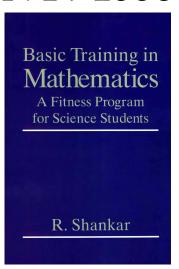
#### A Solution Manual For

# Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995



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#### 1.1 problem 10.2.4

Internal problem ID [4536]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.4.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'' - \omega^2 x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 18

 $dsolve(diff(x(t),t$2)-omega^2*x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$x(t) = c_1 e^{-\omega t} + c_2 e^{\omega t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $DSolve[x''[t]-\[0mega]^2*x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$x(t) \to c_1 e^{t\omega} + c_2 e^{-t\omega}$$

#### 1.2 problem 10.2.5

Internal problem ID [4537]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.5.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x''' - x'' + x' - x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$3)-diff(x(t),t\$2)+diff(x(t),t)-x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 e^t + c_2 \sin(t) + c_3 \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[x'''[t]-x''[t]+x'[t]-x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to c_3 e^t + c_1 \cos(t) + c_2 \sin(t)$$

#### 1.3 problem 10.2.8 part(1)

Internal problem ID [4538]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.8 part(1).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'' + 42x' + x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 43

dsolve([diff(x(t),t\$2)+42\*diff(x(t),t)+x(t)=0,x(0) = 1, D(x)(0) = 0],x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = \frac{\left(220 + 21\sqrt{110}\right)e^{\left(-21 + 2\sqrt{110}\right)t}}{440} + \frac{\left(220 - 21\sqrt{110}\right)e^{\left(-21 - 2\sqrt{110}\right)t}}{440}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 53

 $DSolve[\{x''[t]+42*x'[t]+x[t]==0,\{x[0]==1,x'[0]==0\}\},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$x(t) o rac{e^{-\left(\left(21+2\sqrt{110}\right)t\right)}\left(\left(881+84\sqrt{110}\right)e^{4\sqrt{110}t}-1\right)}{880+84\sqrt{110}}$$

### 1.4 problem 10.2.8 part(2)

Internal problem ID [4539]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.8 part(2).

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'''' + x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 71

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$4)+x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = -c_1 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) - c_2 e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)$$
$$+ c_3 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) + c_4 e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 65

DSolve[x''''[t]+x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} \left( \left( c_1 e^{\sqrt{2}t} + c_2 \right) \cos \left( \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \left( c_4 e^{\sqrt{2}t} + c_3 \right) \sin \left( \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)$$

#### 1.5 problem 10.2.8 part(3)

Internal problem ID [4540]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.8 part(3).

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x''' - 3x'' - 9x' - 5x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$3)-3\*diff(x(t),t\$2)-9\*diff(x(t),t)-5\*x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 e^{5t} + c_2 e^{-t} + c_3 e^{-t}t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 26

DSolve[x'''[t]-3\*x''[t]-9\*x'[t]-5\*x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to e^{-t} (c_2 t + c_3 e^{6t} + c_1)$$

#### 1.6 problem 10.2.10

Internal problem ID [4541]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.10.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$x'' + 2\gamma x' + \omega_0 x - F\cos(\omega t) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 89

 $dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$2)+2*gamma*diff(x(t),t)+omega\_0*x(t)=F*cos(omega*t),x(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$x(t) = e^{\left(-\gamma + \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0}\right)t} c_2 + e^{\left(-\gamma - \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0}\right)t} c_1 + \frac{F(\left(-\omega^2 + \omega_0\right)\cos\left(\omega t\right) + 2\sin\left(\omega t\right)\gamma\omega)}{\omega^4 + 2\left(2\gamma^2 - \omega_0\right)\omega^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 106

 $DSolve[x''[t]+2*\\[Gamma]*x'[t]+Subscript[\\[Omega],0]*x[t]==F*Cos[\\[Omega]*t],x[t],t,IncludeSi]$ 

$$x(t) \to \frac{2\gamma F\omega \sin(t\omega) + F(\omega_0 - \omega^2)\cos(t\omega)}{4\gamma^2\omega^2 + \omega^4 - 2\omega_0\omega^2 + \omega_0^2} + c_1 e^{-t\left(\sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0} + \gamma\right)} + c_2 e^{t\left(\sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0} - \gamma\right)}$$

#### 1.7 problem 10.2.11 (i)

Internal problem ID [4542]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.11 (i).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - y' - 2y - e^{2x} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=exp(2\*x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{(3x+2)e^{2x}}{9} + \frac{7e^{-x}}{9}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 27

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{9}e^{-x}(e^{3x}(3x+2)+7)$$

#### 1.8 problem 10.2.11 (ii)

Internal problem ID [4543]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.11 (ii).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 2y' + y - 2\cos(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-2\*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=2\*cos(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^x - \sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[{y''[x]-2\*y'[x]+y[x]==2\*Cos[x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->

$$y(x) \to e^x - \sin(x)$$

#### 1.9 problem 10.2.11 (iii)

Internal problem ID [4544]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.11 (iii).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 16y - 16\cos(4x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)+16\*y(x)=16\*cos(4\*x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \cos(4x) + 2\sin(4x) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 17

$$y(x) \to 2x\sin(4x) + \cos(4x)$$

#### 1.10 problem 10.2.11 (iv)

Internal problem ID [4545]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.2,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf constant}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf page}$ 

307

Problem number: 10.2.11 (iv).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - y - \cosh(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-y(x)=cosh(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{(-x+2)e^{-x}}{4} + \frac{e^x(x+2)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $DSolve[\{y''[x]-y[x]==Cosh[x],\{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}x \sinh(x) + \cosh(x)$$

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	ODEs with variable Coefficients. First order. page
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2.2	problem $10.3.3$																				15
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2.8	problem $10.3.9$	(a)																		•	21
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#### 2.1 problem 10.3.2

Internal problem ID [4546]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - y - e^{2x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=exp(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = (e^x + c_1) e^x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[y'[x]-y[x]==Exp[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(e^x + c_1)$$

#### 2.2 problem 10.3.3

Internal problem ID [4547]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.3.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$x^2y' + 2xy - x + 1 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

 $dsolve([x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)-x+1=0,y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $DSolve[\{x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]-x+1==0,\{y[1]==0\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x^2}$$

#### 2.3 problem 10.3.4

Internal problem ID [4548]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.4.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' + y - (x+1)^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=(x+1)^2,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = x^2 + 1 - e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.103 (sec). Leaf size: 16

 $DSolve[\{y'[x]+y[x]==(x+1)^2,\{y[0]==0\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2 + \sinh(x) - \cosh(x) + 1$$

#### 2.4 problem 10.3.5

Internal problem ID [4549]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.5.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$x^2y' + 2xy - \sinh\left(x\right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \\ \mbox{dsolve}(\mbox{[x^2*diff}(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=\sinh(x),y(1) = 2],y(x), \ \mbox{singsol=all}) \\$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{\cosh(x) + 2 - \cosh(1)}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $DSolve[\{x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==Sinh[x],\{y[1]==2\}\},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\cosh(x) + 2 - \cosh(1)}{x^2}$$

#### 2.5 problem 10.3.6

Internal problem ID [4550]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.6.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{1-x} + 2x - x^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/(1-x)+2*x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - x - \ln(x - 1) + c_1\right)(x - 1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]/(1-x)+2*x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to (x-1)\left(\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \log(x-1) + c_1\right)$$

#### 2.6 problem 10.3.7

Internal problem ID [4551]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.7.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{1-x} + x - x^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/(1-x)+x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + c_1\right)(x - 1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 20

DSolve[ $y'[x]+y[x]/(1-x)+x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ ]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}(x-1)(x^2+2c_1)$$

#### 2.7 problem 10.3.8

Internal problem ID [4552]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.8.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$(x^2+1) y' - xy - 1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=1+x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 19

 $DSolve[(1+x^2)*y'[x]==1+x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow x + c_1 \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

#### 2.8 problem 10.3.9 (a)

Internal problem ID [4553]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

 ${\bf Section:}\ {\bf Chapter}\ 10,\ {\bf Differential}\ {\bf equations.}\ {\bf Section}\ 10.3,\ {\bf ODEs}\ {\bf with}\ {\bf variable}\ {\bf Coefficients.}\ {\bf First}$ 

order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.9 (a).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$xy + y' - xy^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)=x*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} c_1}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.259 (sec). Leaf size: 31

DSolve[y'[x]+x\*y[x]==x\*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{1 + e^{\frac{x^2}{2} + c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 1$$

#### 2.9 problem 10.3.9 (b)

Internal problem ID [4554]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients. First order. page 315

Problem number: 10.3.9 (b).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class G'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$3y'x + y + x^2y^4 = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 124

 $dsolve(3*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)+x^2*y(x)^4=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{\left((x+c_1)^2 x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(x+c_1) x}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left((x+c_1)^2 x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 (x+c_1) x} - \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left((x+c_1)^2 x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 (x+c_1) x}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left((x+c_1)^2 x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 (x+c_1) x} + \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left((x+c_1)^2 x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 (x+c_1) x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.307 (sec). Leaf size: 61

DSolve[3\*x\*y'[x]+y[x]+x^2\*y[x]^4==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \to -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{(-1)^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

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#### 3.1 problem 10.4.8 (a)

Internal problem ID [4555]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (a).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x(x+1)^{2}y'' + (-x^{2}+1)y' + (x-1)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $dsolve(x*(x+1)^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(x-1)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1(x+1) + c_2(x+1)\ln(x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $DSolve[x*(x+1)^2*y''[x]+(1-x^2)*y'[x]+(x-1)*y[x]==0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to (x+1)(c_2 \log(x) + c_1)$$

#### 3.2 problem 10.4.8 (b)

Internal problem ID [4556]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (b).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_homogeneous]]

$$x(1-x)y'' + 2(-2x+1)y' - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

dsolve(x\*(1-x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+2\*(1-2\*x)\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x + c_2}{x(x-1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $DSolve[x*(1-x)*y''[x]+2*(1-2*x)*y'[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2 x + c_1}{x - x^2}$$

#### 3.3 problem 10.4.8 (c)

Internal problem ID [4557]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (c).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler], [\_2nd\_order, \_linear, '\_with\_symmetry\_[0,F(

$$x^2y'' + y'x - 9y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x)-9*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x^3 + \frac{c_2}{x^3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve  $[x^2*y''[x]+x*y'[x]-9*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2 x^6 + c_1}{x^3}$$

#### 3.4 problem 10.4.8 (d)

Internal problem ID [4558]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (d).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler], [\_2nd\_order, \_linear, '\_with\_symmetry\_[0,F(

$$xy'' + \frac{y'}{2} + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+1/2\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \sin \left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\right) + c_2 \cos \left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 38

DSolve [x\*y''[x]+1/2\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 \cos\left(2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\right) + c_2 \sin\left(2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\right)$$

#### 3.5 problem 10.4.8 (e)

Internal problem ID [4559]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (e).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler]]

$$x^2y'' - y'x + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x + c_2 x \ln(x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(c_2 \log(x) + c_1)$$

#### 3.6 problem 10.4.8 (f)

Internal problem ID [4560]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (f).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler]]

$$2xy'' - y' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

dsolve(2\*x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)-diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \left(2\cos\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{x} - \sin\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\right) + c_2 \left(2\sin\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{x} + \cos\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.092 (sec). Leaf size: 59

 $DSolve [2*x*y''[x]-y'[x]+2*y[x] == 0, y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \ -> \ True]$ 

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{2i\sqrt{x}} (2\sqrt{x} + i) + \frac{1}{8} c_2 e^{-2i\sqrt{x}} (1 + 2i\sqrt{x})$$

#### 3.7 problem 10.4.8 (g)

Internal problem ID [4561]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (g).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$xy'' + y'x - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+x\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1(x^2 + 2x) + c_2\left(\frac{(-x-1)e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{\text{Ei}_1(x)x(x+2)}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.056 (sec). Leaf size: 39

DSolve [x\*y''[x]+x\*y'[x]-2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 x(x+2) - \frac{1}{2} c_2 e^{-x} (e^x(x+2)x \text{ ExpIntegralEi}(-x) + x + 1)$$

#### 3.8 problem 10.4.8 (h)

Internal problem ID [4562]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.8 (h).

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x(x-1)^2 y'' - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 32

 $dsolve(x*(x-1)^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x}{x - 1} + \frac{c_2(2\ln(x)x - x^2 + 1)}{x - 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 31

 $DSolve[x*(x-1)^2*y''[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{-x(c_2x + c_1) + 2c_2x\log(x) + c_2}{x - 1}$$

#### 3.9 problem 10.4.9 (i)

Internal problem ID [4563]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.9 (i).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' - \frac{2y}{x} - x^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)/x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = (x + c_1) x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[y'[x]-2\*y[x]/x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions  $\rightarrow$  True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(x+c_1)$$

#### 3.10 problem 10.4.9 (ii)

Internal problem ID [4564]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.9 (ii).

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{2y}{x} - x^3 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)/x-x^3=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x)=rac{rac{x^6}{6}+c_1}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 13

 $DSolve[y'[x]-2*y[x]/x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(x+c_1)$$

#### 3.11 problem 10.4.10

Internal problem ID [4565]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995

Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Sec-

ond order and Homogeneous. page 318

Problem number: 10.4.10.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Laguerre]

$$xy'' + (1 - x)y' + my = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+(1-x)\*diff(y(x),x)+m\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \operatorname{KummerM}(-m, 1, x) + c_2 \operatorname{KummerU}(-m, 1, x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 21

 $DSolve[x*y''[x]+(1-x)*y'[x]+m*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$
 Hypergeometric  $U(-m, 1, x) + c_2$  Laguerre  $L(m, x)$