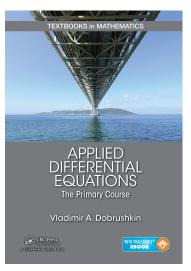
#### A Solution Manual For

# APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015



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#### 1.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [10864]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 1(a).

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - y e^{x+y} (x^2 + 1) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)*exp(x+y(x))*(x^2+1),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$(x^2 - 2x + 3) e^x + \text{Ei}_1(y(x)) + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.568 (sec). Leaf size: 31

 $DSolve[y'[x] == y[x] * Exp[x+y[x]] * (x^2+1), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

 $y(x) \to \text{InverseFunction}[\text{ExpIntegralEi}(-\#1)\&] [e^x((x-2)x+3)+c_1]$  $y(x) \to 0$ 

#### 1.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [10865]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number**: Problem 1(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x^2y' - y^2 - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)=1+y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \tan\left(\frac{c_1 x - 1}{x}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.247 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[x^2\*y'[x]==1+y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \tan\left(\frac{-1+c_1x}{x}\right)$$

$$y(x) \to -i$$

$$y(x) \to i$$

#### 1.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [10866]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number**: Problem 1(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=G(x,y')']

$$y' - \sin\left(xy\right) = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=sin(x\*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[y'[x]==Sin[x\*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Not solved

#### 1.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [10867]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number**: Problem 1(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x(e^y + 4) - e^{x+y}y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(x\*(exp(y(x))+4)=exp(x+y(x))\*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \ln\left(-4 + c_1 e^{-x e^{-x} - e^{-x}}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.201 (sec). Leaf size: 47

DSolve[x\*(Exp[y[x]]+4)==Exp[x+y[x]]\*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \log\left(-4 + e^{-e^{-x}(x+1) + c_1}\right)$$

$$y(x) \to \log(4) + i\pi$$

$$y(x) \to \log(4) + i\pi$$

#### 1.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [10868]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 1(e).

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class C'], \_dAlembert]

$$y' - \cos(x + y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=cos(x+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -x - 2\arctan\left(-x + c_1\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.971 (sec). Leaf size: 59

DSolve[y'[x] == Cos[x+y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -x + 2 \arctan\left(x + \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$$

$$y(x) \to -x + 2\arctan\left(x + \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$$

$$y(x) \to -x - \pi$$

$$y(x) \to \pi - x$$

#### 1.6 problem Problem 1(f)

Internal problem ID [10869]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 1(f).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class G'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$y'x + y - y^2x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{(\ln(x) - c_1)x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.14 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[x\*y'[x]+y[x]==x\*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{-x \log(x) + c_1 x}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

#### 1.7 problem Problem 1(g)

Internal problem ID [10870]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

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Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number**: Problem 1(g).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [' $y=_G(x,y')$ ']

$$y' - t \ln\left(y^{2t}\right) - t^2 = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=t*ln(y(t)^(2*t))+t^2,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.3 (sec). Leaf size: 43

 $DSolve[y'[t] == t*Log[y[t]^(2*t)] + t^2, y[t], t, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(t) \to \text{InverseFunction}\left[\frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\log(\#1) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}}\&\right]\left[\frac{t^3}{3} + c_1\right]$$

$$y(t) o rac{1}{\sqrt{e}}$$

#### 1.8 problem Problem 1(h)

Internal problem ID [10871]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 1(h).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - x e^{-x+y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x*exp(y(x)^2-x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$-(x+1)e^{-x} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(y(x))}{2} + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.8 (sec). Leaf size: 28

DSolve[y'[x] == x\*Exp[y[x]^2-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \text{erf}^{-1} \left( -\frac{2e^{-x}(x - c_1 e^x + 1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)$$

#### 1.9 problem Problem 1(i)

Internal problem ID [10872]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 1(i).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=G(x,y')']

$$y' - \ln\left(xy\right) = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=ln(x\*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[y'[x] == Log[x\*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Not solved

#### 1.10 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [10873]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

Problem number: Problem 2(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x(y+1)^{2} - (x^{2}+1) y e^{y} y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

 $dsolve(x*(y(x)+1)^2=(x^2+1)*y(x)*exp(y(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = -\operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{\mathrm{e}^{-1}}{\frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{2} + c_1}\right) - 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.639 (sec). Leaf size: 33

 $DSolve[x*(y[x]+1)^2==(x^2+1)*y[x]*Exp[y[x]]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions] -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -1 - W\left(-\frac{2}{e\log(x^2 + 1) + 2ec_1}\right)$$
$$y(x) \to -1$$

# 2 Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

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#### 2.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [10874]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler]]

$$y'' + x^2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x} \text{ BesselJ}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{x^2}{2}\right) + c_2 \sqrt{x} \text{ BesselY}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[ $y''[x]+x^2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ ]

$$y(x) \to c_2$$
 Parabolic Cylinder D $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, (-1+i)x\right) + c_1$  Parabolic Cylinder D $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, (1+i)x\right)$ 

#### 2.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [10875]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(b).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' + xy - \sin(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2002

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)+x\*y(x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 156.109 (sec). Leaf size: 2213

DSolve[y'''[x]+x\*y[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Too large to display

#### 2.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [10876]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_

$$y'' + y'y - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 60

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$\int_{-\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2^{\frac{2}{3}}} a^{2} - 4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(2^{\frac{1}{3}} \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(\underline{Z}\right) c_{1}\underline{a} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}\underline{a} \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(\underline{Z}\right) - 2 \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(1,\underline{Z}\right) c_{1} - 2 \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(1,\underline{Z}\right)\right) c_{1} - x - c_{2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.209 (sec). Leaf size: 73

DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]\*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{2^{2/3} \left( c_2 \operatorname{AiryAiPrime}\left(\frac{x - c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \operatorname{AiryBiPrime}\left(\frac{x - c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) \right)}{c_2 \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(\frac{x - c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(\frac{x - c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right)}$$

#### 2.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [10877]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(d).

ODE order: 5. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ high order, missing y]]

$$y^{(5)} - y'''' + y' - 2x^2 - 3 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 154

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)-diff(y(x),x$4) + diff(y(x),x)=2*x^2+3,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\begin{split} y(x) &= \frac{c_1 \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 1)x}}{\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 1\right)} + \frac{c_2 \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 2)x}}{\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 2\right)} \\ &+ \frac{c_3 \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 3)x}}{\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 3\right)} \\ &+ \frac{c_4 \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 4)x}}{\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 1, \mathrm{index} = 4\right)} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x + c_5 \end{split}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 182

 $DSolve[y''''[x]-y''''[x] + y'[x] == 2*x^2+3, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2 \exp\left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 2\right]\right)}{\operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 2\right]} + \frac{c_1 \exp\left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 1\right]\right)}{\operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4\right]} + \frac{c_4 \exp\left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4\right]\right)}{\operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4\right]} + \frac{c_3 \exp\left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4\right]\right)}{\operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 3\right]} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x + c_5$$

#### 2.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [10878]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_high\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetri

X Solution by Maple

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+y(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$4)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]\*y''''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Not solved

#### 2.6 problem Problem 1(f)

Internal problem ID [10879]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(f).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' + xy - \cosh(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2003

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)+x\*y(x)=cosh(x),y(x), singsol=all)

Expression too large to display

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[y'''[x]+x\*y[x]==Cosh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Timed out

#### 2.7 problem Problem 1(g)

Internal problem ID [10880]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(g).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$\cos(x) y' + y e^{x^2} - \sinh(x) = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

 $dsolve(cos(x)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*exp(x^2)=sinh(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(\int \mathrm{e}^{\int \mathrm{e}^{x^2} \sec(x) dx} \sinh\left(x
ight) \sec\left(x
ight) dx + c_1
ight) \mathrm{e}^{\int -\mathrm{e}^{x^2} \sec(x) dx}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.975 (sec). Leaf size: 66

 $DSolve[Cos[x]*y'[x]+y[x]*Exp[x^2] == Sinh[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$\begin{split} y(x) \to \exp\left(\int_{1}^{x} -e^{K[1]^{2}} \sec(K[1]) dK[1]\right) \left(\int_{1}^{x} \exp\left(-\int_{1}^{K[2]} -e^{K[1]^{2}} \sec(K[1]) dK[1]\right) \sec(K[2]) \sinh(K[2]) dK[2] + c_{1}\right) \end{split}$$

#### 2.8 problem Problem 1(h)

Internal problem ID [10881]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(h).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' + xy - \cosh(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2003

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)+x\*y(x)=cosh(x),y(x), singsol=all)

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 17.758 (sec). Leaf size: 2213

DSolve[y'''[x]+x\*y[x]==Cosh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Too large to display

#### 2.9 problem Problem 1(i)

Internal problem ID [10882]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(i).

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y'y - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve(y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2x + c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 38

 $DSolve[y[x]*y'[x] == 1, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+c_1}$$

#### 2.10 problem Problem 1(j)

Internal problem ID [10883]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(j).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y')']

$$\sinh\left(x\right){y'}^2 + 3y = 0$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 799

#### $dsolve(sinh(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+3*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$= \frac{e^{-x} \text{RootOf}\left(-\text{JacobiSN}\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{3 e^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} + \frac{3 e^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - \underline{Z}\right)\sqrt{-e^x + 1} \text{ RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index} = 1\right) \text{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - e^x - 2, \text{index} = 1\right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\mathrm{e}^{-x} \mathrm{RootOf}\left(-\operatorname{JacobiSN}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{3\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}c_{1}}{\sqrt{-6}\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}+6\,\mathrm{e}^{x}}-\frac{3\,\mathrm{e}^{x}c_{1}}{\sqrt{-6}\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}+6\,\mathrm{e}^{x}}-\underline{Z}\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^{2}-2\,\mathrm{e}^{x}-2,\operatorname{index}=1\right)\operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^{2}-\mathrm{e}^{x}-2,\operatorname{Index}=1\right)}\right)\right)$$

$$6(e^{2x}-1)$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$-\frac{\mathrm{e}^{-x} \mathrm{RootOf}\left(-\operatorname{JacobiSN}\left(\frac{\left(3\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-3\,\mathrm{e}^{x}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}+1}\,\mathrm{RootOf}\left((6\,\mathrm{e}^{3x}-6\,\mathrm{e}^{x})\_Z^{2}+1\right)c_{1}-Z\right)$$

$$6(e^{2x}-1)$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$e^{-x} RootOf \left( JacobiSN \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{3 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} + 6 \, \mathrm{e}^x}} + \frac{3 \, \mathrm{e}^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} + 6 \, \mathrm{e}^x}} - \underline{Z} \right) \sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^x + 1} \, RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - \mathrm{e}^x, \mathrm{index} \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) RootOf \left( \underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \mathrm{index} = 1 \right) Ro$$

$$6(e^{2x}-1)$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$e^{-x} \text{RootOf}\left(\text{JacobiSN}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{3 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} \, c_1}{\sqrt{-6 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} + 6 \, \mathrm{e}^x}} - \frac{3 \, \mathrm{e}^x \, c_1}{\sqrt{-6 \, \mathrm{e}^{3x} + 6 \, \mathrm{e}^x}} - \underline{Z}\right) \sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^x + 1} \, \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - \mathrm{e}^x, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right) \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z}^2 - 2 \, \mathrm{e}^x - 2, \operatorname{index} = 1\right)$$

$$6(e^{2x}-1)$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$6(e^{2x}-1)$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.367 (sec). Leaf size: 145

DSolve[Sinh[x]\*y'[x]^2+3\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 3i \text{ EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right)^{2}$$

$$-\sqrt{3}c_{1}\sqrt{i \sinh(x)}\sqrt{\operatorname{csch}(x)} \text{ EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right) + \frac{c_{1}^{2}}{4}$$

$$y(x) \to 3i \text{ EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right)^{2}$$

$$+\sqrt{3}c_{1}\sqrt{i \sinh(x)}\sqrt{\operatorname{csch}(x)} \text{ EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right) + \frac{c_{1}^{2}}{4}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

#### 2.11 problem Problem 1(k)

Internal problem ID [10884]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(k).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$5y' - xy = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve(5\*diff(y(x),x)-x\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \mathrm{e}^{\frac{x^2}{10}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[5\*y'[x]-x\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{\frac{x^2}{10}}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

#### 2.12 problem Problem 1(L)

Internal problem ID [10885]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(L).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_1st\_order, '\_with\_symmetry\_[F(x),G(x)\*y+H(x)]']]

$$y'^2\sqrt{y} - \sin\left(x\right) = 0$$

/

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 58

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2*sqrt(y(x))=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\frac{4y(x)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \int^{x} -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{y(x)} \sin(\underline{a})}}{y(x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} d\underline{a} + c_{1} = 0$$

$$\frac{4y(x)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \int^{x} \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{y(x)} \sin(\_a)}}{y(x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} d\_a + c_{1} = 0$$

**/** 

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.269 (sec). Leaf size: 77

DSolve[y'[x]^2\*Sqrt[y[x]]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{5^{4/5} \left(-2E\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)|2\right) + c_1\right)^{4/5}}{2 \ 2^{3/5}}$$

$$y(x) o rac{5^{4/5} \left(2E\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)|2\right) + c_1\right){}^{4/5}}{2\ 2^{3/5}}$$

#### 2.13 problem Problem 1(m)

Internal problem ID [10886]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(m).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$2y'' + 3y' + 4x^2y - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 385

 $dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+4*x^2*y(x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\begin{split} y(x) &= x \operatorname{KummerM} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \operatorname{e}^{-\frac{x\left(i\sqrt{2}\,x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{2}} c_2 \\ &+ x \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \operatorname{e}^{-\frac{x\left(i\sqrt{2}\,x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{2}} c_1 - 32x \left( \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}\,x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{4} \operatorname{KummerM} \right) \right) \\ &- \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 + \frac{3x}{4} \operatorname{KummerM} \left( \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128} - \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x \right) \\ &- \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{e}^{\frac{i\sqrt{2}\,x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{4}} \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \operatorname{KummerM} \left( - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128} - \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) + 128 \operatorname{KummerM} \left( - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \right) \operatorname{e}^{-\frac{x\left(i\sqrt{2}\,x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{2}} \\ &- \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \operatorname{e}^{-\frac{x\left(i\sqrt{2}\,x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{2}} \\ &- \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2} \, x^2 \right) \operatorname{e}^{-\frac{x\left(i\sqrt{2}\,x + \frac{3}{2}\right)}{2}} \\ \end{array}$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.699 (sec). Leaf size: 547

DSolve[2\*y''[x]+3\*y'[x]+4\*x^2\*y[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$\begin{split} y(x) &\rightarrow e^{\frac{1}{4}x\left(-3-2i\sqrt{2}x\right)} \left( \text{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \\ &-\frac{9i}{64\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) \int_{1}^{x} \frac{(8-8i)e^{\frac{1}{4}K}}{\left(-9i+16\sqrt{2}\right)\left(\sqrt[4]{2}\,\text{HermiteH}\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}},\sqrt[4]{-2}K[2]\right)\,\text{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}},\sqrt[4]{-2}x\right) \int_{1}^{x} \frac{16e^{\frac{1}{4}K[1]\left(2i\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}x\right)}}{\sqrt[4]{-2}\left(-32+9i\sqrt{2}\right)\,\text{HermiteH}\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}},\sqrt[4]{-2}K[1]\right)\,\text{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{9i}{64\sqrt{2}},\frac{1}{2},i\sqrt{2}x^2\right) \right) \\ &+c_1\,\text{HermiteH}\left(-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}},\sqrt[4]{-2x}\right) + c_2\,\text{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{9i}{64\sqrt{2}},\frac{1}{2},i\sqrt{2}x^2\right) \right) \end{split}$$

#### 2.14 problem Problem 1(n)

Internal problem ID [10887]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 1(n).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_quadrature]]

$$y''' - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}c_1x^2 + xc_2 + c_3$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 25

DSolve[y'''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{x^3}{6} + c_3 x^2 + c_2 x + c_1$$

#### 2.15 problem Problem 1(o)

Internal problem ID [10888]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 1(o).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$x^{2}y'' - y - \sin(x)^{2} = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 147

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=sin(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_2 x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + c_1 x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{x^2 \left(3 \text{ hypergeom} \left(\left[1, -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}\right], -x^2\right) \sqrt{5} - 3 \text{ hypergeom} \left(\left[1, \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}\right] + \frac{x^2 \left(3 \text{ hypergeom} \left(\left[1, \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}\right]\right) \right)}{1 + x^2 \left(3 \text{ hypergeom} \left(\left[1, \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}\right]\right)\right)}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.539 (sec). Leaf size: 129

 $DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-y[x] == Sin[x]^2, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} y(x) \\ \rightarrow \frac{-\operatorname{ExpIntegralE}\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2},-2ix\right)-\operatorname{ExpIntegralE}\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2},2ix\right)+\operatorname{ExpIntegralE}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right),-2ix\right)+1}{4\sqrt{5}} \\ + c_2x^{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}+c_1x^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}-\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

#### 2.16 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [10889]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 2(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - x^2 - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=x^2+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_2 e^x + c_1 e^{-x} - x^2 - 2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 26

DSolve[y''[x]==x^2+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -x^2 + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} - 2$$

# 2.17 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [10890]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 2(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)+x*diff(y(x),x\$2)-y(x)^2=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y'''[x]+x*y''[x]-y[x]^2==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

Not solved

#### 2.18 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [10891]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 2(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=G(x,y')']

$$y'^{2} + yy'^{2}x - \ln(x) = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2*x=ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y'[x]^2+y[x]*y'[x]^2*x == Log[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

Not solved

# 2.19 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [10892]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 2(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_high\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetri

X Solution by Maple

dsolve(sin(diff(y(x),x\$2))+y(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$4)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[Sin[y''[x]] + y[x] * y''''[x] == 1, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \ -> \ True]$ 

## 2.20 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [10893]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 2(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

$$\sinh\left(x\right){y'}^2 + y'' - xy = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(sinh(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x$2)=x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[Sinh[x]\*y'[x]^2+y''[x]==x\*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

## 2.21 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [10894]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 2(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu\_x\_y1]]

$$yy'' - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 51

dsolve(y(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$\int^{y(x)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\ln(a) - c_1}} d_a - x - c_2 = 0$$

$$\int^{y(x)} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\ln(a) - c_1}} d_a - x - c_2 = 0$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.07 (sec). Leaf size: 93

DSolve[y[x]\*y''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \exp\left(-\text{erf}^{-1}\left(-i\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(x+c_2)^2}\right)^2 - \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$$
  
 $y(x) \to \exp\left(-\text{erf}^{-1}\left(i\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(x+c_2)^2}\right)^2 - \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$ 

# 2.22 problem Problem 2(h)

Internal problem ID [10895]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 2(h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)^2+sqrt(y(x))=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[y'''[x]^2+Sqrt[y[x]]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

## 2.23 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [10896]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 3(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 4y' + y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+4\*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{\left(-2 + \sqrt{3}\right)x} + c_2 e^{-\left(2 + \sqrt{3}\right)x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 34

DSolve[y''[x]+4\*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-\left(\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right)x\right)}\left(c_2 e^{2\sqrt{3}x} + c_1\right)$$

## 2.24 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [10897]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 3(b).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' - 5y'' + y' - y = 0$$

## Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 181

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)-5\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_{1}e^{\frac{\left(\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+5\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+22\right)x}{3\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}$$

$$-c_{2}e^{-\frac{\left(22+\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-10\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}\sin\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-22\sqrt{3}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}-22\sqrt{3}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-10\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}$$

$$+c_{3}e^{-\frac{\left(22+\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-10\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}\cos\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-22\sqrt{3}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 81

 $DSolve[y'''[x]-5*y''[x]+y'[x]-y[x] == 0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \exp \left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2\right]\right) + c_3 \exp \left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\right]\right) + c_1 \exp \left(x \operatorname{Root}\left[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 1\right]\right)$$

## 2.25 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [10898]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 3(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$2y'' - 3y' - 2y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve(2\*diff(y(x),x\$2)-3\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 24

DSolve [2\*y''[x]-3\*y'[x]-2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{-x/2} + c_2 e^{2x}$$

## 2.26 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [10899]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 3(d).

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$3y'''' - 2y'' + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 38

dsolve(3\*diff(y(x),x\$4)-2\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{6}\right) + c_4 e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{6}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.612 (sec). Leaf size: 80

 $DSolve [3*y'''[x]-2*y''[x]+y'[x]==0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to c_3(-e^{-x}) + \frac{1}{2}e^{x/2}\left(\left(3c_2 - \sqrt{3}c_1\right)\cos\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + \left(3c_1 + \sqrt{3}c_2\right)\sin\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\right) + c_4$$

## 2.27 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [10900]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 5(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$(x-3)y'' + \ln(x)y - x^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 2]$$

X Solution by Maple

$$dsolve([(x-3)*diff(y(x),x$2)+ln(x)*y(x)=x^2,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)$$

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

$$DSolve[\{(x-3)*y''[x]+log[x]*y[x]==x^2,\{y[1]==1,y'[1]==2\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow \{x,y''[x]+log[x],y''[x]\}$$

## 2.28 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [10901]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 5(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + y' \tan(x) + \cot(x) y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0\right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 3.828 (sec). Leaf size: 46436

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)+tan(x)\*diff(y(x),x)+cot(x)\*y(x)=0,y(1/4\*Pi) = 1, D(y)(1/4\*Pi) = 0],y(x)

Expression too large to display

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[{y''[x]+Tan[x]\*y'[x]+Cot[x]\*y[x]==0,{y[Pi/4]==1,y'[Pi/4]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSo

## 2.29 problem Problem 5(c)

Internal problem ID [10902]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 5(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(x^2 + 1) y'' + y'(x - 1) + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.375 (sec). Leaf size: 157

$$dsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(x),x)+y(x)=0, Singsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(x),x)+y(x)=0,$$

y(x)

$$=\frac{-20\,\mathrm{e}^{(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{i}{4})\pi}\,\mathrm{hypergeom}\left(\left[i,-i\right],\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right],\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(i+x\right)^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}}\,\mathrm{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2},\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3i}{2}\right],\left[\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right]}{\left(10-10i\right)\left(\mathrm{hypergeom}\left(\left[1-i,1+i\right],\left[\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right],\frac{1}{2}\right)-\mathrm{hypergeom}\left(\left[i,-i\right],\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right],\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)\,\mathrm{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right],\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

## 2.30 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [10903]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 5(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$xy'' + 2x^2y' + \sin(x)y - \sinh(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1]$$

X Solution by Maple

$$dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*sin(x)=sinh(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x),$$

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

$$DSolve[\{x^2*y''[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]+y[x]*Sin[x]==Sinh[x],\{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingula]$$

## 2.31 problem Problem 5(e)

Internal problem ID [10904]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 5(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$\sin(x)y'' + y'x + 7y - 1 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0]$$

X Solution by Maple

dsolve([sin(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+x\*diff(y(x),x)+7\*y(x)=1,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=al(x)+al(

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[{Sin[x]\*y''[x]+x\*y'[x]+7\*y[x]==1,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -

## 2.32 problem Problem 5(f)

Internal problem ID [10905]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 5(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - y'(x - 1) + x^2y - \tan(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.328 (sec). Leaf size: 528

$$dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+x^2*y(x)=tan(x),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singso(x)=tan(x),y(x)=tan$$

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 29.378 (sec). Leaf size: 4228

$$DSolve[\{y''[x]-(x-1)*y'[x]+x^2*y[x]==Tan[x],\{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolution[]$$

Too large to display

#### 2.33 problem Problem 10

Internal problem ID [10906]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 10.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(x-1)y'' - y'x + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve((x-1)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)-x\*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 x + c_2 e^x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[(x-1)\*y''[x]-x\*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^x - c_2 x$$

#### 2.34 problem Problem 13

Internal problem ID [10907]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 13.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x^{2}y'' - 4x^{2}y' + (x^{2} + 1)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2+1)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \text{ BesselI}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{3}x\right) + c_2 e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \text{ BesselK}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{3}x\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 67

 $DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-4*x^2*y'[x]+(x^2+1)*y[x] ==0, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) o e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \left( c_1 \operatorname{BesselJ}\left( \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, -i\sqrt{3}x \right) + c_2 Y_{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left( -i\sqrt{3}x \right) \right)$$

#### 2.35 problem Problem 15

Internal problem ID [10908]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 15.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler], [\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + \frac{kx}{y^4} = 0$$



Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 91

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+k*x/(y(x)^4)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 



Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y''[x]+k*x/(y[x]^4)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

## 2.36 problem Problem 18(a)

Internal problem ID [10909]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_homogeneous]]

$$y'' + 2y'x + 2y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+2\*x\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \text{erfi}(x) e^{-x^2} c_1 + c_2 e^{-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

DSolve[y''[x]+2\*x\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 \text{ DawsonF}(x) + c_2 e^{-x^2}$$

## 2.37 problem Problem 18(b)

Internal problem ID [10910]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_homogeneous]]

$$xy'' + \sin(x)y' + y\cos(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+sin(x)\*diff(y(x),x)+cos(x)\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \left(c_1 \left(\int rac{\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{Si}(x)}}{x^2} dx
ight) + c_2
ight) x \, \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{Si}(x)}$$

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[x\*y''[x]+Sin[x]\*y'[x]+Cos[x]\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

## 2.38 problem Problem 18(c)

Internal problem ID [10911]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 2x^2y' + 4xy - 2x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+4*x*y(x)=2*x,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}}x\left(2\sqrt{3}\pi - 3\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2x^3}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right)c_1}{\left(-x^3\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}}c_2 + \frac{\left(-1 + e^{\frac{2x^3}{3}}\right)e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 43

DSolve[ $y''[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]+4*x*y[x]==2*x,y[x],x$ ,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) 
ightarrow rac{1}{2} + rac{1}{3}e^{-rac{2x^3}{3}}igg(3c_2 - c_1x ext{ ExpIntegralE}\left(rac{2}{3}, -rac{2x^3}{3}
ight)igg)$$

## 2.39 problem Problem 18(d)

Internal problem ID [10912]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$(-x^{2}+1)y'' + (1-x)y' + y + 2x - 1 = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 54

 $dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(1-x)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=1-2*x,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(-\frac{\ln(x+1)x}{4} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\ln(x-1)x}{4} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{4}\right)c_1 + (x-1)c_2 + \frac{\left(\ln(x+1) + \ln(x-1)\right)(x-1)}{2}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.061 (sec). Leaf size: 56

 $DSolve[(1-x^2)*y''[x]+(1-x)*y'[x]+y[x]==1-2*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{4}((x-1)\log(1-x) - 4c_1(x-1) + (1+c_2)(x-1)\log(x-1) - (-2+c_2)(x-1)\log(x+1) + 2c_2)$$

## 2.40 problem Problem 18(e)

Internal problem ID [10913]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 4y'x + (4x^2 + 2)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x*diff(y(x),x)+(2+4*x^2)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-x^2} + c_2 x e^{-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $DSolve[y''[x]+4*x*y'[x]+(2+4*x^2)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to e^{-x^2}(c_2x + c_1)$$

## 2.41 problem Problem 18(f)

Internal problem ID [10914]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x^{2}y'' + x^{2}y' + 2(1-x)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 123

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*(1-x)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x} e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \left( \left( x^2 + 2x \right) \text{BesselI} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2} + 1, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( -2 + i(x+2)\sqrt{7} + x^2 + 3x \right) \text{BesselI} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\left. + c_2 \left( \left( -x^2 - 2x \right) \text{BesselK} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2} + 1, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( -2 + i(x+2)\sqrt{7} + x^2 + 3x \right) \text{BesselK} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{x} e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 89

 $DSolve[x^2*y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*(1-x)*y[x] ==0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to e^{-x} x^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}} \left( c_1 \text{ Hypergeometric U}\left(\frac{5}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, 1 + i\sqrt{7}, x\right) + c_2 L_{-\frac{1}{2}i\left(-5i + \sqrt{7}\right)}^{i\sqrt{7}}(x) \right)$$

## 2.42 problem Problem 18(g)

Internal problem ID [10915]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(g).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + x^2y' + 2xy - 2x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 62

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=2*x,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{x\left(2\sqrt{3}\pi - 3\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{x^3}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right)e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}}c_1}{\left(-x^3\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}}c_2 + \left(-1 + e^{\frac{x^3}{3}}\right)e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 41

DSolve[ $y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==2*x,y[x],x$ ,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{3}e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}} \left(3c_2 - c_1x \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{x^3}{3}\right)\right)$$

## 2.43 problem Problem 18(h)

Internal problem ID [10916]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$\ln(x^2+1)y'' + \frac{4xy'}{x^2+1} + \frac{(-x^2+1)y}{(x^2+1)^2} = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $\frac{dsolve(ln(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x/(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y(x)=0}{},y(x), sings(x)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve [Log[1+x^2]*y''[x]+4*x/(1+x^2)*y'[x]+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y[x] == 0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solve [Log[1+x^2]*y''[x]+4*x/(1+x^2)*y'[x]+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y[x] == 0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solve [Log[1+x^2]*y''[x]+4*x/(1+x^2)*y''[x]+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y[x] == 0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solve [Log[1+x^2]*y''] = 0, y[x], y[x$ 

## 2.44 problem Problem 18(i)

Internal problem ID [10917]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(i).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_homogeneous]]

$$xy'' + x^2y' + 2xy = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 42

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} + c_2 \left( i e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{2} x}{2} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x + 2 \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 44

DSolve  $[x*y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==0,y[x],x$ , IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt{2}c_2x \text{ DawsonF}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \sqrt{2}c_1e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}x + c_2$$

## 2.45 problem Problem 18(j)

Internal problem ID [10918]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(j).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + \sin(x)y' + y\cos(x) - \cos(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+sin(x)\*diff(y(x),x)+cos(x)\*y(x)=cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \left(c_2 + \int \left(c_1 + \sin\left(x\right)\right) e^{-\cos(x)} dx\right) e^{\cos(x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.732 (sec). Leaf size: 34

DSolve[y''[x]+Sin[x]\*y'[x]+Cos[x]\*y[x]==Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to e^{\cos(x)} \left( \int_1^x e^{-\cos(K[1])} (c_1 + \sin(K[1])) dK[1] + c_2 \right)$$

## 2.46 problem Problem 18(k)

Internal problem ID [10919]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 18(k).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + \cot(x) y' - \csc(x)^2 y - \cos(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

 $\label{eq:diff} dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+cot(x)*diff(y(x),x)-csc(x)^2*y(x)=cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = (\cot(x) + \csc(x)) c_2 + \frac{c_1}{\cot(x) + \csc(x)} - \frac{\cos(x)}{2} + \frac{\csc(x) x}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.076 (sec). Leaf size: 32

DSolve[y''[x]+Cot[x]\*y'[x]-Csc[x]^2\*y[x]==Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}(-\cos(x) + x\csc(x) - 2ic_2\cot(x) + 2c_1\csc(x))$$

## 2.47 problem Problem 18(L)

Internal problem ID [10920]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 18(L).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$x \ln(x) y'' + 2y' - \frac{y}{x} - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

dsolve(x\*ln(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+2\*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)/x=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{\ln(x)} + x + \frac{c_2 x}{\ln(x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 21

 $DSolve[x*Log[x]*y''[x]+2*y'[x]-y[x]/x==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to x + \frac{(-1+c_2)x + c_1}{\log(x)}$$

## 2.48 problem Problem 19(a)

Internal problem ID [10921]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 19(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu

$$xy'' + (6y^2x + 1)y' + 2y^3 + 1 = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+(6*x*y(x)^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)^3+1=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[x\*y''[x]+(6\*x\*y[x]^2+1)\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]^3+1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

## 2.49 problem Problem 19(b)

Internal problem ID [10922]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 19(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_sy

$$\frac{xy''}{y+1} + \frac{y'y - xy'^2 + y'}{(y+1)^2} - \sin(x) x = 0$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)/(1+y(x))+(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-x*diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x))/(1+y(x))$ 

$$y(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{2}} x^{-c_2} e^{-\sin(x)} e^{\operatorname{Si}(x)} c_1 - 1$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.438 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[x\*y''[x]/(1+y[x])+( y[x]\*y'[x]-x\* y'[x]^2+y'[x])/( 1+y[x])^2==x\*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeS

$$y(x) \to -1 + x^{c_2} e^{\text{Si}(x) - \sin(x) + c_1}$$

## 2.50 problem Problem 19(c)

Internal problem ID [10923]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 19(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu

$$(x\cos(y) + \sin(x))y'' - xy'^{2}\sin(y) + 2(\cos(y) + \cos(x))y' - \sin(x)y = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 21

 $dsolve((x*cos(y(x))+sin(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)^2*sin(y(x))+2*(cos(y(x))+cos(x))$ 

$$-y(x)\sin(x) - x\sin(y(x)) - c_1x + c_2 = 0$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.187 (sec). Leaf size: 25

 $DSolve[(x*Cos[y[x]]+Sin[x])*y''[x]-x*y'[x]^2*Sin[y[x]]+2*(Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y'][x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y'[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y''[x]==y[x]*Sin[y[x]]+Cos[x]*Sin[x]+Cos[x]*Sin[x]+Cos[x]*Sin[x]+Cos[x]+Cos[x]*Sin[x]+Cos[x]+$ 

Solve 
$$\left[\sin(y(x)) + \frac{y(x)\sin(x)}{x} - \frac{c_1}{x} = c_2, y(x)\right]$$

#### 2.51problem Problem 19(d)

Internal problem ID [10924]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 19(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu

$$yy'' \sin(x) + (y\cos(x) + \sin(x)y')y' - \cos(x) = 0$$

## Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 119

dsolve(y(x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)\*sin(x)+ ( diff(y(x),x)\*sin(x)+y(x)\*cos(x) )\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)\*dif

$$y(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) \operatorname{arctanh} (\cos (x)) c_2 - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) \operatorname{csgn} (\cos (x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) \left( \int \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) \left( \int \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) c_2 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\sin (x)) c_2 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} (\cos (x)) c_2 + 2 \operatorname{csgn$$

$$x) = -\sqrt{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn} \left(\sin \left(x\right)\right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\cos \left(x\right)\right) c_2 - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn} \left(\sin \left(x\right)\right) \operatorname{csgn} \left(\cos \left(x\right)\right) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn} \left(\sin \left(x\right)\right) \left(\int \operatorname{csgn} \left(\sin \left(x\right)\right) \left(\cos \left(x\right)\right) \left$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.057 (sec). Leaf size: 78

DSolve[y[x]\*y''[x]\*Sin[x]+ (y'[x]\*Sin[x]+y[x]\*Cos[x])\*y'[x] == Cos[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSin[x]+y[x]\*Cos[x])\*y'[x] == Cos[x], y[x], x, IncludeSin[x]+y[x]\*Cos[x])\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*y'[x]\*Cos[x]\*y'[x]\*y

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x + c_1\left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right) + c_2}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x + c_1\left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right) + c_2}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x + c_1\left(\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\right) + c_2}$$

## 2.52 problem Problem 19(e)

Internal problem ID [10925]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 19(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], \_L

$$(1 - y)y'' - {y'}^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

 $dsolve((1-y(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = 1$$
  

$$y(x) = 1 - \sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2 + 1}$$
  

$$y(x) = 1 + \sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2 + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.12 (sec). Leaf size: 43

 $DSolve[(1-y[x])*y''[x]-y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to 1 - \sqrt{1 - 2c_1(x + c_2)}$$

$$y(x) \to 1 + \sqrt{1 - 2c_1(x + c_2)}$$

## 2.53 problem Problem 19(f)

Internal problem ID [10926]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 19(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_nonlinear], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu

$$(\cos(y) - y\sin(y))y'' - y'^{2}(2\sin(y) + y\cos(y)) - \sin(x) = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $dsolve((cos(y(x))-y(x)*sin(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x$2)- diff(y(x),x)^2* (2*sin(y(x))+y(x)*cos(y(x))$ 

$$-y(x)\cos(y(x)) - c_1x - \sin(x) + c_2 = 0$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.337 (sec). Leaf size: 28

 $DSolve[(Cos[y[x]]-y[x]*Sin[y[x]])*y''[x]-y'[x]^2*(2*Sin[y[x]]+y[x]*Cos[y[x]])==Sin[x],y[x],$ 

Solve 
$$\left[\frac{y(x)\cos(y(x))}{x} + \frac{\sin(x)}{x} + \frac{c_1}{x} = c_2, y(x)\right]$$

## 2.54 problem Problem 20(a)

Internal problem ID [10927]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 20(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + \frac{2xy'}{2x - 1} - \frac{4xy}{(2x - 1)^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 43

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2) + (2*x)/(2*x-1)*diff(y(x),x) - 4*x/((2*x-1)^2)*y(x) = 0,y(x), singsol = all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \operatorname{WhittakerM} \left( -\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, x - \frac{1}{2} \right) e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{\left( 2x - 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{c_2 \operatorname{WhittakerW} \left( -\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, x - \frac{1}{2} \right) e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{\left( 2x - 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.131 (sec). Leaf size: 62

$$y(x) o rac{c_2 \left(4e^{rac{1}{2}-x}(x-1)-(1-2x)^2 \operatorname{ExpIntegralE}\left(rac{1}{2},x-rac{1}{2}
ight)
ight)}{6\sqrt{2x-1}} + c_1(2x-1)$$

# 2.55 problem Problem 20(b)

Internal problem ID [10928]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 20(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(x^{2} + 2x) y'' + (x^{2} + x + 10) y' - (25 - 6x) y = 0$$

# Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 113

$$dsolve((2*x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x\$2)+ (10+x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=(25-6*x)*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$$

$$y(x) = c_1(x+2)^7 e^{-x} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 5171}{2} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} Ei_1(-x) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei_1(-x) + 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 Ei$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.332 (sec). Leaf size: 109

$$y(x) \to \frac{e^{-x-2}(c_2x^4(x+2)^7 (11970e^2 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x) - 88447 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x+2)) + e^2(322560c_1x^4(x+2)^7)}{e^{-x-2}(c_2x^4(x+2)^7 (11970e^2 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x) - 88447 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x+2)) + e^2(322560c_1x^4(x+2)^7)}$$

# 2.56 problem Problem 20(c)

Internal problem ID [10929]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 20(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + \frac{y'}{x+1} - \frac{(x+2)y}{x^2(x+1)} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+diff(y(x),x)/(1+x)-(2+x)/(x^2*(1+x))*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x} + \frac{c_2(x^2 + 2\ln(x+1) - 2x)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 34

 $DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]/(1+x)-(2+x)/(x^2*(1+x))*y[x]==0, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2(x-3)(x+1) + 2c_2\log(x+1) + 2c_1}{2x}$$

# 2.57 problem Problem 20(d)

Internal problem ID [10930]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 20(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(x^{2}-x)y'' + (2x^{2}+4x-3)y' + 8xy = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

 $dsolve((x^2-x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(2*x^2+4*x-3)*diff(y(x),x)+8*x*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x^2 (x-1)^2} + \frac{c_2 e^{-2x}}{(x-1)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$y(x) o rac{rac{2c_1}{x^2} + c_2 e^{-2x}}{2(x-1)^2}$$

# 2.58 problem Problem 20(e)

Internal problem ID [10931]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 20(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ 2nd order, linear, nonhomogeneous]]

$$\frac{(x^2 - x)y''}{x} + \frac{(3x + 1)y'}{x} + \frac{y}{x} - 3x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 52

 $dsolve((x^2-x)/x*diff(y(x),x$2)+(3*x+1)/x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x=3*x,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2(2\ln(x) x^2 + 4x - 1)}{(x - 1)^3} + \frac{c_1x^2}{(x - 1)^3} + \frac{x^3(x^2 - 3x + 3)}{3(x - 1)^3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 52

 $DSolve[(x^2-x)/x*y''[x]+(3*x+1)/x*y'[x]+y[x]/x=-3*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{2x^2(x((x-3)x+3) - 3c_1) - 6c_2x^2\log(x) + 3c_2(1-4x)}{6(x-1)^3}$$

# 2.59 problem Problem 20(f)

Internal problem ID [10932]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 20(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(2\sin(x) - \cos(x))y'' + (7\sin(x) + 4\cos(x))y' + 10y\cos(x) = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 100

dsolve((2\*sin(x)-cos(x))\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+(7\*sin(x)+4\*cos(x))\*diff(y(x),x)+10\*y(x)\*cos(x)=0,y(x)+10\*y(x)=0,y(x)+10\*y(x)=0,

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-\left(\int \frac{5\cos(x)\cot(x) - 6\csc(x)}{-2\sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx\right)} + c_2 e^{-\left(\int \frac{5\cos(x)\cot(x) - 6\csc(x)}{-2\sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx\right)} \left(\int -\frac{\csc(x) e^{\int \frac{5\cos(x)\cot(x) - 6\csc(x)}{-2\sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx}}{-2\sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx\right)$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.997 (sec). Leaf size: 95

DSolve[(2\*Sin[x]-Cos[x])\*y''[x]+(7\*Sin[x]+4\*Cos[x])\*y'[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSin[x]+10\*y[x]\*Cos[x]==0,y[x]\*Cos[x]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \int_1^{e^{ix}} \frac{e^{-3i\arctan\left(2 - \frac{4}{K[1]^2 + 1}\right)} K[1]^{-2 + 2i} \left((1 + 2i)K[1]^2 + (1 - 2i)\right)^4}{(5K[1]^4 - 6K[1]^2 + 5)^{3/2}} dK[1] + c_1}{4(\cos(x) - 2\sin(x))^2}$$

# 2.60 problem Problem 20(g)

Internal problem ID [10933]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number**: Problem 20(g).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + \frac{(x-1)y'}{x} + \frac{y}{x^3} - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x^3} = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)/x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x^3=1/x^3*exp(-1/x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y''[x]+(x-1)/x*y'[x]+y[x]/x^3==1/x^3*Exp[-1/x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolut ions -> True for the content of the co$ 

Not solved

# 2.61 problem Problem 20(h)

Internal problem ID [10934]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

Problem number: Problem 20(h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + (2x+5)y' + (4x+8)y - e^{-2x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+(2\*x+5)\*diff(y(x),x)+(4\*x+8)\*y(x)=exp(-2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{-x(x+3)}c_2 + e^{-x(x+3)} \operatorname{erf}\left(ix + \frac{1}{2}i\right)c_1 + \frac{e^{-2x}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.103 (sec). Leaf size: 45

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-x(x+3)} \left( e^{x^2+x} \left( 1 + (-1 + 2c_2) \text{ DawsonF}\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) + 2c_1 \right)$$

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## 3.1 problem Problem 2

Internal problem ID [10935]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 2.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 9y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 10

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+9\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 2\cos\left(3t\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 11

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]+9*y[t]==0,\{y[0]==2,y'[0]==0\}\},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2\cos(3t)$$

# 3.2 problem Problem 3

Internal problem ID [10936]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 3.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$4y'' - 4y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-4\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 2e^{\frac{t}{2}}(\cos(t) + \sin(t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 19

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]-4\*y'[t]+5\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru

$$y(t) \to 2e^{t/2}(\sin(t) + \cos(t))$$

# 3.3 problem Problem 4

Internal problem ID [10937]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 4.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-t}(t-1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 14

DSolve[{y''[t]+2\*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(t-1)$$

# 3.4 problem Problem 5

Internal problem ID [10938]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 5.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 4y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-4\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 3e^{2t}\sin(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 14

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]-4*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,\{y[0]==0,y'[0]==3\}\},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(t) \to 3e^{2t}\sin(t)$$

# 3.5 problem Problem 6

Internal problem ID [10939]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 6.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - y' - 6y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-diff(y(t),t)-6\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \left(e^{5t} + 1\right)e^{-2t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 16

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]-y'[t]-6*y[t]==0,\{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1\}\},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(t) \to e^{-2t} + e^{3t}$$

## 3.6 problem Problem 7

Internal problem ID [10940]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 7.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$4y'' - 4y' + 37y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-4\*diff(y(t),t)+37\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = -3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -\frac{2e^{\frac{t}{2}}(2\sin(3t) - 3\cos(3t))}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 29

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]-4\*y'[t]+37\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T

$$y(t) \to \frac{2}{3}e^{t/2}(3\cos(3t) - 2\sin(3t))$$

# 3.7 problem Problem 8

Internal problem ID [10941]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 8.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -5 e^{-2t} + 7 e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[{y''[t]+3\*y'[t]+2\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to e^{-2t} \left( 7e^t - 5 \right)$$

## 3.8 problem Problem 9

Internal problem ID [10942]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 9.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \cos(2t) e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[{y''[t]+2\*y'[t]+5\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} \cos(2t)$$

## 3.9 problem Problem 10

Internal problem ID [10943]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number**: Problem 10.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$4y'' - 12y' + 13y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-12\*diff(y(t),t)+13\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 2e^{\frac{3t}{2}}\cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 16

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]-12\*y'[t]+13\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T

$$y(t) \to 2e^{3t/2}\cos(t)$$

# 3.10 problem Problem 11

Internal problem ID [10944]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 11.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 4y' + 13y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -6]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+4\*diff(y(t),t)+13\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -6],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -\frac{e^{-2t}(4\sin(3t) - 3\cos(3t))}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 27

DSolve[{y''[t]+4\*y'[t]+13\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t}(3\cos(3t) - 4\sin(3t))$$

# 3.11 problem Problem 12

Internal problem ID [10945]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 12.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 8

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+6\*diff(y(t),t)+9\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -3],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 10

 $DSolve[{y''[t]+6*y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ 

$$y(t) \to e^{-3t}$$

## 3.12 problem Problem 13

Internal problem ID [10946]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 13.

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'''' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 55

 $dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$4)+y(t)=0,y(0)=1,D(y)(0)=0,(D@@2)(y)(0)=0,(D@@3)(y)(0)=1/2*2^($ 

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(3e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} + e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)\left(e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} + e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}}\right)}{4}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 32

DSolve[{y'''[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0,y'''[0]==1/Sqrt[2]}},y[t],t,IncludeSingu

$$y(t) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right) \left(\sin\left(\sqrt[4]{-1}t\right) - \sinh\left(\sqrt[4]{-1}t\right)\right)$$

## 3.13 problem Problem 14

Internal problem ID [10947]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 14.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-2\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -\frac{e^t \sin(2t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 14

$$y(t) \to -e^t \sin(t) \cos(t)$$

## 3.14 problem Problem 15

Internal problem ID [10948]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 15.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 20y' + 51y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -14]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-20\*diff(y(t),t)+51\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -14],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{3t} - e^{17t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[{y''[t]-20\*y'[t]+51\*+y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-14}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->

$$y(t) \to e^{3t} - e^{17t}$$

## 3.15 problem Problem 16

Internal problem ID [10949]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 16.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$2y'' + 3y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve([2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 4 e^{-\frac{t}{2}} - e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[{2\*y''[t]+3\*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} (4e^{t/2} - 1)$$

# 3.16 problem Problem 17

Internal problem ID [10950]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 17.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$3y'' + 8y' - 3y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -4]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([3\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+8\*diff(y(t),t)-3\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = -4],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \frac{3\left(e^{\frac{10t}{3}} + 1\right)e^{-3t}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[{3\*y''[t]+8\*y'[t]-3\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==-4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr

$$y(t) \to \frac{3}{2}e^{-3t} (e^{10t/3} + 1)$$

## 3.17 problem Problem 18

Internal problem ID [10951]

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brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 18.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$2y'' + 20y' + 51y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -5]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+20\*diff(y(t),t)+51\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -5],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$y(t) \to e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

## 3.18 problem Problem 19

Internal problem ID [10952]

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brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 19.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$4y'' + 40y' + 101y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -5]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

 $\boxed{ \text{dsolve}([4*\text{diff}(y(t),t$^2)+40*\text{diff}(y(t),t)+101*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -5],y(t), \text{ singsol=all } }$ 

$$y(t) = e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]+40\*y'[t]+101\*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-5}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->

$$y(t) \to e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$

## 3.19 problem Problem 20

Internal problem ID [10953]

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Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 20.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 6y' + 34y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+6\*diff(y(t),t)+34\*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-3t} (3\cos(5t) + 2\sin(5t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 24

 $DSolve[{y''[t]+6*y'[t]+34*y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ 

$$y(t) \to e^{-3t} (2\sin(5t) + 3\cos(5t))$$

## 3.20 problem Problem 21

Internal problem ID [10954]

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brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 21.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + 8y'' + 16y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = -8]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$3)+8\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+16\*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0)

$$y(t) = t e^{-4t} + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 14

DSolve[{y'''[t]+8\*y''[t]+16\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==-8}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSol

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-4t}t + 1$$

## 3.21 problem Problem 22

Internal problem ID [10955]

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brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 22.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + 6y'' + 13y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = -6]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$3)+6\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+13\*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0)

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}\sin(2t)}{2} + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.136 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{y'''[t]+6\*y''[t]+13\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==-6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSol

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t} \sin(t) \cos(t) + 1$$

## 3.22 problem Problem 23

Internal problem ID [10956]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 23.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' - 6y'' + 13y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 6]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$3)-6\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+13\*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0)

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{3t}\sin(2t)}{2} + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.121 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{y'''[t]-6\*y''[t]+13\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolu

$$y(t) \to e^{3t} \sin(t) \cos(t) + 1$$

## 3.23 problem Problem 24

Internal problem ID [10957]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 24.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + 4y'' + 29y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 5, y''(0) = -20]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

$$y(t) = e^{-2t}\sin(5t) + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.158 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[{y'''[t]+4\*y''[t]-20\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==5,y''[0]==-20}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSo

$$y(t) o rac{5e^{-2t}\sinh\left(2\sqrt{6}t\right)}{2\sqrt{6}} + 1$$

## 3.24 problem Problem 25

Internal problem ID [10958]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 25.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + 6y'' + 25y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 4, y''(0) = -24]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

$$y(t) = e^{-3t}\sin(4t) + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.139 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{y'''[t]+6\*y''[t]+25\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==4,y''[0]==-24}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSo

$$y(t) \to e^{-3t} \sin(4t) + 1$$

## 3.25 problem Problem 26

Internal problem ID [10959]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 26.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' - 6y'' + 10y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 3, y''(0) = 8]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 11

$$y(t) = e^{3t} \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.056 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[{y'''[t]-6\*y''[t]+10\*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==3,y''[0]==8}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolu

$$y(t) \to e^{3t} \cos(t)$$

## 3.26 problem Problem 27

Internal problem ID [10960]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

Problem number: Problem 27.

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'''' + 13y'' + 36y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1, y''(0) = 5, y'''(0) = 19]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

$$dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$4)+13*diff(y(t),t\$2)+36*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -1, (D@@2)(y)(0) = 5,$$

$$y(t) = \cos(2t) + \sin(2t) - \cos(3t) - \sin(3t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 26

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sin(2t) - \sin(3t) + \cos(2t) - \cos(3t)$$

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### 4.1 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [10961]

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Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 2y' + 3y - 9t = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+3\*y(t)=9\*t,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 3t + 2e^{-t}\cos\left(\sqrt{2}t\right) - 2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[{y''[t]+2\*y''[t]+3\*y[t]==9\*t,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3t - 2\sin(t)$$

### 4.2 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [10962]

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brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$4y'' + 16y' + 17y - 17t + 1 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2]+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t)+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t]+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t]+16\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = -1, D(y)(

$$y(t) = t + 2e^{-2t}\sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 21

$$y(t) \to t + 2e^{-2t} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 1$$

### 4.3 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [10963]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$4y'' + 5y' + 4y - 3e^{-t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 38

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+5\*diff(y(t),t)+4\*y(t)=3\*exp(-t),y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singso

$$y(t) = \frac{2e^{-\frac{5t}{8}}\sqrt{39}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right)}{13} - 2e^{-\frac{5t}{8}}\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right) + e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 53

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]+5\*y'[t]+4\*y[t]==3\*Exp[-t],{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutio

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} + \frac{2}{13}e^{-5t/8} \left( \sqrt{39} \sin \left( \frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8} \right) - 13\cos \left( \frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8} \right) \right)$$

### 4.4 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [10964]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y - e^{2t}t^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

$$y(t) = e^{2t} \left( 1 + \frac{t^4}{12} \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{12}e^{2t}(t^4 + 12)$$

### 4.5 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [10965]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 9y - e^{-2t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y(0) = -\frac{2}{13}, y'(0) = \frac{1}{13}\right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+9\*y(t)=exp(-2\*t),y(0) = -2/13, D(y)(0) = 1/13],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \frac{\sin(3t)}{13} - \frac{3\cos(3t)}{13} + \frac{e^{-2t}}{13}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.074 (sec). Leaf size: 25

DSolve[{y''[t]+9\*y[t]==Exp[-2\*t],{y[0]==-2/13,y'[0]==1/13}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{13} (e^{-2t} + \sin(3t) - 3\cos(3t))$$

### 4.6 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [10966]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$2y'' - 3y' + 17y - 17t + 1 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 36

dsolve([2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-3\*diff(y(t),t)+17\*y(t)=17\*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=1, D(y)(0) = 2,y(t), S(y)(0) = 2,y(t), S(y)(t), S(y)(t), S(y)

$$y(t) = \frac{125 e^{\frac{3t}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right) \sqrt{127}}{2159} - \frac{19 e^{\frac{3t}{4}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right)}{17} + t + \frac{2}{17}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 53

DSolve[{2\*y''[t]-3\*y'[t]+17\*y[t]==17\*t-1,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions

$$y(t) \to t + \frac{e^{3t/4} \left(125\sqrt{127}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right) - 2413\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right)\right)}{2159} + \frac{2}{17}$$

### 4.7 problem Problem 2(g)

Internal problem ID [10967]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(g).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 2y' + y - e^{-t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 18

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(-t),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \left( 1 + \frac{t^2}{2} \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}\big(t^2+2\big)$$

### 4.8 problem Problem 2(h)

Internal problem ID [10968]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y - t - 2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 4, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-2\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=2+t,y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -\frac{34 e^{t} \sin(2t)}{25} + \frac{88 e^{t} \cos(2t)}{25} + \frac{t}{5} + \frac{12}{25}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 32

DSolve[{y''[t]-2\*y'[t]+5\*y[t]==2+t,{y[0]==4,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{25} (5t - 34e^t \sin(2t) + 88e^t \cos(2t) + 12)$$

### 4.9 problem Problem 2(i)

Internal problem ID [10969]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(i).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$2y' + y - e^{-\frac{t}{2}} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve([2\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(-t/2),y(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \frac{(t-2)e^{-\frac{t}{2}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 19

 $DSolve \[ \{2*y'[t]+y[t]== Exp[-t/2], \{y[0]==-1\}\}, y[t], t, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True ] \]$ 

$$y(t) o rac{1}{2} e^{-t/2} (t-2)$$

### 4.10 problem Problem 2(i)[j]

Internal problem ID [10970]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(i)[j].

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 8y' + 20y - \sin(2t) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -4]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

$$y(t) = \frac{(33e^{-4t} - 1)\cos(2t)}{32} + \frac{\sin(2t)(e^{-4t} + 1)}{32}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.089 (sec). Leaf size: 40

DSolve[{y''[t]+8\*y'[t]+20\*y[t]==Sin[2\*t],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{32}e^{-4t}((e^{4t}+1)\sin(2t)-(e^{4t}-33)\cos(2t))$$

### 4.11 problem Problem 2(j)[k]

Internal problem ID [10971]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 2(j)[k].

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$4y'' - 4y' + y - t^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -12, y'(0) = 7]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^2,y(0) = -12, D(y)(0) = 7],y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = (17t - 36) e^{\frac{t}{2}} + t^2 + 8t + 24$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 25

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]-4\*y'[t]+y[t]==t^2,{y[0]==-12,y'[0]==7}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T

$$y(t) \to t(t+8) + e^{t/2}(17t - 36) + 24$$

### 4.12 problem Problem 2(k)[l]

Internal problem ID [10972]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(k)[l].

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$2y'' + y' - y - 4\sin(t) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -4]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 25

dsolve([2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=4\*sin(t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -4],y(t), singsol=all(x,y,y,y,y,z) = 0

$$y(t) = -\frac{2e^{-t}\left(4e^{\frac{3t}{2}} - 5 + (\cos(t) + 3\sin(t))e^{t}\right)}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 34

$$y(t) \to \frac{2}{5} (5e^{-t} - 4e^{t/2} - 3\sin(t) - \cos(t))$$

### 4.13 problem Problem 2(m)

Internal problem ID [10973]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(m).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - y - e^{2t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

 $\label{eq:decomposition} dsolve([diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=exp(2*t),y(0) = 1],y(t), \ singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = e^{2t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 10

 $DSolve[\{y'[t]-y[t]==Exp[2*t],\{y[0]==1\}\},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(t) \to e^{2t}$$

### 4.14 problem Problem 2(l)[n]

Internal problem ID [10974]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 2(l)[n].

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$3y'' + 5y' - 2y - 7e^{-2t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

$$y(t) = -\left(-3e^{\frac{7t}{3}} + t\right)e^{-2t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $DSolve[{3*y''[t]+5*y'[t]-2*y[t]==7*Exp[-2*t], {y[0]==3,y'[0]==0}}, y[t], t, IncludeSingularSoluti]$ 

$$y(t) \to 3e^{t/3} - e^{-2t}t$$

### 4.15 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [10975]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ linear, 'class A']]

$$y' + y - \text{Heaviside}(t) + \text{Heaviside}(t-2) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-2),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

 $y(t) = \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t-2) + \text{Heaviside}(t-2) e^{-t+2} - e^{-t} \text{Heaviside}(t) + e^{-t}$ 

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.066 (sec). Leaf size: 31

DSolve[{y'[t]+y[t]==UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-2],{y[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ & & t > 2 \end{array}$$
 
$$e^{-t} & \text{True}$$

### 4.16 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [10976]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 3(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - 2y - 4t(\text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t-2)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 48

dsolve([diff(y(t),t)-2\*y(t)=4\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-2)),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 2t$$
 Heaviside  $(t - 2) - 2t$  Heaviside  $(t) +$  Heaviside  $(t - 2)$   
- Heaviside  $(t) - 5$  Heaviside  $(t - 2)$  e<sup>-4+2t</sup> + Heaviside  $(t)$  e<sup>2t</sup> + e<sup>2t</sup>

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.083 (sec). Leaf size: 47

DSolve[{y'[t]-2\*y[t]==4\*t\*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-2]),{y[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSoluti

$$e^{2t}$$
  $t < 0$   $y(t) \rightarrow \{ e^{2t-4}(-5+2e^4) \ t > 2$   $-2t + 2e^{2t} - 1$  True

### 4.17 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [10977]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 3(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 9y - 24\sin(t)$$
 (Heaviside  $(t)$  + Heaviside  $(t - \pi)$ ) = 0

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+9*y(t)=24*sin(t)*(Heaviside(t)+Heaviside(t-Pi)),y(0)=0, D(y)(0)=0]$$

$$y(t) = 4 \sin(t)^3 (\text{Heaviside}(t) + \text{Heaviside}(t - \pi))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 24

$$y(t) \to 4(\theta(\pi - t)(\theta(t) - 2) + 2)\sin^3(t)$$

### 4.18 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [10978]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 2y' + y$$
 – Heaviside  $(t)$  + Heaviside  $(-1 + t) = 0$ 

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

$$dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1),y(0)=1, p(y)(0)=-1)$$

$$y(t) = t \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-1) e^{-t+1} + (1 + \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)(-t-1)) e^{-t} + \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 43

$$DSolve[\{y''[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1], \{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1\}\}, y[t], t, IncludeSing[t-1], \{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==-1\}\}, y[t], t, IncludeSing[t-1], \{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==-1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} e^{-t} & t < 0 \\ & 1 - e^{-t}t & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ & (-1 + e)e^{-t}t & \text{True} \end{array}$$

### 4.19 problem Problem 3(e)

Internal problem ID [10979]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y - 5\cos(t)$$
 (Heaviside  $(t)$  – Heaviside  $(t - \frac{\pi}{2})$ ) = 0

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 76

$$dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=5*cos(t)*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=0$$

$$\begin{split} y(t) &= -\operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(\cos\left(t\right) - 2\sin\left(t\right)\right) \operatorname{e}^{\frac{\pi}{2} - t} + \left(-\cos\left(t\right) - 2\sin\left(t\right)\right) \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ &+ \left(\left(1 - \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t\right)\right)\cos\left(t\right) - 3\sin\left(t\right) \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t\right)\right) \operatorname{e}^{-t} \\ &+ \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t\right)\left(\cos\left(t\right) + 2\sin\left(t\right)\right) \end{split}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 67

$$e^{-t}\cos(t) \qquad \qquad t<0$$
 
$$y(t) \rightarrow \left\{ e^{-t}\left(-e^{\pi/2}(\cos(t)-2\sin(t))-3\sin(t)\right) \quad 2t>\pi \right.$$
 
$$\cos(t)+(2-3e^{-t})\sin(t) \qquad \text{True}$$

### 4.20 problem Problem 3(f)

Internal problem ID [10980]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ 2nd order, linear, nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 5y' + 6y - 36t(\text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(-1+t)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = -2]$$

## Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 67

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+5\*diff(y(t),t)+6\*y(t)=36\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0)=-1,D(t)

$$\begin{split} y(t) &= 6 \bigg( \bigg( \bigg( -t + \frac{5}{6} \bigg) \operatorname{e}^{3t} - \frac{4 \operatorname{e}^3}{3} + \frac{3 \operatorname{e}^{t+2}}{2} \bigg) \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t - 1 \right) + \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t \right) \left( t - \frac{5}{6} \right) \operatorname{e}^{3t} \\ &+ \left( \frac{3 \operatorname{e}^t}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t \right) - \frac{5 \operatorname{e}^t}{6} + \frac{2}{3} \bigg) \operatorname{e}^{-3t} \end{split}$$

## ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 63

DSolve[{y''[t]+5\*y'[t]+6\*y[t]==36\*t\*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1]),{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==-2}},y[t],t,

$$e^{-3t}(4-5e^t)$$
  $t<0$   $y(t) o \{ e^{-3t}(-8e^3+e^t(4+9e^2)) \ t>1$   $6t+4e^{-2t}-5$  True

### 4.21 problem Problem 3(g)

Internal problem ID [10981]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(g).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4y' + 13y - 39$$
 Heaviside  $(t) + 507(t-2)$  Heaviside  $(t-2) = 0$ 

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 84

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+4\*diff(y(t),t)+13\*y(t)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t)-507\*(t-2)\*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)=39\*Heaviside(t-2),y(

$$y(t) = -12 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-2) \left( \left( \cos(6) + \frac{5\sin(6)}{12} \right) \cos(3t) - \frac{5\sin(3t) \left( \cos(6) - \frac{12\sin(6)}{5} \right)}{12} \right) e^{-2t+4} + 3(30 - 13t) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-2) - 3 e^{-2t} (\operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 1) \cos(3t) + \frac{(-6 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) + 7)\sin(3t) e^{-2t}}{3} + 3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 103

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t}\sin(3t) + 3 & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ y(t) \to & \{ & \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t}(9\cos(3t) + 7\sin(3t)) & t < 0 \\ & \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t}(-9e^{2t}(13t - 31) - 3e^4(12\cos(6 - 3t) + 5\sin(6 - 3t)) + \sin(3t)) & \text{True} \end{split}$$

### 4.22 problem Problem 3(h)

Internal problem ID [10982]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 3(h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4y - 3$$
 Heaviside  $(t) + 3$  Heaviside  $(t - 4) - (2t - 5)$  Heaviside  $(t - 4) = 0$ 

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{3}{4}, y'(0) = 2 \right]$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 48

$$\frac{dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*y(t)=3*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-4))+(2*t-5)*Heaviside(t-4),y(0) = 3}{dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*y(t)=3*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-4))+(2*t-5)*Heaviside(t-4),y(0) = 3}$$

$$y(t) = \sin{(2t)} + \frac{3\cos{(2t)}}{4} - \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-4\right)\sin{(2t-8)}}{4} + \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-4\right)t}{2} \\ - 2\,\text{Heaviside}\left(t-4\right) - \frac{3\,\text{Heaviside}\left(t\right)\cos{(2t)}}{4} + \frac{3\,\text{Heaviside}\left(t\right)}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 59

$$DSolve[{y''[t]+4*y[t]==3*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-4])+(2*t-5)*UnitStep[t-4],{y[0]==3/4,y'[0]==3/4,y'[0]==3/4,y'[0]==3/4,y'[0]$$

$$\sin(2t) + \frac{3}{4}$$
  $0 \le t \le 4$    
  $y(t) \to \{ \frac{\frac{3}{4}\cos(2t) + \sin(2t)}{\frac{1}{4}(2t + \sin(8 - 2t) - 5) + \sin(2t)}$  True

#### 4.23 problem Problem 3(i)

Internal problem ID [10983]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 3(i).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$4y'' + 4y' + 5y - 25t \left( \text{Heaviside}\left(t\right) - \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 2]$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 85

dsolve([4\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+4\*diff(y(t),t)+5\*y(t)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)=25\*t\*(Heaviside(t)-Heavi

$$y(t) = -\frac{5\left(\left(\pi + \frac{12}{5}\right)\cos\left(t\right) - 2\left(\pi - \frac{8}{5}\right)\sin\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)e^{-\frac{t}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}}}{4} \\ + \left(4 - 5t\right)\operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ + \left(\left(4\cos\left(t\right) - 3\sin\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t\right) + 2\cos\left(t\right) + 3\sin\left(t\right)\right)e^{-\frac{t}{2}} + \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t\right)\left(-4 + 5t\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 97

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]+4\*y'[t]+5\*y[t]==25\*t\*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-Pi/2]),{y[0]==2,y'[0]==2}},y[t]

### 4.24 problem Problem 3(j)

Internal problem ID [10984]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 3(j).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ 2nd order, linear, nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4y' + 3y$$
 – Heaviside  $(t)$  + Heaviside  $(-1 + t)$  – Heaviside  $(t - 2)$  + Heaviside  $(t - 3)$  = 0

With initial conditions

$$y(0) = -\frac{2}{3}, y'(0) = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 117

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+4\*diff(y(t),t)+3\*y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)+Heaviside(t-2)-Heaviside(t-2)+Heaviside(t-2)-Heaviside(t-2)+Heavis

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{3} - e^{2+2t} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-2) + e^{3+2t} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-3) + e^{2t+1} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-1) + \frac{2(\operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-1) + e^{2t+1} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t-1) + e^{2t+1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 153

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t} \Big( 2e^{3t}(\theta(1-t,t)+\theta(3-t)) \\ -3e^{2t} \Big( 2\theta(1-t,t)+e^{3}\theta(3-t)-\theta(t)+e\big(-1+e-e^{2}\big)+3 \Big) \\ -\Big( \Big( 2e^{t}+e^{2}\big) \left( e^{2}-e^{t} \right)^{2}\theta(2-t) \Big) + \Big( e^{3}-3(e-2)e^{2t} \Big) \theta(1-t)+e^{9}\theta(3-t)+\theta(t) \\ -e^{9}+e^{6}-e^{3}-1 \Big)$$

### 4.25 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [10985]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 4(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ 2nd order, missing y]]

$$y'' - 2y' - \left( \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 4 & 0 \le t < 1 \\ 6 & 1 \le t \end{array} \right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -6, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 50

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-2\*diff(y(t),t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<1,4,t>=1,6),y(0) = -6, D(y)(0) = 1

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(\begin{cases} -13 + e^{2t} & t < 0\\ 3e^{2t} - 15 - 4t & t < 1\\ 3e^{2t} - 14 + e^{2t-2} - 6t & 1 \le t \end{cases}\right)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 68

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]-2*y'[t]==Piecewise[\{\{4,0<=t<1\},\{6,t>=1\}\}],\{y[0]==-6,y'[0]==1\}\},y[t],t,IncludeS(x)=0$ 

### 4.26 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [10986]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 4(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y - \left( \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \le t < 1 \\ 1 & 1 \le t < 2 \\ -1 & 2 \le t \end{cases} \right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -1]$$



Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 74

 $dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t \ and \ t<1,0,t>=1 \ and \ t<2,1,t>=2,-1)$ 

$$y(t) = -4e^{2t} + 7e^{t} - \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & t < 1 \\ -1 + 2e^{t-1} - e^{2t-2} & t < 2 \\ 1 + 2e^{t-1} - e^{2t-2} - 4e^{t-2} + 2e^{-4+2t} & 2 \le t \end{pmatrix}}{2}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 100

## 4.27 problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [10987]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 4(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y - \left( \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le t < 2 \\ -1 & 2 \le t \end{cases} \right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 61

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<2,1,t>=2,-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)

$$y(t) = -\frac{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & t < 0 \\ -1 + 2e^{-t} - e^{-2t} & t < 2 \\ 1 + 2e^{-t} - e^{-2t} - 4e^{-t+2} + 2e^{-2t+4} & 2 \le t \end{pmatrix}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 59

DSolve[{y''[t]+3\*y'[t]+2\*y[t]==Piecewise[{{1,0<=t<2},{-1,t>=2}}],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,I

$$y(t) \to \ \{ \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t}(-1+e^t)^2 \qquad \qquad 0 < t \leq 2$$
 
$$(\sinh(t) + e^{4-t} - 2e^2 + 1) \left( \sinh(t) - \cosh(t) \right) \qquad \text{True}$$

### 4.28 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [10988]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 4(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ 2nd order, linear, nonhomogeneous]]

$$\begin{vmatrix} y'' + y - \begin{pmatrix} t & 0 \le t < \pi \\ -t & \pi \le t \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 34

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t - \sin(t) & t < \pi \\ -2\cos(t)\pi - 3\sin(t) - t & \pi \le t \end{cases}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 38

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]+y[t]==Piecewise[\{\{t,0<=t<Pi\},\{-t,t>=Pi\}\}],\{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0\}\},y[t],t,IncludeSi=0$ 

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ t - \sin(t) & 0 < t \leq \pi \\ -t - 2\pi \cos(t) - 3\sin(t) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

# 4.29 problem Problem 4(e)

Internal problem ID [10989]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 4(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4y - \left( \begin{cases} 8t & 0 \le t < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 8\pi & \frac{\pi}{2} \le t \end{cases} \right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 45

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+4\*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<Pi/2,8\*t,t>=Pi/2,8\*Pi),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) =

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ -\sin(2t) + 2t & t < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \cos(2t)\pi - 2\sin(2t) + 2\pi & \frac{\pi}{2} \le t \end{cases}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 47

DSolve[{y''[t]+4\*y[t]==Piecewise[{{8\*t,0<=t<Pi/2},{8\*Pi,t>=Pi/2}}],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t

$$y(t) \to \begin{cases} 0 & t \le 0 \\ 2t - \sin(2t) & t > 0 \land 2t \le \pi \end{cases}$$
 
$$\pi(\cos(2t) + 2) - 2\sin(2t) \quad \text{True}$$

### 4.30 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [10990]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 5(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4\pi^2 y - 3\left(\delta\left(t - \frac{1}{3}\right)\right) + \delta(-1 + t) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(-3\sqrt{3}\cos\left(2\pi t\right) - 3\sin\left(2\pi t\right)\right) \text{ Heaviside } \left(t - \frac{1}{3}\right) - 2\sin\left(2\pi t\right) \text{ Heaviside } (t - 1)}{4\pi}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 49

$$y(t) \to -\frac{2\theta(t-1)\sin(2\pi t) + 3\theta(3t-1)\left(\sin(2\pi t) + \sqrt{3}\cos(2\pi t)\right)}{4\pi}$$

### 4.31 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [10991]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 5(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y - 3(\delta(-1+t)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=3\*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=3\*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=3\*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=3\*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(

$$y(t) = 3 e^{-t+1}$$
 Heaviside  $(t-1)\sin(t-1)$ 

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 24

DSolve[{y''[t]+2\*y'[t]+2\*y[t]==3\*DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSo

$$y(t) \to -3e^{1-t}\theta(t-1)\sin(1-t)$$

### 4.32 problem Problem 5(c)

Internal problem ID [10992]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 5(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 4y' + 29y - 5(\delta(t - \pi)) + 5(\delta(-2\pi + t)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

 $\left( dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+29*y(t)=5*Dirac(t-Pi)-5*Dirac(t-2*Pi),y(0) \right) = 0, D(y)(0)$ 

$$y(t) = -e^{-2t+2\pi} \sin(5t) \left(e^{2\pi} \text{ Heaviside} (t-2\pi) + \text{Heaviside} (t-\pi)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 39

 $DSolve[\{y''[t]+4*y'[t]+29*y[t]==5*DiracDelta[t-Pi]-5*DiracDelta[t-2*Pi], \{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0\}\}, y'[0]==0\}$ 

$$y(t) \to -e^{2\pi - 2t} \left( e^{2\pi} \theta(t - 2\pi) + \theta(t - \pi) \right) \sin(5t)$$

### 4.33 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [10993]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 5(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y - 1 + \delta(-1 + t) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=1-Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=1-Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0], y(t), singsolve([diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)+

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-2t}}{2} + \text{Heaviside}(t-1)e^{-2t+2} - e^{-t+1} + \text{Heaviside}(t-1) + \frac{1}{2} - e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 36

DSolve[{y''[t]+3\*y'[t]+2\*y[t]==1-DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSo

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t} \Big( (e^t - 1)^2 - 2e(e^t - e) \theta(t - 1) \Big)$$

### 4.34 problem Problem 5(e)

Internal problem ID [10994]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 5(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$4y'' + 4y' + y - e^{-\frac{t}{2}}(\delta(-1+t)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

$$y(t) = \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t-1)(t-1)e^{-\frac{t}{2}}}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[{4\*y''[t]+4\*y'[t]+y[t]==Exp[-t/2]\*DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSi

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{4}e^{-t/2}(t-1)\theta(t-1)$$

# 4.35 problem Problem 5(f)

Internal problem ID [10995]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 5(f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 7y' + 6y - (\delta(-1+t)) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$2)-7\*diff(y(t),t)+6\*y(t)=Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=0

$$y(t) = \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t-1)(e^{-6+6t} - e^{t-1})}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 29

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{5}e^{t-6}(e^{5t} - e^5) \theta(t-1)$$

#### 4.36 problem Problem 6(a)

Internal problem ID [10996]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 6(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$10Q' + 100Q - \text{Heaviside}(-1+t) + \text{Heaviside}(t-2) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[Q(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

dsolve([10\*diff(Q(t),t)+100\*Q(t)=Heaviside(t-1)-Heaviside(t-2),Q(0)=0],Q(t), singsol=all)

$$\begin{split} Q(t) &= -\frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-2\right)}{100} + \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-2\right) \mathrm{e}^{-10t+20}}{100} \\ &+ \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-1\right)}{100} - \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t-1\right) \mathrm{e}^{-10t+10}}{100} \end{split}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$q(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{100} (1 - e^{-10t}) \text{ UnitStep}$$

# 4.37 problem Problem 13(a)

Internal problem ID [10997]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 13(a).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + y'' + 4y' + 4y - 8 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 4, y'(0) = -3, y''(0) = -3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

$$y(t) = 2 + \cos(2t) + e^{-t} - \sin(2t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[{y'''[t]+y''[t]+4\*y'[t]+4\*y[t]==8,{y[0]==4,y'[0]==-3,y''[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingul

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} - \sin(2t) + \cos(2t) + 2$$

#### 4.38 problem Problem 13(b)

Internal problem ID [10998]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 13(b).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y''' - 2y'' - y' + 2y - 4t = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -2, y''(0) = 4]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$3)-2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-diff(y(t),t)+2\*y(t)=4\*t,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = -2, (D@@2)

$$y(t) = 2t + 1 - 3e^{t} + 3e^{-t} + e^{2t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[{y'''[t]-2\*y''[t]-y'[t]+2\*y[t]==4\*t,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==-2,y''[0]==4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingu

$$y(t) \to 2t - 6\sinh(t) + \sinh(2t) + \cosh(2t) + 1$$

#### 4.39 problem Problem 13(c)

Internal problem ID [10999]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 13(c).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' - y'' + 4y' - 4y - 8e^{2t} + 5e^{t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

$$y(t) = e^{2t} - e^{t}t + e^{t} - \sin(2t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.353 (sec). Leaf size: 24

DSolve[{y'''[t]-y''[t]+4\*y'[t]-4\*y[t]==8\*Exp[2\*t]-5\*Exp[t],{y[0]==2,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==3}},y[t]

$$y(t) \to e^t \bigl( -t + e^t + 1 \bigr) - \sin(2t)$$

#### 4.40 problem Problem 13(d)

Internal problem ID [11000]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 13(d).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y''' - 5y'' + y' - y + t^2 - 2t + 10 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0]$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.453 (sec). Leaf size: 369

$$dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-5*diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=2*t-10-t^2,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 0, (0)$$

y(t)

$$154 \left( \left(116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26} + \frac{58\left(116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{3}}{77} + \frac{55\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}}{14} - \frac{69\left(116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{14} - \frac{234\left(116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{77} + \frac{234\left(116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{77} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{26}}{14} + \frac{154\sqrt{3}\sqrt{$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 1009

$$y(t) \longrightarrow \frac{-\text{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2\big] \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2\big] \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2\big] \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 2\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3\big]^2 t^2 + \operatorname{Root}\big[\#1^3 - 2\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&,$$

# 4.41 problem Problem 14(a)

Internal problem ID [11001]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number**: Problem 14(a).

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'''' - 5y'' + 4y - 12$$
 Heaviside  $(t) + 12$  Heaviside  $(-1 + t) = 0$ 

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 91

 $dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$4)-5*diff(y(t),t\$2)+4*y(t)=12*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0)=0,\ D(y(t),t\$2)+4*y(t)=12*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0)=0,\ D(y(t),t\$2)+4*y(t)=12*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0)=0,\ D(y(t),t\$2)+4*y(t)=12*(Heaviside(t)-Heavisid$ 

$$\begin{split} y(t) &= 2 \operatorname{e}^{-2t} \left( \operatorname{e}^{3t-1} \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t - 1 \right) - \frac{\operatorname{e}^{4t-2} \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t - 1 \right)}{4} \right. \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{\operatorname{e}^2}{4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{e}^{2t}}{2} + \operatorname{e}^{1+t} \right) \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t - 1 \right) - \left( \operatorname{e}^t - \frac{3 \operatorname{e}^{2t}}{2} + \operatorname{e}^{3t} - \frac{\operatorname{e}^{4t}}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right) \operatorname{Heaviside} \left( t \right) \right) \end{split}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 54

DSolve[{y''''[t]-5\*y''[t]+4\*y[t]==12\*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1]),{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0,

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} -\cosh(2-2t) + 4\cosh(1-t) - 4\cosh(t) + \cosh(2t) & t > 1 \\ 8\sinh^4\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) & 0 \le t \le 1 \end{cases}$$

#### 4.42 problem Problem 14(b)

Internal problem ID [11002]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

Problem number: Problem 14(b).

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'''' - 16y - 32$$
 Heaviside  $(t) + 32$  Heaviside  $(t - \pi) = 0$ 

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 119

dsolve([diff(y(t),t\$4)-16\*y(t)=32\*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi)),y(0)=0,D(y)(0)=0,(D@02)

$$y(t) = -\frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t - \pi\right) \mathrm{e}^{-2t + 2\pi}}{2} - \frac{\text{Heaviside}\left(t - \pi\right) \mathrm{e}^{2t - 2\pi}}{2} + \left(2 - \cos\left(2t\right)\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \pi\right) + \left(\cos\left(2t\right) + \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-2t}}{2} + \frac{\mathrm{e}^{2t}}{2} - 2\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(t\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

$$y(t) \rightarrow \{ cos(2t) + cosh(2t) - 2 \quad 0 \le t \le \pi$$
  
 $-2 \sinh(\pi) \sinh(\pi - 2t) \quad t > \pi$ 

<b>5</b>	Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs.
	Problems page 408

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# 5.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [11003]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 1(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$t^2y'' + 3y't + y - t^7 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t\$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^7,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2}{t} + \frac{t^7}{64} + \frac{c_1 \ln(t)}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 26

DSolve[t^2\*y''[t]+3\*t\*y'[t]+y[t]==t^7,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to \frac{t^8 + 64c_2 \log(t) + 64c_1}{64t}$$

#### 5.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [11004]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 1(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$t^{2}y'' - 6y't + \sin(2t)y - \ln(t) = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \\ \mbox{dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$^2)-6*t*diff(y(t),t)+sin(2*t)*y(t)=ln(t),y(t), singsol=all)} \\ \mbox{dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$^2)-6*t*diff(y(t),t)+sin(2*t)*y(t)=ln(t),y(t), singsol=all)} \\ \mbox{dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$^2)-6*t*diff(y(t),t)+sin(2*t)*y(t)=ln(t),y(t), singsol=all)} \\ \mbox{dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t)$^2)-6*t*diff(y(t),t)+sin(2*t)*y(t)=ln(t),y(t), singsol=all)} \\ \mbox{dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t))-sin(2*t)+sin(2*$ 

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

DSolve[t^2\*y''[t]-6\*t\*y'[t]+Sin[2\*t]\*y[t]==Log[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Not solved

# 5.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [11005]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 1(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 3y' + \frac{y}{t} - t = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 39

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)/t=t,y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-3t}t \text{ KummerM}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, 3t\right)c_2 + e^{-3t}t \text{ KummerU}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, 3t\right)c_1 + \frac{t^2}{7} - \frac{t}{14}$$

# Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 11.124 (sec). Leaf size: 253

DSolve[y''[t]+3\*y'[t]+y[t]/t==t,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) 
ightarrow G_{1,2}^{2,0} \Biggl( 3t \Biggl| egin{array}{c} rac{2}{3} \\ 0,1 \end{array} \Biggr) \Biggl( \int_{1}^{t}$$

$$\frac{3\,\mathrm{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{4}{3},2,-3K[2]\right)}{3\,\mathrm{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{4}{3},2,-3K[2]\right)G_{1,2}^{2,0}\left(3K[2]\left|\begin{array}{c}\frac{2}{3}\\0,1\end{array}\right)+3\,\mathrm{Hypergeometric1F1}\left(\frac{4}{3},2,-3K[2]\right)G_{1,2}^{2,0}\left(3K[2]\left|\begin{array}{c}\frac{2}{3}\\0,1\end{array}\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \, c_2 \Bigg) - 3t \, ext{Hypergeometric1F1} \left(rac{4}{3}, 2, 
ight.$$

$$-3t \bigg) \left( \int_{1}^{t} \frac{G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{array} \right) - 9 \text{ Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1$$

$$+ c_1$$

# 5.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [11006]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 1(d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + y't - y \ln(t) - \cos(2t) = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$2)+t\*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)\*ln(t)=cos(2\*t),y(t), singsol=all)

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y''[t]+t*y'[t]-y[t]*Log[t] == Cos[2*t], y[t], t, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

Not solved

# 5.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [11007]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section**: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 1(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$t^3y'' - 2y't + y - t^4 = 0$$

**/** 

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 120

 $dsolve(t^3*diff(y(t),t\$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^4,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$\begin{split} y(t) &= \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{1}{t}} \bigg( \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \bigg) \, c_2 \\ &+ \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{1}{t}} \bigg( - \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \bigg) \, c_1 - \left( \left( \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right. \\ &+ \left. \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \left( \int t \left( - \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \mathrm{e}^{\frac{1}{t}} dt \right) \\ &+ \left( \int t \left( \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \operatorname{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \mathrm{e}^{\frac{1}{t}} dt \right) \left( \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) \\ &- \operatorname{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \right) \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{1}{t}} \end{split}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 12.134 (sec). Leaf size: 272

DSolve[t^3\*y''[t]-2\*t\*y'[t]+y[t]==t^4,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to e^{-1/t} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \text{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \left( \int_{1}^{t} \frac{2e^{\frac{2}{K[1]}} \sqrt{\pi} K[1]^{3} G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \right| \frac{1}{2}}{e^{\frac{1}{K[1]}} \sqrt{\pi} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - \text{BesselI} \left( 2, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \right| \frac{1}{2} - 1, 0 \right) - 2 \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - 2 \left( \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - 2 \left( \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left($$

# 5.6 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [11008]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 2(a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' + 2y' + y - 1 = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=1,y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{-t}c_2 + e^{-t}tc_1 + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 20

DSolve[y''[t]+2\*y'[t]+y[t]==1,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to 1 + e^{-t}(c_2t + c_1)$$

#### 5.7 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [11009]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 2(b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y - e^t = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

 $dsolve(diff(y(t),t)^2)-2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=exp(t),y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = e^{t} \sin(2t) c_{2} + e^{t} \cos(2t) c_{1} + \frac{e^{t}}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 33

DSolve[y''[t]-2\*y'[t]+5\*y[t]==Exp[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{4}e^t((1+4c_2)\cos(2t)+4c_1\sin(2t)+1)$$

# 5.8 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [11010]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 2(c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 3y' - 7y - 4 = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$2)-3\*diff(y(t),t)-7\*y(t)=4,y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = e^{\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{37}\right)t}{2}}c_2 + e^{-\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{37}\right)t}{2}}c_1 - \frac{4}{7}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 39

DSolve[y''[t]-3\*y'[t]-7\*y[t]==4,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to -\frac{4}{7} + e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{37}-3)t} \left(c_2 e^{\sqrt{37}t} + c_1\right)$$

#### 5.9 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [11011]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 2(d).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y''' + 3y'' + 3y' + y - 5 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$3)+3\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=5,y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = 5 + c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 t^2 e^{-t} + c_3 e^{-t}t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 25

 $DSolve[y'''[t]+3*y''[t]+3*y'[t]+y[t]==5,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(t) \rightarrow 5 + e^{-t}(t(c_3t + c_2) + c_1)$$

# 5.10 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [11012]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 2(e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$3y'' + 5y' - 2y - 3t^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

 $dsolve(3*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=3*t^2,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = c_2 e^{-2t} + e^{\frac{t}{3}} c_1 - \frac{3t^2}{2} - \frac{15t}{2} - \frac{93}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 36

DSolve[3\*y''[t]+5\*y'[t]-2\*y[t]==3\*t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to -\frac{3}{4}(2t(t+5)+31) + c_1e^{t/3} + c_2e^{-2t}$$

# 5.11 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [11013]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 2(f).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_y]]

$$y''' - 2y'' + 4y' - \sin(t) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 64

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$3)=2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)-4\*diff(y(t),t)+sin(t),y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \frac{e^t \cos(\sqrt{3}t) c_1}{4} + \frac{c_1 \sqrt{3} e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t)}{4} - \frac{c_2 \sqrt{3} e^t \cos(\sqrt{3}t)}{4} + \frac{e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t) c_2}{4} + \frac{2\sin(t)}{13} - \frac{3\cos(t)}{13} + c_3$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.485 (sec). Leaf size: 69

DSolve[y'''[t]==2\*y''[t]-4\*y'[t]+Sin[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to \frac{2\sin(t)}{13} - \frac{3\cos(t)}{13} + \frac{1}{4}e^{t}\left(\left(c_{2} - \sqrt{3}c_{1}\right)\cos\left(\sqrt{3}t\right) + \left(c_{1} + \sqrt{3}c_{2}\right)\sin\left(\sqrt{3}t\right)\right) + c_{3}$$

# 5.12 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [11014]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 3(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = x(t) - 2y(t)$$
$$y'(t) = 3x(t) - 4y(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 35

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=x(t)-2\*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=3\*x(t)-4\*y(t)],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)

$$x(t) = \frac{2c_1 e^{-2t}}{3} + e^{-t} c_2$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-2t} + e^{-t} c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 60

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]==x[t]-2*y[t],y'[t]==3*x[t]-4*y[t]\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow Tr(x,y[t])\}$ 

$$x(t) \to e^{-2t} (c_1(3e^t - 2) - 2c_2(e^t - 1))$$

$$y(t) \to e^{-2t} (3c_1(e^t - 1) + c_2(3 - 2e^t))$$

# 5.13 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [11015]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 3(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{5x(t)}{4} + \frac{3y(t)}{4}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{x(t)}{2} - \frac{3y(t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.109 (sec). Leaf size: 86

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=5/4\*x(t)+3/4\*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=1/2\*x(t)-3/2\*y(t)],[x(t),y(t)], singsol=1/2\*x(t)+3/4\*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=1/2\*x(t)-3/2\*y(t)],[x(t),y(t)], singsol=1/2\*x(t)+3/4\*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=1/2\*x(t)-3/2\*y(t)],[x(t),y(t)], singsol=1/2\*x(t)+3/4\*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=1/2\*x(t)-3/2\*y(t)],[x(t),y(t),y(t)]

$$x(t) = \frac{c_1 e^{\frac{\left(-1+\sqrt{145}\right)t}{8}\sqrt{145}}}{4} - \frac{c_2 e^{-\frac{\left(1+\sqrt{145}\right)t}{8}\sqrt{145}}}{4} + \frac{11c_1 e^{\frac{\left(-1+\sqrt{145}\right)t}{8}}}{4} + \frac{11c_2 e^{-\frac{\left(1+\sqrt{145}\right)t}{8}}}{4}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\frac{(-1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 114

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{145}e^{-t/8} \left( 145c_1 \cosh\left(\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{8}\right) + \sqrt{145}(11c_1 + 6c_2) \sinh\left(\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{8}\right) \right)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{145} e^{-t/8} \left( 145c_2 \cosh\left(\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{8}\right) + \sqrt{145}(4c_1 - 11c_2) \sinh\left(\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{8}\right) \right)$$

# 5.14 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [11016]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 3(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = x(t) - 2y(t)$$

$$y'(t) = -y(t) + x(t)$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 35

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-x(t)+2\*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)+y(t)-x(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 \cos(t) - c_2 \sin(t) + c_1 \sin(t) + c_2 \cos(t)$$

$$y(t) = c_1 \sin(t) + c_2 \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 39

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]-x[t]+2*y[t]==0,y'[t]+y[t]-x[t]==0\}, \{x[t],y[t]\},t, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow Track T$ 

$$x(t) \to c_1(\sin(t) + \cos(t)) - 2c_2\sin(t)$$

$$y(t) \to c_2 \cos(t) + (c_1 - c_2) \sin(t)$$

#### 5.15 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [11017]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

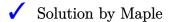
Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

Problem number: Problem 3(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -5x(t) + 2y(t)$$
  
$$y'(t) = -2x(t) + y(t)$$



Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 83

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+5\*x(t)-2\*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)+2\*x(t)-y(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)

$$x(t) = -\frac{c_1 e^{\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)t} \sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{c_2 e^{-\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)t} \sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{3c_1 e^{\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)t}}{2} + \frac{3c_2 e^{-\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)t}}{2}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\left(-2 + \sqrt{5}\right)t} + c_2 e^{-\left(2 + \sqrt{5}\right)t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 98

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}e^{-2t} \Big(5c_1\cosh\left(\sqrt{5}t\right) + \sqrt{5}(2c_2 - 3c_1)\sinh\left(\sqrt{5}t\right)\Big)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}e^{-2t} \left(5c_2 \cosh\left(\sqrt{5}t\right) + \sqrt{5}(3c_2 - 2c_1)\sinh\left(\sqrt{5}t\right)\right)$$

# 5.16 problem Problem 3(e)

Internal problem ID [11018]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 3(e).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 3x(t) - 2y(t)$$
$$y'(t) = x(t) - 3y(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 70

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-3\*x(t)+2\*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)-x(t)+3\*y(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 \sqrt{7} e^{\sqrt{7}t} - c_2 \sqrt{7} e^{-\sqrt{7}t} + 3c_1 e^{\sqrt{7}t} + 3c_2 e^{-\sqrt{7}t}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\sqrt{7}t} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{7}t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 76

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]-3*x[t]+2*y[t]==0,y'[t]-x[t]+3*y[t]==0\}, \{x[t],y[t]\},t, Include Singular Solutions -1, the sum of the property of the property$ 

$$x(t) \to c_1 \cosh\left(\sqrt{7}t\right) + \frac{(3c_1 - 2c_2)\sinh\left(\sqrt{7}t\right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \cosh\left(\sqrt{7}t\right) + \frac{(c_1 - 3c_2)\sinh\left(\sqrt{7}t\right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

#### 5.17 problem Problem 3(f)

Internal problem ID [11019]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 3(f).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -x(t) + z(t)$$

$$y'(t) = y(t) - x(t)$$

$$z'(t) = -x(t) - 2y(t) + 3z(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 49

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+x(t)-z(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)-y(t)+x(t)=0,diff(z(t),t)+x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t)=0],

$$x(t) = \frac{c_3 e^{3t}}{4} - c_2 + c_1 + c_2 t$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{c_3 e^{3t}}{8} + c_1 + c_2 t$$

$$z(t) = c_1 + c_2 t + c_3 e^{3t}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 126

DSolve[{x'[t]+x[t]-z[t]==0,y'[t]-y[t]+x[t]==0,z'[t]+x[t]+2\*y[t]-3\*z[t]==0},{x[t],y[t],z[t]},t

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{9} \left( -9c_1(t-1) - 2(c_2 - c_3) \left( e^{3t} - 1 \right) + 3(2c_2 + c_3)t \right)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{9} \left( (c_2 - c_3)e^{3t} + 3(-3c_1 + 2c_2 + c_3)t + 8c_2 + c_3 \right)$$

$$z(t) \to \frac{1}{9} \left( -8(c_2 - c_3)e^{3t} + 3(-3c_1 + 2c_2 + c_3)t + 8c_2 + c_3 \right)$$

#### 5.18 problem Problem 3(g)

Internal problem ID [11020]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number**: Problem 3(g).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -\frac{x(t)}{2} + 2y(t) - 3z(t)$$
$$y'(t) = y(t) - \frac{z(t)}{2}$$
$$z'(t) = -2x(t) + z(t)$$



Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 164

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-1/2\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-2\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-2\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-2\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-2\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=y(t)-1/2\*z

$$x(t) = -\frac{c_2 e^{\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}\sqrt{33}}{8} + \frac{c_3 e^{-\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}\sqrt{33}}{8} + \frac{7c_2 e^{\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}}{8} + \frac{7c_3 e^{-\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}}{8} - c_1 e^{3t}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 \mathrm{e}^{\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}\sqrt{33}}}{8} - \frac{c_3 \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}\sqrt{33}}}{8} + \frac{7c_2 \mathrm{e}^{\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}}{8} + \frac{7c_3 \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}}{8} - \frac{c_1 \mathrm{e}^{3t}}{4}$$

$$z(t) = c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{\frac{\left(-3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}} + c_3 e^{-\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}{4}}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 483

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{264} e^{-\frac{1}{4} \left(3 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} \left( c_1 \left( \left(88 - 16\sqrt{33}\right) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 88e^{\frac{1}{4} \left(15 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} + 88 + 16\sqrt{33} \right) + 22(4c_2 - 7c_3)e^{\frac{1}{4} \left(15 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} + \left(4\left(3\sqrt{33} - 11\right)c_2 + \left(77 - 13\sqrt{33}\right)c_3\right)e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} - 4\left(11 + 3\sqrt{33}\right)c_2 + \left(77 + 13\sqrt{33}\right)c_3\right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{4}\left(3+\sqrt{33}\right)t}\left(-4c_1\left(\left(11+5\sqrt{33}\right)e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}}-22e^{\frac{1}{4}\left(15+\sqrt{33}\right)t}+11-5\sqrt{33}\right)+22(4c_2-7c_3)e^{\frac{1}{4}\left(15+\sqrt{33}\right)t}+\left(\left(44-\frac{1}{2}\right)e^{\frac{1}{4}\left(15+\sqrt{33}\right)t}+11-\frac{1}{2}\right)e^{\frac{1}{4}\left(15+\sqrt{33}\right)t}+11-\frac{1}{2}e^{\frac{1}{4}\left(15+\sqrt{33}\right)$$

$$z(t) \to \frac{1}{264} e^{-\frac{1}{4} \left(3 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} \left( c_1 \left( \left(44 - 12\sqrt{33}\right) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} - 88e^{\frac{1}{4} \left(15 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} + 44 + 12\sqrt{33} \right) - 22(4c_2 - 7c_3)e^{\frac{1}{4} \left(15 + \sqrt{33}\right)t} + \left(4\left(11 + 5\sqrt{33}\right)c_2 + \left(55 - 7\sqrt{33}\right)c_3\right)e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + \left(44 - 20\sqrt{33}\right)c_2 + \left(55 + 7\sqrt{33}\right)c_3\right)$$

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# 6.1 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [11021]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{y(t)}{2} + \frac{x(t)}{2}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{y(t)}{2} - \frac{x(t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 46

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=y(t),diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)],[x(t),y(t)], singsol=x(t), f(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=y(t), f(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)], f(x(t),y(t),t)=x(t), f(x(t),y(t),t)=x(t

$$x(t) = -e^{rac{t}{2}} \left( \cos \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) c_1 - \sin \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) c_2 
ight)$$

$$y(t) = \mathrm{e}^{rac{t}{2}}igg(c_2\cos\left(rac{t}{2}
ight) + c_1\sin\left(rac{t}{2}
ight)igg)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 63

DSolve[{x'[t]+y'[t]==y[t],x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) 
ightarrow e^{t/2} igg( c_1 \cos \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) + c_2 \sin \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) igg)$$

$$y(t) o e^{t/2} igg( c_2 \cos \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) - c_1 \sin \left( rac{t}{2} 
ight) igg)$$

# 6.2 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [11022]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{t}{3} + \frac{2x(t)}{3} + \frac{2y(t)}{3}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{t}{3} - \frac{x(t)}{3} - \frac{y(t)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 45

$$x(t) = -4t - 6e^{\frac{t}{3}}c_1 - 6 - \frac{t^2}{2} - c_2$$

$$y(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} + 3e^{\frac{t}{3}}c_1 + 2t + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.117 (sec). Leaf size: 71

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]+2*y'[t]==t,x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]+y[t]\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow Tr(x,y)=x(x,y)=$ 

$$x(t) \to -\frac{1}{2}t(t+8) + 2(c_1+c_2)e^{t/3} - c_1 - 2(6+c_2)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2}t(t+4) - (c_1 + c_2)e^{t/3} + 6 + c_1 + 2c_2$$

# 6.3 problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [11023]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{6}{5} + \frac{3y(t)}{5} - \frac{3t}{5} + x(t)$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{6}{5} - \frac{2y(t)}{5} + \frac{2t}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 30

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t)-t,2\*diff(x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+3\*diff(y(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6],[x(t),t)+6],[x

$$x(t) = -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3e^{-\frac{2t}{5}}c_2}{7} + c_1e^t$$

$$y(t) = t + \frac{1}{2} + e^{-\frac{2t}{5}}c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.324 (sec). Leaf size: 53

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]+y[t]-t,2*x'[t]+3*y'[t]==2*x[t]+6\}, \{x[t],y[t]\},t,IncludeSingularSoludeSi$ 

$$x(t) \to \left(c_1 + \frac{3c_2}{7}\right)e^t - \frac{3}{7}c_2e^{-2t/5} - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y(t) \to t + c_2 e^{-2t/5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

# 6.4 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [11024]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{2t}{7} + \frac{y(t)}{7}$$
$$y'(t) = -\frac{3t}{7} + \frac{2y(t)}{7}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

$$x(t) = \frac{t^2}{4} + \frac{3t}{4} + \frac{e^{\frac{2t}{7}}c_2}{2} + c_1$$

$$y(t) = \frac{3t}{2} + \frac{21}{4} + e^{\frac{2t}{7}}c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.082 (sec). Leaf size: 56

DSolve[{2\*x'[t]-y'[t]==t,3\*x'[t]+2\*y'[t]==y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{8} (2t(t+3) + 4c_2(e^{2t/7} - 1) + 21 + 8c_1)$$
  
 $y(t) \to \frac{3t}{2} + c_2e^{2t/7} + \frac{21}{4}$ 

### 6.5 problem Problem 4(e)

Internal problem ID [11025]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(e).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{x(t)}{4} - \frac{y(t)}{4}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{5t}{4} - \frac{3x(t)}{4} - \frac{3y(t)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

dsolve([5\*diff(x(t),t)-3\*diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t),3\*diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=t],[x(t),y(t)],

$$x(t) = \frac{t}{2} - \frac{e^{-t}c_1}{3} - 2 + \frac{t^2}{8} - c_2$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{t^2}{8} - e^{-t}c_1 + \frac{3t}{2} + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 72

DSolve[{5\*x'[t]-3\*y'[t]==x[t]+y[t],3\*x'[t]-y'[t]==t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{8} (t(t+4) + 2(c_1 + c_2)e^{-t} - 4 + 6c_1 - 2c_2)$$
$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{8} (-(t-12)t + 2(3(c_1 + c_2)e^{-t} - 6 - 3c_1 + c_2))$$

### 6.6 problem Problem 4(f)

Internal problem ID [11026]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(f).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{4y(t)}{5} + \frac{4t}{5}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{y(t)}{5} + \frac{t}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-4\*diff(y(t),t)=0,2\*diff(x(t),t)-3\*diff(y(t),t)=y(t)+t],[x(t), y(t)], sin(x,t)=0

$$x(t) = -4t + 4e^{\frac{t}{5}}c_2 + c_1$$

$$y(t) = -t - 5 + e^{\frac{t}{5}}c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 43

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]-4*y'[t]==0,2*x'[t]-3*y'[t]==y[t]+t\}, \{x[t],y[t]\}, t, IncludeSingularSo] utions \rightarrow T (x,y[t]-4*y'[t]==0,2*x'[t]-3*y'[t]==y[t]+t\}, \{x[t],y[t]\}, \{x[$ 

$$x(t) \to -4t + 4c_2(e^{t/5} - 1) - 20 + c_1$$

$$y(t) \to -t + c_2 e^{t/5} - 5$$

### 6.7 problem Problem 4(g)

Internal problem ID [11027]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

Problem number: Problem 4(g).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = \frac{\sin(t)}{4} + \frac{x(t)}{4} + \frac{y(t)}{4} + \frac{t}{4}$$
$$y'(t) = \frac{\sin(t)}{8} - \frac{3x(t)}{8} - \frac{3y(t)}{8} - \frac{3t}{8}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 51

dsolve([3\*diff(x(t),t)+2\*diff(y(t),t)=sin(t),diff(x(t),t)-2\*diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t)+t],[x(t),t]

$$x(t) = \frac{16e^{-\frac{t}{8}}c_1}{3} - \frac{17\cos(t)}{65} - \frac{6\sin(t)}{65} + 8 + 2t - c_2$$

$$y(t) = -8e^{-\frac{t}{8}}c_1 + \frac{9\sin(t)}{65} - \frac{7\cos(t)}{65} - 3t + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.232 (sec). Leaf size: 82

$$x(t) \to -2t - \frac{6\sin(t)}{17} - \frac{7\cos(t)}{17} + 2(c_1 + c_2)e^{t/4} - 8 - c_1 - 2c_2$$

$$y(t) \to t + \frac{3\sin(t)}{17} - \frac{5\cos(t)}{17} - (c_1 + c_2)e^{t/4} + 4 + c_1 + 2c_2$$

7	Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential
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### 7.1 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [11028]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

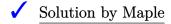
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**Problem number**: Problem 3(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -4x(t) + 9y(t) + 12 e^{-t}$$
$$y'(t) = -5x(t) + 2y(t)$$



Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 66

$$dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-4*x(t)+9*y(t)+12*exp(-t),diff(y(t),t)=-5*x(t)+2*y(t)],[x(t),y(t)], sin(x,t)=-2*x(t)+2*y(t)+12*x(t)+12*$$

$$x(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(6\sin(6t)c_1 + 3\sin(6t)c_2 + 3\cos(6t)c_1 - 6\cos(6t)c_2 - 5)}{5}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(3\sin(6t)c_2 + 3\cos(6t)c_1 - 5)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.05 (sec). Leaf size: 73

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]==-4*x[t]+9*y[t]+12*Exp[-t],y'[t]==-5*x[t]+2*y[t]\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t,Inc]udeSingular$ 

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(2c_1\cos(6t) - (c_1 - 3c_2)\sin(6t) - 2)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{6}e^{-t}(6c_2\cos(6t) + (3c_2 - 5c_1)\sin(6t) - 10)$$

### 7.2 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [11029]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 3(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -7x(t) + 6y(t) + 6e^{-t}$$
  
$$y'(t) = -12x(t) + 5y(t) + 37$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 82

$$dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-7*x(t)+6*y(t)+6*exp(-t),diff(y(t),t)=-12*x(t)+5*y(t)+37],[x(t),y(t)],\\$$

$$x(t) = 6 + \frac{e^{-t}(\sin(6t)c_1 + \sin(6t)c_2 + \cos(6t)c_1 - \cos(6t)c_2 - 2\sin(6t) - 2\cos(6t) - 2)}{2}$$

$$y(t) = 7 + e^{-t}(\sin(6t) c_2 + \cos(6t) c_1 - 2\cos(6t) - 2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.243 (sec). Leaf size: 72

$$DSolve[\{x'[t]==-7*x[t]+6*y[t]+6*Exp[-t],y'[t]==-12*x[t]+5*y[t]+37\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t,IncludeSingularing and the standard properties of the standard properties$$

$$x(t) \to e^{-t} (6e^t + c_1 \cos(6t) + (c_2 - c_1) \sin(6t) - 1)$$

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} (7e^t + c_2 \cos(6t) + (c_2 - 2c_1)\sin(6t) - 2)$$

### 7.3 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [11030]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

**Problem number**: Problem 3(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -7x(t) + 10y(t) + 18 e^{t}$$
$$y'(t) = -10x(t) + 9y(t) + 37$$



Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 81

$$dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-7*x(t)+10*y(t)+18*exp(t),diff(y(t),t)=-10*x(t)+9*y(t)+37],[x(t),y(t)],$$

$$x(t) = 10 + \frac{e^{t}(3\sin(6t)c_{1} + 4\sin(6t)c_{2} + 4\cos(6t)c_{1} - 3\cos(6t)c_{2} - 15\sin(6t) - 20\cos(6t) - 20)}{5}$$

$$y(t) = 7 + e^{t}(\sin(6t) c_2 + \cos(6t) c_1 - 5\cos(6t) - 5)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.407 (sec). Leaf size: 74

$$DSolve[\{x'[t]==-7*x[t]+10*y[t]+18*Exp[t],y'[t]==-10*x[t]+9*y[t]+37\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t], IncludeSing[x,y]=-10*x[t]+10*y[t]+10*y[t]+10*y[t]+10*x[t$$

$$x(t) \to 10 + \frac{1}{3}e^{t}(3c_1\cos(6t) + (5c_2 - 4c_1)\sin(6t) - 12)$$

$$y(t) \to 7 + \frac{1}{3}e^t(3c_2\cos(6t) + (4c_2 - 5c_1)\sin(6t) - 15)$$

### 7.4 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [11031]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 3(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -14x(t) + 39y(t) + 78\sinh(t)$$
  
$$y'(t) = -6x(t) + 16y(t) + 6\cosh(t)$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.329 (sec). Leaf size: 84

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-14\*x(t)+39\*y(t)+78\*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=-6\*x(t)+16\*y(t)+6\*cosh(t)],[x(t)+16\*y(

$$x(t) = \frac{5 e^{t} \sin(3t) c_{2}}{2} - \frac{e^{t} \cos(3t) c_{2}}{2} + \frac{5 e^{t} \cos(3t) c_{1}}{2} + \frac{e^{t} \sin(3t) c_{1}}{2} + \frac{119 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{105 e^{t}}{2} + \cosh(t)$$

$$y(t) = e^{t} \sin(3t) c_{2} + e^{t} \cos(3t) c_{1} + 21 e^{-t} - 21 e^{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.415 (sec). Leaf size: 74

 $DSolve[{x'[t]==-14*x[t]+39*y[t]+78*Sinh[t],y'[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,In[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+16$ 

$$x(t) \to -112\sinh(t) + 8\cosh(t) + e^t(c_1\cos(3t) + (13c_2 - 5c_1)\sin(3t))$$
  
$$y(t) \to -42\sinh(t) + e^t(c_2\cos(3t) + (5c_2 - 2c_1)\sin(3t))$$

## 7.5 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [11032]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

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Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

**Problem number**: Problem 4(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 2x(t) + 4y(t) - 2z(t) - 2\sinh(t)$$
  

$$y'(t) = 4x(t) + 2y(t) - 2z(t) + 10\cosh(t)$$
  

$$z'(t) = -x(t) + 3y(t) + z(t) + 5$$

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 429

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=2\*x(t)+4\*y(t)-2\*z(t)-2\*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+10\*cosh(t)

$$x(t) = -1 - \frac{3\sinh(4t)e^{5t}}{14} - \frac{275\sinh(6t)e^{5t}}{1008} + \frac{3\cosh(4t)e^{5t}}{14} + \frac{275\cosh(6t)e^{5t}}{1008} - \frac{3\sinh(t)}{16} - \frac{45\cosh(t)}{16} - \frac{275e^{-2t}\sinh(t)}{224} + \frac{9c_1e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{c_2e^{2t}}{2} + 2c_3e^{5t} - \frac{275e^{-2t}\cosh(t)}{224} + \frac{3e^{2t}\sinh(t)}{2} - \frac{3e^{2t}\cosh(t)}{2} + \frac{275e^{2t}\sinh(3t)}{288} - \frac{3e^{-2t}\sinh(3t)}{14} - \frac{275e^{2t}\cosh(3t)}{288} - \frac{3e^{-2t}\cosh(3t)}{14}$$

$$y(t) = -1 - \frac{\sinh{(4t)} e^{5t}}{14} + \frac{25\sinh{(6t)} e^{5t}}{144} + \frac{\cosh{(4t)} e^{5t}}{14} - \frac{25\cosh{(6t)} e^{5t}}{144} - \frac{\sinh{(t)}}{16} - \frac{15\cosh{(t)}}{16} + \frac{25e^{-2t}\sinh{(t)}}{32} - \frac{5c_1e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{c_2e^{2t}}{2} + 2c_3e^{5t} + \frac{25e^{-2t}\cosh{(t)}}{32} + \frac{e^{2t}\sinh{(t)}}{2} - \frac{e^{2t}\cosh{(t)}}{2} - \frac{175e^{2t}\sinh{(3t)}}{288} - \frac{e^{-2t}\sinh{(3t)}}{14} + \frac{175e^{2t}\cosh{(3t)}}{288} - \frac{e^{-2t}\cosh{(3t)}}{14}$$

$$z(t) = -\frac{25 e^{-2t} \sinh(t)}{14} - 3 - \frac{4 e^{-2t} \sinh(3t)}{7} - \frac{25 e^{-2t} \cosh(t)}{14} - \frac{4 e^{-2t} \cosh(3t)}{7} + 4 e^{2t} \sinh(t) + \frac{25 e^{2t} \sinh(3t)}{18} - 4 e^{2t} \cosh(t) - \frac{25 e^{2t} \cosh(3t)}{18} - \frac{4 \sinh(4t) e^{5t}}{7} - \frac{25 \sinh(6t) e^{5t}}{63} + \frac{4 \cosh(4t) e^{5t}}{7} + \frac{25 \cosh(6t) e^{5t}}{63} + c_1 e^{-2t} + c_2 e^{2t} + c_3 e^{5t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.175 (sec). Leaf size: 233

$$x(t) \to -\frac{29e^{-t}}{9} - 3e^{t} + \frac{9}{14}(c_{1} - c_{2})e^{-2t} + \frac{2}{21}(9c_{1} + 5c_{2} - 7c_{3})e^{5t} + \frac{1}{6}(-3c_{1} + c_{2} + 4c_{3})e^{2t} - 1$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{7e^{-t}}{9} - e^{t} + \frac{5}{14}(c_{2} - c_{1})e^{-2t} + \frac{2}{21}(9c_{1} + 5c_{2} - 7c_{3})e^{5t} + \frac{1}{6}(-3c_{1} + c_{2} + 4c_{3})e^{2t} - 1$$

$$z(t) \to -\frac{25e^{-t}}{9} - 4e^{t} + \frac{4}{7}(c_{1} - c_{2})e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{21}(9c_{1} + 5c_{2} - 7c_{3})e^{5t} + \frac{1}{3}(-3c_{1} + c_{2} + 4c_{3})e^{2t} - 3$$

### 7.6 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [11033]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

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Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 4(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 2x(t) + 6y(t) - 2z(t) + 50 e^{t}$$
  

$$y'(t) = 6x(t) + 2y(t) - 2z(t) + 21 e^{-t}$$
  

$$z'(t) = -x(t) + 6y(t) + z(t) + 9$$



Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 102

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=2\*x(t)+6\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+50\*exp(t),diff(y(t),t)=6\*x(t)+2\*y(t)-2\*z(t)+21\*exp(t

$$x(t) = 12e^{t} - 1 - 6e^{-t} + c_{3}e^{6t} + c_{1}e^{-4t} + \frac{2c_{2}e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$y(t) = 2e^{t} - 1 + e^{-t} + c_3e^{6t} - \frac{2c_1e^{-4t}}{3} + \frac{2c_2e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$z(t) = 37 e^{t} - 4 - 6 e^{-t} + c_3 e^{6t} + c_2 e^{3t} + c_1 e^{-4t}$$

Time used: 0.114 (sec). Leaf size: 213

DSolve[{x'[t]==2\*x[t]+6\*y[t]-2\*z[t]+50\*Exp[t],y'[t]==6\*x[t]+2\*y[t]-2\*z[t]+21\*Exp[-t],z'[t]==-

$$x(t) \to -6e^{-t} + 12e^{t} + \frac{3}{5}(c_{1} - c_{2})e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_{1} + 9c_{2} - 10c_{3})e^{6t} - \frac{2}{3}(c_{1} - c_{3})e^{3t} - 1$$

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} + 2e^{t} - \frac{2}{5}(c_{1} - c_{2})e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_{1} + 9c_{2} - 10c_{3})e^{6t} - \frac{2}{3}(c_{1} - c_{3})e^{3t} - 1$$

$$z(t) \to -6e^{-t} + 37e^{t} + \frac{3}{5}(c_{1} - c_{2})e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_{1} + 9c_{2} - 10c_{3})e^{6t} - \frac{5}{3}(c_{1} - c_{3})e^{3t} - 4$$

#### problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [11034]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

**Problem number**: Problem 4(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -2x(t) - 2y(t) + 4z(t)$$
  

$$y'(t) = -2x(t) + y(t) + 2z(t)$$
  

$$z'(t) = -4x(t) - 2y(t) + 6z(t) + e^{2t}$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 89

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-2\*x(t)-2\*y(t)+4\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=-2\*x(t)+1\*y(t)+2\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-4\*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-4\*z(t)+2\*z(t)

$$x(t) = \frac{3c_2e^{2t}}{4} + 4e^{2t}t - \frac{19e^{2t}}{4} + e^tc_3 - \frac{e^{2t}c_1}{2}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 e^{2t}}{2} + 2 e^{2t} t - \frac{5 e^{2t}}{2} + \frac{e^t c_3}{2} + e^{2t} c_1$$

$$z(t) = (e^{t}(5t + c_2 - 5) + c_3)e^{t}$$

#### / So

## Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 119

DSolve[{x'[t]==-2\*x[t]-2\*y[t]+4\*z[t],y'[t]==-2\*x[t]+y[t]+2\*z[t],z'[t]==-4\*x[t]-2\*y[t]+6\*z[t]+

$$x(t) \to e^t (e^t (4t - 4 - 3c_1 - 2c_2 + 4c_3) + 2(2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3))$$

$$y(t) \to e^t (2e^t(t-1-c_1+c_3) + 2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3)$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow e^{t} (e^{t} (5t - 2(2 + 2c_1 + c_2) + 5c_3) + 2(2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3))$$

#### 7.8 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [11035]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

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Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 4(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 3x(t) - 2y(t) + 3z(t)$$
  

$$y'(t) = x(t) - y(t) + 2z(t) + 2e^{-t}$$
  

$$z'(t) = -2x(t) + 2y(t) - 2z(t)$$

**√** §

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 91

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=3\*x(t)-2\*y(t)+3\*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t),diff(z(t),t)=x(t)-x(t)-x(t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t)+2\*exp(-t)+2\*z(t

$$x(t) = -e^{t}c_{1} - c_{2}e^{-2t} - c_{3}e^{t}t - \frac{3e^{t}c_{3}}{2} + 2e^{-t}$$

$$y(t) = e^{-t} + \frac{e^t c_1}{2} - c_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{c_3 e^t t}{2} - e^t c_3$$

$$z(t) = -2e^{-t} + e^{t}c_1 + c_2e^{-2t} + c_3e^{t}t$$

Time used: 0.06 (sec). Leaf size: 174

DSolve[{x'[t]==3\*x[t]-2\*y[t]+3\*z[t],y'[t]==x[t]-y[t]+2\*z[t]+2\*Exp[-t],z'[t]==-2\*x[t]+2\*y[t]-2

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t} \left( 18e^t + e^{3t} (c_1(6t+13) + c_3(6t+7) - 6c_2) - 4c_1 + 6c_2 - 7c_3 \right)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t} \left( 9e^t + e^{3t} (c_1(4-3t) + c_3(7-3t) + 3c_2) - 4c_1 + 6c_2 - 7c_3 \right)$$

$$z(t) \to \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t} \left( -18e^t + 2e^{3t} (-(c_1(3t+2)) - 3c_3t + 3c_2 + c_3) + 4c_1 - 6c_2 + 7c_3 \right)$$

### 7.9 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [11036]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

**Problem number**: Problem 5(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 7x(t) + y(t) - 1 - 6e^{t}$$
$$y'(t) = -4x(t) + 3y(t) + 4e^{t} - 3$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 30

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 7\*x(t)+y(t)-1-6\*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = -4\*x(t)+3\*y(t)+4\*exp(t)-3, x(0))

$$x(t) = -2t e^{5t} + e^t$$

$$y(t) = 1 + (4t - 2) e^{5t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.18 (sec). Leaf size: 51

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]==7*x[t]+y[t]-1-Exp[t],y'[t]==-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[0]==-1,y[0]==-1\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3\},\{x[t]=-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3*y[t]+4*Ex$ 

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{8}e^t (e^{4t}(4t+5)+3)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{4} \left( -e^{5t}(4t+3) - 5e^t + 4 \right)$$

#### 7.10 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [11037]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

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Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 5(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 3x(t) - 2y(t) + 24\sin(t)$$

$$y'(t) = 9x(t) - 3y(t) + 12\cos(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$



Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 44

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 3\*x(t)-2\*y(t)+24\*sin(t), diff(y(t),t) = 9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)+12\*cos(t), x(0))

$$x(t) = \cos(3t) - \frac{4\sin(3t)}{3} + 9\sin(t)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{7\cos(3t)}{2} - \frac{\sin(3t)}{2} - \frac{9\cos(t)}{2} + \frac{51\sin(t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 50

DSolve[{x'[t]==3\*x[t]-2\*y[t]+24\*Sin[t],y'[t]==9\*x[t]-3\*y[t]+12\*Cos[t]},{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1},{x[

$$x(t) \to 9\sin(t) - \frac{4}{3}\sin(3t) + \cos(3t)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2}(51\sin(t) - \sin(3t) - 9\cos(t) + 7\cos(3t))$$

#### problem Problem 5(c) 7.11

Internal problem ID [11038]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

**Problem number**: Problem 5(c).

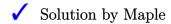
ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 7x(t) - 4y(t) + 10 e^{t}$$
$$y'(t) = 3x(t) + 14y(t) + 6 e^{2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$



Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 54

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 7\*x(t)-4\*y(t)+10\*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = 3\*x(t)+14\*y(t)+6\*exp(2\*t), x(0)+14\*y(t)+10\*exp(t), x(0)+14\*y(t)+10\*exp(

$$x(t) = \frac{67 e^{10t}}{9} - \frac{14 e^{11t}}{3} - \frac{e^{2t}}{3} - \frac{13 e^t}{9}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{67 e^{10t}}{12} + \frac{14 e^{11t}}{3} - \frac{5 e^{2t}}{12} + \frac{e^t}{3}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 54

DSolve[{x'[t]==7\*x[t]-4\*y[t]+10\*Exp[t],y'[t]==3\*x[t]+14\*y[t]+6\*Exp[2\*t]},{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1},{

$$x(t) \to -\frac{1}{9}e^t (2e^{9t}(9e^t - 20) + 13)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{3}e^t (2e^{9t}(3e^t - 5) + 1)$$

### 7.12 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [11039]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 5(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -7x(t) + 4y(t) + 6 e^{3t}$$
  
$$y'(t) = -5x(t) + 2y(t) + 6 e^{2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$



Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 58

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -7\*x(t)+4\*y(t)+6\*exp(3\*t), diff(y(t),t) = -5\*x(t)+2\*y(t)+6\*exp(2\*t), x

$$x(t) = \frac{6e^{2t}}{5} + \frac{44e^{-3t}}{5} - \frac{46e^{-2t}}{5} + \frac{e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{44 e^{-3t}}{5} - \frac{23 e^{-2t}}{2} + \frac{27 e^{2t}}{10} - e^{3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 48

DSolve[ $\{x'[t]=-7*x[t]+4*y[t]+6*Exp[3*t],y'[t]=-5*x[t]+2*y[t]+6*Exp[2*t]\},\{x[0]=-1,y[0]=-1\}$ 

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{5}e^{-3t} \left(-16e^t + e^{6t} + 20\right)$$

$$y(t) \to -e^{-3t} (4e^t + e^{6t} - 4)$$

### 7.13 problem Problem 6(a)

Internal problem ID [11040]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 6(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -3x(t) - 3y(t) + z(t)$$
  

$$y'(t) = 2y(t) + 2z(t) + 29e^{-t}$$
  

$$z'(t) = 5x(t) + y(t) + z(t) + 39e^{t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 7.391 (sec). Leaf size: 949416

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3\*x(t)-3\*y(t)+z(t), diff(y(t),t) = 2\*y(t)+2\*z(t)+29\*exp(-t), diff(z(t),t) = -3\*x(t)-3\*y(t)+z(t), diff(y(t),t) = 2\*y(t)+2\*z(t)+29\*exp(-t), diff(z(t),t) = -3\*x(t)-3\*y(t)+z(t), diff(y(t),t) = -3\*x(t)-3\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(t)+z(t)-2\*y(

Expression too large to display

Expression too large to display

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 3462

 $DSolve[{x'[t] == -3*x[t] - 3*y[t] + z[t], y'[t] == 2*y[t] + 2*z[t] + 29*Exp[-t], z'[t] == 5*x[t] + y[t] + z[t] + 39*Exp[-t], z'[t] == 5*x[t] + y[t] + z[t] + 39*Exp[-t], z'[t] == 5*x[t] + y[t] + z[t] + z[t] + y[t] + z[t] + z[$ 

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#### 7.14 problem Problem 6(b)

Internal problem ID [11041]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 6(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 2x(t) + y(t) - z(t) + 5\sin(t)$$
  
$$y'(t) = y(t) + z(t) - 10\cos(t)$$
  
$$z'(t) = x(t) + z(t) + 2$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.25 (sec). Leaf size: 71

$$x(t) = -3e^{t} \sin(t) + 4e^{t} \cos(t) - 1 - 2\cos(t)$$

$$y(t) = -4\sin(t) + 5\cos(t) + 1 + 3e^{t}\sin(t) - 4e^{t}\cos(t)$$

$$z(t) = 3e^{t}\cos(t) + 4e^{t}\sin(t) - 1 + \cos(t) - \sin(t)$$

Time used: 2.413 (sec). Leaf size: 73

DSolve[{x'[t]==2\*x[t]+y[t]-z[t]+5\*Sin[t],y'[t]==y[t]+z[t]-10\*Cos[t],z'[t]==x[t]+z[t]+2},{x[0]

$$x(t) \to -3e^{t} \sin(t) + (4e^{t} - 2) \cos(t) - 1$$

$$y(t) \to (3e^{t} - 4) \sin(t) + (5 - 4e^{t}) \cos(t) + 1$$

$$z(t) \to -\sin(t) + \cos(t) + e^{t} (4\sin(t) + 3\cos(t)) - 1$$

#### 7.15 problem Problem 6(c)

Internal problem ID [11042]

**Book**: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

 ${\bf Section} \colon$  Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

Problem number: Problem 6(c).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -3x(t) + 3y(t) + z(t) + 10\sin(t)\cos(t)$$
  

$$y'(t) = x(t) - 5y(t) - 3z(t) + 10\cos(t)^{2} - 5$$
  

$$z'(t) = -3x(t) + 7y(t) + 3z(t) + 23e^{t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.828 (sec). Leaf size: 132

$$dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3*x(t)+3*y(t)+z(t)+5*sin(2*t), diff(y(t),t) = x(t)-5*y(t)-3*z(t)+5*co)$$

$$x(t) = -\frac{69 e^{t}}{26} + \sin(2t) + \frac{\cos(2t)}{2} + \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{191 e^{-2t} \cos(2t)}{26} + \frac{16 e^{-2t} \sin(2t)}{13}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{253 e^{t}}{26} - \frac{5 \sin(2t)}{2} + \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} + \frac{16 e^{-2t} \cos(2t)}{13} + \frac{191 e^{-2t} \sin(2t)}{26}$$

$$z(t) = \frac{483 e^{t}}{26} + \frac{7\cos(2t)}{2} + \frac{9\sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{223 e^{-2t}\cos(2t)}{26} - \frac{159 e^{-2t}\sin(2t)}{26}$$

Time used: 12.582 (sec). Leaf size: 190

DSolve[{x'[t]==-3\*x[t]+3\*y[t]+z[t]+5\*Sin[3\*t],y'[t]==x[t]-5\*y[t]-3\*z[t]+5\*Cos[2\*t],z'[t]==-3\*

$$\begin{split} x(t) &\to \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{5409e^{-2t}}{754}\right) \cos(2t) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{754} \left(\left(603e^{-2t} + 377\right) \sin(2t) + 429 \sin(3t) - 507 \cos(3t) - 9541 \sinh(t) + 5539 \cosh(t)\right) \\ y(t) &\to \frac{1}{754} \left(-14877 \sinh(t) + 203 \cosh(t) + 9e^{-2t} (601 \sin(2t) + 67 \cos(2t)) \right. \\ &\qquad \qquad \left. - 13(116 \sin(2t) + 39 \sin(3t) - 87 \cos(2t) + 33 \cos(3t))\right) \\ z(t) &\to \frac{43}{58} \sin(3t) + \cos(2t) + \frac{81}{58} \cos(3t) + \frac{743 \sinh(t)}{26} + \frac{223 \cosh(t)}{26} \\ &\quad + 9 \sin(t) \cos(t) - \frac{9}{377} e^{-2t} (267 \sin(2t) + 334 \cos(2t)) \end{split}$$

### 7.16 problem Problem 6(d)

Internal problem ID [11043]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Prob-

lems page 514

Problem number: Problem 6(d).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -3x(t) + y(t) - 3z(t) + 2e^{t}$$
  

$$y'(t) = 4x(t) - y(t) + 2z(t) + 4e^{t}$$
  

$$z'(t) = 4x(t) - 2y(t) + 3z(t) + 4e^{t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 86

dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3\*x(t)+y(t)-3\*z(t)+2\*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = 4\*x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+4\*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = 4\*x(t)-y(t)+2\*z(t)+4\*exp(t)+2\*z(t)+4\*

$$x(t) = -\frac{3e^{t}}{2} - 2e^{-t}\sin(2t) + \frac{5e^{-t}\cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{5 e^{t}}{2} + \frac{9 e^{-t} \sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{e^{-t} \cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$z(t) = \frac{7e^{t}}{2} + \frac{9e^{-t}\sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{e^{-t}\cos(2t)}{2}$$

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 98

DSolve[{x'[t]==-3\*x[t]+y[t]-3\*z[t]+2\*Exp[t],y'[t]==4\*x[t]-y[t]+2\*z[t]+4\*Exp[t],z' [t]==4\*x[t]-

$$x(t) \to -\frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(3e^{2t} + 4\sin(2t) - 5\cos(2t))$$
$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(5e^{2t} + 9\sin(2t) - \cos(2t))$$
$$z(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(7e^{2t} + 9\sin(2t) - \cos(2t))$$

8	Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential
	Equations (Method of Undetermined Coefficients).
	Problems page 520
8.1	problem Problem 1(a)
8.2	problem Problem 1(b)

### 8.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [11044]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coeffi-

cients). Problems page 520

Problem number: Problem 1(a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = x(t) + 5y(t) + 10\sinh(t)$$
  
$$y'(t) = 19x(t) - 13y(t) + 24\sinh(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.219 (sec). Leaf size: 176

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=x(t)+5\*y(t)+10\*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=19\*x(t)-13\*y(t)+24\*sinh(t)],[x(t),y(t),t)=19\*x(t)-13\*y(t)+24\*sinh(t)-13\*y(t)-

$$x(t) = -\frac{71\sinh{(7t)}e^{6t}}{266} - \frac{7\cosh{(5t)}e^{6t}}{12} + \frac{71\cosh{(7t)}e^{6t}}{266} + \frac{7\sinh{(5t)}e^{6t}}{12} + \frac{71e^{-18t}\cosh{(17t)}}{646} - \frac{35e^{-18t}\cosh{(19t)}}{228} + \frac{71e^{-18t}\sinh{(17t)}}{646} - \frac{35e^{-18t}\sinh{(19t)}}{228} + c_2e^{6t} - \frac{5c_1e^{-18t}}{19} - \frac{24\sinh{(t)}}{19}$$

$$y(t) = c_2 e^{6t} + c_1 e^{-18t}$$

$$+ \frac{71\left(\left(-\frac{323\cosh(5t)}{71} + \frac{17\cosh(7t)}{7} + \frac{323\sinh(5t)}{71} - \frac{17\sinh(7t)}{7}\right)e^{24t} + \sinh\left(17t\right) - \frac{85\sinh(19t)}{71} + \cosh\left(17t\right) - \frac{85\cosh}{71}}{408}$$

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 108

DSolve[{x'[t]==x[t]+5\*y[t]+10\*Sinh[t],y'[t]==19\*x[t]-13\*y[t]+24\*Sinh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,Includ

$$x(t) \to \frac{120e^{-t}}{119} - \frac{26e^{t}}{19} + \frac{5}{24}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-18t} + \frac{1}{24}(19c_1 + 5c_2)e^{6t}$$
$$y(t) \to \frac{71e^{-t}}{119} - e^{t} + \frac{19}{24}(c_2 - c_1)e^{-18t} + \frac{1}{24}(19c_1 + 5c_2)e^{6t}$$

# 8.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [11045]

Book: APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Do-

brushkin. CRC Press 2015

Section: Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coeffi-

cients). Problems page 520

**Problem number**: Problem 1(b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 9x(t) - 3y(t) - 6t$$
$$y'(t) = -x(t) + 11y(t) + 10t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 44

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-3\*y(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11\*y(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+10\*t],[x(t), y(t)=9\*x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)-6\*t,diff(y(t),t)=

$$x(t) = 3e^{8t}c_2 - e^{12t}c_1 + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{3t}{8}$$

$$y(t) = e^{8t}c_2 + e^{12t}c_1 - \frac{7t}{8} - \frac{5}{64}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.074 (sec). Leaf size: 78

 $DSolve[\{x'[t] == 9*x[t] - 3*y[t] - 6*t, y'[t] == -x[t] + 11*y[t] + 10*t\}, \{x[t], y[t]\}, t, Include Singular Solution for the context of th$ 

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{64} (24t + 16(c_1 - 3c_2)e^{12t} + 48(c_1 + c_2)e^{8t} + 1)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{64} \left( -56t + 16e^{8t} \left( -(c_1 - 3c_2)e^{4t} + c_1 + c_2 \right) - 5 \right)$$