (verified)	723
Fricas [F]	724
Sympy [F]	724
Maxima [F]	724
Giac [F]	725
Mupad [F(-1)]	725
Reduce [F]	726

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 866

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{3(c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4bc^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d + ex}}{3(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3c\sqrt{de^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1 + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)E\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(2c^2d^2 + e^2 - 2cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{\left(1 + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{ce^4}\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{2b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}(\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d + ex))}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}, 2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)\right)}{3c^{3/2}de^4\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}$$

output

```
4/3*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4/3*b*c^2*(1+1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2))+2/3*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/
e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*b*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c/d^(1/2)/e^2/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+4/3*b*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1
+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2
*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2-2*c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2))*((c^2*x^2+1)/(1+c^2*d^2/e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/
2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x
+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c
^(1/2)/e^4/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(
e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/
(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d/e^4/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{(c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} \right. \\ - \frac{a(2d + 3ex)}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{b(2d + 3ex)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\ \left. + \frac{2ib\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd-ie}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(-i+cx)}{cd+ie}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(i+cx)}{cd-ie}} \left( cdE\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd-ie}}\sqrt{d + ex}\right) \middle| \frac{cd-ie}{cd+ie}\right) - cd \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+ie}}\sqrt{d + ex}\right) \middle| \frac{cd+ie}{cd-ie}\right) \right)}{c^2de^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*((2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (a*(2*d + 3*e*x))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (b*(2*d + 3*e*x)*ArcSch[c*x])/(e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[-((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]*(c*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] - c*d*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)] + 2*(c*d - I*e)*EllipticPi[1 - (I*e)/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d - I*e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)])))/(c^2*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/3
```

### Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2084 vs. 2(866) = 1732.

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2084, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 21,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.105$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 498, 27, 507, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 507, 631, 1459, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6864} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2d+3ex)}{3e^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{2d+3ex}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce^2} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
 & -\frac{2b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \int \frac{2d+3ex}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx}{3ce^2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2351}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(\int \frac{3e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(3e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \downarrow 498 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(3e\left(-\frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \qquad \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(3e\left(\frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \qquad \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \downarrow 507 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(3e\left(\frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}\right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}dx\right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \\
& \qquad \frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \downarrow 635
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx + \right.$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

25

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \left( \int \frac{\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \int \frac{1}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx \right. \right.$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \left( \int \frac{\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} \right. \right.$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

498

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2d \left( \int \frac{\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right. \right.$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} dx}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

507

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

631

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} dx}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

1459

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)c^2}{e^2} + \frac{d^2c^2}{e^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c} \right)}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \left( \frac{2c^2}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \left( (c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$-\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left\{ 3e \left( 2c^2 \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right.$$

$$-\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left\{ 3e \left( 2c^2 \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \right) - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right)$$

$$-\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left[ 3e \left( 2c^2 \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right) \right)}{\left( \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right) \right]$$

$$-\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} -$$

$$\frac{2c^2}{2b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \frac{3e}{3e} \left( \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)^2c^2 - 2d(d+ex)c^2 + d^2c^2 + 1}{e^2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x  
 ])/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(3*e*((-2*e*Sqrt[1 + c^2*  
 x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c^2*((-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*  
 (-  
 (Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2] - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d  
 + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2  
 ]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt  
 [(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1  
 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*  
 ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2  
 *d^2 + e^2])/2]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2  
 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x)  
 )/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 +  
 (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d  
 ^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(  
 1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2]/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/  
 e^2 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2]))/(e*(c^2*d^2 + e^  
 2))) + 2*d*((-((e*((-2*e*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])  
 + (2*c^2*((-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2  
 - (2*c^2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (c^2*(d + e*x)^2)/e^2)))/((1 + (c^2*d^2)/e^2)*  
 (1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 +...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
 tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d (c + d x)^{n+1} (a + b x^2)^{p+1} / ((n+1)(b c^2 + a d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b / ((n+1)(b c^2 + a d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d x)^{n+1} (a + b x^2)^p (c(n+1) - d(n+2p+3)x), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2\*p + 3], 0])

rule 507  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2], x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(b c^2 + a d^2)/d^2 - 2 b c (x^2/d^2) + b (x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 631  $\text{Int}[1 / ((x) \text{Sqrt}[c + d x] \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / ((c - x^2) \text{Sqrt}[(b c^2 + a d^2)/d^2 - 2 b c (x^2/d^2) + b (x^4/d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c + d x)^n / ((x) \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n+1/2)} \text{Int}[1 / (x \text{Sqrt}[c + d x] \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d x)^n / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2] * \text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^{(n+1/2)} (c + d x)^{-n-1/2}) / x, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4], x] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2 x^2) (\text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4] / (a (1 + q^2 x^2)^2)) / (2 q \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4]) * \text{EllipticF}[2 \text{ArcTan}[q x], 1/2 - b (q^2 / (4 c))], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4 a c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1459  $\text{Int}[x^2 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4], x] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 - q x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[a + b x^2 + c x^4], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4 a c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2351

```
Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

method	result	size
derivativdivides	Expression too large to display	2106
default	Expression too large to display	2106
parts	Expression too large to display	2110

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e^2*(-a*(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2))-1/3*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2))-b*(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsch
(c*x)-1/3*arccsch(c*x)*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2/3/c*(I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^2*c^2*d*e-2*I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)*c^
2*d^2*e-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^2+(-(I*c*(e*x+d)
*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(
e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)
)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c
^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+
e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)
)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-(2*I*c*d*e-c
^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e
+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e
x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)
)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d
^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*
I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(
e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)
)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-
(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2))*e^3*(e
*x+d)^(1/2)+2*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)+I*((I*e...
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*arccsch(c*x) + a*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*b*(2*(3*e*x + 2*d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((e^3*x + d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 3*integrate(2/3*(3*c^2*e*x^2 + 2*c^2*d*x)/((c^2*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x + d*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x + d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 3*integrate(-1/3*(10*c^2*d*e*x^2 - 3*(e^2*log(c) - 2*e^2)*c^2*x^3 + (4*c^2*d^2 - 3*e^2*log(c))*x - 3*(c^2*e^2*x^3 + e^2*x)*log(x))/((c^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)) - 2/3*a*(3/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2) - d/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^2))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde^2 + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde^2}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e^2(ex + d)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*e**3*x - 4*a*d - 6*a*e*x)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*(d + e*x))`

$$3.73 \quad \int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	728
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	729
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	730
Maple [C] (verified)	742
Fricas [F]	743
Sympy [F]	743
Maxima [F]	743
Giac [F]	744
Mupad [F(-1)]	744
Reduce [F]	745

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 879

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4be(1 + c^2x^2)}{3cd(c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
& + \frac{4be\sqrt{d + ex}(1 + c^2x^2)}{3d(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right)} \\
& - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}\right)}{3d^{3/2}e\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& - \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}}{3\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& + \frac{2b(c^2d^2 + 2e^2 - cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\left(1+\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)^2}\left(1 + \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}}{3\sqrt{cde}^3\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\
& + \frac{b(cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2(1+c^2x^2)}{(\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}+c(d+ex))^2}(\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2} + c(d + ex))}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2})^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)\right)}}{3c^{3/2}d^2e^3\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-4/3*b*e*(c^2*x^2+1)/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
+4/3*b*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(3/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
/x/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))-2/3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
+2/3*b*(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))
/d^(3/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-4/3*b*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*(c^2*d^2+2*e^2-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/3*b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^2/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a(d+ex)}{e} + \frac{4bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d+ex)^3}{d(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2bex^2(d+ex)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d^2} - \frac{2b(d+ex)^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d^2e} + \frac{4bx(d+ex)}{d^2e}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```

((-2*a*(d + e*x))/e + (4*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(d + e*x)^3)/(d*(c^2*d^
2 + e^2)) - (2*b*e*x^2*(d + e*x)*ArcSch[c*x])/d^2 - (2*b*(d + e*x)^3*ArcC
sch[c*x])/(d^2*e) + (4*b*x*(d + e*x)^2*(-(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]) + (
c^2*d^2 + e^2)*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)) + ((2*I)*b*c*d*Sqrt[2
+ (2*I)*c*x]*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*Ell
ipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d
+ e)/(2*e)))/((c*d + I*e)*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) + (4*b*(d + e*x)^2*
Cosh[2*ArcSch[c*x]]*(-(c*(d + e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c*d*Sqrt[2 + (2
*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-
((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)] + 2*Sqrt[(e*(1 + I*c*x))
/((-I)*c*d + e)]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]*((c*d + I*e)*El
lipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d + I*e)]
- I*e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*e)/(c*d
+ I*e)]) + (I*c*d + e)*Sqrt[(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)]*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c
*x]*Sqrt[(c*e*(I + c*x)*(d + e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi[1 + (I*c*d)/e,
ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)))/(2*Sqrt[
(e*(1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)))]/(d*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(
2 + c^2*x^2))/(3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))

```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 507, 631, 1459, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6844} \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 635

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 498

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{c^2d^2+e^2} - \frac{2c^2e\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}+x^2}}{(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)}{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27



$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{c^2 d^2 + e^2} - \frac{2c^2 e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

507

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2 d^2 + e^2)} - \frac{2c^2 e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

631

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(c^2 d^2 + e^2)} - \frac{2c^2 e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

1459

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left[ \frac{2c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e \frac{e(c^2d^2+e^2)}{d}} - \frac{2c^2e}{(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right]$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1416

$$3cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 2c^2 \left( (c^2 d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left( \frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) \left( \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \right. \\
 \left. \frac{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}{e(c^2 d^2 + e^2)} \right) \\
 2b \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}
 \end{array} \right\} d$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$3cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 1509

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d} - \frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}{\left(\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)^2}}}{2c^2 \cdot 2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)}{e^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1540

$$-\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} - \left[ \begin{array}{l} 2e^2 \frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)\right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} \\ e \end{array} \right]$$

$$-\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}$

$2e^2$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2+e^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}}}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2 - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)\right)$$

$e$

$$-\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}$

$2e^2$

$$\frac{(c^2d^2 + e^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2 + e^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 + e^2}} + 1\right)\right)$$

---

$e$

$$2c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}$$

---

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2]*  
 (-((e*(-2*c^2*e*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2])/((c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*  
 c^2*(-((Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d  
 *(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2)))/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))  
 /Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c  
 ^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/  
 e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*Ellip  
 ticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/S  
 qrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e  
 ^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])))/c + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sq  
 rt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x  
 )^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*E  
 llipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*  
 d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e  
 *x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])))/(e*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)))/d - (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c  
 ]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqr  
 t[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)  
 ^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*El  
 lipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d  
 )/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(e^2*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
 tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`



rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^n) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b / ((n+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)) \cdot \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c \cdot (n+1) - d \cdot (n+2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2\*p + 3], 0])

rule 507  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2) / d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2 / d^2) + b \cdot (x^4 / d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 631  $\text{Int}[1 / ((x_ ) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / ((c - x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2) / d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (x^2 / d^2) + b \cdot (x^4 / d^2)]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^n) / ((x_ ) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n+1/2)} \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^{(n+1/2)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{-(n-1/2)}) / x, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2 + (c_ \cdot x_ )^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2 \cdot x^2) \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4] / (a \cdot (1 + q^2 \cdot x^2)^2)) / (2 \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4]) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[2 \cdot \text{ArcTan}[q \cdot x], 1/2 - b \cdot (q^2 / (4 \cdot c))], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1459  $\text{Int}[x_ ^2 / \text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2 + (c_ \cdot x_ )^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \cdot \text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \cdot \text{Int}[(1 - q \cdot x^2) / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1509

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^p)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSch[c_.*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2078, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2078
default	Expression too large to display	2078
parts	Expression too large to display	2081

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2/e*(-1/3*a/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+b*(-1/3/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*arccsch(c*x)+2/3/c*(-I*((I \\
 & *e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*d*e^3-I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c \\
 & ^2*d*e*(e*x+d)^2-(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2) \\
 & )^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*El \\
 & lipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d \\
 & ^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d \\
 & *(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c \\
 & ^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2 \\
 & *d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*( \\
 & e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1 \\
 & /2)}*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*Ellipt \\
 & icPi((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^ \\
 & 2+e^2)/d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1 \\
 & /2)}*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^2*(e*x+ \\
 & d)^2+I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*(( \\
 & I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*EllipticPi(( \\
 & e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)},1/(I*e+c*d)/c*(c^2*d^2+e^2) \\
 & /d,(-(I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c \\
 & ^2*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-2*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d) \\
 & -I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^3*e+I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d...
 \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*(6*c^2*integrate(1/3*x/((c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x + d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x + d*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + 2*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((e^2*x + d*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 3*integrate(1/3*((3*e*log(c) - 2*e)*c^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*x + 3*e*log(c) + 3*(c^2*e*x^2 + e)*log(x))/((c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))*b - 2/3*a/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2),x)*b*e**2*x - 2*a)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e*(d + e*x))`

$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	746
Mathematica [N/A]	746
Rubi [N/A]	747
Maple [N/A]	747
Fricas [N/A]	748
Sympy [F(-1)]	748
Maxima [N/A]	748
Giac [N/A]	749
Mupad [N/A]	749
Reduce [N/A]	750

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 29.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)
```



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*b*((3*e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*(e*x + d)*e + d*e)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2))*log(c)/e + 3*integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2*x^3 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*d*e*x^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2*x), x) - 3*integrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2*x^3 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*d*e*x^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2*x), x) + 1/3*a*(3*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*e*x + 4*d)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{5/2} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.76

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})ad + 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})aex - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*d + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*d - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**4 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**3*e*x + 8*a*d**2 + 6*a*d*e*x)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3*(d + e*x))`

$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	751
Mathematica [N/A]	751
Rubi [N/A]	752
Maple [N/A]	752
Fricas [N/A]	753
Sympy [F(-1)]	753
Maxima [N/A]	753
Giac [N/A]	754
Mupad [N/A]	754
Reduce [N/A]	755

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.05

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*b*((2*(15*(e*x + d)^2*e^2 - 10*(e*x + d)*d*e^2 - 2*d^2*e^2)/((e*x + d)
^(5/2)*d^3 - (e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4) + 15*e^2*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(
sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(7/2))*log(c)/e - 6*integrate(log(x)/(sqrt(e*x
+ d)*e^2*x^4 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*d*e*x^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2*x^2), x) + 6*i
ntegrate(log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2*x^4 + 2*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d*e*x^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2*x^2), x) - 1/6*a*(2*(15*(e*x + d)^2*e - 10
*(e*x + d)*d*e - 2*d^2*e)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 - (e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4) + 15
*e*log((sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(d)))/d^(7/2))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*x^2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d}) adex - 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})}{x^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**5*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**4*e*x**2 - 6*a*d**3 - 40*a*d**2*e*x - 30*a*d*e**2*x**2)/(6*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**4*x*(d + e*x))`



$$3.76 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	756
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	757
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	758
Maple [C] (verified)	770
Fricas [F(-1)]	771
Sympy [F(-1)]	771
Maxima [F]	771
Giac [F]	772
Mupad [F(-1)]	772
Reduce [F]	773

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 1006

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-4/15*b*e*(c^2*x^2+1)/c/d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
)-4/15*b*e*(7*c^2*d^2+3*e^2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c/d^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^2/(1+1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/15*b*e*(7*c^2*d^2+3*e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2
+1)/d^2/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(5/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^
2)^(1/2))-2/5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/5*b*(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2)*a
rctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d^(1/2)/(1/c^2+x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/e/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x-4/15*b*(7*c^2*d^2+3*e^2)*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+
d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*Ellipti
cE(sin(2*arctan(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^2/e/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(5/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)/x+2/15*b*(3*c^4*d^4+13*c^2*d^2*e^2+6*e^4-c*d*(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)*(3
*c^2*d^2+4*e^2))*(e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arcta
n(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^2/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(5/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/5*
b*(c*d-(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2*((c^2*x^2+1)*e^2/(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2)))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(c^(1
/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4))),1/4*(c*d+(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^2/c/
d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2),1/2*(2+2*c*d/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^3
/e^3/(c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/4)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*a)/(5*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (b*(-((c^4*(e + d/x)^4*x^4*((-4*(7*c^2*d^2
+ 3*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(15*c^2*d^2*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^2) + (2*ArcCsch
h[c*x]))/(5*c^3*d^3*e) - (2*e^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*c^3*d^3*(e + d/x)^3) + (2*
(-2*c*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 9*c^2*d^2*e*ArcCsch[c*x] + 9*e^3*ArcCs
ch[c*x]))/(15*c^3*d^3*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(e + d/x)^2) - (2*(-16*c^3*d^3*e*Sqr
t[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 8*c*d*e^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 9*c^4*d^4*ArcCsch[c
*x] + 18*c^2*d^2*e^2*ArcCsch[c*x] + 9*e^4*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(15*c^3*d^3*(c^2*
d^2 + e^2)^2*(e + d/x)))/(d + e*x)^(7/2) + (2*(e + d/x)^(7/2)*(c*x)^(7/2
))*(-((Sqrt[2]*(c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*
x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c
*d + e)/(2*e)))/(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(e*(
1 - I*c*x))/(I*c*d + e)])) + (I*Sqrt[2]*(c*d - I*e)*(3*c^3*d^3 - c*d*e^2)*
Sqrt[1 + I*c*x]*Sqrt[(e*(I + c*x)*(c*d + c*e*x))/(I*c*d + e)^2]*EllipticPi
[1 + (I*c*d)/e, ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2
*e)))/(e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2) - (2*(-7*c^2*d^2
*e - 3*e^3)*Cosh[2*ArcCsch[c*x]]*(-((c*d + c*e*x)*(1 + c^2*x^2)) + (c*x*(c
*d*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*c*x]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*EllipticF
[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((e*(I + c*x))/(c*d - I*e))]]], (I*c*d + e)/(2*e)) + 2*Sqrt[-
((e*(-I + c*x))/(c*d + I*e))]*(I + c*x)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]*((
c*d + I*e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - I*e)]], (c*d - I*...
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1489, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.889$ , Rules used = {6844, 1898, 635, 631, 688, 27, 688, 27, 599, 27, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6844$$

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{5ce} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1898$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 635

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d^2} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} - \frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 631

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 688

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{e\left(3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2} + 2\right) - ex\right)}{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( -\frac{e \int \frac{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2} + 2\right) - ex}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}}{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 688

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{6d^2 + e \left( \frac{3e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 7 \right) x d + \frac{2e^2}{c^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} (7c^2 d^2 + 3e^2)}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2 \right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}{27}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{2 \left( 3d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) + de \left( \frac{3e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 7 \right) x}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} (7c^2 d^2 + 3e^2)}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2 \right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}{599}$$

599

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{e \left( d^2 - \left( \frac{3e^2}{c^2 d^2} + 7 \right) (d+ex)d + \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2e \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} (7c^2 d^2 + 3e^2)}{d(c^2 d^2 + e^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2 \right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{d^2 - \left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2}d^2 + 7\right)(d+ex)d + \frac{e^2}{c^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}(7c^2d^2+3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d^2} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1511

$$2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2c^2 \left( \left( -\frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2}d^2+7\right)}{c} + \frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2}d^2+7\right)}{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right)}{3d\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + d^2\right)} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1416

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 2c^2 \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2} + 7 \right) \int \frac{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( -\frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2} \left( \frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2} + 7 \right)}{c} + \frac{e^2}{c^2} + d \right)}{e(c^2d^2+e^2)} \right) \\
 2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} + x^2}
 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$\downarrow$  1509

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d\left(d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2}+7\right)}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2}+\frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}}\right)}\right)}{c} \right)$$



$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d\left(d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2}+7\right)}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2-2(d+ex)d+(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{d^2+1}{e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d+(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}\right)}\right)}{c} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d\left(d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2}+7\right)}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2-2(d+ex)d+(d+ex)^2}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{d^2+1}{e^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}\right)\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)d}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2d^2}+7\right)}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2d^2+e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2-2(d+ex)d+(d+ex)^2}{e^2}+\frac{1}{c^2}}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{d^2+1}{e^2}\left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2+e^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{2(d+ex)d+(d+ex)^2}{e^2}}}\right)}\right)}{c} \right) \right) \\
 & - \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2+\frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d\left(d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2]*  
 ((2*e^2*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2])/(3*d*(d^2 + e^2/c^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (e*((-  
 2*e*(7*c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)*Sqrt[c^(-2) + x^2])/(d*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*  
 x]) - (2*c^2*((d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(7 + (3*e^2)/(c^2*d^2)))*(-(Sqrt[d +  
 e*x]*Sqrt[c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2)]/((c^(-  
 -2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2]))) + ((c^2*d^2 + e^2  
 )^(1/4)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (  
 2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x)  
 ))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2  
 *d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c^(-  
 -2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/c + ((c^2*d^2 +  
 e^2)^(1/4)*(d^2 + e^2/c^2 - (d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(7 + (3*e^2)/(c^2*d^2))  
 )/c)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d  
 *(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2)*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/  
 Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c^2*d  
 ^2 + e^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (c*d)/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])/2])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c^(-  
 -2) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2]))/(e*(c^2*d^2 + e^2  
 )))/(3*d*(d^2 + e^2/c^2)) - (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^2 + e^2)^(1/4)*(c*d  
 - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*(1 + (c*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 + e^2])*Sqrt[(c^(-2)  
 ) + d^2/e^2 - (2*d*(d + e*x))/e^2 + (d + e*x)^2/e^2])/((c^(-2) + d^2/e^2...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
 tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]  
 ), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a  
 *d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fr  
 eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 631 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/((c - x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 635 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Int[(c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(1 - c^(n + 1/2)*(c + d*x)^(-n - 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 1898

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

rule 2222

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 6844

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3782, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	3782
default	Expression too large to display	3782
parts	Expression too large to display	3784

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/e*(-1/5*a/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+b*(-1/5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*arccsch(c*x)-2/15/c*(7*I*( \\
& (I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^3-7*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d \\
& ^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^5*d^4*(e*x+d)^3+13*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^5* \\
& d^5*(e*x+d)^2-5*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^5*d^6*(e*x+d)-2*((I*e+ \\
& c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^3*d^5*e^2+I*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2) \\
& )*d^2*e^5-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c*d^3*e^4-((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^ \\
& 2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^5*d^7+I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d \\
& ^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^( \\
& 1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d* \\
& e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^4*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+I*(-(I*c*(e*x \\
& +d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2* \\
& d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+ \\
& c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),(-2*I*c*d*e-c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2) \\
& )*c^2*d^2*e^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-3*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d*(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2) \\
& )/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2 \\
& +e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2),1/ \\
& (I*e+c*d)/c/(c^2*d^2+e^2)/d,(-I*e-c*d)*c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)/((I*e+c*d)* \\
& c/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*c^4*d^4*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-6*I*(-(I*c*(e*x+d)*e+c^2*d \\
& *(e*x+d)-c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*((I*c*(e*x+d)*e-c^2*d*(e*x+d)+ \\
& c^2*d^2+e^2)/(c^2*d^2+e^2))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*((I*e+c*d)*c/...
\end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
-1/5*(10*c^2*integrate(1/5*x/((c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x +
d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (c^2*e^3
*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(e
*x + d)), x) + 2*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((e^3*x^2 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e)
*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 5*integrate(1/5*((5*e*log(c) - 2*e)*c^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*x
+ 5*e*log(c) + 5*(c^2*e*x^2 + e)*log(x))/((c^2*e^4*x^5 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 +
3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + e^4)*x^3 + (c^2*d^3*e + 3*d*e^3)*x
^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x))*b - 2/5*a/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex+d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^3 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}d^2ex + 3\sqrt{ex+d}de^2x^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}e^3x^3} dx \right) b d^2 e + 10\sqrt{ex+d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^3 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}d^2ex + 3\sqrt{ex+d}de^2x^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}e^3x^3} dx \right) b d e + 10\sqrt{ex+d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^3 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}d^2ex + 3\sqrt{ex+d}de^2x^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}e^3x^3} dx \right) b e + 10\sqrt{ex+d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^3 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}d^2ex + 3\sqrt{ex+d}de^2x^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}e^3x^3} dx \right) a}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*x**3),x)*b*d*e**2*x + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*x**3),x)*b*e**3*x**2 - 2*a)/(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

### 3.77 $\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	774
Mathematica [A] (verified)	775
Rubi [A] (verified)	775
Maple [A] (verified)	778
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	779
Sympy [F]	779
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	780
Giac [F]	780
Mupad [F(-1)]	781
Reduce [F]	781

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = -\frac{b(42c^2d - 25e) x^2 \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{560c^5 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(42c^2d - 25e) x^4 \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{840c^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{be x^6 \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{42c \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b(42c^2d - 25e) x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{560c^6 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/560*b*(42*c^2*d-25*e)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840
*b*(42*c^2*d-25*e)*x^4*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*e*x^
6*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/5*d*x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/7*e
*x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-1/560*b*(42*c^2*d-25*e)*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(
1/2))/c^6/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{48ac^7x^5(7d + 5ex^2) + bc^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2(75e - 2c^2(63d + 25ex^2) + c^4(84dx^2 + 40ex^4)) + 48bc^7x^5(7d + 5ex^2)}{1680c^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(48*a*c^7*x^5*(7*d + 5*e*x^2) + b*c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(75*e - 2*c^2*(63*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(84*d*x^2 + 40*e*x^4)) + 48*b*c^7*x^5*(7*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x] + 3*b*(42*c^2*d - 25*e)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(1680*c^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 363, 262, 262, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(5ex^2+7d)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(5ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{363}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} (42d - \frac{25e}{c^2}) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} (42d - \frac{25e}{c^2}) \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} (42d - \frac{25e}{c^2}) \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} (42d - \frac{25e}{c^2}) \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{-c^2x^2-1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \left( -\frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2}}{2c^3} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) (42d - \frac{25e}{c^2}) - \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/5 + (e*x^7*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/7 - (b*c*x*(  
(-5*e*x^5*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*c^2) + ((42*d - (25*e)/c^2)*(-1/4*(x^3*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (3*(-1/2*(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - ArcTan[(c*x)/sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2))/6))/(35*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+2*p+3, 0]`

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{7}e x^7 + \frac{1}{5}d x^5\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^5 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx) e x^7}{7} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx) c^5 x^5 d}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (84 d c^5 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 40 e c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 126 d c^3 x^3)}{c^5}\right)}{c^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{5}d c^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e c^7 x^7\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx) d c^7 x^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx) e c^7 x^7}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (84 d c^5 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 40 e c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 126 d c^3 x^3)}{c^5}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{5}d c^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e c^7 x^7\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx) d c^7 x^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx) e c^7 x^7}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (84 d c^5 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 40 e c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 126 d c^3 x^3)}{c^5}\right)}{c^2}$

input

```
int(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/7*e*x^7+1/5*d*x^5)+b/c^5*(1/7*c^5*arccsch(c*x)*e*x^7+1/5*arccsch(c*x)
*c^5*x^5*d+1/1680/c^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(84*d*c^5*x^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+40
*e*c^5*x^5*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-126*d*c^3*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-50*e*c^3*x^3*(c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+126*d*c^2*arcsinh(c*x)+75*e*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-75*e*arc
sinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{240 ac^7 ex^7 + 336 ac^7 dx^5 + 48(7bc^7d + 5bc^7e) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - 3(42bc^2d - 25be) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx - 1\right) + 48(5bc^7e*x^7 + 7bc^7d*x^5 - 7bc^7d - 5bc^7e) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1}{cx}\right) + (40bc^6e*x^6 + 2(42bc^6d - 25bc^4e)*x^4 - 3(42bc^4d - 25bc^2e)*x^2) \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^7}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1680*(240*a*c^7*e*x^7 + 336*a*c^7*d*x^5 + 48*(7*b*c^7*d + 5*b*c^7*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 3*(42*b*c^2*d - 25*b*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 48*(7*b*c^7*d + 5*b*c^7*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 48*(5*b*c^7*e*x^7 + 7*b*c^7*d*x^5 - 7*b*c^7*d - 5*b*c^7*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (40*b*c^6*e*x^6 + 2*(42*b*c^6*d - 25*b*c^4*e)*x^4 - 3*(42*b*c^4*d - 25*b*c^2*e)*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^7`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^4(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))dx = \frac{1}{7}aex^7 + \frac{1}{5}adx^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^4} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^4}}{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^2 - 2c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right) + c^4} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{672} \left( 96x^7 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^6} + \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^6}}{c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^3 - 3c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^2 + 3c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right) - c^6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*a*e*x^7 + 1/5*a*d*x^5 + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsch(c*x) - (2*(3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*d + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsch(c*x) + (2*(15*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 40*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^3 - 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^6) - 15*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 + 15*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^6)/c)*b*e`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^4(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))dx = \int (ex^2+d)(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)x^4dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4 (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int x^4 (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^6 dx \right) be + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^4 dx \right) bd + \frac{adx^5}{5} + \frac{aex^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(35*int(acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e + 35*int(acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d + 7*a*d*x**5 + 5*a*e*x**7)/35`

### 3.78 $\int x^2(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	782
Mathematica [A] (verified)	783
Rubi [A] (verified)	783
Maple [A] (verified)	786
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	786
Sympy [F]	787
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Giac [F]	788
Mupad [F(-1)]	788
Reduce [F]	789

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(20c^2d - 9e)x^2\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{120c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex^4\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{20c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(20c^2d - 9e)x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{120c^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*(20*c^2*d-9*e)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*
e*x^4*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1
/5*e*x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/120*b*(20*c^2*d-9*e)*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-
1)^(1/2))/c^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2x^2\left(8ac^3x(5d + 3ex^2) + b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(-9e + c^2(20d + 6ex^2))\right) + 8bc^5x^3(5d + 3ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b(-20c^2d + 9e)\operatorname{Log}\left[\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)x\right]}{120c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x^2*(8*a*c^3*x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) + b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-9*e + c^2*(20*d + 6*e*x^2))) + 8*b*c^5*x^3*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b*(-20*c^2*d + 9*e)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(120*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 363, 262, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3ex^2+5d)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 363$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx\left(\frac{1}{4}(20d - \frac{9e}{c^2}) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{3ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2}\right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{262} \\
& -\frac{bcx\left(\frac{1}{4}(20d - \frac{9e}{c^2})\left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2}\right) - \frac{3ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2}\right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{bcx\left(\frac{1}{4}(20d - \frac{9e}{c^2})\left(-\frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{-c^2x^2} + 1}{2c^2} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2}\right) - \frac{3ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2}\right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& bcx\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{2c^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2}\right)(20d - \frac{9e}{c^2}) - \frac{3ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2}\right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (e*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/5 - (b*c*x*(-3*e*x^3*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + ((20*d - (9*e)/c^2)*(-1/2*(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - ArcTan[(c*x)/sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/(2*c^3)))/4)/(15*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)*}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)*}(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*}((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)*}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 6856  $\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcSch}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_))*((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcSch}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[-c^2*x^2]) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{5}e x^5 + \frac{1}{3}d x^3\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) e x^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) d c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}(-20 d c^3 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 e c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 20 d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{120 c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d c^5 x^3 + \frac{1}{5}e c^5 x^5\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) d c^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) e c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}(-20 d c^3 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 e c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 20 d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{120 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d c^5 x^3 + \frac{1}{5}e c^5 x^5\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) d c^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) e c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}(-20 d c^3 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 e c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 20 d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{120 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c^3}$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/5*e*x^5+1/3*d*x^3)+b/c^3*(1/5*c^3*arcsch(c*x)*e*x^5+1/3*arcsch(c*x)*d*c^3*x^3-1/120/c^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-20*d*c^3*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*e*c^3*x^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+20*d*c^2*arcsinh(c*x)+9*e*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-9*e*arcsinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24 ac^5 ex^5 + 40 ac^5 dx^3 + 8(5 bc^5 d + 3 bc^5 e) \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1\right) + (20 bc^2 d - 9 be) \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/120*(24*a*c^5*e*x^5 + 40*a*c^5*d*x^3 + 8*(5*b*c^5*d + 3*b*c^5*e)*log(c*x
*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + (20*b*c^2*d - 9*b*e)*log(c*x*s
qrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 8*(5*b*c^5*d + 3*b*c^5*e)*log(c*x*sqr
t((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 8*(3*b*c^5*e*x^5 + 5*b*c^5*d*x^3
- 5*b*c^5*d - 3*b*c^5*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)
) + (6*b*c^4*e*x^4 + (20*b*c^4*d - 9*b*c^2*e)*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2
*x^2)))/c^5
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))(d + ex^2) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5}aex^5 + \frac{1}{3}adx^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)-c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^2} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{2\left(3\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-5\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^2-2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)+c^4} - \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^4} + \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^4} \right) be$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)), x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
1/5*a*e*x^5 + 1/3*a*d*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 +
log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsch(c*x) -
(2*(3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1)^2 - 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^4 dx\right) be$$

$$+ \left(\int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx\right) bd + \frac{adx^3}{3} + \frac{aex^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(15*int(acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e + 15*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d + 5*a*d*x**3 + 3*a*e*x**5)/15`

### 3.79 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bex^2\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{6c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + dx(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b(6c^2d - e)x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*e*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/3*e*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-1/6*b*(6*c^2*d-e)*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{1}{3} aex^3 + \frac{bex^2 \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{6c} + bdx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3} bex^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2bd \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} - \frac{be \log\left(x \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{6c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
a*d*x + (a*e*x^3)/3 + (b*e*x^2*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(6*c) + b*d*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (b*e*x^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/3 + (2*b*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*x)]/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] - (b*e*Log[x*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])])/(6*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {6846, 27, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6846

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2 + 3d}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+3d}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 299 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 6d - \frac{e}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 6d - \frac{e}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{-c^2x^2}{-c^2x^2-1}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 216 \\
& dx(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) \left(6d - \frac{e}{c^2}\right) - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2}}{2c} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `d*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 - (b*c*x*(-1/2*(e*x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((6*d - e/c^2)*ArcTan[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]])/(2*c)))/(3*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 299  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 6846  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_*)*((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[-c^2*x^2]) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[p + 1/2, 0])$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{3}x^3e + dx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^3e + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dcx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(6dc^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} - e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6c^3x\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{dc^3x + \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3e\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc^3x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3x^3e + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(6dc^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} - e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}}{c}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{dc^3x + \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3e\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc^3x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3x^3e + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(6dc^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} - e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}}{c}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/3*x^3*e+d*x)+b/c*(1/3*c*arccsch(c*x)*x^3*e+arccsch(c*x)*d*c*x+1/6/c^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(6*d*c^2*arcsinh(c*x)+e*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-e*arcsinh(c*x))/x/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3ex^3 + bc^2ex^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 6ac^3dx + 2(3bc^3d + bc^3e) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - (6bc^2d - be) \log\left(\dots\right)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*(2*a*c^3*e*x^3 + b*c^2*e*x^2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 6*a*c^3*d
*x + 2*(3*b*c^3*d + b*c^3*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x +
1) - (6*b*c^2*d - b*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 2*(
3*b*c^3*d + b*c^3*e)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 2*
(b*c^3*e*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x - 3*b*c^3*d - b*c^3*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 +
1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/c^3
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)
```

## Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} aex^3 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1)-c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^2}}{c} \right) be$$

$$+ adx + \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1}\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1}\right) \right) bd}{2c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
1/3*a*e*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e + a*d*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt
(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d/c
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) be + adx + \frac{ae x^3}{3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d + 3*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + 3*a*d*x + a*e*x**3)/3`

**3.80**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	798
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	798
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	799
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	801
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	802
Sympy [F] . . . . .	802
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	803
Giac [F] . . . . .	803
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	804
Reduce [F] . . . . .	804

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{bex \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*c*d*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x+e*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-b*e*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ad}{x} + aex + bcd\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} + bex\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a*d)/x) + a*e*x + b*c*d*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*d*ArcCsch[c*x])/x + b*e*x*ArcCsch[c*x] + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*x))]/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6856, 25, 358, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int -\frac{d-ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{d-ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{358} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \int \frac{1}{\frac{-c^2x^2}{-c^2x^2-1} + 1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{c} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x) + e*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/x - (e*ArcTan[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/c))/Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 358 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m+2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(ex - \frac{d}{x}\right) + bc\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{cx} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)xe}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}+e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)cx\right)}{c^4x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)$	102
derivativedivides	$c\left(\frac{a\left(cex - \frac{dc}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)ecx - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}+e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)cx\right)}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}\right)$	107
default	$c\left(\frac{a\left(cex - \frac{dc}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)ecx - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}+e \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)cx\right)}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}\right)$	107

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(e*x-d/x)+b*c*(-arccsch(c*x)*d/c/x+1/c*arccsch(c*x)*x*e+1/c^4*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(d*c^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+e*arcsinh(c*x)*c*x)/x^2/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc^2 dx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + bc^2 dx + acex^2 - bex \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx\right) - acd - (bcd - bce)x \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx\right)}{cx}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c^2*d*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + b*c^2*d*x + a*c*e*x^2 - b*e*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - a*c*d - (b*c*d - b*c*e)*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + (b*c*d - b*c*e)*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + (b*c*e*x^2 - b*c*d + (b*c*d - b*c*e)*x)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/(c*x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) bd + aex$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right) \right) be}{2c} - \frac{ad}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b*d + a*e*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*e/c - a*d/x`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{(\int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx) bex + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right) bdx - ad + aex^2}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `(int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*e*x + int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d*x - a*d + a*e*x**2)/x`

**3.81**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	805
Rubi [A] (verified)	806
Maple [A] (verified)	808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Sympy [F]	809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	809
Giac [F]	810
Mupad [F(-1)]	810
Reduce [F]	810

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{bc(2c^2d-9e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{9\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

output

```
-1/9*b*c*(2*c^2*d-9*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c*d*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3-e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \frac{-3a(d+3ex^2)+bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d-2c^2dx^2+9ex^2)-3b(d+3ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{9x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

$$(-3*a*(d + 3*e*x^2) + b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d - 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 9*e*x^2) - 3*b*(d + 3*e*x^2)*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/(9*x^3)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{3ex^2+d}{3x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+d}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} (2c^2d - 9e) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 242$$

$$-\frac{d(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-9e)}{3x} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/x^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(b*c*x*((d*\sqrt{-1 - c^2*x^2})/(3*x^3) - ((2*c^2*d - 9*e)*\sqrt{-1 - c^2*x^2})/(3*x)))/(3*\sqrt{-(c^2*x^2)}) - (d*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(3*x^3) - (e*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/x}{1}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 242

$$\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 359

$$\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 6856

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcCsch}[c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\sqrt{-(c^2)*x^2}) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\sqrt{-1 - c^2*x^2})], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d}{3x^3} - \frac{e}{x}\right) + b c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{c^3x} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^4dx^2-9ec^2x^2-c^2d)}{9c^6\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}x^4} \right)$	109
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{3cx^3} - \frac{e}{cx}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{3cx^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{cx} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^4dx^2-9ec^2x^2-c^2d)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^4x^4} \right)}{c^2} \right)$	122
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{3cx^3} - \frac{e}{cx}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{3cx^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{cx} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(2c^4dx^2-9ec^2x^2-c^2d)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^4x^4} \right)}{c^2} \right)$	122

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-1/3*d/x^3-e/x)+b*c^3*(-1/3*arccsch(c*x)*d/c^3/x^3-1/c^3*arccsch(c*x)*e/x-1/9/c^6*(c^2*x^2+1)*(2*c^4*d*x^2-9*c^2*e*x^2-c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \frac{9aex^2 + 3ad + 3(3bex^2 + bd) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) - (bcdx - (2bc^3d - 9bce)x^3)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/9*(9*a*e*x^2 + 3*a*d + 3*(3*b*e*x^2 + b*d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/
(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (b*c*d*x - (2*b*c^3*d - 9*b*c*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x
^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^3
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**4, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\ &= \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) be \\ &+ \frac{1}{9} bd \left( \frac{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{ae}{x} - \frac{ad}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b*e + 1/9*b*d*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2)
) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - a*e/
x - 1/3*a*d/x^3
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\ &= \frac{3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx\right) bd x^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right) be x^3 - ad - 3ae x^2}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*e*x**3 - a*d - 3*a*e*x**2)/(3*x**3)`

**3.82**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	811
Mathematica [A] (verified)	812
Rubi [A] (verified)	812
Maple [A] (verified)	814
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	815
Sympy [F]	815
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	816
Giac [F]	816
Mupad [F(-1)]	817
Reduce [F]	817

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{2bc^3(12c^2d-25e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{225\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{25x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc(12c^2d-25e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{225x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

output

```
2/225*b*c^3*(12*c^2*d-25*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/25*b*c*d
*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/225*b*c*(12*c^2*d-25*e)*(-c^2*x
^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5-1/3*e*(a+b*a
rccsch(c*x))/x^3
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15a(3d + 5ex^2) + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(25ex^2(1 - 2c^2x^2) + 3d(3 - 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4)) - 15b(3d + 5ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{225x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(-15*a*(3*d + 5*e*x^2) + b*c*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(25*e*x^2*(1 - 2*c^2*x^2) + 3*d*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) - 15*b*(3*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/ (225*x^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 359, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{5ex^2+3d}{15x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{5ex^2+3d}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5}(12c^2d - 25e) \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \frac{e(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5}(12c^2d - 25e) \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 242 \\
& \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x} \right) (12c^2d - 25e) \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `(b*c*x*((3*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) - ((12*c^2*d - 25*e)*(Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) - (2*c^2*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x))))/5)/(15*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]) - (d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (e*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*x^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 245 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Si
mplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 359 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 6856 Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{e}{3x^3} - \frac{d}{5x^5}\right) + b c^5 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{3c^5x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{5c^5x^5} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^6dx^4-50c^4ex^4-12c^4dx^2+25ec^2d)}{225c^8\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}x^6} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^5 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{e}{3c^3x^3}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{3c^3x^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^6dx^4-50c^4ex^4-12c^4dx^2+25ec^2x^2+9c^2d)}{225\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^6x^6}\right)}{c^2} \right)$
default	$c^5 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{e}{3c^3x^3}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{3c^3x^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^6dx^4-50c^4ex^4-12c^4dx^2+25ec^2x^2+9c^2d)}{225\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}c^6x^6}\right)}{c^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-1/3*e/x^3-1/5*d/x^5)+b*c^5*(-1/3/c^5*arccsch(c*x)*e/x^3-1/5*arccsch(c*x)*d/c^5/x^5+1/225/c^8*(c^2*x^2+1)*(24*c^6*d*x^4-50*c^4*e*x^4-12*c^4*d*x^2+25*c^2*e*x^2+9*c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^6)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{75 aex^2 + 45 ad + 15 (5 bex^2 + 3 bd) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) - (2(12bc^5d - 25bc^3e)x^5 + 9bcdx - (12bc^3d - 12bc^3e)x^3)\sqrt{(c^2x^2+1)/(c^2x^2)}}{225x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/225*(75*a*e*x^2 + 45*a*d + 15*(5*b*e*x^2 + 3*b*d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (2*(12*b*c^5*d - 25*b*c^3*e)*x^5 + 9*b*c*d*x - (12*b*c^3*d - 25*b*c^3*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^5`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**6, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{75} bd \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} be \left( \frac{c^4 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{ae}{3x^3} - \frac{ad}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/75*b*d*((3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 15*arccsch(c*x)/x^5) + 1/9*b*e*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*a*e/x^3 - 1/5*a*d/x^5`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\ &= \frac{15\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx\right)bdx^5 + 15\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx\right)be x^5 - 3ad - 5ae x^2}{15x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`output `(15*int(acsch(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d*x**5 + 15*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*e*x**5 - 3*a*d - 5*a*e*x**2)/(15*x**5)`

**3.83**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	819
Rubi [A] (verified)	819
Maple [A] (verified)	822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	822
Sympy [F]	823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	823
Giac [F]	824
Mupad [F(-1)]	824
Reduce [F]	825

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = -\frac{8bc^5(30c^2d-49e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{3675\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{49x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc(30c^2d-49e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{1225x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{4bc^3(30c^2d-49e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{3675x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-8/3675*b*c^5*(30*c^2*d-49*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/49*b*c*d*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^6/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/1225*b*c*(30*c^2*d-49*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+4/3675*b*c^3*(30*c^2*d-49*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7-1/5*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-105a(5d + 7ex^2) + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(49ex^2(3 - 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) - 15d(-5 + 6c^2x^2 - 8c^4x^4 + 16c^6x^6)) - 105b(5d + 7ex^2)\operatorname{ArcCsch}[cx]}{3675x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^8,x]
```

output

```
(-105*a*(5*d + 7*e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(49*e*x^2*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) - 15*d*(-5 + 6*c^2*x^2 - 8*c^4*x^4 + 16*c^6*x^6)) - 105*b*(5*d + 7*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3675*x^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 359, 245, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{7ex^2+5d}{35x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{7ex^2+5d}{x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7}(30c^2d - 49e) \int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \\
& \quad \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7}(30c^2d - 49e) \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{4}{5}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7}(30c^2d - 49e) \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{4}{5}c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) \right) \right)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 242 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{4}{5}c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x} \right) \right) \right) (30c^2d - 49e)}{35\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^8,x]`

output `(b*c*x*((5*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(7*x^7) - ((30*c^2*d - 49*e)*(Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) - (4*c^2*(Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) - (2*c^2*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x))))/5)/7)/(35*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]) - (d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(7*x^7) - (e*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*x^5)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 242  $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 245  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2+p+1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 359  $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 6856  $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcSch}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_))*((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_)+(e_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a+b*\text{ArcSch}[c*x]) u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[-c^2*x^2]) \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[-1-c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d}{7x^7} - \frac{e}{5x^5}\right) + b c^7 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{7c^7 x^7} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(240c^8 d x^6 - 392c^6 e x^6 - 120c^6 d x^4 + 190c^6 e x^4 + 90c^4 d x^2 - 147c^2 e x^2 - 75c^2 d)}{3675c^{10} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^7 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{7c^5 x^7} - \frac{e}{5c^5 x^5}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{7c^5 x^7} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(240c^8 d x^6 - 392c^6 e x^6 - 120c^6 d x^4 + 196c^4 e x^4 + 90c^4 d x^2 - 147c^2 e x^2 - 75c^2 d)}{3675 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}} c^8 x^8}{c^2} \right)$
default	$c^7 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{7c^5 x^7} - \frac{e}{5c^5 x^5}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{7c^5 x^7} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)(240c^8 d x^6 - 392c^6 e x^6 - 120c^6 d x^4 + 196c^4 e x^4 + 90c^4 d x^2 - 147c^2 e x^2 - 75c^2 d)}{3675 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}}} c^8 x^8}{c^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-1/7*d/x^7-1/5*e/x^5)+b*c^7*(-1/7*arccsch(c*x)*d/c^7/x^7-1/5/c^7*arccsch(c*x)*e/x^5-1/3675/c^10*(c^2*x^2+1)*(240*c^8*d*x^6-392*c^6*e*x^6-120*c^6*d*x^4+196*c^4*e*x^4+90*c^4*d*x^2-147*c^2*e*x^2-75*c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^8)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{735 aex^2 + 525 ad + 105(7bex^2 + 5bd) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) + (8(30bc^7d - 49bc^5e)x^7 - 4(30bc^5d - 49bc^3e)x^5 + 4(30bc^3d - 49bc^1e)x^3 - 4(30bc^1d - 49bc^{-1}e)x}{3675 x^7}}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3675*(735*a*e*x^2 + 525*a*d + 105*(7*b*e*x^2 + 5*b*d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (8*(30*b*c^7*d - 49*b*c^5*e)*x^7 - 4*(30*b*c^5*d - 49*b*c^3*e)*x^5 - 75*b*c*d*x + 3*(30*b*c^3*d - 49*b*c*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/x^7
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**8,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**8, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{245} bd \left( \frac{5c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35c^8 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{35 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^7} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{75} be \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^5} \right) \\ &- \frac{ae}{5x^5} - \frac{ad}{7x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/245*b*d*((5*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2)
+ 35*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*c^8*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 35*a
rccsch(c*x)/x^7) + 1/75*b*e*((3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 15*arccsch(c*x)/x^5
) - 1/5*a*e/x^5 - 1/7*a*d/x^7
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^8, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^8} dx \right) bd x^7 + 35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) be x^7 - 5ad - 7ae x^2}{35x^7}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^8,x)`

output `(35*int(acsch(c*x)/x**8,x)*b*d*x**7 + 35*int(acsch(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*e*x**7 - 5*a*d - 7*a*e*x**2)/(35*x**7)`

### 3.84 $\int x^5(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	826
Mathematica [A] (verified)	827
Rubi [A] (verified)	827
Maple [A] (verified)	829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	830
Sympy [F]	830
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	831
Giac [F]	831
Mupad [F(-1)]	832
Reduce [F]	832

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(4c^2d - 3e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{24c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(8c^2d - 9e)x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{72c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(4c^2d - 9e)x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{120c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{bex(-1 - c^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/24*b*(4*c^2*d-3*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/72*b*(8*c^2*d-9*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/120*b*(4*c^2*d-9*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/56*b*e*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(7/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*d*x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/8*e*x^8*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( 105ax^5(4d + 3ex^2) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(-144e + 8c^2(28d + 9ex^2) - 2c^4(56dx^2 + 27ex^4) + c^6(84dx^4 + 45ex^6))}{c^7} + 105bx^5(4d + 3ex^2) \right)}{2520}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(x*(105*a*x^5*(4*d + 3*e*x^2) + (b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-144*e + 8*c^2*(28*d + 9*e*x^2) - 2*c^4*(56*d*x^2 + 27*e*x^4) + c^6*(84*d*x^4 + 45*e*x^6)))/c^7 + 105*b*x^5*(4*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/2520
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^5(3ex^2 + 4d)}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^5(3ex^2 + 4d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(3ex^2+4d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \left( -\frac{3e(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(4c^2d-9e)(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(8c^2d-9e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^6} + \frac{4c^2d-3e}{c^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{2(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(4c^2d-9e)}{5c^8} - \frac{2(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(8c^2d-9e)}{3c^8} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(4c^2d-3e)}{c^8} + \frac{6e(-c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7c^8} \right)}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/48*(b*c*x*((-2*(4*c^2*d - 3*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^8 - (2*(8*c^2*d - 9*e)*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^8) - (2*(4*c^2*d - 9*e)*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^8) + (6*e*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c^8))/Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)] + (d*x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/6 + (e*x^8*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 6856 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{8}ex^8 + \frac{1}{6}dx^6\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)ex^8}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6x^6d}{6} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4-54c^4ex^4-112c^4dx^2+72e^2x^2+144e^2d-144e)}{2520c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{6}c^8dx^6 + \frac{1}{8}e^2c^8x^8\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d c^8x^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e c^8x^8}{8} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4-54c^4ex^4-112c^4dx^2+72e^2x^2+144e^2d-144e)}{2520\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{6}c^8dx^6 + \frac{1}{8}e^2c^8x^8\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d c^8x^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e c^8x^8}{8} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4-54c^4ex^4-112c^4dx^2+72e^2x^2+144e^2d-144e)}{2520\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/8*e*x^8+1/6*d*x^6)+b/c^6*(1/8*c^6*arcsch(c*x)*e*x^8+1/6*arcsch(c*x)*c^6*x^6*d+1/2520/c^3*(c^2*x^2+1)*(45*c^6*e*x^6+84*c^6*d*x^4-54*c^4*e*x^4-112*c^4*d*x^2+72*c^2*e*x^2+224*c^2*d-144*e)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{315 ac^7 ex^8 + 420 ac^7 dx^6 + 105 (3 bc^7 ex^8 + 4 bc^7 dx^6) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right) + (45 bc^6 ex^7 + 6 (14 bc^6 d - 9 bc^4 e) x^5 - 8 (14 bc^4 d - 9 bc^2 e) x^3 + 16 (14 bc^2 d - 9 bc e) x) \operatorname{sqrt}\left(\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}\right)}{2520 c^7}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2520*(315*a*c^7*e*x^8 + 420*a*c^7*d*x^6 + 105*(3*b*c^7*e*x^8 + 4*b*c^7*d*x^6)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (45*b*c^6*e*x^7 + 6*(14*b*c^6*d - 9*b*c^4*e)*x^5 - 8*(14*b*c^4*d - 9*b*c^2*e)*x^3 + 16*(14*b*c^2*d - 9*b*e)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^7`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} aex^8 + \frac{1}{6} adx^6 + \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) bd + \frac{1}{280} \left( 35x^8 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{5c^6x^7 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^7} \right) bde$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*a*e*x^8 + 1/6*a*d*x^6 + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsch(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*d + 1/280*(35*x^8*arccsch(c*x) + (5*c^6*x^7*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^7)*b*e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^7 dx \right) be + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5 dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^6}{6} + \frac{ae x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(24*int(acsch(c*x)*x**7,x)*b*e + 24*int(acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*d + 4*a*d*x**6 + 3*a*e*x**8)/24`

### 3.85 $\int x^3(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	833
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	834
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	834
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	837
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	837
Sympy [F] . . . . .	838
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	838
Giac [F] . . . . .	839
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	839
Reduce [F] . . . . .	839

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = -\frac{b(3c^2d - 2e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{12c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b(3c^2d - 4e)x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{36c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex(-1 - c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
-1/12*b*(3*c^2*d-2*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/36*b*(3*c^2*d-4*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/30*b*e*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*d*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/6*e*x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{180}x \left( 15ax^3(3d + 2ex^2) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(16e - 2c^2(15d + 4ex^2) + 3c^4(5dx^2 + 2ex^4))}{c^5} + 15bx^3(3d + 2ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(15*a*x^3*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) + (b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(16*e - 2*c^2*(15*d + 4*e*x^2) + 3*c^4*(5*d*x^2 + 2*e*x^4)))/c^5 + 15*b*x^3*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/180`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(2ex^2+3d)}{12\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(2ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{12\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 354 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(2ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{2e(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^4} + \frac{(4e-3c^2d)\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^4} + \frac{2e-3c^2d}{c^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) -}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad bcx \left( \frac{2(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(3c^2d-4e)}{3c^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^2d-2e)}{c^6} - \frac{4e(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^6} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/24*(b*c*x*((2*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^6 + (2*(3*c^2*d - 4
*e)*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^6) - (4*e*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^6))/S
qrt[-(c^2*x^2)] + (d*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/4 + (e*x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c
*x]))/6
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && (!ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && (!ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{6}ex^6 + \frac{1}{4}dx^4\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)ex^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^4x^4d}{4} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(6c^4ex^4+15c^4dx^2-8ec^2x^2-30c^2d+16e)}{180c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^4}$
derivativelimit	$\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{2} - \frac{(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3}\right)}{2c^2e^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^3}{12e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6dx^4}{4} + \frac{e\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6x^6}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(15c^6d^3}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{2} - \frac{(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3}\right)}{2c^2e^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^3}{12e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6dx^4}{4} + \frac{e\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6x^6}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(15c^6d^3}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/6*e*x^6+1/4*d*x^4)+b/c^4*(1/6*c^4*arcsch(c*x)*e*x^6+1/4*arcsch(c*x)*c^4*x^4*d+1/180/c^3*(c^2*x^2+1)*(6*c^4*e*x^4+15*c^4*d*x^2-8*c^2*e*x^2-30*c^2*d+16*e)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{30ac^5ex^6 + 45ac^5dx^4 + 15(2bc^5ex^6 + 3bc^5dx^4) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}+1}{cx}\right) + (6bc^4ex^5 + (15bc^4d - 8bc^2e)x^3}{180c^5}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/180*(30*a*c^5*e*x^6 + 45*a*c^5*d*x^4 + 15*(2*b*c^5*e*x^6 + 3*b*c^5*d*x^4)
)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (6*b*c^4*e*x^5 + (1
5*b*c^4*d - 8*b*c^2*e)*x^3 - 2*(15*b*c^2*d - 8*b*e)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/
(c^2*x^2))/c^5
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}aex^6 + \frac{1}{4}adx^4 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) be$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*a*e*x^6 + 1/4*a*d*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsch
(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(
3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5 dx \right) be + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^4}{4} + \frac{ae x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(12*int(acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e + 12*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d + 3*a*d*x**4 + 2*a*e*x**6)/12`

### 3.86 $\int x(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	840
Mathematica [A] (verified)	840
Rubi [A] (verified)	841
Maple [A] (verified)	843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Sympy [F]	844
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	844
Giac [F]	845
Mupad [F(-1)]	845
Reduce [F]	845

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(2c^2d - e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{4c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{bex(-1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bcd^2x \arctan(\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2})}{4e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/4*b*(2*c^2*d-e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/12*b*e*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e-1/4*b*c*d^2*x*arctan((-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{x \left( 3ac^3x(2d + ex^2) + b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(-2e + c^2(6d + ex^2)) + 3bc^3x(2d + ex^2)csch^{-1}(cx) \right)}{12c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(3*a*c^3*x*(2*d + e*x^2) + b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-2*e + c^2*(6*d + e*x^2)) + 3*b*c^3*x*(2*d + e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(12*c^3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(d + ex^2)(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6854} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{4e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx^2}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{d^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^2} - \frac{e(e - 2c^2d)}{c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \right) dx^2}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( 2d^2 \arctan(\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}) - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(2c^2d - e)}{c^4} + \frac{2e^2(-c^2x^2 - 1)^{3/2}}{3c^4} \right)}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(4*e) - (b*c*x*((-2*(2*c^2*d - e)*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^4 + (2*e^2*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^4) + 2*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]])/(8*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6854 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(x^2e+d)^2}{4e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)x^4}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d c^2x^2}{2} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3c^4d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) - 6c^2de \right)}{12c^3e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2}+1}} \right)}{c^2}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{a(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{4c^2e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4d^2}{4e} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4dx^2}{2} + \frac{e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4x^4}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3c^4d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) - 6c^2de \right)}{12e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2}+1}} \right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{4c^2e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4d^2}{4e} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4dx^2}{2} + \frac{e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^4x^4}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 3c^4d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) - 6c^2de \right)}{12e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2}+1}} \right)}{c^2}$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4}a*(e*x^2+d)^2/e+b/c^2*(1/4*c^2*e*arccsch(c*x)*x^4+1/2*arccsch(c*x)*d*c^2*x^2+1/4*c^2/e*arccsch(c*x)*d^2-1/12/c^3/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(3*c^4*d^2*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-6*c^2*d*e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-e^2*c^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{sch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ac^3ex^4 + 6ac^3dx^2 + 3(bc^3ex^4 + 2bc^3dx^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) + (bc^2ex^3 + 2(3bc^2d - be)x)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{12c^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
1/12*(3*a*c^3*e*x^4 + 6*a*c^3*d*x^2 + 3*(b*c^3*e*x^4 + 2*b*c^3*d*x^2)*log(
(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (b*c^2*e*x^3 + 2*(3*b*c^2
*d - b*e)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/c^3
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} aex^4 + \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bd \\ &+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) be \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*a*e*x^4 + 1/2*a*d*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1
)/c)*b*d + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3
*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) be + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^2}{2} + \frac{ae x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e + 4*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d + 2*a*d*x**2 + a*e*x**4)/4`

$$3.87 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	847
Rubi [A] (verified)	847
Maple [F]	849
Fricas [F]	849
Sympy [F]	850
Maxima [F]	850
Giac [F]	850
Mupad [F(-1)]	851
Reduce [F]	851

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 115

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx &= \frac{be\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2}ex^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \\ &- bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(1-e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) \\ &+ bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &- d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &- \frac{1}{2}bd\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*b*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/2*b*d*arccsch(c*x)^2+1/2*e*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-b*d*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*d*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1/x)-d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1/x)-1/2*b*d*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + \frac{bex\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}bex^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2}bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + ad\log(x) - \frac{1}{2}bd\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
(a*e*x^2)/2 + (b*e*x*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + (b*e*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/2 + (b*d*ArcCsch[c*x]^2)/2 - b*d*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + a*d*Log[x] - (b*d*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6858, 6237, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 6858

$$- \int \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x^3 \left(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 6237

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{ex^2 - 2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{ex^2 - 2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d \frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)$$

↓ 7293

$$\frac{b \int \left( \frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - b \left( cd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - cd \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 + 2cd \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - 2cd \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)}{2c}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `(e*x^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/2 - d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[x^(-1)] - (b*(-(e*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) - c*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]^2 + 2*c*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])] - 2*c*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] + c*d*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6237

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[p[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2], x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*b*c^2*d*integrate(1/2*x*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) - 1/2*b*e*x^2*log(c) - 1/2*b*e*x^2*log(x) + 1/2*a*e*x^2 - b*d*log(c)*log(x) - 1/2*b*d*log(x)^2 - 1/4*(2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-c^2*x^2))*b*d + a*d*log(x) + 1/2*(b*e*x^2 + 2*b*d*log(x))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 1/4*b*e*(2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - log(c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^2 + 1/4*b*e*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))))/x,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) bd + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) be + \log(x) ad + \frac{ae x^2}{2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*b*d + 2*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e + 2*log(x)*a*d + a*e*x**2)/2`



**3.88** 
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	852
Mathematica [A] (verified)	853
Rubi [A] (verified)	853
Maple [F]	855
Fricas [F]	855
Sympy [F]	856
Maxima [F]	856
Giac [F]	856
Mupad [F(-1)]	857
Reduce [F]	857

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 128

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = & \frac{bcd\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{1}{4}bc^2d\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ & + \frac{1}{2}b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - \frac{d(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2x^2} \\ & - b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(1-e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) \\ & + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \\ & - e(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}be\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/4*b*c*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/4*b*c^2*d*arccsch(c*x)+1/2*b*e*arccsch(c*x)^2-1/2*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2-b*e*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*e*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1/x)-e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1/x)-1/2*b*e*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{ad}{2x^2} + \frac{bcd\sqrt{\frac{1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{bd\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\ + \frac{1}{2}b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{4}bc^2d\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \\ - b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right) \\ + ae\log(x) - \frac{1}{2}be\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*d)/x^2 + (b*c*d*Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]/(4*x) - (b*d*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*x^2) + (b*e*ArcCsch[c*x]^2)/2 - (b*c^2*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/4 - b*e*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) + a*e*Log[x] - (b*e*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])])/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {6858, 6237, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx \\ \downarrow 6858 \\ - \int \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x \left(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{x} \\ \downarrow 6237$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d}{x^2} + 2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d}{x^2} + 2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 7293 \\
& \frac{b \int \left( \frac{d}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} + \frac{2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \quad - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \\
& \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{2} c^3 d \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - c e \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) + c e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 - 2 c e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) \right)}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/x^2 - e*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] + (b*((c^2*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*x) - (c^3*d*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/2 + c*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]^2 - 2*c*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])] + 2*c*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] - c*e*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6237

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[p[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2], x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`output `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(4*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 + x), x) - 2*c^2*integrate(x*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 + (c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x) - (log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c) + log(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(c) - 2*log(x)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*integrate(log(x)/(c^2*x^3 + x), x))*b*e + 1/8*b*d*((2*c^4*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/c - 4*arcsch(c*x)/x^2) + a*e*log(x) - 1/2*a*d/x^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx\right)bdx^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx\right)be x^2 + 2\log(x)ae x^2 - ad}{2x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*b*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*e*x**2 - a*d)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.89 $\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	858
Mathematica [A] (verified)	859
Rubi [A] (verified)	859
Maple [A] (verified)	863
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	864
Sympy [F]	864
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	865
Giac [F]	866
Mupad [F(-1)]	866
Reduce [F]	866

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(280c^4d^2 - 252c^2de + 75e^2)x^2\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{1680c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(84c^2d - 25e)ex^4\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{840c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x^6\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{42c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(280c^4d^2 - 252c^2de + 75e^2)x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{1680c^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/1680*b*(280*c^4*d^2-252*c^2*d*e+75*e^2)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840*b*(84*c^2*d-25*e)*e*x^4*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*e^2*x^6*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+2/5*d*e*x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/7*e^2*x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/1680*b*(280*c^4*d^2-252*c^2*d*e+75*e^2)*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^6/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x^2 \left( 16ac^5 x (35d^2 + 42dex^2 + 15e^2 x^4) + b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (75e^2 - 2c^2 e (126d + 25ex^2) + 8c^4 (35d^2 + 21dex^2 + 5e^2 x^4)) \right) + 16b^2 c^7 x^3 (35d^2 + 42dex^2 + 15e^2 x^4) \operatorname{ArcCsch}[cx] + b(-280c^4 d^2 + 252c^2 d e - 75e^2) \operatorname{Log}[(1 + \sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)})x]}{1680c^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x^2*(16*a*c^5*x*(35*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(75*e^2 - 2*c^2*e*(126*d + 25*e*x^2) + 8*c^4*(35*d^2 + 21*d*e*x^2 + 5*e^2*x^4))) + 16*b*c^7*x^3*(35*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b*(-280*c^4*d^2 + 252*c^2*d*e - 75*e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(1680*c^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1590, 27, 363, 262, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2 (15e^2 x^4 + 42dex^2 + 35d^2)}{105\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} d^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2 x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(15e^2x^4+42dex^2+35d^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1590 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{3x^2(70c^2d^2+(84c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{6c^2} - \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2(70c^2d^2+(84c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 363 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{(280c^4d^2-252c^2de+75e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(84c^2d-25e)}{4c^2} - \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 262 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{(280c^4d^2-252c^2de+75e^2) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{ex^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(84c^2d-25e)}{4c^2} - \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b c x \left( \frac{\left( \frac{280 c^4 d^2 - 252 c^2 d e + 75 e^2}{4 c^2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{-c^2 x^2 - 1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} - \frac{x \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2 c^2} \right) - \frac{e x^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (84 c^2 d - 25 e)}{4 c^2} - \frac{5 e^2 x^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2 c^2} \right)}{2 c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{105 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}{3} d^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) + \frac{2}{5} d e x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2 x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} d^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) + \frac{2}{5} d e x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2 x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c x)) - \\
 & b c x \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{c x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) - x \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2 c^3} \right) (280 c^4 d^2 - 252 c^2 d e + 75 e^2) - \frac{e x^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (84 c^2 d - 25 e)}{4 c^2} - \frac{5 e^2 x^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2 c^2}}{4 c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{105 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}{105 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (2*d*e*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/5 + (e^2*x^7*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/7 - (b*c*x*((-5*e^2*x^5*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*c^2) + (-1/4*((84*c^2*d - 25*e)*e*x^3*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((280*c^4*d^2 - 252*c^2*d*e + 75*e^2)*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - ArcTan[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2))/(2*c^2))/(105*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+2*p+1)))}, x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$
- rule 1590  $\text{Int}[((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^p*(f*x)^{(m+4*p-1)*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1})/(e*f^{4*p-1)*(m+4*p+2*q+1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(e*(m+4*p+2*q+1)) \text{ Int}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[e*(m+4*p+2*q+1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - c^p*x^{4*p}) - d*c^p*(m+4*p-1)*x^{4*p-2}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]$

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{7}e^2x^7 + \frac{2}{5}dex^5 + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2x^7}{7} + \frac{2c^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)dex^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d^2c^3x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(-280d^2c^5x^7)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$
derivativeldivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d^2c^7x^3 + \frac{2}{5}dc^7ex^5 + \frac{1}{7}e^2c^7x^7\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d^2c^7x^3}{3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)dc^7ex^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2c^7x^7}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(-280d^2c^5x^7)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d^2c^7x^3 + \frac{2}{5}dc^7ex^5 + \frac{1}{7}e^2c^7x^7\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d^2c^7x^3}{3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)dc^7ex^5}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2c^7x^7}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(-280d^2c^5x^7)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/7*e^2*x^7+2/5*d*e*x^5+1/3*d^2*x^3)+b/c^3*(1/7*c^3*arcsch(c*x)*e^2*x^7+2/5*c^3*arcsch(c*x)*d*e*x^5+1/3*arcsch(c*x)*d^2*c^3*x^3-1/1680/c^5*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-280*d^2*c^5*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-168*d*c^5*e*x^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-40*e^2*c^5*x^5*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+280*d^2*c^4*arcsinh(c*x)+252*d*c^3*e*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+50*e^2*c^3*x^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-252*d*c^2*e*arcsinh(c*x)-75*e^2*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+75*e^2*arcsinh(c*x))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{240 ac^7 e^2 x^7 + 672 ac^7 dex^5 + 560 ac^7 d^2 x^3 + 16(35 bc^7 d^2 + 42 bc^7 de + 15 bc^7 e^2) \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1680*(240*a*c^7*e^2*x^7 + 672*a*c^7*d*e*x^5 + 560*a*c^7*d^2*x^3 + 16*(35*b*c^7*d^2 + 42*b*c^7*d*e + 15*b*c^7*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + (280*b*c^4*d^2 - 252*b*c^2*d*e + 75*b*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 16*(35*b*c^7*d^2 + 42*b*c^7*d*e + 15*b*c^7*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 16*(15*b*c^7*e^2*x^7 + 42*b*c^7*d*e*x^5 + 35*b*c^7*d^2*x^3 - 35*b*c^7*d^2 - 42*b*c^7*d*e - 15*b*c^7*e^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (40*b*c^6*e^2*x^6 + 2*(84*b*c^6*d*e - 25*b*c^4*e^2)*x^4 + (280*b*c^6*d^2 - 252*b*c^4*d*e + 75*b*c^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/c^7`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^2(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(a+bacsch(cx))(d+ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))dx = \frac{1}{7}ae^2x^7 + \frac{2}{5}adex^5 + \frac{1}{3}ad^2x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1)-c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^2}}{c} \right) bd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{40} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{\frac{2\left(3\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-5\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^2-2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)+c^4} - \frac{3\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^4} + \frac{3\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^4}}{c} \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{672} \left( 96x^7 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\left(15\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}-40\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}+33\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^3-3c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^2+3c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)-c^6} - \frac{15\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^6} + \frac{15\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^6}}{c} \right)$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*a*e^2*x^7 + 2/5*a*d*e*x^5 + 1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) +
(2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d^2 + 1/40*(
16*x^5*arccsch(c*x) - (2*(3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) +
1)))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*d
*e + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsch(c*x) + (2*(15*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 40*(1/(
c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^3 -
3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^6) - 15*log(sqrt(
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 + 15*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^6)/c)*b*e^
2
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^6 dx \right) b e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^4 dx \right) b d e \\ &+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d^2 \\ &+ \frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2 a d e x^5}{5} + \frac{a e^2 x^7}{7} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(105*int(acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**2 + 210*int(acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e + 10  
5*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2 + 35*a*d**2*x**3 + 42*a*d*e*x**5 + 15*a*e*  
*2*x**7)/105
```



### 3.90 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	868
Mathematica [A] (verified)	869
Rubi [A] (verified)	869
Maple [A] (verified)	872
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	873
Sympy [F]	873
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	874
Giac [F]	875
Mupad [F(-1)]	875
Reduce [F]	875

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(40c^2d - 9e)ex^2\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{120c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x^4\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{20c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b(120c^4d^2 - 40c^2de + 9e^2)x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{120c^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*(40*c^2*d-9*e)*e*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*
b*e^2*x^4*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+
/3*d*e*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/5*e^2*x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-1/120*b*(120*
c^4*d^2-40*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(
1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x \left( 8ac^3(15d^2 + 10dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-9e + c^2(40d + 6ex^2)) \right) + 8bc^5x(15d^2 + 10dex^2 + 3e^2x^4)}{120c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x*(8*a*c^3*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x*(-9*e + c^2*(40*d + 6*e*x^2))) + 8*b*c^5*x*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b*(120*c^4*d^2 - 40*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x]/(120*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$ , Rules used = {6846, 27, 1473, 25, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6846$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 15d^2}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+10dex^2+15d^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1473 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{60c^2d^2+(40c^2d-9e)ex^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{60c^2d^2+(40c^2d-9e)ex^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 299 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{120c^4d^2-40c^2de+9e^2}{2c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(40c^2d-9e)}{2c^2} - \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{120c^4d^2-40c^2de+9e^2}{2c^2} \right) \int \frac{\frac{1}{-c^2x^2-1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}}{-c^2x^2-1} + 1}{4c^2} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(40c^2d-9e)}{2c^2} - \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 216 \\
& d^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad bcx \left( \frac{\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)(120c^4d^2-40c^2de+9e^2)}{2c^3}}{4c^2} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(40c^2d-9e)}{2c^2} - \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `d^2*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (2*d*e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (e^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/5 - (b*c*x*((-3*e^2*x^3*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + (-1/2*((40*c^2*d - 9*e)*e*x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((120*c^4*d^2 - 40*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*ArcTan[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/(2*c^3))/(4*c^2)))/(15*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1473

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 6846

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sym
bol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u
, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 -
c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ
[p + 1/2, 0])
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{5}e^2x^5 + \frac{2}{3}dex^3 + d^2x\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{2c \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de x^3}{3} + \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)cx d^2 + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(120d^2c^4}{c}\right)}{c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(d^2c^5x + \frac{2}{3}dc^5ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}e^2c^5x^5\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2c^5x + \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc^5ex^3}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2c^5x^5}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(120d^2c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c}\right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a\left(d^2c^5x + \frac{2}{3}dc^5ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}e^2c^5x^5\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2c^5x + \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dc^5ex^3}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2c^5x^5}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(120d^2c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c}\right)}{c^4}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/5*e^2*x^5+2/3*d*e*x^3+d^2*x)+b/c*(1/5*c*arccsch(c*x)*e^2*x^5+2/3*c*ar
ccsch(c*x)*d*e*x^3+arccsch(c*x)*c*x*d^2+1/120/c^5*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(120*d
^2*c^4*arcsinh(c*x)+40*d*c^3*e*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6*e^2*c^3*x^3*(c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)-40*d*c^2*e*arcsinh(c*x)-9*e^2*c*x*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+9*e^2*arcsinh
(c*x))/x/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 353 vs.  $2(175) = 350$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24ac^5e^2x^5 + 80ac^5dex^3 + 120ac^5d^2x + 8(15bc^5d^2 + 10bc^5de + 3bc^5e^2) \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - (120b^2c^4d^2 - 40b^2c^2de + 9b^2e^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{c^2x^2} - cx + 1\right) - 8(15b^2c^5d^2 + 10b^2c^5de + 3b^2c^5e^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{c^2x^2} - cx - 1\right) + 8(3b^2c^5e^2x^5 + 10b^2c^5d^2ex^3 + 15b^2c^5d^2x - 15b^2c^5d^2 - 10b^2c^5de - 3b^2c^5e^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{c^2x^2} + 1\right) + (6b^2c^4e^2x^4 + (40b^2c^4de - 9b^2c^2e^2)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/120*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 80*a*c^5*d*e*x^3 + 120*a*c^5*d^2*x + 8*(15*b*c^5*d^2 + 10*b*c^5*d*e + 3*b*c^5*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - (120*b*c^4*d^2 - 40*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 8*(15*b*c^5*d^2 + 10*b*c^5*d*e + 3*b*c^5*e^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 10*b*c^5*d^2*e*x^3 + 15*b*c^5*d^2*x - 15*b*c^5*d^2 - 10*b*c^5*d*e - 3*b*c^5*e^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (6*b*c^4*e^2*x^4 + (40*b*c^4*d*e - 9*b*c^2*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^5`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} ae^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} adex^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1)-c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^2}}{c} \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) - \frac{\frac{2\left(3\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^2 - 2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right) + c^4} - \frac{3\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^4} + \frac{3\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^4}}{c} \right) be^2$$

$$+ ad^2x + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1}\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1}\right)\right)bd^2}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*a*e^2*x^5 + 2/3*a*d*e*x^3 + 1/6*(4*x^3*arcsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d*e + 1/80*(16*x^5*arcsch(c*x) - (2*(3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*e^2 + a*d^2*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arcsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d^2/c`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx &= \left( \int \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) x^4 dx \right) b e^2 \\ &\quad + 2 \left( \int \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d e \\ &\quad + a d^2 x + \frac{2 a d e x^3}{3} + \frac{a e^2 x^5}{5} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(15*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**2 + 15*int(acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**2 + 30*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e + 15*a*d**2*x + 10*a*d*e*x**3 + 3*a*e**2*x**5)/15`



**3.91**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	876
Mathematica [A] (verified)	877
Rubi [A] (verified)	877
Maple [A] (verified)	880
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	881
Sympy [F]	881
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	882
Giac [F]	882
Mupad [F(-1)]	883
Reduce [F]	883

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x^2\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{6c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b(12c^2d-e)ex \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*c*d^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b*e^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x+2*d*e*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/3*e^2*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-1/6*b*(12*c^2*d-e)*e*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 \left( b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (6c^2 d^2 + e^2 x^2) + 2ac(-3d^2 + 6dex^2 + e^2 x^4) \right) + 2bc^3(-3d^2 + 6dex^2 + e^2 x^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{6c^3 x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(c^2*(b*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(6*c^2*d^2 + e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c*(-3*d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)) + 2*b*c^3*(-3*d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x] + b*(12*c^2*d - e)*e*x*Log[(1 + sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(6*c^3*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1588, 25, 27, 299, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-e^2 x^4 - 6dex^2 + 3d^2}{3x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} e^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2x^4 - 6dex^2 + 3d^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1588} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \int -\frac{e(ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - \int \frac{e(ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \int \frac{ex^2+6d}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{299} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{1}{2} (12d - \frac{e}{c^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{1}{2} (12d - \frac{e}{c^2}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{-c^2x^2}{-c^2x^2-1} + 1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{d^2(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)) + bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)(12d - \frac{e}{c^2})}{2c} - \frac{ex\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x) + 2*d*e*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) + (e^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (b*c*x*((3*d^2*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/x - e*(-1/2*(e*x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((12*d - e/c^2)*ArcTan[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]])/(2*c))))/(3*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1588

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]}, Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[-(c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^2 x^3}{3} + 2dex - \frac{d^2}{x} \right) + bc \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2 x^3}{3c} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dex}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{cx} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (6c^4 d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c \left( \frac{a(2c^3 dex + \frac{e^2 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{c^3 d^2}{x})}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( 2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 dex + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 d^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (6c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right)}{c^4} \right)$
default	$c \left( \frac{a(2c^3 dex + \frac{e^2 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{c^3 d^2}{x})}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( 2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 dex + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^3 d^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} (6c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right)}{c^4} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/3*e^2*x^3+2*d*e*x-d^2/x)+b*c*(1/3/c*arccsch(c*x)*e^2*x^3+2/c*arccsch(c*x)*d*e*x-arccsch(c*x)*d^2/c/x+1/6/c^6*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(6*c^4*d^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+12*c^3*d*e*arcsinh(c*x)*x+e^2*c^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-arcsinh(c*x)*e^2*c*x)/x^2/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs.  $2(152) = 304$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3e^2x^4 + 6bc^4d^2x + 12ac^3dex^2 - 6ac^3d^2 - 2(3bc^3d^2 - 6bc^3de - bc^3e^2)x \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx + 1\right)}{x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^4 + 6*b*c^4*d^2*x + 12*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 6*a*c^3*d^2 - 2*(3*b*c^3*d^2 - 6*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - (12*b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) + 2*(3*b*c^3*d^2 - 6*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*x*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x^4 + 6*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 3*b*c^3*d^2 + (3*b*c^3*d^2 - 6*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*x)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (6*b*c^4*d^2*x + b*c^2*e^2*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^3*x)
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bacsch(cx))(d + ex^2)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)
```

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**2, x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} ae^2 x^3 + \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) bd^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1)}{c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1)}{c^2}}{c} \right) be^2 \\ &+ 2adex \\ &+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right) \right) bde}{c} - \frac{ad^2}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + (c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b*d^2 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + (2*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - c^2) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e^2 + 2*a*d*e*x + (2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*d*e/c - a*d^2/x`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b d e x + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b d^2 x + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b e^2 x - 3 a d^2 + 6 a d e x^2 + a e^2 x^4}{3x}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*d*e*x + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d**2*x + 3*int(acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2*x - 3*a*d**2 + 6*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/(3*x)`



**3.92**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	884
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	885
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	885
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	888
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	889
Sympy [F] . . . . .	889
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	890
Giac [F] . . . . .	890
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	891
Reduce [F] . . . . .	891

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bcd(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{9\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{be^2x \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*b*c*d*(c^2*d-9*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c*d^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3-2*d*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x+e^2*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-b*e^2*x*arctan(c*x/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{bcd \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (d - 2c^2 dx^2 + 18ex^2) - 3a(d^2 + 6dex^2 - 3e^2 x^4)}{9x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(d^2 + 6dex^2 - 3e^2 x^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} + \frac{be^2 \log\left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(b*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d - 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 18*e*x^2) - 3*a*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4))/(9*x^3) - (b*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3*x^3) + (b*e^2*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/c
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1588, 25, 358, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$- \frac{bcx \int -\frac{3e^2 x^4 + 6dex^2 + d^2}{3x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} +$$

$$e^2 x (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-3e^2x^4+6dex^2+d^2}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{9e^2x^2+2d(c^2d-9e)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{9e^2x^2+2d(c^2d-9e)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 358 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -9e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)}{x} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -9e^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{-c^2x^2}{-c^2x^2-1}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)}{x} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 216 \\
& - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{9e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{c} - \frac{2d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)}{x} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output

$$-1/3*(d^2*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/x^3 - (2*d*e*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/x + e^2*x*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]) + (b*c*x*((d^2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + ((-2*d*(c^2*d - 9*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/x - (9*e^2*\text{ArcTan}[(c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2]]/c)/3)/(3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*x^2)])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 358

$$\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e^{(m+1)})), x] + \text{Simp}[d/e^2 \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 1588

$$\text{Int}[((f_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(f*x)^{(m+1)}*((d + e*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(d*f*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f^{2*(m+1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m+2)}*(d + e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[d*f*(m+1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m+2*q+3), x], x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
parts	$a\left(e^2x - \frac{d^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2de}{x}\right) + bc^3\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2x}{c^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)de}{c^3x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(-2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\right)}{c^4}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^3\left(\frac{a\left(e^2cx - \frac{2cde}{x} - \frac{cd^2}{3x^3}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2cx - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)cde}{x} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)cd^2}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(-2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^6d^2x^2 + \dots\right)}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}\right)$
default	$c^3\left(\frac{a\left(e^2cx - \frac{2cde}{x} - \frac{cd^2}{3x^3}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)e^2cx - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)cde}{x} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)cd^2}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\left(-2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^6d^2x^2 + \dots\right)}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(e^2*x-1/3*d^2/x^3-2*d*e/x)+b*c^3*(1/c^3*arcsch(c*x)*e^2*x-1/3*arcsch(c*x)*d^2/c^3/x^3-2/c^3*arcsch(c*x)*d*e/x+1/9/c^8*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*d^2*x^2+c^4*d^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+18*c^4*d*e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2+9*e^2*arcsinh(c*x)*c^3*x^3)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{9ace^2x^4 - 9be^2x^3 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx\right) - 18acdex^2 - 3(bcd^2 + 6bcde - 3bce^2)x^3 \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} -$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(9*a*c*e^2*x^4 - 9*b*e^2*x^3*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x) - 18*a*c*d*e*x^2 - 3*(b*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b*c*e^2)*x^3*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + 3*(b*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b*c*e^2)*x^3*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - 3*a*c*d^2 - 2*(b*c^4*d^2 - 9*b*c^2*d*e)*x^3 + 3*(3*b*c*e^2*x^4 - 6*b*c*d*e*x^2 - b*c*d^2 + (b*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b*c*e^2)*x^3)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (b*c^2*d^2*x - 2*(b*c^4*d^2 - 9*b*c^2*d*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c*x^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\
&= 2 \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) bde + ae^2 x \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} bd^2 \left( \frac{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) \\
&+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) \right) be^2}{2c} \\
&- \frac{2ade}{x} - \frac{ad^2}{3x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b*d*e + a*e^2*x + 1/9*b*d^2*(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsch(c*x) + log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))*b*e^2/c - 2*a*d*e/x - 1/3*a*d^2/x^3`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b e^2 x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b d^2 x^3 + 6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b d e x^3 - a d^2 - 6 a d e x^2 + 3 a e^2 x^4}{3 x^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `(3*int(acsch(c*x),x)*b*e**2*x**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d**2*x**3 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d*e*x**3 - a*d**2 - 6*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*a*e**2*x**4)/(3*x**3)`



**3.93**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	898
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{bc(24c^4d^2 - 100c^2de + 225e^2) \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{225\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{25x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd(6c^2d - 25e) \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{225x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

output

```
1/225*b*c*(24*c^4*d^2-100*c^2*d*e+225*e^2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/25*b*c*d^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/225*b*c*d*(6*c^2*d-25*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5-2/3*d*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3-e^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15a(3d^2 + 10dex^2 + 15e^2x^4) + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(225e^2x^4 - 50dex^2(-1 + 2c^2x^2) + 3d^2(3 - 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4))}{225x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(-15*a*(3*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(22
5*e^2*x^4 - 50*d*e*x^2*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 3*d^2*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4
)) - 15*b*(3*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(225*x^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1588, 25, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{15e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 3d^2}{15x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\frac{e^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{15e^2x^4+10dex^2+3d^2}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

↓ 1588

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{2d(6c^2d-25e)-75e^2x^2}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2d(6c^2d-25e)-75e^2x^2}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

↓ 359

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} (24c^4d^2 - 100c^2de + 225e^2) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(6c^2d-25e)}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{-\frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x} + bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(24c^4d^2-100c^2de+225e^2)}{3x} - \frac{2d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(6c^2d-25e)}{3x^3} \right) \right)}{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `(b*c*x*((3*d^2*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + ((-2*d*(6*c^2*d - 25*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((24*c^4*d^2 - 100*c^2*d*e + 225*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x))/5)/(15*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]) - (d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (2*d*e*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*x^3) - (e^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 242  $\text{Int}[((\text{c}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*x)^{(\text{m} + 1)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)/(\text{a}*c*(\text{m} + 1)))}, \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 359  $\text{Int}[((\text{e}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{e}*x)^{(\text{m} + 1)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)/(\text{a}*e*(\text{m} + 1)))}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d*(\text{m} + 1) - \text{b}*c*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{a}*e^2*(\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{(\text{m} + 2)*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 1588  $\text{Int}[((\text{f}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{f}*x, \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{\text{p}}, \text{f}*x, \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{R}*(\text{f}*x)^{(\text{m} + 1)*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)/(\text{d}*f*(\text{m} + 1)))}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{d}*f^2*(\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{f}*x)^{(\text{m} + 2)*(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{ExpandToSum}[\text{d}*f*(\text{m} + 1)*(Qx/\text{x}) - \text{e}*R*(\text{m} + 2*\text{q} + 3), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 6856  $\text{Int}[((\text{a}_.) + \text{ArcSch}[(\text{c}_.)*(x_)]*(\text{b}_.))*((\text{f}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{u} = \text{IntHide}[(\text{f}*x)^{\text{m}}*(\text{d} + \text{e}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{ArcSch}[\text{c}*x]) \quad \text{u}, \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b}*c*(\text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{c}^2)*x^2]) \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[\text{u}/(\text{x}*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - \text{c}^2*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!}(\text{ILtQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(\text{m} + 1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!}(\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{2de}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2}{x} - \frac{d^2}{5x^5}\right) + b c^5\left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{3c^5x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{c^5x} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{5c^5x^5} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^8d^2x^4 - 100c^6dex^4 - 12c^6d^2x^2 + 225c^4e^2x^4 + 50c^4d^2e^2x^2 + 9c^4d^2)}{225\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^5\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{d^2}{5cx^5} - \frac{2de}{3cx^3} - \frac{e^2}{cx}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{5cx^5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{3cx^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{cx} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^8d^2x^4 - 100c^6dex^4 - 12c^6d^2x^2 + 225c^4e^2x^4 + 50c^4d^2e^2x^2 + 9c^4d^2)}{225\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right)}{c^4}\right)$
default	$c^5\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{d^2}{5cx^5} - \frac{2de}{3cx^3} - \frac{e^2}{cx}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{5cx^5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{3cx^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{cx} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(24c^8d^2x^4 - 100c^6dex^4 - 12c^6d^2x^2 + 225c^4e^2x^4 + 50c^4d^2e^2x^2 + 9c^4d^2)}{225\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right)}{c^4}\right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(-2/3*d*e/x^3-e^2/x-1/5*d^2/x^5)+b*c^5*(-2/3/c^5*arccsch(c*x)*d*e/x^3-1/c^5*arccsch(c*x)*e^2/x-1/5*arccsch(c*x)*d^2/c^5/x^5+1/225/c^10*(c^2*x^2+1)*(24*c^8*d^2*x^4-100*c^6*d*e*x^4-12*c^6*d^2*x^2+225*c^4*e^2*x^4+50*c^4*d^2*e^2*x^2+9*c^4*d^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^6)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{225 a e^2 x^4 + 150 a d e x^2 + 45 a d^2 + 15 (15 b e^2 x^4 + 10 b d e x^2 + 3 b d^2) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 1}{cx}\right) - ((24 b c^5 d^2 - 100 b c^3 d e + 12 b c d^2) x^4 + (24 b c^5 d^2 - 100 b c^3 d e + 12 b c d^2) x^2 + 225 b c^4 e^2 x^4 + 50 b c^4 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 9 b c^4 d^2)}{225 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/225*(225*a*e^2*x^4 + 150*a*d*e*x^2 + 45*a*d^2 + 15*(15*b*e^2*x^4 + 10*b*d*e*x^2 + 3*b*d^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (24*b*c^5*d^2 - 100*b*c^3*d*e + 225*b*c*e^2)*x^5 + 9*b*c*d^2*x - 2*(6*b*c^3*d^2 - 25*b*c*d*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/x^5
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**6, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\ &= \left( c \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x} \right) b e^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{75} b d^2 \left( \frac{3 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^5} \right) \\ &+ \frac{2}{9} b d e \left( \frac{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{a e^2}{x} - \frac{2 a d e}{3 x^3} - \frac{a d^2}{5 x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(c*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - arccsch(c*x)/x)*b*e^2 + 1/75*b*d^2*((3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 15*arccsch(c*x)/x^5) + 2/9*b*d*e*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - a*e^2/x - 2/3*a*d*e/x^3 - 1/5*a*d^2/x^5
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b d^2 x^5 + 30 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b d e x^5 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b e^2 x^5 - 3a d^2 - 10a d e x^2 - 15a}{15x^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `(15*int(acsch(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5 + 30*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d*e*x**5 + 15*int(acsch(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*e**2*x**5 - 3*a*d**2 - 10*a*d*e*x**2 - 15*a*e**2*x**4)/(15*x**5)`



**3.94**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	900
Mathematica [A] (verified)	901
Rubi [A] (verified)	901
Maple [A] (verified)	904
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	905
Sympy [F]	905
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	906
Giac [F]	906
Mupad [F(-1)]	907
Reduce [F]	907

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2bc^3(360c^4d^2 - 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{11025\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{49x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd(15c^2d - 49e) \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{1225x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc(360c^4d^2 - 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{11025x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-2/11025*b*c^3*(360*c^4*d^2-1176*c^2*d*e+1225*e^2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/49*b*c*d^2*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^6/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/1225*b*c*d*(15*c^2*d-49*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/11025*b*c*(360*c^4*d^2-1176*c^2*d*e+1225*e^2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^7-2/5*d*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5-1/3*e^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-105a(15d^2 + 42dex^2 + 35e^2x^4) + bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1225e^2x^4(1 - 2c^2x^2) + 294dex^2(3 - 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) - 5d^2(-5 + 6c^2x^2 - 8c^4x^4 + 16c^6x^6)) - 105b(15d^2 + 42dex^2 + 35e^2x^4)\operatorname{ArcCsch}[cx]}{11025x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^8,x]
```

output

```
(-105*a*(15*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 35*e^2*x^4) + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1225*e^2*x^4*(1 - 2*c^2*x^2) + 294*d*e*x^2*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) - 45*d^2*(-5 + 6*c^2*x^2 - 8*c^4*x^4 + 16*c^6*x^6)) - 105*b*(15*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 35*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(11025*x^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1588, 25, 359, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{35e^2x^4 + 42dex^2 + 15d^2}{105x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

$$\frac{e^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{35e^2x^4 + 42dex^2 + 15d^2}{x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \\
& \quad \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \int -\frac{6d(15c^2d-49e)-245e^2x^2}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \\
& \quad \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{6d(15c^2d-49e)-245e^2x^2}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \\
& \quad \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} (360c^4d^2 - 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{6d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d-49e)}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} (360c^4d^2 - 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) - \frac{6d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d-49e)}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 242 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} + \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{3x} \right) (360c^4d^2 - 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) - \frac{6d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d-49e)}{5x^5} \right) \right)}{105\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^8,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b*c*x*((15*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(7*x^7) + ((-6*d*(15*c^2*d - 49*e)*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + ((360*c^4*d^2 - 1176*c^2*d*e + 1225*e^2)*(\text{Sqrt} \\ & [-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) - (2*c^2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*x)))/5)/7)/(105*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[-(c^2*x^2)]) - (d^2*(a + b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x]))/(7*x^7) - (2*d*e*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc} \\ & \text{h}[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (e^2*(a + b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x]))/(3*x^3) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 242

$$\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{ \\ (m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \\ \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 245

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)*((a + \\ b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(a*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) \\ \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m + 2)*((a + b*x^2)^p}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Si} \\ \text{mplify}[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 359

$$\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x \\ \_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + \\ \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m + 2)*} \\ (a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \\ \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1588

```
Int[((f._)*(x._))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2 + (c._)*(x._)^4)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]}, Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a._) + ArcCsch[(c._)*(x._)]*(b._))*((f._)*(x._))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d^2}{7x^7} - \frac{e^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2de}{5x^5}\right) + bc^7\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{7c^7x^7} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{3c^7x^3} - \frac{2\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{5c^7x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2)}{720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2de}{5c^3x^5}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2)}{720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2}\right)}{c^4}\right)$
default	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2de}{5c^3x^5}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)de}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2)}{720c^{10}d^2x^6-2352c^8d^2x^4+1440c^6d^2x^2-288c^4d^2}\right)}{c^4}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(-1/7*d^2/x^7-1/3/x^3*e^2-2/5*d*e/x^5)+b*c^7*(-1/7*arccsch(c*x)*d^2/c^7/
x^7-1/3/c^7*arccsch(c*x)/x^3*e^2-2/5/c^7*arccsch(c*x)*d*e/x^5-1/11025/c^12
*(c^2*x^2+1)*(720*c^10*d^2*x^6-2352*c^8*d*e*x^6-360*c^8*d^2*x^4+2450*c^6*e
^2*x^6+1176*c^6*d*e*x^4+270*c^6*d^2*x^2-1225*c^4*e^2*x^4-882*c^4*d*e*x^2-2
25*c^4*d^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^8)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{3675 ae^2 x^4 + 4410 adex^2 + 1575 ad^2 + 105 (35 be^2 x^4 + 42 bdex^2 + 15 bd^2) \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right) + (2(360 b^2 c^7 d^2 - 1176 b^2 c^5 d e + 1225 b^2 c^3 e^2) x^7 - (360 b^2 c^5 d^2 - 1176 b^2 c^3 d e + 1225 b^2 c e^2) x^5 - 225 b^2 c d^2 x + 18 (15 b^2 c^3 d^2 - 49 b^2 c d e) x^3) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/11025*(3675*a*e^2*x^4 + 4410*a*d*e*x^2 + 1575*a*d^2 + 105*(35*b*e^2*x^4
+ 42*b*d*e*x^2 + 15*b*d^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c
*x)) + (2*(360*b*c^7*d^2 - 1176*b*c^5*d*e + 1225*b*c^3*e^2)*x^7 - (360*b*c
^5*d^2 - 1176*b*c^3*d*e + 1225*b*c*e^2)*x^5 - 225*b*c*d^2*x + 18*(15*b*c^3
*d^2 - 49*b*c*d*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/x^7
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**8,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**8, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{245} b d^2 \left( \frac{5 c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 c^8 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35 c^8 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{35 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^7} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{75} b d e \left( \frac{3 c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 c^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 c^6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} b e^2 \left( \frac{c^4 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{a e^2}{3 x^3} - \frac{2 a d e}{5 x^5} - \frac{a d^2}{7 x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/245*b*d^2*((5*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^8*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*c^8*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 35*arccsch(c*x)/x^7) + 2/75*b*d*e*((3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 15*arccsch(c*x)/x^5) + 1/9*b*e^2*((c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsch(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*a*e^2/x^3 - 2/5*a*d*e/x^5 - 1/7*a*d^2/x^7`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^8, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^8} dx \right) b d^2 x^7 + 210 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b d e x^7 + 105 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b e^2 x^7 - 15 a d^2 - 42 a d e x^2 - 35 a e^2 x^4}{105 x^7}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^8,x)`

output `(105*int(acsch(c*x)/x**8,x)*b*d**2*x**7 + 210*int(acsch(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d*e*x**7 + 105*int(acsch(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*e**2*x**7 - 15*a*d**2 - 42*a*d*e*x**2 - 35*a*e**2*x**4)/(105*x**7)`



### 3.95 $\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	908
Mathematica [A] (verified)	909
Rubi [A] (verified)	909
Maple [A] (verified)	912
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	912
Sympy [F]	913
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	913
Giac [F]	914
Mupad [F(-1)]	914
Reduce [F]	915

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b(6c^4d^2 - 8c^2de + 3e^2)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{24c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b(6c^4d^2 - 16c^2de + 9e^2)x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{72c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(8c^2d - 9e)ex(-1 - c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{120c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{be^2x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56c^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
-1/24*b*(6*c^4*d^2-8*c^2*d*e+3*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/72*b*(6*c^4*d^2-16*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/120*b*(8*c^2*d-9*e)*e*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/56*b*e^2*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(7/2)/c^7/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*d^2*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/3*d*e*x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/8*e^2*x^8*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))dx$$

$$= \frac{x\left(105ax^3(6d^2+8dex^2+3e^2x^4) + \frac{b\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(-144e^2+8c^2e(56d+9ex^2)-2c^4(210d^2+112dex^2+27e^2x^4)+3c^6(70d^2x^2+56dex^4)}{c^7}\right)}{2520}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(105*a*x^3*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-144*e^2 + 8*c^2*e*(56*d + 9*e*x^2) - 2*c^4*(210*d^2 + 112*d*e*x^2 + 27*e^2*x^4) + 3*c^6*(70*d^2*x^2 + 56*d*e*x^4 + 15*e^2*x^6)))/c^7 + 105*b*x^3*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/2520`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1578, 1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{24\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1195 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \left( -\frac{3e^2(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(8c^2d-9e)e(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(-6d^2c^4+16dec^2-9e^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^6} + \frac{-6d^2c^4+8dec^2-3e^2}{c^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{2e(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(8c^2d-9e)}{5c^8} + \frac{6e^2(-c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7c^8} + \frac{2(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(6c^4d^2-16c^2de+9e^2)}{3c^8} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(6c^4d^2-8c^2de+3e^2)}{c^8} \right)}{48\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} -
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/48*(b*c*x*((2*(6*c^4*d^2 - 8*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^8 + \\
& \quad (2*(6*c^4*d^2 - 16*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*c^8) - (2*(8 \\
& \quad *c^2*d - 9*e)*e*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(5*c^8) + (6*e^2*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^{(7/2)} \\
& \quad ))/(7*c^8))/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*x^2)] + (d^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/4 + (d*e*x^ \\
& \quad 6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/3 + (e^2*x^8*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/8
\end{aligned}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 1195 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{8}e^2x^8 + \frac{1}{3}dex^6 + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)e^2x^8}{8} + \frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)dex^6}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d^2c^4x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^2x^2+1)(45c^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^2d^2x^2 + c^2d^2)}{8}\right)}{2c^4e^2}$
derivativdivides	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3} - \frac{(e^2x^2+c^2d)^4}{4}\right)}{2c^4e^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^4}{24e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^2x^4}{4} + \frac{e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8dx^6}{3} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^2x^2}{8}\right)}{2c^4e^2}$
default	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3} - \frac{(e^2x^2+c^2d)^4}{4}\right)}{2c^4e^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^4}{24e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^2x^4}{4} + \frac{e \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8dx^6}{3} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)c^8d^2x^2}{8}\right)}{2c^4e^2}$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/8*e^2*x^8+1/3*d*e*x^6+1/4*d^2*x^4)+b/c^4*(1/8*c^4*arccsch(c*x)*e^2*x^8+1/3*c^4*arccsch(c*x)*d*e*x^6+1/4*arccsch(c*x)*d^2*c^4*x^4+1/2520/c^5*(c^2*x^2+1)*(45*c^6*e^2*x^6+168*c^6*d*e*x^4+210*c^6*d^2*x^2-54*c^4*e^2*x^4-224*c^4*d*e*x^2-420*c^4*d^2+72*c^2*e^2*x^2+448*c^2*d*e-144*e^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))dx$$

$$= \frac{315ac^7e^2x^8 + 840ac^7dex^6 + 630ac^7d^2x^4 + 105(3bc^7e^2x^8 + 8bc^7dex^6 + 6bc^7d^2x^4) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{e^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2520*(315*a*c^7*e^2*x^8 + 840*a*c^7*d*e*x^6 + 630*a*c^7*d^2*x^4 + 105*(3
*b*c^7*e^2*x^8 + 8*b*c^7*d*e*x^6 + 6*b*c^7*d^2*x^4)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2
+ 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (45*b*c^6*e^2*x^7 + 6*(28*b*c^6*d*e - 9*b*c
^4*e^2)*x^5 + 2*(105*b*c^6*d^2 - 112*b*c^4*d*e + 36*b*c^2*e^2)*x^3 - 4*(10
5*b*c^4*d^2 - 112*b*c^2*d*e + 36*b*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/
c^7
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))(d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \frac{1}{8}ae^2x^8 + \frac{1}{3}adex^6 + \frac{1}{4}ad^2x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) bd^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{45} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) bde \\ &+ \frac{1}{280} \left( 35x^8 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{5c^6x^7 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21c^4x^5 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^2x^3 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^7} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*a*e^2*x^8 + 1/3*a*d*e*x^6 + 1/4*a*d^2*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) +
(c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d^2
+ 1/45*(15*x^6*arccsch(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^2*
x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*d*e + 1/2
80*(35*x^8*arccsch(c*x) + (5*c^6*x^7*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^4*x^5*
(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*x*sqrt(1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^7)*b*e^2
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^7 dx \right) b e^2$$

$$+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5 dx \right) b d e$$

$$+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b d^2$$

$$+ \frac{a d^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{a d e x^6}{3} + \frac{a e^2 x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(24*int(acsch(c*x)*x**7,x)*b*e**2 + 48*int(acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*d*e + 24*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d**2 + 6*a*d**2*x**4 + 8*a*d*e*x**6 + 3*a*e**2*x**8)/24`



### 3.96 $\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	916
Mathematica [A] (verified)	917
Rubi [A] (verified)	917
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	921
Giac [F]	921
Mupad [F(-1)]	922
Reduce [F]	922

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(3c^4d^2 - 3c^2de + e^2) x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{6c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b(3c^2d - 2e) ex(-1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{18c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x(-1 - c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{6e} - \frac{bcd^3x \arctan(\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2})}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(3*c^4*d^2-3*c^2*d*e+e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-
1/18*b*(3*c^2*d-2*e)*e*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/30*b*e^
2*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^5/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c
*x))/e-1/6*b*c*d^3*x*arctan((-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{90}x \left( 15ax(3d^2 + 3dex^2 + e^2x^4) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(8e^2 - 2c^2e(15d + 2ex^2) + 3c^4(15d^2 + 5dex^2 + e^2x^4))}{c^5} + 15bx(3d^2 + 3dex^2 + e^2x^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(15*a*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4) + (b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(8*e^2 - 2*c^2*e*(15*d + 2*e*x^2) + 3*c^4*(15*d^2 + 5*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)))/c^5 + 15*b*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/90`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6854$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^3}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 354 \\
 \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^3}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{12e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 99 \\
 \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6e} - \\
 \frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{d^3}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{e^3(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^4} - \frac{(3c^2d-2e)e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^4} + \frac{e(3d^2c^4-3dec^2+e^2)}{c^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{12e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6e} - \\
 \frac{bcx \left( 2d^3 \arctan \left( \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \right) + \frac{2e^2(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(3c^2d-2e)}{3c^6} - \frac{2e^3(-c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^6} - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2-3c^2de+e^2)}{c^6} \right)}{12e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(6*e) - (b*c*x*((-2*e*(3*c^4*d^2 - 3*c^2*d*e + e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c^6 + (2*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*e^2*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^6) - (2*e^3*(-1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^6) + 2*d^3*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]]))/(12*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6854 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(x^2e+d)^3}{6e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2e^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)x^6}{6} + \frac{c^2e \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)x^4d}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^2x^2d^2}{2} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)d^3}{6e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -15c^6d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{6} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^3}{6c^4e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^3}{6e} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^2x^2}{2} + \frac{e \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6dx^4}{2} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6x^6}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 15c^6d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{6} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}$
default	$\frac{a(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^3}{6c^4e} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^3}{6e} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6d^2x^2}{2} + \frac{e \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6dx^4}{2} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)c^6x^6}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 15c^6d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \right)}{6} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{6}a*(e*x^2+d)^3/e+b/c^2*(1/6*c^2*e^2*arcsch(c*x)*x^6+1/2*c^2*e*arcsch(c*x)*x^4*d+1/2*arcsch(c*x)*c^2*x^2*d^2+1/6*c^2/e*arcsch(c*x)*d^3+1/90/c^5/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-15*c^6*d^3*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+3*e^3*c^4*x^4*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+15*c^4*d*e^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+45*c^4*d^2*e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4*e^3*c^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-30*c^2*d*e^2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+8*e^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15ac^5e^2x^6 + 45ac^5dex^4 + 45ac^5d^2x^2 + 15(bc^5e^2x^6 + 3bc^5dex^4 + 3bc^5d^2x^2) \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) + (3bc^4}{90c^5}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/90*(15*a*c^5*e^2*x^6 + 45*a*c^5*d*e*x^4 + 45*a*c^5*d^2*x^2 + 15*(b*c^5*e^2*x^6 + 3*b*c^5*d*e*x^4 + 3*b*c^5*d^2*x^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (3*b*c^4*e^2*x^5 + (15*b*c^4*d*e - 4*b*c^2*e^2)*x^3 + (45*b*c^4*d^2 - 30*b*c^2*d*e + 8*b*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/c^5`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} a e^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a d e x^4 + \frac{1}{2} a d^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) b d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \left( 3 x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) b d e$$

$$+ \frac{1}{90} \left( 15 x^6 \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + \frac{3 c^4 x^5 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 c^2 x^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) b e^2$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*e^2*x^6 + 1/2*a*d*e*x^4 + 1/2*a*d^2*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsch(c*x) + x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*d^2 + 1/6*(3*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d*e + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsch(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^2*x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*e^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5 dx \right) b e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b d e \\ &+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b d^2 \\ &+ \frac{a d^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{a d e x^4}{2} + \frac{a e^2 x^6}{6} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(6*int(acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**2 + 12*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d*e + 6*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d**2 + 3*a*d**2*x**2 + 3*a*d*e*x**4 + a*e**2*x**6)/6`

**3.97**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	923
Mathematica [A] (verified)	924
Rubi [A] (verified)	924
Maple [F]	927
Fricas [F]	927
Sympy [F]	927
Maxima [F]	928
Giac [F]	928
Mupad [F(-1)]	929
Reduce [F]	929

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{b(6c^2d-e)e\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{6c^3} + \frac{be^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3}{12c}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}bd^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2 + dex^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$- bd^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(1-e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$+ bd^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}bd^2\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/6*b*(6*c^2*d-e)*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/12*b*e^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c+1/2*b*d^2*arccsch(c*x)^2+d*e*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))+1/4*e^2*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-b*d^2*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*d^2*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1/x)-d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1/x)-1/2*b*d^2*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = adex^2 + \frac{1}{4}ae^2x^4 + \frac{be^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-2 + c^2x^2)}{12c^3} \\ + \frac{1}{4}be^2x^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \\ + \frac{bdex\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + cx\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{c} \\ + ad^2\log(x) + \frac{1}{2}bd^2\left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 2\log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
a*d*e*x^2 + (a*e^2*x^4)/4 + (b*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-2 + c^2*x^2)) / (12*c^3) + (b*e^2*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/4 + (b*d*e*x*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*x*ArcCsch[c*x]))/c + a*d^2*Log[x] + (b*d^2*(ArcCsch[c*x]*(ArcCsch[c*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) - PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {6858, 6237, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 6858

$$- \int \left( \frac{d}{x^2} + e \right)^2 x^5 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 6237

$$\frac{b \int - \frac{e \left( \frac{4d}{x^2} + e \right) x^4 - 4d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)}{4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} - d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + dex^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} e^2 x^4 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$- \frac{b \int \frac{e \left( \frac{4d}{x^2} + e \right) x^4 - 4d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{4c} - d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + dex^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} e^2 x^4 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)$$

↓ 7293

$$- \frac{b \int \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{4d}{x^2} + e \right) x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x}}{4c} - d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + dex^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} e^2 x^4 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-d^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + dex^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} e^2 x^4 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) - b \left( 2cd^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2\operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) - 2cd^2 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 4cd^2 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \log \left( 1 - e^{2\operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) - 4cd^2 \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{4c}$$

input

`Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output

```
d*e*x^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]) + (e^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/4 -
d^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[x^(-1)] - (b*((-2*e*(6*d - e/c^2)*Sqrt[1
+ 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/3 - (e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3)/3 - 2*c*d^2*ArcSinh[
1/(c*x)]^2 + 4*c*d^2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])] - 4*
c*d^2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] + 2*c*d^2*PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*
x)])])))/(4*c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6237

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1
+ c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d]
&& IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^m*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegersQ[m, p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccsch(c*x))/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*e^2*x^4 + 4*b*c^2*d^2*integrate(1/4*x*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) + a*d*e*x^2 - b*d^2*log(c)*log(x) - 1/4*(2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-c^2*x^2))*b*d^2 + a*d^2*log(x) + 1/2*b*d*e*(2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - log(c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^2 - 1/24*(3*c^2*x^2 - 2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 3*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 3)*b*e^2/c^4 - 1/8*(2*b*c^2*e^2*x^4*log(c) + 4*b*c^2*d^2*log(x)^2 + (8*c^2*d*e*log(c) - e^2)*b*x^2 + 2*(b*c^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*b*c^2*d*e*x^2)*log(x) - 2*(b*c^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*b*c^2*d*e*x^2 + 4*b*c^2*d^2*log(x))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/c^2 + 1/8*(4*c^2*d*e - e^2)*b*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx &= \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b d e \\ &+ \log(x) a d^2 + a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`output `(4*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*b*d**2 + 4*int(acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2 + 8*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e + 4*log(x)*a*d**2 + 4*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/4`

**3.98**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	930
Mathematica [A] (verified)	931
Rubi [A] (verified)	931
Maple [F]	934
Fricas [F]	934
Sympy [F]	934
Maxima [F]	935
Giac [F]	935
Mupad [F(-1)]	936
Reduce [F]	936

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \frac{bcd^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{be^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2c}$$

$$- \frac{1}{4}bc^2 d^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + bde \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)^2$$

$$- \frac{d^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2}e^2 x^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$- 2bde \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$+ 2bde \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- 2de(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- bde \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*b*c*d^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/2*b*e^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c-1/4*b*
c^2*d^2*arccsch(c*x)+b*d*e*arccsch(c*x)^2-1/2*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2+1
/2*e^2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))-2*b*d*e*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2))^2)+2*b*d*e*arccsch(c*x)*ln(1/x)-2*d*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1/x)
-b*d*e*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{2ad^2}{x^2} + 2ae^2x^2 - \frac{2bd^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} + \frac{2be^2x \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + cx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{bd^2(-1 - c^2x^2 + c^2x^2 \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}))}{c \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3} + 8ade \log(x) \right. \\ \left. + 4bde \left( \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \left( \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) - 2 \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `((-2*a*d^2)/x^2 + 2*a*e^2*x^2 - (2*b*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/x^2 + (2*b*e^2*x*(Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*x*ArcCsch[c*x]))/c - (b*d^2*(-1 - c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3) + 8*a*d*e*Log[x] + 4*b*d*e*(ArcCsch[c*x]*(ArcCsch[c*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]) - PolyLog[2, E^(2*ArcCsch[c*x])]))/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {6858, 6237, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \left( \frac{d}{x^2} + e \right)^2 x^3 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6237} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{\frac{d^2}{x^2} - 4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d + e^2 x^2}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2x^2} - 2de \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d^2}{x^2} - 4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2x^2} - 2de \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{b \int \left( -\frac{d^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} - \frac{4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2x^2} - \\
 & \quad 2de \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2x^2} - 2de \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + \operatorname{barcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} c^3 d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 2cde \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) - 2cde \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 4cde \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \log \left( 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \right)}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(d^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/x^2 + (e^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]
))/2 - 2*d*e*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] - (b*(-1/2*(c^2*d^2*Sqrt
[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/x - e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + (c^3*d^2*ArcSinh[1/(c
*x)]))/2 - 2*c*d*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]^2 + 4*c*d*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E
(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])] - 4*c*d*e*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] + 2*c*d*e*Pol
yLog[2, E^(2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])]/(2*c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6237

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1
+ c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d]
&& IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^m*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegersQ[m, p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccsch(c*x))/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*b*c^2*d*e*integrate(1/2*x*log(x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1), x) - 1/2*b*e^2*x^2*log(c) - 1/2*b*e^2*x^2*log(x) + 1/2*a*e^2*x^2 - 2*b*d*e*log(c)*log(x) - b*d*e*log(x)^2 - 1/2*(2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-c^2*x^2))*b*d*e + 1/8*b*d^2*((2*c^4*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + c^3*log(c*x*sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/c - 4*arccsch(c*x)/x^2) + 2*a*d*e*log(x) + 1/4*b*e^2*(2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - log(c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^2 + 1/4*b*e^2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^2 + 1/2*(b*e^2*x^2 + 4*b*d*e*log(x))*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 1/2*a*d^2/x^2`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) b d^2 x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b d e x^2 + 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx \right) b e^2 x^2 + 4 \log(x) a d e x^2 - a d^2 + a e^2 x^4}{2x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*d**2*x**2 + 4*int(acsch(c*x)/x,x)*b*d*e*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2*x**2 + 4*log(x)*a*d*e*x**2 - a*d**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/(2*x**2)`

$$3.99 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	938
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	939
Rubi [A] (verified)	940
Maple [F]	942
Fricas [F]	942
Sympy [F]	942
Maxima [F(-2)]	943
Giac [F]	943
Mupad [F(-1)]	943
Reduce [F]	944

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 512

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx &= \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &- \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 &+ \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e+b*arctanh((1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c/e+1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(
a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-
(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)-1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1
/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)+1/2*(-
d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/
(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)-1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1
+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3
/2)-1/2*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(
e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)+1/2*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)
*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)-1/2*b*(-d
)^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2
*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)+1/2*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1239, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(4*a*c*Sqrt[e]*x + 4*b*c*Sqrt[e]*x*ArcCsch[c*x] - 4*a*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - (8*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - (8*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] + b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (2*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - 4*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (2*I)*b*c*Sqrt...
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238} \\
 & - \int \left( \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} + 1\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d + \sqrt{e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d + \sqrt{e}}} + 1\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/e + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/(c*e) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])))/(2*e^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])))/(2*e^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])))/(2*e^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])))/(2*e^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6238 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^m_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_., x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 6858 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(x_)^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_., x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m, p]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2e + d} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{ex^2+d} dx\right)be^2 + aex}{e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a + int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**2 + a*e*x)/e**2`

$$3.100 \quad \int \frac{x \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{d + ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	946
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	947
Rubi [A] (verified)	948
Maple [F]	950
Fricas [F]	950
Sympy [F]	950
Maxima [F]	951
Giac [F]	951
Mupad [F(-1)]	951
Reduce [F]	952

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 449

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e+1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-1/2*b*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output

```
(b*Pi^2 - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*b*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 16*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[
1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi +
(2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 16*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]
/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch
ch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[
c*x])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c
*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d)
+ e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sq
rt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x]
)/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^A
rcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-
(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[
e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcC
sch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) +
e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 -
Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E
^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*
d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[
e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8*I)*b*ArcSin[...
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238} \\
 & - \int \left( \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{2e} + \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} + 1 \right)}{2e} + \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d + \sqrt{e}}} \right)}{2e} + \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d + \sqrt{e}}} + 1 \right)}{2e} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{be} \\
 & \frac{\log \left( 1 - e^{-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e} + \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{2e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{2e} + \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{2e} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])^2/(b*e)) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/e + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + (b*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/(2*e) + (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6238 `Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 6858 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1)))], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegersQ[m, p]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2e + d} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*arccsch(c*x) + a*x)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(x*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d), x) + 1/2*a*log(e*x^2 + d)/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{ex^2+d} dx \right) be + \log(ex^2 + d) a}{2e}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(2*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e + log(d + e*x**2)*a)/(2*e)`

### 3.101 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	953
Mathematica [C] (verified)	954
Rubi [A] (verified)	955
Maple [F]	957
Fricas [F]	957
Sympy [F]	958
Maxima [F(-2)]	958
Giac [F]	958
Mupad [F(-1)]	959
Reduce [F]	959

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 477

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```

1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1055, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(4*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (2*I)*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (2*I)*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCs...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {6848, 6208, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 6848

$$- \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 6208



$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\left(\sqrt{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x}\right)} + \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x} + \sqrt{e}\right)} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6208 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),  
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p] && (p >  
0 || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 6848 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),  
x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p + 1)  
)), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p  
]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2 e + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2),x)`output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{ex^2 + d} dx\right) bde}{de}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a + int(acsch(c*x)/(d + e*x**2),x)*b*d*e)/(d*e)`

$$3.102 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	961
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	962
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	963
Maple [F] . . . . .	964
Fricas [F] . . . . .	965
Sympy [F] . . . . .	965
Maxima [F] . . . . .	965
Giac [F] . . . . .	966
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	966
Reduce [F] . . . . .	966

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 425

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/b/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x]`

output

```
-1/8*(b*Pi^2 - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 12*b*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 16*b*ArcSin
[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[
(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 16*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - S
qrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)
*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*Ar
cCsch[c*x])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^Arc
Csch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c
^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]
/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsc
h[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e
])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 -
Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*
E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2
*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt
[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sq
rt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) +
e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[
-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*
(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8*I)*b*A...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)x} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238} \\
 & - \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2d\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x} + \sqrt{e}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2d\left(\sqrt{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x}\right)} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{2d} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} + 1\right)}{2d} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2d} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{2d} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))^2}{2d} \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{2d} \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x]
```



output

```
(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])^2/(2*b*d) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*
Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - ((a
+ b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - S
qrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]
*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - ((a + b*ArcS
inh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^
2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt
[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1
/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[
-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d) - (b*PolyL
og[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*
d)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x(x^2e + d)} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d), x)
```

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(x*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(log(e*x^2 + d)/d - 2*log(x)/d) + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e x^3 + dx} dx \right) bd - \log(e x^2 + d) a + 2 \log(x) a}{2d}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d*x + e*x**3),x)*b*d - log(d + e*x**2)*a + 2*log(x)*a)/(2*d)`

### 3.103 $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	968
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	969
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	970
Maple [F] . . . . .	973
Fricas [F] . . . . .	973
Sympy [F] . . . . .	973
Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	974
Giac [F] . . . . .	974
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	974
Reduce [F] . . . . .	975

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 518

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx &= \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d} - \frac{a}{dx} - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{dx} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d-a/d/x-b*arccsch(c*x)/d/x+1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x]
```

output

```

-(a/(d*x)) - (a*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/d^(3/2) + b*((c*Sqrt[
1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - ArcCsch[c*x]/x)/d - ((I/16)*Sqrt[e]*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*Ar
cCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sq
rt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqr
t[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (4*I)*Pi*
Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] +
8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/
(c*Sqrt[d])] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1
- (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (4*I)*
Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])]
+ 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])
/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1
+ (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (4*I)*
Pi*Log[Sqrt[e] + (I*Sqrt[d])/x] + 4*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + 8*Po
lyLog[2, (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] +
8*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt
[d])])))/d^(3/2) + ((I/16)*Sqrt[e]*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsc
h[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqr
t[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*
ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} - \frac{e(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \frac{a}{dx} - \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{dx} + \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x]`



output

```
(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/d - a/(d*x) - (b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*x) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*(-d)^(3/2))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2(x^2e + d)} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^4 + d*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ax + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{ex^4 + dx^2} dx\right) b d^2 x - ad}{d^2 x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*x + int(acsch(c*x)/(d*x**2 + e*x**4),x)*b*d**2*x - a*d)/(d**2*x)`

$$3.104 \quad \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	977
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	978
Rubi [A] (verified)	979
Maple [F]	982
Fricas [F]	982
Sympy [F(-1)]	982
Maxima [F]	983
Giac [F]	983
Mupad [F(-1)]	983
Reduce [F]	984

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 571

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx &= \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2ce^2} + \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e^2\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2e^2} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d - e}e^{5/2}} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*b*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c/e^2+1/2*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e+d/x^2)+1
/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2-1/2*b*d*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1+
1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)-d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-
d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-d*(a+
b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c
^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2
/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(
-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+2*d*
(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^3-b*d*polylog(2,-
c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-b
*d*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(
1/2))/e^3-b*d*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/
2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-b*d*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+b*d*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))^2)/e^3

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1447, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(-2*a*e*x^2 + (2*a*d^2)/(d + e*x^2) + 4*a*d*Log[d + e*x^2] + b*(d*Pi^
2 - (2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/c - (4*I)*d*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 2*e*x^2*Ar
cCsch[c*x] + (d^(3/2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (d^(3/2)*Arc
Csch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x) - 8*d*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 - 2*d*ArcSinh[1/(c
*x)] + 16*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[
d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 16*d
*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e
])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*d*ArcCsch[c*x
]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (2*I)*d*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(
c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*d*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-
Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*d*ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2
*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*d*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*d*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1
+ (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)
*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sq
rt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*d*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sq
rt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*d*ArcCsch[c*x
]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] -
(8*I)*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \int \left( \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) x^3}{e^2} - \frac{2d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) x}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e) x} + \frac{d^2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
 & \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} + 1 \right)}{e^3} - \\
 & \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
 & \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1 \right)}{e^3} + \frac{2d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{be^3} + \\
 & \frac{2d \log \left( 1 - e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3} + \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \frac{x^2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e^2} - \\
 & \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
 & \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
 & \frac{bd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{bd \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right)}{2e^{5/2} \sqrt{c^2 d - e}} + \frac{bx \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2ce^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
(b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(2*c*e^2) + (d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(2*e^
2*(e + d/x^2)) + (x^2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(2*e^2) + (2*d*(a + b*ArcS
inh[1/(c*x)]^2)/(b*e^3) - (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 +
1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(2*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e^(5/2)) + (2*d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*
x)])*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/e^3 - (d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*L
og[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^
3 - (d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(S
qrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3 - (d*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (
c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3 - (d*(
a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3 - (b*d*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/e^3
- (b*d*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2
*d) + e])])/e^3 - (b*d*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e
] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3 - (b*d*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/
(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3 - (b*d*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d
]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/e^3
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_
)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^5*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^5)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(d^2/(e^4*x^2 + d*e^3) - x^2/e^2 + 2*d*log(e*x^2 + d)/e^3) + b*integrate(x^5*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^5}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d e^3 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^5}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b e^4 x^2 - 2 \log(e x^2 + d) a d^2 - 2 \log(e x^2 + d) a d e x^2}{2e^3 (e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/(2*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.105 \quad \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	986
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	987
Rubi [A] (verified)	988
Maple [F]	991
Fricas [F]	991
Sympy [F]	991
Maxima [F]	992
Giac [F]	992
Mupad [F(-1)]	992
Reduce [F]	993

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 535

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d - e}e^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^2} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*b*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)
/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(
1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2
+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/
x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*
x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)
))/e^2-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^2+1/2*b*p
olylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/
2)))/e^2+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)
-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/
x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2-1/2*b*polylog(2,(1/
c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^2

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1410, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```



output

```
(b*Pi^2 + (4*a*d)/(d + e*x^2) - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (2*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x) - 8*b*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 - 4*b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)] + 16*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 16*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*b*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6858$$

$$- \int \frac{x(a + b\text{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 6238$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1 \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1 \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{2e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{be^2} - \\
& \frac{\log \left( 1 - e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{b \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right)}{2e^{3/2} \sqrt{c^2 d - e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```

-1/2*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(e*(e + d/x^2)) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])^2
/(b*e^2) + (b*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]]*x)]
/(2*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e^(3/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^(-2*Arc
Sinh[1/(c*x)])])/e^2 + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^Arc
Sinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[
1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d)
+ e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh
[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c
*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e
]))/(2*e^2) + (b*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/ (2*e^2) + (b*PolyLo
g[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(
2*e^2) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c
^2*d) + e]))/(2*e^2) + (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(S
qrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))])/ (2*e^2) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcS
inh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])))/(2*e^2)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^3)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*(d/(e^3*x^2 + d*e^2) + log(e*x^2 + d)/e^2) + b*integrate(x^3*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x)))/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) bde^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) be^3x^2 + \log(ex^2 + d)ad + \log(ex^2 + d)ae x^2 - aex^2}{2e^2(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**2 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**3*x**2 + log(d + e*x**2)*a*d + log(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - a*e*x**2)/(2*e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.106**  $\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	994
Mathematica [C] (verified)	994
Rubi [A] (verified)	995
Maple [B] (verified)	997
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	999
Sympy [F]	1000
Maxima [F]	1000
Giac [F]	1000
Mupad [F(-1)]	1001
Reduce [F]	1001

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex^2)} + \frac{bcx \arctan(\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2})}{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcx \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d-e}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{c^2d-e}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output 
$$-1/2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*b*c*x*\arctan((-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*b*c*x*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2a}{d+ex^2} + \frac{2b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} - \frac{2b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \log\left(-\frac{4\left(\operatorname{ide}+cd\sqrt{e}\left(c\sqrt{d+i\sqrt{-c^2d+e}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)x\right)}{b\sqrt{-c^2d+e}\left(\sqrt{d-i\sqrt{ex}}\right)}\right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}}{4e} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{4i\left(\operatorname{de}+cd\sqrt{e}\left(\operatorname{icv}\right)}{b\sqrt{-c^2d+e}\left(\sqrt{d-i\sqrt{ex}}\right)}\right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((2*a)/(d + e*x^2) + (2*b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2) - (2*b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/d + (b*Sqrt[e]*Log[(-4*(I*d*e + c*d*Sqrt[e]*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/(b*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]) + (b*Sqrt[e]*Log[((4*I)*(d*e + c*d*Sqrt[e]*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/(b*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/e`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 97, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6854$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{4e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 97 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx^2}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (ex^2 + d)} dx^2}{d} \right)}{4e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e \int \frac{1}{-\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d - \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 d} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{-\frac{x^4}{c^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 d} \right)}{4e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e \int \frac{1}{-\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d - \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 d} + \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1})}{d} \right)}{4e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1})}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} \right)}{4e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)) + (b*c*x*((2*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]])/d + (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c^2*d - e]])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]))/(4*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))),  
x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c  
- a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p},  
x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R  
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x  
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ  
[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6854 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),  
x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))),  
x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)  
/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -  
1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{2e(x^2e+d)} + b \left( -\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} e + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}\right)}{-cex + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^4}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} e + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}\right)}{-cex + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^4}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d - e}{e}} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} e + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}\right)}{-cex + \sqrt{-c^2 d - e}}\right) \right) \right)$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*a/e/(e*x^2+d)+b/c^2*(-1/2*c^4/e/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)*arccsch(c*x)+1/4*c/e*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)-ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))-ln(-2*(-(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))))/(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x/d/(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^2d^2 - 2ade + \sqrt{-c^2de + e^2}(bex^2 + bd) \log\left(\frac{c^2ex^2 - c^2d - 2\sqrt{-c^2de + e^2}cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 2e}{ex^2+d}\right) - 2(bc^2d^2 - bde - ac^2d^2 + ade - \sqrt{c^2de - e^2}(bex^2 + bd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2de - e^2}cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2ex^2+e}\right) - (bc^2d^2 - bde + (bc^2de - be^2)x^2)}{2(c^2d^2 - bde + (bc^2de - be^2)x^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(2*a*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*d*e + sqrt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*(b*e*x^2 + b*d)*log((c^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*e)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 2*(b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + 2*(b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 2*(b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/(c^2*d^3*e - d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - d*e^3)*x^2), -1/2*(a*c^2*d^2 - a*d*e + sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*(b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/(c^2*e*x^2 + e)) - (b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + (b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + (b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)))/(c^2*d^3*e - d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - d*e^3)*x^2]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(4*c^2*integrate(1/2*x/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e + (c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - (2*c^2*d^2*log(c) - 2*(c^2*d*e - e^2)*x^2*log(x) - 2*d*e*log(c) + (c^2*d*e*x^2 + c^2*d^2)*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(c^2*d^3*e - d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - d*e^3)*x^2) + log(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d^2 - d*e))*b - 1/2*a/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d e x^2 + a x^2}{2d(ex^2 + d)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2 + 2*int((a csch(c*x)*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e*x**2 + a*x**2)/(2*d*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.107 \quad \int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1003
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1004
Rubi [A] (verified)	1005
Maple [F]	1008
Fricas [F]	1008
Sympy [F(-1)]	1008
Maxima [F]	1009
Giac [F]	1009
Mupad [F(-1)]	1009
Reduce [F]	1010

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 515

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{e(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2d^2(e + \frac{d}{x^2})} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd^2} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{c^2d - e}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d^2}
\end{aligned}$$



output

```
-1/2*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))^2/b/d^2+1/2
*b*e^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^2/(c^
2*d-e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)
^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+
b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c
^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/
2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*b*polyl
og(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/
d^2-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c
^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
))/e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

```

a/(2*d^2 + 2*d*e*x^2) + (a*Log[x])/d^2 - (a*Log[d + e*x^2])/(2*d^2) - (b*(
Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - (2*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[
e]*x) - (2*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x) - 12*ArcCsch[c*x]
^2 + 4*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)] + 16*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]
*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^
2*d) + e]] - 16*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*S
qrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] -
8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (2*I)*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e
] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[
1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8*I
)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqr
t[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt
[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*ArcCsch[c*x]*Lo
g[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (8
*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + S
qrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqr
t[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 4*ArcCsch[c*x]*L
og[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (8
*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sq
rt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (2*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(S...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)x} - \frac{e\left(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{e\left(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{2d^2\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))^2}{2bd^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{2d^2} + \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2), x]`

output

```

-1/2*(e*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(d^2*(e + d/x^2)) + (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*
x)])^2/(2*b*d^2) + (b*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1
/(c^2*x^2)]*x)]/(2*d^2*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1
- (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2
) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqr
t[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (
c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2) -
((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2) - (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1
/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2) - (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt
[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2) - (b*Pol
yLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])
)/(2*d^2) - (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[
-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*d^2)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_
)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*(1/(d*e*x^2 + d^2) - log(e*x^2 + d)/d^2 + 2*log(x)/d^2) + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^2*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^5 + 2de x^3 + d^2 x} dx \right) b d^3 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^5 + 2de x^3 + d^2 x} dx \right) b d^2 e x^2 - \log(e x^2 + d) a d - \log(e x^2 + d) a e x^2 + 2 a d \log(x)}{2d^2 (e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**3 + e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**3 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**3 + e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2 - log(d + e*x**2)*a*d - log(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*d + 2*log(x)*a*e*x**2 - a*e*x**2)/(2*d**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.108 \quad \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1012
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1013
Rubi [A] (verified)	1014
Maple [F]	1017
Fricas [F]	1017
Sympy [F]	1017
Maxima [F(-2)]	1018
Giac [F]	1018
Mupad [F(-1)]	1018
Reduce [F]	1019



## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 756

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4e^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x})} \\
& + \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce^2} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{d}\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c^2d - ee^2}} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{d}\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c^2d - ee^2}} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/4*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)+1/4*d*(a+b*arccsch(
c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+b*arctanh((1+1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c/e^2+1/4*b*d^(1/2)*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/
c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^2+1/4*b*d
^(1/2)*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^2+3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(
1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(
5/2)-3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)+3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch
(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(
1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+
(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*b*(-d)^(1/2)*
polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)))/e^(5/2)+3/4*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*
(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)
+3/4*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1
/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1593, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*x)/e^2 + (a*d*x)/(2*e^2*(d + e*x^2)) - (3*a*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/
Sqrt[d]])/(2*e^(5/2)) + b*(-1/4*(d*(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e
x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c
*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^2*
d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d])/e^2 - (d*
(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[
e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e
]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d]))/(4*e^2) - (((3*I)/32)*Sqrt[d]*(Pi^2 - (4*I
)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[
d]])]/Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/
4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c*x])] + (4
*I)*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[
d])] + 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch
[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]
*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] +
(4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqr
t[d])] + 8*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsc
h[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]
]*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])]. . .
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6858$$

$$- \int \frac{x^2(a + b\text{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 6238$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) x^2}{e^2} - \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} c + 1 \right) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} c + 1 \right) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} - \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \\
& \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^2 (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{ce^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{c^2 d - ee^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{c^2 d - ee^2}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3b\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*(d*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]))/(e^2*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] - d/x)) + (d*(a + \\
& b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]))/(4*e^2*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] + d/x)) + (x*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh} \\
& [1/(c*x)]))/e^2 + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/(c*e^2) + (b*\text{Sqrt}[d]* \\
& \text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d - (\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \\
& 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(4*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*e^2) + (b*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d + (\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(4* \\
& \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*e^2) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (c*\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) - ( \\
& 3*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]}) \\
& )/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*(a + b*\text{ArcS} \\
& \text{inh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2* \\
& d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) - (3*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (c*\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) - \\
& (3*b*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -((c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) + (3*b*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{PolyLog}[2, (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{A} \\
& \text{rcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) - (3*b*\text{Sqrt} \\
& [-d]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -((c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) \\
& + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)}) + (3*b*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{PolyLog}[2, (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c \\
& *x)]})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(4*e^{(5/2)})
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6238

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSinh}[c*x])*(b + (d + e*x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[c*x])^n, \\
& (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[e, c^2*d] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 6858

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSch}[c*x])*(b + (d + e*x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[x/c])^n/x \\
& ^{(m + 2*(p + 1))}), x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[m, p]
\end{aligned}$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^4)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ad - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^4}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx\right) bde^3 + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^4}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx\right)}{2e^3(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**2 + 3*a*d*e*x + 2*a*e**2*x**3)/(2*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`



$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1021
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1022
Rubi [A] (verified)	1023
Maple [F]	1026
Fricas [F]	1026
Sympy [F]	1026
Maxima [F(-2)]	1027
Giac [F]	1027
Mupad [F(-1)]	1027
Reduce [F]	1028

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 719

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx &= \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x})} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e
/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/4*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(
1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e-1/4*b*
arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e+1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/
2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3
/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(
e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-
c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
1/2)/e^(3/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)-1/4*b*polylog(2,-c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
1/2)/e^(3/2)+1/4*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(
1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)-1/4*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)+
1/4*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+
e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((-4*a*Sqrt[e]*x)/(d + e*x^2) + (4*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/Sqrt[d]
+ b*((2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e]*x) - (2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]
] + Sqrt[e]*x) + ((8*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcT
an[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d
+ e)])/Sqrt[d] + ((8*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcT
an[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d
+ e)])/Sqrt[d] - (Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[
c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] + ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + S
qrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] - (4*ArcSin[Sqrt[
1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e
])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] + (Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt
[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] - ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x
]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])
/Sqrt[d] + (4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-S
qrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] + (Pi*L
og[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqr
t[d] - ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^Arc
Csch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[d] - (4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]
/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqr
t[d])])/Sqrt[d] - (Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCs...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 775, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6208, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6208}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( -\frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e\left(-\frac{d^2}{x^2} - ed\right)} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}} + 1\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) / (4*e*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] - d/x)) - (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) / (4*e*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] + d/x)) - (b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]))/x] / (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*e) - (b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]))/x] / (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*e) + ((a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 - (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) - ((a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) + ((a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 - (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) - ((a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) - (b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) + (b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) - (b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) + (b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])}) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]) / (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]*e^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6208

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c*(x)]*(b))^n * ((d) + (e)*(x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] := \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[e, c^2*d] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& (p > 0 \ || \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0])$$

rule 6858

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + \operatorname{ArcSch}[c*(x)]*(b))^n * (x)^m * ((d) + (e)*(x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] := -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x/c])^n / x^{m+2*(p+1)}], x, x, 1/x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegersQ}[m, p]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^2 e^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^2}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) d}{2d e^2 (e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**2 + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3*x**2 - a*d*e*x)/(2*d*e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.110 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1030
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1031
Rubi [A] (verified)	1032
Maple [F]	1035
Fricas [F]	1035
Sympy [F]	1035
Maxima [F(-2)]	1036
Giac [F]	1036
Mupad [F(-1)]	1036
Reduce [F]	1037

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 713

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4d(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4d(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x})} \\
 & + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}} \\
 & + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-d}e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)+1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/
d/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/4*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^
(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)+1/4*b*a
rctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2
)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)
+1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(
1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(
-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/
2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*b*polylog(2,-c*(-
d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2
)/e^(1/2)-1/4*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2
)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c
/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)-1/4
*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(
1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((a*x)/(d^2 + d*e*x^2) + (a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])
+ (b*((2*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsch[c*x])/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) + (2*Sqrt[d]*
ArcCsch[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) + ((8*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(
c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch
[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]]/Sqrt[e] + ((8*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(
c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch
[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]]/Sqrt[e] - (Pi*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[
-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] + ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x]
*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/
Sqrt[e] - (4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqr
t[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] + (Pi*Lo
g[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqr
t[e] - ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^Ar
cCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] + (4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])
])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*S
qrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] + (Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsc
h[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] - ((2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e)]*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] - (4*ArcSin[Sqrt
[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e
])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[e] - (Pi*Log[1 + (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sq...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {6848, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6848} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} - \frac{e\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2d + \sqrt{e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - c^2d + \sqrt{e}}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{4d\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{4d\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}\sqrt{c^2d - e}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}\sqrt{c^2d - e}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```

-1/4*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(d*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) + (a + b*ArcSin
h[1/(c*x)])/(4*d*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]
*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(4*d^(3/2
)*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*
Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(4*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]) - ((a
 + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] -
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*L
og[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4
*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^Arc
Sinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (
(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e]
 + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-
d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqr
t[e]) - (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^
2*d) + e]))]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSin
h[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) - (b*
PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))
)/(4*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6848

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p + 1)
)), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p
]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`



**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^3 e + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right)}{2d^2 e (e x^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan(
(e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 +
e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),
x)*b*d**2*e**2*x**2 + a*d*e*x)/(2*d**2*e*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1039
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1040
Rubi [A] (verified)	1041
Maple [F]	1044
Fricas [F]	1044
Sympy [F(-1)]	1044
Maxima [F(-2)]	1045
Giac [F]	1045
Mupad [F(-1)]	1045
Reduce [F]	1046

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 758

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = & \frac{bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{d^2} - \frac{a}{d^2 x} - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d^2 x} + \frac{e(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d^2 \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{e(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d^2 \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2-a/d^2/x-b*arccsch(c*x)/d^2/x+1/4*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/4*e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/4*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)-1/4*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)-3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)-3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)-3/4*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)-3/4*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2))*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1487, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

```

((-8*a*Sqrt[d])/x - (4*a*Sqrt[d]*e*x)/(d + e*x^2) - 12*a*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(S
qrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + b*(8*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (8*Sqrt[d]*Arc
Csch[c*x])/x - (2*Sqrt[d]*e*ArcCsch[c*x])/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) - (
2*Sqrt[d]*e*ArcCsch[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) - (24*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e])*Cot
[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] - (24*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin
[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[
(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]] + 3*Sqrt[e]*Pi*Log[1 - (
I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - (6*I)*Sqr
t[e]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x
])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 12*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]
*Log[1 - (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] -
3*Sqrt[e]*Pi*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(
c*Sqrt[d])] + (6*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2
*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - 12*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e
]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (I*(-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCs
ch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] - 3*Sqrt[e]*Pi*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) +
e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + (6*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcCsch[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*
(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*E^ArcCsch[c*x])/(c*Sqrt[d])] + 12*Sqrt[e]*A
rcSin[Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[e]/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (I*(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 818, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x^4} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{a}{d^2 x} - \frac{\operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 x} + \frac{e(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{e(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^2 (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2 d - e}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}) c}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}) c}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/d^2 - a/(d^2*x) - (b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)]/(d^2*x) \\
& + (e*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])))/(4*d^2*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] - d/x)) - (e*(a + \\
& b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])))/(4*d^2*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] + d/x)) - (b*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2 \\
& *d - (\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2) \\
& ])]/(4*d^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]) - (b*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d + (\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] \\
& )/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d - e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(4*d^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c \\
& ^2*d - e]) - (3*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{Arc} \\
& \text{Sinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[e] \\
& *(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] \\
& - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) - (3*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c* \\
& x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e] \\
& )]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (c*\text{Sqrt}[- \\
& d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) + ( \\
& 3*b*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[- \\
& (c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) - (3*b*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{PolyLog}[2, (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{Arc} \\
& \text{Sinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) + (3*b*\text{Sqr \\
& t}[e]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)])/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) \\
& + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2)) - (3*b*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{PolyLog}[2, (c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^\text{ArcSinh}[1 \\
& /c*x)]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(4*(-d)^(5/2))
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 6238

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{(n_.)} * \text{((f_.)*(x_.))}^{(m_.)} * \text{((d_.) + (e} \\
& \text{_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[c*x])^n, \\
& (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \text{ \&\& } \text{NeQ}[e, c^ \\
& 2*d] \text{ \&\& } \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \text{ \&\& } \text{IntegerQ}[p] \text{ \&\& } \text{IntegerQ}[m]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 6858

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + ArcSch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))}^{(n_.)} * \text{(x_.)}^{(m_.)} * \text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x} \\
& \text{_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p * \text{((a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[x/c])^n/x} \\
& \text{^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \text{ \&\& } \text{IGtQ}[n, 0 \\
& ] \text{ \&\& } \text{IntegersQ}[m, p]
\end{aligned}$$



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2 (x^2 e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^6 + 2*d*e*x^4 + d^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^2*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) adx - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^3 + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2x^6 + 2dex^4 + d^2x^2} dx\right) b d^4x + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2x^6 + 2dex^4 + d^2x^2} dx\right) b d^4x}{2d^3x(e x^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**3 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2*x**2 + 2*d*e*x**4 + e**2*x**6),x)*b*d**4*x + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**2*x**2 + 2*d*e*x**4 + e**2*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e*x**3 - 2*a*d**2 - 3*a*d*e*x**2)/(2*d**3*x*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.112 \quad \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1048
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1049
Rubi [A] (verified)	1050
Maple [F]	1053
Fricas [F]	1053
Sympy [F(-1)]	1053
Maxima [F]	1054
Giac [F]	1054
Mupad [F(-1)]	1054
Reduce [F]	1055

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 676

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = & \frac{bcd \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{8(c^2 d - e) e^2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right) x} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2} \\
& - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{2e^2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} + \frac{b(c^2 d - 2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{8(c^2 d - e)^{3/2} e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d - e} e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/8*b*c*d*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^2/(e+d/x^2)/x-1/4*(a+b*arccsch(c
*x))/e/(e+d/x^2)^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e+d/x^2)+1/8*b*(c^2*d-2*e)*
arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)/e^
(5/2)+1/2*b*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/(c^2*d
-e)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2
/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+1/
2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2
)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(
1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(
1-(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^3+1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+
(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d
)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3+1/2*b*
polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1
/2))/e^3+1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2
)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^3-1/2*b*polylog(2,(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^
3

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2023, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(a*d^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (a*d)/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*Log[d + e*
x^2])/(2*e^3) + b*(-1/16*(d*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d
]*(c^2*d - e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sq
rt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Lo
g[(4*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + I*c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d - e]
*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(
c^2*d - e)^(3/2))))/e^(5/2) - (d*(((-I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*
Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*
Log[((4*I)*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d
- e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]
)/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/e^(5/2) - (((7*I)/16)*Sqrt[d]*(-ArcCsch[c*x]
/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt
[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c
^2*x^2)]*x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x))]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d)
+ e]))/Sqrt[d])/e^(5/2) + (((7*I)/16)*Sqrt[d]*(-ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]
*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
)/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[
d])/e^(5/2) + (Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 32*Ar...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 766, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \int \left( \frac{x(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2x} - \frac{d(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} \right)}{2e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} + 1 \right)}{2e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2d} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1 \right)}{2e^3} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{2e^2(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} - \\
 & \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{be^3} - \frac{\log \left( 1 - e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} \right)}{2e^3} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} \right)}{2e^3} + \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}} \right)}{2e^3} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}} \right)}{2e^3} + \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{2e^3} + \frac{b \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} \right)}{2e^{5/2} \sqrt{c^2d - e}} + \\
 & \frac{b(c^2d - 2e) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}} \right)}{8e^{5/2} (c^2d - e)^{3/2}} + \frac{bcd \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{8e^2x (c^2d - e) (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`



output

```
(b*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(8*(c^2*d - e)*e^2*(e + d/x^2)*x) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(4*e*(e + d/x^2)^2) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(2*e^2*(e + d/x^2)) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]^2/(b*e^3) + (b*(c^2*d - 2*e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(8*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)*e^(5/2)) + (b*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(2*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e^(5/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/e^3 + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + (b*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])])/(2*e^3) + (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + (b*PolyLog[2, -((c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3) + (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])])/(2*e^3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^5*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^5)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*((4*d*e*x^2 + 3*d^2)/(e^5*x^4 + 2*d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3) + 2*log(e*x^2 + d)/e^3) + b*integrate(x^5*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`



**3.113**  $\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1056
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1057
Rubi [A] (verified)	1057
Maple [B] (verified)	1060
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1061
Sympy [F(-1)]	1062
Maxima [F]	1063
Giac [F]	1063
Mupad [F(-1)]	1064
Reduce [F]	1064

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{bcx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{8(c^2d - e)e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)} + \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{bc(c^2d - 2e)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}\right)}{8d(c^2d - e)^{3/2}e^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*b*c*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/8*b*c*(c^2*d-2*e)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4ad}{(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{8a}{d+ex^2} - \frac{2bce\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{(-c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} + \frac{4b(d+2ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{4b\operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{e}(-c^2d+2e)\log\left(\frac{16de^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}{d(-c^2d+e)}\right)}{16e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/16*((-4*a*d)/(d + e*x^2)^2 + (8*a)/(d + e*x^2) - (2*b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/((-c^2*d) + e)*(d + e*x^2) + (4*b*(d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2 - (4*b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/d + (b*Sqrt[e]*(-c^2*d) + 2*e)*Log[(16*d*e^(3/2)*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(b*(-c^2*d) + 2*e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(-c^2*d) + e)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[e]*(-c^2*d) + 2*e)*Log[((-16*I)*d*e^(3/2)*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(b*(c^2*d - 2*e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(-c^2*d) + e)^(3/2))/e^2`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 354, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3}{4d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 354 \\
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx^2}{8d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{2e(c^2d-e)} + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d - \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^2e(c^2d-e)} \right)}{8d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} - \frac{(c^2d-2e)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{c^2d-e}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(c^2d-e)^{3/2}} \right)}{8d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (b*c*x*((d*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d - e)*e*(d + e*x^2)) - ((c^2*d - 2*e)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/sqrt[c^2*d - e]])/((c^2*d - e)^(3/2)*e^(3/2))))/(8*d*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[-c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 962 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 6.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

method	result
parts	$a \left( -\frac{1}{2e^2(x^2e+d)} + \frac{d}{4e^2(x^2e+d)^2} \right) + b \left( \frac{c^8 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} - \frac{c^6 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( -4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$a c^6 \left( -\frac{1}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} \right) + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( -4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$
default	$a c^6 \left( -\frac{1}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} \right) + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4e^2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} \left( -4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right) \right) \right)$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(-1/2/e^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/4/e^2*d/(e*x^2+d)^2)+b/c^4*(1/4*c^8*arccsch(c*x)*d
/e^2/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2-1/2*c^6*arccsch(c*x)/e^2/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)+1/16*c
^3*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e*(-4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/
2)*c^4*d^2-4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^4*d*e*x^2
+ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(
-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d^2+ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d*e*x^2+ln(
-2*(-(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e
*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d^2+ln(-2*(-(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d*e*x^2+2*(c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e+4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-
(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e+4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(
1/2)*e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*
d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/
e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1
/2)))*e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*(-(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2
*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*(-(-(c^2*d-e)
/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1
/2)))*e^2*c^2*x^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/(c^2*d-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2
*d*e)^(1/2))/(-c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 682 vs.  $2(145) = 290$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1381, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.27

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arccsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(4*a*c^4*d^4 - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*d^2*e^2 + 8*(a*c^4*d^3*e - 2*a*c
^2*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 - 2*b
*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*log((c^2*e*
x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2
*e)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 4*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e
^2 - 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e
^3)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 -
2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 +
2*(b*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 +
1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + 2*(b
*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(
c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*((b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + (b*c^3*d^3*e
- b*c*d^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^4*
e^3 + d^3*e^4 + (c^4*d^3*e^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + d*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^4*e^3
- 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^2), -1/8*(2*a*c^4*d^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*
d^2*e^2 + 4*(a*c^4*d^3*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + (
b*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 - 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*
sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2
*x^2)))/(c^2*e*x^2 + e)) - 2*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c
^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/8*b*((2*c^4*d^4*log(c) - 2*(c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*c^2*d*e^3 + e^4)*x^4*log(x)
+ 2*d^2*e^2*log(c) + d^2*e^2 - (4*d^3*e*log(c) + d^3*e)*c^2 + (4*c^4*d^3*e
*log(c) + 4*d*e^3*log(c) + d*e^3 - (8*d^2*e^2*log(c) + d^2*e^2)*c^2)*x^2 +
(c^4*d^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*e + (c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*c^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^3*e -
2*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*(c^4*d^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*e + d^2*e^2
+ 2*(c^4*d^3*e - 2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + d*e^3)*x^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/
(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4 + (c^4*d^3*e^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + d*
e^6)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^2) + log(e*x^2 + d)
/(c^4*d^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*e + d*e^2) - 8*integrate(1/4*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)
/(c^2*e^4*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^3 + e^4)*x^4 + d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*d*e^3)
)*x^2 + (c^2*e^4*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^3 + e^4)*x^4 + d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 +
2*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) - 1/4*(2*e*x^2 + d)*a/(e^4*x^4 + 2*d
*e^3*x^2 + d^2*e^2)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^3 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{4d(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(4*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d*e**2*x**4 + a*x**4)/(4*d*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.114** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1065
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1066
Rubi [A] (verified)	1067
Maple [B] (verified)	1070
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1071
Sympy [F(-1)]	1072
Maxima [F]	1073
Giac [F]	1073
Mupad [F(-1)]	1074
Reduce [F]	1074

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{bcx\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{8d(c^2d-e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{bcx\arctan(\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2})}{4d^2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc(3c^2d-2e)x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d-e}}\right)}{8d^2(c^2d-e)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/8*b*c*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d-e)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)-1/4*(a
+b*arccsch(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/4*b*c*x*arctan((-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d^2/e/
(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*b*c*(3*c^2*d-2*e)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2
)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left( -\frac{4a}{e(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{d(c^2d - e)(d + ex^2)} - \frac{4b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{4b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2e} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{b(3c^2d - 2e) \log\left(\frac{16d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2d+e}(\sqrt{e+c}(-ic\sqrt{d+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}})x)}{b(-3c^2d+2e)(i\sqrt{d+\sqrt{ex}})}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{e}(-c^2d+e)^{3/2}}$$

$$\left. + \frac{b(3c^2d - 2e) \log\left(-\frac{16id^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2d+e}(\sqrt{e+c}(ic\sqrt{d+\sqrt{-c^2d+e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}})x)}{b(3c^2d-2e)(\sqrt{d+i\sqrt{ex}})}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{e}(-c^2d+e)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-4*a)/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(d*(c^2*d - e)*(d + e*x^2)) - (4*b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (4*b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/((d^2*e) + (b*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*Log[(16*d^2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/((b*(-3*c^2*d + 2*e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d^2*Sqrt[e]*(-(c^2*d) + e)^(3/2)) + (b*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*Log[(-16*I)*d^2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/((b*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d^2*Sqrt[e]*(-(c^2*d) + e)^(3/2)))/16`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 114, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6854} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx^2}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{-ex^2c^2+2dc^2-2e}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{d(c^2d-e)} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{2(c^2d-e)-c^2ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{2d(c^2d-e)} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2(c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{d} - \frac{e(3c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{d} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 73 \\
bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d - \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^2d} - \frac{4(c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{x^4}{c^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^2d} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \\
\frac{4e(d+ex^2)^2}{\downarrow 218} \\
bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d - \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^2d} + \frac{4\arctan(\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1})(c^2d-e)}{d}}{2d(c^2d-e)} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \\
\frac{4e(d+ex^2)^2}{\downarrow 221} \\
bcx \left( \frac{\frac{4\arctan(\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1})(c^2d-e)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d-2e)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{c^2d-e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2d-e}}}{2d(c^2d-e)} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)(d+ex^2)} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} \\
\frac{4e(d+ex^2)^2}{}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (b*c*x*((e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/((d*(c^2*d - e)*(d + e*x^2)) + ((4*(c^2*d - e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]])/d + (2*(3*c^2*d - 2*e)*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c^2*d - e]]/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]))/(2*d*(c^2*d - e))))/(8*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 114  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$
- rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)) / ((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$
- rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_)^m((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 6854

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -
1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 915 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{4e(x^2e+d)^2} + b \left( -\frac{c^6 \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} \left( 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^6}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} \left( 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^6}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{4e(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)^2} \left( 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2d-e}{e}} \right) \right)$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*a/e/(e*x^2+d)^2+b/c^2*(-1/4*c^6/e/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2*arccsch(c*x)-1/
16*c*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)
)*c^4*d^2+4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^4*d*e*x^2-
3*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/
(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d^2-3*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d*e*x^2-
3*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)
/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d^2-3*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d*e*x^2+
2*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e-4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*(-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e-4*arctanh(1/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d
-e)/e)^(1/2)*e^2*c^2*x^2+2*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e
+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^2*d*e+2*ln(-2*((-(c^
2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*
d*e)^(1/2))) *e^2*c^2*x^2+2*ln(-2*((-(c^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*
e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^2*d*e+2*ln(-2*((-(c
^2*d-e)/e)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*
d*e)^(1/2))) *e^2*c^2*x^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d^2/(-(c^2*d-e)/e)
^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 620 vs.  $2(177) = 354$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1256, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.13

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(4*a*c^4*d^4 - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*d^2*e^2 + (3*b*c^2*d^3 + (3*b*c^
2*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 - 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sq
rt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*log((c^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e + e^2)*c*x*sq
rt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*e)/(e*x^2 + d)) - 4*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^
3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d
^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2
)) - c*x + 1) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2
- 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)
*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*
b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)
) - 2*((b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + (b*c^3*d^3*e - b*c*d^2*e^2)*x)*sq
rt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^4*d^6*e - 2*c^2*d^5*e^2 + d^4*e^3 + (c^4*d
^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d
^3*e^4)*x^2), -1/8*(2*a*c^4*d^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*d^2*e^2 + (3*b*c^2*d
^3 + (3*b*c^2*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 - 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(3*b*c^2*d^2*e - 2*b*d*
e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e - e^2)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2
+ 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e*x^2 + e)) - 2*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e
^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e - 2*b*c^
2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1)
+ 2*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*(8*c^2*integrate(1/4*x/(c^2*e^3*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^2 + e^3)*x^4 + d^2*e
+ (c^2*d^2*e + 2*d*e^2)*x^2 + (c^2*e^3*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^2 + e^3)*x^4 + d^
2*e + (c^2*d^2*e + 2*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x) + (2*c^2*d - e)*lo
g(e*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*e + d^2*e^2) - (2*c^4*d^4*log(c) + 2*d^2
*e^2*log(c) - d^2*e^2 - (4*d^3*e*log(c) - d^3*e)*c^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - d*e^
3)*x^2 + (c^4*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*c^4*d^3*e*x^2 + c^4*d^4)*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) -
2*((c^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*c^2*d*e^3 + e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^3*e - 2*c^2*d^2*e^2 +
d*e^3)*x^2)*log(x) - 2*(c^4*d^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*e + d^2*e^2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2
+ 1) + 1))/(c^4*d^6*e - 2*c^2*d^5*e^2 + d^4*e^3 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^3
*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4)*x^2))*b -
1/4*a/(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d e^2 x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{4e(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(4*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d*e**2*x**2 + 4*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*e**3*x**4 - a)/(4*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.115 \quad \int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1076
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1077
Rubi [A] (verified)	1078
Maple [F]	1081
Fricas [F]	1081
Sympy [F(-1)]	1081
Maxima [F]	1082
Giac [F]	1082
Mupad [F(-1)]	1082
Reduce [F]	1083



**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 657

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = & -\frac{bce\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{8d^2(c^2d - e)\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)x} + \frac{e^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{4d^3\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2} \\
& - \frac{e(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d^3\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd^3} \\
& - \frac{b(c^2d - 2e)\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{8d^3(c^2d - e)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d - e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{c^2d - e}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{-c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/8*b*c*e*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*d-e)/(e+d/x^2)/x+1/4*e^2*(a+b*arcc
sch(c*x))/d^3/(e+d/x^2)^2-e*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^3/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*(a+b*arcc
sch(c*x))^2/b/d^3-1/8*b*(c^2*d-2*e)*e^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/
2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^3/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)+b*e^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d-e)^(
1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^3/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsch
(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(
1/2))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*
arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2
*d+e)^(1/2))/d^3-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
)/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3-1/2*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3-1/2*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3-1/2*b*pol
ylog(2,c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)
)/d^3

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2081, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3),x]
```

output

```

a/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + a/(2*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*Log[x])/d^3 - (a*Log[d
+ e*x^2])/(2*d^3) + b*((Sqrt[e]*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqr
rt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I
)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e
)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + I*c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d
- e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/
(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/(16*d^2) + (Sqrt[e]*(((I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c
^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(
Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*
c^2*d - e)*Log[((4*I)*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] - I*S
qrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/(16*d^2) - (((5*I)/16)*Sqrt[e]*(-(Arc
Csch[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[
(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1
+ 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(
c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d])/d^(5/2) + (((5*I)/16)*Sqrt[e]*(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I
)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]
*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^
2)]*x)))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])
)/Sqrt[d]))/d^(5/2) - (Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 ...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 717, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3 x^5} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3 x} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} + \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e) x} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2d^3} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} + 1 \right)}{2d^3} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2d^3} \\
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - c^2 d} + \sqrt{e}} + 1 \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} - \\
& \frac{e(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{d^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{2bd^3} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2d^3} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2d^3} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2d^3} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2 d}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt{c^2 d - e}} - \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e}(c^2 d - 2e) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d - e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} \right)}{8d^3 (c^2 d - e)^{3/2}} - \frac{bce \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{8d^2 x (c^2 d - e) (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3), x]`

output

```

-1/8*(b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(d^2*(c^2*d - e)*(e + d/x^2)*x) + (e^2*
(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(4*d^3*(e + d/x^2)^2) - (e*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x
)]))/(d^3*(e + d/x^2)) + (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]^2/(2*b*d^3) - (b*(c^2*d
- 2*e)*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)]
)/(8*d^3*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d - e]/(c*Sqrt[e]
*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(d^3*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x
)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])
])/ (2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*
x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*
Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(
2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]
)/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*d^3) - (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^
ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*d^3) - (b*PolyLog[2
, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*d^3)
- (b*PolyLog[2, -(c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d)
+ e]))]/(2*d^3) - (b*PolyLog[2, (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(2*d^3)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^ (m_.)*((d_) + (e
_)*(x_)^2)^ (p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^ (m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_
)^2)^ (p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x(x^2e + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*((2*e*x^2 + 3*d)/(d^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4) - 2*log(e*x^2 + d)/d^3 + 4*log(x)/d^3) + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x)))/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^3*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`





$$3.116 \quad \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1084
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1085
Rubi [A] (verified)	1086
Maple [F]	1089
Fricas [F]	1089
Sympy [F(-1)]	1089
Maxima [F(-2)]	1090
Giac [F]	1090
Mupad [F(-1)]	1090
Reduce [F]	1091

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1106

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/16*b*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*
e^(1/2)-d/x)^2+3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*(
-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2-3/16*(a+b*
arccsch(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-3/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2
)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d
-e)^(1/2)/e^2+1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d
-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)/e-3/16*b*arctanh((c
^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/
d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e^2+1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/
d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)/e+3/1
6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2
)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d
)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)
/e^(5/2)+3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)
))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)-3/16*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)+3/16*b*polylog(2,c...

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2045, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*d*x)/(4*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (5*a*x)/(8*e^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (3*a*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2)) + b*(((I/16)*Sqrt[d]*((I*c*Sqrt[
e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x
)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)
]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e]
+ I*c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/((2*c^2*d -
e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2))))/e^2 - ((I/16)*Sqrt[
d]*(((I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*(I*Sqrt[
d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcS
inh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[((4*I)*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*S
qrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*
x))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2))))/e^2
+ (5*(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqr
t[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d)
+ e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x
))]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])/Sqrt[d]))/(16*e^2) + (5*(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I)*Sqr
t[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt
[e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*
x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])/Sqr
t[d]))/(16*e^2) + (((3*I)/128)*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsc...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6208, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6858$$

$$- \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 6208$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( -\frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) d^3}{8(-d)^{3/2} e^{3/2} (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^3} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) d^3}{8(-d)^{3/2} e^{3/2} (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^3} - \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) d}{8e^2 \left(-\frac{d^2}{x^2} - ed\right)} - \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16(c^2d - e) e^{3/2} (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16(c^2d - e) e^{3/2} (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2 (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^{3/2} (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^{3/2} (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^2} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{d}(c^2d - e)^{3/2} e} - \frac{3\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}e^2} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{d}(c^2d - e)^{3/2} e} - \frac{3\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}e^2} + \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})c + 1}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})c + 1}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}e^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/((c^2*d - e)*e^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(16*(c^2*d - e)*e^(
3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e
^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) + (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^2*
(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^(3/2)
)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) - (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^2*(Sqrt
[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) - (3*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt
[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e
^2) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]
*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)*e) - (3*b*ArcTanh[
(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*
x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e^2) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]
*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)*e) + (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E
^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2))
- (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqr
t[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2)) + (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(
c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) +
e]))]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2)) - (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[
-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6208

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p] && (p >
0 || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)
^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^4)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4} dx \right)}{8d}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3 + 16*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d*e**5*x**4 - 3*a*d**2*e*x - 5*a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`



$$3.117 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1092
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1093
Rubi [A] (verified)	1094
Maple [F]	1097
Fricas [F]	1097
Sympy [F(-1)]	1097
Maxima [F(-2)]	1098
Giac [F]	1098
Mupad [F(-1)]	1098
Reduce [F]	1099

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1106

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/16*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*
e^(1/2)-d/x)^2+1/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*(
a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2-1/16*(a+b*
arccsch(c*x))/d/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2
)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d
-e)^(3/2)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(
1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d
+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3
/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/
(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/e-1/16*(a+b*a
rccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)+1/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)
-1/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)+1/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
3/2)/e^(3/2)+1/16*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e
^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)-1/16*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1...

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2053, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(a*x)/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (a*x)/(8*d*e*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*ArcTan[(Sqrt
[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + b*((( -1/16*I)*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1
+ 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCs
ch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[
e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + I*c*(c*
Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[
d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/(Sqrt[d]*e) + ((I/16)*((( -I)*
c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[
e]*x)) - ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x
)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[((4*I)*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(I*
Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^
2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/(Sqrt[d]*e) -
(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e]
- Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*
Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x))]/S
qrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d])/(16*d*e) - (-(ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt
[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt
[e] + c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/(Sqrt
[-(c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d])/(16
*d*e) + ((I/128)*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 32*...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {6858, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6858} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6238}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \int \left( \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} - \frac{e\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16\sqrt{-d}(c^2d - e)\sqrt{e}\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16\sqrt{-d}(c^2d - e)\sqrt{e}\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)} + \\
 & \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16de\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16de\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
 & \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - ee}} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}(c^2d - e)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2d - ee}} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}(c^2d - e)^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}} + 1\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\left(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}} + 1\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(Sqrt[-d]*(c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*(c^2*d - e)*Sqr
t[e]*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*Sqr
t[e]*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) + (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(16*d*e*(Sqrt[
-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[
-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) - (a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(16*d*e*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]
+ d/x)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d
- e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)) - (b*ArcTanh
[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2
*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*S
qrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)
*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]
*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*e) -
((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e]
- Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x
)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])
]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]
*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/
2)) + ((a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(S
qrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + (b*PolyLog[2, ...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6238

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,
(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^
2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 6858

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x
^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
] && IntegersQ[m, p]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 2\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4 + 3d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{8d^2 e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**4*e**2 + 16*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e**4*x**4 - a*d**2*e*x + a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d**2*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`



**3.118**  $\int \frac{a+b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1101
Rubi [A] (verified)	1102
Maple [F]	1105
Fricas [F]	1105
Sympy [F(-1)]	1105
Maxima [F(-2)]	1106
Giac [F]	1106
Mupad [F(-1)]	1106
Reduce [F]	1107

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 1096

$$\int \frac{a + b\mathbf{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/16*b*c*e^(1/2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*e^(1/2)*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-d)^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*
e^(1/2)-d/x)^2-5/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*e
^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-d)^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2+5/16*(a+b*
arccsch(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+5/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2
))*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d
-e)^(1/2)+1/16*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e
)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)+5/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d
+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5
/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)+1/16*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2
))/(c^2*d-e)^(1/2)/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d-e)^(3/2)+3/16*(a+b*a
rccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)
+3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(
1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))*ln(1+c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
5/2)/e^(1/2)-3/16*b*polylog(2,-c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e
^(1/2)-(-c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+3/16*b*polylog(2,c*(-d)^(1...

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2038, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*x)/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*a*x)/(8*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (3*a*ArcTan[(Sqr
t[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) + b*(((I/16)*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 +
1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsch
[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]
) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + I*c*(c*Sq
rt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[d]
+ I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/d^(3/2) - ((I/16)*(((I)*c*Sqrt
[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d - e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x))
- ArcCsch[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/(d*
Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d - e)*Log[((4*I)*d*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e]
+ c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/((2*c^2*d -
e)*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)))/d^(3/2) - (3*(-(ArcC
sch[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(
2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1
+ 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c
^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d]))/(16*d^2) - (3*(-(ArcCsch[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]
+ e*x)) + (I*(ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e]
+ c*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)))/(Sqrt[-(
c^2*d) + e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e]))/Sqrt[d]))/(16*d
^2) + (((3*I)/128)*(Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[c*x] - 8*ArcCsch[c*x]^2 + 3...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {6848, 6238, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 6848

$$- \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3 x^4} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 6238

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3} - \frac{2(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} + \frac{a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16(-d)^{3/2}(c^2d - e)(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{b\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16(-d)^{3/2}(c^2d - e)(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} - \\
& \frac{5(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16d^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{5(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16d^2(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16(-d)^{3/2}(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16(-d)^{3/2}(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^2} + \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}(c^2d - e)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{5\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}} + \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}(c^2d - e)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{5\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d - e}} + \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})c + 1}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{3(a + \operatorname{barcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})c + 1}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{c\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{e - c^2d}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/((-d)^(3/2)*(c^2*d - e)*(Sqrt[-d]
]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*(c^
2*d - e)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(1
6*(-d)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) - (5*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(1
6*d^2*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*(
-d)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) + (5*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)]))/(16*d
^2*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (5*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)
/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[c^2*
d - e]) + (b*e*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*
d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)) + (5*b*ArcT
anh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(
c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]) + (b*e*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]
]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d - e]*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5
/2)*(c^2*d - e)^(3/2)) + (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E
^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]
) - (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(S
qrt[e] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (3*(a + b*ArcSinh
[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (c*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d
) + e])]/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) - (3*(a + b*ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (c
*Sqrt[-d]*E^ArcSinh[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) + e])]/(16*(-d)...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 6238 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 6848 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(x^2e + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4 + 3d^2 e x^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^5 e}{8d^5 e}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 +
3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**5*e + 16*int(acsch(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*
e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 8*int(acsch(c*x)
/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3*x**4 +
5*a*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d**3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```



### 3.119 $\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1108
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1109
Rubi [A] (verified)	1110
Maple [F]	1116
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Sympy [F(-1)]	1117
Maxima [F(-2)]	1118
Giac [F]	1118
Mupad [F(-1)]	1119
Reduce [F]	1119

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 413

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{b(23c^4d^2 - 12c^2de - 75e^2) x \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{1680c^5e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{b(29c^2d + 25e) x \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{840c^3e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{42ce^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{b(105c^6d^3 + 35c^4d^2e + 63c^2de^2 - 75e^3) x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{1680c^6e^{5/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{8bcd^{7/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{105e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/1680*b*(23*c^4*d^2-12*c^2*d*e-75*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^5/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/840*b*(29*c^2*d+25*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^3/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-2/5*d*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+1/7*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+1/1680*b*(105*c^6*d^3+35*c^4*d^2*e+63*c^2*d*e^2-75*e^3)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^6/e^(5/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+8/105*b*c*d^(7/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{32a(d + ex^2)^2 (8d^2 - 12dex^2 + 15e^2x^4) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d + ex^2)(75e^2 - 2c^2e(19d + 25ex^2) + c^4(-41d^2 + 22dex^2 + 40e^2x^4))}{e^5}}{e^5} +$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(32*a*(d + e*x^2)^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(75*e^2 - 2*c^2*e*(19*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(-41*d^2 + 22*d*e*x^2 + 40*e^2*x^4)))/c^5 + (b*(-128*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))]) + (e*(105*c^6*d^3 + 35*c^4*d^2*e + 63*c^2*d*e^2 - 75*e^3)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/(c^5*x) + 32*b*(d + e*x^2)^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x]/(3360*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{105e^3x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2118} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( -\int \frac{3e(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (16c^2d^2-e(29ac^2+25e)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2 - \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right)}{210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (16c^2d^2 - e(29dc^2 + 25e)x^2)}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{5e^3}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 171 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(64c^4d^3 - e(23d^2c^4 - 12dec^2 - 75e^2)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{5e^3}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(64c^4d^3 - e(23d^2c^4 - 12dec^2 - 75e^2)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{5e^3}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 171
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2-12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \int \frac{128d^4c^6 + e(105d^3c^6 + 35d^2ec^4 + 63de^2c^2 - 75e^3)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{128d^4c^6 + e(105d^3c^6 + 35d^2ec^4 + 63de^2c^2 - 75e^3)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2-12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 175

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(105c^6d^3 + 35c^4d^2e + 63c^2de^2 - 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2-12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(105c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 - 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 - 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{256c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(105c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 - 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 - 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 217

$$bcx \left( \frac{2e(105c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 - 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 256c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) + \frac{e \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 - 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \left( \frac{-256c^6d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(105c^6d^3+35c^4d^2e+63c^2de^2-75e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2-12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right) \frac{1}{2c^2}$$


---


$$210e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}$$

```
input Int[x^5*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

```
output (d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^3) + ((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(7*e^3) - (b*c*x*((-5*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/c^2 + ((e*(29*c^2*d + 25*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + ((e*(23*c^4*d^2 - 12*c^2*d*e - 75*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(105*c^6*d^3 + 35*c^4*d^2*e + 63*c^2*d*e^2 - 75*e^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 256*c^6*d^(7/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2))/(4*c^2))/(2*c^2)))/(210*e^3*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 171 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 175 `Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`



rule 2118

```

Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)
*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expo
n[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p +
1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p +
q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m +
n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q
- 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) +
c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m
+ q + p)))*x), x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]

```

rule 6856

```

Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))

```

rule 7282

```

Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0]] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]

```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1951, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6720*(128*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (105*b*c^6*d^3 + 35*b*c^4*d^2*e + 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 - 75*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 64*(15*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^7*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 48*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 64*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 128*a*c^7*d^3 + (40*b*c^6*e^3*x^5 + 2*(11*b*c^6*d*e^2 - 25*b*c^4*e^3)*x^3 - (41*b*c^6*d^2*e + 38*b*c^4*d*e^2 - 75*b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^7*e^3), 1/3360*(64*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (105*b*c^6*d^3 + 35*b*c^4*d^2*e + 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 - 75*b*e^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)) + 32*(15*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^7*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 48*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 64*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 128*a*c^7*d^3 + (40*b*c^6*e^3*x^5 + 2*(...`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + 15\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^3 x^6 + 105 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) dx \right)}{105e^3}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 + 105*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**3)/(105*e**3)`

### 3.120 $\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1120
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1121
Rubi [A] (verified)	1121
Maple [F]	1126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Sympy [F]	1127
Maxima [F(-2)]	1128
Giac [F]	1128
Mupad [F(-1)]	1128
Reduce [F]	1129

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(c^2d - 9e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{120c^3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{20ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(15c^4d^2 + 10c^2de - 9e^2)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{120c^4e^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd^{5/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{15e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*(c^2*d-9*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2-1/120*b*(15*c^4*d^2+10*c^2*d*e-9*e^2)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^4/e^(3/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/15*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{16a(d + ex^2)^2 (-2d + 3ex^2) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d + ex^2)(-9e + c^2(7d + 6ex^2))}{c^3} - b \left( -16c^2d^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2} \right) \right)}{240e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(16*a*(d + e*x^2)^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x^2) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(-9*e + c^2*(7*d + 6*e*x^2)))/c^3 - (b*(-16*c^2*d^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))]) + (e*(15*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e - 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + 16*b*(d + e*x^2)^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(240*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 435, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6856

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{15e^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 435 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 171 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(8c^2d^2-(c^2d-9e)ex^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(8c^2d^2-(c^2d-9e)ex^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 171 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{16d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4+10dec^2-9e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{16d^3c^4 + e(15d^2c^4 + 10dec^2 - 9e^2)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 175 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{16c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(15c^4d^2 + 10c^2de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 66 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{16c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(15c^4d^2 + 10c^2de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 104 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{32c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(15c^4d^2 + 10c^2de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 217 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & bcx \left( \frac{2e(15c^4d^2+10c^2de-9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 32c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{4c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} + \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{-32c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(15c^4d^2+10c^2de-9e^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 30e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^2 + ((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^2) + (b*c*x*((3*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + (((c^2*d - 9*e)*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(15*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e - 9*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 32*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2))/(4*c^2))/(30*e^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_)}}{((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))}, x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m+1)-1)} / (b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)} / (c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$

rule 171  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))}{(e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (d*f*(m+n+p+2))}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (d*f*(m+n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (d*f*(m+n+p+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m-1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m+n+1) + c*f*(m+p+1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+n+p+2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 175  $\text{Int}[\frac{((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))}{((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p / (a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$

rule 217  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}}{x\_Symbol}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \mid \mid \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}}{x\_Symbol}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 435  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^2)^{(r_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 6856

```

Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1625, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/480*(16*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e - 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 32*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + b*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 8*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^5*d^2 + (6*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 + (7*b*c^4*d*e - 9*b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^2), 1/240*(8*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (15*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e - 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) + 16*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + b*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 8*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^5*d^2 + (6*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 + (7*b*c^4*d*e - 9*b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^2), -1/480*(32*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))...
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 15 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^2}{15e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 15*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2)/(15*e**2)`

### 3.121 $\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1130
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1131
Rubi [A] (verified)	1131
Maple [F]	1135
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Sympy [F]	1136
Maxima [F]	1137
Giac [F]	1137
Mupad [F(-1)]	1137
Reduce [F]	1138

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e} + \frac{b(3c^2d-e)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output  $1/6*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/3*(e*x^2+d)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e+1/6*b*(3*c^2*d-e)*x*arctan(e^{(1/2)}*(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/c/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})/c^2/e^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/3*b*c*d^{(3/2)}*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})/e/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2bd^2\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},2,-\frac{1}{c^2x^2},-\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)+b(3c^2d-e)e\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},2,-\frac{1}{c^2x^2},-\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{12cex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(-2*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))] + b*(3*c^2*d - e)*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d] + 2*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)*(b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*a*c*(d + e*x^2) + 2*b*c*(d + e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(12*c*e*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 113, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6854$$

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 113 \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \left( -\int \frac{2c^2d^2+(3c^2d-e)ex^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{2c^2d^2+(3c^2d-e)ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \\
& bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d - e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 4c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right) \\
& \hline
& 6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \quad 218 \\
& \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \\
& bcx \left( \frac{-4c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d - e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right) \\
& \hline
& 6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e) - (b*c*x*(-((e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + ((-2*(3*c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 4*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2)))/(6*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}}{((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))}, x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m+1)-1)} / (b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)} / (c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$

rule 113  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}}{x}], x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{(m-1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (d*f*(m+n+p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(m+n+p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m-2)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a^2*d*f*(m+n+p+1) - b*(b*c*e*(m-1) + a*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m+n+p) - b*(d*e*(m+n) + c*f*(m+p)))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+n+p+1, 0] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 175  $\text{Int}[\frac{((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))}{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p / (a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$

rule 217  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}}{x\_Symbol}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}}{x\_Symbol}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 6854

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -
1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{x^2e + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1342, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.61

$$\int x\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/24*(2*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 +
d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((
c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^
4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x
^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^
2)) + e^2) + 8*(b*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*
x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^2*e*x*sqrt((c^2*x
^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e), 1/12*(b*c^3*d^(3
/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3
*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x
^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 +
(c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2
*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) + 4*(b*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*
x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(2*a*c^3*e
*x^2 + b*c^2*e*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d
))/(c^3*e), 1/24*(4*b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d
*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^4 +
(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) - (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4
+ c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*
d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e...
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))\,dx = \int x(a+b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}\,dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e + 3*integrate(1/3*(c^2 *e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + e), x) - 3*integrate(1/3*((3*e*log(c) + e)*c^2*x^3 + (c^2*d + 3*e *log(c))*x + 3*(c^2*e*x^3 + e*x)*log(x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x))*b + 1/3*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x\sqrt{ex^2+d}\left(a+b\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2+d}aex^2 + 3\left(\int \sqrt{ex^2+d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx\right) be}{3e}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e)/(3*e)`

$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1139
Mathematica [N/A]	1139
Rubi [N/A]	1140
Maple [N/A]	1140
Fricas [N/A]	1141
Sympy [N/A]	1141
Maxima [F(-2)]	1141
Giac [N/A]	1142
Mupad [N/A]	1142
Reduce [N/A]	1143

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x, x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2e + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \sqrt{ex^2+d}a + \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a - \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx\right)b$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/
sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))
*a + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x,x)*b
```

$$3.123 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1144
Mathematica [N/A]	1144
Rubi [N/A]	1145
Maple [N/A]	1145
Fricas [N/A]	1146
Sympy [N/A]	1146
Maxima [F(-2)]	1146
Giac [N/A]	1147
Mupad [N/A]	1147
Reduce [N/A]	1148

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^3} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^3}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2e + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad + \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 - \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^3}\right)}{2dx^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2)/(2*d*x**2)`

### 3.124 $\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1149
Mathematica [N/A]	1149
Rubi [N/A]	1150
Maple [N/A]	1150
Fricas [N/A]	1151
Sympy [N/A]	1151
Maxima [F(-2)]	1151
Giac [N/A]	1152
Mupad [N/A]	1152
Reduce [N/A]	1153

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 28.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 8\left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx\right) b e^2}{8e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2)/(8*e**2)`

### 3.125 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1154
Mathematica [N/A]	1154
Rubi [N/A]	1155
Maple [N/A]	1155
Fricas [N/A]	1156
Sympy [N/A]	1156
Maxima [F(-2)]	1156
Giac [N/A]	1157
Mupad [N/A]	1157
Reduce [N/A]	1158

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e x + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d + 2 \left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx\right) b e}{2e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x),x)*b*e)/(2*e)`

$$3.126 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1159
Mathematica [N/A]	1159
Rubi [N/A]	1160
Maple [N/A]	1160
Fricas [N/A]	1161
Sympy [N/A]	1161
Maxima [F(-2)]	1161
Giac [N/A]	1162
Mupad [N/A]	1162
Reduce [N/A]	1163

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2e + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}a + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ax - \sqrt{e}ax + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right)bx}{x}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d)))*a*x - sqrt(e)*a*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*x)/x`



**3.127** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1164
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1165
Rubi [A] (verified)	1165
Maple [F]	1169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1169
Sympy [F]	1170
Maxima [F(-2)]	1170
Giac [F]	1171
Mupad [F(-1)]	1171
Reduce [F]	1171

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 329

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\ &= \frac{2bc(c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\ &+ \frac{2bc^2(c^2d-2e)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}E(\arctan(cx) \mid 1-\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} \\ &- \frac{b(c^2d-3e)ex\sqrt{d+ex^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/9*b*c*(c^2*d-2*e)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+
1/9*b*c*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(e*x^2
+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x^3+2/9*b*c^2*(c^2*d-2*e)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c
^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)-1/9*b*(c^2*d-3*e)*e*x*(e*x
^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(
1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-d+2c^2dx^2-4ex^2)+3a(d+ex^2)+3b(d+ex^2)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{9dx^3}$$

$$-\frac{ibc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(2c^2d(c^2d-2e)E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{c^2}x\right)\left|\frac{e}{c^2d}\right.\right)+(-2c^4d^2+5c^2de-3e^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\right)}{9\sqrt{c^2d}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/9*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 - 4*e*x^2) + 3*a*(d + e*x^2) + 3*b*(d + e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x^3) - ((I/9)*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(2*c^2*d*(c^2*d - 2*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)] + (-2*c^4*d^2 + 5*c^2*d*e - 3*e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)))/(Sqrt[c^2]*d*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 376, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{3dx^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 376 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(c^2d-3e)ex^2+2d(c^2d-2e)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{de(2(c^2d-2e)x^2c^2+dc^2-3e)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \int \frac{2(c^2d-2e)x^2c^2+dc^2-3e}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 406 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( 2c^2(c^2d-2e) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + (c^2d-3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 320 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( 2c^2(c^2d-2e) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{(c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-2e)}{x} \right) \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( 2c^2(c^2d - 2e) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{(c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 313

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( \frac{(c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + 2c^2(c^2d - 2e) \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arctan(cx) \middle| 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

```
input Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

```
output -1/3*((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x^3) + (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((-2*(c^2*d - 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x - e*(2*c^2*(c^2*d - 2*e)*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]))/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])) + ((c^2*d - 3*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/3)/(3*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 313  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$
- rule 320  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 376  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^m*((a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p*((c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q-1}/(a*e^{m+1})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{q-2}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*(q-1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*b*c*(p+q))*x^2, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 388  $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 406  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_*)*((c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_*)*((e_*) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[f \text{ Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q\}, x]$

rule 445

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(bc^6 d^2 - 2bc^4 de)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) - (2bc^6 d^2 - (4bc^4 - bc^2)de - 3be^2)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3} F(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d})}{2bc^4 d^2 - 2bc^4 de - 3be^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*(2*(b*c^6*d^2 - 2*b*c^4*d*e)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^3*elliptic_e(arcsin(
sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (2*b*c^6*d^2 - (4*b*c^4 - b*c^2)*d*e - 3*b*e^2
)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^3*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - 3*(
b*c^2*d*e*x^2 + b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^
2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (3*a*c^2*d*e*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2 - (b*c^3*d^2*x - 2*(b
*c^5*d^2 - 2*b*c^3*d*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d
))/(c^2*d^2*x^3)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**4, x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)+a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\ &= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad - \sqrt{ex^2+d}aex^2 - \sqrt{e}aex^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4} dx\right)bdx^3}{3dx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3)/(3*d*x**3)`



$$3.128 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{x^6} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 455

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\
&= -\frac{bc(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2) \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{225d^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{bc(12c^2d + e) \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{225dx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{25dx^4 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{bc^2(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2) x \sqrt{d+ex^2} E(\arctan(cx) \mid 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{225d^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} \\
&\quad + \frac{2be(6c^4d^2 - 4c^2de - 15e^2) x \sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{225d^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/225*b*c*(24*c^4*d^2-19*c^2*d*e-31*e^2)*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}-1/225*b*c*(12*c^2*d+e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/25*b*c*(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(3/2)}/d/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}-1/5*(e*x^2+d)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x^5+2/15*e*(e*x^2+d)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/x^3-1/225*b*c^2*(24*c^4*d^2-19*c^2*d*e-31*e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)},(1-e/c^2/d)^{(1/2)})/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^{(1/2)}+2/225*b*e*(6*c^4*d^2-4*c^2*d*e-15*e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^{(1/2)})/d^3/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\
& = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(-15a(3d^2+dex^2-2e^2x^4)+bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-31e^2x^4+dex^2(8-19c^2x^2))+3d^2(3-4c^2x^2+\right.}{225d^2x^5} \\
& \quad \left. +\frac{ibc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(c^2d(24c^4d^2-19c^2de-31e^2)E\left(iarcsinh\left(\sqrt{c^2}x\right)\left|\frac{e}{c^2d}\right.\right)+(-24c^6d^3+31c^4d^2}{225\sqrt{c^2d^2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{225\sqrt{c^2d^2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(-15*a*(3*d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 2*e^2*x^4) + b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-31*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2*(8 - 19*c^2*x^2) + 3*d^2*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) - 15*b*(3*d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 2*e^2*x^4)*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(225*d^2*x^5) + ((1/225)*b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(24*c^4*d^2 - 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)]) + (-24*c^6*d^3 + 31*c^4*d^2*e + 23*c^2*d*e^2 - 30*e^3)*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 + c^2*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2])
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 442, 442, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(3d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{15d^2x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(3d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(3dc^2+10e)x^2+d(12dc^2+e))}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2e(6d^2c^4-4dec^2-15e^2)x^2+d(24d^2c^4-19dec^2-31e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(12c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(c^2(24d^2c^4 - 19dec^2 - 31e^2)x^2 + 2(6d^2c^4 - 4dec^2 - 15e^2))}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{c^2(24d^2c^4 - 19dec^2 - 31e^2)x^2 + 2(6d^2c^4 - 4dec^2 - 15e^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 406

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + 2(6c^4d^2 - 4c^2de - 15e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) \right) \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 320

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + \frac{2(6c^4d^2 - 4c^2de - 15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2 + 1)})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2 + 1)}}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 388

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(24c^4d^2 - 19c^2de - 31e^2) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(-c^2x^2 - 1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \right) + \frac{2(6c^4d^2 - 4c^2de - 15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2 + 1)})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2 + 1)}}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{15d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 313

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} +$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2(6c^4d^2-4c^2de-15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + c^2(24c^4d^2-19c^2de-31e^2) \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x^5) + (2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(15*d^2*x^3) + (b*c*x*((3*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*x^5) + (-1/3*(d*(12*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x^3 + (((24*c^4*d^2 - 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(c^2*(24*c^4*d^2 - 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d))]/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))) + (2*(6*c^4*d^2 - 4*c^2*d*e - 15*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/3)/5)/(15*d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 442 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)
^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2
*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x
], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcSch[c_*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 e + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$(24bc^8d^3 - 19bc^6d^2e - 31bc^4de^2)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{d}x^5E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d}) - (24bc^8d^3 - (19bc^6 - 12bc^4)e^2)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/225*((24*b*c^8*d^3 - 19*b*c^6*d^2*e - 31*b*c^4*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^5*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (24*b*c^8*d^3 - (19*b*c^6 - 12*b*c^4)*d^2*e - (31*b*c^4 + 8*b*c^2)*d*e^2 - 30*b*e^3)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^5*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - 15*(2*b*c^2*d*e^2*x^4 - b*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 3*b*c^2*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (30*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^4 - 15*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 45*a*c^2*d^3 + (9*b*c^3*d^3*x + (24*b*c^7*d^3 - 19*b*c^5*d^2*e - 31*b*c^3*d*e^2)*x^5 - 4*(3*b*c^5*d^3 - 2*b*c^3*d^2*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^3*x^5)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**6, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2 - \sqrt{ex^2+d}ade x^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{e}ae^2x^5 + 15\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^6} dx\right) b d^2 x^5}{15d^2x^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**5 + 15*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5)/(15*d**2*x**5)`

### 3.129 $\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1181
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1182
Rubi [A] (verified)	1183
Maple [F]	1188
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1189
Sympy [F(-1)]	1189
Maxima [F(-2)]	1190
Giac [F]	1190
Mupad [F(-1)]	1191
Reduce [F]	1191

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 384

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \\
 & \frac{b(3c^4d^2 + 38c^2de - 25e^2) x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{560c^5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{b(13c^2d - 25e) x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{840c^3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{42ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} \\
 & - \frac{b(35c^6d^3 + 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 + 25e^3) x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{560c^6e^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{2bcd^{7/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{35e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/560*b*(3*c^4*d^2+38*c^2*d*e-25*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)/c^5/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840*b*(13*c^2*d-25*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x
^2+d)^(3/2)/c^3/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(
5/2)/c/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+1/7
*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2-1/560*b*(35*c^6*d^3+35*c^4*d^2*e-6
3*c^2*d*e^2+25*e^3)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))
/c^6/e^(3/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/35*b*c*d^(7/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^
(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a$$

$$+ b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{96a(d + ex^2)^3 (-2d + 5ex^2) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d + ex^2)(75e^2 - 2c^2e(82d + 25ex^2) + c^4(57d^2 + 106dex^2 + 40e^2))}{c^5}}{c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(96*a*(d + e*x^2)^3*(-2*d + 5*e*x^2) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d +
e*x^2)*(75*e^2 - 2*c^2*e*(82*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(57*d^2 + 106*d*e*x^2 +
40*e^2*x^4)))/c^5 - (3*b*(-32*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2,
1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))]) + (e*(35*c^6*d^3 + 35*c^4*d^2*e - 6
3*c^2*d*e^2 + 25*e^3)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*Appell
F1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/(c^5*x)
+ 96*b*(d + e*x^2)^3*(-2*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3360*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x
^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 435, 171, 27, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{35e^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{435} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{171} \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(12c^2d^2-(13c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{3c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (12c^2d^2 - (13c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6c^2} + \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 171

$$bcx \left( \frac{\frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d-25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(16d^3c^4+e(3d^2c^4+38dec^2-25e^2)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6c^2}}{6c^2} + \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{\frac{3\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(16d^3c^4+e(3d^2c^4+38dec^2-25e^2)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d-25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}}{6c^2} + \frac{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 171

$$bcx \left( \frac{\frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{32d^4c^6+e(35d^3c^6+35d^2ec^4-63de^2c^2+25e^3)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2+38c^2de-25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2}}{6c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d-25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{32d^4c^6 + e(35d^3c^6 + 35d^2ec^4 - 63de^2c^2 + 25e^3)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 + 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d - 25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2} d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 175

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{32c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(35c^6d^3 + 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 + 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 + 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2}}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2} d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{32c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(35c^6d^3 + 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 + 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 + 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2}}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2} d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{64c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(35c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 + 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 + 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{6c^2} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

217

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2e(35c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 + 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 64c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 + 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \frac{70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{6c^2} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

218

$$bcx \left( \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{-64c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(35c^6 d^3 + 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 + 25e^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 + 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)}{6c^2}$$

$$70e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^2 + ((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(
a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(7*e^2) + (b*c*x*((5*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)
^(5/2))/(3*c^2) + (((13*c^2*d - 25*e)*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/
2))/(2*c^2) + (3*(-((e*(3*c^4*d^2 + 38*c^2*d*e - 25*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2
]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(35*c^6*d^3 + 35*c^4*d^2*e - 63*c^2
*d*e^2 + 25*e^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))]
/c - 64*c^6*d^(7/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]))]/
(2*c^2)))/(4*c^2))/(6*c^2))/(70*e^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 66

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 104

```
Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)
/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && L
tQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 171

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_
))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((
e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2)
- h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2)
+ h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0]
&& IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```



rule 175 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1943, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6720*(96*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 3*(35*b*c^6*d^3 + 35*b*c^4*d^2*e - 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 25*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 192*(5*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 8*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^7*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 384*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 96*a*c^7*d^3 + (40*b*c^6*e^3*x^5 + 2*(53*b*c^6*d*e^2 - 25*b*c^4*e^3)*x^3 + (57*b*c^6*d^2*e - 164*b*c^4*d*e^2 + 75*b*c^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^7*e^2), 1/3360*(48*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 3*(35*b*c^6*d^3 + 35*b*c^4*d^2*e - 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 25*b*e^3)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) + 96*(5*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 8*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^7*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 384*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 96*a*c^7*d^3 + (40*b*c^6*e^3*x^5 + 2*(53*...`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + 5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^3 x^6 + 35 \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) dx}{35e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 + 35*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**3 + 35*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d*e**2)/(35*e**2)`

### 3.130 $\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1192
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1193
Rubi [A] (verified)	1193
Maple [F]	1198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [F(-1)]	1199
Maxima [F]	1199
Giac [F]	1199
Mupad [F(-1)]	1200
Reduce [F]	1200

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(7c^2d - 3e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{40c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{20c\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e} + \frac{b(15c^4d^2 - 10c^2de + 3e^2)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{40c^4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcd^{5/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/40*b*(7*c^2*d-3*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e+1/40*b*(15*c^4*d^2-10*c^2*d*e+3*e^2)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^4/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/5*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{16a(d+ex^2)^3}{e} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)(-3e+c^2(9d+2ex^2))}{c^3} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{8c^2d^3\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},2,-\frac{1}{c^2x^2},-\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{e}\right)}{80\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((16*a*(d + e*x^2)^3)/e + (2*b*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(-3*e + c^2*(9*d + 2*e*x^2)))/c^3 + (b*((-8*c^2*d^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))])/e + ((15*c^4*d^2 - 10*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + (16*b*(d + e*x^2)^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/e)/(80*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 113, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6854

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{5e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 354 \\
\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
\downarrow 113 \\
\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \\
bcx \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(4c^2d^2+(7c^2d-3e)ex^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
\frac{\hspace{10em}}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(4c^2d^2+(7c^2d-3e)ex^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
\downarrow 171 \\
\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \\
bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{8d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4-10dec^2+3e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
\frac{\hspace{10em}}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \\
bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{8d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4-10dec^2+3e^2)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
\frac{\hspace{10em}}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
\downarrow 175
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - bcx \left( \frac{8c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(15c^4d^2-10c^2de+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{5e}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

66

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - bcx \left( \frac{8c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(15c^4d^2-10c^2de+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

104

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - bcx \left( \frac{16c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(15c^4d^2-10c^2de+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

217

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - bcx \left( \frac{2e(15c^4d^2-10c^2de+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 16c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{5e}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

218

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{10e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - bcx \left( \frac{-16c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(15c^4d^2-10c^2de+3e^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d-3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$



input `Int[x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e) - (b*c*x*(-1/2*(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/c^2 + (-(((7*c^2*d - 3*e)*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(15*c^4*d^2 - 10*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 16*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2))/(4*c^2)))/(10*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 113 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + n) + c*f*(m + p)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 171  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m-1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + p + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 175  $\text{Int}[(c_. + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))]/(a_. + (b_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$

rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^p*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^2)^q], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 6854  $\text{Int}[(a_. + \text{ArcCsch}[c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2)^p], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*\text{Sqrt}[-c^2*x^2]) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}]/(x*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1625, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.02

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/160*(8*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (15*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt(((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 32*(b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(8*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 16*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*a*c^5*d^2 + (2*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 + 3*(3*b*c^4*d*e - b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e), 1/80*(4*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)) + 16*(b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(8*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 16*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*a*c^5*d^2 + (2*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 + 3*(3*b*c^4*d*e - b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e), 1/160*(16*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a/e + 1/5*((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e + 5*integrate(1/5*(c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*c^2*d*e*x^3 + c^2*d^2*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + e), x) - 5*integrate(1/5*((5*e^2*log(c) + e^2)*c^2*x^5 + ((5*d*e*log(c) + 2*d*e)*c^2 + 5*e^2*log(c))*x^3 + (c^2*d^2 + 5*d*e*log(c))*x + 5*(c^2*e^2*x^5 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^3 + d*e*x)*log(x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*e*x^2 + e), x))*b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 5 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3 dx \right)}{5e}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e)/(5*e)`

$$3.131 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1201
Mathematica [N/A]	1201
Rubi [N/A]	1202
Maple [N/A]	1202
Fricas [N/A]	1203
Sympy [N/A]	1203
Maxima [F(-2)]	1203
Giac [N/A]	1204
Mupad [N/A]	1204
Reduce [N/A]	1205

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 73.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2}{3}$$

$$+ \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x} dx\right) bd + \left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x dx\right) be$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x,x)`output `(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x,x)*b*d + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x,x)*b*e)/3`

$$3.132 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1206
Mathematica [N/A]	1206
Rubi [N/A]	1207
Maple [N/A]	1207
Fricas [N/A]	1208
Sympy [N/A]	1208
Maxima [F(-2)]	1208
Giac [N/A]	1209
Mupad [N/A]	1209
Reduce [N/A]	1210

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 70.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 + 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae}{x^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x,x)*b*e*x**2)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.133 $\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1211
Mathematica [N/A]	1211
Rubi [N/A]	1212
Maple [N/A]	1212
Fricas [N/A]	1213
Sympy [F(-1)]	1213
Maxima [F(-2)]	1213
Giac [N/A]	1214
Mupad [N/A]	1214
Reduce [N/A]	1215

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left(x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

`Defer(Int)(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

`Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output

`Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2 (x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^4 + a*d*x^2 + (b*e*x^4 + b*d*x^2)*arcsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2ex + 14\sqrt{ex^2+d}ade^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^3x^5 - 3\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48e}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x + 14*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**5 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 + 48*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**3 + 48*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**2)/(48*e**2)
```

### 3.134 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1216
Mathematica [N/A]	1216
Rubi [N/A]	1217
Maple [N/A]	1217
Fricas [N/A]	1218
Sympy [N/A]	1218
Maxima [F(-2)]	1218
Giac [N/A]	1219
Mupad [N/A]	1219
Reduce [N/A]	1220

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left((d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)), x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 71.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} adex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 8 \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a}{8e}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d*e)/(8*e)
```

$$3.135 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1221
Mathematica [N/A]	1221
Rubi [N/A]	1222
Maple [N/A]	1222
Fricas [N/A]	1223
Sympy [N/A]	1223
Maxima [F(-2)]	1223
Giac [N/A]	1224
Mupad [N/A]	1224
Reduce [N/A]	1225

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 64.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) adx}{x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `( - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x - 9*sqrt(e)*a*d*x + 8*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*d*x + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x),x)*b*e*x)/(8*x)`

**3.136**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1226
Mathematica [N/A]	1226
Rubi [N/A]	1227
Maple [N/A]	1227
Fricas [N/A]	1228
Sympy [N/A]	1228
Maxima [F(-2)]	1228
Giac [N/A]	1229
Mupad [N/A]	1229
Reduce [N/A]	1230

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 12.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4, x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(x^2 e + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x^4,x)
```



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^4, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 74.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^3}{3x^3} + \dots$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4,x)`output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*e*x**3)/(3*x**3)`

**3.137** 
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1231
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1232
Rubi [A] (verified)	1233
Maple [F]	1237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1237
Sympy [F(-1)]	1238
Maxima [F(-2)]	1238
Giac [F]	1239
Mupad [F(-1)]	1239
Reduce [F]	1239

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 420

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{bc(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{75d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{4bc(c^2d - 2e)\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{75x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{bc\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{25x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$- \frac{bc^2(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{75d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

$$+ \frac{be(4c^4d^2 - 11c^2de + 15e^2)x\sqrt{d+ex^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{75d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

output

```
-1/75*b*c*(8*c^4*d^2-23*c^2*d*e+23*e^2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-4/75*b*c*(c^2*d-2*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/25*b*c*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/x^4/(-c
^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x^5-1/75*b*c^2*(8*c
^4*d^2-23*c^2*d*e+23*e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c
^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)+1/75*b*e*(4*c^4*d^2-11*c^2*d*e+15*e^2)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*
InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*
x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( -15a(d + ex^2)^2 + bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (23e^2 x^4 + dex^2(11 - 23c^2 x^2)) \right)}{75dx^5} + \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \left( c^2 d(8c^4 d^2 - 23c^2 de + 23e^2) E \left( \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2} x \right) \middle| \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) + (-8c^6 d^3 + 27c^4 d^2 e - 34c^2 d e^2 + 15e^3) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[ \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[ \sqrt{c^2} x \right], e/(c^2 d) \right] \right)}{75 \sqrt{c^2} d \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-15*a*(d + e*x^2)^2 + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(23*e^
2*x^4 + d*e*x^2*(11 - 23*c^2*x^2) + d^2*(3 - 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) - 15*
b*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(75*d*x^5) + ((I/75)*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^
2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(8*c^4*d^2 - 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*Ellipti
cE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)] + (-8*c^6*d^3 + 27*c^4*d^2*e - 34*c^
2*d*e^2 + 15*e^3)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)))/(Sqrt[c^2
]*d*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 376, 442, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{5dx^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 376$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}((c^2d-5e)ex^2+4d(c^2d-2e))}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 442$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(4d^2c^4-11dec^2+15e^2)x^2+d(8d^2c^4-23dec^2+23e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{4d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 445$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(4d^2c^4 + (8d^2c^4 - 23dec^2 + 23e^2)x^2c^2 - 11dec^2 + 15e^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{4d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d)}{3x^3} \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{4d^2c^4 + (8d^2c^4 - 23dec^2 + 23e^2)x^2c^2 - 11dec^2 + 15e^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{4d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d)}{3x^3} \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 406

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + (4c^4d^2 - 11c^2de + 15e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 320

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{(4c^4d^2 - 11c^2de + 15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( c^2(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{(4c^4d^2 - 11c^2de + 15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 313

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(4c^4d^2 - 11c^2de + 15e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + c^2(8c^4d^2 - 23c^2de + 23e^2) \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x^5) + (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*x^5) + ((-4*d*(c^2*d - 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (((8*c^4*d^2 - 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(c^2*(8*c^4*d^2 - 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])) + ((4*c^4*d^2 - 11*c^2*d*e + 15*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/3)/5)/(5*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`



rule 376 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_) , x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*(q - 1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*b*c*(p + q))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[p*f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q}, x]`

rule 442 `Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445 `Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$(8bc^8d^3 - 23bc^6d^2e + 23bc^4de^2)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{d}x^5E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d}) - (8bc^8d^3 - (23bc^6 - 4bc^4)d^2e +$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/75*((8*b*c^8*d^3 - 23*b*c^6*d^2*e + 23*b*c^4*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*
x^5*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (8*b*c^8*d^3 - (23*b*c^6
- 4*b*c^4)*d^2*e + (23*b*c^4 - 11*b*c^2)*d*e^2 + 15*b*e^3)*sqrt(-c^2)*sq
r
t(d)*x^5*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + 15*(b*c^2*d*e^2*x^4
+ 2*b*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c^2*d^3)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 +
1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (15*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^4 + 30*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 15
*a*c^2*d^3 - (3*b*c^3*d^3*x + (8*b*c^7*d^3 - 23*b*c^5*d^2*e + 23*b*c^3*d*e
^2)*x^5 - (4*b*c^5*d^3 - 11*b*c^3*d^2*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2
)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^2*x^5)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 - \sqrt{e} a e^2 x^5}{5d}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 - sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**5 + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5 + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*e*x**5)/(5*d*x**5)`

$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1240
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1241
Rubi [A] (verified)	1242
Maple [F]	1246
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Sympy [F(-1)]	1247
Maxima [F(-2)]	1247
Giac [F]	1248
Mupad [F(-1)]	1248
Reduce [F]	1249

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 560

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{bc(240c^6d^3 - 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 + 247e^3) \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3675d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}} \\ & + \frac{bc(120c^4d^2 - 159c^2de - 37e^2) \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3675dx^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\ & - \frac{bc(30c^2d - 11e) \sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{1225dx^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{49dx^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\ & - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} \\ & + \frac{bc^2(240c^6d^3 - 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 + 247e^3) x\sqrt{d+ex^2} E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{3675d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} \\ & - \frac{be(120c^6d^3 - 249c^4d^2e + 71c^2de^2 + 210e^3) x\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{3675d^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/3675*b*c*(240*c^6*d^3-528*c^4*d^2*e+193*c^2*d*e^2+247*e^3)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+1/3675*b*c*(120*c^4*d^2-159*c^2*d*e-37*e^2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/1225*b*c*(30*c^2*d-11*e)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d/x^4/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/49*b*c*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d/x^6/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x^7+2/35*e*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/x^5+1/3675*b*c^2*(240*c^6*d^3-528*c^4*d^2*e+193*c^2*d*e^2+247*e^3)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2), (1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)-1/3675*b*e*(120*c^6*d^3-249*c^4*d^2*e+71*c^2*d*e^2+210*e^3)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x), (1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \left( 105a(5d-2ex^2)(d+ex^2)^2 + bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(247e^3x^6+de^2x^4(-71+193c^2x^2)-3d^2ex^2(61-3675d) \right)}{3675\sqrt{c^2d^2\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}\sqrt{d}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(d+e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a+b*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x])}{x^8}, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3675*(\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x^2]*(105*a*(5*d-2*e*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^2+b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(247*e^3*x^6+d*e^2*x^4*(-71+193*c^2*x^2)-3*d^2*e*x^2*(61-83*c^2*x^2+176*c^4*x^4)+15*d^3*(-5+6*c^2*x^2-8*c^4*x^4+16*c^6*x^6))+105*b*(5*d-2*e*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^2*\text{ArcCsCh}[c*x]))/(d^2*x^7) \\ & -((1/3675)*b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*\text{Sqrt}[1+(e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(240*c^6*d^3-528*c^4*d^2*e+193*c^2*d*e^2+247*e^3)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)]-2*(120*c^8*d^4-324*c^6*d^3*e+221*c^4*d^2*e^2+88*c^2*d*e^3-105*e^4)*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c^2]*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[1+c^2*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 442, 442, 442, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(5d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{35d^2x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(5d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^8\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (e(5dc^2+14e)x^2+d(30c^2d-11e))}{x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{35d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(2e(15d^2c^4-18dec^2-35e^2)x^2+d(120d^2c^4-159dec^2-37e^2))}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(30c^2d-11e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right) \right)}{35d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{5d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(120c^4d^2-159c^2de-37e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(120d^3c^6-249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2+210e^3)x^2+d(240d^3c^6-528d^2ec^4+193d^2e^3)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 445

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( - \int \frac{de(120d^3c^6-249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2+(240d^3c^6-528d^2ec^4+193de^2c^2+247e^3)x^2c^2+210e^3)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(240c^6d^3-528c^4d^2e)}{x} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \int \frac{120d^3c^6-249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2+(240d^3c^6-528d^2ec^4+193de^2c^2+247e^3)x^2c^2+210e^3}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(240c^6d^3-528c^4d^2e)}{x} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 406

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2(240c^6d^3-528c^4d^2e+193c^2de^2+247e^3) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + (120c^6d^3-249c^4d^2e+71c^2de^2+247e^3) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 320

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2(240c^6d^3-528c^4d^2e+193c^2de^2+247e^3) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{(120c^6d^3-249c^4d^2e+71c^2de^2+247e^3)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 388



$$\begin{aligned}
 & bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2 (240c^6 d^3 - 528c^4 d^2 e + 193c^2 d e^2 + 247e^3) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{(120c^6 d^3 - 249c^4 d^2 e + 71c^2 d e^2 + 210e^3) \sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2 d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) + c^2 (240c^6 d^3 - 528c^4 d^2 e + 193c^2 d e^2 + 247e^3) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{313} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} + \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( \frac{(120c^6 d^3 - 249c^4 d^2 e + 71c^2 d e^2 + 210e^3) \sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2 d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) + c^2 (240c^6 d^3 - 528c^4 d^2 e + 193c^2 d e^2 + 247e^3) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x^7) + (2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(35*d^2*x^5) + (b*c*x*((5*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*x^7) + (-1/5*(d*(30*c^2*d - 11*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5 + ((d*(120*c^4*d^2 - 159*c^2*d*e - 37*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + (-(((240*c^6*d^3 - 528*c^4*d^2*e + 193*c^2*d*e^2 + 247*e^3)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x) - e*(c^2*(240*c^6*d^3 - 528*c^4*d^2*e + 193*c^2*d*e^2 + 247*e^3))*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d))]/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))) + ((120*c^6*d^3 - 249*c^4*d^2*e + 71*c^2*d*e^2 + 210*e^3)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/3)/5)/7)/(35*d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`
- rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`
- rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`
- rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q}, x]`
- rule 442 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q_
.)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g^(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a._) + ArcCsch[(c._)*(x._)]*(b._))*((f._)*(x._))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(
x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^(m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{(240 bc^{10} d^4 - 528 bc^8 d^3 e + 193 bc^6 d^2 e^2 + 247 bc^4 d e^3) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{dx^7} E(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3675*((240*b*c^10*d^4 - 528*b*c^8*d^3*e + 193*b*c^6*d^2*e^2 + 247*b*c^4*
d*e^3)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^7*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d))
- (240*b*c^10*d^4 - 24*(22*b*c^8 - 5*b*c^6)*d^3*e + (193*b*c^6 - 249*b*c^4
)*d^2*e^2 + (247*b*c^4 + 71*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + 210*b*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x
^7*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + 105*(2*b*c^2*d*e^3*x^6 -
b*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 8*b*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 - 5*b*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((
c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (210*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^6 - 105
*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 840*a*c^2*d^3*e*x^2 - 525*a*c^2*d^4 + (75*b*c^3*d^4*x
- (240*b*c^9*d^4 - 528*b*c^7*d^3*e + 193*b*c^5*d^2*e^2 + 247*b*c^3*d*e^3)
*x^7 + (120*b*c^7*d^4 - 249*b*c^5*d^3*e + 71*b*c^3*d^2*e^2)*x^5 - 3*(30*b*
c^5*d^4 - 61*b*c^3*d^3*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))*sqrt(e*x^2 +
d))/(c^2*d^3*x^7)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**8,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/x^8, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)
```



**3.139** 
$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1250
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1251
Rubi [A] (verified)	1252
Maple [F]	1257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Sympy [F]	1258
Maxima [F(-2)]	1259
Giac [F]	1259
Mupad [F(-1)]	1259
Reduce [F]	1260

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 329

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{b(19c^2d + 9e) x \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{120c^3e^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx \sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{20ce^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} + \frac{b(45c^4d^2 + 10c^2de + 9e^2) x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{120c^4e^{5/2} \sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{8bcd^{5/2} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{15e^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/120*b*(19*c^2*d+9*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/e^2/(-c^2
*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(
1/2)+d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-2/3*d*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b
*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+1/120*b*(45*
c^4*d^2+10*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2))/c^4/e^(5/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+8/15*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{16a(d + ex^2)(8d^2 - 4dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d + ex^2)(-9ex + c^2(-13dx + 6ex^3))}{c^3}}{c^3} + \frac{b\left(-64c^2d^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{(c^2x^2)}, -\frac{d}{(ex^2)}\right)\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(16*a*(d + e*x^2)*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2
*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*(-9*e*x + c^2*(-13*d*x + 6*e*x^3)))/c^3 + (b*(-64*c^2*d
^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2
))]) + (e*(45*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[
1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -((e*x^2)/d)]/Sqrt[1
+ c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + 16*b*(d + e*x^2)*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*Ar
cCsch[c*x])/(240*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{15e^3x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2118} \\
 & bcx \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{e\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32c^2d^2-e(19dc^2+9e)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2e} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & -\frac{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32c^2d^2 - e(19dc^2+9e)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 171 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d+9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \int \frac{64d^3c^4+e(45d^2c^4+10dec^2+9e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{64d^3c^4+e(45d^2c^4+10dec^2+9e^2)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d+9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 175 \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{64c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(45c^4d^2+10c^2de+9e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d+9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{64c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(45c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(19c^2 d + 9e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(45c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(19c^2 d + 9e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 217

$$bcx \left( \frac{2e(45c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 128c^4 d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(19c^2 d + 9e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - bcx \left( \frac{-128c^4d^{5/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(45c^4d^2+10c^2de+9e^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d+9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \frac{1}{30e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `(d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e^3 - (2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^3) + ((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(5*e^3) - (b*c*x*((-3*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + ((e*(19*c^2*d + 9*e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(45*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 128*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2))/(4*c^2))/(30*e^3*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 171 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 175 `Int((((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2118 `Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expon[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q - 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m + q + p)))*x, x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]`

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{x^2e + d}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1633, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/480*(64*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (45*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 32*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 32*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 64*a*c^5*d^2 + (6*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 - (13*b*c^4*d*e + 9*b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^3), 1/240*(32*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (45*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) + 16*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^5*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 32*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 64*a*c^5*d^2 + (6*b*c^4*e^2*x^3 - (13*b*c^4*d*e + 9*b*c^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^3), 1/480*(128*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^5}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b e^3}{15e^3}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 15*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**3)/(15*e**3)`

**3.140** 
$$\int \frac{x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1261
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1262
Rubi [A] (verified)	1262
Maple [F]	1266
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1266
Sympy [F]	1267
Maxima [F(-2)]	1268
Giac [F]	1268
Mupad [F(-1)]	1268
Reduce [F]	1269

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{b(3c^2d+e)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2e^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2+1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2-1/6*b*(3*c^2*d+e)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2/e^(3/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/3*b*c*d^(3/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bd^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) - be(3c^2d + e) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{12ce^2a}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(4*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))] - b*e*(3*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d] + 2*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)*(-4*a*c*d + b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*a*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*(-2*d + e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(12*c*e^2*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 435, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3e^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 435

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 171

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{4c^2d^2+e(3dc^2+e)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{4c^2d^2+e(3dc^2+e)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 175

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

↓ 104

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{8c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 8c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{-8c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d+e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^2) + ((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^2) + (b*c*x*((e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*Sqrt[e]*(3*c^2*d + e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 8*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^2))/(6*e^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 171 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`
- rule 175 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)^(r_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{x^2e + d}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1341, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(4*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 +
d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((
c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^
4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x
^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^
2)) + e^2) + 8*(b*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^
2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^2*e*x*sqrt((c^2
*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 4*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^2), 1/12*(2*b*c^
3*d^(3/2)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4
*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/
(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*
x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)
))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) + 4*(b*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^3*d)
*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(2
*a*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^2*e*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 4*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(e
*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^2), -1/24*(8*b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*
x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2
*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) - (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c
^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*
x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```



**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right)be^2}{3e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**2)/(3*e**2)`

**3.141** 
$$\int \frac{x \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1270
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1270
Rubi [A] (verified)	1271
Maple [F]	1274
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1274
Sympy [F]	1275
Maxima [F]	1276
Giac [F]	1276
Mupad [F(-1)]	1276
Reduce [F]	1277

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{d}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output (e\*x^2+d)^(1/2)\*(a+b\*arccsch(c\*x))/e+b\*x\*arctan(e^(1/2)\*(-c^2\*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e\*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-c^2\*x^2)^(1/2)+b\*c\*d^(1/2)\*x\*arctan((e\*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2\*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(-c^2\*x^2)^(1/2)

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( a - \frac{bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e(1+c^2 x^2)}{-c^2 d + e}, 1 + c^2 x^2\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2(d+ex^2)}{c^2 d - e}}} + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a - (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, 1, 3/2, (e*(1 + c^2*x^2))/(-c^2*d) + e], 1 + c^2*x^2))/Sqrt[(c^2*(d + e*x^2))/(c^2*d - e)] + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 140, 27, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6854$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 140$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(e\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx^2 + \int\frac{d}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx^2\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(e\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx^2 + d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx^2\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}}dx^2 + 2e\int\frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2}d\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(2d\int\frac{1}{-x^4-d}d\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e\int\frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2}d\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(2e\int\frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2}d\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 2\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bcx\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{e}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} - 2\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)\right)}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e - (b*c*x*((-2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]))/c - 2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*e*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 66  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$
- rule 104  $\text{Int}[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)})/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m + 1) - 1)}/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)}/(c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$
- rule 140  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*d^{(m + n)}*f^p \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m - 1)}/(c + d*x)^m, x] + \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m - 1)}*((e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x)^m)*\text{ExpandToSum}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^{(-p - 1)} - (b*d^{(-p - 1)}*f^p)/(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ || \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -1] \ || \ !(\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -1]))$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_*) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 6854

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -
1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1064, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.88

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*c*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + b*c*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*c + b*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2)/(c*e), 1/4*(4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*c*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + b*c*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*c - 2*b*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e))/(c*e), 1/4*(2*b*c*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*c*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*c + b*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2)/(c*e), 1/2*(b*c*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/e + integrate((c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x) - integrate(((e*log(c) + e)*c^2*x^3 + (c^2*d + e*log(c))*x + (c^2*e*x^3 + e*x)*log(x))/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x) + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) be}{e}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + int((acsch(c*x)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e)/e`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [N/A]	1278
Rubi [N/A]	1279
Maple [N/A]	1279
Fricas [N/A]	1280
Sympy [N/A]	1280
Maxima [F(-2)]	1280
Giac [N/A]	1281
Mupad [N/A]	1281
Reduce [N/A]	1282

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x \sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(x*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx\right) bd}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x),x)*b*d)/d`

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1283
Mathematica [N/A]	1283
Rubi [N/A]	1284
Maple [N/A]	1284
Fricas [N/A]	1285
Sympy [N/A]	1285
Maxima [F(-2)]	1285
Giac [N/A]	1286
Mupad [N/A]	1286
Reduce [N/A]	1287

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + dx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^5 + d*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 31.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^3} dx\right) b}{2d^2 x^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**3),x)*b*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**2*x**2)
```

$$3.144 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1288
Mathematica [N/A]	1288
Rubi [N/A]	1289
Maple [N/A]	1289
Fricas [N/A]	1290
Sympy [N/A]	1290
Maxima [F(-2)]	1290
Giac [N/A]	1291
Mupad [N/A]	1291
Reduce [N/A]	1292

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{x^2e + d}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e x - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right) b e^2}{2e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 2*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**2)/(2*e**2)`

$$3.145 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1293
Mathematica [N/A]	1293
Rubi [N/A]	1294
Maple [N/A]	1294
Fricas [N/A]	1295
Sympy [N/A]	1295
Maxima [F(-2)]	1295
Giac [N/A]	1296
Mupad [N/A]	1296
Reduce [N/A]	1297

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx\right) be}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a + int(acsch(c*x)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e)/e`

**3.146**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1299
Rubi [A] (verified)	1299
Maple [F]	1302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1303
Sympy [F]	1303
Maxima [F(-2)]	1304
Giac [F]	1304
Mupad [F(-1)]	1304
Reduce [F]	1305

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} - \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} + \frac{bex\sqrt{d + ex^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

output

```
-b*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x-b*c^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),
(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)+b*e*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),
(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( -a + bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x - b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{dx} - \frac{bce \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x \right) \middle| \frac{c^2 d}{e} \right)}{d \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(-a + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x) - (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], (c^2*d)/e])/(d*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {6856, 25, 27, 377, 27, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\ & -\frac{bcx \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{dx^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{dx^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 377 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - \int \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 324 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( c^2 \left( - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 320 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( c^2 \left( - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d} \right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 388 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d} \right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 313
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arctan(cx) \middle| 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*x)) + (b*c*x*((Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x - e*(-(c^2*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/(d*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 324 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
a Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[b Int[x^2/(Sqr  
t[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c  
] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 377 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(  
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c  
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)  
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b  
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m  
, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]  
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[  
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -  
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcSch[c_*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(  
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si  
mp[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl  
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,  
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,  
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I  
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-c^2} bc^4 d^{\frac{3}{2}} x E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2} x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} bc^2 d \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right) - (bc^4 d + be) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} x F(a, \dots)}{c^2 d^2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(-c^2)*b*c^4*d^(3/2)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*c^2*d*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (b*c^4*d + b*e)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (b*c^3*d*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - a*c^2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^2*x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a - \sqrt{e} ax + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2} dx \right) b dx}{dx}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a - sqrt(e)*a*x + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2),x)*b*d*x)/(d*x)`

**3.147**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1306
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1307
Rubi [A] (verified)	1307
Maple [F]	1311
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1311
Sympy [F]	1312
Maxima [F(-2)]	1312
Giac [F]	1313
Mupad [F(-1)]	1313
Reduce [F]	1313

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 364

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{bc(2c^2d + 5e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{9d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{9dx^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} + \frac{bc^2(2c^2d + 5e)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}} - \frac{be(c^2d + 6e)x\sqrt{d + ex^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

output

```
1/9*b*c*(2*c^2*d+5*e)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/x^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x^3+2/3*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/x+1/9*b*c^2*(2*c^2*d+5*e)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)-1/9*b*e*(c^2*d+6*e)*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( 3a(d - 2ex^2) + bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (-d + 2c^2 dx^2 + 5ex^2) + 3b(d - 2ex^2) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{9d^2 x^3} - \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \left( c^2 d(2c^2 d + 5e) E \left( \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2 x} \right) \middle| \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) - 2(c^4 d^2 + 2c^2 de - 3e^2) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{c^2 d^2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} \right) \right)}{9\sqrt{c^2 d^2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^4*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/9*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(3*a*(d - 2*e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 5*e*x^2) + 3*b*(d - 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d^2*x^3) - ((I/9)*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(2*c^2*d + 5*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)] - 2*(c^4*d^2 + 2*c^2*d*e - 3*e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)]))/(Sqrt[c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 442, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6856



$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3d^2x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

27

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

442

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(dc^2+6e)x^2+d(2dc^2+5e)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

445

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\int \frac{de((2dc^2+5e)x^2c^2+dc^2+6e)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

27

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \int \frac{(2dc^2+5e)x^2c^2+dc^2+6e}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

406

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2(2c^2d+5e) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + (c^2d+6e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

320

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2(2c^2d + 5e) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{(c^2d+6e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+5e)}{x} \right)}{\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 388 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( c^2(2c^2d + 5e) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{(c^2d+6e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+5e)}{x} \right)}{\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 313 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -e \left( \frac{(c^2d+6e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + c^2(2c^2d + 5e) \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arctan(cx) \middle| 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right)}{\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{ArcSch}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d^2x^3}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcSch[c*x])/(x^4*sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(d*x^3) + (2*e*sqrt[d + e*x^2]
*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/(3*d^2*x) + (b*c*x*((d*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d +
e*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + (-(((2*c^2*d + 5*e)*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/
x) - e*(c^2*(2*c^2*d + 5*e)*((x*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(e*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])) -
(sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*e*sqrt[-1 - c^2
*x^2]*sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])) + ((c^2*d + 6*e)*sqrt[d + e*x^
2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[(d
+ e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))/3)/(3*d^2*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`
- rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`
- rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`
- rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q}, x]`
- rule 442 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^(m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2bc^6d^2 + 5bc^4de)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d}) - (2bc^6d^2 + (5bc^4 + bc^2)de + 6be^2)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d})}{(2bc^6d^2 + 5bc^4de)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d}) - (2bc^6d^2 + (5bc^4 + bc^2)de + 6be^2)\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{dx^3}F(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2d})}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*((2*b*c^6*d^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*e)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^3*elliptic_e(arcsin(
sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (2*b*c^6*d^2 + (5*b*c^4 + b*c^2)*d*e + 6*b*e^2
)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*x^3*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + 3*(
2*b*c^2*d*e*x^2 - b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(
c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (6*a*c^2*d*e*x^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^2 + (b*c^3*d^2*x - (2
*b*c^5*d^2 + 5*b*c^3*d*e)*x^3)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 +
d))/(c^2*d^3*x^3)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**4/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 - 2\sqrt{e} aex^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4} dx \right) b d^2 x^3}{3d^2 x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4),x)*b*d**2*x**3)/(3*d**2*x**3)`

**3.148** 
$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1314
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1315
Rubi [A] (verified)	1315
Maple [F]	1319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Sympy [F(-1)]	1320
Maxima [F(-2)]	1321
Giac [F]	1321
Mupad [F(-1)]	1322
Reduce [F]	1322

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{6ce^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(9c^2d + e)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2e^{5/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{8bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d^2*(a+b
*arccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/
e^3+1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3-1/6*b*(9*c^2*d+e)*x*arctan(
e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2/e^(5/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
-8/3*b*c*d^(3/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/
(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16bd^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) - be(9c^2d + e) \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(16*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -
(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))] - b*e*(9*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4
*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d] +
2*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(b*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2) - 2*a*c*(8*
d^2 + 4*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4) - 2*b*c*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c
*x]))/(12*c*e^3*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-e^2x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{3e^3x\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} +$$

$$\frac{3e^3}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 27



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2 x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{x\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 7282 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2 x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{6e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2118 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(16c^2 d^2 + e(9dc^2 + e)x^2)}{2x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{c^2 e} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{16c^2 d^2 + e(9dc^2 + e)x^2}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{16c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + e(9c^2 d + e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{16c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(9c^2 d + e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{32c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(9c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(9c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 32c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{-32c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(9c^2d+e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```

-((d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - (2*d*sqrt[d + e*x^2]
*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^3 + ((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e
^3) + (b*c*x*((e*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*sqrt[e]*(9
*c^2*d + e)*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c -
32*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/(2*c^
2)))/(6*e^3*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])

```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 175 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2118

```
Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)
*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expo
n[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p +
1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p +
q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m +
n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q
- 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) +
c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m
+ q + p))*x), x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1719, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.71

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*((9*b*c^2*d^2 + b*d*e + (9*b*c^2*d*e + b*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4
*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^4*e*x^
3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2
)) + e^2) + 8*(b*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 8*b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 +
d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 16*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2
+ b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 +
d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c
^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 8*a*c^3*d*e*x^
2 - 16*a*c^3*d^2 + (b*c^2*e^2*x^3 + b*c^2*d*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x
^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*e^4*x^2 + c^3*d*e^3), 1/12*((9*b*c^2*d^2 + b*d
*e + (9*b*c^2*d*e + b*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d
+ e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^
4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)) + 4*(b*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 8*b
*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x
)) + 8*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2
)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2
+ d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 2*(2*a*c^3*e^2
*x^4 - 8*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^3*d^2 + (b*c^2*e^2*x^3 + b*c^2*d*e*x)*sqrt
((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^3*e^4*x^2 + c^3*d*e^3), -1/
24*(32*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade^2x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{3e^3(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**3 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**4*x**2)/(3*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.149** 
$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1323
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1324
Rubi [A] (verified)	1324
Maple [F]	1327
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1327
Sympy [F]	1328
Maxima [F(-2)]	1329
Giac [F]	1329
Mupad [F(-1)]	1329
Reduce [F]	1330

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{d}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)/e^2+b*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-c
^2*x^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d^(1/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)
^(1/2))/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2bd\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) + cx\left(bce\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}}\right)}{2ce^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*d*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))] + c*x*(b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d] + 2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(2*d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c*e^2*x*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 435, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\ & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{e^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 435 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 175 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 \right)}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 66 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 104 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( 4d \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + 2e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( 2e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 4\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \\
& \quad bcx \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{c} - 4\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \frac{\quad}{2e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output 
$$\frac{(d*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(e^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) + (\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/e^2 - (b*c*x*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])/c - 4*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[-1 - c^2*x^2])])))/(2*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*x^2)])}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 66 
$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$$

rule 104 
$$\text{Int}[(((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^m)*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^n))/((e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m+1)-1)}/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)}/(c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$$

rule 175 
$$\text{Int}[(((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^n)*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)^p)*((g_*) + (h_*)(x_*)^q))/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^r), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$$

rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218 
$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 435

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((
e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)
*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs.  $2(136) = 272$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1274, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.96

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*
(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 +
d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 4*(b*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d)
*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(b
*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^
2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sq
rt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(a*c*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d)*sqrt(e*
x^2 + d)/(c*e^3*x^2 + c*d*e^2), -1/2*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2
*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)
/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)) - 2*(b*c*e*x^2 + 2*
b*c*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x))
- (b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^
2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)
*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - 2*(a*c*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d)*sq
rt(e*x^2 + d)/(c*e^3*x^2 + c*d*e^2), 1/4*(4*(b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*a
rctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2
*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) + (b*e*x^2
+ b*d)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2
*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sq
rt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 4*(b*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d)*sqrt(e*x^2...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) bde^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right) bde^2}{e^2(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2 + int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**3*x**2)/(e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.150**  $\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1331
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1331
Rubi [A] (verified)	1332
Maple [F]	1333
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1334
Sympy [F]	1334
Maxima [F]	1335
Giac [F]	1335
Mupad [F(-1)]	1335
Reduce [F]	1336

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

$-(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-b*c*x*\operatorname{arctan}((e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/(-c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/e/(-c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) - 2cx(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2cex\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(x*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]))/(d+e*x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$



output  $(b\sqrt{1 + d/(e*x^2)}*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))]) - 2*c*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(2*c*e*x*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6854

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 354

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 104

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 217

$$-\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]$

output  $-((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})) - (b*c*x*ArcTan[\sqrt{d + e*x^2}]/(\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{-1 - c^2*x^2})))/(\sqrt{d}*e*\sqrt{-(c^2*x^2)})$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6854 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}bd \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad - (bex^2 + bd)\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{(c^2d+ce)x^3+2cdx}{2(c^2dex^4+(c^2d^2+de)x^2+d^2)}\right)}{2(de^2x^2 + d^2e)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*d*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*d - (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e), -1/2*(2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*d*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^2*integrate(x/((c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + (c^2*e*x^2 + e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x) + log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e) + integrate(((e*log(c) - e)*c^2*x^3 - (c^2*d - e*log(c))*x + (c^2*e*x^3 + e*x)*log(x))/((c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x))*b - a/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) bde + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) b}{e(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e + int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**2*x**2)/(e*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1337
Mathematica [N/A]	1337
Rubi [N/A]	1338
Maple [N/A]	1338
Fricas [N/A]	1339
Sympy [N/A]	1339
Maxima [F(-2)]	1339
Giac [N/A]	1340
Mupad [N/A]	1340
Reduce [N/A]	1341

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x (x^2 e + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 74.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**3 + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2)/(d**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1342
Mathematica [N/A]	1342
Rubi [N/A]	1343
Maple [N/A]	1343
Fricas [N/A]	1344
Sympy [F(-1)]	1344
Maxima [F(-2)]	1344
Giac [N/A]	1345
Mupad [N/A]	1345
Reduce [N/A]	1346

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^3 (x^2 e + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^5 + d^2*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 - 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 - 3\sqrt{d}}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**5),x)*b*d**4*x**2 + 2*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**5),x)*b*d**3*e*x**4)/(2*d**3*x**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.153 \quad \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1347
Mathematica [N/A]	1347
Rubi [N/A]	1348
Maple [N/A]	1348
Fricas [N/A]	1349
Sympy [F(-1)]	1349
Maxima [F(-2)]	1349
Giac [N/A]	1350
Mupad [N/A]	1350
Reduce [N/A]	1351

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.04

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{ex^2+d} adex + 4\sqrt{ex^2+d} a e^2 x^3 - 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 - 12\sqrt{e}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*a*d**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*a*d*e*x**2 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**3 + 8*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**4*x**2)/(8*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.154 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1352
Mathematica [N/A]	1352
Rubi [N/A]	1353
Maple [N/A]	1353
Fricas [N/A]	1354
Sympy [N/A]	1354
Maxima [F(-2)]	1354
Giac [N/A]	1355
Mupad [N/A]	1355
Reduce [N/A]	1356

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 38.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.78

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^2 - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) bcd}{e^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*a*d - sqrt(e)*a*e*x**2 + int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2 + int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**3*x**2)/(e**2*(d + e*x**2))
```

**3.155**  $\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1357
Rubi [A] (verified)	1358
Maple [F]	1359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1359
Sympy [F]	1360
Maxima [F]	1360
Giac [F]	1361
Mupad [F(-1)]	1361
Reduce [F]	1361

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bx\sqrt{d + ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM
(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((
e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x), \frac{e}{c^2d})}{\sqrt{-c^2d}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*
x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)]/(Sqrt[-c
^2]*d*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {6846, 27, 320}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6846$$

$$\frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 320$$

$$\frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bx\sqrt{d + ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (b*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 6846 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} bc^2 dx \log\left(\frac{cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right) + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ac^2 dx - (bcx^2 + bd) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} F(\operatorname{arcsch}(cx), \frac{1}{c^2 d^2 ex^2 + c^2 d^3})}{c^2 d^2 ex^2 + c^2 d^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*b*c^2*d*x*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*d*x - (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)))/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d^3)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x) + a*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e x + \sqrt{e} a d + \sqrt{e} a e x^2 + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} \sqrt{ex^2 + d e x^2}} dx \right) b d^2 e + \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b d^2 e}{de (ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*a*d + sqrt(e)*a*e*x**2 + int(acsch(c*x)/  
(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d**2*e + int(acsch(c*x)  
) / (sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2*x**2) / (d*e*(d  
+ e*x**2))`

**3.156** 
$$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1362
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1363
Rubi [A] (verified)	1363
Maple [F]	1366
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1367
Sympy [F(-1)]	1367
Maxima [F(-2)]	1368
Giac [F]	1368
Mupad [F(-1)]	1368
Reduce [F]	1369

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d^2x} - \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{d + ex^2}E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bex\sqrt{d + ex^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(1+c^2x^2)}}}$$

output

```
-b*c*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/x-b*c^2*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x/(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)+2*b*e*x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(c*x),(1-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d/(c^2*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (d + ex^2) - a(d + 2ex^2) - b(d + 2ex^2) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{d^2 x \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \left( c^2 d E \left( \operatorname{iarcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2 x} \right) \middle| \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) + (-c^2 d + 2e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \operatorname{iarcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2 x} \right), \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2) - a*(d + 2*e*x^2) - b*(d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d^2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (I*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)] + (-c^2*d) + 2*e)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)))/(Sqrt[c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {6856, 25, 27, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{2ex^2+d}{d^2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

↓ 25



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+d}{d^2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+d}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{de(c^2x^2+2)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{c^2x^2+2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 406 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( c^2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 320 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( c^2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 388 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 313
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2ex(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + bcx \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + c^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} E(\arctan(cx) | 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - (2*e*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*c*x*((Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(c^2*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)])/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))))/(d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^2 (x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$(bc^4 dex^3 + bc^4 d^2 x) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2} x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) - ((bc^4 de + 2 be^2)x^3 + (bc^4 d^2 + 2 bde)x) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} F$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b*c^4*d*e*x^3 + b*c^4*d^2*x)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - ((b*c^4*d*e + 2*b*e^2)*x^3 + (b*c^4*d^2 + 2*b*d*e)*x)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + (2*b*c^2*d*e*x^2 + b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (2*a*c^2*d*e*x^2 + a*c^2*d^2 - (b*c^3*d*e*x^3 + b*c^3*d^2*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^3*e*x^3 + c^2*d^4*x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 - 2\sqrt{e} adx - 2\sqrt{e} aex^3 + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \right)}{d^2 x (ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d*x - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**4),x)*b*d**3*x + int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e*x**3)/(d**2*x*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.157** 
$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1370
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1371
Maple [F]	1375
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1376
Sympy [F(-1)]	1377
Maxima [F(-2)]	1377
Giac [F]	1377
Mupad [F(-1)]	1378
Reduce [F]	1378

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcdx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{3(c^2d - e)e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{8bc\sqrt{dx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*b*c*d*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*d^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^3+b*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+8/3*b*c*d^(1/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2bcde\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)}{c^2d-e} + 2a(8d^2 + 12dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + \frac{bc(d+ex^2)}{e^3} \left( -\frac{8d\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}}{e^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*b*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2))/(c^2*d - e) + 2*a*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (b*c*(d + e*x^2)*((-8*d*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))])/c^2 + (3*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(c^2*x^2), -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))/x + 2*b*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(6*e^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 7282, 2117, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6856

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{3e^3x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 7282 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 2117 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{d(c^2d-e)(3ex^2+8d)}{2x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d(c^2d-e)} - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{3ex^2+8d}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 175 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( 3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 8d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 66 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( 8d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 6e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4-c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 104
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( 6e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + 16d \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d - e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 6e \int \frac{1}{-ex^4 - c^2} d \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 16\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}} \right) - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d - e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{d^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{6\sqrt{e} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{c} - 16\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}} \right) - \frac{2de\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}}{(c^2d - e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(d^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/e^3 - (b*c*x*((-2*d*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (6*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c - 16*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])]))/(6*e^3*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 175 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2117

```
Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Px, a + b*x, x],
R = PolynomialRemainder[Px, a + b*x, x]}, Simp[b*R*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c +
d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Si
mp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*
(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)*Qx + a*d*f*R*(m + 1)
) - b*R*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*R*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x]
, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, -
1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x] u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

## Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 589 vs.  $2(213) = 426$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2421, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.65

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*(b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e + c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + (c^4*d + c^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + e^2) + 4*(8*b*c^3*d^3 - 8*b*c*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(b*c^3*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 8*(b*c^3*d^3 - b*c*d^2*e + (b*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 - 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(8*a*c^3*d^3 - 8*a*c*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^3*d*e^2 - a*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(a*c^3*d^2*e - a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c^2*d^2*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*d^3*e^3 - c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d*e^5 - c*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(c^3*d^2*e^4 - c*d*e^5)*x^2), -1/6*(3*(b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + (c^2*d + e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^2 + d*e) - 2*(8*b*c^3*d^3 - 8*b*c*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(b*c^3*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - 4*(b*c^3*d^3 - b*c*d^2*e + (b*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2 + 12\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2 + 2}\right)}{d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3 + 6*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**5*x**4)/(3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.158** 
$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1379
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1380
Rubi [A] (verified)	1380
Maple [F]	1383
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1383
Sympy [F(-1)]	1384
Maxima [F]	1384
Giac [F]	1385
Mupad [F(-1)]	1385
Reduce [F]	1385

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bcx\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{3(c^2d - e)e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{de^2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*c*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
+1/3*d*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^
2+d)^(1/2)-2/3*b*c*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d^
(1/2)/e^2/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{bce\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)}{c^2d-e} + a(2d+3ex^2) - \frac{b\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}(d+ex^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{cx} + b(2d+3ex^2) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2))/(c^2*d - e) + a*(2*d + 3
*e*x^2) - (b*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/
(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))])/(c*x) + b*(2*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e^2*(d
+ e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 435, 169, 27, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{6856}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{3ex^2+2d}{3e^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 435 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 169 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{d(c^2d-e)}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d(c^2d-e)} - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& -\frac{a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*c*x*((-2*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (4*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[d]))/(6*e^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 169 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :=> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs.  $2(143) = 286$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/6*(2*(2*b*c^2*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e*
x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (b*c^2*d^3 +
(b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt
(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3
*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x
^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 2*(2*a*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e - a*d*e^2
)*x^2 + (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(
e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^4*e^2 - d^3*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^4 - d*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d
^3*e^3 - d^2*e^4)*x^2), -1/3*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d
^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x
^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d
*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) + (2*b*c^2*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^2
*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x
^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (2*a*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e - a*d*e^2)*x^2
+ (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2
+ d))/(c^2*d^4*e^2 - d^3*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^4 - d*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e^3
- d^2*e^4)*x^2)]

```

## Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{bsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output 
$$-1/3*a*(3*x^2/((e*x^2 + d)^{(3/2)}*e) + 2*d/((e*x^2 + d)^{(3/2)}*e^2)) + b*\text{integrate}(x^3*\log(\text{sqrt}(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \text{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{integrate}(x^3*(a+b*\text{arccsch}(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)},x, \text{algorithm}="giac")$$

output 
$$\text{integrate}((b*\text{arccsch}(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \text{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((x^3*(a + b*\text{asinh}(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)},x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((x^3*(a + b*\text{asinh}(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad - 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + 3\left(\int \frac{\text{acsch}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}dex^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^4}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input 
$$\text{int}(x^3*(a+b*\text{acsch}(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)},x)$$

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**2 + 6*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**4)/(3*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

**3.159** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1387
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1387
Rubi [A] (verified)	1388
Maple [F]	1390
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1390
Sympy [F(-1)]	1391
Maxima [F]	1391
Giac [F]	1392
Mupad [F(-1)]	1392
Reduce [F]	1392

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcx\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}{3d(c^2d-e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{3d^{3/2}e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3}bcx(-c^2x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c^2d-e)/(-c^2x^2)^{(1/2)}/(ex^2+d)^{(1/2)} - \frac{1}{3}(a+b\operatorname{arccsch}(cx))/e/(ex^2+d)^{(3/2)} - \frac{1}{3}bcx\arctan((ex^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(-c^2x^2-1)^{(1/2)})/d^{(3/2)}/e/(-c^2x^2)^{(1/2)}$$

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a}{e} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)}{d(c^2d-e)} + \frac{b\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}(d+ex^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{cdeax}}{6(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{e}$$



input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*a)/e + (2*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2))/(d*(c^2*d - e)) + (b*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, -(1/(c^2*x^2)), -(d/(e*x^2))])/(c*d*e*x) - (2*b*ArcCsch[c*x])/e)/(6*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {6854, 354, 107, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 6854 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 354 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 107 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d} + \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 104 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}}{d} + \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 217
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (b*c*x*((2*e*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(d*(c^2*d - e)*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])])/d^(3/2)))/(6*e*sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 107 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(m + 1) + b*c*f*(n + 1) + b*d*e*(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + n + p + 3], 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || SumSimplerQ[m, 1])`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`



output

```

[-1/12*(4*(b*c^2*d^3 - b*d^2*e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*log(((c^4*d^2 + 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 + 8*(c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + 4*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(a*c^2*d^3 - a*d^2*e - (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d^5*e - d^4*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 - d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 - d^3*e^3)*x^2), -1/6*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*x^4 - b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(1/2*((c^3*d + c*e)*x^3 + 2*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 + d*e)*x^2 + d^2)) + 2*(b*c^2*d^3 - b*d^2*e)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + 2*(a*c^2*d^3 - a*d^2*e - (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d^5*e - d^4*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 - d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 - d^3*e^3)*x^2)]

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `b*integrate(x*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x) - 1/3*a/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} de x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} e^2 x^4} dx \right) b d^2 e + 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{3e(e^2 d^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e + 6*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**3*x**4)/(3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

$$3.160 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1394
Mathematica [N/A]	1394
Rubi [N/A]	1395
Maple [N/A]	1395
Fricas [N/A]	1396
Sympy [F(-1)]	1396
Maxima [F(-2)]	1396
Giac [N/A]	1397
Mupad [N/A]	1397
Reduce [N/A]	1398

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x (x^2 e + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**5 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**4*e*x**2 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**3*e**2*x**4)/(3*d**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.161 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1399
Mathematica [N/A]	1399
Rubi [N/A]	1400
Maple [N/A]	1400
Fricas [N/A]	1401
Sympy [F(-1)]	1401
Maxima [F(-2)]	1401
Giac [N/A]	1402
Mupad [N/A]	1402
Reduce [N/A]	1403

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^3 (x^2 e + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^9 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^5 + d^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsch(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.74

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 - 20\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 - 15\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 - 15\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 30*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 30*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**3*x**6 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**6*x**2 + 12*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**5*e*x**4 + 6*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**4*e**2*x**6)/(6*d**4*x**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`



$$3.162 \quad \int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1404
Mathematica [N/A]	1404
Rubi [N/A]	1405
Maple [N/A]	1405
Fricas [N/A]	1406
Sympy [F(-1)]	1406
Maxima [F(-2)]	1406
Giac [N/A]	1407
Mupad [N/A]	1407
Reduce [N/A]	1408

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^6}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^6*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^6)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^6}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^6/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^6*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^6*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.00

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2ex + 40\sqrt{ex^2+d}ade^2x^3 + 6\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^3x^5 - 30\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^2ex^2 - 30\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2d^2ex^2 - 5\sqrt{e}a^2d^2ex^2 - 10\sqrt{e}a^2d^2ex^2 - 5\sqrt{e}a^2d^2ex^2 + 12\int(\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^6)/(\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2 + 2\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2ex^2 + \sqrt{d+ex^2})e^2x^4, x) * b * d^2e^4 + 24\int((\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^6)/(\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2 + 2\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2ex^2 + \sqrt{d+ex^2})e^2x^4, x) * b * d^5x^2 + 12\int((\operatorname{acsch}(cx)x^6)/(\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2 + 2\sqrt{d+ex^2})d^2ex^2 + \sqrt{d+ex^2})e^2x^4, x) * b * e^6x^4 / (12e^4(d^2 + 2d^2ex^2 + e^2x^4))$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`output `(30*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x + 40*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**3 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**5 - 30*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 - 60*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 30*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*x**4 - 5*sqrt(e)*a*d**3 - 10*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*x**4 + 12*int((acsch(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**4 + 24*int((acsch(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**5*x**2 + 12*int((acsch(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**6*x**4)/(12*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.163 \quad \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1409
Mathematica [N/A]	1409
Rubi [N/A]	1410
Maple [N/A]	1410
Fricas [N/A]	1411
Sympy [F(-1)]	1411
Maxima [F(-2)]	1411
Giac [N/A]	1412
Mupad [N/A]	1412
Reduce [N/A]	1413

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsch(c*x) + a*x^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.61

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2+d} adex - 4\sqrt{ex^2+d} a e^2 x^3 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{e}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3 + 6*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**5*x**4)/(3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.164** 
$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1415
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1415
Maple [F]	1418
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1419
Sympy [F(-1)]	1419
Maxima [F]	1420
Giac [F]	1420
Mupad [F(-1)]	1420
Reduce [F]	1421

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{bcx \sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 1 - \frac{c^2 d}{e}\right)}{3\sqrt{d} (c^2 d - e) \sqrt{e} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d(1+c^2 x^2)}{d+ex^2}} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bcx \sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), 1 - \frac{c^2 d}{e}\right)}{3\sqrt{d} (c^2 d - e) \sqrt{e} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d(1+c^2 x^2)}{d+ex^2}} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/3*b*c*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),(1-c^2*d/e)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(
c^2*d-e)/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*(c^2*x^2+1)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d
)^(1/2)-1/3*b*c*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1
/2)),(1-c^2*d/e)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*(c^2
*x^2+1)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( a(c^2d - e)x + bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d + ex^2) + b(c^2d - e)x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{3d(c^2d - e)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \middle| \frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{3d(c^2d - e) \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(a*(c^2*d - e)*x + b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2) + b*(c^2*d - e)*x*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*d*(c^2*d - e)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], (c^2*d/e)))/(3*d*(c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 373, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$\frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{373} \\
 \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d-e} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{324} \\
 \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \left( -\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d-e} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{320} \\
 \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \left( -\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}}}{c^2d-e} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{388} \\
 \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{-\left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{(-c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d})}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}}}{c^2d-e} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{313}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{c^2x^2+1}}} - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arctan(cx) \middle| 1 - \frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{c^2x^2+1}}} \right) \right)}{c^2d-e} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (b*c*x*(-((x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])) + (-c^2*((x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d))]/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))])))) - (Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))]))/(c^2*d - e))/(3*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 324 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
a Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[b Int[x^2/(Sqr  
t[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c  
] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +  
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e  
*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +  
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,  
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,  
m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]  
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[  
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -  
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 6856 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(  
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si  
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl  
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,  
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,  
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I  
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc^4d^2e - bc^2de^2)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}x^3 \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) - (bc^4de^2x^4 + 2bc^4d^2ex^2 +$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((b*c^4*d^2*e - b*c^2*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^3*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) - (b*c^4*d^2*e*x^4 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c^4*d^3)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + (b*c^4*d^3 + (b*c^4*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^4*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + ((a*c^4*d^2*e - a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + (b*c^3*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^3*d^2*e*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^4*d^5*e - c^2*d^4*e^2 + (c^4*d^3*e^3 - c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^4*e^2 - c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a*(x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e) - x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e)) + b*integrate(x^2*log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^2x^3 + \sqrt{e}ad^2 + 2\sqrt{e}ade^2x^2 + \sqrt{e}ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + sqrt(e)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e**2 + 6*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*int((acsch(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**4)/(3*d*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.165** 
$$\int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1422
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1423
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1423
Maple [F]	1425
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1426
Sympy [F(-1)]	1426
Maxima [F]	1427
Giac [F]	1427
Mupad [F(-1)]	1427
Reduce [F]	1428

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| 1 - \frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{3d^{3/2}(c^2d - e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(1+c^2x^2)}{d+ex^2}}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bc(3c^2d - 2e)x\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), 1 - \frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{3d^{3/2}(c^2d - e)\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(1+c^2x^2)}{d+ex^2}}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/d^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*b*c*e^(1/2)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2),(1-c^2*d/e)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*(c^2*x^2+1)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*c*(3*c^2*d-2*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2)),(1-c^2*d/e)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d-e)/e^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*(c^2*x^2+1)/(e*x^2+d))^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( -bce \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x(d + ex^2) + a(c^2 d - e)(3d + 2ex^2) + b(c^2 d - e)(3d + 2ex^2) \right)}{3d^2 (c^2 d - e) (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \left( c^2 d E \left( \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2} x \right) \middle| \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) + 2(c^2 d - e) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \sqrt{c^2} x \right), \frac{e}{c^2 d} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2 d^2} (c^2 d - e) \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(-(b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)) + a*(c^2*d - e)*(3*d + 2*
e*x^2) + b*(c^2*d - e)*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*d^2*(c^2*d - e)*(
d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((I/3)*b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]
*(c^2*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)] + 2*(c^2*d - e)*Ellip
ticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[c^2]*x], e/(c^2*d)))/(Sqrt[c^2]*d^2*(c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[
1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {6846, 27, 400, 313, 320}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 6846

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2 + 3d}{3d^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+3d}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 400 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{de \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{c^2d-e} + \frac{(3c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d-e} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 313 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{(3c^2d-2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d-e} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle|1-\frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(c^2x^2+1)}{d+ex^2}}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 320 \\
& \frac{2x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(3c^2d-2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan(cx), 1-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{cd\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(c^2d-e)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d(c^2x^2+1)}}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\middle|1-\frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{(c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}\sqrt{\frac{d(c^2x^2+1)}{d+ex^2}}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (b*c*x*((Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]], 1 - (c^2*d)/e])/((c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))/(d + e*x^2)]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + ((3*c^2*d - 2*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[c*x], 1 - e/(c^2*d)]/(c*d*(c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[(d + e*x^2)/(d*(1 + c^2*x^2))]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 400 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 6846 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[-c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{(x^2e + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc^4 de^2 x^4 + 2bc^4 d^2 ex^2 + bc^4 d^3) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) - (((bc^4 + 3bc^2 d^2 e^2 x^4 + 2bc^4 d^2 ex^2 + bc^4 d^3) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) - (((bc^4 + 3bc^2 d^2 e^2 x^4 + 2bc^4 d^2 ex^2 + bc^4 d^3) \sqrt{-c^2} \sqrt{d} E(\arcsin(\sqrt{-c^2}x) \mid \frac{e}{c^2 d}) - \dots$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((b*c^4*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c^4*d^3)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) - (((b*c^4 + 3*b*c^2)*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + (b*c^4 + 3*b*c^2)*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 2*((b*c^4 + 3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2)*sqrt(d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c^2)*x), e/(c^2*d)) + (2*(b*c^4*d^2*e - b*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^4*d^3 - b*c^2*d^2*e)*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (2*(a*c^4*d^2*e - a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^4*d^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e)*x - (b*c^3*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^3*d^2*e*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^4*d^6 - c^2*d^5*e + (c^4*d^4*e^2 - c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e - c^2*d^4*e^2)*x^2)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*(2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} adex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 - 2\sqrt{e} a d^2 - 4\sqrt{e} a d e x^2 - 2\sqrt{e} a e^2 x^4 + 3 \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*a*d*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**4*e + 6*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 3*int(acsch(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3*x**4)/(3*d**2*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

### 3.166 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 596

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{be^2(e^2(15 + 8m + m^2)^2 - 3c^2de(3 + m)^2(42 + 13m + m^2) + 3c^4d^2(840 + 638m + 179m^2 + 22m^3 + m^4))}{c^5 f(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{be^2(e(5 + m)^2 - 3c^2d(42 + 13m + m^2))x(fx)^{3+m}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c^3 f^3(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be^3x(fx)^{5+m}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{cf^5(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^3(fx)^{1+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(1 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{3+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3de^2(fx)^{5+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(5 + m)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{7+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(7 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{b\left(\frac{c^6d^3(2+m)(4+m)(6+m)}{1+m} - \frac{e(1+m)(e^2(15+8m+m^2)^2 - 3c^2de(3+m)^2(42+13m+m^2) + 3c^4d^2(840+638m+179m^2+22m^3+m^4))}{(3+m)(5+m)(7+m)}\right)}{c^5 f(1 + m)(2 + m)(4 + m)(6 + m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-}}$$

output

```

b*e*(e^2*(m^2+8*m+15)^2-3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(m^2+13*m+42)+3*c^4*d^2*(m^4+22*
m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/f/(2+m)/(3+m)
/(4+m)/(5+m)/(6+m)/(7+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-b*e^2*(e*(5+m)^2-3*c^2*d*(m^2+13
*m+42))*x*(f*x)^(3+m)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/f^3/(4+m)/(5+m)/(6+m)/(7+m)/(
-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*e^3*x*(f*x)^(5+m)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/f^5/(6+m)/(7+m)/(
-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^3*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f/(1+m)+3*d^2*e*(f*x)^(
3+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+3*d*e^2*(f*x)^(5+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f
^5/(5+m)+e^3*(f*x)^(7+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f^7/(7+m)-b*(c^6*d^3*(2+m)*(4+
m)*(6+m)/(1+m)-e*(1+m)*(e^2*(m^2+8*m+15)^2-3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(m^2+13*m+42)
+3*c^4*d^2*(m^4+22*m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840))/(3+m)/(5+m)/(7+m))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)
)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], -c^2*x^2)/c^5/f
/(1+m)/(2+m)/(4+m)/(6+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
&= x(fx)^m \left( \frac{ad^3}{1+m} + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{3+m} + \frac{3ade^2x^4}{5+m} + \frac{ae^3x^6}{7+m} + \frac{bd^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{1+m} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{3bd^2ex^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{3+m} + \frac{3bde^2x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{5+m} + \frac{be^3x^6 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{7+m} \\
&\quad + \frac{bcd^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bcd^2e \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(3+m)^2 \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bcde^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(5+m)^2 \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{bce^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^7 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, \frac{9+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(7+m)^2 \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

x*(f*x)^m*((a*d^3)/(1 + m) + (3*a*d^2*e*x^2)/(3 + m) + (3*a*d*e^2*x^4)/(5
+ m) + (a*e^3*x^6)/(7 + m) + (b*d^3*ArcCsch[c*x])/(1 + m) + (3*b*d^2*e*x^2
*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3 + m) + (3*b*d*e^2*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/(5 + m) + (b*e^3*x^6
*ArcCsch[c*x])/(7 + m) + (b*c*d^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F
1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/((1 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) +
(3*b*c*d^2*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (
5 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/((3 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) + (3*b*c*d*e^2*Sqrt[1
+ 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + m)/2, (7 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2
)]/((5 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) + (b*c*e^3*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^7*Hyp
ergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + m)/2, (9 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/((7 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 +
c^2*x^2]))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {6856, 2340, 25, 1590, 25, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^3 (fx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 6856$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{e^3 x^6}{m+7} + \frac{3de^2 x^4}{m+5} + \frac{3d^2 ex^2}{m+3} + \frac{d^3}{m+1} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} + \frac{d^3 (fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{3d^2 e (fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} +$$

$$\frac{e^3 (fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

$$\downarrow 2340$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int -\frac{(fx)^m \left( -\frac{e^2(e(m+5)^2-3c^2d(m^2+13m+42))x^4}{(m+5)(m+7)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e(m+6)x^2}{m+3} + \frac{c^2d^3(m+6)}{m+1} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{c^2(m+6)} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+5}}{c^2f^5(m+6)(m+7)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 25

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fx)^m \left( -\frac{e^2(e(m+5)^2-3c^2d(m^2+13m+42))x^4}{(m+5)(m+7)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e(m+6)x^2}{m+3} + \frac{c^2d^3(m+6)}{m+1} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{c^2(m+6)} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+5}}{c^2f^5(m+6)(m+7)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 1590

$$bcx \left( \frac{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+3} (e(m+5)^2-3c^2d(m^2+13m+42))}{c^2f^3(m+4)(m+5)(m+7)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{d^3(m+4)(m+6)c^4}{m+1} + \frac{e(3d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840)c^4-3de(m+3)^2}{(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx}{c^2(m+6)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 25

$$bcx \left( \frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{d^3(m+4)(m+6)c^4}{m+1} + \frac{e \left( 3d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840)c^4 - 3de(m+3)^2(m^2+13m+42)c^2 + e^2(m^2+8m+15)^2 \right) x^2}{(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right)}{\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}}{c^2(m+4)}} dx + \frac{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{c^2(m+6)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

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$$bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{c^4d^3(m+4)(m+6)}{m+1} - \frac{e(m+1) \left( 3c^4d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840) - 3c^2de(m+3)^2(m^2+13m+42) + e^2(m^2+8m+15)^2 \right)}{c^2(m+2)(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}{c^2(m+4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

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$$bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \frac{c^4d^3(m+4)(m+6)}{m+1} - \frac{e(m+1) \left( 3c^4d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840) - 3c^2de(m+3)^2(m^2+13m+42) + e^2(m^2+8m+15)^2 \right)}{c^2(m+2)(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{c^2(m+4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \\
 & \frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)} - \\
 bcx & \left( \frac{e^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+3} (e(m+5)^2 - 3c^2d(m^2+13m+42))}{c^2f^3(m+4)(m+5)(m+7)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(fx)^{m+1} \left( \frac{c^4d^3(m+4)(m+6)}{m+1} - \frac{e^{(m+1)}(3c^4d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840))}{c^2(m+2)(m+3)(m+4)(m+5)(m+6)(m+7)} \right)}{f(m+1)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

```
output (d^3*(f*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f*(1 + m)) + (3*d^2*e*(f*x)^(3 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^3*(3 + m)) + (3*d*e^2*(f*x)^(5 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^5*(5 + m)) + (e^3*(f*x)^(7 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^7*(7 + m)) - (b*c*x*(-((e^3*(f*x)^(5 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f^5*(6 + m)*(7 + m))) + ((e^2*(e*(5 + m)^2 - 3*c^2*d*(42 + 13*m + m^2))*(f*x)^(3 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f^3*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(7 + m)) + (-((e*(e^2*(15 + 8*m + m^2)^2 - 3*c^2*d*e*(3 + m)^2*(42 + 13*m + m^2) + 3*c^4*d^2*(840 + 638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(5 + m)*(7 + m))) + (((c^4*d^3*(4 + m)*(6 + m))/(1 + m) - (e*(1 + m)*(e^2*(15 + 8*m + m^2)^2 - 3*c^2*d*e*(3 + m)^2*(42 + 13*m + m^2) + 3*c^4*d^2*(840 + 638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4)))/(c^2*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(5 + m)*(7 + m)))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/(f*(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*(4 + m)))/(c^2*(6 + m)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)]
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_-), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 278  $\text{Int}[\text{((c\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^2)^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{p}} * \text{((c*x)}^{\text{m} + 1} / \text{(c*(m} + 1))} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{p}, (\text{m} + 1)/2, (\text{m} + 1)/2 + 1, (-\text{b})*(x^2/\text{a})], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 279  $\text{Int}[\text{((c\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^2)^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{IntPart}[\text{p}]} * \text{((a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]} / \text{(1} + \text{b*(x}^2/\text{a})}^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(1} + \text{b*(x}^2/\text{a})}^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[\text{((e\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^2)^{\text{(p\_)}* \text{((c\_)} + \text{(d\_)*(x\_)}^2)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d*(e*x)}^{\text{m} + 1} * \text{((a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / \text{(b*e*(m} + 2*\text{p} + 3))}, \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{(a*d*(m} + 1) - \text{b*c*(m} + 2*\text{p} + 3)} / \text{(b*(m} + 2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{(e*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b*c} - \text{a*d}, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 1590  $\text{Int}[\text{((f\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((d\_)} + \text{(e\_)*(x\_)}^2)^{\text{(q\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^2 + \text{(c\_)*(x\_)}^4)^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^{\text{p}} * \text{(f*x)}^{\text{m} + 4*\text{p} - 1} * \text{((d} + \text{e*x}^2)^{\text{q} + 1} / \text{(e*f}^{\text{4*p} - 1} * \text{(m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1))}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{1}/\text{(e*(m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{(f*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(d} + \text{e*x}^2)^{\text{q}} * \text{ExpandToSum}[\text{e*(m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1) * \text{((a} + \text{b*x}^2 + \text{c*x}^4)^{\text{p}} - \text{c}^{\text{p}} * \text{x}^{\text{4*p}}) - \text{d*c}^{\text{p}} * \text{(m} + 4*\text{p} - 1) * \text{x}^{\text{4*p} - 2}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a*c}, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1, 0]$
- rule 2340  $\text{Int}[\text{(Pq\_)*((c\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^2)^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Expon}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}], \text{f} = \text{Coeff}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}, \text{Expon}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}]]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{f*(c*x)}^{\text{m} + \text{q} - 1} * \text{((a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / \text{(b*c}^{\text{q} - 1} * \text{(m} + \text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1))}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{1}/\text{(b*(m} + \text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p}} * \text{ExpandToSum}[\text{b*(m} + \text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1) * \text{Pq} - \text{b*f*(m} + \text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1) * \text{x}^{\text{q}} - \text{a*f*(m} + \text{q} - 1) * \text{x}^{\text{q} - 2}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + \text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}] \&\& (\text{!IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \mid \mid \text{IGtQ}[\text{p} + 1/2, -1])$



rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (x^2e + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*e^3*x^6 + 3*a*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*a*d^2*e*x^2 + a*d^3 + (b*e^3*x^6 +
3*b*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*b*d^2*e*x^2 + b*d^3)*arccsch(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

a*e^3*f^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 3*a*d*e^2*f^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 3*a*d^2*e*f^m*
x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d^3/(f*(m + 1)) - (((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m
+ 15)*b*e^3*f^m*x^7 + 3*(m^3 + 11*m^2 + 31*m + 21)*b*d*e^2*f^m*x^5 + 3*(m^
3 + 13*m^2 + 47*m + 35)*b*d^2*e*f^m*x^3 + (m^3 + 15*m^2 + 71*m + 105)*b*d^
3*f^m*x)*x^m*log(x) - ((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*b*e^3*f^m*x^7 + 3*(m^3 +
11*m^2 + 31*m + 21)*b*d*e^2*f^m*x^5 + 3*(m^3 + 13*m^2 + 47*m + 35)*b*d^2*e
*f^m*x^3 + (m^3 + 15*m^2 + 71*m + 105)*b*d^3*f^m*x)*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 +
1) + 1))/(m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105) + integrate(((m^3 + 9*m^2
+ 23*m + 15)*b*c^2*e^3*f^m*x^8 + 3*(m^3 + 11*m^2 + 31*m + 21)*b*c^2*d*e^2*
f^m*x^6 + 3*(m^3 + 13*m^2 + 47*m + 35)*b*c^2*d^2*e*f^m*x^4 + (m^3 + 15*m^2
+ 71*m + 105)*b*c^2*d^3*f^m*x^2)*x^m/((m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 10
5)*c^2*x^2 + m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + ((m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105
)*c^2*x^2 + m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 176*m
+ 105), x) - integrate(((m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*b*c^2*e^3*f
^m*x^8*log(c) + (3*(m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*c^2*d*e^2*f^m*log
(c) + (m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*e^3*f^m*log(c) - (m^3 + 9*m^2
+ 23*m + 15)*e^3*f^m)*b*x^6 + 3*((m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*c^2
*d^2*e*f^m*log(c) + (m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 105)*d*e^2*f^m*log(c)
- (m^3 + 11*m^2 + 31*m + 21)*d*e^2*f^m)*b*x^4 + ((m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 +
176*m + 105)*c^2*d^3*f^m*log(c) + 3*(m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 176*m + 1...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^3 (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2+d)^3 \left(a+b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^3 (a+bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(f**m*(x**m*a*d**3*m**3*x + 15*x**m*a*d**3*m**2*x + 71*x**m*a*d**3*m*x + 105*x**m*a*d**3*x + 3*x**m*a*d**2*e*m**3*x**3 + 39*x**m*a*d**2*e*m**2*x**3 + 141*x**m*a*d**2*e*m*x**3 + 105*x**m*a*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*x**m*a*d*e**2*m**3*x**5 + 33*x**m*a*d*e**2*m**2*x**5 + 93*x**m*a*d*e**2*m*x**5 + 63*x**m*a*d*e**2*x**5 + x**m*a*e**3*m**3*x**7 + 9*x**m*a*e**3*m**2*x**7 + 23*x**m*a*e**3*m*x**7 + 15*x**m*a*e**3*x**7 + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**4 + 16*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**3 + 86*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**2 + 176*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m + 105*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3 + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**4 + 48*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**3 + 258*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**2 + 528*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m + 315*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2 + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**4 + 48*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**3 + 258*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**2 + 528*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m + 315*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e + int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**4 + 16*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**3 + 86*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**2 + 176*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m + 105*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**3))/(m**4 + 16*m**3 + 86*m**2 + 176*m + 105)`

### 3.167 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1440
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1441
Rubi [A] (verified)	1441
Maple [F]	1445
Fricas [F]	1445
Sympy [F]	1446
Maxima [F]	1446
Giac [F]	1447
Mupad [F(-1)]	1447
Reduce [F]	1447

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 379

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{be(e(3+m)^2 - 2c^2d(20 + 9m + m^2))x(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{c^3f(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x(fx)^{3+m}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{cf^3(4+m)(5+m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(fx)^{1+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2de(fx)^{3+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3+m)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{5+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(5+m)}$$

$$- \frac{b(c^4d^2(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m) + e(1+m)^2(e(3+m)^2 - 2c^2d(20 + 9m + m^2)))x(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c^3f(1+m)^2(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1}}$$

output

```
-b*e*(e*(3+m)^2-2*c^2*d*(m^2+9*m+20))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3
/f/(2+m)/(3+m)/(4+m)/(5+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*e^2*x*(f*x)^(3+m)*(-c^2*x^2-
1)^(1/2)/c/f^3/(4+m)/(5+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c
*x))/f/(1+m)+2*d*e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+e^2*(f*x)^(5+m
)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f^5/(5+m)-b*(c^4*d^2*(2+m)*(3+m)*(4+m)*(5+m)+e*(1+m)^
2*(e*(3+m)^2-2*c^2*d*(m^2+9*m+20))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hyperge
om([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],-c^2*x^2)/c^3/f/(1+m)^2/(2+m)/(3+m)/(4+m)
/(5+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= x(fx)^m \left( \frac{ad^2}{1+m} + \frac{2adex^2}{3+m} + \frac{ae^2x^4}{5+m} + \frac{bd^2csch^{-1}(cx)}{1+m} + \frac{2bdex^2csch^{-1}(cx)}{3+m} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x^4csch^{-1}(cx)}{5+m} + \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bcde\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(3+m)^2\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}$$

$$\left. + \frac{bce^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(5+m)^2\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `x*(f*x)^m*((a*d^2)/(1+m) + (2*a*d*e*x^2)/(3+m) + (a*e^2*x^4)/(5+m) + (b*d^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(1+m) + (2*b*d*e*x^2*ArcCsch[c*x])/(3+m) + (b*e^2*x^4*ArcCsch[c*x])/(5+m) + (b*c*d^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/((1+m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) + (2*b*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3+m)/2, (5+m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/((3+m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) + (b*c*e^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5+m)/2, (7+m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/((5+m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 1590, 25, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2)^2 (fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6856} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e^2(m+1)(m+3)x^4 + 2de(m+1)(m+5)x^2 + d^2(m+3)(m+5))}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \, dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e^2(m+1)(m+3)x^4 + 2de(m+1)(m+5)x^2 + d^2(m+3)(m+5))}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \, dx}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1590} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( - \frac{\int - \frac{(fx)^m (c^2 d^2 (m+3)(m+4)(m+5) - e(m+1)(e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d(m^2 + 9m + 20)))x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \, dx}{c^2(m+4)} - \frac{e^2(m+1)(m+3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+3}}{c^2 f^3(m+4)} \right)}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fx)^m (c^2 d^2 (m+3)(m+4)(m+5) - e(m+1)(e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d(m^2 + 9m + 20)))x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \, dx}{c^2(m+4)} - \frac{e^2(m+1)(m+3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+3}}{c^2 f^3(m+4)} \right)}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( c^4 d^2 (m+3)(m+4)(m+5) + \frac{e(m+1)^2 (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d(m^2 + 9m + 20))}{m+2} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} \, dx}{c^2} + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1} (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d(m^2 + 9m + 20))}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 279

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( c^4 d^2 (m+3)(m+4)(m+5) + \frac{e^{(m+1)^2 (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d (m^2 + 9m + 20))}}{m+2} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{c^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{e^{(m+1) \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} (fx)^{m+1} (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d (m^2 + 9m + 20))}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15) \sqrt{-c^2x^2} e^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{d^2 (fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{e^{(m+1) \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} (fx)^{m+1} (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d (m^2 + 9m + 20))}{c^2 f(m+2)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} (fx)^{m+1} \left( c^4 d^2 (m+3)(m+4)(m+5) + \frac{e^{(m+1)^2 (e(m+3)^2 - 2c^2 d (m^2 + 9m + 20))}}{m+2} \right)}{c^2 f(m+1) \sqrt{-c^2x^2-1}} \right)$$

$$(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15) \sqrt{-c^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*(f*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f*(1 + m)) + (2*d*e*(f*x)^(3 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^3*(3 + m)) + (e^2*(f*x)^(5 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^5*(5 + m)) - (b*c*x*(-((e^2*(1 + m)*(3 + m)*(f*x)^(3 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f^3*(4 + m))) + ((e*(1 + m)*(e*(3 + m)^2 - 2*c^2*d*(20 + 9*m + m^2))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f*(2 + m)) + ((c^4*d^2*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m) + (e*(1 + m)^2*(e*(3 + m)^2 - 2*c^2*d*(20 + 9*m + m^2))))/(2 + m))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/(c^2*f*(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*(4 + m)))/((15 + 23*m + 9*m^2 + m^3)*Sqrt[-(c^2*x^2)])`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 278  $\text{Int}[((\text{c}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{p}}*((\text{c}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)/(\text{c}*(\text{m} + 1))}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{p}, (\text{m} + 1)/2, (\text{m} + 1)/2 + 1, (-\text{b})*(\text{x}^2/\text{a})], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 279  $\text{Int}[((\text{c}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{IntPart}[\text{p}]}\text{*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}]}} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(1 + \text{b}*(\text{x}^2/\text{a}))^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[((\text{e}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)(\text{x}_)^2)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{e}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*\text{e}*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*\text{d}*(\text{m} + 1) - \text{b}*\text{c}*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 1590  $\text{Int}[((\text{f}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)(\text{x}_)^4)^{(\text{p}_.)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^{\text{p}}*(\text{f}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} + 4*\text{p} - 1)}*((\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(\text{e}*\text{f}^{(4*\text{p} - 1)}*(\text{m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{e}*(\text{m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{f}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{d} + \text{e}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{ExpandToSum}[\text{e}*(\text{m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2 + \text{c}*\text{x}^4)^{\text{p}} - \text{c}^{\text{p}}*\text{x}^{(4*\text{p})}) - \text{d}*\text{c}^{\text{p}}*(\text{m} + 4*\text{p} - 1)*\text{x}^{(4*\text{p} - 2)}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 4*\text{p} + 2*\text{q} + 1, 0]$

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (x^2e + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d
^2)*arccsch(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*e^2*f^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 2*a*d*e*f^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d^2/(f*(m + 1)) - (((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*b*e^2*f^m*x^5 + 2*(m^2 + 6*m + 5)*b*d*e*f^m*x^3 + (m^2 + 8*m + 15)*b*d^2*f^m*x)*x^m*log(x) - ((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*b*e^2*f^m*x^5 + 2*(m^2 + 6*m + 5)*b*d*e*f^m*x^3 + (m^2 + 8*m + 15)*b*d^2*f^m*x)*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15) + integrate(((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*b*c^2*e^2*f^m*x^6 + 2*(m^2 + 6*m + 5)*b*c^2*d*e*f^m*x^4 + (m^2 + 8*m + 15)*b*c^2*d^2*f^m*x^2)*x^m/((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*c^2*x^2 + m^3 + 9*m^2 + ((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*c^2*x^2 + m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 23*m + 15), x) - integrate(((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*b*c^2*e^2*f^m*x^6*log(c) + (2*(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*c^2*d*e*f^m*log(c) + (m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*e^2*f^m*log(c) - (m^2 + 4*m + 3)*e^2*f^m)*b*x^4 + ((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*c^2*d^2*f^m*log(c) + 2*(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*d*e*f^m*log(c) - 2*(m^2 + 6*m + 5)*d*e*f^m)*b*x^2 + ((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*d^2*f^m*log(c) - (m^2 + 8*m + 15)*d^2*f^m)*b)*x^m/((m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*c^2*x^2 + m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{f^m (x^m a d^2 m^2 x + 8x^m a d^2 m x + 15x^m a d^2 x + 2x^m a d e m^2 x^3 + 12x^m a d e m x^3 + 10x^m a d e x^3 + x^m a e^2 m^2 x^3)}{1}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(f**m*(x**m*a*d**2*m**2*x + 8*x**m*a*d**2*m*x + 15*x**m*a*d**2*x + 2*x**m*
a*d*e**m**2*x**3 + 12*x**m*a*d*e**m*x**3 + 10*x**m*a*d*e*x**3 + x**m*a*e**2*
m**2*x**5 + 4*x**m*a*e**2*m*x**5 + 3*x**m*a*e**2*x**5 + int(x**m*acsch(c*x
)*x**4,x)*b**e**2*m**3 + 9*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b**e**2*m**2 + 23*int
(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b**e**2*m + 15*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**4,x)*b**e**2
+ 2*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**m**3 + 18*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x
)*b*d*e**m**2 + 46*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**m + 30*int(x**m*acsch(
c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e + int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**2*m**3 + 9*int(x**m*acsch
(c*x),x)*b*d**2*m**2 + 23*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d**2*m + 15*int(x**m*ac
sch(c*x),x)*b*d**2)))/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15)
```

### 3.168 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1450
Rubi [A] (verified)	1450
Maple [F]	1453
Fricas [F]	1453
Sympy [F]	1454
Maxima [F]	1454
Giac [F]	1455
Mupad [F(-1)]	1455
Reduce [F]	1455

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bex(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}{cf(6 + 5m + m^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{1+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(1 + m)} + \frac{e(fx)^{3+m}(a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3 + m)} + \frac{b(e(1 + m)^2 - c^2d(2 + m)(3 + m))x(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{cf(1 + m)^2(2 + m)(3 + m)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*e*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/f/(m^2+5*m+6)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f/(1+m)+e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+b*(e*(1+m)^2-c^2*d*(2+m)*(3+m))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],-c^2*x^2)/c/f/(1+m)^2/(2+m)/(3+m)/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= x(fx)^m \left( \frac{bcd\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\frac{(3+m)(d(3+m)+e(1+m)x^2)(a+bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{1+m}}{(3+m)^2} + \frac{bce\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, -c^2x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `x*(f*x)^m*((b*c*d*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/((1 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]) + (((3 + m)*(d*(3 + m) + e*(1 + m)*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(1 + m) + (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2])/(3 + m)^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {6856, 27, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (fx)^m (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6856

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e(m+1)x^2 + d(m+3))}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e(m+1)x^2 + d(m+3))}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 363 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( -\left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} - d(m+3) \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}} dx - \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 279 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} - d(m+3) \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 278 \\
 & \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} - \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}(fx)^{m+1} \left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} - d(m+3) \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, -c^2x^2\right) - \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`



output

```
(d*(f*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f*(1 + m)) + (e*(f*x)^(3 + m)*(a +
b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(f^3*(3 + m)) - (b*c*x*(-((e*(1 + m)*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[
-1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f*(2 + m))) - (((e*(1 + m)^2)/(c^2*(2 + m)) - d*(3 + m
))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 +
m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/(f*(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2])))/(3 + 4*m + m^2)*Sqrt[
-(c^2*x^2)]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 278

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((
c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (
-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0
] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 279

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntP
art[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] &&
!(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 363

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))),
x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^
m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 6856

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Si
mp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[(-c^2)*x^2]) Int[Simpl
ifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3,
0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (I
LtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (x^2e + d) (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*e*f^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d/(f*(m + 1)) - ((b*e*f^m*(m + 1)
)*x^3 + b*d*f^m*(m + 3)*x)*x^m*log(x) - (b*e*f^m*(m + 1)*x^3 + b*d*f^m*(m
+ 3)*x)*x^m*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(m^2 + 4*m + 3) + integrate((b*c^2
*e*f^m*(m + 1)*x^4 + b*c^2*d*f^m*(m + 3)*x^2)*x^m/((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*c^2*x^2
+ m^2 + ((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*c^2*x^2 + m^2 + 4*m + 3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 4*m
+ 3), x) - integrate(((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*b*c^2*e*f^m*x^4*log(c) + ((m^2 + 4*
m + 3)*c^2*d*f^m*log(c) + (m^2 + 4*m + 3)*e*f^m*log(c) - e*f^m*(m + 1))*b*
x^2 + ((m^2 + 4*m + 3)*d*f^m*log(c) - d*f^m*(m + 3))*b)*x^m/((m^2 + 4*m +
3)*c^2*x^2 + m^2 + 4*m + 3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{f^m (x^m a d m x + 3 x^m a d x + x^m a e m x^3 + x^m a e x^3 + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx) b e m^2 + 4 (\int x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^2 dx))}{m^2 + 4m + 3}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `(f**m*(x**m*a*d*m*x + 3*x**m*a*d*x + x**m*a*e*m*x**3 + x**m*a*e*x**3 + int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e*m**2 + 4*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e*m + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d*m**2 + 4*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d*m + 3*int(x**m*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d))/(m**2 + 4*m + 3)`

$$3.169 \quad \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1456
Mathematica [N/A]	1456
Rubi [N/A]	1457
Maple [N/A]	1457
Fricas [N/A]	1458
Sympy [N/A]	1458
Maxima [N/A]	1458
Giac [N/A]	1459
Mupad [N/A]	1459
Reduce [N/A]	1460

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{x^2 e + d} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 54.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*arcsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `f**m*(int(x**m/(d + e*x**2),x)*a + int((x**m*acsch(c*x))/(d + e*x**2),x)*b)`

**3.170** 
$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1461
Mathematica [N/A]	1461
Rubi [N/A]	1462
Maple [N/A]	1462
Fricas [N/A]	1463
Sympy [F(-1)]	1463
Maxima [N/A]	1463
Giac [N/A]	1464
Mupad [N/A]	1464
Reduce [N/A]	1464

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2e + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*a + int((x**m*acsch(c*x))/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b)`

### 3.171 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1466
Mathematica [N/A]	1466
Rubi [N/A]	1467
Maple [N/A]	1467
Fricas [N/A]	1468
Sympy [F(-1)]	1468
Maxima [N/A]	1468
Giac [N/A]	1469
Mupad [N/A]	1469
Reduce [N/A]	1470

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left((fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (fx)^m (x^2e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsch(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = f^m \left( \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} acsch(cx) x^2 dx \right) be + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} acsch(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2 dx \right) ae + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx \right) ad \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`output `f**m*(int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x),x)*b*d + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2,x)*a*e + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a*d)`

### 3.172 $\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1471
Mathematica [N/A]	1471
Rubi [N/A]	1472
Maple [N/A]	1472
Fricas [N/A]	1473
Sympy [N/A]	1473
Maxima [N/A]	1473
Giac [N/A]	1474
Mupad [N/A]	1474
Reduce [N/A]	1475

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left((fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + bcsch^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(fx)^m (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(fx)^m (a + b\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{x^2e + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 61.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) \sqrt{d+ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsch(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) dx = f^m \left( \left( \int x^m \sqrt{e x^2 + d} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) dx \right) b + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{e x^2 + d} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsch(c*x)),x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsch(c*x),x)*b + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a)`



$$3.173 \quad \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1476
Mathematica [N/A]	1476
Rubi [N/A]	1477
Maple [N/A]	1477
Fricas [N/A]	1478
Sympy [N/A]	1478
Maxima [N/A]	1478
Giac [N/A]	1479
Mupad [N/A]	1479
Reduce [N/A]	1480

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{x^2 e + d}} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 29.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `f**m*(int(x**m/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a + int((x**m*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b)`

$$3.174 \quad \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1481
Mathematica [N/A]	1481
Rubi [N/A]	1482
Maple [N/A]	1482
Fricas [N/A]	1483
Sympy [F(-1)]	1483
Maxima [N/A]	1483
Giac [N/A]	1484
Mupad [N/A]	1484
Reduce [N/A]	1485

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \operatorname{Int} \left( \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{(x^2 e + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*arcsch(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex^2} dx \right) a \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
f**m*(int(x**m/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*a + int((
x**m*acsch(c*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b)
```

**3.175** 
$$\int \frac{x^{11} \left( a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1486
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1487
Rubi [A] (verified)	1487
Maple [F]	1490
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1491
Sympy [F(-1)]	1491
Maxima [F]	1492
Giac [F(-2)]	1492
Mupad [F(-1)]	1493
Reduce [F]	1493

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 395

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{11} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = & -\frac{4b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{15c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} + \frac{7b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{90c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} \\ & - \frac{13b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{150c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} \\ & + \frac{3b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{70c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} - \frac{b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{9/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{90c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\ & + \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} \\ & - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} \\ & + \frac{4b\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{15c^{13} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x+7/ \\
& 90*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-13/15 \\
& 0*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(5/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x+3/70*b \\
& *(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(7/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-1/90*b*(- \\
& c^2*x^2+1)^{(9/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-1/2*(-c^4*x^ \\
& 4+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/c^{12}+1/3*(-c^4*x^4+1)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x \\
& ))/c^{12}-1/10*(-c^4*x^4+1)^{(5/2)}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x))/c^{12}+4/15*b*(c^2*x^2+1) \\
& ^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/c^{13}/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x
\end{aligned}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \frac{105a\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(8 + 4c^4x^4 + 3c^8x^8) + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(768 - 36c^2x^2 + 78c^4x^4 - 5c^6x^6 + 35c^8x^8)}{1 + c^2x^2} + 105b\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}}{315}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^11*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3150*(105*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(8 + 4*c^4*x^4 + 3*c^8*x^8) + (b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 \\
& + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(768 - 36*c^2*x^2 + 78*c^4*x^4 - 5*c^6 \\
& *x^6 + 35*c^8*x^8))/(1 + c^2*x^2) + 105*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(8 + 4*c^4*x^4 \\
& + 3*c^8*x^8)*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x] + 840*b*\operatorname{Log}[x + c^2*x^3] - 840*b*\operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2*x^ \\
& 2 + c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]])/c^{12}
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 1388, 2331, 2123, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^{11}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{6864} \\
& \frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(3c^8x^8+4c^4x^4+8)}{30c^{12}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} \frac{c}{3c^{12}}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(3c^8x^8+4c^4x^4+8)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{30c^{13}} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(3c^8x^8+4c^4x^4+8)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{30c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3c^8x^8+4c^4x^4+8)}{x} dx}{30c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2331} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3c^8x^8+4c^4x^4+8)}{x^2} dx^2}{60c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2123}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \left( -3c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{7/2} + 9c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{5/2} - 13c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2} + 7c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) dx^2}{60c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} \\
& \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} - \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( -16\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}) + \frac{2}{3}(1-c^2x^2)^{9/2} - \frac{18}{7}(1-c^2x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{26}{5}(1-c^2x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{14}{3}(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2} \right)}{60c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^11*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/c^12 + ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(3*c^12) - ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(10*c^12) - (b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(16*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - (14*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (26*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/5 - (18*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/7 + (2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(9/2))/3 - 16*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/(60*c^13*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_.))^ (p_.)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2123 `Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegersQ[m, n] || IGtQ[m, -2])`

rule 2331 `Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*SubstFor[x^2, Pq, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 6864 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p]) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ! IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^11*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^11*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{105(3bc^{10}x^{10} + 3bc^8x^8 + 4bc^6x^6 + 4bc^4x^4 + 8bc^2x^2 + 8b)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1} \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) + (35bc^9x^9 - 5b^2c^7x^7 + 78b^2c^5x^5 - 36b^2c^3x^3 + 768b^2cx)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2 + 1}{c^2x^2}} - 420(b^2c^2x^2 + b)\log\left(\frac{c^2x^2 + \sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}}{c^2x^2 + 1}\right) + 420(b^2c^2x^2 + b)\log\left(\frac{-c^2x^2 - \sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}}{c^2x^2 + 1}\right) + 105(3a^2c^{10}x^{10} + 3a^2c^8x^8 + 4a^2c^6x^6 + 4a^2c^4x^4 + 8a^2c^2x^2 + 8a^2)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}}{c^{14}x^2 + c^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3150*(105*(3*b*c^10*x^10 + 3*b*c^8*x^8 + 4*b*c^6*x^6 + 4*b*c^4*x^4 + 8*b*c^2*x^2 + 8*b)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (35*b*c^9*x^9 - 5*b*c^7*x^7 + 78*b*c^5*x^5 - 36*b*c^3*x^3 + 768*b*c*x)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 420*(b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log((c^2*x^2 + sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + 420*(b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log(-(c^2*x^2 - sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + 105*(3*a*c^10*x^10 + 3*a*c^8*x^8 + 4*a*c^6*x^6 + 4*a*c^4*x^4 + 8*a*c^2*x^2 + 8*a)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1))/(c^14*x^2 + c^12)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**11*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^{11}}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*a*(3*(-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)/c^12 - 10*(-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^12 + 15*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/c^12) + 1/30*b*((3*c^12*x^12 + c^8*x^8 + 4*c^4*x^4 - 8)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^12) - 30*integrate((x^11*log(c) + x^11*log(x))*e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1/2*log(c*x + 1) - 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)), x) - 30*integrate(1/30*(3*c^10*x^11 - 3*c^8*x^9 + 4*c^6*x^7 - 4*c^4*x^5 + 8*c^2*x^3 - 8*x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^10 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^10, x))`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^11*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^11*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a c^8 x^8 - 4\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a c^4 x^4 - 8\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 30 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^{11}}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^{12}}{30 c^{12}}$$

input `int(x^11*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**8*x**8 - 4*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 30*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsch(c*x)*x**11)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**12)/(30*c**12)`

**3.176**  $\int \frac{x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1494
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1495
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1495
Maple [F]	1498
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1499
Sympy [F(-1)]	1499
Maxima [F]	1500
Giac [F(-2)]	1500
Mupad [F(-1)]	1501
Reduce [F]	1501

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{x^7 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{3c^9 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} + \frac{b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{18c^9 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} - \frac{b(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}}{30c^9 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} + \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{3c^9 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^9/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/18
*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^9/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/30*b*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^9/(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/2*(c^4*x^
4+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c^8+1/6*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x)
)/c^8+1/3*b*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c^9/(1+1/c^2/x^2
)^(1/2)/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{15a\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(2 + c^4 x^4) + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(28 - c^2 x^2 + 3c^4 x^4)}{1 + c^2 x^2} + 15b\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(2 + c^4 x^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + 30}{90c^8}$$

input `Integrate[(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4], x]`

output `-1/90*(15*a*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(2 + c^4*x^4) + (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(28 - c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4))/(1 + c^2*x^2) + 15*b*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(2 + c^4*x^4)*ArcCsch[c*x] + 30*b*Log[x + c^2*x^3] - 30*b*Log[1 + c^2*x^2 + c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]])/c^8`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 7272, 1388, 1579, 517, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

↓ 6864

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(c^4 x^4 + 2)}{6c^8 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{c} + \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(c^4 x^4 + 2)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{6c^9} + \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 7272 \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(c^4x^4+2)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{6c^9x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 1388 \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4x^4+2)}{x} dx}{6c^9x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 1579 \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4x^4+2)}{x^2} dx^2}{12c^9x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 517 \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int -\frac{x^4(c^4x^8-2c^4x^4+3c^4)}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{x^4(c^4x^8-2c^4x^4+3c^4)}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 1584 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \left(-c^4x^8 + c^4x^4 - 2c^4 + \frac{2c^4}{1-x^4}\right) d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2} (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow 2009
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{6c^8}{b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \left( -2c^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) + \frac{c^4 x^{10}}{5} - \frac{c^4 x^6}{3} + 2c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{6c^{13} x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/c^8 + ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/(6*c^8) - (b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(-1/3*(c^4*x^6) + (c^4*x^10)/5 + 2*c^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - 2*c^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/(6*c^13*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 517 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(e^m/d^(m + 2*p + 1)) Subst[Int[x^(2*n + 1)*(-c + x^2)^m*(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 1579 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m + 1)/2]`

rule 1584

```
Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (
c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*
(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[
b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(bc^6 x^6 + bc^4 x^4 + 2bc^2 x^2 + 2b)\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{cx}\right) + (3bc^5 x^5 - bc^3 x^3 + 28bcx)\sqrt{-c^4 x^4}}{-}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/90*(15*(b*c^6*x^6 + b*c^4*x^4 + 2*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*b)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c*x)) + (3*b*c^5*x^5 - b*c^3*x^3 + 28*b*c*x)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 15*(b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log((c^2*x^2 + sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + 15*(b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log(-(c^2*x^2 - sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + 15*(a*c^6*x^6 + a*c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2 + 2*a)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1))/(c^10*x^2 + c^8)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^7}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*((-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^8 - 3*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/c^8) + 1/6*b*((c^8*x^8 + c^4*x^4 - 2)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^8) - 6*integrate((x^7*log(c) + x^7*log(x))*e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1/2*log(c*x + 1) - 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)), x) - 6*integrate(1/6*(c^6*x^7 - c^4*x^5 + 2*c^2*x^3 - 2*x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^6 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^6), x))`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b\operatorname{arcsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(a + b\operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^7*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^7*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1} a c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1} a - 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^7}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^8}{6c^8}$$

input `int(x^7*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(-c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(-c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 6*int((sqrt(-c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsch(c*x)*x**7)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**8)/(6*c**8)`

**3.177** 
$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1502
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1502
Rubi [A] (verified)	1503
Maple [F]	1506
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1506
Sympy [F]	1507
Maxima [F]	1507
Giac [F]	1507
Mupad [F(-1)]	1508
Reduce [F]	1508

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}}{2c^3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}\sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} - \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}}{\sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{2c^3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}$$

output

```
1/2*b*x*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/c^4-1/2*b*x*arctan((-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^3/(-c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}}{1 + c^2 x^2} + b\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx) + b \log(x + c^2 x^3) - b \log(1 + c^2 x^2 + c\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4})}{2c^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcSch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(a*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4] + (b*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4])/(1 + c^2*x^2) + b*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*ArcSch[c*x] + b*Log[x + c^2*x^3] - b*Log[1 + c^2*x^2 + c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]])/c^4`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {6864, 27, 1896, 1388, 243, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{6864} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{2c^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{2c^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1896} \\
 & -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx}{2c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & -\frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x} dx}{2c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x^2} dx^2}{4c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx^2 + 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1-x^4}{c^2-x^2} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} - \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \left( 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}) \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]))/c^4 - (b*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]*(2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/(4*c^5*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 1388  $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(d + e*x^n)^{(p + q)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2\*n] && EqQ[c\*d^2 + a\*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))

rule 1896  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^{(mn_.)})^{(q_.)}((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e^{\text{IntPart}[q]}*((d + e*x^{mn})^{\text{FracPart}[q]}/(1 + d*(1/(x^{mn*e}))^{\text{FracPart}[q]})))/x^{(mn*\text{FracPart}[q])} \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(1 + d*(1/(x^{mn*e}))^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2\*mn] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n2]

rule 6864

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHid
e[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegr
and[v/(x^2*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}bcx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 2\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}(bc^2x^2 + b)\log\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{cx}\right) - (bc^2x^2 + b)\log\left(\frac{c^2x^2+\sqrt{-c^4x^4+1}}{4(c^6x^2 + c^4)}\right)}{4(c^6x^2 + c^4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*b*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*sqrt(-c
^4*x^4 + 1)*(b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log((c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c
*x)) - (b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log((c^2*x^2 + sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2
+ 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + (b*c^2*x^2 + b)*log(-(c^2*x^2 - sqr
t(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 1)/(c^2*x^2 + 1)) + 2*
sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(a*c^2*x^2 + a))/(c^6*x^2 + c^4)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx))}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2 x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsch(c*x))/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*((c^4*x^4 - 1)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^4) - 2*integrate((x^3*log(c) + x^3*log(x))*e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1/2*log(c*x + 1) - 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)), x) - 2*integrate(1/2*(c^2*x^3 - x)/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^2), x) - 1/2*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*a/c^4`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asinh}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsch}(cx) x^3}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^4}{2c^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsch(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 2*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsch(c*x)*x**3)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**4)/(2*c**4)`

$$3.178 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1509
Mathematica [N/A]	1509
Rubi [N/A]	1510
Maple [N/A]	1510
Fricas [N/A]	1511
Sympy [N/A]	1511
Maxima [N/A]	1511
Giac [N/A]	1512
Mupad [N/A]	1512
Reduce [N/A]	1513

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x \sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(c^4*x^5 - x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x*sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1))), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a*(log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) - 1)) + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(sqrt(-(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1))*x), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*x), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{c^4 x^5 - x} dx \right) b + \frac{\log \left( \tan \left( \frac{\operatorname{asin}(c^2 x^2)}{2} \right) \right) a}{2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsch(c*x))/(c**4*x**5 - x),x)*b + log(tan(asin(c**2*x**2)/2))*a)/2
```

$$3.179 \quad \int \frac{a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1514
Mathematica [N/A]	1514
Rubi [N/A]	1515
Maple [N/A]	1515
Fricas [N/A]	1516
Sympy [N/A]	1516
Maxima [N/A]	1516
Giac [N/A]	1517
Mupad [N/A]	1517
Reduce [N/A]	1518

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

↓ 6866

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(c^4*x^9 - x^5), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 101.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2 x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x**5/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsch(c*x))/(x**5*sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1))), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(c^4*log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) + 1) - c^4*log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) - 1) + 2*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/x^4)*a + b*integrate(log(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(sqrt(-(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c*x - 1))*x^5), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arcsch}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsch(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*x^5), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^5*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c*x)))/(x^5*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsch}(cx)}{c^4 x^9 - x^5} dx \right) b x^4 + \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{\operatorname{asin}(c^2 x^2)}{2} \right) \right) a c^4 x^4}{4x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsch(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 4*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsch(c*x))/(
c**4*x**9 - x**5),x)*b*x**4 + log(tan(asin(c**2*x**2)/2))*a*c**4*x**4)/(4*
x**4)
```

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . . 1519  
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS . 1537

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
    If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
    If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                    if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                    see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```



```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "A"," ";
    else
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
      fi;
    fi;
  else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
      print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
  fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```



```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file