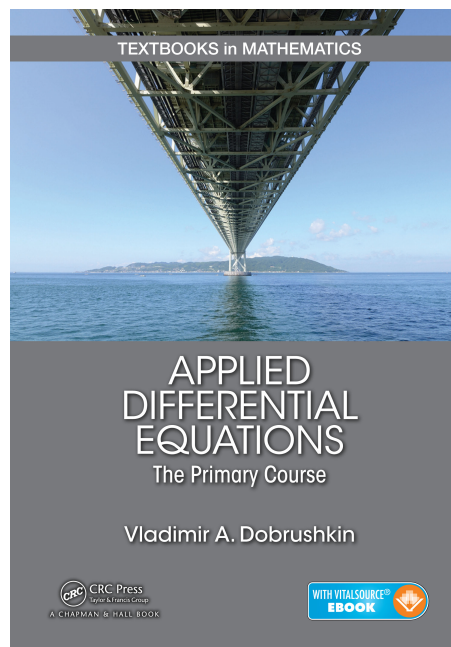


A Solution Manual For

**APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL  
EQUATIONS The Primary  
Course by Vladimir A.  
Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015**



**Nasser M. Abbasi**

March 3, 2024

# Contents

1	Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149	2
2	Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221	13
3	Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357	82
4	Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368	109
5	Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408	163
6	Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415	187
7	Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514	195
8	Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coefficients). Problems page 520	223

# 1 Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems

page 149

1.1	problem Problem 1(a)	3
1.2	problem Problem 1(b)	4
1.3	problem Problem 1(c)	5
1.4	problem Problem 1(d)	6
1.5	problem Problem 1(e)	7
1.6	problem Problem 1(f)	8
1.7	problem Problem 1(g)	9
1.8	problem Problem 1(h)	10
1.9	problem Problem 1(i)	11
1.10	problem Problem 2(a)	12

## 1.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [11892]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - y e^{x+y} (x^2 + 1) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)*exp(x+y(x))*(x^2+1),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$(x^2 - 2x + 3) e^x + \text{Ei}_1(y(x)) + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.859 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]*Exp[x+y[x]]*(x^2+1),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction}[\text{ExpIntegralEi}(-\#1)\&] [e^x (x^2 - 2x + 3) + c_1]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [11893]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x^2 y' - y^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)=1+y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan\left(\frac{c_1 x - 1}{x}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.354 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]==1+y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{-1 + c_1 x}{x}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

### 1.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [11894]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$y' - \sin(yx) = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=sin(x*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[x]==Sin[x*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 1.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [11895]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x(e^y + 4) - e^{x+y}y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(x*(exp(y(x))+4)=exp(x+y(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \ln \left( -4 + c_1 e^{-x} e^{-x} - e^{-x} \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.746 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
DSolve[x*(Exp[y[x]]+4)==Exp[x+y[x]]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log \left( -4 + e^{-x}(-x + c_1 e^x - 1) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log(4) + i\pi$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log(4) + i\pi$$

## 1.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [11896]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(e).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - \cos(x + y) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=cos(x+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x - 2 \arctan(-x + c_1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.551 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[y'[x]==Cos[x+y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x + 2 \arctan\left(x + \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x + 2 \arctan\left(x + \frac{c_1}{2}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x - \pi$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \pi - x$$



## 1.6 problem Problem 1(f)

Internal problem ID [11897]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(f).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$xy' + y - y^2x = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{(\ln(x) - c_1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.228 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+y[x]==x*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{-x \log(x) + c_1 x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.7 problem Problem 1(g)

Internal problem ID [11898]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(g).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$y' - t \ln(y^{2t}) = t^2$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=t*ln(y(t)^(2*t))+t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**✓** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.47 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[y'[t]==t*Log[y[t]^(2*t)]+t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ \frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}(\log(\#1) + \frac{1}{2})}{2\sqrt{e}} \& \right] \left[ \frac{t^3}{3} + c_1 \right]$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}$$

## 1.8 problem Problem 1(h)

Internal problem ID [11899]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(h).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - x e^{-x+y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x*exp(y(x)^2-x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-(x+1)e^{-x} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(y(x))}{2} + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.288 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y'[x]==x*Exp[y[x]^2-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \operatorname{erf}^{-1}\left(-\frac{2e^{-x}(x - c_1 e^x + 1)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)$$

## 1.9 problem Problem 1(i)

Internal problem ID [11900]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 1(i).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$y' - \ln(yx) = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=ln(x*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[x]==Log[x*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 1.10 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [11901]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 2, First Order Equations. Problems page 149

**Problem number:** Problem 2(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x(y+1)^2 - (x^2+1)ye^y y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(x*(y(x)+1)^2=(x^2+1)*y(x)*exp(y(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-1}}{\frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{2} + c_1}\right) - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.003 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[x*(y[x]+1)^2==(x^2+1)*y[x]*Exp[y[x]]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 - W\left(-\frac{2}{e \log(x^2+1) + 2ec_1}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 2 Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

2.1	problem Problem 1(a)	15
2.2	problem Problem 1(b)	16
2.3	problem Problem 1(c)	17
2.4	problem Problem 1(d)	18
2.5	problem Problem 1(e)	20
2.6	problem Problem 1(f)	21
2.7	problem Problem 1(g)	22
2.8	problem Problem 1(h)	23
2.9	problem Problem 1(i)	24
2.10	problem Problem 1(j)	25
2.11	problem Problem 1(k)	28
2.12	problem Problem 1(L)	29
2.13	problem Problem 1(m)	30
2.14	problem Problem 1(n)	32
2.15	problem Problem 1(o)	33
2.16	problem Problem 2(a)	34
2.17	problem Problem 2(b)	35
2.18	problem Problem 2(c)	36
2.19	problem Problem 2(d)	37
2.20	problem Problem 2(e)	38
2.21	problem Problem 2(f)	39
2.22	problem Problem 2(h)	40
2.23	problem Problem 3(a)	41
2.24	problem Problem 3(b)	42
2.25	problem Problem 3(c)	44
2.26	problem Problem 3(d)	45
2.27	problem Problem 5(a)	46
2.28	problem Problem 5(b)	47
2.29	problem Problem 5(c)	48
2.30	problem Problem 5(d)	49
2.31	problem Problem 5(e)	50
2.32	problem Problem 5(f)	51
2.33	problem Problem 10	52
2.34	problem Problem 13	53
2.35	problem Problem 15	54

2.36	problem Problem 18(a)	55
2.37	problem Problem 18(b)	56
2.38	problem Problem 18(c)	57
2.39	problem Problem 18(d)	58
2.40	problem Problem 18(e)	59
2.41	problem Problem 18(f)	60
2.42	problem Problem 18(g)	62
2.43	problem Problem 18(h)	63
2.44	problem Problem 18(i)	64
2.45	problem Problem 18(j)	65
2.46	problem Problem 18(k)	66
2.47	problem Problem 18(L)	67
2.48	problem Problem 19(a)	68
2.49	problem Problem 19(b)	69
2.50	problem Problem 19(c)	70
2.51	problem Problem 19(d)	71
2.52	problem Problem 19(e)	72
2.53	problem Problem 19(f)	73
2.54	problem Problem 20(a)	74
2.55	problem Problem 20(b)	75
2.56	problem Problem 20(c)	76
2.57	problem Problem 20(d)	77
2.58	problem Problem 20(e)	78
2.59	problem Problem 20(f)	79
2.60	problem Problem 20(g)	80
2.61	problem Problem 20(h)	81

## 2.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [11902]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$y'' + yx^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$2)+x^2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{x^2}{2}\right) + c_2 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{BesselY}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''[x]+x^2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \operatorname{ParabolicCylinderD}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, (-1+i)x\right) + c_1 \operatorname{ParabolicCylinderD}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, (1+i)x\right)$$



## 2.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [11903]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(b).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' + xy = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2002

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+x*y(x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

### ✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+x*y[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Timed out

## 2.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [11904]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], [`

$$y'' + yy' = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\int^{y(x)} \frac{2 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 - 4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(2^{\frac{1}{3}} \operatorname{AiryBi}(\_Z) c_1 a + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} a \operatorname{AiryAi}(\_Z) - 2 \operatorname{AiryBi}(1, \_Z) c_1 - 2 \operatorname{AiryAi}(1, \_Z)\right) - x - c_2} dx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 71.741 (sec). Leaf size: 73

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2^{2/3} \left( c_2 \operatorname{AiryAiPrime}\left(\frac{x-c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \operatorname{AiryBiPrime}\left(\frac{x-c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) \right)}{c_2 \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(\frac{x-c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(\frac{x-c_1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right)}$$

## 2.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [11905]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(d).

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y^{(5)} - y'''' + y' = 2x^2 + 3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 154

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)-diff(y(x),x$4) +diff(y(x),x)=2*x^2+3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 e^{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=1)x}}{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=1)} + \frac{c_2 e^{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=2)x}}{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=2)}$$
$$+ \frac{c_3 e^{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=3)x}}{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=3)}$$
$$+ \frac{c_4 e^{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=4)x}}{\text{RootOf}(-Z^4 - Z^3 + 1, \text{index}=4)} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x + c_5$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.093 (sec). Leaf size: 182

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-y''''[x] +y'[x]==2*x^2+3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \exp(x \text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 2])}{\text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 2]} + \frac{c_1 \exp(x \text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 1])}{\text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 1]} \\ + \frac{c_4 \exp(x \text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4])}{\text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 4]} \\ + \frac{c_3 \exp(x \text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 3])}{\text{Root}[\#1^4 - \#1^3 + 1\&, 3]} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x + c_5$$

## 2.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [11906]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_high_order, _missing_x], [_high_order, _with_linear_symmetry]`

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)*diff(y(x),x$4)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]*y''''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.6 problem Problem 1(f)

Internal problem ID [11907]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(f).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' + xy = \cosh(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2003

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$3)+x*y(x)=cosh(x), y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

### ✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+x*y[x]==Cosh[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Timed out

## 2.7 problem Problem 1(g)

Internal problem ID [11908]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(g).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' \cos(x) + y e^{x^2} = \sinh(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(cos(x)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*exp(x^2)=sinh(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \left( \int e^{\int e^{x^2} \sec(x) dx} \sinh(x) \sec(x) dx + c_1 \right) e^{-\int e^{x^2} \sec(x) dx}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.562 (sec). Leaf size: 66

```
DSolve[Cos[x]*y'[x]+y[x]*Exp[x^2]==Sinh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \exp \left( \int_1^x -e^{K[1]^2} \sec(K[1]) dK[1] \right) \left( \int_1^x \exp \left( - \int_1^{K[2]} -e^{K[1]^2} \sec(K[1]) dK[1] \right) \sec(K[2]) \sinh(K[2]) dK[2] + c_1 \right)$$

## 2.8 problem Problem 1(h)

Internal problem ID [11909]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(h).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' + xy = \cosh(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2003

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+x*y(x)=cosh(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 91.544 (sec). Leaf size: 2230

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+x*y[x]==Cosh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display



## 2.9 problem Problem 1(i)

Internal problem ID [11910]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(i).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$yy' = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2x + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x + c_1}$$

## 2.10 problem Problem 1(j)

Internal problem ID [11911]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(j).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$\sinh(x) y'^2 + 3y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 799

`dsolve(sinh(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+3*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( -\operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{3 e^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} + \frac{3 e^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( -\operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{3 e^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - \frac{3 e^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( -\operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( 3 e^{3x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( (6 e^{3x} - 6 e^x) \_Z^2 + 1 \right) c_1 - 3 e^x \operatorname{RootOf} \left( (6 e^{3x} - 6 e^x) \_Z^2 + 1 \right) c_1 - \_Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{3 e^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} + \frac{3 e^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{3 e^{3x} c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - \frac{3 e^x c_1}{\sqrt{-6 e^{3x} + 6 e^x}} - Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

$$y(x) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \operatorname{JacobiSN} \left( \frac{\left( 3 e^{3x} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( (6 e^{3x} - 6 e^x) \_Z^2 + 1 \right) c_1 - 3 e^x \operatorname{RootOf} \left( (6 e^{3x} - 6 e^x) \_Z^2 + 1 \right) c_1 - \_Z \right) \sqrt{-e^x + 1} \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - 2 e^x - 2, \text{index}=1 \right) \operatorname{RootOf} \left( \_Z^2 - e^x - 2 \right)}{6(e^x - 1)(e^x + 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)} \right)}{6(e^{2x} - 1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.648 (sec). Leaf size: 145

```
DSolve[Sinh[x]*y'[x]^2+3*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 3i \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right)^2 - \sqrt{3}c_1 \sqrt{i \sinh(x)} \sqrt{\operatorname{csch}(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right) + \frac{c_1^2}{4}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 3i \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right)^2 + \sqrt{3}c_1 \sqrt{i \sinh(x)} \sqrt{\operatorname{csch}(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2ix), 2\right) + \frac{c_1^2}{4}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.11 problem Problem 1(k)

Internal problem ID [11912]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(k).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$5y' - yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(5*diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{\frac{x^2}{10}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[5*y'[x]-x*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{\frac{x^2}{10}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.12 problem Problem 1(L)

Internal problem ID [11913]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(L).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)*y+H(x)]']]`

$$y'^2 \sqrt{y} = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2*sqrt(y(x))=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{4y(x)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \int^x -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{y(x)} \sin(a)}}{y(x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} d_a + c_1 = 0$$
$$\frac{4y(x)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \int^x \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{y(x)} \sin(a)}}{y(x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} d_a + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.436 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
DSolve[y'[x]^2*Sqrt[y[x]]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{5^{4/5} \left( -2E\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x) \middle| 2\right) + c_1 \right)^{4/5}}{2 \cdot 2^{3/5}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{5^{4/5} \left( 2E\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x) \middle| 2\right) + c_1 \right)^{4/5}}{2 \cdot 2^{3/5}}$$

## 2.13 problem Problem 1(m)

Internal problem ID [11914]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(m).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2y'' + 3y' + 4x^2y = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 385

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+4*x^2*y(x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) = & x \operatorname{KummerM} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) e^{-\frac{x(i\sqrt{2}x+\frac{3}{2})}{2}} c_2 \\
 & + x \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) e^{-\frac{x(i\sqrt{2}x+\frac{3}{2})}{2}} c_1 - 32x \left( \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) \left( \int \frac{e^{\frac{i\sqrt{2}x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{4}} \operatorname{KummerM} \left( -\frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128} - \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right)}{(9i\sqrt{2} + 96) \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) \operatorname{KummerM} \left( -\frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128} - \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right)} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \left( \int \frac{e^{\frac{i\sqrt{2}x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{4}} \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right)}{(9i\sqrt{2} + 96) \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) \operatorname{KummerM} \left( -\frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128} - \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) + 128 \operatorname{KummerU} \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{9i\sqrt{2}}{128}, \frac{3}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right)} \right) \right) e^{-\frac{x(i\sqrt{2}x+\frac{3}{2})}{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 11.093 (sec). Leaf size: 553

`DSolve[2*y''[x]+3*y'[x]+4*x^2*y[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow e^{\frac{1}{4}x(-3-2i\sqrt{2}x)} & \left( \text{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{1}{4} \right. \right. \\
 & - \frac{9i}{64\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \left. \left. \right) \int_1^x \frac{(8+8i)e^{\frac{1}{4}K}}{(9+16i\sqrt{2}) \left( \sqrt[4]{2} \text{HermiteH} \left( -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}}, \frac{(1+i)K[2]}{\sqrt[4]{2}} \right) \text{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{1}{4} - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. + \text{HermiteH} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. + \frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt[4]{-2}x \right) \int_1^x \frac{16e^{\frac{1}{4}K[1]}(2i)}{\sqrt[4]{-2}(-32+9i\sqrt{2}) \text{HermiteH} \left( -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt[4]{-2}K[1] \right) \text{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{1}{4} - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. + c_1 \text{HermiteH} \left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{9i}{32\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt[4]{-2}x \right) \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. + c_2 \text{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{9i}{64\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{2}, i\sqrt{2}x^2 \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



## 2.14 problem Problem 1(n)

Internal problem ID [11915]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(n).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _quadrature]]`

$$y''' = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}c_1x^2 + xc_2 + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y'''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^3}{6} + c_3x^2 + c_2x + c_1$$

## 2.15 problem Problem 1(o)

Internal problem ID [11916]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 1(o).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2 y'' - y = \sin(x)^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 147

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=sin(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_2 x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + c_1 x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{x^2 \left( 3 \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( \left[ 1, -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} \right], -x^2 \right) \sqrt{5} - 3 \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( \left[ 1, \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} \right] \right)}{\dots}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.679 (sec). Leaf size: 445

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]-y[x]==Sin[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{10\sqrt{5}c_1 x^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} + 10c_1 x^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} + 10\sqrt{5}c_2 x^{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} + 10c_2 x^{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} + 2^{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)} (5 + \sqrt{5}) (-ix)^{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \Gamma(-\dots)}{\dots}$$

## 2.16 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [11917]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - y = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=x^2+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_2 e^x + c_1 e^{-x} - x^2 - 2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y''[x]==x^2+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} - 2$$

## 2.17 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [11918]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$3)+x*diff(y(x), x$2)-y(x)^2=sin(x), y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+x*y''[x]-y[x]^2==Sin[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.18 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [11919]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$y'^2 + yy'^2x = \ln(x)$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2*x=ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[x]^2+y[x]*y'[x]^2*x==Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.19 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [11920]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_high_order, _missing_x], [_high_order, _with_linear_symmetry]`

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(sin(diff(y(x),x$2))+y(x)*diff(y(x),x$4)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[Sin[y''[x]]+y[x]*y''''[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.20 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [11921]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

$$\sinh(x)y'^2 + y'' - yx = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(sinh(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x$2)=x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[Sinh[x]*y'[x]^2+y''[x]==x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.21 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [11922]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$yy'' = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\int^{y(x)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \ln(\_a) - c_1}} d\_a - x - c_2 = 0$$
$$\int^{y(x)} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \ln(\_a) - c_1}} d\_a - x - c_2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.104 (sec). Leaf size: 93

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \exp \left( -\operatorname{erf}^{-1} \left( -i \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{e^{c_1} (x + c_2)^2} \right)^2 - \frac{c_1}{2} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \exp \left( -\operatorname{erf}^{-1} \left( i \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{e^{c_1} (x + c_2)^2} \right)^2 - \frac{c_1}{2} \right)$$



## 2.22 problem Problem 2(h)

Internal problem ID [11923]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 2(h).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$3)^2+sqrt(y(x))=sin(x), y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'''[x]^2+Sqrt[y[x]]==Sin[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.23 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [11924]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 3(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{(-2+\sqrt{3})x} + c_2 e^{-(2+\sqrt{3})x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-((2+\sqrt{3})x)} (c_2 e^{2\sqrt{3}x} + c_1)$$

## 2.24 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [11925]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 3(b).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 5y'' + y' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 181

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-5*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) = & c_1 e^{\frac{\left(\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+5\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+22\right)x}{3\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\
 & - c_2 e^{-\frac{\left(22+\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-10\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \sin\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-22\sqrt{3}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \\
 & + c_3 e^{-\frac{\left(22+\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-10\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \cos\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-22\sqrt{3}\right)x}{6\left(116+6\sqrt{78}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-5*y''[x]+y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) \rightarrow & c_2 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2]) \\ & + c_3 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3]) \\ & + c_1 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 1])\end{aligned}$$

## 2.25 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [11926]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 3(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' - 3y' - 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[2*y''[x]-3*y'[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-x/2} + c_2 e^{2x}$$

## 2.26 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [11927]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 3(d).

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$3y'''' - 2y'' + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(x),x$4)-2*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{6}\right) + c_4 e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{6}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.175 (sec). Leaf size: 87

```
DSolve[3*y''''[x]-2*y''[x]+y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3(-e^{-x}) - \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}c_1 - 3c_2) e^{x/2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(3c_1 + \sqrt{3}c_2) e^{x/2} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + c_4$$

## 2.27 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [11928]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$(x - 3)y'' + y \ln(x) = x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 2]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([(x-3)*diff(y(x),x$2)+ln(x)*y(x)=x^2,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(x-3)*y'[x]+log[x]*y[x]==x^2,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

Not solved

## 2.28 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [11929]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' \tan(x) + \cot(x) y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 3.828 (sec). Leaf size: 46436

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+tan(x)*diff(y(x),x)+cot(x)*y(x)=0,y(1/4*Pi) = 1, D(y)(1/4*Pi) = 0],y(x))
```

Expression too large to display

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y''[x]+Tan[x]*y'[x]+Cot[x]*y[x]==0,{y[Pi/4]==1,y'[Pi/4]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularS
```

Not solved



## 2.29 problem Problem 5(c)

Internal problem ID [11930]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x^2 + 1)y'' + (x - 1)y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.375 (sec). Leaf size: 157

```
dsolve([(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singso
```

$y(x)$

$$= \frac{-20 e^{(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{i}{4})\pi} \operatorname{hypergeom}([i, -i], [\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{1}{2}], \frac{1}{2}) (i+x)^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}} \operatorname{hypergeom}([\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3i}{2}], [\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i}{2}, \frac{3}{2}], \frac{1}{2})}{(10 - 10i) (\operatorname{hypergeom}([1 - i, 1 + i], [\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{1}{2}], \frac{1}{2}) - \operatorname{hypergeom}([i, -i], [\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{1}{2}], \frac{1}{2})) \operatorname{hypergeom}([\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3i}{2}], [\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i}{2}, \frac{3}{2}], \frac{1}{2})}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(x^2+1)*y''[x]+(x-1)*y'[x]+y[x]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

Not solved

## 2.30 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [11931]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$xy'' + 2x^2y' + \sin(x)y = \sinh(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*sin(x)=sinh(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x),
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{x^2*y''[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]+y[x]*Sin[x]==Sinh[x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

Not solved

## 2.31 problem Problem 5(e)

Internal problem ID [11932]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$\sin(x)y'' + xy' + 7y = 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([sin(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x)+7*y(x)=1,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=a
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{Sin[x]*y'[x]+x*y'[x]+7*y[x]==1,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

Not solved

## 2.32 problem Problem 5(f)

Internal problem ID [11933]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 5(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - (x - 1)y' + x^2y = \tan(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.328 (sec). Leaf size: 528

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+x^2*y(x)=tan(x),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), sings
```

Expression too large to display

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 90.104 (sec). Leaf size: 4228

```
DSolve[{y'[x]-(x-1)*y'[x]+x^2*y[x]==Tan[x],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

Too large to display

## 2.33 problem Problem 10

Internal problem ID [11934]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x - 1)y'' - xy' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve((x-1)*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1x + c_2e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.05 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[(x-1)*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^x - c_2x$$

## 2.34 problem Problem 13

Internal problem ID [11935]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - 4x^2 y' + (x^2 + 1)y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2+1)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \text{BesselI}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{3}x\right) + c_2 e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \text{BesselK}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{3}x\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.053 (sec). Leaf size: 67

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-4*x^2*y'[x]+(x^2+1)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{2x} \sqrt{x} \left( c_1 \text{BesselJ}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, -i\sqrt{3}x\right) + c_2 \text{BesselY}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}, -i\sqrt{3}x\right) \right)$$

## 2.35 problem Problem 15

Internal problem ID [11936]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler], [_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + \frac{kx}{y^4} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 91

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+k*x/(y(x)^4)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf} \left( -15 \left( \int^{-z} \frac{\sqrt{-3c_1 f^4 + 150fk} df}{c_1 f^3 - 50k} d_f \right) x + 5xc_2 + 3 \right) x$$

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf} \left( 15 \left( \int^{-z} \frac{\sqrt{-3c_1 f^4 + 150fk} df}{c_1 f^3 - 50k} d_f \right) x + 5xc_2 + 3 \right) x$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y''[x]+k*x/(y[x]^4)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.36 problem Problem 18(a)

Internal problem ID [11937]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2xy' + 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \operatorname{erfi}(x) e^{-x^2} c_1 + c_2 e^{-x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-x^2} (\sqrt{\pi} c_1 \operatorname{erfi}(x) + 2c_2)$$



## 2.37 problem Problem 18(b)

Internal problem ID [11938]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$xy'' + \sin(x)y' + y \cos(x) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)+cos(x)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \left( c_1 \left( \int \frac{e^{\sin(x)}}{x^2} dx \right) + c_2 \right) x e^{-\sin(x)}$$

### ✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]+Sin[x]*y'[x]+Cos[x]*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.38 problem Problem 18(c)

Internal problem ID [11939]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2x^2y' + 4yx = 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x), x)+4*x*y(x)=2*x, y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}} x \left( 2\sqrt{3}\pi - 3\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2x^3}{3}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \right) c_1}{(-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}} c_2 + \frac{\left(-1 + e^{\frac{2x^3}{3}}\right) e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 66

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]+4*x*y[x]==2*x, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}} + \frac{c_1 e^{-\frac{2x^3}{3}} (-x^3)^{2/3} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2x^3}{3}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} x^2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

## 2.39 problem Problem 18(d)

Internal problem ID [11940]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$(-x^2 + 1)y'' + (1 - x)y' + y = -2x + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(1-x)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=1-2*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \left( -\frac{\ln(x+1)x}{4} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\ln(x-1)x}{4} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{4} \right) c_1 \\ + (x-1)c_2 + \frac{(\ln(x+1) + \ln(x-1))(x-1)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.198 (sec). Leaf size: 74

```
DSolve[(1-x^2)*y'[x]+(1-x)*y'[x]+y[x]==1-2*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}((x-1)\log(1-x) + 2x\log(x+1) - 2\log(x+1) - 4c_1x \\ + (1+c_2)(x-1)\log(x-1) - c_2x\log(x+1) + c_2\log(x+1) + 4c_1 + 2c_2)$$

## 2.40 problem Problem 18(e)

Internal problem ID [11941]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 4xy' + (4x^2 + 2)y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x*diff(y(x),x)+(2+4*x^2)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-x^2} + c_2 x e^{-x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*x*y'[x]+(2+4*x^2)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x^2}(c_2 x + c_1)$$

## 2.41 problem Problem 18(f)

Internal problem ID [11942]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + x^2 y' + 2(1-x)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 123

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*(1-x)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) = & c_1 \sqrt{x} e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \left( (x^2 + 2x) \operatorname{BesselI} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2} + 1, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right. \\ & \left. + (-2 + i(x+2)\sqrt{7} + x^2 + 3x) \operatorname{BesselI} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\ & + c_2 \left( (-x^2 - 2x) \operatorname{BesselK} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2} + 1, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right. \\ & \left. + (-2 + i(x+2)\sqrt{7} + x^2 + 3x) \operatorname{BesselK} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{x} e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.085 (sec). Leaf size: 89

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*(1-x)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} x^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}} \left( c_1 \text{HypergeometricU} \left( \frac{5}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{2}, 1 + i\sqrt{7}, x \right) + c_2 L_{-\frac{1}{2}i(-5i+\sqrt{7})}^{i\sqrt{7}}(x) \right)$$

## 2.42 problem Problem 18(g)

Internal problem ID [11943]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(g).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + x^2 y' + 2yx = 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x), x)+2*x*y(x)=2*x, y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( 2\sqrt{3}\pi - 3\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{x^3}{3}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \right) e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}} c_1}{(-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}} c_2 + \left(-1 + e^{\frac{x^3}{3}}\right) e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==2*x, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}} + \frac{c_1 e^{-\frac{x^3}{3}} (-x^3)^{2/3} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{x^3}{3}\right)}{3^{2/3} x^2} + 1$$

## 2.43 problem Problem 18(h)

Internal problem ID [11944]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(h).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$\ln(x^2 + 1) y'' + \frac{4xy'}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{(-x^2 + 1)y}{(x^2 + 1)^2} = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(ln(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x/(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y(x)=0,y(x),sing
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[Log[1+x^2]*y''[x]+4*x/(1+x^2)*y'[x]+(1-x^2)/(1+x^2)^2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularS
```

Not solved



## 2.44 problem Problem 18(i)

Internal problem ID [11945]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(i).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$xy'' + x^2y' + 2yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} + c_2 \left( i e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \operatorname{erf} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{2}x}{2} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x + 2 \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.118 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]+x^2*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} c_2 e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \sqrt{x^2} \operatorname{erfi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \sqrt{2} c_1 e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} x + c_2$$

## 2.45 problem Problem 18(j)

Internal problem ID [11946]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(j).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + \sin(x)y' + y \cos(x) = \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)+cos(x)*y(x)=cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \left( c_2 + \int (c_1 + \sin(x)) e^{-\cos(x)} dx \right) e^{\cos(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.199 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+Sin[x]*y'[x]+Cos[x]*y[x]==Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{\cos(x)} \left( \int_1^x e^{-\cos(K[1])} (c_1 + \sin(K[1])) dK[1] + c_2 \right)$$

## 2.46 problem Problem 18(k)

Internal problem ID [11947]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(k).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + \cot(x)y' - \csc(x)^2 y = \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+cot(x)*diff(y(x),x)-csc(x)^2*y(x)=cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (\cot(x) + \csc(x)) c_2 + \frac{c_1}{\cot(x) + \csc(x)} - \frac{\cos(x)}{2} + \frac{\csc(x)x}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.349 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[y''[x]+Cot[x]*y'[x]-Csc[x]^2*y[x]==Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x \csc(x) + \frac{2c_1}{\sqrt{\sin^2(x)}} + \cos(x) \left( -1 - \frac{2ic_2}{\sqrt{\sin^2(x)}} \right) \right)$$

## 2.47 problem Problem 18(L)

Internal problem ID [11948]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 18(L).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x \ln(x) y'' + 2y' - \frac{y}{x} = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(x*ln(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)/x=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{\ln(x)} + x + \frac{c_2 x}{\ln(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[x*Log[x]*y'[x]+2*y'[x]-y[x]/x==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x \log(x) + (-1 + c_2)x + c_1}{\log(x)}$$

## 2.48 problem Problem 19(a)

Internal problem ID [11949]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _m`

$$xy'' + (6y^2x + 1)y' + 2y^3 = -1$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+(6*x*y(x)^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)^3+1=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]+(6*x*y[x]^2+1)*y'[x]+2*y[x]^3+1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.49 problem Problem 19(b)

Internal problem ID [11950]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], [_2nd_order, _with_linear_s`

$$\frac{xy''}{y+1} + \frac{yy' - xy'^2 + y'}{(y+1)^2} = x \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)/(1+y(x))+ ( y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-x* diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x))/( 1+y(x)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{2}} x^{-c_2} e^{-\sin(x)} e^{\operatorname{Si}(x)} c_1 - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.681 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]/(1+y[x])+ ( y[x]*y'[x]-x* y'[x]^2+y'[x])/ ( 1+y[x])^2==x*Sin[x],y[x],x,Include
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 + x^{c_2} e^{\operatorname{Si}(x) - \sin(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 2.50 problem Problem 19(c)

Internal problem ID [11951]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _m`

$$(x \cos(y) + \sin(x))y'' - xy'^2 \sin(y) + 2(\cos(y) + \cos(x))y' - \sin(x)y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((x*cos(y(x))+sin(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)- x*diff(y(x),x)^2*sin(y(x)) + 2*(cos(y(x))+cos(x))
```

$$-y(x) \sin(x) - x \sin(y(x)) - c_1x + c_2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.292 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[(x*Cos[y[x]]+Sin[x])*y'[x]- x*y'[x]^2*SIn[y[x]] + 2*(Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x])*y'[x]==y[x]*S
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \sin(y(x)) + \frac{y(x) \sin(x)}{x} - \frac{c_1}{x} = c_2, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.51 problem Problem 19(d)

Internal problem ID [11952]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear]`, `[_2nd_order, _reducible, _m`

$$yy'' \sin(x) + (y \cos(x) + \sin(x) y') y' = \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 119

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)*sin(x)+ ( diff(y(x),x)*sin(x)+y(x)*cos(x) )*diff(y(x),x)=cos(x),y
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x)) c_2 - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \left( \int \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \right)}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x)) c_2 - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \operatorname{csgn}(\cos(x)) c_1 + 2 \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \left( \int \operatorname{csgn}(\sin(x)) \right)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.159 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]*Sin[x]+ ( y'[x]*Sin[x]+y[x]*Cos[x] )*y'[x]==Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingular
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c_1 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x)) + x + c_2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \sqrt{c_1 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x)) + x + c_2}$$



## 2.52 problem Problem 19(e)

Internal problem ID [11953]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$(1 - y)y'' - y'^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve((1-y(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 1$$

$$y(x) = 1 - \sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2 + 1}$$

$$y(x) = 1 + \sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2 + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.881 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[(1-y[x])*y'[x]-y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1 - \sqrt{-2c_1x + 1 - 2c_2c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{-2c_1x + 1 - 2c_2c_1}$$

## 2.53 problem Problem 19(f)

Internal problem ID [11954]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 19(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _m`

$$(\cos(y) - y \sin(y)) y'' - y'^2(2 \sin(y) + \cos(y) y) = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve((cos(y(x))-y(x)*sin(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x$2)- diff(y(x),x)^2*(2*sin(y(x))+y(x)*cos(y(x))
```

$$-y(x) \cos(y(x)) - c_1 x - \sin(x) + c_2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.531 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[(Cos[y[x]]-y[x]*Sin[y[x]])*y'[x]- y'[x]^2*(2*SIN[y[x]]+y[x]*Cos[y[x]])==Sin[x],y[x]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{y(x) \cos(y(x))}{x} + \frac{\sin(x)}{x} + \frac{c_1}{x} = c_2, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.54 problem Problem 20(a)

Internal problem ID [11955]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + \frac{2xy'}{2x-1} - \frac{4xy}{(2x-1)^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+ (2*x)/(2*x-1)*diff(y(x),x)- 4*x/( (2*x-1)^2)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \text{WhittakerM}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, x - \frac{1}{2}\right) e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{(2x-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{c_2 \text{WhittakerW}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, x - \frac{1}{2}\right) e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{(2x-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.508 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[y''[x]+ (2*x)/(2*x-1)*y'[x]- 4*x/( (2*x-1)^2)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1(2x-1) + \frac{1}{6}c_2 \left( \frac{4e^{\frac{1}{2}-x}(x-1)}{\sqrt{2x-1}} + \sqrt{2}(1-2x)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 2.55 problem Problem 20(b)

Internal problem ID [11956]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x^2 + 2x)y'' + (x^2 + x + 10)y' - (25 - 6x)y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 113

```
dsolve((2*x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+ (10+x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=(25-6*x)*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1(x+2)^7 e^{-x} + \frac{c_2(88447(x+2)^7 x^4 e^{-x-2} \text{Ei}_1(-x-2) - 11970 e^{-x} x^4 (x+2)^7 \text{Ei}_1(-x) + 76477 x^{10} + 970261 x^9 + 517 \dots}{\dots}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.158 (sec). Leaf size: 217

```
DSolve[(2*x+x^2)*y'[x]+ (10+x+x^2)*y'[x]==(25-6*x)*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{-x-2}(11970 e^2 c_2 x^4 (x+2)^7 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x) - 88447 c_2 x^4 (x+2)^7 \text{ExpIntegralEi}(x+2) + e^2(322560 c_1 \dots)}{\dots}$$

## 2.56 problem Problem 20(c)

Internal problem ID [11957]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + \frac{y'}{x+1} - \frac{(x+2)y}{x^2(x+1)} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)/(1+x)-(2+x)/(x^2*(1+x))*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x} + \frac{c_2(x^2 + 2 \ln(x+1) - 2x)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.064 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]/(1+x)-(2+x)/(x^2*(1+x))*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2(x^2 - 2x + 2 \log(x+1) - 3) + 2c_1}{2x}$$

## 2.57 problem Problem 20(d)

Internal problem ID [11958]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x^2 - x)y'' + (2x^2 + 4x - 3)y' + 8yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve((x^2-x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+(2*x^2+4*x-3)*diff(y(x),x)+8*x*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x^2(x-1)^2} + \frac{c_2 e^{-2x}}{(x-1)^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.148 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[(x^2-x)*y''[x]+(2*x^2+4*x-3)*y'[x]+8*x*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\frac{2c_1}{x^2} + c_2 e^{-2x}}{2(x-1)^2}$$

## 2.58 problem Problem 20(e)

Internal problem ID [11959]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$\frac{(x^2 - x)y''}{x} + \frac{(3x + 1)y'}{x} + \frac{y}{x} = 3x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
dsolve((x^2-x)/x*diff(y(x),x$2)+(3*x+1)/x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x=3*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2(2 \ln(x)x^2 + 4x - 1)}{(x - 1)^3} + \frac{c_1x^2}{(x - 1)^3} + \frac{x^3(x^2 - 3x + 3)}{3(x - 1)^3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.086 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[(x^2-x)/x*y''[x]+(3*x+1)/x*y'[x]+y[x]/x==3*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2x^5 - 6x^4 + 6x^3 - 6c_1x^2 - 6c_2x^2 \log(x) - 12c_2x + 3c_2}{6(x - 1)^3}$$

## 2.59 problem Problem 20(f)

Internal problem ID [11960]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(2 \sin(x) - \cos(x)) y'' + (7 \sin(x) + 4 \cos(x)) y' + 10 \cos(x) y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 100

```
dsolve((2*sin(x)-cos(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)+(7*sin(x)+4*cos(x))*diff(y(x),x)+10*y(x)*cos(x)=0,y(x))
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-\left(\int \frac{5 \cos(x) \cot(x) - 6 \csc(x)}{-2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx\right)} + c_2 e^{-\left(\int \frac{5 \cos(x) \cot(x) - 6 \csc(x)}{-2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx\right)} \left( \int -\frac{\csc(x) e^{\int \frac{5 \cos(x) \cot(x) - 6 \csc(x)}{-2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx}}{-2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)} dx \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.823 (sec). Leaf size: 112

```
DSolve[(2*Sin[x]-Cos[x])*y'[x]+(7*Sin[x]+4*Cos[x])*y'[x]+10*y[x]*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSi
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{2ix} \left( c_2 \int_1^{e^{ix}} \frac{e^{\frac{3i \arctan\left(\frac{2-2K[1]^2}{K[1]^2+1}\right)}} K[1]^{-2+2i} ((1+2i)K[1]^2+(1-2i))^4 dK[1] + c_1}{(5K[1]^4-6K[1]^2+5)^{3/2}} \right)}{((1+2i)e^{2ix} + (1-2i))^2}$$



## 2.60 problem Problem 20(g)

Internal problem ID [11961]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(g).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + \frac{(x-1)y'}{x} + \frac{y}{x^3} = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x^3}$$

✗ Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-1)/x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x^3=1/x^3*exp(-1/x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y''[x]+(x-1)/x*y'[x]+y[x]/x^3==1/x^3*Exp[-1/x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 2.61 problem Problem 20(h)

Internal problem ID [11962]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 4, Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations. Problems page 221

**Problem number:** Problem 20(h).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + (2x + 5)y' + (4x + 8)y = e^{-2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$2) + (2*x+5)*diff(y(x), x) + (4*x+8)*y(x) = exp(-2*x), y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-x(x+3)}c_2 + e^{-x(x+3)} \operatorname{erf}\left(ix + \frac{1}{2}i\right)c_1 + \frac{e^{-2x}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.333 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[y''[x] + (2*x+5)*y'[x] + (4*x+8)*y[x] == Exp[-2*x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-x(x+3)-\frac{1}{4}} \left( \sqrt{\pi}(-1 + 2c_2)\operatorname{erfi}\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) + 2\left(e^{(x+\frac{1}{2})^2} + 2\sqrt{e}c_1\right) \right)$$

### 3 Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

3.1	problem Problem 2 . . . . .	83
3.2	problem Problem 3 . . . . .	84
3.3	problem Problem 4 . . . . .	85
3.4	problem Problem 5 . . . . .	86
3.5	problem Problem 6 . . . . .	87
3.6	problem Problem 7 . . . . .	88
3.7	problem Problem 8 . . . . .	89
3.8	problem Problem 9 . . . . .	90
3.9	problem Problem 10 . . . . .	91
3.10	problem Problem 11 . . . . .	92
3.11	problem Problem 12 . . . . .	93
3.12	problem Problem 13 . . . . .	94
3.13	problem Problem 14 . . . . .	95
3.14	problem Problem 15 . . . . .	96
3.15	problem Problem 16 . . . . .	97
3.16	problem Problem 17 . . . . .	98
3.17	problem Problem 18 . . . . .	99
3.18	problem Problem 19 . . . . .	100
3.19	problem Problem 20 . . . . .	101
3.20	problem Problem 21 . . . . .	102
3.21	problem Problem 22 . . . . .	103
3.22	problem Problem 23 . . . . .	104
3.23	problem Problem 24 . . . . .	105
3.24	problem Problem 25 . . . . .	106
3.25	problem Problem 26 . . . . .	107
3.26	problem Problem 27 . . . . .	108

### 3.1 problem Problem 2

Internal problem ID [11963]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 9y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+9*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2 \cos(3t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2 \cos(3t)$$

## 3.2 problem Problem 3

Internal problem ID [11964]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - 4y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2e^{\frac{t}{2}}(\cos(t) + \sin(t))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]-4*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2e^{t/2}(\sin(t) + \cos(t))$$

### 3.3 problem Problem 4

Internal problem ID [11965]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t}(t - 1)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(t - 1)$$

### 3.4 problem Problem 5

Internal problem ID [11966]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 4y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 3e^{2t} \sin(t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-4*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3e^{2t} \sin(t)$$

### 3.5 problem Problem 6

Internal problem ID [11967]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - y' - 6y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-diff(y(t),t)-6*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = (e^{5t} + 1) e^{-2t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[{y''[t]-y'[t]-6*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-2t} + e^{3t}$$



### 3.6 problem Problem 7

Internal problem ID [11968]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - 4y' + 37y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+37*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = -3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{2e^{\frac{t}{2}}(2\sin(3t) - 3\cos(3t))}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]-4*y'[t]+37*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}e^{t/2}(3\cos(3t) - 2\sin(3t))$$

### 3.7 problem Problem 8

Internal problem ID [11969]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -5e^{-2t} + 7e^{-t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-2t}(7e^t - 5)$$

### 3.8 problem Problem 9

Internal problem ID [11970]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \cos(2t) e^{-t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} \cos(2t)$$

### 3.9 problem Problem 10

Internal problem ID [11971]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - 12y' + 13y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-12*diff(y(t),t)+13*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2e^{\frac{3t}{2}} \cos(t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[{4*y''[t]-12*y'[t]+13*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2e^{3t/2} \cos(t)$$

### 3.10 problem Problem 11

Internal problem ID [11972]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 13y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -6]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+13*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -6],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{e^{-2t}(4 \sin(3t) - 3 \cos(3t))}{3}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+4*y'[t]+13*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t}(3 \cos(3t) - 4 \sin(3t))$$

### 3.11 problem Problem 12

Internal problem ID [11973]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+6*diff(y(t),t)+9*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-3t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+6*y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t}$$

### 3.12 problem Problem 13

Internal problem ID [11974]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 13.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$4)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0, (D@@2)(y)(0) = 0, (D@@3)(y)(0) = 1/2*2^
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(3e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} + e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} + e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}}\right)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[{y''''[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0,y'''[0]==1/Sqrt[2]}},y[t],t,IncludeSing
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} \left( \left( e^{\sqrt{2}t} + 1 \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left( e^{\sqrt{2}t} - 1 \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)$$

### 3.13 problem Problem 14

Internal problem ID [11975]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{e^t \sin(2t)}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[{y''[t]-2*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -e^t \sin(t) \cos(t)$$



### 3.14 problem Problem 15

Internal problem ID [11976]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 20y' + 51y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -14]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-20*diff(y(t),t)+51*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -14],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{3t} - e^{17t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-20*y'[t]+51*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-14}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{3t} - e^{17t}$$

### 3.15 problem Problem 16

Internal problem ID [11977]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + 3y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 4e^{-\frac{t}{2}} - e^{-t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{2*y'[t]+3*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(4e^{t/2} - 1)$$

### 3.16 problem Problem 17

Internal problem ID [11978]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$3y'' + 8y' - 3y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -4]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([3*diff(y(t),t$2)+8*diff(y(t),t)-3*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = -4],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{3\left(e^{\frac{10t}{3}} + 1\right)e^{-3t}}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{3*y'[t]+8*y'[t]-3*y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==-4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}e^{-3t}(e^{10t/3} + 1)$$

### 3.17 problem Problem 18

Internal problem ID [11979]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + 20y' + 51y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -5]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t$2)+20*diff(y(t),t)+51*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -5],y(t), singsol=all
```

$$y(t) = e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{2*y''[t]+20*y'[t]+51*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-5}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

### 3.18 problem Problem 19

Internal problem ID [11980]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' + 40y' + 101y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -5]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)+40*diff(y(t),t)+101*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -5],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]+40*y[t]+101*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-5}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->All]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-5t} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$

### 3.19 problem Problem 20

Internal problem ID [11981]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 6y' + 34y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+6*diff(y(t),t)+34*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-3t}(3 \cos(5t) + 2 \sin(5t))$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+6*y'[t]+34*y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t}(2 \sin(5t) + 3 \cos(5t))$$

## 3.20 problem Problem 21

Internal problem ID [11982]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 21.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + 8y'' + 16y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = -8]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)+8*diff(y(t),t$2)+16*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0)
```

$$y(t) = t e^{-4t} + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.083 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]+8*y''[t]+16*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==-8}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSo
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-4t}t + 1$$

### 3.21 problem Problem 22

Internal problem ID [11983]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 22.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + 6y'' + 13y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = -6]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)+6*diff(y(t),t$2)+13*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0) = -6],y(t),t)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-3t} \sin(2t)}{2} + 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.456 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]+6*y''[t]+13*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==-6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t} \sin(t) \cos(t) + 1$$



## 3.22 problem Problem 23

Internal problem ID [11984]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 23.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 6y'' + 13y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 6]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-6*diff(y(t),t$2)+13*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, (D@@2)(y)(0) = 6],y(t),t)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{3t} \sin(2t)}{2} + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.443 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]-6*y''[t]+13*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1,y''[0]==6}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{3t} \sin(t) \cos(t) + 1$$

### 3.23 problem Problem 24

Internal problem ID [11985]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 24.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + 4y'' + 29y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 5, y''(0) = -20]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)+4*diff(y(t),t$2)+29*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 5, (D@@2)(y)(0) = -20],y(t),t)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-2t} \sin(5t) + 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.58 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]+4*y''[t]-20*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==5,y''[0]==-20}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{5e^{2(\sqrt{6}-1)t}}{4\sqrt{6}} - \frac{5e^{-2(1+\sqrt{6})t}}{4\sqrt{6}} + 1$$

### 3.24 problem Problem 25

Internal problem ID [11986]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 25.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + 6y'' + 25y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 4, y''(0) = -24]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)+6*diff(y(t),t$2)+25*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 4, (D@@2)(y)(0)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-3t} \sin(4t) + 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.467 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]+6*y''[t]+25*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==4,y''[0]==-24}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t} \sin(4t) + 1$$

### 3.25 problem Problem 26

Internal problem ID [11987]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 26.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 6y'' + 10y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 3, y''(0) = 8]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-6*diff(y(t),t$2)+10*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 3, (D@@2)(y)(0)
```

$$y(t) = e^{3t} \cos(t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.212 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]-6*y''[t]+10*y'[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==3,y''[0]==8}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSol
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{3t} \cos(t)$$

### 3.26 problem Problem 27

Internal problem ID [11988]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.5 Laplace transform. Homogeneous equations. Problems page 357

**Problem number:** Problem 27.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + 13y'' + 36y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1, y''(0) = 5, y'''(0) = 19]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$4)+13*diff(y(t),t$2)+36*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -1, (D@@2)(y)(0) = 5,
```

$$y(t) = \cos(2t) + \sin(2t) - \cos(3t) - \sin(3t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{y''''[t]+13*y''[t]+36*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-1,y''[0]==5,y'''[0]==19}},y[t],t,Incl
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sin(2t) - \sin(3t) + \cos(2t) - \cos(3t)$$

## 4 Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform.

### Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

4.1	problem Problem 2(a)	111
4.2	problem Problem 2(b)	112
4.3	problem Problem 2(c)	113
4.4	problem Problem 2(d)	114
4.5	problem Problem 2(e)	115
4.6	problem Problem 2(f)	116
4.7	problem Problem 2(g)	117
4.8	problem Problem 2(h)	118
4.9	problem Problem 2(i)	119
4.10	problem Problem 2(i)[j]	120
4.11	problem Problem 2(j)[k]	121
4.12	problem Problem 2(k)[l]	122
4.13	problem Problem 2(m)	123
4.14	problem Problem 2(l)[n]	124
4.15	problem Problem 3(a)	125
4.16	problem Problem 3(b)	126
4.17	problem Problem 3(c)	127
4.18	problem Problem 3(d)	128
4.19	problem Problem 3(e)	129
4.20	problem Problem 3(f)	131
4.21	problem Problem 3(g)	132
4.22	problem Problem 3(h)	134
4.23	problem Problem 3(i)	135
4.24	problem Problem 3(j)	137
4.25	problem Problem 4(a)	139
4.26	problem Problem 4(b)	141
4.27	problem Problem 4(c)	143
4.28	problem Problem 4(d)	145
4.29	problem Problem 4(e)	147
4.30	problem Problem 5(a)	149
4.31	problem Problem 5(b)	150
4.32	problem Problem 5(c)	151
4.33	problem Problem 5(d)	152
4.34	problem Problem 5(e)	153
4.35	problem Problem 5(f)	154

4.36	problem Problem 6(a)	155
4.37	problem Problem 13(a)	156
4.38	problem Problem 13(b)	157
4.39	problem Problem 13(c)	158
4.40	problem Problem 13(d)	159
4.41	problem Problem 14(a)	160
4.42	problem Problem 14(b)	162

## 4.1 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [11989]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 3y = 9t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=9*t,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 3t + 2e^{-t} \cos(\sqrt{2}t) - 2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+3*y[t]==9*t,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3t - 2 \sin(t)$$



## 4.2 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [11990]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4y'' + 16y' + 17y = 17t - 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)+16*diff(y(t),t)+17*y(t)=17*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singso
```

$$y(t) = t + 2e^{-2t} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]+16*y'[t]+17*y[t]==17*t-1,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t + 2e^{-2t} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - 1$$

### 4.3 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [11991]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4y'' + 5y' + 4y = 3e^{-t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 1]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=3*exp(-t),y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), sings
```

$$y(t) = \frac{2e^{-\frac{5t}{8}}\sqrt{39}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right)}{13} - 2e^{-\frac{5t}{8}}\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right) + e^{-t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.056 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
DSolve[{4*y''[t]+5*y'[t]+4*y[t]==3*Exp[-t],{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} + 2\sqrt{\frac{3}{13}}e^{-5t/8}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right) - 2e^{-5t/8}\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}t}{8}\right)$$

## 4.4 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [11992]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y = e^{2t}t^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=t^2*exp(2*t),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singularSolutions=false)
```

$$y(t) = e^{2t} \left( 1 + \frac{t^4}{12} \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-4*y'[t]+4*y[t]==t^2*Exp[2*t],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->False]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12}e^{2t}(t^4 + 12)$$

## 4.5 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [11993]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 9y = e^{-2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = -\frac{2}{13}, y'(0) = \frac{1}{13} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+9*y(t)=exp(-2*t),y(0) = -2/13, D(y)(0) = 1/13],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\sin(3t)}{13} - \frac{3 \cos(3t)}{13} + \frac{e^{-2t}}{13}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.242 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+9*y[t]==Exp[-2*t],{y[0]==-2/13,y'[0]==1/13}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{13}(e^{-2t} + \sin(3t) - 3 \cos(3t))$$

## 4.6 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [11994]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2y'' - 3y' + 17y = 17t - 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+17*y(t)=17*t-1,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol
```

$$y(t) = \frac{125 e^{\frac{3t}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right) \sqrt{127}}{2159} - \frac{19 e^{\frac{3t}{4}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right)}{17} + t + \frac{2}{17}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.044 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[{2*y''[t]-3*y'[t]+17*y[t]==17*t-1,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t + \frac{125 e^{3t/4} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right)}{17\sqrt{127}} - \frac{19}{17} e^{3t/4} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{127}t}{4}\right) + \frac{2}{17}$$

## 4.7 problem Problem 2(g)

Internal problem ID [11995]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(g).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = e^{-t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(-t),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \left( 1 + \frac{t^2}{2} \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==Exp[-t],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(t^2 + 2)$$

## 4.8 problem Problem 2(h)

Internal problem ID [11996]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(h).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = t + 2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 4, y'(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=2+t,y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{34 e^t \sin(2t)}{25} + \frac{88 e^t \cos(2t)}{25} + \frac{t}{5} + \frac{12}{25}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[{y''[t]-2*y'[t]+5*y[t]==2+t,{y[0]==4,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{25}(5t - 34e^t \sin(2t) + 88e^t \cos(2t) + 12)$$

## 4.9 problem Problem 2(i)

Internal problem ID [11997]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(i).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$2y' + y = e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(-t/2),y(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(t-2)e^{-\frac{t}{2}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.088 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{2*y'[t]+y[t]==Exp[-t/2],{y[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-t/2}(t-2)$$



## 4.10 problem Problem 2(i)[j]

Internal problem ID [11998]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(i)[j].

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 8y' + 20y = \sin(2t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -4]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+8*diff(y(t),t)+20*y(t)=sin(2*t),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -4],y(t), singsol
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(33e^{-4t} - 1) \cos(2t)}{32} + \frac{\sin(2t)(e^{-4t} + 1)}{32}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.292 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+8*y'[t]+20*y[t]==Sin[2*t],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{32}e^{-4t}((e^{4t} + 1) \sin(2t) - (e^{4t} - 33) \cos(2t))$$

## 4.11 problem Problem 2(j)[k]

Internal problem ID [11999]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(j)[k].

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4y'' - 4y' + y = t^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -12, y'(0) = 7]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^2,y(0) = -12, D(y)(0) = 7],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = (17t - 36)e^{\frac{t}{2}} + t^2 + 8t + 24$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]-4*y'[t]+y[t]==t^2,{y[0]==-12,y'[0]==7}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t^2 + 8t + e^{t/2}(17t - 36) + 24$$

## 4.12 problem Problem 2(k)[1]

Internal problem ID [12000]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(k)[1].

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2y'' + y' - y = 4 \sin(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -4]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=4*sin(t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -4],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{2e^{-t}\left(4e^{\frac{3t}{2}} - 5 + (\cos(t) + 3\sin(t))e^t\right)}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[{2*y''[t]+y'[t]-y[t]==4*Sin[t],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-4}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{5}(5e^{-t} - 4e^{t/2} - 3\sin(t) - \cos(t))$$

## 4.13 problem Problem 2(m)

Internal problem ID [12001]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(m).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' - y = e^{2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=exp(2*t),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{2t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.067 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-y[t]==Exp[2*t],{y[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{2t}$$

## 4.14 problem Problem 2(1)[n]

Internal problem ID [12002]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 2(1)[n].

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3y'' + 5y' - 2y = 7e^{-2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([3*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=7*exp(-2*t),y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), sing
```

$$y(t) = -\left(-3e^{\frac{7t}{3}} + t\right)e^{-2t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.072 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{3*y''[t]+5*y'[t]-2*y[t]==7*Exp[-2*t]},{y[0]==3,y'[0]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolut
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3e^{t/3} - e^{-2t}t$$

## 4.15 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [12003]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' + y = \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(-2 + t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-2),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 2) + \text{Heaviside}(t - 2)e^{-t+2} - e^{-t} \text{Heaviside}(t) + e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.108 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+y[t]==UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-2],{y[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ e^{2-t} & t > 2 \\ e^{-t} & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.16 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [12004]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' - 2y = 4t(\text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(-2 + t))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=4*t*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-2)),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2t \text{Heaviside}(t - 2) - 2t \text{Heaviside}(t) + \text{Heaviside}(t - 2) - \text{Heaviside}(t) - 5 \text{Heaviside}(t - 2) e^{-4+2t} + \text{Heaviside}(t) e^{2t} + e^{2t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.121 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-2*y[t]==4*t*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-2]),{y[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolut
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{2t} & t < 0 \\ e^{2t-4}(-5 + 2e^4) & t > 2 \\ -2t + 2e^{2t} - 1 & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.17 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [12005]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 9y = 24 \sin(t) (\text{Heaviside}(t) + \text{Heaviside}(t - \pi))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+9*y(t)=24*sin(t)*(Heaviside(t)+Heaviside(t-Pi)),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),t,Inc
```

$$y(t) = 4 \sin(t)^3 (\text{Heaviside}(t) + \text{Heaviside}(t - \pi))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.089 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+9*y[t]==24*Sin[t]*(UnitStep[t]+UnitStep[t-Pi]),{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,Inc
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 4(\theta(\pi - t)(\theta(t) - 2) + 2) \sin^3(t)$$



## 4.18 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [12006]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 1)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -
```

$$y(t) = t \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) e^{-t+1} + (1 + \text{Heaviside}(t) (-t - 1)) e^{-t} + \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.072 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSi
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{-t} & t < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-t} & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ (-1 + e)e^{-t} & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.19 problem Problem 3(e)

Internal problem ID [12007]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 5 \cos(t) \left( \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 76

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=5*cos(t)*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0)
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & -\text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (\cos(t) - 2 \sin(t)) e^{\frac{\pi}{2}-t} \\ & + (-\cos(t) - 2 \sin(t)) \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ & + ((1 - \text{Heaviside}(t)) \cos(t) - 3 \sin(t) \text{Heaviside}(t)) e^{-t} \\ & + \text{Heaviside}(t) (\cos(t) + 2 \sin(t)) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.095 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+2*y[t]==5*Cos[t]*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-Pi/2]),{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-1}},
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{-t} \cos(t) & t < 0 \\ e^{-t}((-3 + 2e^{\pi/2}) \sin(t) - e^{\pi/2} \cos(t)) & 2t > \pi \\ \cos(t) + (2 - 3e^{-t}) \sin(t) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.20 problem Problem 3(f)

Internal problem ID [12008]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 5y' + 6y = 36t(\text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 1))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = -2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 67

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)+6*y(t)=36*t*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0) = -1, D
```

$$y(t) = 6 \left( \left( \left( -t + \frac{5}{6} \right) e^{3t} - \frac{4e^3}{3} + \frac{3e^{t+2}}{2} \right) \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) + \text{Heaviside}(t) \left( t - \frac{5}{6} \right) e^{3t} + \left( \frac{3e^t}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \text{Heaviside}(t) - \frac{5e^t}{6} + \frac{2}{3} \right) e^{-3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.071 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+5*y'[t]+6*y[t]==36*t*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1]),{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==-2}},y[t],t
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^{-3t}(4 - 5e^t) & t < 0 \\ e^{-3t}(-8e^3 + 4e^t + 9e^{t+2}) & t > 1 \\ 6t + 4e^{-2t} - 5 & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.21 problem Problem 3(g)

Internal problem ID [12009]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(g).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 13y = 39 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 507(-2 + t) \operatorname{Heaviside}(-2 + t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+13*y(t)=39*Heaviside(t)-507*(t-2)*Heaviside(t-2),y(0)
```

$$y(t) = -12 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 2) \left( \left( \cos(6) + \frac{5 \sin(6)}{12} \right) \cos(3t) - \frac{5 \sin(3t) \left( \cos(6) - \frac{12 \sin(6)}{5} \right)}{12} \right) e^{-2t+4} \\ + 3(30 - 13t) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 2) - 3e^{-2t}(\operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 1) \cos(3t) \\ + \frac{(-6 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) + 7) \sin(3t) e^{-2t}}{3} + 3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.097 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+4*y'[t]+13*y[t]==39*UnitStep[t]-507*(t-2)*UnitStep[t-2],{y[0]==3,y'[0]==1}},y
```

$y(t)$

$$\rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} -39t - 12e^{4-2t} \cos(6 - 3t) - 5e^{4-2t} \sin(6 - 3t) + \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t} \sin(3t) + 93 & t > 2 \\ \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t} \sin(3t) + 3 & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t} (9 \cos(3t) + 7 \sin(3t)) & \text{True} \end{array} \right.$$

## 4.22 problem Problem 3(h)

Internal problem ID [12010]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(h).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 4) + (2t - 5) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 4)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{3}{4}, y'(0) = 2 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*y(t)=3*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-4))+(2*t-5)*Heaviside(t-4),y(0) =
```

$$y(t) = \sin(2t) + \frac{3 \cos(2t)}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 4) \sin(2t - 8)}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 4) t}{2} - 2 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 4) - \frac{3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) \cos(2t)}{4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.069 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+4*y[t]==3*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-4])+(2*t-5)*UnitStep[t-4],{y[0]==3/4,y'[0]=
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin(2t) + \frac{3}{4} & 0 \leq t \leq 4 \\ \frac{3}{4} \cos(2t) + \sin(2t) & t < 0 \\ \frac{1}{4}(2t + \sin(8 - 2t) + 4 \sin(2t) - 5) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.23 problem Problem 3(i)

Internal problem ID [12011]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(i).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$4y'' + 4y' + 5y = 25t \left( \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 85

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=25*t*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi/2)),y(0) =
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{5\left(\left(\pi + \frac{12}{5}\right) \cos(t) - 2\left(\pi - \frac{8}{5}\right) \sin(t)\right) \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) e^{-\frac{t}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}}}{4} \\ + (4 - 5t) \text{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ + \left((4 \cos(t) - 3 \sin(t)) \text{Heaviside}(t) + 2 \cos(t) + 3 \sin(t)\right) e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \\ + \text{Heaviside}(t) (-4 + 5t)$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.085 (sec). Leaf size: 101

```
DSolve[{4*y''[t]+4*y'[t]+5*y[t]==25*t*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-Pi/2]),{y[0]==2,y'[0]==2}},y[t]
```

$y(t)$

$$\rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 5t + 6e^{-t/2} \cos(t) - 4 & t \geq 0 \wedge 2t \leq \pi \\ e^{-t/2}(2 \cos(t) + 3 \sin(t)) & t < 0 \\ \frac{1}{4}e^{-t/2}((24 - e^{\pi/4}(12 + 5\pi)) \cos(t) + 2e^{\pi/4}(-8 + 5\pi) \sin(t)) & \text{True} \end{array} \right.$$

## 4.24 problem Problem 3(j)

Internal problem ID [12012]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 3(j).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 3y = \text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) + \text{Heaviside}(-2 + t) - \text{Heaviside}(-3 + t)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = -\frac{2}{3}, y'(0) = 1 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 117

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)+Heaviside(t-2)-Heaviside(t-3)],t)
```

$$y(t) = \left( -\frac{1}{3} - e^{2+2t} \text{Heaviside}(t - 2) + e^{3+2t} \text{Heaviside}(t - 3) + e^{2t+1} \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) + \frac{2(\text{Heaviside}(t) - \text{Heaviside}(t - 1))}{3} \right) e^{-3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.115 (sec). Leaf size: 199

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+4*y'[t]+3*y[t]==UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1]+UnitStep[t-2]-UnitStep[t-3],{y[0]=0}}
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3} - e^{-t} & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ -\frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}(1 + 3e^{2t}) & t < 0 \\ \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}(-e^3 - 6e^{2t} + 3e^{2t+1}) & 1 < t \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}(-e^3 + e^6 - 6e^{2t} + 2e^{3t} + 3e^{2t+1} - 3e^{2t+2}) & 2 < t \leq 3 \\ \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}(-e^3 + e^6 - e^9 - 6e^{2t} + 3e^{2t+1} - 3e^{2t+2} + 3e^{2t+3}) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.25 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [12013]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 4(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'' - 2y' = \begin{cases} 4 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 6 & 1 \leq t \end{cases}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -6, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-2*diff(y(t),t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<1,4,t>=1,6),y(0) = -6, D(y)(0) =
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \begin{cases} -13 + e^{2t} & t < 0 \\ 3e^{2t} - 15 - 4t & t < 1 \\ 3e^{2t} - 14 + e^{2t-2} - 6t & 1 \leq t \end{cases} \end{pmatrix}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.056 (sec). Leaf size: 68

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-2*y'[t]==Piecewise[{{4,0<=t<1},{6,t>=1}}],{y[0]==-6,y'[0]==1}],y[t],t,Include
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}(-13 + e^{2t}) & t \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-4t + 3e^{2t} - 15) & 0 < t \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-6t + 3e^{2t} + e^{2t-2} - 14) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.26 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [12014]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 4(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1 & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ -1 & 2 \leq t \end{cases}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 74

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<1,0,t>=1 and t<2,1,t>=2,-1
```

$$y(t) = -4e^{2t} + 7e^t - \frac{\begin{pmatrix} \begin{cases} 0 & t < 1 \\ -1 + 2e^{t-1} - e^{2t-2} & t < 2 \\ 1 + 2e^{t-1} - e^{2t-2} - 4e^{t-2} + 2e^{-4+2t} & 2 \leq t \end{cases} \end{pmatrix}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.068 (sec). Leaf size: 109

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==Piecewise[{{0,0<=t<1},{1,1<=t<2},{-1,t>=2}}],{y[0]==3,y'[0]==3}],y[t]]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} e^t(7 - 4e^t) & t \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(1 - 2e^{t-1} + 14e^t - 8e^{2t} + e^{2t-2}) & 1 < t \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-1 + 4e^{t-2} - 2e^{t-1} + 14e^t - 8e^{2t} - 2e^{2t-4} + e^{2t-2}) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.27 problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [12015]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 4(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ -1 & 2 \leq t \end{cases}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<2,1,t>=2,-1),y(0) = 0, D(y
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & t < 0 \\ -1 + 2e^{-t} - e^{-2t} & t < 2 \\ 1 + 2e^{-t} - e^{-2t} - 4e^{-t+2} + 2e^{-2t+4} & 2 \leq t \end{pmatrix}}{2}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.072 (sec). Leaf size: 68

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==Piecewise[{{1,0<=t<2},{-1,t>=2}},{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}],y[t],t,
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t}(-1 + e^t)^2 & 0 < t \leq 2 \\ -\frac{1}{2}e^{-2t}(-1 + 2e^4 + 2e^t + e^{2t} - 4e^{t+2}) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.28 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [12016]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 4(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t < \pi \\ -t & \pi \leq t \end{cases}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<Pi,t,t>=Pi,-t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),
```

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t - \sin(t) & 0 \leq t < \pi \\ -2 \cos(t) \pi - 3 \sin(t) - t & \pi \leq t \end{cases}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.058 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+y[t]==Piecewise[{{t,0<=t<Pi},{-t,t>=Pi}},{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}],y[t],t,IncludeS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ t - \sin(t) & 0 < t \leq \pi \\ -t - 2\pi \cos(t) - 3 \sin(t) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.29 problem Problem 4(e)

Internal problem ID [12017]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 4(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = \begin{cases} 8t & 0 \leq t < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 8\pi & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \end{cases}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*y(t)=piecewise(0<=t and t<Pi/2,8*t,t>=Pi/2,8*Pi),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0)
```

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ -\sin(2t) + 2t & t < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \cos(2t)\pi - 2\sin(2t) + 2\pi & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \end{cases}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.068 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+4*y[t]==Piecewise[{{8*t,0<=t<Pi/2},{8*Pi,t>=Pi/2}},{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}],y[t],
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ 2t - \sin(2t) & t > 0 \wedge 2t \leq \pi \\ \pi \cos(2t) - 2 \sin(2t) + 2\pi & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

## 4.30 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [12018]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4\pi^2 y = 3 \left( \delta \left( t - \frac{1}{3} \right) \right) - (\delta(t - 1))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+(2*Pi)^2*y(t)=3*Dirac(t-1/3)-Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(-3\sqrt{3} \cos(2\pi t) - 3 \sin(2\pi t)) \operatorname{Heaviside}\left(t - \frac{1}{3}\right) - 2 \sin(2\pi t) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 1)}{4\pi}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+(2*Pi)^2*y[t]==3*DiracDelta[t-1/3]-DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{2\theta(t-1) \sin(2\pi t) + 3\theta(3t-1) (\sin(2\pi t) + \sqrt{3} \cos(2\pi t))}{4\pi}$$

### 4.31 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [12019]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 3(\delta(t - 1))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=3*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), sings
```

$$y(t) = 3e^{-t+1} \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) \sin(t - 1)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+2*y'[t]+2*y[t]==3*DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -3e^{1-t}\theta(t - 1) \sin(1 - t)$$

## 4.32 problem Problem 5(c)

Internal problem ID [12020]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 29y = 5(\delta(t - \pi)) - 5(\delta(-2\pi + t))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+29*y(t)=5*Dirac(t-Pi)-5*Dirac(t-2*Pi),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],t)
```

$$y(t) = -e^{-2t+2\pi} \sin(5t) (e^{2\pi} \text{Heaviside}(t - 2\pi) + \text{Heaviside}(t - \pi))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.143 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+4*y'[t]+29*y[t]==5*DiracDelta[t-Pi]-5*DiracDelta[t-2*Pi],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -e^{2\pi-2t} (e^{2\pi} \theta(t - 2\pi) + \theta(t - \pi)) \sin(5t)$$



### 4.33 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [12021]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 1 - (\delta(t - 1))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=1-Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), sings
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-2t}}{2} + \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) e^{-2t+2} - e^{-t+1} \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) + \frac{1}{2} - e^{-t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.099 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==1-DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-2t} \left( (e^t - 1)^2 - 2e(e^t - e) \theta(t - 1) \right)$$

## 4.34 problem Problem 5(e)

Internal problem ID [12022]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$4y'' + 4y' + y = e^{-\frac{t}{2}}(\delta(t-1))$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([4*dif(y(t),t$2)+4*dif(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(-t/2)*Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t-1)(t-1)e^{-\frac{t}{2}}}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{4*y'[t]+4*y'[t]+y[t]==Exp[-t/2]*DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-t/2}(t-1)\theta(t-1)$$

### 4.35 problem Problem 5(f)

Internal problem ID [12023]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 5(f).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 7y' + 6y = \delta(t - 1)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-7*diff(y(t),t)+6*y(t)=Dirac(t-1),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t - 1)(e^{-6+6t} - e^{t-1})}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-7*y'[t]+6*y[t]==DiracDelta[t-1],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSol
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}e^{t-6}(e^{5t} - e^5)\theta(t - 1)$$

## 4.36 problem Problem 6(a)

Internal problem ID [12024]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 6(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$10Q' + 100Q = \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) - \text{Heaviside}(-2 + t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[Q(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve([10*diff(Q(t),t)+100*Q(t)=Heaviside(t-1)-Heaviside(t-2),Q(0) = 0],Q(t), singsol=all)
```

$$Q(t) = -\frac{\text{Heaviside}(t - 2)}{100} + \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t - 2) e^{-10t+20}}{100} + \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t - 1)}{100} - \frac{\text{Heaviside}(t - 1) e^{-10t+10}}{100}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{10*q'[t]+100*q[t]==UnitStep(t-1)-UnitStep(t-2),{q[0]==0}},q[t],t,IncludeSingularSolu
```

$$q(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{100} e^{-10t} (e^{10t} - 1) \text{UnitStep}$$

### 4.37 problem Problem 13(a)

Internal problem ID [12025]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 13(a).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + y'' + 4y' + 4y = 8$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 4, y'(0) = -3, y''(0) = -3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)+diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=8,y(0) = 4, D(y)(0) = -3, (D@@2)
```

$$y(t) = 2 + \cos(2t) + e^{-t} - \sin(2t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]+y''[t]+4*y'[t]+4*y[t]==8,{y[0]==4,y'[0]==-3,y''[0]==-3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingu
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} - \sin(2t) + \cos(2t) + 2$$

### 4.38 problem Problem 13(b)

Internal problem ID [12026]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 13(b).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - 2y'' - y' + 2y = 4t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -2, y''(0) = 4]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-2*diff(y(t),t$2)-diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=4*t,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = -2, D@@
```

$$y(t) = 2t + 1 - 3e^t + 3e^{-t} + e^{2t}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]-2*y''[t]-y'[t]+2*y[t]==4*t,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==-2,y''[0]==4}},y[t],t,IncludeSing
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2t + 3e^{-t} - 3e^t + e^{2t} + 1$$

### 4.39 problem Problem 13(c)

Internal problem ID [12027]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 13(c).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' - y'' + 4y' - 4y = 8e^{2t} - 5e^t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 3]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)-4*y(t)=8*exp(2*t)-5*exp(t),y(0) = 2, D
```

$$y(t) = e^{2t} - e^t t + e^t - \sin(2t)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.561 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]-y''[t]+4*y'[t]-4*y[t]==8*Exp[2*t]-5*Exp[t],{y[0]==2,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==3}},y[t]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^t(-t + e^t + 1) - \sin(2t)$$

## 4.40 problem Problem 13(d)

Internal problem ID [12028]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 13(d).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - 5y'' + y' - y = -t^2 + 2t - 10$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.453 (sec). Leaf size: 369

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$3)-5*diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=2*t-10-t^2,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 0,
```

$y(t)$

$$154 \left( (116 + 6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26})^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3}\sqrt{26} + \frac{58(116+6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26})^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{26}\sqrt{3}}{77} + \frac{55\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26}}{14} - \frac{69(116+6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{14} - \frac{234(116+6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{26})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{77} \right)$$

=

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 1009

```
DSolve[{y'''[t]-5*y''[t]+y'[t]-y[t]==2*t-10-t^2,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0}},y[t],t,Include
```

$y(t)$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-\text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 2] \text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 3]^2 t^2 + \text{Root}[\#1^3 - 5\#1^2 + \#1 - 1\&, 1]}{\dots}$$



## 4.41 problem Problem 14(a)

Internal problem ID [12029]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 14(a).

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]`

$$y'''' - 5y'' + 4y = 12 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 12 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 1)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 91

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$4)-5*diff(y(t),t$2)+4*y(t)=12*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-1)),y(0) = 0, D
```

$$y(t) = 2 e^{-2t} \left( e^{3t-1} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 1) - \frac{e^{4t-2} \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 1)}{4} \right. \\ \left. + \left( -\frac{e^2}{4} - \frac{3 e^{2t}}{2} + e^{1+t} \right) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - 1) \right) \\ - \left( e^t - \frac{3 e^{2t}}{2} + e^{3t} - \frac{e^{4t}}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 88

```
DSolve[{y''''[t]-5*y'''[t]+4*y[t]==12*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-1]),{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0,y'''[0]==0}
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t}(-1+e^t)^4 & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-1+e)e^{-2(t+1)}(-e^2-e^3+e^{4t}+4e^{t+2}-4e^{3t+1}+e^{4t+1}) & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

## 4.42 problem Problem 14(b)

Internal problem ID [12030]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 5.6 Laplace transform. Nonhomogeneous equations. Problems page 368

**Problem number:** Problem 14(b).

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' - 16y = 32 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t) - 32 \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - \pi)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 0, y'''(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 119

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$4)-16*y(t)=32*(Heaviside(t)-Heaviside(t-Pi)),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0, D@@
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{\operatorname{Heaviside}(t - \pi) e^{-2t+2\pi}}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{Heaviside}(t - \pi) e^{2t-2\pi}}{2} + (2 - \cos(2t)) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t - \pi) + \left( \cos(2t) + \frac{e^{-2t}}{2} + \frac{e^{2t}}{2} - 2 \right) \operatorname{Heaviside}(t)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{y''''[t]-16*y[t]==32*(UnitStep[t]-UnitStep[t-Pi]),{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0,y''[0]==0,y'''[0]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} e^{-2(t+\pi)} (-1 + e^{2\pi}) (-e^{2\pi} + e^{4t}) & t > \pi \\ \frac{1}{2} (2 \cos(2t) + e^{-2t} + e^{2t} - 4) & 0 \leq t \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

## 5 Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs.

### Problems page 408

5.1	problem Problem 1(a)	164
5.2	problem Problem 1(b)	165
5.3	problem Problem 1(c)	166
5.4	problem Problem 1(d)	168
5.5	problem Problem 1(e)	169
5.6	problem Problem 2(a)	171
5.7	problem Problem 2(b)	172
5.8	problem Problem 2(c)	173
5.9	problem Problem 2(d)	174
5.10	problem Problem 2(e)	175
5.11	problem Problem 2(f)	176
5.12	problem Problem 3(a)	177
5.13	problem Problem 3(b)	178
5.14	problem Problem 3(c)	180
5.15	problem Problem 3(d)	181
5.16	problem Problem 3(e)	182
5.17	problem Problem 3(f)	183
5.18	problem Problem 3(g)	185

## 5.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [12031]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 1(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$t^2 y'' + 3y't + y = t^7$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^7,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2}{t} + \frac{t^7}{64} + \frac{c_1 \ln(t)}{t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[t^2*y'[t]+3*t*y'[t]+y[t]==t^7,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^8 + 64c_2 \log(t) + 64c_1}{64t}$$

## 5.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [12032]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 1(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]`

$$t^2 y'' - 6y't + \sin(2t)y = \ln(t)$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-6*t*diff(y(t),t)+sin(2*t)*y(t)=ln(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]-6*t*y'[t]+Sin[2*t]*y[t]==Log[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

### 5.3 problem Problem 1(c)

Internal problem ID [12033]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 1(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + \frac{y}{t} = t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)/t=t,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-3t} \text{KummerM}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, 3t\right) c_2 + e^{-3t} \text{KummerU}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, 3t\right) c_1 + \frac{t^2}{7} - \frac{t}{14}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 23.552 (sec). Leaf size: 253

`DSolve[y''[t]+3*y'[t]+y[t]/t==t,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(t) \rightarrow G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3t \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \left( \int_1^t \right.$$


---


$$\left. \begin{aligned} & 3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[2] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[2] \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + 3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[2] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[2] \right) \\ & + c_2 \end{aligned} \right) - 3t \operatorname{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3t \right)$$


---


$$\left. \begin{aligned} & -3t \right) \left( \int_1^t \right. \\ & \left. \begin{aligned} & -9 \operatorname{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3} \\ 0, 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) - 9 \operatorname{Hypergeometric1F1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, 2, -3K[1] \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( 3K[1] \right) \\ & + c_1 \end{aligned} \right)$$



## 5.4 problem Problem 1(d)

Internal problem ID [12034]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 1(d).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]`

$$y'' + y't - y \ln(t) = \cos(2t)$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)*ln(t)=cos(2*t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y''[t]+t*y'[t]-y[t]*Log[t]==Cos[2*t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 5.5 problem Problem 1(e)

Internal problem ID [12035]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 1(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$t^3 y'' - 2ty' + y = t^4$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 120

```
dsolve(t^3*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=t^4,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & e^{-\frac{1}{t}} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \text{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) c_2 \\ & + e^{-\frac{1}{t}} \left( -\text{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \text{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) c_1 - \left( \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \text{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \left( \int t \left( -\text{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \text{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) e^{\frac{1}{t}} dt \right) \right. \\ & \left. + \left( \int t \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) + \text{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) e^{\frac{1}{t}} dt \right) \left( \text{BesselK} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - \text{BesselK} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \right) e^{-\frac{1}{t}} \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 27.071 (sec). Leaf size: 272

`DSolve[t^3*y''[t]-2*t*y'[t]+y[t]==t^4,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-1/t} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \text{BesselI} \left( 1, \frac{1}{t} \right) \right) \left( \int_1^t \frac{2e^{\frac{2}{K[1]}} \sqrt{\pi} K[1]^3 G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -1, 0 \end{matrix} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{K[1]}} \sqrt{\pi} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - \text{BesselI} \left( 2, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -1, 0 \end{matrix} \right) - 2 \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - \text{BesselI} \left( 2, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right)}{e^{\frac{1}{K[1]}} \sqrt{\pi} \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - \text{BesselI} \left( 2, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right) G_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{2}{K[1]} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -1, 0 \end{matrix} \right) - 2 \left( \text{BesselI} \left( 0, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) - \text{BesselI} \left( 2, \frac{1}{K[1]} \right) \right)} dt \right)$$

## 5.6 problem Problem 2(a)

Internal problem ID [12036]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(a).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=1,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t}c_2 + e^{-t}tc_1 + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[y''[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==1,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(e^t + c_2t + c_1)$$

## 5.7 problem Problem 2(b)

Internal problem ID [12037]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(b).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = e^t$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=exp(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^t \sin(2t) c_2 + e^t \cos(2t) c_1 + \frac{e^t}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.065 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[t]-2*y'[t]+5*y[t]==Exp[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^t((1 + 4c_2) \cos(2t) + 4c_1 \sin(2t) + 1)$$

## 5.8 problem Problem 2(c)

Internal problem ID [12038]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(c).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 3y' - 7y = 4$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)-7*y(t)=4,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{\frac{(3+\sqrt{37})t}{2}} c_2 + e^{-\frac{(-3+\sqrt{37})t}{2}} c_1 - \frac{4}{7}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[y''[t]-3*y'[t]-7*y[t]==4,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{37}-3)t} + c_2 e^{\frac{1}{2}(3+\sqrt{37})t} - \frac{4}{7}$$

## 5.9 problem Problem 2(d)

Internal problem ID [12039]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(d).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + 3y'' + 3y' + y = 5$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$3)+3*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=5,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 5 + c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 t^2 e^{-t} + c_3 e^{-t} t$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y'''[t]+3*y''[t]+3*y'[t]+y[t]==5,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(5e^t + t(c_3 t + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 5.10 problem Problem 2(e)

Internal problem ID [12040]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(e).

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3y'' + 5y' - 2y = 3t^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=3*t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2 e^{-2t} + e^{\frac{t}{3}} c_1 - \frac{3t^2}{2} - \frac{15t}{2} - \frac{93}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[3*y''[t]+5*y'[t]-2*y[t]==3*t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{3}{4}(2t^2 + 10t + 31) + c_1 e^{t/3} + c_2 e^{-2t}$$



## 5.11 problem Problem 2(f)

Internal problem ID [12041]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 2(f).

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - 2y'' + 4y' = \sin(t)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$3)=2*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+sin(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^t \cos(\sqrt{3}t) c_1}{4} + \frac{c_1 \sqrt{3} e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t)}{4} - \frac{c_2 \sqrt{3} e^t \cos(\sqrt{3}t)}{4} \\ + \frac{e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t) c_2}{4} + \frac{2 \sin(t)}{13} - \frac{3 \cos(t)}{13} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.636 (sec). Leaf size: 82

```
DSolve[y'''[t]==2*y''[t]-4*y'[t]+Sin[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{52} \left( 8 \sin(t) - 12 \cos(t) - 13 \left( \sqrt{3} c_1 - c_2 \right) e^t \cos(\sqrt{3}t) + 13 c_1 e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t) \right. \\ \left. + 13 \sqrt{3} c_2 e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t) \right) + c_3$$

## 5.12 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [12042]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= x(t) - 2y \\y' &= 3x(t) - 4y\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=x(t)-2*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=3*x(t)-4*y(t)],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{2c_1 e^{-2t}}{3} + e^{-t} c_2$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-2t} + e^{-t} c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==x[t]-2*y[t],y'[t]==3*x[t]-4*y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions->T
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow e^{-2t}(c_1(3e^t - 2) - 2c_2(e^t - 1))$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-2t}(3c_1(e^t - 1) + c_2(3 - 2e^t))$$

### 5.13 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [12043]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{5x(t)}{4} + \frac{3y}{4} \\y' &= \frac{x(t)}{2} - \frac{3y}{2}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.109 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=5/4*x(t)+3/4*y(t),diff(y(t),t)=1/2*x(t)-3/2*y(t)],[x(t), y(t)], singsol
```

$$x(t) = \frac{c_1 e^{\frac{(-1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}} \sqrt{145}}{4} - \frac{c_2 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}} \sqrt{145}}{4} + \frac{11c_1 e^{\frac{(-1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}}}{4} + \frac{11c_2 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}}}{4}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\frac{(-1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{145})t}{8}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 161

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==5/4*x[t]+3/4*y[t],y'[t]==1/2*x[t]-3/2*y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolu
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{290} e^{-\frac{1}{8}(1+\sqrt{145})t} \left( c_1 \left( (145 + 11\sqrt{145}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{4}} + 145 - 11\sqrt{145} \right) + 6\sqrt{145} c_2 \left( e^{\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{4}} - 1 \right) \right)$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{290} e^{-\frac{1}{8}(1+\sqrt{145})t} \left( 4\sqrt{145} c_1 \left( e^{\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{4}} - 1 \right) - c_2 \left( (11\sqrt{145} - 145) e^{\frac{\sqrt{145}t}{4}} - 145 - 11\sqrt{145} \right) \right)$$

## 5.14 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [12044]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= x(t) - 2y \\y' &= -y + x(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-x(t)+2*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)+y(t)-x(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = c_1 \cos(t) - c_2 \sin(t) + c_1 \sin(t) + c_2 \cos(t)$$

$$y(t) = c_1 \sin(t) + c_2 \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-x[t]+2*y[t]==0,y'[t]+y[t]-x[t]==0},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow c_1(\sin(t) + \cos(t)) - 2c_2 \sin(t)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \cos(t) + (c_1 - c_2) \sin(t)$$

## 5.15 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [12045]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -5x(t) + 2y \\ y' &= -2x(t) + y\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+5*x(t)-2*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)+2*x(t)-y(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{c_1 e^{(-2+\sqrt{5})t} \sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{c_2 e^{-(2+\sqrt{5})t} \sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{3c_1 e^{(-2+\sqrt{5})t}}{2} + \frac{3c_2 e^{-(2+\sqrt{5})t}}{2}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{(-2+\sqrt{5})t} + c_2 e^{-(2+\sqrt{5})t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 148

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+5*x[t]-2*y[t]==0,y'[t]+2*x[t]-y[t]==0},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} e^{-((2+\sqrt{5})t)} \left( c_1 \left( (5 - 3\sqrt{5}) e^{2\sqrt{5}t} + 5 + 3\sqrt{5} \right) + 2\sqrt{5} c_2 \left( e^{2\sqrt{5}t} - 1 \right) \right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} e^{-((2+\sqrt{5})t)} \left( c_2 \left( (5 + 3\sqrt{5}) e^{2\sqrt{5}t} + 5 - 3\sqrt{5} \right) - 2\sqrt{5} c_1 \left( e^{2\sqrt{5}t} - 1 \right) \right)$$

## 5.16 problem Problem 3(e)

Internal problem ID [12046]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(e).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 3x(t) - 2y \\y' &= x(t) - 3y\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-3*x(t)+2*y(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)-x(t)+3*y(t)=0],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = c_1\sqrt{7}e^{\sqrt{7}t} - c_2\sqrt{7}e^{-\sqrt{7}t} + 3c_1e^{\sqrt{7}t} + 3c_2e^{-\sqrt{7}t}$$

$$y(t) = c_1e^{\sqrt{7}t} + c_2e^{-\sqrt{7}t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 144

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-3*x[t]+2*y[t]==0,y'[t]-x[t]+3*y[t]==0},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{14}e^{-\sqrt{7}t} \left( c_1 \left( (7 + 3\sqrt{7}) e^{2\sqrt{7}t} + 7 - 3\sqrt{7} \right) - 2\sqrt{7}c_2 \left( e^{2\sqrt{7}t} - 1 \right) \right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{14}e^{-\sqrt{7}t} \left( \sqrt{7}c_1 \left( e^{2\sqrt{7}t} - 1 \right) - c_2 \left( (3\sqrt{7} - 7) e^{2\sqrt{7}t} - 7 - 3\sqrt{7} \right) \right)$$

## 5.17 problem Problem 3(f)

Internal problem ID [12047]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(f).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -x(t) + z(t)$$

$$y' = y - x(t)$$

$$z'(t) = -x(t) - 2y + 3z(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+x(t)-z(t)=0,diff(y(t),t)-y(t)+x(t)=0,diff(z(t),t)+x(t)+2*y(t)-3*z(t)=0]
```

$$x(t) = \frac{c_3 e^{3t}}{4} - c_2 + c_1 + c_2 t$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{c_3 e^{3t}}{8} + c_1 + c_2 t$$

$$z(t) = c_1 + c_2 t + c_3 e^{3t}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 132

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+x[t]-z[t]==0,y'[t]-y[t]+x[t]==0,z'[t]+x[t]+2*y[t]-3*z[t]==0},{x[t],y[t],z[t]},
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}(-9c_1(t-1) + c_2(6t - 2e^{3t} + 2) + c_3(3t + 2e^{3t} - 2))$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}(-9c_1t + c_2(6t + e^{3t} + 8) + c_3(3t - e^{3t} + 1))$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}(-9c_1t - 2c_2(-3t + 4e^{3t} - 4) + c_3(3t + 8e^{3t} + 1))$$

## 5.18 problem Problem 3(g)

Internal problem ID [12048]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6. Introduction to Systems of ODEs. Problems page 408

**Problem number:** Problem 3(g).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -\frac{x(t)}{2} + 2y - 3z(t)$$

$$y' = y - \frac{z(t)}{2}$$

$$z'(t) = -2x(t) + z(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 164

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-1/2*x(t)+2*y(t)-3*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=y(t)-1/2*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-2*x(t)
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{c_2 e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}} \sqrt{33}}{8} + \frac{c_3 e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}} \sqrt{33}}{8} + \frac{7c_2 e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}}}{8} + \frac{7c_3 e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}}}{8} - c_1 e^{3t}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}} \sqrt{33}}{8} - \frac{c_3 e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}} \sqrt{33}}{8} + \frac{7c_2 e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}}}{8} + \frac{7c_3 e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}}}{8} - \frac{c_1 e^{3t}}{4}$$

$$z(t) = c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}} + c_3 e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{33})t}{4}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.053 (sec). Leaf size: 523

`DSolve[{x'[t]==-1/2*x[t]+2*y[t]-3*z[t],y'[t]==y[t]-1/2*z[t],z'[t]==-2*x[t]+z[t]},{x[t],y[t],z[t]}`

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{264} e^{-\frac{1}{4}(3+\sqrt{33})t} \left( c_1 \left( (88 - 16\sqrt{33}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 88e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} + 88 + 16\sqrt{33} \right) \right. \\ \left. + 4c_2 \left( (3\sqrt{33} - 11) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 22e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} - 11 - 3\sqrt{33} \right) \right. \\ \left. - c_3 \left( (13\sqrt{33} - 77) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 154e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} - 77 - 13\sqrt{33} \right) \right)$$

$$y(t) \\ e^{-\frac{1}{4}(3+\sqrt{33})t} \left( -4c_1 \left( (11 + 5\sqrt{33}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} - 22e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} + 11 - 5\sqrt{33} \right) + c_2 \left( (484 + 92\sqrt{33}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 88 \right) \right)$$

1056

$$z(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{264} e^{-\frac{1}{4}(3+\sqrt{33})t} \left( 4c_1 \left( (3\sqrt{33} - 11) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} + 22e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} - 11 - 3\sqrt{33} \right) \right. \\ \left. - 4c_2 \left( (11 + 5\sqrt{33}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} - 22e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} + 11 - 5\sqrt{33} \right) \right. \\ \left. + c_3 \left( (7\sqrt{33} - 55) e^{\frac{\sqrt{33}t}{2}} - 154e^{\frac{1}{4}(15+\sqrt{33})t} - 55 - 7\sqrt{33} \right) \right)$$

## 6 Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE.

### Problems page 415

6.1	problem Problem 4(a)	188
6.2	problem Problem 4(b)	189
6.3	problem Problem 4(c)	190
6.4	problem Problem 4(d)	191
6.5	problem Problem 4(e)	192
6.6	problem Problem 4(f)	193
6.7	problem Problem 4(g)	194

## 6.1 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [12049]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{y}{2} + \frac{x(t)}{2} \\y' &= \frac{y}{2} - \frac{x(t)}{2}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=y(t),diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)],[x(t), y(t)], singsol
```

$$x(t) = -e^{\frac{t}{2}} \left( \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) c_1 - \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) c_2 \right)$$

$$y(t) = e^{\frac{t}{2}} \left( c_2 \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+y'[t]==y[t],x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow e^{t/2} \left( c_1 \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + c_2 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{t/2} \left( c_2 \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - c_1 \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 6.2 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [12050]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{t}{3} + \frac{2x(t)}{3} + \frac{2y}{3} \\y' &= \frac{t}{3} - \frac{x(t)}{3} - \frac{y}{3}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+2*diff(y(t),t)=t,diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t)],[x(t), y(t)], sin
```

$$x(t) = -4t - 6e^{\frac{t}{3}}c_1 - 6 - \frac{t^2}{2} - c_2$$

$$y(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} + 3e^{\frac{t}{3}}c_1 + 2t + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.178 (sec). Leaf size: 87

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+2*y'[t]==t,x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]+y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t^2}{2} - 4t + c_1(2e^{t/3} - 1) + 2c_2(e^{t/3} - 1) - 12$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^2}{2} + 2t - c_1e^{t/3} - c_2e^{t/3} + 6 + c_1 + 2c_2$$

### 6.3 problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [12051]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{6}{5} + \frac{3y}{5} - \frac{3t}{5} + x(t) \\y' &= \frac{6}{5} - \frac{2y}{5} + \frac{2t}{5}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t)-t,2*diff(x(t),t)+3*diff(y(t),t)=2*x(t)+6],[x(t),
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3e^{-\frac{2t}{5}}c_2}{7} + c_1e^t$$

$$y(t) = t + \frac{1}{2} + e^{-\frac{2t}{5}}c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.438 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-y'[t]==x[t]+y[t]-t,2*x'[t]+3*y'[t]==2*x[t]+6},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSol
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \left(c_1 + \frac{3c_2}{7}\right)e^t - \frac{3}{7}c_2e^{-2t/5} - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow t + c_2e^{-2t/5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

## 6.4 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [12052]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{2t}{7} + \frac{y}{7} \\y' &= -\frac{3t}{7} + \frac{2y}{7}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve([2*diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=t,3*diff(x(t),t)+2*diff(y(t),t)=y(t)], [x(t), y(t)], sing
```

$$x(t) = \frac{t^2}{4} + \frac{3t}{4} + \frac{e^{\frac{2t}{7}} c_2}{2} + c_1$$

$$y(t) = \frac{3t}{2} + \frac{21}{4} + e^{\frac{2t}{7}} c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.129 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
DSolve[{2*x'[t]-y'[t]==t,3*x'[t]+2*y'[t]==y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}(2t^2 + 6t + 4c_2 e^{2t/7} + 21 + 8c_1 - 4c_2)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{3t}{2} + c_2 e^{2t/7} + \frac{21}{4}$$



## 6.5 problem Problem 4(e)

Internal problem ID [12053]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(e).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{x(t)}{4} - \frac{y}{4} \\y' &= \frac{5t}{4} - \frac{3x(t)}{4} - \frac{3y}{4}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve([5*diff(x(t),t)-3*diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t),3*diff(x(t),t)-diff(y(t),t)=t],[x(t), y(t)],
```

$$x(t) = \frac{t}{2} - \frac{e^{-t}c_1}{3} - 2 + \frac{t^2}{8} - c_2$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{t^2}{8} - e^{-t}c_1 + \frac{3t}{2} + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.075 (sec). Leaf size: 75

```
DSolve[{5*x'[t]-3*y'[t]==x[t]+y[t],3*x'[t]-y'[t]==t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}(t^2 + 4t + 2(c_1 + c_2)e^{-t} - 4 + 6c_1 - 2c_2)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}(-t^2 + 12t + 2(3(c_1 + c_2)e^{-t} - 6 - 3c_1 + c_2))$$

## 6.6 problem Problem 4(f)

Internal problem ID [12054]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(f).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{4t}{5} + \frac{4y}{5} \\y' &= \frac{t}{5} + \frac{y}{5}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-4*diff(y(t),t)=0,2*diff(x(t),t)-3*diff(y(t),t)=y(t)+t],[x(t), y(t)], si
```

$$x(t) = -4t + 4e^{\frac{t}{5}}c_2 + c_1$$

$$y(t) = -t - 5 + e^{\frac{t}{5}}c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-4*y'[t]==0,2*x'[t]-3*y'[t]==y[t]+t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -4t + 4c_2e^{t/5} - 20 + c_1 - 4c_2$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -t + c_2e^{t/5} - 5$$

## 6.7 problem Problem 4(g)

Internal problem ID [12055]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 6.4 Reduction to a single ODE. Problems page 415

**Problem number:** Problem 4(g).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= \frac{\sin(t)}{4} + \frac{x(t)}{4} + \frac{y}{4} + \frac{t}{4} \\y' &= \frac{\sin(t)}{8} - \frac{3x(t)}{8} - \frac{3y}{8} - \frac{3t}{8}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve([3*diff(x(t),t)+2*diff(y(t),t)=sin(t),diff(x(t),t)-2*diff(y(t),t)=x(t)+y(t)+t],[x(t),
```

$$x(t) = \frac{16 e^{-\frac{t}{8}} c_1}{3} - \frac{17 \cos(t)}{65} - \frac{6 \sin(t)}{65} + 8 + 2t - c_2$$

$$y(t) = -8 e^{-\frac{t}{8}} c_1 + \frac{9 \sin(t)}{65} - \frac{7 \cos(t)}{65} - 3t + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.358 (sec). Leaf size: 98

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+2*y'[t]==Sin[t],x'[t]-2*y'[t]==x[t]+y[t]+t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolut
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -2t - \frac{6 \sin(t)}{17} - \frac{7 \cos(t)}{17} + 2c_1 e^{t/4} + 2c_2 e^{t/4} - 8 - c_1 - 2c_2$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow t + \frac{3 \sin(t)}{17} - \frac{5 \cos(t)}{17} - c_1 e^{t/4} - c_2 e^{t/4} + 4 + c_1 + 2c_2$$

## 7 Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems

page 514

7.1	problem Problem 3(a)	196
7.2	problem Problem 3(b)	197
7.3	problem Problem 3(c)	198
7.4	problem Problem 3(d)	199
7.5	problem Problem 4(a)	200
7.6	problem Problem 4(b)	203
7.7	problem Problem 4(c)	205
7.8	problem Problem 4(d)	207
7.9	problem Problem 5(a)	209
7.10	problem Problem 5(b)	210
7.11	problem Problem 5(c)	212
7.12	problem Problem 5(d)	214
7.13	problem Problem 6(a)	216
7.14	problem Problem 6(b)	217
7.15	problem Problem 6(c)	219
7.16	problem Problem 6(d)	221

## 7.1 problem Problem 3(a)

Internal problem ID [12056]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 3(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -4x(t) + 9y + 12e^{-t} \\ y' &= -5x(t) + 2y\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 66

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-4*x(t)+9*y(t)+12*exp(-t),diff(y(t),t)=-5*x(t)+2*y(t)],[x(t), y(t)], si
```

$$x(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(6 \sin(6t) c_1 + 3 \sin(6t) c_2 + 3 \cos(6t) c_1 - 6 \cos(6t) c_2 - 5)}{5}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(3 \sin(6t) c_2 + 3 \cos(6t) c_1 - 5)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.095 (sec). Leaf size: 73

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-4*x[t]+9*y[t]+12*Exp[-t],y'[t]==-5*x[t]+2*y[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingular
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(2c_1 \cos(6t) - (c_1 - 3c_2) \sin(6t) - 2)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6}e^{-t}(6c_2 \cos(6t) + (3c_2 - 5c_1) \sin(6t) - 10)$$

## 7.2 problem Problem 3(b)

Internal problem ID [12057]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 3(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -7x(t) + 6y + 6e^{-t} \\y' &= -12x(t) + 5y + 37\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 82

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-7*x(t)+6*y(t)+6*exp(-t),diff(y(t),t)=-12*x(t)+5*y(t)+37],[x(t), y(t)],
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= 6 + \frac{e^{-t}(\sin(6t)c_1 + \sin(6t)c_2 + \cos(6t)c_1 - \cos(6t)c_2 - 2\sin(6t) - 2\cos(6t) - 2)}{2}\end{aligned}$$

$$y(t) = 7 + e^{-t}(\sin(6t)c_2 + \cos(6t)c_1 - 2\cos(6t) - 2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.387 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-7*x[t]+6*y[t]+6*Exp[-t],y'[t]==-12*x[t]+5*y[t]+37},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSing
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(6e^t + c_1 \cos(6t) + (c_2 - c_1) \sin(6t) - 1)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(7e^t + c_2 \cos(6t) + (c_2 - 2c_1) \sin(6t) - 2)$$

### 7.3 problem Problem 3(c)

Internal problem ID [12058]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 3(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -7x(t) + 10y + 18e^t \\y' &= -10x(t) + 9y + 37\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-7*x(t)+10*y(t)+18*exp(t),diff(y(t),t)=-10*x(t)+9*y(t)+37],[x(t), y(t)])
```

$$x(t) = 10 + \frac{e^t(3 \sin(6t) c_1 + 4 \sin(6t) c_2 + 4 \cos(6t) c_1 - 3 \cos(6t) c_2 - 15 \sin(6t) - 20 \cos(6t) - 20)}{5}$$

$$y(t) = 7 + e^t(\sin(6t) c_2 + \cos(6t) c_1 - 5 \cos(6t) - 5)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.622 (sec). Leaf size: 82

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-7*x[t]+10*y[t]+18*Exp[t],y'[t]==-10*x[t]+9*y[t]+37},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSins
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -4e^t + c_1 e^t \cos(6t) - \frac{1}{3}(4c_1 - 5c_2)e^t \sin(6t) + 10$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -5e^t + c_2 e^t \cos(6t) - \frac{1}{3}(5c_1 - 4c_2)e^t \sin(6t) + 7$$

## 7.4 problem Problem 3(d)

Internal problem ID [12059]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 3(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -14x(t) + 39y + 78 \sinh(t) \\y' &= -6x(t) + 16y + 6 \cosh(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.329 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-14*x(t)+39*y(t)+78*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=-6*x(t)+16*y(t)+6*cosh(t)], [x(t),y(t)], t)
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \frac{5 e^t \sin(3t) c_2}{2} - \frac{e^t \cos(3t) c_2}{2} + \frac{5 e^t \cos(3t) c_1}{2} \\&+ \frac{e^t \sin(3t) c_1}{2} + \frac{119 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{105 e^t}{2} + \cosh(t)\end{aligned}$$

$$y(t) = e^t \sin(3t) c_2 + e^t \cos(3t) c_1 + 21 e^{-t} - 21 e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.623 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-14*x[t]+39*y[t]+78*Sinh[t],y'[t]==-6*x[t]+16*y[t]+6*Cosh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow 60e^{-t} - 52e^t + c_1 e^t \cos(3t) - (5c_1 - 13c_2)e^t \sin(3t)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 21e^{-t} - 21e^t + c_2 e^t \cos(3t) - (2c_1 - 5c_2)e^t \sin(3t)$$



## 7.5 problem Problem 4(a)

Internal problem ID [12060]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 4(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 2x(t) + 4y - 2z(t) - 2 \sinh(t) \\y' &= 4x(t) + 2y - 2z(t) + 10 \cosh(t) \\z'(t) &= -x(t) + 3y + z(t) + 5\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 429

`dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=2*x(t)+4*y(t)-2*z(t)-2*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=4*x(t)+2*y(t)-2*z(t)+10*cos`

$$\begin{aligned}
 x(t) = & -1 - \frac{3 \sinh(4t) e^{5t}}{14} - \frac{275 \sinh(6t) e^{5t}}{1008} + \frac{3 \cosh(4t) e^{5t}}{14} + \frac{275 \cosh(6t) e^{5t}}{1008} \\
 & - \frac{3 \sinh(t)}{16} - \frac{45 \cosh(t)}{16} - \frac{275 e^{-2t} \sinh(t)}{224} + \frac{9c_1 e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{c_2 e^{2t}}{2} \\
 & + 2c_3 e^{5t} - \frac{275 e^{-2t} \cosh(t)}{224} + \frac{3 e^{2t} \sinh(t)}{2} - \frac{3 e^{2t} \cosh(t)}{2} \\
 & + \frac{275 e^{2t} \sinh(3t)}{288} - \frac{3 e^{-2t} \sinh(3t)}{14} - \frac{275 e^{2t} \cosh(3t)}{288} - \frac{3 e^{-2t} \cosh(3t)}{14}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(t) = & -1 - \frac{\sinh(4t) e^{5t}}{14} + \frac{25 \sinh(6t) e^{5t}}{144} + \frac{\cosh(4t) e^{5t}}{14} - \frac{25 \cosh(6t) e^{5t}}{144} \\
 & - \frac{\sinh(t)}{16} - \frac{15 \cosh(t)}{16} + \frac{25 e^{-2t} \sinh(t)}{32} - \frac{5c_1 e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{c_2 e^{2t}}{2} \\
 & + 2c_3 e^{5t} + \frac{25 e^{-2t} \cosh(t)}{32} + \frac{e^{2t} \sinh(t)}{2} - \frac{e^{2t} \cosh(t)}{2} \\
 & - \frac{175 e^{2t} \sinh(3t)}{288} - \frac{e^{-2t} \sinh(3t)}{14} + \frac{175 e^{2t} \cosh(3t)}{288} - \frac{e^{-2t} \cosh(3t)}{14}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 z(t) = & -\frac{25 e^{-2t} \sinh(t)}{14} - 3 - \frac{4 e^{-2t} \sinh(3t)}{7} - \frac{25 e^{-2t} \cosh(t)}{14} - \frac{4 e^{-2t} \cosh(3t)}{7} \\
 & + 4 e^{2t} \sinh(t) + \frac{25 e^{2t} \sinh(3t)}{18} - 4 e^{2t} \cosh(t) - \frac{25 e^{2t} \cosh(3t)}{18} - \frac{4 \sinh(4t) e^{5t}}{7} \\
 & - \frac{25 \sinh(6t) e^{5t}}{63} + \frac{4 \cosh(4t) e^{5t}}{7} + \frac{25 \cosh(6t) e^{5t}}{63} + c_1 e^{-2t} + c_2 e^{2t} + c_3 e^{5t}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.292 (sec). Leaf size: 233

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==2*x[t]+4*y[t]-2*z[t]-2*Sinh[t],y'[t]==4*x[t]+2*y[t]-2*z[t]+10*Cosh[t],z'[t]==
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{29e^{-t}}{9} - 3e^t + \frac{9}{14}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-2t} + \frac{2}{21}(9c_1 + 5c_2 - 7c_3)e^{5t} + \frac{1}{6}(-3c_1 + c_2 + 4c_3)e^{2t} - 1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{7e^{-t}}{9} - e^t + \frac{5}{14}(c_2 - c_1)e^{-2t} + \frac{2}{21}(9c_1 + 5c_2 - 7c_3)e^{5t} + \frac{1}{6}(-3c_1 + c_2 + 4c_3)e^{2t} - 1$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow -\frac{25e^{-t}}{9} - 4e^t + \frac{4}{7}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{21}(9c_1 + 5c_2 - 7c_3)e^{5t} + \frac{1}{3}(-3c_1 + c_2 + 4c_3)e^{2t} - 3$$

## 7.6 problem Problem 4(b)

Internal problem ID [12061]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 4(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 2x(t) + 6y - 2z(t) + 50e^t \\y' &= 6x(t) + 2y - 2z(t) + 21e^{-t} \\z'(t) &= -x(t) + 6y + z(t) + 9\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 102

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=2*x(t)+6*y(t)-2*z(t)+50*exp(t),diff(y(t),t)=6*x(t)+2*y(t)-2*z(t)+21*exp
```

$$x(t) = 12e^t - 1 - 6e^{-t} + c_3e^{6t} + c_1e^{-4t} + \frac{2c_2e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$y(t) = 2e^t - 1 + e^{-t} + c_3e^{6t} - \frac{2c_1e^{-4t}}{3} + \frac{2c_2e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$z(t) = 37e^t - 4 - 6e^{-t} + c_3e^{6t} + c_2e^{3t} + c_1e^{-4t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.2 (sec). Leaf size: 213

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==2*x[t]+6*y[t]-2*z[t]+50*Exp[t],y'[t]==6*x[t]+2*y[t]-2*z[t]+21*Exp[-t],z'[t]==
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -6e^{-t} + 12e^t + \frac{3}{5}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_1 + 9c_2 - 10c_3)e^{6t} - \frac{2}{3}(c_1 - c_3)e^{3t} - 1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} + 2e^t - \frac{2}{5}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_1 + 9c_2 - 10c_3)e^{6t} - \frac{2}{3}(c_1 - c_3)e^{3t} - 1$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow -6e^{-t} + 37e^t + \frac{3}{5}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-4t} + \frac{1}{15}(16c_1 + 9c_2 - 10c_3)e^{6t} - \frac{5}{3}(c_1 - c_3)e^{3t} - 4$$

## 7.7 problem Problem 4(c)

Internal problem ID [12062]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 4(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -2x(t) - 2y + 4z(t) \\y' &= -2x(t) + y + 2z(t) \\z'(t) &= -4x(t) - 2y + 6z(t) + e^{2t}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 89

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=-2*x(t)-2*y(t)+4*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=-2*x(t)+1*y(t)+2*z(t),diff(z(t),t)=-
```

$$x(t) = \frac{3c_2 e^{2t}}{4} + 4e^{2t}t - \frac{19e^{2t}}{4} + e^t c_3 - \frac{e^{2t}c_1}{2}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 e^{2t}}{2} + 2e^{2t}t - \frac{5e^{2t}}{2} + \frac{e^t c_3}{2} + e^{2t}c_1$$

$$z(t) = (e^t(5t + c_2 - 5) + c_3) e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 118

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-2*x[t]-2*y[t]+4*z[t],y'[t]==-2*x[t]+y[t]+2*z[t],z'[t]==-4*x[t]-2*y[t]+6*z[t]}
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow e^t(e^t(4t - 4 - 3c_1 - 2c_2 + 4c_3) + 2(2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3))$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^t(2e^t(t - 1 - c_1 + c_3) + 2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3)$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow e^t(e^t(5t - 4 - 4c_1 - 2c_2 + 5c_3) + 2(2c_1 + c_2 - 2c_3))$$

## 7.8 problem Problem 4(d)

Internal problem ID [12063]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 4(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 3x(t) - 2y + 3z(t) \\y' &= x(t) - y + 2z(t) + 2e^{-t} \\z'(t) &= -2x(t) + 2y - 2z(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 91

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=3*x(t)-2*y(t)+3*z(t),diff(y(t),t)=x(t)-y(t)+2*z(t)+2*exp(-t),diff(z(t),
```

$$x(t) = -e^t c_1 - c_2 e^{-2t} - c_3 e^t t - \frac{3e^t c_3}{2} + 2e^{-t}$$

$$y(t) = e^{-t} + \frac{e^t c_1}{2} - c_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{c_3 e^t t}{2} - e^t c_3$$

$$z(t) = -2e^{-t} + e^t c_1 + c_2 e^{-2t} + c_3 e^t t$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.106 (sec). Leaf size: 174

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==3*x[t]-2*y[t]+3*z[t],y'[t]==x[t]-y[t]+2*z[t]+2*Exp[-t],z'[t]==-2*x[t]+2*y[t]-
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t}(18e^t + e^{3t}(c_1(6t + 13) + c_3(6t + 7) - 6c_2) - 4c_1 + 6c_2 - 7c_3)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t}(9e^t + e^{3t}(c_1(4 - 3t) + c_3(7 - 3t) + 3c_2) - 4c_1 + 6c_2 - 7c_3)$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}e^{-2t}(-18e^t + 2e^{3t}(-(c_1(3t + 2)) - 3c_3t + 3c_2 + c_3) + 4c_1 - 6c_2 + 7c_3)$$

## 7.9 problem Problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [12064]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 5(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 7x(t) + y - 1 - 6e^t \\y' &= -4x(t) + 3y + 4e^t - 3\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 7*x(t)+y(t)-1-6*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = -4*x(t)+3*y(t)+4*exp(t)-3, x(0)=1, y(0)=-1])
```

$$x(t) = -2te^{5t} + e^t$$

$$y(t) = 1 + (4t - 2)e^{5t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.325 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==7*x[t]+y[t]-1-Exp[t], y'[t]==-4*x[t]+3*y[t]+4*Exp[t]-3}, {x[0]==1, y[0]==-1}, {t}]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}e^t(e^{4t}(4t + 5) + 3)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(-e^{5t}(4t + 3) - 5e^t + 4)$$

## 7.10 problem Problem 5(b)

Internal problem ID [12065]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 5(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 3x(t) - 2y + 24 \sin(t) \\y' &= 9x(t) - 3y + 12 \cos(t)\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 3*x(t)-2*y(t)+24*sin(t), diff(y(t),t) = 9*x(t)-3*y(t)+12*cos(t), x(0)
```

$$x(t) = \cos(3t) - \frac{4 \sin(3t)}{3} + 9 \sin(t)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{7 \cos(3t)}{2} - \frac{\sin(3t)}{2} - \frac{9 \cos(t)}{2} + \frac{51 \sin(t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==3*x[t]-2*y[t]+24*Sin[t],y'[t]==9*x[t]-3*y[t]+12*Cos[t]},{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1},{x
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow 9 \sin(t) - \frac{4}{3} \sin(3t) + \cos(3t)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(51 \sin(t) - \sin(3t) - 9 \cos(t) + 7 \cos(3t))$$

## 7.11 problem Problem 5(c)

Internal problem ID [12066]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 5(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 7x(t) - 4y + 10e^t \\y' &= 3x(t) + 14y + 6e^{2t}\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 7*x(t)-4*y(t)+10*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = 3*x(t)+14*y(t)+6*exp(2*t)], x(t), y(t))
```

$$x(t) = \frac{67e^{10t}}{9} - \frac{14e^{11t}}{3} - \frac{e^{2t}}{3} - \frac{13e^t}{9}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{67e^{10t}}{12} + \frac{14e^{11t}}{3} - \frac{5e^{2t}}{12} + \frac{e^t}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==7*x[t]-4*y[t]+10*Exp[t],y'[t]==3*x[t]+14*y[t]+6*Exp[2*t]},{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1},
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{9}e^t(-40e^{9t} + 18e^{10t} + 13)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^t(-10e^{9t} + 6e^{10t} + 1)$$

## 7.12 problem Problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [12067]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 5(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -7x(t) + 4y + 6e^{3t} \\y' &= -5x(t) + 2y + 6e^{2t}\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -7*x(t)+4*y(t)+6*exp(3*t), diff(y(t),t) = -5*x(t)+2*y(t)+6*exp(2*t)],
```

$$x(t) = \frac{6e^{2t}}{5} + \frac{44e^{-3t}}{5} - \frac{46e^{-2t}}{5} + \frac{e^{3t}}{5}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{44e^{-3t}}{5} - \frac{23e^{-2t}}{2} + \frac{27e^{2t}}{10} - e^{3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-7*x[t]+4*y[t]+6*Exp[3*t],y'[t]==-5*x[t]+2*y[t]+6*Exp[2*t]},{x[0]==1,y[0]==-1}
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}e^{-3t}(-16e^t + e^{6t} + 20)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -e^{-3t}(4e^t + e^{6t} - 4)$$



## 7.13 problem Problem 6(a)

Internal problem ID [12068]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 6(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -3x(t) - 3y + z(t) \\y' &= 2y + 2z(t) + 29e^{-t} \\z'(t) &= 5x(t) + y + z(t) + 39e^t\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 7.391 (sec). Leaf size: 949416

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3*x(t)-3*y(t)+z(t), diff(y(t),t) = 2*y(t)+2*z(t)+29*exp(-t), diff(z(t),t) = 5*x(t)+y(t)+z(t)+39*exp(t), [x(0)=1, y(0)=2, z(0)=3])
```

Expression too large to display

Expression too large to display

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.228 (sec). Leaf size: 3462

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-3*x[t]-3*y[t]+z[t], y'[t]==2*y[t]+2*z[t]+29*Exp[-t], z'[t]==5*x[t]+y[t]+z[t]+39*Exp[t], {x[0]==1, y[0]==2, z[0]==3}]
```

Too large to display

## 7.14 problem Problem 6(b)

Internal problem ID [12069]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 6(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = 2x(t) + y - z(t) + 5 \sin(t)$$

$$y' = y + z(t) - 10 \cos(t)$$

$$z'(t) = x(t) + z(t) + 2$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.25 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = 2*x(t)+y(t)-z(t)+5*sin(t), diff(y(t),t) = y(t)+z(t)-10*cos(t), diff(z
```

$$x(t) = -3e^t \sin(t) + 4e^t \cos(t) - 1 - 2 \cos(t)$$

$$y(t) = -4 \sin(t) + 5 \cos(t) + 1 + 3e^t \sin(t) - 4e^t \cos(t)$$

$$z(t) = 3e^t \cos(t) + 4e^t \sin(t) - 1 + \cos(t) - \sin(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.398 (sec). Leaf size: 74

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==2*x[t]+y[t]-z[t]+5*Sin[t],y'[t]==y[t]+z[t]-10*Cos[t],z'[t]==x[t]+z[t]+2},{x[0],y[0],z[0]}
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -3e^t \sin(t) + (4e^t - 2) \cos(t) - 1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow (3e^t - 4) \sin(t) + (5 - 4e^t) \cos(t) + 1$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow (4e^t - 1) \sin(t) + (3e^t + 1) \cos(t) - 1$$

## 7.15 problem Problem 6(c)

Internal problem ID [12070]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 6(c).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -3x(t) + 3y + z(t) + 10 \cos(t) \sin(t) \\y' &= x(t) - 5y - 3z(t) + 10 \cos(t)^2 - 5 \\z'(t) &= -3x(t) + 7y + 3z(t) + 23 e^t\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.828 (sec). Leaf size: 132

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3*x(t)+3*y(t)+z(t)+5*sin(2*t), diff(y(t),t) = x(t)-5*y(t)-3*z(t)+5*c
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{69 e^t}{26} + \sin(2t) + \frac{\cos(2t)}{2} + \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{191 e^{-2t} \cos(2t)}{26} + \frac{16 e^{-2t} \sin(2t)}{13}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{253 e^t}{26} - \frac{5 \sin(2t)}{2} + \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} + \frac{16 e^{-2t} \cos(2t)}{13} + \frac{191 e^{-2t} \sin(2t)}{26}$$

$$z(t) = \frac{483 e^t}{26} + \frac{7 \cos(2t)}{2} + \frac{9 \sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{21 e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{223 e^{-2t} \cos(2t)}{26} - \frac{159 e^{-2t} \sin(2t)}{26}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 14.393 (sec). Leaf size: 197

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-3*x[t]+3*y[t]+z[t]+5*Sin[3*t],y'[t]==x[t]-5*y[t]-3*z[t]+5*Cos[2*t],z'[t]==-3
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{754} (7540e^{-t} - 2001e^t + 603e^{-2t} \sin(2t) + 377 \sin(2t) + 429 \sin(3t) \\ + (1131 - 5409e^{-2t}) \cos(2t) - 507 \cos(3t))$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{754} (7540e^{-t} - 7337e^t + 5409e^{-2t} \sin(2t) - 1508 \sin(2t) - 507 \sin(3t) \\ + (603e^{-2t} + 1131) \cos(2t) - 429 \cos(3t))$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow -10e^{-t} + \frac{483e^t}{26} - \frac{2403}{377} e^{-2t} \sin(2t) + \frac{43}{58} \sin(3t) \\ + \left(1 - \frac{3006e^{-2t}}{377}\right) \cos(2t) + \frac{81}{58} \cos(3t) + 9 \sin(t) \cos(t)$$

## 7.16 problem Problem 6(d)

Internal problem ID [12071]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.3 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Variation of Parameters). Problems page 514

**Problem number:** Problem 6(d).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -3x(t) + y - 3z(t) + 2e^t \\y' &= 4x(t) - y + 2z(t) + 4e^t \\z'(t) &= 4x(t) - 2y + 3z(t) + 4e^t\end{aligned}$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 2, z(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t) = -3*x(t)+y(t)-3*z(t)+2*exp(t), diff(y(t),t) = 4*x(t)-y(t)+2*z(t)+4*exp(t), diff(z(t),t) = 4*x(t)-2*y(t)+3*z(t)+4*exp(t)], [x(t), y(t), z(t)])
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{3e^t}{2} - 2e^{-t}\sin(2t) + \frac{5e^{-t}\cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{5e^t}{2} + \frac{9e^{-t}\sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{e^{-t}\cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$z(t) = \frac{7e^t}{2} + \frac{9e^{-t}\sin(2t)}{2} - \frac{e^{-t}\cos(2t)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 98

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==-3*x[t]+y[t]-3*z[t]+2*Exp[t],y'[t]==4*x[t]-y[t]+2*z[t]+4*Exp[t],z'[t]==4*x[t]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(3e^{2t} + 4 \sin(2t) - 5 \cos(2t))$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(5e^{2t} + 9 \sin(2t) - \cos(2t))$$

$$z(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}(7e^{2t} + 9 \sin(2t) - \cos(2t))$$

**8 Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coefficients). Problems page 520**

8.1	problem Problem 1(a)	224
8.2	problem Problem 1(b)	226



## 8.1 problem Problem 1(a)

Internal problem ID [12072]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coefficients). Problems page 520

**Problem number:** Problem 1(a).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= x(t) + 5y + 10 \sinh(t) \\y' &= 19x(t) - 13y + 24 \sinh(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.219 (sec). Leaf size: 176

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=x(t)+5*y(t)+10*sinh(t),diff(y(t),t)=19*x(t)-13*y(t)+24*sinh(t)], [x(t),
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= -\frac{71 \sinh(7t) e^{6t}}{266} - \frac{7 \cosh(5t) e^{6t}}{12} + \frac{71 \cosh(7t) e^{6t}}{266} + \frac{7 \sinh(5t) e^{6t}}{12} \\&+ \frac{71 e^{-18t} \cosh(17t)}{646} - \frac{35 e^{-18t} \cosh(19t)}{228} + \frac{71 e^{-18t} \sinh(17t)}{646} \\&- \frac{35 e^{-18t} \sinh(19t)}{228} + c_2 e^{6t} - \frac{5c_1 e^{-18t}}{19} - \frac{24 \sinh(t)}{19}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y(t) &= c_2 e^{6t} + c_1 e^{-18t} \\&+ \frac{71 \left( \left( -\frac{323 \cosh(5t)}{71} + \frac{17 \cosh(7t)}{7} + \frac{323 \sinh(5t)}{71} - \frac{17 \sinh(7t)}{7} \right) e^{24t} + \sinh(17t) - \frac{85 \sinh(19t)}{71} + \cosh(17t) - \frac{85 \cosh(19t)}{71} \right)}{408}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.072 (sec). Leaf size: 108

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==x[t]+5*y[t]+10*Sinh[t],y'[t]==19*x[t]-13*y[t]+24*Sinh[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSolutions->True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{120e^{-t}}{119} - \frac{26e^t}{19} + \frac{5}{24}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-18t} + \frac{1}{24}(19c_1 + 5c_2)e^{6t}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{71e^{-t}}{119} - e^t - \frac{19}{24}(c_1 - c_2)e^{-18t} + \frac{1}{24}(19c_1 + 5c_2)e^{6t}$$

## 8.2 problem Problem 1(b)

Internal problem ID [12073]

**Book:** APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS The Primary Course by Vladimir A. Dobrushkin. CRC Press 2015

**Section:** Chapter 8.4 Systems of Linear Differential Equations (Method of Undetermined Coefficients). Problems page 520

**Problem number:** Problem 1(b).

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 9x(t) - 3y - 6t \\y' &= -x(t) + 11y + 10t\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=9*x(t)-3*y(t)-6*t,diff(y(t),t)=-x(t)+11*y(t)+10*t],[x(t), y(t)], singularSol
```

$$x(t) = 3e^{8t}c_2 - e^{12t}c_1 + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{3t}{8}$$

$$y(t) = e^{8t}c_2 + e^{12t}c_1 - \frac{7t}{8} - \frac{5}{64}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.113 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==9*x[t]-3*y[t]-6*t,y'[t]==-x[t]+11*y[t]+10*t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSol
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{64}(24t + 16(c_1 - 3c_2)e^{12t} + 48(c_1 + c_2)e^{8t} + 1)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{64}(-56t - 16(c_1 - 3c_2)e^{12t} + 16(c_1 + c_2)e^{8t} - 5)$$