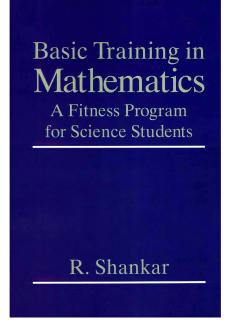
A Solution Manual For

# Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995



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#### 1.1 problem 10.2.4

Internal problem ID [5045]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.4.
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'' - \omega^2 x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 18

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$2)-omega<sup>2</sup>\*x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 \mathrm{e}^{-\omega t} + c_2 \mathrm{e}^{\omega t}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[x''[t]-\[Omega]^2\*x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to c_1 e^{t\omega} + c_2 e^{-t\omega}$$

#### 1.2 problem 10.2.5

Internal problem ID [5046]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.5.
ODE order: 3.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x''' - x'' + x' - x = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$3)-diff(x(t),t\$2)+diff(x(t),t)-x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 e^t + c_2 \sin(t) + c_3 \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[x'''[t]-x''[t]+x'[t]-x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \rightarrow c_3 e^t + c_1 \cos(t) + c_2 \sin(t)$$

#### 1.3 problem 10.2.8 part(1)

Internal problem ID [5047]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.8 part(1).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'' + 42x' + x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 43

dsolve([diff(x(t),t\$2)+42\*diff(x(t),t)+x(t)=0,x(0) = 1, D(x)(0) = 0],x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = \frac{\left(220 + 21\sqrt{110}\right)e^{\left(-21 + 2\sqrt{110}\right)t}}{440} + \frac{\left(220 - 21\sqrt{110}\right)e^{\left(-21 - 2\sqrt{110}\right)t}}{440}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 53

DSolve[{x''[t]+42\*x'[t]+x[t]==0,{x[0]==1,x'[0]==0}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to \frac{e^{-\left(\left(21+2\sqrt{110}\right)t\right)}\left(\left(881+84\sqrt{110}\right)e^{4\sqrt{110}t}-1\right)}{880+84\sqrt{110}}$$

#### 1.4 problem 10.2.8 part(2)

Internal problem ID [5048]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.8 part(2).
ODE order: 4.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x'''' + x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 71

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$4)+x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= -c_1 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) - c_2 e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) \\ &+ c_3 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) + c_4 e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 65

DSolve[x'''[t]+x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} \left( \left( c_1 e^{\sqrt{2}t} + c_2 \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \left( c_4 e^{\sqrt{2}t} + c_3 \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)$$

# 1.5 problem 10.2.8 part(3)

Internal problem ID [5049]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.8 part(3).
ODE order: 3.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$x''' - 3x'' - 9x' - 5x = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$3)-3\*diff(x(t),t\$2)-9\*diff(x(t),t)-5\*x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = c_1 e^{5t} + c_2 e^{-t} + c_3 e^{-t} t$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 26

DSolve[x'''[t]-3\*x''[t]-9\*x'[t]-5\*x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to e^{-t} (c_2 t + c_3 e^{6t} + c_1)$$

#### 1.6 problem 10.2.10

Internal problem ID [5050]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.10.
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$x'' + 2\gamma x' + \omega_0 x = F \cos\left(\omega t\right)$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 89

dsolve(diff(x(t),t\$2)+2\*gamma\*diff(x(t),t)+omega\_\_0\*x(t)=F\*cos(omega\*t),x(t), singsol=all)

$$x(t) = e^{\left(-\gamma + \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0}\right)t} c_2 + e^{\left(-\gamma - \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0}\right)t} c_1 + \frac{F((-\omega^2 + \omega_0)\cos(\omega t) + 2\sin(\omega t)\gamma\omega)}{\omega^4 + 2(2\gamma^2 - \omega_0)\omega^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.509 (sec). Leaf size: 108

DSolve[x''[t]+2\*\[Gamma]\*x'[t]+Subscript[\[Omega],0]\*x[t]==F\*Cos[\[Omega]\*t],x[t],t,IncludeS

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{F(\omega(2\gamma\sin(t\omega) - \omega\cos(t\omega)) + \omega_0\cos(t\omega))}{4\gamma^2\omega^2 + \omega^4 - 2\omega_0\omega^2 + \omega_0^2} + c_1 e^{-t\left(\sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0} + \gamma\right)} + c_2 e^{t\left(\sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0} - \gamma\right)}$$

#### 1.7 problem 10.2.11 (i)

Internal problem ID [5051]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.11 (i).
ODE order: 2.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - y' - 2y = e^{2x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=exp(2\*x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all

$$y(x) = rac{(3x+2)e^{2x}}{9} + rac{7e^{-x}}{9}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 27

DSolve[{y''[x]-y'[x]-2\*y[x]==Exp[2\*x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{9}e^{-x} (e^{3x}(3x+2)+7)$$

#### 1.8 problem 10.2.11 (ii)

Internal problem ID [5052]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.11 (ii).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 2\cos\left(x\right)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-2\*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=2\*cos(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all

$$y(x) = e^x - \sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[{y''[x]-2\*y'[x]+y[x]==2\*Cos[x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->

$$y(x) \to e^x - \sin(x)$$

#### 1.9 problem 10.2.11 (iii)

Internal problem ID [5053]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.11 (iii).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 16y = 16\cos\left(4x\right)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)+16\*y(x)=16\*cos(4\*x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

 $y(x) = \cos\left(4x\right) + 2\sin\left(4x\right)x$ 

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{y''[x]+16\*y[x]==16\*Cos[4\*x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T

 $y(x) \rightarrow 2x\sin(4x) + \cos(4x)$ 

#### 1.10 problem 10.2.11 (iv)

Internal problem ID [5054]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.2, ODEs with constant Coefficients. page 307
Problem number: 10.2.11 (iv).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - y = \cosh\left(x\right)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

dsolve([diff(y(x),x\$2)-y(x)=cosh(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{(-x+2)e^{-x}}{4} + \frac{e^x(x+2)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 28

DSolve[{y''[x]-y[x]==Cosh[x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{4}e^{-x}(-x+e^{2x}(x+2)+2)$$

# 2 Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients. First order. page 315

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#### 2.1 problem 10.3.2

Internal problem ID [5055]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.2.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - y = e^{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=exp(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = (e^x + c_1) e^x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[y'[x]-y[x]==Exp[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to e^x(e^x + c_1)$$

#### 2.2 problem 10.3.3

Internal problem ID [5056]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.3.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$x^2y' + 2yx = x - 1$$

With initial conditions

[y(1) = 0]

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

 $dsolve([x^2*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)-x+1=0,y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{x^2\*y'[x]+2\*x\*y[x]-x+1==0,{y[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) 
ightarrow rac{(x-1)^2}{2x^2}$$

#### 2.3 problem 10.3.4

Internal problem ID [5057]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.4.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' + y = (1+x)^2$$

With initial conditions

[y(0) = 0]

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=(x+1)^2,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = x^2 + 1 - e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.102 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{y'[x]+y[x]==(x+1)^2,{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to x^2 - e^{-x} + 1$$

#### 2.4 problem 10.3.5

Internal problem ID [5058]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.5.
ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$x^2y' + 2yx = \sinh\left(x\right)$$

With initial conditions

[y(1) = 2]

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve([x<sup>2</sup>\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*x\*y(x)=sinh(x),y(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{\cosh\left(x\right) + 2 - \cosh\left(1\right)}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[{x^2\*y'[x]+2\*x\*y[x]==Sinh[x],{y[1]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\cosh(x) + 2 - \cosh(1)}{x^2}$$

#### 2.5 problem 10.3.6

Internal problem ID [5059]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.6.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{1-x} = x^2 - 2x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/(1-x)+2*x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - x - \ln(x - 1) + c_1\right)(x - 1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 27

DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]/(1-x)+2\*x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to (x-1)\left(\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \log(x-1) + c_1\right)$$

#### 2.6 problem 10.3.7

Internal problem ID [5060]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.7.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{1-x} = x^2 - x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/(1-x)+x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + c_1\right)(x-1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 20

DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]/(1-x)+x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}(x-1)(x^2+2c_1)$$

#### 2.7 problem 10.3.8

Internal problem ID [5061]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.8.
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$\left(x^2+1\right)y'-yx=1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=1+x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

DSolve[(1+x^2)\*y'[x]==1+x\*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to x + c_1 \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

### 2.8 problem 10.3.9 (a)

Internal problem ID [5062]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.9 (a).
ODE order: 1.

**ODE degree**: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$yx + y' - xy^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)=x*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\frac{x^2}{2}}c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.25 (sec). Leaf size: 31

DSolve[y'[x]+x\*y[x]==x\*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) 
ightarrow rac{1}{1+e^{rac{x^2}{2}+c_1}}$$
  
 $y(x) 
ightarrow 0$   
 $y(x) 
ightarrow 1$ 

# 2.9 problem 10.3.9 (b)

Internal problem ID [5063]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.3, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
First order. page 315
Problem number: 10.3.9 (b).
ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class G'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$3y'x + y + y^4x^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 124

 $dsolve(3*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)+x^2*y(x)^4=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\left(x+c_{1}\right)^{2} x^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(x+c_{1}\right) x}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(\left(x+c_{1}\right)^{2} x^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2\left(x+c_{1}\right) x} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\left(x+c_{1}\right)^{2} x^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2\left(x+c_{1}\right) x}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(\left(x+c_{1}\right)^{2} x^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2\left(x+c_{1}\right) x} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\left(x+c_{1}\right)^{2} x^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2\left(x+c_{1}\right) x}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.3 (sec). Leaf size: 61

DSolve[3\*x\*y'[x]+y[x]+x^2\*y[x]^4==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x(x+c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

# 3 Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients. Second order and Homogeneous. page 318

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# 3.1 problem 10.4.8 (a)

Internal problem ID [5064]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (a).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x(1+x)^{2} y'' + (-x^{2}+1) y' + (x-1) y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

 $dsolve(x*(x+1)^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(x-1)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1(x+1) + c_2(x+1)\ln(x)$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 17

DSolve[x\*(x+1)^2\*y''[x]+(1-x^2)\*y'[x]+(x-1)\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to (x+1)(c_2 \log(x) + c_1)$$

### 3.2 problem 10.4.8 (b)

Internal problem ID [5065]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (b).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_exact, \_linear, \_homogeneous]]

$$x(1-x) y'' + 2(-2x+1) y' - 2y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

dsolve(x\*(1-x)\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+2\*(1-2\*x)\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = rac{c_1 x + c_2}{x (x - 1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[x\*(1-x)\*y''[x]+2\*(1-2\*x)\*y'[x]-2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o rac{c_2 x + c_1}{x - x^2}$$

### 3.3 problem 10.4.8 (c)

Internal problem ID [5066]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (c).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler], [\_2nd\_order, \_linear, '\_with\_symmetry\_[0,F

$$x^2y'' + y'x - 9y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x^2)+x*diff(y(x),x)-9*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x^3 + \frac{c_2}{x^3}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[x^2\*y''[x]+x\*y'[x]-9\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2 x^6 + c_1}{x^3}$$

#### 3.4 problem 10.4.8 (d)

Internal problem ID [5067]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (d).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler], [\_2nd\_order, \_linear, '\_with\_symmetry\_[0,F

$$xy'' + \frac{y'}{2} + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+1/2\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \sin\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\right) + c_2 \cos\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\right)$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 38

DSolve[x\*y''[x]+1/2\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \cos\left(2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\right) + c_2 \sin\left(2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\right)$$

## 3.5 problem 10.4.8 (e)

Internal problem ID [5068]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (e).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler]]

$$x^2y'' - y'x + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x + c_2 x \ln\left(x\right)$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[x^2\*y''[x]-x\*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to x(c_2 \log(x) + c_1)$$

# 3.6 problem 10.4.8 (f)

Internal problem ID [5069]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (f).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_Emden, \_Fowler]]

$$2xy'' - y' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

dsolve(2\*x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)-diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \left( 2\cos\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{x} - \sin\left(2\sqrt{x}\right) \right) + c_2 \left( 2\sin\left(2\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{x} + \cos\left(2\sqrt{x}\right) \right)$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.199 (sec). Leaf size: 59

DSolve[2\*x\*y''[x]-y'[x]+2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{2i\sqrt{x}} \left(2\sqrt{x} + i\right) + \frac{1}{8}c_2 e^{-2i\sqrt{x}} \left(1 + 2i\sqrt{x}\right)$$

## 3.7 problem 10.4.8 (g)

Internal problem ID [5070]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (g).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$xy'' + y'x - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+x\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1(x^2 + 2x) + c_2\left(\frac{(-x-1)e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{Ei}_1(x)x(x+2)}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 39

DSolve[x\*y''[x]+x\*y'[x]-2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 x(x+2) - \frac{1}{2} c_2 e^{-x} (e^x (x+2) x \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-x) + x + 1)$$

#### 3.8 problem 10.4.8 (h)

Internal problem ID [5071]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.8 (h).
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x(x-1)^2 y'' - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 32

 $dsolve(x*(x-1)^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x}{x-1} + \frac{c_2(2\ln(x)x - x^2 + 1)}{x-1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 33

DSolve[x\*(x-1)^2\*y''[x]-2\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o rac{-c_2 x^2 - c_1 x + 2c_2 x \log(x) + c_2}{x - 1}$$

### 3.9 problem 10.4.9 (i)

Internal problem ID [5072]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.9 (i).
ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' - \frac{2y}{x} = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)/x-x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = (x + c_1) x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[y'[x]-2\*y[x]/x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to x^2(x+c_1)$$

#### 3.10 problem 10.4.9 (ii)

Internal problem ID [5073]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.9 (ii).
ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_linear]

$$y' + \frac{2y}{x} = x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)/x-x^3=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = rac{rac{x^6}{6} + c_1}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 13

DSolve[y'[x]-2\*y[x]/x-x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(x+c_1)$$

#### 3.11 problem 10.4.10

Internal problem ID [5074]

Book: Basic Training in Mathematics. By R. Shankar. Plenum Press. NY. 1995
Section: Chapter 10, Differential equations. Section 10.4, ODEs with variable Coefficients.
Second order and Homogeneous. page 318
Problem number: 10.4.10.
ODE order: 2.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Laguerre]

$$xy'' + (1 - x)y' + ym = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+(1-x)\*diff(y(x),x)+m\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

 $y(x) = c_1 \operatorname{KummerM}(-m, 1, x) + c_2 \operatorname{KummerU}(-m, 1, x)$ 

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 21

DSolve[x\*y''[x]+(1-x)\*y'[x]+m\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

 $y(x) \rightarrow c_1$  Hypergeometric  $U(-m, 1, x) + c_2$  Laguerre L(m, x)