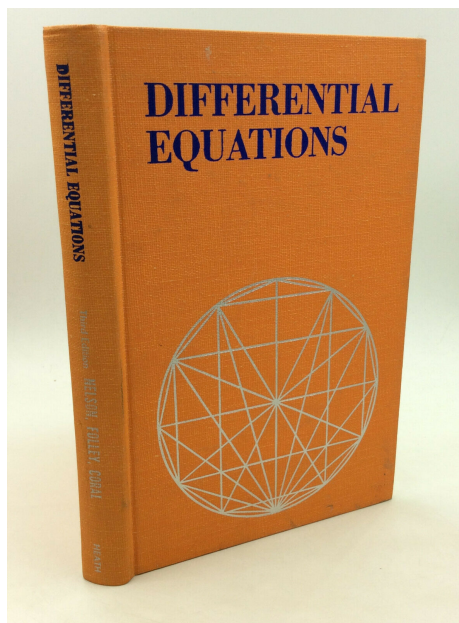


A Solution Manual For

**Differential Equations by Alfred  
L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max  
Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath.  
Boston. 1964**



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## 1.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1870]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$yx + (x^2 + 1)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(x*y(x)+(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x*y[x]+(x^2+1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1871]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$xy^2 + (y - yx^2)y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve((x*y(x)^2+x)+(y(x)-x^2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{c_1 x^2 - c_1 - 1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{c_1 x^2 - c_1 - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.353 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]^2+x)+(y[x]-x^2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-1 + e^{2c_1} (x^2 - 1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-1 + e^{2c_1} (x^2 - 1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

### 1.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1872]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y^2 + (x^2 + 1)y' = -1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve((1+y(x)^2)+(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\tan(\arctan(x) + c_1)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.233 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[(1+y[x]^2)+(1+x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\tan(\arctan(x) - c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

## 1.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1873]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y + xy' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve(y(x)+x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y[x]+x*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 1.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1874]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - 2yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=2*x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y'[x]==2*x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1875]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$xy^2 + (yx^2 - y)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
dsolve((x*y(x)^2+x)+(x^2*y(x)-y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{(x^2 - 1)(-x^2 + c_1)}}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{(x^2 - 1)(-x^2 + c_1)}}{x^2 - 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.369 (sec). Leaf size: 133

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]^2+x)+(x^2*y[x]-y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1 - e^{2c_1}}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1 - e^{2c_1}}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

## 1.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1876]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\sqrt{1-y^2}y' = -\sqrt{1-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(sqrt(1-x^2)+sqrt(1-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 + x\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + \arcsin(x) + y(x)\sqrt{1 - y(x)^2} + \arcsin(y(x)) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.626 (sec). Leaf size: 85

```
DSolve[Sqrt[1-x^2]+Sqrt[1-y[x]^2]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \#1 \sqrt{1 - \#1^2} - \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \#1^2}}{\#1 + 1} \right) \& \right] \left[ \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{x + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - x^2} x + c_1 \right]$$

## 1.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1877]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x + 1)y' + y = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve((1+x)*diff(y(x),x)-(1-y(x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 + x}{x + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[(1+x)*y'[x]-(1-y[x])=0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x + c_1}{x + 1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1$$

## 1.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1878]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' \tan(x) - y = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)*tan(x)-y(x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (-\csc(x) + c_1) \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.044 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[y'[x]*Tan[x]-y[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 + c_1 \sin(x)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 1.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1879]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y + \cot(x) y' = -3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve((y(x)+3)+cot(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (-3 \sec(x) + c_1) \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[(y[x]+3)+Cot[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 + c_1 \cos(x)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3$$

## 1.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1880]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - \frac{x}{y} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x/y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{x^2 + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.087 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y'[x]==x/y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}$$



## 1.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1881]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$x' = 1 - \sin(2t)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(diff(x(t),t)=1-sin(2*t),x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{\cos(2t)}{2} + t + c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[x'[t]==1-Sin[2*t],x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow t + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2t) + c_1$$

## 1.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1882]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y + xy' - y^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{c_1 x + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.274 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+y[x]==y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + e^{c_1 x}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1$$

## 1.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1883]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\sin(x) \cos(y)^2 + \cos(x)^2 y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(sin(x)*cos(y(x))^2+cos(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\arctan(\sec(x) + c_1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.616 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[Sin[x]*Cos[y[x]]^2+Cos[x]^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arctan(-\sec(x) + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 1.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1884]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\sec(x) \cos(y)^2 - \cos(x) \sin(y) y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(sec(x)*cos(y(x))^2=cos(x)*sin(y(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arccos\left(\frac{1}{\tan(x) + c_1}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.83 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[Sec[x]*Cos[y[x]]^2==Cos[x]*Sin[y[x]]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sec^{-1}(\tan(x) + 2c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sec^{-1}(\tan(x) + 2c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 1.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1885]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y + xy' - xy(y' - 1) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(y(x)+x*diff(y(x),x)=x*y(x)*(diff(y(x),x)-1),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-x}}{c_1 x}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.823 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y[x]+x*y'[x]==x*y[x]*(y'[x]-1),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -W\left(-\frac{e^{-x-c_1}}{x}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1886]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$yx + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(x*y(x)+sqrt(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[x*y[x]+Sqrt[1+x^2]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1887]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y - yx - y'x^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(y(x)=x*y(x)+x^2*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y[x]==x*y[x]+x^2*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1 e^{-1/x}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1888]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\cos(x)^2 \cot(y) y' = -\tan(x) \sin(x)^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.141 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(tan(x)*sin(x)^2+cos(x)^2*cot(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(2x)}} e^{\frac{-1+\cos(2x)}{2\cos(2x)+2}}}{c_1}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 17.888 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[Tan[x]*Sin[x]^2+Cos[x]^2*Cot[y[x]]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{8}c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sec^2(x)} \sec(x)\right)$$



## 1.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1889]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y^2 + y'y + y'yx^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(y(x)^2+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)+x^2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-1=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{e^{-2 \arctan(x)} c_1 + 1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{e^{-2 \arctan(x)} c_1 + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.923 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[y[x]^2+y[x]*y'[x]+x^2*y[x]*y'[x]-1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{1 + e^{-2 \arctan(x)+2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{1 + e^{-2 \arctan(x)+2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1$$

## 1.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1890]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 7

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/x,y(1) = 3],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 3x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==y[x]/x,y[1]==3},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 3x$$

## 1.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1891]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$xy' + 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(2) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[2]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{4}{x^2}$$

## 1.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1892]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\sin(x) \cos(y) + \cos(x) \sin(y) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.297 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([sin(x)*cos(y(x))+cos(x)*sin(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (1 - 2\_B5) \arccos(\sec(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.227 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{Sin[x]*Cos[y[x]]+Cos[x]*Sin[y[x]]*y'[x]==0,y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\arccos(\sec(x))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arccos(\sec(x))$$

## 1.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [1893]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y'x^2 + y^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(3) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([x^2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)^2=0,y(3) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{3x}{4x - 3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{x^2*y'[x]+y[x]^2==0,y[3]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3x}{4x - 3}$$

## 1.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [1894]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y' - e^y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=exp(y(x)),y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\ln(1 - x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==Exp[y[x]],y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\log(1 - x)$$

## 1.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [1895]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$e^y(y' + 1) = 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.438 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve([exp(y(x))*(diff(y(x),x)+1)=1,y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x + \ln(-e^x - e + 1) - i\pi$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{Exp[y[x]]*(y'[x]+1)==1,y[0]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log(e^{-x}(e^x - 1 + e))$$

## 1.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [1896]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y^2 - \frac{y'}{x^3(x-1)} = -1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([(1+y(x)^2)=diff(y(x),x)/(x^3*(x-1)),y(2) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan\left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{12}{5}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.353 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{(1+y[x]^2)==y'[x]/(x^3*(x-1)),y[2]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{1}{20}(4x^5 - 5x^4 - 48)\right)$$



## 1.28 problem 28

Internal problem ID [1897]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, _Abel]`

$$3y'x - y^3 - 2y = -x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 7

```
dsolve([x^2+3*x*diff(y(x),x)=y(x)^3+2*y(x),y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{x^2+3*x*y'[x]==y[x]^3+2*y[x],y[1]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

{}

## 1.29 problem 29

Internal problem ID [1898]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x^2 + x + 1)y' - y^2 - 2y = 5$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve([(x^2+x+1)*diff(y(x),x)=y(x)^2+2*y(x)+5,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -1 + 2 \cot \left( \frac{4\sqrt{3}\pi}{9} - \frac{4\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3} \right)}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.905 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
DSolve[{(x^2+x+1)*y'[x]==y[x]^2+2*y[x]+5,y[1]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 \tan \left( \frac{4 \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{36} (9 - 16\sqrt{3}) \pi \right) - 1$$

## 1.30 problem 30

Internal problem ID [1899]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 5, page 21

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x^2 - 2x - 8) y' - y^2 - y = -2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.328 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve([(x^2-2*x-8)*diff(y(x),x)=y(x)^2+y(x)-2,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{2x + 8 - 2\sqrt{-2x^2 + 4x + 16}}{4 + 3x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.813 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[{(x^2-2*x-8)*y'[x]==y[x]^2+y[x]-2,y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{4\sqrt{x+2} - 2\sqrt{8-2x}}{\sqrt{8-2x} + 4\sqrt{x+2}}$$

## 2 Exercise 6, page 25

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## 2.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1900]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y - xy' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
dsolve(x+y(x)=x*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (\ln(x) + c_1)x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
DSolve[x+y[x]==x*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(\log(x) + c_1)$$

## 2.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1901]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(y + x)y' - y = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve((x+y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+x=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( 2\_Z + \ln \left( \frac{1}{\cos(\_Z)^2} \right) + 2 \ln(x) + 2c_1 \right) \right) x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])*y'[x]+x==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \arctan \left( \frac{y(x)}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1 \right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1902]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$xy' - y - \sqrt{yx} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=sqrt(x*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-\frac{y(x)}{\sqrt{xy(x)}} + \frac{\ln(x)}{2} - c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.162 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]==Sqrt[x*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}x(\log(x) + c_1)^2$$

## 2.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1903]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{2x - y}{x + 4y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(2*x-y(x))/(x+4*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{-\frac{c_1 x}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{9c_1^2 x^2 + 8}}{4}}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{-\frac{c_1 x}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{9c_1^2 x^2 + 8}}{4}}{c_1}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.472 (sec). Leaf size: 101

```
DSolve[y'[x]==(2*x-y[x])/(x+4*y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( -x - \sqrt{9x^2 + 8e^{c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( -x + \sqrt{9x^2 + 8e^{c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( -3\sqrt{x^2} - x \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( 3\sqrt{x^2} - x \right)$$

## 2.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1904]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$xy' - y - \sqrt{x^2 - y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=sqrt(x^2-y(x)^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-\arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{\sqrt{x^2 - y(x)^2}}\right) + \ln(x) - c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.269 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]==Sqrt[x^2-y[x]^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \cosh(i \log(x) + c_1)$$

## 2.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1905]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y'y - 2y = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(x+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x(\text{LambertW}(c_1x) + 1)}{\text{LambertW}(c_1x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.118 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[x+y[x]*y'[x]==2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \log \left( \frac{y(x)}{x} - 1 \right) - \frac{1}{\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1} = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1906]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$xy' - y + \sqrt{y^2 - x^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)+sqrt(y(x)^2-x^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 - x^2} - c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.362 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]+Sqrt[y[x]^2-x^2]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \cosh(-\log(x) + c_1)$$

## 2.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1907]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y^2 - y'yx = -x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve((x^2+y(x)^2)=x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2 \ln(x) + c_1} x$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2 \ln(x) + c_1} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.17 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[(x^2+y[x]^2)==x*y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x\sqrt{2 \log(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x\sqrt{2 \log(x) + c_1}$$

## 2.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1908]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(yx - x^2) y' - y^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((x*y(x)-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x}\right) - c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.229 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]-x^2)*y'[x]-y[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -xW\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1909]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$xy' + y - 2\sqrt{yx} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=2*sqrt(x*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{\sqrt{xy(x)}}{(-x + y(x)) \left(-x + \sqrt{xy(x)}\right) x} + \frac{1}{(-x + y(x)) \left(-x + \sqrt{xy(x)}\right)} - c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.209 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+y[x]==2*Sqrt[x*y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\left(x + e^{\frac{c_1}{2}}\right)^2}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x$$

## 2.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1910]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$y + (-y + x)y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
dsolve((x+y(x))+(x-y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x - \sqrt{2c_1^2 x^2 + 1}}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x + \sqrt{2c_1^2 x^2 + 1}}{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.489 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])+(x-y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x - \sqrt{2x^2 + e^{2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x + \sqrt{2x^2 + e^{2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} + x$$



## 2.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1911]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y(x^2 - yx + y^2) + xy'(x^2 + yx + y^2) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(y(x)*(x^2-x*y(x)+y(x)^2)+x*diff(y(x),x)*(x^2+x*y(x)+y(x)^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan(\text{RootOf}(\ln(\tan(\_Z)) + \_Z + 2 \ln(x) + 2c_1)) x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.115 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y[x]*(x^2-x*y[x]+y[x]^2)+x*y'[x]*(x^2+x*y[x]+y[x]^2)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) + \log\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) = -2 \log(x) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 2.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1912]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _dAlembert]`

$$xy' - y - x \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)*x-y(x)-x*sin(y(x)/x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arctan\left(\frac{2c_1x}{c_1^2x^2 + 1}, -\frac{c_1^2x^2 - 1}{c_1^2x^2 + 1}\right) x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.341 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y'[x]*x-y[x]-x*Sin[y[x]/x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \arccos(-\tanh(\log(x) + c_1))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x \arccos(-\tanh(\log(x) + c_1))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\pi x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \pi x$$

## 2.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1913]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} - \cosh\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/x+cosh(y(x)/x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{2} + \frac{c_1}{2}\right)\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.62 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]/x+Cosh[y[x]/x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \operatorname{arcsinh}(\cot(\log(x) + c_1))$$

## 2.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1914]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y^2 - 2y'yx = -x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(-1) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([(x^2+y(x)^2)=2*x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(-1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{(x+1)x}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{(x+1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.197 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[{(x^2+y[x]^2)==2*x*y[x]*y'[x],y[-1]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1}$$

## 2.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1915]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$\left(\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x}\right) y' = -1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.703 (sec). Leaf size: 223

```
dsolve((x/y(x)+y(x)/x)*diff(y(x),x)+1=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 c_1 (c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1})}}{x (c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1}) c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{-x^2 c_1 (-c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1})}}{x (c_1 x^2 - \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1}) c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 c_1 (c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1})}}{x (c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1}) c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 c_1 (-c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1})}}{x (c_1 x^2 - \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 + 1}) c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.103 (sec). Leaf size: 121

```
DSolve[(x/y[x]+y[x]/x)*y'[x]+1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 - \sqrt{x^4 + e^{4c_1}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 - \sqrt{x^4 + e^{4c_1}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 + \sqrt{x^4 + e^{4c_1}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 + \sqrt{x^4 + e^{4c_1}}}$$

## 2.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1916]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$x e^{\frac{y}{x}} + y - xy' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([x*exp(y(x)/x)+y(x)=x*diff(y(x),x),y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \ln\left(-\frac{1}{-1 + \ln(x)}\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.319 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{x*Exp[y[x]/x]+y[x]==x*y'[x],y[1]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \log(1 - \log(x))$$

## 2.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1917]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{y+x}{-y+x} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.219 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=(x+y(x))/(x-y(x)),y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan(\text{RootOf}(2\_Z - \ln(\sec(\_Z)^2) - 2 \ln(x))) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==(x+y[x])/(x-y[x]),y[1]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) = -\log(x), y(x)\right]$$



## 2.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1918]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} - \tan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(6) = \pi]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/x+tan(y(x)/x),y(6) = Pi],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{12}\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.285 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==y[x]/x+Tan[y[x]/x],y[6]==Pi},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{12}\right)$$

## 2.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1919]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(3yx - 2x^2)y' - 2y^2 + yx = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.672 (sec). Leaf size: 114

```
dsolve([(3*x*y(x)-2*x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=2*y(x)^2-x*y(x),y(1) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{i \left( (-27x^2 + x^3 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-2x^5 + 27x^4})^{\frac{2}{3}} - x^2 \right) \sqrt{3} - \left( (-27x^2 + x^3 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-2x^5 + 27x^4})^{\frac{1}{3}} - x \right)^2}{6 \left( -27x^2 + x^3 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-2x^5 + 27x^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.327 (sec). Leaf size: 140

```
DSolve[{(3*x*y[x]-2*x^2)*y'[x]==2*y[x]^2-x*y[x],y[1]==-1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\left( \sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^4(2x-27)} + x^3 - 27x^2} - x \right) \left( i(\sqrt{3} + i) \sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^4(2x-27)} + x^3 - 27x^2} + i\sqrt{3}x + \right)}{6 \sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^4(2x-27)} + x^3 - 27x^2}}$$

## 2.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1920]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - \frac{y}{x - k\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.079 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/(x-k*sqrt(x^2+y(x)^2)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-c_1 + y(x)^{k-1} \sqrt{x^2 + y(x)^2} + y(x)^{k-1} x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.22 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]/(x-k*Sqrt[x^2+y[x]^2]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( (k-1) \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) + (k+1) \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) \right) = -k \log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1921]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y^2(y'y - x) = -x^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.328 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
dsolve(y(x)^2*(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-x)+x^3=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf} \left( 2\_Z^2 + \sqrt{3} \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \sqrt{3} \ln \left( \frac{3 \tan(\_Z)^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{3x^4}{4} \right) + 4\sqrt{3} c_1 - 2\_Z \right) \right) - 1 \right) x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.113 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
DSolve[y[x]^2*(y[x]*y'[x]-x)+x^3==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\frac{2y(x)^2}{x^2} - 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{4} \log \left( \frac{y(x)^4}{x^4} - \frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1 \right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1922]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 6, page 25

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} - \tanh\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.578 (sec). Leaf size: 113

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/x+tanh(y(x)/x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c_1 x^2 - \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 - c_1 x^2}}{c_1 x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 - c_1 x^2}}\right) x$$

$$y(x) = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c_1 x^2 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 - c_1 x^2}}{c_1 x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{c_1^2 x^4 - c_1 x^2}}\right) x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.284 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]/x+Tanh[y[x]/x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{c_1} x)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

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### 3.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1923]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y - (x - y + 2)y' = -x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve((x+y(x))-(x-y(x)+2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = 1 - \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( 2_Z + \ln \left( \frac{1}{\cos(_Z)^2} \right) + 2 \ln(x + 1) + 2c_1 \right) \right) (x + 1)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.16 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])-(x-y[x]+2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ 2 \arctan \left( \frac{y(x) + x}{-y(x) + x + 2} \right) = \log \left( \frac{x^2 + y(x)^2 - 2y(x) + 2x + 2}{2(x + 1)^2} \right) + 2 \log(x + 1) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 3.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1924]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(x - 2y + 2)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.39 (sec). Leaf size: 174

```
dsolve(x+(x-2*y(x)+2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$y = 1$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^6 \left(-2 \left(2c_1x^3 + 2\sqrt{-2c_1^3x^9 + c_1^2x^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{4x^3c_1}{\left(2c_1x^3 + 2\sqrt{-2c_1^3x^9 + c_1^2x^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 4i\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{\left(2c_1x^3 + 2\sqrt{-2c_1^3x^9 + c_1^2x^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{x^3c_1}{\left(2c_1x^3 + 2\sqrt{-2c_1^3x^9 + c_1^2x^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{64c_1} x^2$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.036 (sec). Leaf size: 445

`DSolve[x+(x-2*y[x]+2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,1\right]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,2\right]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,3\right]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,4\right]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,5\right]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{2\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(16x^6+16e^{12c_1})-24\#1^4x^4+8\#1^3x^3+9\#1^2x^2-6\#1x+1\&,6\right]}$$

### 3.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1925]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (x + y)y' = -2x - 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
dsolve((2*x-y(x)+1)+(x+y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{3} \frac{\tan(\text{RootOf}(\sqrt{2} \ln(2 \tan(\_Z)^2(3x+1)^2 + 2(3x+1)^2) + 2\sqrt{2}c_1 - 2\_Z))(3x+1)\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.097 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
DSolve[(2*x-y[x]+1)+(x+y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[2\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{-y(x) + 2x + 1}{\sqrt{2}(y(x) + x)}\right) = 2 \log\left(\frac{6x^2 + 3y(x)^2 - 2y(x) + 4x + 1}{(3x + 1)^2}\right) + 4 \log(3x + 1) + 3c_1, y(x)\right]$$

### 3.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1926]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (x + y - 1)y' = -x - 2$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve((x-y(x)+2)+(x+y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\tan\left(\text{RootOf}\left(-2_Z + \ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos(-Z)^2}\right) + 2\ln(2x+1) + 2c_1\right)\right)(2x+1)}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
DSolve[(x-y[x]+2)+(x+y[x]-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[2\arctan\left(\frac{y(x)-x-2}{y(x)+x-1}\right) + \log\left(\frac{2x^2+2y(x)^2-6y(x)+2x+5}{(2x+1)^2}\right) + 2\log(2x+1) + c_1 = 0, y(x)\right]$$

### 3.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1927]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$-y + (y - x + 1)y' = -x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve((x-y(x))+(y(x)-x+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = x - 1 - \sqrt{2c_1 - 2x + 1}$$

$$y = x - 1 + \sqrt{2c_1 - 2x + 1}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.092 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[(x-y[x])+(y[x]-x+1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x - i\sqrt{2x - 1 - c_1} - 1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x + i\sqrt{2x - 1 - c_1} - 1$$

### 3.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1928]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{x + y - 1}{-y + x - 1} = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(x+y(x)-1)/(x-y(x)-1),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\tan\left(\text{RootOf}\left(2_Z + \ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos(_Z)^2}\right) + 2\ln(x-1) + 2c_1\right)\right)(x-1)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.05 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[y'[x]==(x+y[x]-1)/(x-y[x]-1),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[2\arctan\left(\frac{y(x)+x-1}{-y(x)+x-1}\right) = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{y(x)^2}{(x-1)^2} + 1\right)\right) + 2\log(x-1) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$

### 3.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1929]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (2x + 2y - 1)y' = -x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve((x+y(x))+(2*x+2*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\text{LambertW}(2e^x e^{-2} e^{-c_1}) + x - 2 - c_1} - x + 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.381 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])+(2*x+2*y[x]-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(W(-e^{x-1+c_1}) - 2x + 2)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1 - x$$

### 3.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1930]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (-y + x - 1)y' = -x - 1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve((x-y(x)+1)+(x-y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \text{LambertW}(e^{-2x}c_1) + x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.902 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[(x-y[x]+1)+(x-y[x]-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x + W(-e^{-2x-1+c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x$$

### 3.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1931]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$2y + (3x + 6y + 3)y' = -x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve((x+2*y(x))+(3*x+6*y(x)+3)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^{-\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2}}e^{-\frac{x}{6}}e^{\frac{c_1}{6}}}{2}\right) - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{x}{6} + \frac{c_1}{6}}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{x}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.116 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[(x+2*y[x])+(3*x+6*y[x]+3)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-2W(-e^{-\frac{x}{6}-1+c_1}) - x - 3)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-x - 3)$$



### 3.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1932]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$2y - (2x + y - 1)y' = -x - 2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 377

```
dsolve((x+2*y(x)+2)=(2*x+y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$12(3x - 4) \left( -\frac{\left(1 - 54(3x - 4)^2 c_1 + 6\sqrt{81(3x - 4)^4 c_1^2 - 3(3x - 4)^2 c_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12} - \frac{1}{12\left(1 - 54(3x - 4)^2 c_1 + 6\sqrt{81(3x - 4)^4 c_1^2 - 3(3x - 4)^2 c_1}\right)} \right) + \frac{-3\left(1 - 54(3x - 4)^2 c_1 + 6\sqrt{81(3x - 4)^4 c_1^2 - 3(3x - 4)^2 c_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3}{\left(1 - 54(3x - 4)^2 c_1 + 6\sqrt{81(3x - 4)^4 c_1^2 - 3(3x - 4)^2 c_1}\right)}}{1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.167 (sec). Leaf size: 1687

```
DSolve[(x+2*y[x]+2)==(2*x+y[x]-1)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

### 3.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1933]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (x - 3y - 5)y' = -3x - 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 1.531 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
dsolve([(3*x-y(x)+1)+(x-3*y(x)-5)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-324 + 12\sqrt{96x^3 + 288x^2 + 288x + 825})^{\frac{4}{3}} - 12(-324 + 12\sqrt{96x^3 + 288x^2 + 288x + 825})^{\frac{2}{3}}x - 84(-324 + 12\sqrt{96x^3 + 288x^2 + 288x + 825})}{36(-324 + 12\sqrt{96x^3 + 288x^2 + 288x + 825})}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.756 (sec). Leaf size: 341

```
DSolve[{(3*x-y[x]+1)+(x-3*y[x]-5)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x\text{Root}\left[\#1^6(1024x^6 + 6144x^5 + 15360x^4 + 20480x^3 + 15360x^2 + 6144x - 58025) + \#1^4(-384x^4 - 1536x^3 - 1536x^2 - 6144x - 58025)\right]}{36(-324 + 12\sqrt{96x^3 + 288x^2 + 288x + 825})}$$

### 3.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1934]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-3y + (2x - y + 5)y' = -6x - 6$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(-1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.14 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([3*(2*x-y(x)+2)+(2*x-y(x)+5)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(-1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{16}{5} - \frac{9 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(\frac{e^{\frac{25x}{9} + \frac{26}{9}}}{9}\right)}{5} + 2x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.718 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[{3*(2*x-y[x]+2)+(2*x-y[x]+5)*y'[x]==0,{y[-1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{9}{5}W\left(\frac{1}{9}e^{\frac{25x}{9} + \frac{26}{9}}\right) + 2x + \frac{16}{5}$$

### 3.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1935]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$3y + (-x + y)y' = -2 - 2x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 2.484 (sec). Leaf size: 75

```
dsolve([(2*x+3*y(x)+2)+(y(x)-x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = -2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( 4\_Z - \ln \left( \sec \left( \_Z \right)^2 \right) - 2 \ln (5x + 2) + 3 \ln (2) + \ln (5) + 4 \arctan (3) \right) \right) x \\ + \frac{2 \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( 4\_Z - \ln \left( \sec \left( \_Z \right)^2 \right) - 2 \ln (5x + 2) + 3 \ln (2) + \ln (5) + 4 \arctan (3) \right) \right)}{5} \\ - x - \frac{4}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.075 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[{(2*x+3*y[x]+2)+(y[x]-x)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==-2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ 32 \arctan \left( \frac{2y(x) + 3x + 2}{x - y(x)} \right) = 8 \log \left( \frac{10x^2 + 10xy(x) + 5y(x)^2 + 8y(x) + 12x + 4}{(5x + 2)^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. + 16 \log(5x + 2) - 8(\pi + 3 \log(2)), y(x) \right]$$

### 3.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1936]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y - (2x + 2y - 1)y' = -x - 4$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([(x+y(x)+4)=(2*x+2*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x),y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -x - \frac{3 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{2e^{-x-\frac{2}{3}}}{3}\right)}{2} - 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.156 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{(x+y[x]+4)==(2*x+2*y[x]-1)*y'[x],{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}W\left(-\frac{2}{3}e^{-x-\frac{2}{3}}\right) - x - 1$$

### 3.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1937]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$3y + (2x + 3y + 2)y' = -2x + 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(3) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.218 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([(2*x+3*y(x)-1)+(2*x+3*y(x)+2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(3) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{2x}{3} + 3 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(\frac{2e^{\frac{5}{9}-\frac{x}{9}}}{9}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.691 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[{(2*x+3*y[x]-1)+(2*x+3*y[x]+2)*y'[x]==0,{y[3]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( 9W\left(\frac{2}{9}e^{\frac{5}{9}-\frac{x}{9}}\right) - 2x + 7 \right)$$

### 3.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1938]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (x + 2y + 1)y' = -2 - 3x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([(3*x-y(x)+2)+(x+2*y(x)+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**✓** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.186 (sec). Leaf size: 111

```
DSolve[{(3*x-y[x]+2)+(x+2*y[x]+1)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ 2\sqrt{6} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}(-y(x) + 3x + 2)}{2y(x) + x + 1} \right) = 3 \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \sqrt{6} \arctan \left( 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \right) + 3 \log \left( \frac{25}{22} \right) - 6 \log(5) \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + 2 \log \left( \frac{42x^2 + 28y(x)^2 + 8y(x) + 60x + 22}{(7x + 5)^2} \right) + 4 \log(7x + 5) \right), y(x) \right]$$

### 3.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1939]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$2y - (x + 2y - 1)y' = -3x - 3$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(-2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 1.282 (sec). Leaf size: 136

```
dsolve([(3*x+2*y(x)+3)-(x+2*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(-2) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-x - 2) \text{RootOf}(-1 + (x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32))_Z^{25} + (-5x^5 - 50x^4 - 200x^3 - 400x^2)}{2} + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{9}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 63.287 (sec). Leaf size: 850

```
DSolve[{(3*x+2*y[x]+3)-(x+2*y[x]-1)*y'[x]==0,{y[-2]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-x \text{Root}[(65536x^{10} + 1310720x^9 + 11796480x^8 + 62914560x^7 + 220200960x^6 + 528482304x^5 + 88080000x^4 + 11796480x^3 + 62914560x^2 + 1310720x + 65536)]}{2}$$



### 3.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1940]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-2y + (1 - x + 2y)y' = -3 - x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(-4) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([(x-2*y(x)+3)+(1-x+2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(-4) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{7}{2} + \frac{x}{2} + 4 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(\frac{e^{\frac{5}{8} + \frac{x}{8}}}{8}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.645 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{(x-2*y[x]+3)+(1-x+2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,{y[-4]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( 8W\left(\frac{1}{8}e^{\frac{x+5}{8}}\right) + x + 7 \right)$$

### 3.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1941]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (4x + 2y + 1)y' = -2x$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([(2*x+y(x))+(4*x+2*y(x)+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(-1/6) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\text{LambertW}\left(-1, -2e^{-\frac{7}{2}-9x}\right)}{6} - \frac{2}{3} - 2x$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(2*x+y[x])+(4*x+2*y[x]+1)*y'[x]==0,{y[-1/6]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

```
{}
```

### 3.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1942]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 7, page 28

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (4x - 2y + 1)y' = -2x$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 14.453 (sec). Leaf size: 93

```
dsolve([(2*x+y(x))+(4*x-2*y(x)+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1/2) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \text{RootOf} \left( 6\sqrt{41} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(32_Z - 13 - 40x)\sqrt{41}}{328x + 41} \right) \right. \\ \left. + 41 \ln \left( \frac{16_Z^2 - 40x_Z - 16x^2 - 13_Z + 6x + 2}{(8x + 1)^2} \right) + 82 \ln(8x + 1) \right. \\ \left. + 6\sqrt{41} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{33\sqrt{41}}{205} \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 128

`DSolve[{(2*x+y[x])+(4*x-2*y[x]+1)*y'[x]==0,{y[1/2]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T`

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{9}{656} \left( 6\sqrt{41} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{-\frac{2(8x+1)}{-2y(x)+4x+1} - 3}{\sqrt{41}} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + 41 \left( \log \left( \frac{2(16x^2 - 16y(x)^2 + (40x + 13)y(x) - 6x - 2)}{(8x + 1)^2} \right) + 2 \log(8x + 1) \right) \right) = \frac{1}{656} \left( -9 \left( 6\sqrt{41} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2(8x+1)}{-2y(x)+4x+1} - 3 \right) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. + 369i\pi \right) \right), y(x) \right]$$

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## 4.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1943]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$y + (x - 2y)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve((x+y(x))+(x-2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\frac{c_1 x}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3c_1^2 x^2 + 2}}{2}}{c_1}$$

$$y = \frac{\frac{c_1 x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3c_1^2 x^2 + 2}}{2}}{c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.535 (sec). Leaf size: 106

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])+(x-2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x - \sqrt{3x^2 - 2e^{2c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x + \sqrt{3x^2 - 2e^{2c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x - \sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2} + x \right)$$

## 4.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1944]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$y + (x + 3y)y' = -3x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve((3*x+y(x))+(x+3*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-\frac{c_1 x}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{-8c_1^2 x^2 + 3}}{3}}{c_1}$$

$$y = \frac{-\frac{c_1 x}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{-8c_1^2 x^2 + 3}}{3}}{c_1}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.487 (sec). Leaf size: 119

```
DSolve[(3*x+y[x])+(x+3*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( -x - \sqrt{-8x^2 + 3e^{2c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( -x + \sqrt{-8x^2 + 3e^{2c_1}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( -2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2} - x \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2} - x \right)$$

### 4.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1945]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$b_1y + (b_1x + b_2y + c_2)y' = -a_1x - c_1$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.141 (sec). Leaf size: 119

```
dsolve((a__1*x+b__1*y(x)+c__1)+(b__1*x+b__2*y(x)+c__2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-c_1b_1 + c_2a_1 - \frac{(-b_1(x(a_1b_2 - b_1^2) + c_1b_2 - c_2b_1)e^{c_1} + \sqrt{-e^{2c_1}a_1b_2(x(a_1b_2 - b_1^2) + c_1b_2 - c_2b_1)^2 + b_1^2(x(a_1b_2 - b_1^2) + c_1b_2 - c_2b_1)^2e^{2c_1} + b_2)}}{b_2}}{-a_1b_2 + b_1^2}}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 16.604 (sec). Leaf size: 106

```
DSolve[(a1*x+b1*y[x]+c1)+(b1*x+b2*y[x]+c2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{-x(a_1x+2c_1)+\frac{(b_1x+c_2)^2}{b_2}+b_2c_1}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b_2}}} + b_1x + c_2$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{b_1x + c_2}{b_2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{b_2}} \sqrt{-x(a_1x + 2c_1) + \frac{(b_1x + c_2)^2}{b_2} + b_2c_1}$$

## 4.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1946]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_exact, _rational, [_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)]]'`

$$x(6yx + 5) + (2x^3 + 3y) y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
dsolve(x*(6*x*y(x)+5)+(2*x^3+3*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{4x^6 - 15x^2 - 6c_1}}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{4x^6 - 15x^2 - 6c_1}}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.145 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
DSolve[x*(6*x*y[x]+5)+(2*x^3+3*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( -2x^3 - \sqrt{4x^6 - 15x^2 + 9c_1} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( -2x^3 + \sqrt{4x^6 - 15x^2 + 9c_1} \right)$$

## 4.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1947]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$3yx^2 + y^2x + (x^3 + yx^2 + \sin(y))y' = -e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve((3*x^2*y(x)+x*y(x)^2+exp(x))+(x^3+x^2*y(x)+sin(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=al
```

$$\frac{x^2y^2}{2} + x^3y + e^x - \cos(y) + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.377 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[(3*x^2*y[x]+x*y[x]^2+Exp[x])+(x^3+x^2*y[x]+Sin[y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingular
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[x^3y(x) + \frac{1}{2}x^2y(x)^2 - \cos(y(x)) + e^x = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 4.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1948]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$2yx - (x^2 + y^2) y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve(2*x*y(x)-(x^2+y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{-1 + \sqrt{4c_1^2 x^2 + 1}}{2c_1}$$

$$y = \frac{1 + \sqrt{4c_1^2 x^2 + 1}}{2c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.923 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
DSolve[2*x*y[x]-(x^2+y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( -\sqrt{4x^2 + e^{2c_1}} - e^{c_1} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{4x^2 + e^{2c_1}} - e^{c_1} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 4.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1949]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$y \cos(x) - 2 \sin(y) - (2x \cos(y) - \sin(x)) y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve((y(x)*cos(x)-2*sin(y(x)))=(2*x*cos(y(x))-sin(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\sin(x) y - 2x \sin(y) + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.151 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Cos[x]-2*Sin[y[x]])==(2*x*Cos[y[x]]-Sin[x])*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$\text{Solve}[2x \sin(y(x)) - y(x) \sin(x) = c_1, y(x)]$$

## 4.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1950]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class D', _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$\frac{2yx - 1}{y} + \frac{(x + 3y)y'}{y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve((2*x*y(x)-1)/y(x)+(x+3*y(x))/y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x}{3 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(\frac{e^{\frac{x^2}{3}} c_1 x}{3}\right)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.032 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[(2*x*y[x]-1)/y[x]+(x+3*y[x])/y[x]^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{3W\left(\frac{1}{3}x e^{\frac{1}{3}(x^2-c_1)}\right)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 4.9 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1951]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y e^x + e^x y' = 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve((y(x)*exp(x)-2*x)+exp(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (x^2 + c_1) e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Exp[x]-2*x)+Exp[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x}(x^2 + c_1)$$



## 4.10 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1952]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$3y \sin(x) - \cos(y) + (\sin(y)x - 3 \cos(x))y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve((3*y(x)*sin(x)-cos(y(x)))+(x*sin(y(x))-3*cos(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-3y \cos(x) - x \cos(y) + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.162 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[(3*y[x]*Sin[x]-Cos[y[x]])+(x*SIN[y[x]]-3*Cos[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolut
```

$$\text{Solve}[x \cos(y(x)) + 3y(x) \cos(x) = c_1, y(x)]$$

## 4.11 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1953]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational]`

$$y^2x + 2y + (2y^3 - yx^2 + 2x)y' = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve((x*y(x)^2+2*y(x))+(2*y(x)^3-x^2*y(x)+2*x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]^2+2*y[x])+(2*y[x]^3-x^2*y[x]+2*x)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

Not solved

## 4.12 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1954]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\frac{2}{y} - \frac{y}{x^2} + \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2x}{y^2}\right) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
dsolve((2/y(x)-y(x)/x^2)+(1/x-2*x/y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{2} x$$

$$y = -\sqrt{2} x$$

$$y = \left(-\frac{c_1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{c_1^2 - 8}}{2}\right) x$$

$$y = \left(-\frac{c_1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c_1^2 - 8}}{2}\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[(2/y[x]-y[x]/x^2)+(1/x-2*x/y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}x$$

## 4.13 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1955]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class D'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$\frac{yx + 1}{y} + \frac{(-x + 2y)y'}{y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve((x*y(x)+1)/y(x)+(2*y(x)-x)/y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{x}{2 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{\frac{x^2}{4}} c_1 x}{2}\right)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.516 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]+1)/y[x]+(2*y[x]-x)/y[x]^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{2W\left(-\frac{1}{2}xe^{\frac{1}{4}(x^2-2c_1)}\right)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 4.14 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1956]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$\frac{y(2 + x^3y)}{x^3} - \frac{(1 - 2x^3y)y'}{x^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
dsolve(y(x)*(2+x^3*y(x))/x^3=(1-2*x^3*y(x))/x^2*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{c_1^3 + \sqrt{c_1^6 + 4c_1x^5}}{2x^3c_1^3}$$
$$y = -\frac{-c_1^3 + \sqrt{c_1^6 + 4c_1x^5}}{2x^3c_1^3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.861 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[y[x]*(2+x^3*y[x])/x^3==(1-2*x^3*y[x])/x^2*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^3}x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 4c_1x^4}}{2x^3}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^3}x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 4c_1x^4}}{2x^3}$$

## 4.15 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1957]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact, [\_Abel, '2nd type', 'class B']]

$$y^2 \csc(x)^2 + 6yx - (2y \cot(x) - 3x^2) y' = 2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
dsolve(y(x)^2*csc(x)^2+6*x*y(x)-2=(2*y(x)*cot(x)-3*x^2)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{3 \tan(x) x^2}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{9 \tan(x)^2 x^4 + 4c_1 \tan(x) - 8x \tan(x)}}{2}$$
$$y = \frac{3 \tan(x) x^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{9 \tan(x)^2 x^4 + 4c_1 \tan(x) - 8x \tan(x)}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 31.692 (sec). Leaf size: 201

`DSolve[y[x]^2*Csc[x]^2+6*x*y[x]-2==(2*y[x]*Cot[x]-3*x^2)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}x^2 \tan(x) - \frac{\csc(2x) \sqrt{-\left(\tan(x) \left(16 \cos^2(x) \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sin^2(x)}\right) - 9x^4 e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))} + \cos(2x) (9x^4 e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))}\right)}\right)}}{2\sqrt{\csc(2x) e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}x^2 \tan(x) + \frac{\csc(2x) \sqrt{-\left(\tan(x) \left(16 \cos^2(x) \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\sin^2(x)}\right) - 9x^4 e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))} + \cos(2x) (9x^4 e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))}\right)}\right)}}{2\sqrt{\csc(2x) e^{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(2x))}}}$$



## 4.16 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1958]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _exact, _rational]`

$$\frac{2y}{x^3} + \frac{2x}{y^2} - \left( \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2x^2}{y^3} \right) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.312 (sec). Leaf size: 231

```
dsolve(2*(y(x)/x^3+x/y(x)^2)=(1/x^2+2*x^2/y(x)^3)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^{\frac{4}{3}} \text{RootOf}\left(x^{14} Z^{18} + 6x^{\frac{38}{3}} Z^{16} + 15x^{\frac{34}{3}} Z^{14} + (20x^{10} - 27c_1x^8) Z^{12} + (15x^{\frac{26}{3}} - 81x^{\frac{20}{3}}c_1) Z^{10} + \dots\right)}{\text{RootOf}\left(x^{14} Z^{18} + 6x^{\frac{38}{3}} Z^{16} + 15x^{\frac{34}{3}} Z^{14} + (20x^{10} - 27c_1x^8) Z^{12} + (15x^{\frac{26}{3}} - 81x^{\frac{20}{3}}c_1) Z^{10} + \dots\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 10.8 (sec). Leaf size: 414

`DSolve[2*(y[x]/x^3+x/y[x]^2)==(1/x^2+2*x^2/y[x]^3)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( c_1 x^2 + \frac{c_1^2 x^4}{\sqrt[3]{c_1^3 x^6 + \frac{27x^4}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}}} + \sqrt[3]{c_1^3 x^6 + \frac{27x^4}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( 4c_1 x^2 - \frac{2(1+i\sqrt{3})c_1^2 x^4}{\sqrt[3]{c_1^3 x^6 + \frac{27x^4}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}}} + i^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}+i) \sqrt[3]{2c_1^3 x^6 + 27x^4 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( 4c_1 x^2 + \frac{2i(\sqrt{3}+i)c_1^2 x^4}{\sqrt[3]{c_1^3 x^6 + \frac{27x^4}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}}} - 2^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{2c_1^3 x^6 + 27x^4 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^8(27+4c_1^3 x^2)}} \right)$$

## 4.17 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1959]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_exact, [_1st_order, ‘_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]’]]`

$$\cos(y) - (\sin(y)x - y^2)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(cos(y(x))-(x*sin(y(x))-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{-\frac{y^3}{3} + c_1}{\cos(y)} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.124 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[Cos[y[x]]-(x*Sin[y[x]]-y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ x = -\frac{1}{3}y(x)^3 \sec(y(x)) + c_1 \sec(y(x)), y(x) \right]$$

## 4.18 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1960]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$2y \sin(yx) + (2x \sin(yx) + y^3) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(2*y(x)*sin(x*y(x))+(2*x*sin(x*y(x))+y(x)^3)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\text{RootOf}(-8 \cos(\_Z) x^4 + 4c_1 x^4 + \_Z^4)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.158 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[2*y[x]*Sin[x*y[x]]+(2*x*Sin[x*y[x]]+y[x]^3)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{y(x)^4}{4} - 2 \cos(xy(x)) = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 4.19 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1961]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$\frac{x \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)}{y} + \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) - \frac{x^2 \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) y'}{y^2} = -\cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve((x/y(x)*cos(x/y(x))+sin(x/y(x))+cos(x) )-x^2/y(x)^2*cos(x/y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x),
```

$$y = -\frac{x}{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)+c_1}{x}\right)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 25.647 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[(x/y[x]*Cos[x/y[x]]+Sin[x/y[x]]+Cos[x] )-x^2/y[x]^2*Cos[x/y[x]]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,Inclu
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)+c_1}{x}\right)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 4.20 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1962]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$y e^{yx} + 2yx + (x e^{yx} + x^2) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve((y(x)*exp(x*y(x))+2*x*y(x))+(x*exp(x*y(x))+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-\text{LambertW}\left(\frac{e^{-\frac{c_1}{x}}}{x}\right) - \frac{c_1}{x}}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.117 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Exp[x*y[x]]+2*x*y[x])+(x*Exp[x*y[x]]+x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1 - xW\left(\frac{e^{\frac{c_1}{x}}}{x}\right)}{x^2}$$

## 4.21 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1963]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _exact, _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$\frac{x^2 + 3y^2}{x(3x^2 + 4y^2)} + \frac{(2x^2 + y^2)y'}{y(3x^2 + 4y^2)} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve((x^2+3*y(x)^2)/(x*(3*x^2+4*y(x)^2))+(2*x^2+y(x)^2)/(y(x)*(3*x^2+4*y(x)^2))*diff(y(x),x),y(x))
```

$$y = \left( \frac{\text{RootOf}(x^3 e^{3c_1} Z^{24} - 4 Z^{15} - 3x^3 e^{3c_1})^5}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-\frac{3c_1}{2} x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.136 (sec). Leaf size: 1649

```
DSolve[(x^2+3*y[x]^2)/(x*(3*x^2+4*y[x]^2))+(2*x^2+y[x]^2)/(y[x]*(3*x^2+4*y[x]^2))*y'[x]==0,y[x]]
```

Too large to display

## 4.22 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1964]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _exact, _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x(2x^2 + y^2)} + \frac{(x^2 + 2y^2)y'}{y(2x^2 + y^2)} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.422 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve((x^2-y(x)^2)/(x*(2*x^2+y(x)^2))+(x^2+2*y(x)^2)/(y(x)*(2*x^2+y(x)^2))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y
```

$$y = \frac{c_1 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^{16} + \frac{2x^4}{c_1^2}Z^4 - \frac{x^4}{c_1^2}\right)^6}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.251 (sec). Leaf size: 3381

```
DSolve[(x^2-y[x]^2)/(x*(2*x^2+y[x]^2))+(x^2+2*y[x]^2)/(y[x]*(2*x^2+y[x]^2))*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,
```

Too large to display



## 4.23 problem 24

Internal problem ID [1965]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 8, page 34

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$\frac{2x^2}{x^2 + y^2} + \ln(x^2 + y^2) + \frac{2xyy'}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve((2*x^2/(x^2+y(x)^2)+ln(x^2+y(x)^2))+(2*x*y(x))/(x^2+y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x),sing
```

$$y = \sqrt{-x^2 + e^{-\frac{c_1}{x}}}$$
$$y = -\sqrt{-x^2 + e^{-\frac{c_1}{x}}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.823 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[(2*x^2/(x^2+y[x]^2)+Log[x^2+y[x]^2])+(2*x*y[x])/(x^2+y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeS
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 + e^{\frac{c_1}{x}}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 + e^{\frac{c_1}{x}}}$$

## 5 Exercise 9, page 38

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## 5.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1966]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x - y = -\ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+(ln(x)-y(x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1x + \ln(x) + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+(Log[x]-y[x])==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log(x) + c_1x + 1$$

## 5.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1967]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$yx + (x^2 + y)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.187 (sec). Leaf size: 1153

`dsolve(x*y(x)+(x^2+y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$y = \frac{\left( \frac{4(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} + \frac{4x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 \right) x^2}{8}$$

$$y = \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^3 \left( \frac{4(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} + \frac{4x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 \right) x^2}{8}$$

$$y = \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^3 \left( \frac{4(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} + \frac{4x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 \right) x^2}{8}$$

$y$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})} \right) \right) x^2}{8}$$

$y$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 + 4i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})} \right) \right) x^2}{8}$$

$y$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^3 \left( -\frac{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})} \right) \right) x^2}{8}$$

$y$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^3 \left( -\frac{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 + 4i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})} \right) \right) x^2}{8}$$

$y$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^3 \left( -\frac{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2(2c_1^2 - x^6 + 2c_1\sqrt{-x^6 + c_1^2})} \right) \right) x^2}{8}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.038 (sec). Leaf size: 397

```
DSolve[x*y[x]+(x^2+y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 1]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 2]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 3]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 4]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 5]}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + \frac{1}{\text{Root}[\#1^6(x^{12} + e^{12c_1}) - 6\#1^4x^8 + 4\#1^3x^6 + 9\#1^2x^4 - 12\#1x^2 + 4\&, 6]}$$

### 5.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1968]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x - 2yx)y' + 2y = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve((x-2*x*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{2c_1}{x^2}\right)}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.94 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[(x-2*x*y[x])*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}W\left(-\frac{2e^{-c_1}}{x^2}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1969]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$yx^2 + y^2 + x^3y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve((x^2*y(x)+y(x)^2)+x^3*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{3x^2}{3c_1x^3 - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.135 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[(x^2*y[x]+y[x]^2)+x^3*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3x^2}{-1 + 3c_1x^3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 5.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1970]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$xy^3 + x^2y^2y' = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 96

```
dsolve((x*y(x)^3-1)+x^2*y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(12x^2 + 8c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x}$$

$$y = \frac{-\frac{(12x^2+8c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(12x^2+8c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4}}{x}$$

$$y = \frac{-\frac{(12x^2+8c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}(12x^2+8c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4}}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.208 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]^3-1)+x^2*y[x]^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2}}\sqrt[3]{3x^2 + 2c_1}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x^2}{2} + c_1}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x^2}{2} + c_1}}{x}$$

## 5.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1971]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$(y^3 x^3 - 1) y' + x^2 y^4 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((x^3*y(x)^3-1)*diff(y(x),x)+x^2*y(x)^4=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\frac{\text{LambertW}(-x^3 e^{-3c_1})}{3} - c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.808 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
DSolve[(x^3*y[x]^3-1)*y'[x]+x^2*y[x]^4==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{W(-e^{-3c_1}x^3)}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1} \sqrt[3]{W(-e^{-3c_1}x^3)}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{(-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{W(-e^{-3c_1}x^3)}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1972]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class D', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y(y - x^2) + x^3y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(y(x)*(y(x)-x^2)+x^3*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^2}{c_1x - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.141 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y[x]*(y[x]-x^2)+x^3*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{-1 + c_1x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1973]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + y^2x + (x - yx^2)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve((y(x)+x*y(x)^2)+(x-x^2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{1}{\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{c_1}{x^2}\right)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.848 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[(y[x]+x*y[x]^2)+(x-x^2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{xW\left(\frac{e^{-1+\frac{9c_1}{2^{2/3}}}}{x^2}\right)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1974]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$(x - x\sqrt{x^2 - y^2})y' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve((x-x*sqrt(x^2-y(x)^2))*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y - \arctan\left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}}\right) - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.529 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[(x-x*Sqrt[x^2-y[x]^2])*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - y(x)^2}}{y(x)}\right) + y(x) = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 5.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1975]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$2yx + (y - x^2)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(2*x*y(x)+(y(x)-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{x^2}{\text{LambertW}(-c_1 x^2)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.007 (sec). Leaf size: 285

`DSolve[2*x*y[x]+(y[x]-x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{\left(2 - \frac{2(x^3+2xy(x))}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}}\right) \left(\frac{x^3+2xy(x)}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}} + 2\right) \left(1 - \frac{x(x^2+2y(x))}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}}\right) \log\left(\frac{2 - \frac{2(x^3+2xy(x))}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \left(\frac{x^3+2xy(x)}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}}\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{2} \left(-\frac{(x^2+2y(x))^3}{(x^2-y(x))^3} + \frac{3(x^3+2xy(x))}{\sqrt[3]{x^3(x^2-y(x))}} - 2\right)} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$



## 5.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1976]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y - x(yx^2 - 1)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve(y(x)=x*(x^2*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x + \sqrt{x^2 - c_1}}{c_1 x}$$

$$y = -\frac{-x + \sqrt{x^2 - c_1}}{c_1 x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.509 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
DSolve[y[x]==x*(x^2*y[x]-1)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{1}{x^3}x^2}\sqrt{-x(x^2 + c_1)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{x^3 + \frac{\sqrt{-x(x^2+c_1)}}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{x^3}}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1977]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$e^x y' - 2y^2 x - y e^x = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(exp(x)*diff(y(x),x)=2*x*y(x)^2+exp(x)*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^x}{-x^2 + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.286 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[Exp[x]*y'[x]==2*x*y[x]^2+Exp[x]*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{e^x}{x^2 - c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 5.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1978]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational]`

$$(x^2 + y^2 + x) y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve((x^2+y(x)^2+x)*diff(y(x),x)=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 + \frac{e^{-2iy}(ix + y)}{2iy + 2x} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.099 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[(x^2+y[x]^2+x)*y'[x]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ y(x) - \arctan \left( \frac{x}{y(x)} \right) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 5.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1979]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(2x + 3yx^2) y' + y + 2y^2x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 412

`dsolve((2*x+3*x^2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+(y(x)+2*y(x)^2*x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \frac{\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6c_1x} \\
 &+ \frac{2c_1}{3x\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12c_1x} \\
 &- \frac{c_1}{3x\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6c_1x} - \frac{2c_1}{3x\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{2} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12c_1x} \\
 &- \frac{c_1}{3x\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} \\
 &+ \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6c_1x} - \frac{2c_1}{3x\left(\left(12\sqrt{-\frac{3(4c_1-27x)}{x}}x - 8c_1 + 108x\right)c_1^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 21.875 (sec). Leaf size: 380

`DSolve[(2*x+3*x^2*y[x])*y'[x]+(y[x]+2*y[x]^2*x)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + \frac{27c_1x^4}{2} - x^3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + 27c_1x^4 - 2x^3}}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( -\frac{2(1+i\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + \frac{27c_1x^4}{2} - x^3}} + \frac{i2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}+i)\sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + 27c_1x^4 - 2x^3}}{x^2} - \frac{4}{x} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{2i(\sqrt{3}+i)}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + \frac{27c_1x^4}{2} - x^3}} - \frac{2^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c_1x^7(-4+27c_1x)} + 27c_1x^4 - 2x^3}}{x^2} - \frac{4}{x} \right)$$

## 5.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1980]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class D'], _Bernoulli]`

$$2x^2yy' - 2y^2x = -e^x x^4$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(2*x^2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)+(x^4*exp(x)-2*x*y(x)^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{-e^x + c_1} x$$

$$y = -\sqrt{-e^x + c_1} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 7.23 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[2*x^2*y[x]*y'[x]+(x^4*Exp[x]-2*x*y[x]^2)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2(e^x - c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2(e^x - c_1)}$$

## 5.16 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1981]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y(1 - y^2x^4) + y'x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([y(x)*(1-x^4*y(x)^2)+x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 2x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.39 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[{y[x]*(1-x^4*y[x]^2)+x*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==-1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2(x^2 - 2)}}$$



## 5.17 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1982]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y(x^2 - 1) + x(x^2 + 1)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([y(x)*(x^2-1)+x*(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{4x}{x^2 + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{y[x]*(x^2-1)+x*(x^2+1)*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{4x}{x^2 + 1}$$

## 5.18 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1983]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$x^2y^2 - y + (2x^3y + x)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = -2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([(x^2*y(x)^2-y(x))+(2*x^3*y(x)+x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(2) = -2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{28x^3 + 1}}{2x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.648 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[{(x^2*y[x]^2-y[x])+(2*x^3*y[x]+x)*y'[x]==0,{y[2]==-2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}\sqrt{28x^3 + 1}x + 1}}{2x^2}$$

## 5.19 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1984]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.


**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, [_1st_order, ‘_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]’]]`

$$(x^2 + y^2 - 2y) y' = 2x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

 Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([(x^2+y(x)^2-2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=2*x,y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

 Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.159 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[{(x^2+y[x]^2-2*y[x])*y'[x]==2*x,{y[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}[x^2(-e^{-y(x)} - e^{-y(x)}y(x)^2 = -1, y(x)]$$

## 5.20 problem 24

Internal problem ID [1985]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)*y+H(x)]']]`

$$y - x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - y^2} - y'x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([(y(x)-x^2*sqrt(x^2-y(x)^2))-x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(y[x]-x^2*Sqrt[x^2-y[x]^2))-x*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

```
{}
```

## 5.21 problem 25

Internal problem ID [1986]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 9, page 38

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$y(x + y^2) + x(x - y^2) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.36 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve([y(x)*(x+y(x)^2)+x*(x-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(2) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \text{RootOf} \left( -3 \ln(x) + 4 \ln(2) - 4 \ln(5) + 4 \ln \left( \frac{-Z^2 + 3x}{x} \right) - 2 \ln \left( \frac{Z}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \right)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y[x]*(x+y[x]^2)+x*(x-y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[2]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

```
{}
```

## 6 Exercise 10, page 41

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## 6.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1987]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x + 2y = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\frac{x^4}{4} + c_1}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{c_1}{x^2}$$

## 6.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1988]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' - yx = e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)=exp(x^2/2)*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{\frac{x^2}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.067 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y'[x]-x*y[x]==Exp[x^2/2]*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} (\sin(x) + c_1)$$



### 6.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1989]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + 2yx = 2x e^{-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=2*x*exp(-x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (x^2 + c_1) e^{-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.056 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==2*x*Exp[-x^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x^2} (x^2 + c_1)$$

## 6.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1990]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' - y = 3e^x x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)+3*x^2*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (x^3 + c_1) e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]+3*x^2*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x (x^3 + c_1)$$

## 6.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1991]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$x' + x = e^{-y}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(x(y),y)+x(y)=exp(-y),x(y), singsol=all)
```

$$x(y) = e^{-y}(y + c_1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.069 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[x'[y]+x[y]==Exp[-y],x[y],y,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(y) \rightarrow e^{-y}(y + c_1)$$

## 6.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1992]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$yx' + (y + 1)x = e^y$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(y*diff(x(y),y)+(1+y)*x(y)=exp(y),x(y), singsol=all)
```

$$x(y) = \frac{\left(\frac{e^{2y}}{2} + c_1\right) e^{-y}}{y}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y*x'[y]+(1+y)*x[y]==Exp[-y],x[y],y,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(y) \rightarrow \frac{e^{-y}(y + c_1)}{y}$$

## 6.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1993]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (2x - 3y)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 341

`dsolve(y(x)+(2*x-3*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \frac{\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6} \\
 &+ \frac{2x^2}{3\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{x}{3} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12} \\
 &- \frac{x^2}{3\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{x}{3} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6} - \frac{2x^2}{3\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{2} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12} \\
 &- \frac{x^2}{3\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{x}{3} \\
 &+ \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6} - \frac{2x^2}{3\left(-108c_1 + 8x^3 + 12\sqrt{-12c_1x^3 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.066 (sec). Leaf size: 379

`DSolve[y[x]+(2*x-3*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( \sqrt[3]{x^3 + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - \frac{27e^{c_1}}{2}} + \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - \frac{27e^{c_1}}{2}}} + x \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( i2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3} + i) \sqrt[3]{2x^3 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - 27e^{c_1}} - \frac{2(1 + i\sqrt{3})x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - \frac{27e^{c_1}}{2}}} + 4x \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( -2^{2/3}(1 + i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{2x^3 + 3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - 27e^{c_1}} + \frac{2i(\sqrt{3} + i)x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{c_1}(-4x^3 + 27e^{c_1})} - \frac{27e^{c_1}}{2}}} + 4x \right)$$

## 6.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1994]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x - 2y = 2x^4$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-2*(x^4+y(x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (x^2 + c_1) x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-2*(x^4+y[x])==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(x^2 + c_1)$$



## 6.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1995]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_exponential_symmetries]]`

$$-(x + e^y)y' = -1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(1=(x+exp(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \text{LambertW}(x e^{c_1}) - c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[1==(x+Exp[y[x]])*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow W(e^{c_1}x) - c_1$$

## 6.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1996]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y^2 x' + (y^2 + 2y) x = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(y^2*diff(x(y),y)+(y^2+2*y)*x(y)=1,x(y), singsol=all)
```

$$x(y) = \frac{1}{y^2} + \frac{e^{-y}c_1}{y^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[y^2*x'[y]+(y^2+2*y)*x[y]==1,x[y],y,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(y) \rightarrow \frac{1 + c_1 e^{-y}}{y^2}$$

## 6.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1997]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x - 5y = 1 + x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)=5*y(x)+x+1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{5} + c_1x^5$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]==5*y[x]+x+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x^5 - \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{5}$$

## 6.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1998]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x^2 + y - 2yx = 2x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)+(y(x)-2*x*y(x)-2*x^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = 2x^2 + e^{\frac{1}{x}}c_1x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+(y[x]-2*x*y[x]-2*x^2)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2 \left( 2 + c_1 e^{\frac{1}{x}} \right)$$

## 6.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1999]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$(1+x)y' + 2y = \frac{e^x}{1+x}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve((x+1)*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=exp(x)/(1+x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^x + c_1}{(x+1)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.053 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[(x+1)*y'[x]+2*y[x]==Exp[x]/(1+x),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x + c_1}{(x+1)^2}$$

## 6.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2000]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]']]`

$$\cos(y)^2 + (x - \tan(y))y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(cos(y(x))^2+(x-tan(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \arctan(\text{LambertW}(-c_1 e^{-1-x}) + x + 1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.291 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[Cos[y[x]]^2+(x-Tan[y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arctan(W(c_1(-e^{-x-1})) + x + 1)$$

## 6.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2001]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$2y - (y^4 + x)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(2*y(x)=(y(x)^4+x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{y^4}{7} - \sqrt{y} c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.102 (sec). Leaf size: 257

```
DSolve[2*y[x]==(y[x]^4+x)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 1]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 2]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 3]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 4]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 5]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 6]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 7]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^8 - 14\#1^4x - 49\#1c_1^2 + 49x^2\&, 8]$$



## 6.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2002]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$\cos(\theta) r' - 2r \sin(\theta) = 2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(cos(theta)*diff(r(theta),theta)=2+2*r(theta)*sin(theta),r(theta), singsol=all)
```

$$r(\theta) = \frac{4 \sin(\theta) + 2c_1}{\cos(2\theta) + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[Cos[\[Theta]]*r'[\[Theta]]==2+2*r[\[Theta]]*Sin[\[Theta]],r[\[Theta]],\[Theta],Include
```

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow \sec^2(\theta)(2 \sin(\theta) + c_1)$$

## 6.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2003]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$r' \sin(\theta) + \tan(\theta) r = \cos(\theta) - 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(sin(theta)*diff(r(theta),theta)+1+r(theta)*tan(theta)=cos(theta),r(theta), singsol=all)
```

$$r(\theta) = \frac{2 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \theta + c_1}{\sec(\theta) + \tan(\theta)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.359 (sec). Leaf size: 171

```
DSolve[Sin[Theta]*r'[Theta]+1+r[Theta]*Tan[Theta]==Cos[Theta],r[Theta],{Theta}]
```

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^{-\coth^{-1}(\sin(\theta))} \left( - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\cot^2(\theta)} \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{\sin^2(\theta)}-1)(\sqrt{\cos(2\theta)}-1) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos^2(\theta)}}{\sqrt{-\sin^2(\theta)}(\csc(\theta)-1)}\right) + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sin^2(\theta)} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos(2\theta)}+1-\sqrt{\cos^2(\theta)}}{\sqrt{\cos^2(\theta)}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sin^2(\theta)}(\csc(\theta)-1)} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos^2(\theta)}} + 4c_1 \right)$$

## 6.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2004]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$yx' - x(3y + 2) = 2ye^{3y}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(y*diff(x(y),y)=2*y*exp(3*y)+x(y)*(3*y+2),x(y), singsol=all)
```

$$x(y) = \left(-\frac{2}{y} + c_1\right) e^{3y} y^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y*x'[y]==2*y*Exp[3*y]+x[y]*(3*y+2),x[y],y,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(y) \rightarrow e^{3y} y(-2 + c_1 y)$$

## 6.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2005]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact, \_rational, [\_1st\_order, ‘\_with\_symmetry\_[F(x)\*G(y),0]

$$y^2 + (2yx - y^2) y' = -1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 137

```
dsolve([(y(x)^2+1)+(2*x*y(x)-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-4 + 12x + 8x^3 + 4\sqrt{12x^4 - 4x^3 + 9x^2 - 6x + 1})^{\frac{1}{3}} (i\sqrt{3} - 1)}{4} - \frac{\left( ix\sqrt{3} + x - (-4 + 12x + 8x^3 + 4\sqrt{12x^4 - 4x^3 + 9x^2 - 6x + 1})^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) x}{(-4 + 12x + 8x^3 + 4\sqrt{12x^4 - 4x^3 + 9x^2 - 6x + 1})^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.803 (sec). Leaf size: 100

```
DSolve[{(y[x]^2+1)+(2*x*y[x]-y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==-1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}x^2}{\sqrt[3]{-2x^3 + \sqrt{12x^4 - 4x^3 + 9x^2 - 6x + 1} - 3x + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{-2x^3 + \sqrt{12x^4 - 4x^3 + 9x^2 - 6x + 1} - 3x + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} + x$$

## 6.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2006]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \cot(x) = \sec(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+(y(x)*cot(x)-sec(x))=0,y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+(y[x]*Cot[x]-Sec[x])==0,{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 6.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2007]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, [_1st_order, ‘_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]’]]`

$$y + y^3 + 4(y^2x - 1)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve([(y(x)+y(x)^3)+4*(x*y(x)^2-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{\text{RootOf}(-x e^{4-Z} - 2x e^{2-Z} + 2e^{2-Z} + 4_Z - x - 2)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.207 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[{(y[x]+y[x]^3)+4*(x*y[x]^2-1)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[x = \frac{2y(x)^2 + 4 \log(y(x))}{(y(x)^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{2}{(y(x)^2 + 1)^2}, y(x)\right]$$

## 6.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2008]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$2y - yx + y'x = 3$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([(2*y(x)-x*y(x)-3)+x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-3x - 3 + 7e^{x-1}}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{(2*y[x]-x*y[x]-3)+x*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{7e^x - 3e(x+1)}{ex^2}$$



## 6.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2009]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$y + 2(x - 2y^2)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve([y(x)+2*(x-2*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(2) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{-2\sqrt{x^2 - 4} + 2x}}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{x^2 - 4} + 2x}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.237 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[{y[x]+2*(x-2*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[2]==-1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x - \sqrt{x^2 - 4}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 - 4} + x}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

## 6.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2010]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 10, page 41

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$(x^2 - 1) y' + 4y = -(x^2 - 1)^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -6]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve([(x^2-1)*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2-1)^2+4*y(x)=0,y(0) = -6],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\left(-\frac{x^3}{3} + 2x^2 - 7x + 8 \ln(x + 1) - 6\right) (x + 1)^4}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[{(x^2-1)*y'[x]+(x^2-1)^2+4*y[x]==0,{y[0]==-6}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{(x + 1)^2 (x^3 - 6x^2 + 21x - 24 \log(x + 1) + 18)}{3(x - 1)^2}$$

## 7 Exercise 11, page 45

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## 7.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2011]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$3y^2y' - xy^3 = e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \cos(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 144

```
dsolve(3*y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)^3=exp(x^2/2)*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{-x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y = -\frac{e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{-x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3} e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{-x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{-x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3} e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( (\sin(x) + c_1) e^{-x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.426 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
DSolve[3*y[x]^2*y'[x]-x*y[x]^3==Exp[x^2/2]*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{\frac{x^2}{6}} \sqrt[3]{\sin(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{-1} e^{\frac{x^2}{6}} \sqrt[3]{\sin(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow (-1)^{2/3} e^{\frac{x^2}{6}} \sqrt[3]{\sin(x) + c_1}$$

## 7.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2012]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$y^3 y' + y^4 x = x e^{-x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 114

```
dsolve(y(x)^3*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)^4=x*exp(-x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-x^2} \left( \left( 2e^{x^2} + c_1 \right) e^{2x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$y = -e^{-x^2} \left( \left( 2e^{x^2} + c_1 \right) e^{2x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$y = -ie^{-x^2} \left( \left( 2e^{x^2} + c_1 \right) e^{2x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$y = ie^{-x^2} \left( \left( 2e^{x^2} + c_1 \right) e^{2x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y[x]^4*y'[x]+x*y[x]^4==x*Exp[-x^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

### 7.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2013]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$\cosh(y) y' + \sinh(y) = e^{-x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(cosh(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+(sinh(y(x))-exp(-x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\operatorname{arcsinh}((c_1 - x)e^{-x})$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 14.919 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[Cosh[y[x]]*y'[x]+(Sinh[y[x]]-Exp[-x])==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \operatorname{arcsinh}(e^{-x}(x + c_1))$$



## 7.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2014]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y)$ ]

$$\sin(\theta)\theta' + \cos(\theta) = te^{-t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(sin(theta(t))*diff(theta(t),t)+(cos(theta(t))-t*exp(-t) )=0,theta(t), singsol=all)
```

$$\theta(t) = \arccos\left(\frac{(4c_1e^{2t} + 2t + 1)e^{-t}}{4}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 21.418 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[Sin[\[Theta][t]]*\[Theta]'[t]+(Cos[\[Theta][t]]-t*Exp[-t] )==0,\[Theta][t],t,IncludeS
```

$$\theta(t) \rightarrow -\arccos\left(\frac{1}{4}e^{-t}(2t + 4c_1e^{2t} + 1)\right)$$

$$\theta(t) \rightarrow \arccos\left(\frac{1}{4}e^{-t}(2t + 4c_1e^{2t} + 1)\right)$$

## 7.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2015]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'yx + y^2 = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=(x^2-y(x)^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{2x^4 + 4c_1}}{2x}$$

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{2x^4 + 4c_1}}{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.21 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
DSolve[x*y[x]*y'[x]==(x^2-y[x]^2),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^4}{2} + c_1}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^4}{2} + c_1}}{x}$$

## 7.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2016]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$y' - yx - \sqrt{y} x e^{x^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)=sqrt(y(x))*x*exp(x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\sqrt{y} - \frac{e^{x^2}}{3} - e^{\frac{x^2}{4}} c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.307 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y'[x]-x*y[x]==Sqrt[y[x]]*x*Exp[x^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} e^{\frac{x^2}{2}} \left( e^{\frac{3x^2}{4}} + 3c_1 \right)^2$$

## 7.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2017]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$tx' + x(1 - x^2t^4) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(t*diff(x(t),t)+x(t)*(1-x(t)^2*t^4)=0,x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-t^2 + c_1 t}}$$
$$x(t) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-t^2 + c_1 t}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.37 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[t*x'[t]+x[t]*(1-x[t]^2*t^4)==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-t^4 + c_1 t^2}}$$
$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{-t^4 + c_1 t^2}}$$
$$x(t) \rightarrow 0$$

## 7.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2018]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'x^2 + y^2 - yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)^2=x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x}{\ln(x) + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.134 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+y[x]^2==x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{\log(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 7.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2019]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$\csc(y) \cot(y) y' - \csc(y) = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(csc(y(x))*cot(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=(csc(y(x))+exp(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\operatorname{arccsc}\left(\frac{(e^{2x} - 2c_1)e^{-x}}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.115 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[Csc[y[x]]*Cot[y[x]]*y'[x]==(Csc[y[x]]+Exp[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\operatorname{csc}^{-1}\left(\frac{e^x}{2} - c_1 e^{-x}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 7.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2020]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - yx - \frac{x}{y} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)=x/y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{e^{x^2} c_1 - 1}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{e^{x^2} c_1 - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.967 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y'[x]-x*y[x]==x/y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-1 + e^{x^2+2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-1 + e^{x^2+2c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

## 7.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2021]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$y'x + y - y^2x^2 \cos(x) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=y(x)^2*x^2*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{1}{(\sin(x) - c_1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.177 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+y[x]==y[x]^2*x^2*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{-x \sin(x) + c_1 x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 7.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2022]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$r' + \left(r - \frac{1}{r}\right)\theta = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(r(theta),theta)+(r(theta)-1/r(theta))*theta=0,r(theta), singsol=all)
```

$$r(\theta) = \sqrt{e^{-\theta^2} c_1 + 1}$$

$$r(\theta) = -\sqrt{e^{-\theta^2} c_1 + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.969 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[r' [\Theta]+(r [\Theta]-1/r [\Theta])*\Theta==0,r [\Theta]], \Theta, IncludeSing
```

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow -\sqrt{1 + e^{-\theta^2+2c_1}}$$

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow \sqrt{1 + e^{-\theta^2+2c_1}}$$

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow -1$$

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow 1$$

## 7.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2023]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'x + 2y - 3x^3y^{\frac{4}{3}} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=3*x^3*y(x)^(4/3),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{1}{y^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3x^3}{7} - x^{\frac{2}{3}}c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.159 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==3*x^3*y[x]^(4/3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{343}{x^2(3x^{7/3} - 7c_1)^3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 7.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2024]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$3y' + \frac{2y}{1+x} - \frac{x}{y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 240

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)/(x+1)=x/y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\left((54x^4 + 144x^3 + 108x^2 + 216c_1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x^2 + 12x + 6}$$
$$y = -\frac{\left((54x^4 + 144x^3 + 108x^2 + 216c_1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12(x^2 + 2x + 1)}$$
$$- \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left((54x^4 + 144x^3 + 108x^2 + 216c_1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12(x^2 + 2x + 1)}$$
$$y = -\frac{\left((54x^4 + 144x^3 + 108x^2 + 216c_1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12(x^2 + 2x + 1)}$$
$$+ \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left((54x^4 + 144x^3 + 108x^2 + 216c_1)(x^2 + 2x + 1)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x^2 + 24x + 12}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.9 (sec). Leaf size: 144

```
DSolve[3*y'[x]+2*y[x]/(x+1)==x/y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 12c_1}{(x+1)^2}}}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 12c_1}{(x+1)^2}}}{2^{2/3}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 12c_1}{(x+1)^2}}}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}}$$

## 7.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2025]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$\cos(y) y' + (\sin(y) - 1) \cos(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(cos(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+(sin(y(x))-1)*cos(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \arcsin\left(\frac{e^{-\sin(x)} + c_1}{c_1}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.309 (sec). Leaf size: 225

```
DSolve[Cos[y[x]]*y'[x]+(Sin[y[x]]-1)*Cos[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2 \arccos \left( -\frac{1}{8} e^{-\sin(x)} \left( c_1 e^{\frac{\sin(x)}{2}} + \sqrt{e^{\sin(x)} (32e^{\sin(x)} - c_1^2)} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 \arccos \left( -\frac{1}{8} e^{-\sin(x)} \left( c_1 e^{\frac{\sin(x)}{2}} + \sqrt{e^{\sin(x)} (32e^{\sin(x)} - c_1^2)} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2 \arccos \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{-\sin(x)} \left( \sqrt{e^{\sin(x)} (32e^{\sin(x)} - c_1^2)} - c_1 e^{\frac{\sin(x)}{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 \arccos \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{-\sin(x)} \left( \sqrt{e^{\sin(x)} (32e^{\sin(x)} - c_1^2)} - c_1 e^{\frac{\sin(x)}{2}} \right) \right)$$

## 7.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2026]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$(x \tan(y)^2 - x) y' - \tan(y) = 2x^2$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve((x*tan(y(x))^2-x)*diff(y(x),x)=(2*x^2+tan(y(x))),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[(x*Tan[y[x]]^2-x)*y'[x]==(2*x^2+Tan[y[x]]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 7.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2027]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$y' + y \cos(x) - y^3 \sin(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 96

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*cos(x)=y(x)^3*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{-(-c_1 + 2 \int e^{-2 \sin(x)} \sin(x) dx)) e^{-2 \sin(x)}}{-c_1 + 2 \int e^{-2 \sin(x)} \sin(x) dx}$$
$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{-(-c_1 + 2 \int e^{-2 \sin(x)} \sin(x) dx)) e^{-2 \sin(x)}}{-c_1 + 2 \int e^{-2 \sin(x)} \sin(x) dx}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 10.83 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]*Cos[x]==y[x]^3*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{e^{2\sin(x)} \left(-2 \int_1^x e^{-2\sin(K[1])} \sin(K[1]) dK[1] + c_1\right)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^{2\sin(x)} \left(-2 \int_1^x e^{-2\sin(K[1])} \sin(K[1]) dK[1] + c_1\right)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 7.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2028]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Bernoulli]`

$$y' + y - y^2 e^{-t} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=y(t)^2*exp(-t),y(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2e^t$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.281 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+y[t]==y[t]^2*Exp[-t],{y[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2e^t$$

## 7.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2029]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(y)]']]`

$$y' - x(1 - e^{-x^2+2y}) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=x*(1-exp(2*y(x)-x^2)),y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2 + 1)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.5 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==x*(1-Exp[2*y[x]-x^2]),{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - \log(x^2 + 1))$$

## 7.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2030]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$2y - (x^2y^4 + x)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.906 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve([2*y(x)=(x^2*y(x)^4+x)*diff(y(x),x),y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{100x^2}{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^9 - 100000000x^9 - 9\_Z^8)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.207 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[{2*y[x]==(x^2*y[x]^4+x)*y'[x],{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Root}[\#1^9x^2 + 18\#1^5x + 81\#1 - 100x^2\&, 1]$$

## 7.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2031]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]']]`

$$xy(1 + y^2x) y' = -1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.219 (sec). Leaf size: 66

```
dsolve([1+x*y(x)*(1+x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{-2 \left( \text{LambertW} \left( -1, -\frac{3e^{-\frac{2x+1}{2x}}}{2} \right) x + x + \frac{1}{2} \right) x}}{x}$$
$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{-2 \left( \text{LambertW} \left( -1, -\frac{3e^{-\frac{2x+1}{2x}}}{2} \right) x + x + \frac{1}{2} \right) x}}{x}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{1+x*y[x]*(1+x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

{}

## 7.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2032]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 11, page 45

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$(-x^2 + 1)y' + yx - x(-x^2 + 1)\sqrt{y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.343 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve([(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)=x*(1-x^2)*sqrt(y(x)),y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left(\frac{4}{9} - \frac{4i}{9}\right) (x-1)^{\frac{5}{4}} (x+1)^{\frac{5}{4}} \sqrt{2} + \frac{x^4}{9} - \frac{16i\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}}{9} - \frac{2x^2}{9} + \frac{1}{9}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.228 (sec). Leaf size: 130

```
DSolve[{(1-x^2)*y'[x]+x*y[x]==x*(1-x^2)*Sqrt[y[x]],{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} \left( x^4 + \left( 4(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{x^2-1} - 2 \right) x^2 - 4i\sqrt{x^2-1} - 4(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{x^2-1} + 1 \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} \left( x^4 - 2 \left( 4(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{x^2-1} + 1 \right) x^2 - 16i\sqrt{x^2-1} + 8(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{x^2-1} + 1 \right)$$

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8.48	problem 51	255
8.49	problem 52	256
8.50	problem 53	257
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8.53	problem 56	260
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## 8.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2033]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(1 - x)y' - y = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((1-x)*diff(y(x),x)-(1+y(x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{c_1 - x}{x - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[(1-x)*y'[x]-(1+y[x])=0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x + c_1}{1 - x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 8.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2034]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y^2 + (yx + x^2)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve(y(x)^2+(x*y(x)+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1 + \sqrt{c_1 x^2 + 1}}{c_1 x}$$

$$y = -\frac{-1 + \sqrt{c_1 x^2 + 1}}{c_1 x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.48 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[y[x]^2+(x*y[x]+x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{2c_1} - \sqrt{e^{2c_1}(x^2 + e^{2c_1})}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{e^{2c_1}(x^2 + e^{2c_1})} + e^{2c_1}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

### 8.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2035]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y - (x - 2y)y' = -2x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve((2*x+y(x))-(x-2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \ln \left( \frac{1}{\cos(\_Z)^2} \right) - \_Z + 2 \ln(x) + 2c_1 \right) \right) x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[(2*x+y[x])-(x-2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \log \left( \frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1 \right) - \arctan \left( \frac{y(x)}{x} \right) = -2 \log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 8.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2036]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$x \ln(x) y' + y = x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(x*ln(x)*diff(y(x),x)+(y(x)-x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x + c_1}{\ln(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[x*Log[x]*y'[x]+(y[x]-x)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x + c_1}{\log(x)}$$

## 8.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2037]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-2y + (y - 2)y' = -x - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.578 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve((x-2*y(x)+1)+(y(x)-2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = 2 + \frac{(-3 + x)(\text{LambertW}(-c_1(-3 + x)) + 1)}{\text{LambertW}(-c_1(-3 + x))}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.773 (sec). Leaf size: 135

```
DSolve[(x-2*y[x]+1)+(y[x]-2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{2^{2/3} \left( x \log \left( \frac{x-3}{y(x)-2} \right) - \log \left( \frac{3(x-3)}{y(x)-2} \right) - x \log \left( \frac{y(x)-x+1}{y(x)-2} \right) + \log \left( \frac{y(x)-x+1}{y(x)-2} \right) + y(x) \left( -\log \left( \frac{x-3}{y(x)-2} \right) + \log \left( \frac{y(x)-x+1}{y(x)-2} \right) \right) \right)}{9(-y(x) + x - 1)} \right]$$

## 8.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2038]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_exact`, `_rational`]

$$2yx - 2xy^3 + (x^2 + y^2 - 3x^2y^2) y' = -x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 847

`dsolve((2*x*y(x)-2*x*y(x)^3+x^3)+(x^2+y(x)^2-3*x^2*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x^2 - 2} \\
 &+ \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2} \\
 y &= - \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4(3x^2 - 1)} \\
 &- \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x^2 - 2} - \frac{2x^4}{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \\
 y &= - \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4(3x^2 - 1)} \\
 &- \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x^2 - 2} - \frac{2x^4}{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \\
 &+ \frac{\left( \left( 3x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 216c_1x^6 - 64x^6 - 72c_1x^4 + 432c_1^2x^2 - 144c_1^2}{3x^2 - 1}} + 12c_1 \right) (3x^2 - 1)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 36.799 (sec). Leaf size: 723

`DSolve[(2*x*y[x]-2*x*y[x]^3+x^3)+(x^2+y[x]^2-3*x^2*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{12x^4 - 4x^2 + \left(27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1)}\right)}{2(3x^2 - 1) \sqrt[3]{27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1}}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-12i(\sqrt{3} - i)x^4 + (4 + 4i\sqrt{3})x^2 + i(\sqrt{3} + i)\left(27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1)}\right)}{4(3x^2 - 1) \sqrt[3]{27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1}}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{12i(\sqrt{3} + i)x^4 + (4 - 4i\sqrt{3})x^2 - i(\sqrt{3} - i)\left(27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1)}\right)}{4(3x^2 - 1) \sqrt[3]{27x^8 - 18x^6 + 3(1 + 36c_1)x^4 - 72c_1x^2 + \sqrt{(3x^2 - 1)^3(27x^{10} - 9x^8 + 8(-8 + 27c_1)x^6 - 8(8 + 27c_1)x^4 - 3(1 + 36c_1)x^2 + 1}}}}$$



## 8.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2039]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2e^x + te^x x' = t^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((2*exp(x(t))-t^2)+(t*exp(x(t)))*diff(x(t),t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \ln\left(\frac{t^4 + c_1}{4t^2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.926 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[(2*Exp[x[t]]-t^2)+(t*Exp[x[t]])*x'[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \log\left(\frac{t^2}{4} + \frac{c_1}{t^2}\right)$$

## 8.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2040]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$2y - y'yx = -6$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(2*(y(x)+3)=x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-1-\frac{2c_1}{3}}}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - 1 - \frac{2c_1}{3} - \frac{2\ln(x)}{3}} - 3$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 20.439 (sec). Leaf size: 106

```
DSolve[2*(y[x]+3)==x*y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 \left( 1 + W \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-3-c_1}}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 \left( 1 + W \left( -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{-1} \sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-3-c_1}}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 \left( 1 + W \left( \frac{1}{3} (-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-3-c_1}}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3$$

## 8.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2041]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-3y - (3y - x + 2)y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((x-3*y(x))=(3*y(x)-x+2)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x}{3} + \frac{\text{LambertW}\left(\frac{e^{-\frac{8x}{3}} e^{\frac{1}{3}c_1}}{3}\right)}{2} - \frac{1}{6}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.689 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[(x-3*y[x])==(3*y[x]-x+2)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( 3W \left( -e^{-\frac{8x}{3}-1+c_1} \right) + 2x - 1 \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} (2x - 1)$$

## 8.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2042]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$y \sin(x) - 2 \cos(y) - (\cos(x) - 2 \sin(y)x + \sin(y))y' = -\tan(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve((y(x)*sin(x)-2*cos(y(x))+tan(x))-(cos(x)-2*x*sin(y(x))+sin(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x),I
```

$$-y \cos(x) - 2x \cos(y) - \ln(\cos(x)) + \cos(y) + c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.673 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Sin[x]-2*Cos[y[x]]+Tan[x])-(Cos[x]-2*x*SIN[y[x]]+Sin[y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,I
```

$$\text{Solve}[4x \cos(y(x)) - 2 \cos(y(x)) + 2y(x) \cos(x) + 2 \log(\cos(x)) = c_1, y(x)]$$

## 8.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2043]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$yx^2 - (x^3 + y^3)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve((x^2*y(x))-(x^3+y(x)^3)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left( \frac{1}{\text{LambertW}(c_1 x^3)} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 7.211 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[(x^2*y[x])-(x^3+y[x]^3)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{W(e^{-3c_1} x^3)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}x}{\sqrt[3]{W(e^{-3c_1} x^3)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}x}{\sqrt[3]{W(e^{-3c_1} x^3)}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 8.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2044]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$-y'x + y - 2y^2 - 2y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(y(x)-x*diff(y(x),x)=2*(y(x)^2+diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x + 2}{2x + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.39 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y[x]-x*y'[x]==2*(y[x]^2+y'[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x + 2}{2x + 4 + e^{c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

## 8.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2045]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\tan(y) - (3x + 4)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(tan(y(x))=(3*x+4)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \arcsin\left((3x + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 23.059 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[Tan[y[x]]==(3*x+4)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arcsin\left(e^{c_1} \sqrt[3]{3x + 4}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 8.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2046]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)*y+H(x)]]'`

$$y' + y \ln(y) \tan(x) - 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 1.11 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*ln(y(x))*tan(x)=2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left( -\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x) - 1} \right)^{2 \cos(x)} e^{c_1 \cos(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.002 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]*Log[y[x]]*Tan[x]==2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{2 \cos(x) (\coth^{-1}(\sin(x)) + c_1)}$$



## 8.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2047]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$2yx + y^4 + (xy^3 - 2x^2)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 420

`dsolve((2*x*y(x)+y(x)^4)+(x*y(x)^3-2*x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= \frac{\left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} \\
 &+ \frac{2c_1^2}{3x \left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{c_1}{3x} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} \\
 &- \frac{c_1^2}{3x \left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{c_1}{3x} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} - \frac{2c_1^2}{3x \left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \\
 y &= -\frac{\left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} \\
 &- \frac{c_1^2}{3x \left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{c_1}{3x} \\
 &+ \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} - \frac{2c_1^2}{3x \left(-108x^4 + 8c_1^3 + 12\sqrt{81x^4 - 12c_1^3 x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 12.491 (sec). Leaf size: 371

`DSolve[(2*x*y[x]+y[x]^4)+(x*y[x]^3-2*x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$y(x) \rightarrow$

$$\frac{\frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}c_1^2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3}} + 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3} + 2c_1}{6x}$$

$y(x)$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}(1+i\sqrt{3})c_1^2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3}} + 2^{2/3}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3} - 4c_1}{12x}$$

$y(x)$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\frac{2^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})c_1^2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3}} + 2^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{27x^4 + 3\sqrt{81x^8 + 12c_1^3x^4} + 2c_1^3} - 4c_1}{12x}$$

$y(x) \rightarrow 0$

## 8.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2048]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (3x - 2y)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve((y(x))+(3*x-2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{y}{2} - \frac{c_1}{y^3} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.08 (sec). Leaf size: 1509

`DSolve[(y[x])+(3*x-2*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}} - \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{x}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}} - \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{x}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{x}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}{3^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} e^{2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{81e^{4c_1}x^4 - 48e^{6c_1}} + 9e^{2c_1}x^2}}}$$

## 8.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2049]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$r' - r \cot(\theta) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve(diff(r(theta),theta)=r(theta)*cot(theta),r(theta), singsol=all)
```

$$r(\theta) = c_1 \sin(\theta)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[r'[\[Theta]]==r[\[Theta]]*Cot[\[Theta]],r[\[Theta]],\[Theta],IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow c_1 \sin(\theta)$$

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow 0$$

## 8.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2050]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(3x + 4y)y' + y = -2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve((3*x+4*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+(y(x)+2*x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x \left( \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \ln \left( \frac{1}{2 \cos(-Z)^2} \right) + -Z + 2 \ln(x) + 2c_1 \right) \right) - 1 \right)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[(3*x+4*y[x])*y'[x]+(y[x]+2*x)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \arctan \left( \frac{2y(x)}{x} + 1 \right) + \log \left( \frac{2y(x)^2}{x^2} + \frac{2y(x)}{x} + 1 \right) = -2 \log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 8.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2051]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$-y^3 + 3y'y^2x = -2x^3 + 3x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 108

```
dsolve((2*x^3-y(x)^3-3*x)+(3*x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (-x^3 + 3x \ln(x) + c_1x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
$$y = -\frac{(-x^3 + 3x \ln(x) + c_1x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-x^3 + 3x \ln(x) + c_1x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$
$$y = -\frac{(-x^3 + 3x \ln(x) + c_1x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-x^3 + 3x \ln(x) + c_1x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.354 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[(2*x^3-y[x]^3-3*x)+(3*x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{x(-x^2 + 3 \log(x) + c_1)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{-1} \sqrt[3]{x(-x^2 + 3 \log(x) + c_1)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow (-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{x(-x^2 + 3 \log(x) + c_1)}$$



## 8.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2052]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y'x - y - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)-sqrt(x^2+y(x)^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{y}{x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{x^2} - c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.349 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]-Sqrt[x^2+y[x]^2]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-1 + e^{2c_1}x^2)$$

## 8.21 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2053]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - \cos(x)^2 \cos(y) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=cos(y(x))*cos(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \arctan \left( \frac{c_1^2 e^{x + \frac{\sin(2x)}{2}} - 1}{c_1^2 e^{x + \frac{\sin(2x)}{2}} + 1}, \frac{2c_1 e^{\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin(2x)}{4}}}{c_1^2 e^{x + \frac{\sin(2x)}{2}} + 1} \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.942 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y'[x]==Cos[y[x]]*Cos[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 \arctan \left( \tanh \left( \frac{1}{8} (2x + \sin(2x) + c_1) \right) \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 8.22 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2054]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (2x + 3y - 1)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.141 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve((x+y(x))+(2*x+3*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(x+1) \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \sqrt{3} \ln \left( \frac{(x+1)^2}{4} + \frac{\tan(-Z)^2 (x+1)^2}{4} \right) + 2\sqrt{3} c_1 + 2_{-Z} \right) \right)}{6} - \frac{x}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.104 (sec). Leaf size: 73

```
DSolve[(x+y[x])+(2*x+3*y[x]-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}(y(x)-1)}{3y(x)+2x-1} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \frac{3(x^2 + 3y(x)^2 + 3(x-1)y(x) - x + 1)}{(x+1)^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \log(x+1) + c_1 = 0, y(x) \right]$$

## 8.23 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2055]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _exact, _dAlembert]`

$$e^{\frac{x}{y}} + e^{\frac{x}{y}} \left(1 - \frac{x}{y}\right) y' = -1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve((1+exp(x/y(x)))+( exp(x/y(x))*(1-x/y(x)) )*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{x}{\text{LambertW}\left(\frac{xc_1}{c_1x-1}\right)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.251 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[(1+Exp[x/y[x]])+( Exp[x/y[x]]*(1-x/y[x]) )*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{W\left(\frac{x}{x-e^{c_1}}\right)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{W(1)}$$

## 8.24 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2056]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \cot(x) = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)*cot(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-\sin(x) + x \cos(x) + c_1}{\sin(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.058 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y'[x]+x*y[x]*Cot[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x \cot(x) + c_1 \csc(x) - 1$$

## 8.25 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2057]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$-y'yx = -3x + 6$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(3*(x-2)=x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{-12 \ln(x) + c_1 + 6x}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{-12 \ln(x) + c_1 + 6x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.073 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[3*(x-2)==x*y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x - 6 \log(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{3x - 6 \log(x) + c_1}$$

## 8.26 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2058]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$-2yx + e^y + (y - x^2 + x e^y) y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve((x-2*x*y(x)+exp(y(x)))+(y(x)-x^2+x*exp(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-yx^2 + x e^y + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.306 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[(x-2*x*y[x]+Exp[y[x]])+(y[x]-x^2+x*Exp[y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[x^2(-y(x)) + \frac{x^2}{2} + x e^{y(x)} + \frac{y(x)^2}{2} = c_1, y(x)\right]$$



## 8.27 problem 28

Internal problem ID [2059]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$2y'x - y + \frac{x^2}{y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 93

```
dsolve(2*x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)+x^2/y(x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}c_1 - 3x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y = -\frac{\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}c_1 - 3x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}c_1 - 3x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}c_1 - 3x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}c_1 - 3x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.57 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[2*x*y'[x]-y[x]+x^2/y[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{-3x^2 + c_1x^{3/2}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{-3x^2 + c_1x^{3/2}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow (-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-3x^2 + c_1x^{3/2}}$$

## 8.28 problem 29

Internal problem ID [2060]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y'x + y(y^2 + 1) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*(y(x)^2+1)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{c_1x^2 - 1}}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{c_1x^2 - 1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.438 (sec). Leaf size: 76

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+y[x]*(y[x]^2+1)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{ie^{c_1}}{\sqrt{-x^2 + e^{2c_1}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{ie^{c_1}}{\sqrt{-x^2 + e^{2c_1}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

## 8.29 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2061]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} y + yx - y'x^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(y(x)*sqrt(x^2+y(x)^2)+x*y(x)=x^2*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$-c_1 + \frac{x(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + x)}{y} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.295 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[y[x]*Sqrt[x^2+y[x]^2]+x*y[x]==x^2*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x\sqrt{-\operatorname{sech}^2(\log(x) + c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x\sqrt{-\operatorname{sech}^2(\log(x) + c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

### 8.30 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2062]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$3e^x \tan(y) - (1 - e^x) \sec(y)^2 y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 144

```
dsolve(3*exp(x)*tan(y(x))=(1-exp(x))*sec(y(x))^2*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2c_1(e^{3x}-3e^{2x}+3e^x-1)}{e^{6x}-6e^{5x}+15e^{4x}-20e^{3x}+15e^{2x}+c_1^2-6e^x+1}, \frac{e^{6x}-6e^{5x}+15e^{4x}-20e^{3x}+15e^{2x}-c_1^2-6e^x+1}{e^{6x}-6e^{5x}+15e^{4x}-20e^{3x}+15e^{2x}+c_1^2-6e^x+1}\right)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.19 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[3*Exp[x]*Tan[y[x]]==(1-Exp[x])*Sec[y[x]]^2*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \arccos(-\tanh(-3 \log(2 - 2e^x) + 2c_1))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \arccos(-\tanh(-3 \log(2 - 2e^x) + 2c_1))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 8.31 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2063]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46


**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$\sec(y)^2 y' - \tan(y) = 2e^x x$$

 Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(sec(y(x))^2*diff(y(x),x)=tan(y(x))+2*x*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

 Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 10.872 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[Sec[y[x]]^2*y'[x]==Tan[y[x]]+2*x*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arctan(e^x(x^2 + 2c_1))$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}\pi e^{-x}\sqrt{e^{2x}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}\pi e^{-x}\sqrt{e^{2x}}$$

## 8.32 problem 33

Internal problem ID [2064]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$2x \tan(y) + 3y^2 + (x^2 \sec(y)^2 + 6yx - y^2) y' = -x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve((2*x*tan(y(x))+3*y(x)^2+x^2)+(x^2*sec(y(x))^2+6*x*y(x)-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), s
```

$$\tan(y) x^2 + \frac{x^3}{3} + 3xy^2 - \frac{y^3}{3} + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.443 (sec). Leaf size: 87

```
DSolve[(2*x*Tan[y[x]]+3*y[x]^2+x^2)+(x^2*Sec[y[x]]^2+6*x*y[x]-y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,Includ
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sec^2(y(x)) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \cos(2y(x)) \sec^2(y(x)) + x^2 \sin(2y(x)) \sec^2(y(x)) \\ & - \frac{2y(x)^3}{3} + 3xy(x)^2 \sec^2(y(x)) + 3xy(x)^2 \cos(2y(x)) \sec^2(y(x)) = c_1, y(x) \end{aligned} \right]$$



### 8.33 problem 35

Internal problem ID [2065]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 35.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$y \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) - \left(y + x \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)\right) y' = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((y(x)*cos(x/y(x)))-(y(x)+x*cos(x/y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x}{\text{RootOf}\left(\frac{-Z e^{\sin(-Z)}}{c_1} - x\right)}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.185 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Cos[x/y[x]])-(y[x]+x*Cos[x/y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\log\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{y(x)}\right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 8.34 problem 36

Internal problem ID [2066]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 36.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y(3x^2 + y) - x(x^2 - y)y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(y(x)*(3*x^2+y(x))-x*(x^2-y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{x^2 \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \_Z^4 c_1 - \_Z c_1 + 3x \right)^3 - 1 \right)}{3 \text{RootOf} \left( \_Z^4 c_1 - \_Z c_1 + 3x \right)^3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.121 (sec). Leaf size: 1665

```
DSolve[y[x]*(3*x^2+y[x])-x*(x^2-y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 8.35 problem 37

Internal problem ID [2067]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 37.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(2x + 3y + 2)y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.657 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
dsolve(x+(2*x+3*y(x)+2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{2} x \tan(\text{RootOf}(\sqrt{2} \ln(6x^2 + 6 \tan(\_Z)^2 x^2) + 2\sqrt{2} c_1 + 2\_Z))}{3} - \frac{x}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.118 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[x+(2*x+3*y[x]+2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[2\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{-3y(x) + x - 2}{\sqrt{2}(3y(x) + 2x + 2)}\right) = 2 \log\left(\frac{3x^2 + 9y(x)^2 + 6(x + 2)y(x) + 4x + 4}{3x^2}\right) + 4 \log(x) + 3c_1, y(x)\right]$$

## 8.36 problem 38

Internal problem ID [2068]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 38.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'x - 5y - x\sqrt{y} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-(5*y(x)+x*sqrt(y(x)))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\sqrt{y} + \frac{x}{3} - x^{\frac{5}{2}}c_1 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.153 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-(5*y[x]+x*Sqrt[y[x]])==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9}x^2(1 - 3c_1x^{3/2})^2$$

## 8.37 problem 39

Internal problem ID [2069]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 39.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x\sqrt{1-y} - \sqrt{-x^2+1}y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([x*sqrt(1-y(x))-sqrt(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.231 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[{x*Sqrt[1-y[x]]-Sqrt[1-x^2]*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( x^2 - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} + 2 \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( x^2 + 6\sqrt{1-x^2} - 6 \right)$$

## 8.38 problem 40

Internal problem ID [2070]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 40.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$yx - y^2 - y'x^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([(x*y(x)-y(x)^2)-x^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x}{\ln(x) + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.137 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{(x*y[x]-y[x]^2)-x^2*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{\log(x) + 1}$$

## 8.39 problem 41

Internal problem ID [2071]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 41.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x e^{-y^2} + yy' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.093 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve([(x*exp(-y(x)^2))+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{\ln(-x^2 + 1)}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{\ln(-x^2 + 1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.245 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[{{(x*Exp[-y[x]^2])+y[x]*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{\log(1 - x^2)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{\log(1 - x^2)}$$

## 8.40 problem 42

Internal problem ID [2072]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 42.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$\frac{2y^3 - 2y^3x^2 - x + xy^2 \ln(y)}{y^2x} + \frac{(2 \ln(x) y^3 - y^3x^2 + 2x + y^2x) y'}{y^3} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.297 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve([((2*y(x)^3-2*x^2*y(x)^3-x+xy(x)^2*ln(y(x)))/(xy(x)^2))+((2*y(x)^3*ln(x)-x^2*y(x)^3)/y^3))=0, y(1)=1])
```

$$y = e^{\text{RootOf}(-x^2e^{3-Z}+2\ln(x)e^{3-Z}+Zxe^{2-Z}+2e^{2-Z}-x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.685 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[{((2*y[x]^3-2*x^2*y[x]^3-x+xy[x]^2*Log[y[x]])/(xy[x]^2))+((2*y[x]^3*Log[x]-x^2*y[x]^3)/y^3))=0, y[1]=1}]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[x^2y(x) + \frac{x}{y(x)^2} - x \log(y(x)) - 2y(x) \log(x) = 2, y(x)\right]$$



## 8.41 problem 43

Internal problem ID [2073]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 43.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'x - 2y - 2y^3x^4 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)+(-2*y(x)-2*x^4*y(x)^3)=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{2x^2}{\sqrt{-2x^8 + 6}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.225 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]+(-2*y[x]-2*x^4*y[x]^3)==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}x^2}{\sqrt{3 - x^8}}$$

## 8.42 problem 44

Internal problem ID [2074]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 44.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(-2x^2 - 3yx) y' + y^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.359 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
dsolve([(-2*x^2-3*x*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)^2=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-x^3 + 3\sqrt{-2x^4 + 27x^2}\sqrt{3} + 27x)^{\frac{2}{3}} - (-x^3 + 3\sqrt{-2x^4 + 27x^2}\sqrt{3} + 27x)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + x^2}{3(-x^3 + 3\sqrt{-2x^4 + 27x^2}\sqrt{3} + 27x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.281 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
DSolve[{-2*x^2-3*x*y[x])*y'[x]+y[x]^2==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + 3\sqrt{81x^2 - 6x^4} + 27x}} + \sqrt[3]{-x^3 + 3\sqrt{81x^2 - 6x^4} + 27x} - x \right)$$

## 8.43 problem 45

Internal problem ID [2075]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 45.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y'x - 4y = x^4$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)=x^4+4*y(x),y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \ln(x) x^4$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]==x^4+4*y[x],{y[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^4 \log(x)$$

## 8.44 problem 46

Internal problem ID [2076]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 46.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y'x + y - y^6x^3 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.515 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x^3*y(x)^6,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\left(-\sqrt{5} - 1 + i\sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}}\right) 2^{\frac{1}{5}} \left(-x^2(3x^2 - 5)^4\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}}{12x^3 - 20x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.473 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]+y[x]==x^3*y[x]^6,{y[1]==1}],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[5]{2}}{\sqrt[5]{5x^3 - 3x^5}}$$

## 8.45 problem 48

Internal problem ID [2077]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 48.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Bernoulli]`

$$x' - x - x^2 e^\theta = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([diff(x(theta),theta)=x(theta)+x(theta)^2*exp(theta),x(0) = 2],x(theta), singsol=all)
```

$$x(\theta) = -\frac{2e^\theta}{e^{2\theta} - 2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.217 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{x' [\Theta]==x[\Theta]+x[\Theta]^2*Exp[\Theta]},{x[0]==2}],x[\Theta],\Theta
```

$$x(\theta) \rightarrow -\frac{2e^\theta}{e^{2\theta} - 2}$$

## 8.46 problem 49

Internal problem ID [2078]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 49.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y^2 - 2y'yx = -x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve([(x^2+y(x)^2)=2*x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(2) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{(x-2)x}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{(x-2)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.182 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[{(x^2+y[x]^2)==2*x*y[x]*y'[x],{y[2]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{x-2}\sqrt{x}$$

## 8.47 problem 50

Internal problem ID [2079]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 50.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$3yx + (3x^2 + y^2)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 3.485 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([(3*x*y(x))+(3*x^2+y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sqrt{-3x^2 + \sqrt{9x^4 + 1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 8.701 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{(3*x*y[x])+(3*x^2+y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{\sqrt{9x^4 + 1} - 3x^2}$$

## 8.48 problem 51

Internal problem ID [2080]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 51.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' + 2y = 3e^{2x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=3*exp(2*x),y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{3e^{2x}}{4} + \frac{e^{-2x}}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+2*y[x]==3*Exp[2*x],{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-2x}(3e^{4x} + 1)$$



## 8.49 problem 52

Internal problem ID [2081]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 52.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$4y^2x + (x^2 + 1)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([4*x*y(x)^2+(x^2+1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + 2 \ln(x^2 + 1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.156 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{4*x*y[x]^2+(x^2+1)*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 \log(x^2 + 1) + 1}$$

## 8.50 problem 53

Internal problem ID [2082]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 53.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-2y - (x - 2y + 1)y' = -3 - x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.156 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([(x-2*y(x)+3)=(x-2*y(x)+1)*diff(y(x),x),y(0) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{x}{2} + 2 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{\frac{x}{4}-\frac{1}{4}}}{4}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.657 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{(x-2*y[x]+3)==(x-2*y[x]+1)*y'[x],{y[0]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( 4W\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^{\frac{x-1}{4}}\right) + x + 5 \right)$$

## 8.51 problem 54

Internal problem ID [2083]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 54.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y^2 + (x^3 - 2yx) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.969 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve([y(x)^2+(x^3-2*x*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(2) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \text{RootOf}(12x^6_Z^8 - 8x^6_Z^6 + 5)^2 x^2$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y[x]^2+(x^3-2*x*y[x])*y'[x]==0,{y[2]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Timed out

## 8.52 problem 55

Internal problem ID [2084]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 55.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$2yx - 2y + x(x - 1)y' = -1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([(2*x*y(x)-2*y(x)+1)+x*(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(2) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{-x - \ln(x - 1) + 10}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{(2*x*y[x]-2*y[x]+1)+x*(x-1)*y'[x]==0,{y[2]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x + \log(x - 1) - 10}{x^2}$$

## 8.53 problem 56

Internal problem ID [2085]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 56.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y^3 + 2yx^2 + (-3x^3 - 2y^2x)y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 1.312 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
dsolve([(y(x)^3+2*x^2*y(x))+(-3*x^3-2*x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(54x^4+6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{27x^8-2x^6})^{\frac{2}{3}}+6x^2}{(54x^4+6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{27x^8-2x^6})^{\frac{1}{3}}}}}{6}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(y[x]^3+2*x^2*y[x])+(-3*x^3-2*x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSo
```

Timed out

## 8.54 problem 57

Internal problem ID [2086]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 12, page 46

**Problem number:** 57.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$2(x^2 + 1)y' - (2y^2 - 1)xy = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([2*(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=(2*y(x)^2-1)*x*y(x),y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.797 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[{2*(1+x^2)*y'[x]==(2*y[x]^2-1)*x*y[x],{y[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - 2}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3}}$$

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## 9.1 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2087]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 9.2 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2088]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 4y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(c_1e^{4x} + c_2)$$

### 9.3 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2089]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 7y' + 12y = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+7*diff(y(x),x)+12*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-4x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y''[x]+7*y'[x]+12*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-4x}(c_2 e^x + c_1)$$

## 9.4 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2090]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y''[x]-3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(c_2 e^x + c_1)$$

## 9.5 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2091]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 7y' + 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-7*diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{6x} + c_2 e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y''[x]-7*y'[x]+6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x (c_2 e^{5x} + c_1)$$

## 9.6 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2092]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + 3y' - 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[2*y''[x]+3*y'[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x} (c_1 e^{5x/2} + c_2)$$

## 9.7 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2093]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 2y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{(1+\sqrt{2})x} + c_2 e^{-(\sqrt{2}-1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{x-\sqrt{2}x} \left( c_2 e^{2\sqrt{2}x} + c_1 \right)$$

## 9.8 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2094]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 2y' - 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{(1+\sqrt{3})x} + c_2 e^{-(\sqrt{3}-1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{x-\sqrt{3}x} (c_2 e^{2\sqrt{3}x} + c_1)$$

## 9.9 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2095]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{(3+\sqrt{5})x}{2}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-3)x}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[x]-3*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-3)x} (c_2 e^{\sqrt{5}x} + c_1)$$



## 9.10 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2096]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + 2y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)x}{2}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[2*y''[x]+2*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{3})x} (c_2 e^{\sqrt{3}x} + c_1)$$

## 9.11 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2097]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y''' - y'' - 2y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$3)-diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_2 e^x + c_3 e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[2*y'''[x]-y''[x]-2*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{x/2} + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^x$$

## 9.12 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2098]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 3y'' - 4y' + 12y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+12*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^{2x} + c_3e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-3*y''[x]-4*y'[x]+12*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(e^{4x}(c_3e^x + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 9.13 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2099]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' + y' + 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]+y'[x]+6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x}(e^{3x}(c_3 e^x + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 9.14 problem 28

Internal problem ID [2100]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' - 6y'' + 8y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-6*diff(y(x),x$2)+8*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^{2x} + c_3e^{\sqrt{2}x} + c_4e^{-\sqrt{2}x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-6*y''[x]+8*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^{\sqrt{2}x} + c_2e^{-\sqrt{2}x} + c_3e^{-2x} + c_4e^{2x}$$

## 9.15 problem 29

Internal problem ID [2101]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 7y' + 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-7*diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^x + c_3 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-7*y'[x]+6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^x + c_3 e^{2x}$$

## 9.16 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2102]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 6y'' + 11y' - 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-6*diff(y(x),x$2)+11*diff(y(x),x)-6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} + c_3e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-6*y''[x]+11*y'[x]-6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(e^x(c_3e^x + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 9.17 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2103]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' - 17y' + 60y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)-17*diff(y(x),x)+60*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{5x} + c_2 e^{-4x} + c_3 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]-17*y'[x]+60*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-4x} (c_2 e^{7x} + c_3 e^{9x} + c_1)$$



## 9.18 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2104]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 9y'' + 23y' - 15y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-9*diff(y(x),x$2)+23*diff(y(x),x)-15*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{5x} + c_2 e^x + c_3 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-9*y''[x]+23*y'[x]-15*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x (c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 e^{4x} + c_1)$$

## 9.19 problem 33

Internal problem ID [2105]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + y''' - 7y'' - y' + 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+diff(y(x),x$3)-7*diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^x + c_3 e^{-x} + c_4 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+y'''[x]-7*y''[x]-y'[x]+6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^x + c_4 e^{2x}$$

## 9.20 problem 34

Internal problem ID [2106]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 34.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'''' - 3y''' - 20y'' + 27y' + 18y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$4)-3*diff(y(x),x$3)-20*diff(y(x),x$2)+27*diff(y(x),x)+18*y(x)=0,y(x), s
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} + c_3 e^{2x} + c_4 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[2*y''''[x]-3*y'''[x]-20*y''[x]+27*y'[x]+18*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-3x} (c_1 e^{5x/2} + c_3 e^{5x} + c_4 e^{6x} + c_2)$$

## 9.21 problem 35

Internal problem ID [2107]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 35.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$12y'''' - 4y''' - 3y'' + y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(12*diff(y(x),x$4)-4*diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_4 e^{\frac{x}{3}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[12*y''''[x]-4*y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x/2} (3c_1 e^{5x/6} + 2c_3 e^x - 2c_2) + c_4$$

## 9.22 problem 36

Internal problem ID [2108]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 36.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' + 3y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 + c_2e^x + c_3e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]+3*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^x + \frac{1}{3}c_2e^{3x} + c_3$$

## 9.23 problem 37

Internal problem ID [2109]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 37.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y''' + 2y'' - 4y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_2 e^{\frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)x}{2}} + c_3 e^{-\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[4*y'''[x]+2*y''[x]-4*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{3})x} + c_2 e^{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)x} + c_3 e^{x/2}$$

## 9.24 problem 38

Internal problem ID [2110]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 38.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 5y'' - 2y' + 24y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-5*diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+24*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^{4x} + c_3e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-5*y''[x]-2*y'[x]+24*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(e^{5x}(c_3e^x + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 9.25 problem 39

Internal problem ID [2111]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 39.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + 2y''' - 7y'' - 8y' + 12y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+2*diff(y(x),x$3)-7*diff(y(x),x$2)-8*diff(y(x),x)+12*y(x)=0,y(x), sings
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + c_3 e^x + c_4 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+2*y'''[x]-7*y''[x]-8*y'[x]+12*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-3x} (c_2 e^x + e^{4x} (c_4 e^x + c_3) + c_1)$$



## 9.26 problem 40

Internal problem ID [2112]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 40.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y^{(5)} - 3y^{(4)} - 5y^{(3)} + 15y'' + 4y' - 12y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)-3*diff(y(x),x$4)-5*diff(y(x),x$3)+15*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)-12*y(x),x))
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^x + c_3e^{-x} + c_4e^{2x} + c_5e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]-3*y'''''[x]-5*y'''''[x]+15*y'''''[x]+4*y'''''[x]-12*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSol
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(c_2e^x + e^{3x}(e^x(c_5e^x + c_4) + c_3) + c_1)$$

## 9.27 problem 41

Internal problem ID [2113]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 41.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y^{(5)} + y'''' - 13y''' - 13y'' + 36y' + 36y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)+diff(y(x),x$4)-13*diff(y(x),x$3)-13*diff(y(x),x$2)+36*diff(y(x),x)+36*y(x))=0,y(x))
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + c_3 e^{-x} + c_4 e^{2x} + c_5 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]+y''''[x]-13*y'''[x]-13*y''[x]+36*y'[x]+36*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-3x} (e^x (c_3 e^x + e^{4x} (c_5 e^x + c_4) + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 9.28 problem 42

Internal problem ID [2114]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 42.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y^{(5)} + 3y'''' - 15y''' - 19y'' + 30y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)+3*diff(y(x),x$4)-15*diff(y(x),x$3)-19*diff(y(x),x$2)+30*diff(y(x),x)=0
```

$$y = c_1 + c_2e^{-5x} + c_3e^{-2x} + c_4e^x + c_5e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]+3*y'''''[x]-15*y'''[x]-19*y''[x]+30*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{5}c_1e^{-5x} - \frac{1}{2}c_2e^{-2x} + c_3e^x + \frac{1}{3}c_4e^{3x} + c_5$$

## 9.29 problem 43

Internal problem ID [2115]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 43.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + 3y'' - 4y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 \sin(2x) + c_4 \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+3*y''[x]-4*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 e^{-x} + c_4 e^x + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x)$$

## 9.30 problem 44

Internal problem ID [2116]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 17, page 78

**Problem number:** 44.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y^{(5)} + 3y''' + 2y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)+3*diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 + c_2 \sin(x) + c_3 \cos(x) + c_4 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_5 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.083 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]+3*y'''[x]+2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -c_4 \cos(x) - \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + c_3 \sin(x) + \frac{c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + c_5$$

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## 10.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2117]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^x x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(c_2 x + c_1)$$

## 10.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2118]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _quadrature]]`

$$y'' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1x + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
DSolve[y''[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2x + c_1$$



## 10.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2119]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y''' + y'' - 4y' - 3y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)-3*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{3x}{2}} + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^{-x} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[2*y'''[x]+y''[x]-4*y'[x]-3*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} (c_1 e^{5x/2} + c_3 x + c_2)$$

## 10.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2120]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^x x + c_3 e^x x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+3*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(x(c_3 x + c_2) + c_1)$$

## 10.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2121]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _quadrature]]`

$$y'''' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{1}{6}c_1x^3 + \frac{1}{2}c_2x^2 + c_3x + c_4$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y''''[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(x(c_4x + c_3) + c_2) + c_1$$

## 10.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2122]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' + y'' - y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^{-x} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+y''[x]-y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} (c_2 x + c_3 e^{2x} + c_1)$$

## 10.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2123]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y''' - 3y' + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[4*y'''[x]-3*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} (e^{3x/2} (c_2 x + c_1) + c_3)$$

## 10.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2124]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y^{(5)} - 3y''' - y'' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$5)-3*diff(y(x),x$3)-diff(y(x),x$2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 + c_2x + c_3e^x + c_4e^{-\frac{x}{2}} + c_5e^{-\frac{x}{2}}x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.196 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[4*y'''''[x]-3*y''''[x]-y'''[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 4e^{-x/2}(c_2(x + 4) + c_1) + c_3e^x + c_5x + c_4$$

## 10.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2125]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 7y'' + 16y' - 12y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-7*diff(y(x),x$2)+16*diff(y(x),x)-12*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 e^{2x} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-7*y''[x]+16*y'[x]-12*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{2x}(c_2 x + c_3 e^x + c_1)$$

## 10.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2126]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y''' - 8y'' + 5y' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$3)-8*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{2}} x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[4*y'''[x]-8*y''[x]+5*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{x/2}(c_2 x + c_3 e^{x/2} + c_1)$$



## 10.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2127]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 e^x + c_3 \sin(x) + c_4 \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^x + c_3 e^{-x} + c_2 \cos(x) + c_4 \sin(x)$$

## 10.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2128]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y''' - 8y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-8*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-x} \sin(\sqrt{3}x) + c_3 e^{-x} \cos(\sqrt{3}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-8*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} \left( c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 \cos(\sqrt{3}x) + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{3}x) \right)$$

## 10.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2129]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + 3y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 e^x \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.13 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+3*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x \left( c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) \right)$$

## 10.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2130]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + y'' - 20y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+diff(y(x),x$2)-20*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{5}x) + c_4 \cos(\sqrt{5}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+y''[x]-20*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 e^{-2x} + c_4 e^{2x} + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{5}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{5}x)$$

## 10.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2131]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + 5y'' + 6y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+5*diff(y(x),x$2)+6*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 \sin(\sqrt{3}x) + c_2 \cos(\sqrt{3}x) + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_4 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+5*y''[x]+6*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{3}x) + c_4 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{3}x)$$

## 10.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2132]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' - 4y''' + 6y'' - 8y' + 8y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-4*diff(y(x),x$3)+6*diff(y(x),x$2)-8*diff(y(x),x)+8*y(x))=0,y(x), singularities)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{2x} x + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_4 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-4*y'''[x]+6*y''[x]-8*y'[x]+8*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{2x}(c_4 x + c_3) + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)$$

## 10.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2133]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' - 2y''' - 6y' + 2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-2*diff(y(x),x$3)-6*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sum_{a=1}^4 e^{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^4 - 2\_Z^3 - 6\_Z + 2, \text{index} = \_a)x} C\_a$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 114

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-2*y'''[x]-6*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) \rightarrow & c_1 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^4 - 2\#1^3 - 6\#1 + 2\&, 1]) \\ & + c_3 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^4 - 2\#1^3 - 6\#1 + 2\&, 3]) \\ & + c_4 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^4 - 2\#1^3 - 6\#1 + 2\&, 4]) \\ & + c_2 \exp(x\text{Root}[\#1^4 - 2\#1^3 - 6\#1 + 2\&, 2]) \end{aligned}$$

## 10.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2134]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' + y''' - 3y'' - 4y' - 4y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)-4*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_4 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+y'''[x]-3*y''[x]-4*y'[x]-4*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x} \left( c_4 e^{4x} + c_2 e^{3x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_1 e^{3x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_3 \right)$$



## 10.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2135]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y''' - 3y'' + 10y' - 15y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+10*diff(y(x),x)-15*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{3x}{2}} + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{5}x) + c_3 \cos(\sqrt{5}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[2*y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+10*y'[x]-15*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 e^{3x/2} + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{5}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{5}x)$$

## 10.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2136]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y''' - 3y'' + 11y' - 40y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+11*diff(y(x),x)-40*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{\frac{5x}{2}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{31}x}{2}\right) + c_3 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{31}x}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[2*y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+11*y'[x]-40*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x/2} \left( c_3 e^{3x} + c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{31}x}{2}\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{31}x}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 10.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2137]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'''' - 3y''' + 4y'' - 12y' + 16y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-3*diff(y(x),x$3)+4*diff(y(x),x$2)-12*diff(y(x),x)+16*y(x)=0,y(x),sing
```

$$y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{2x} x + c_3 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{2}\right) + c_4 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-3*y'''[x]+4*y''[x]-12*y'[x]+16*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x/2} \left( e^{5x/2} (c_4 x + c_3) + c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{2}\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 10.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2138]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y''' + 12y'' - 3y' + 14y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$3)+12*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+14*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^{-\frac{7x}{2}} + c_2 e^{\frac{x}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{4}\right) + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{4}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{4}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
DSolve[4*y'''[x]+12*y''[x]-3*y'[x]+14*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 e^{-7x/2} + c_2 e^{x/4} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{4}\right) + c_1 e^{x/4} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}x}{4}\right)$$

## 10.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2139]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 18, page 82

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y^{(5)} - y'''' + 6y''' - 6y'' + 8y' - 8y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)-diff(y(x),x$4)+6*diff(y(x),x$3)-6*diff(y(x),x$2)+8*diff(y(x),x)-8*y(x),x))
```

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 \sin(2x) + c_3 \cos(2x) + c_4 \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_5 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]-y''''[x]+6*y'''[x]-6*y''[x]+8*y'[x]-8*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_5 e^x + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_3 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \sin(2x) + c_4 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)$$

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## 11.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2140]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 4y = 3 \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=3*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + c_1e^{2x} - \frac{3 \cos(x)}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y[x]==3*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{3 \cos(x)}{5} + c_1e^{2x} + c_2e^{-2x}$$

## 11.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2141]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 - \frac{\sin(2x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.069 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \sin(x) + \cos(x) \left( -\frac{2 \sin(x)}{3} + c_1 \right)$$



## 11.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2142]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' - 2y = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + c_1e^x + \frac{x e^x}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]-2*y[x]==Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-2x} + e^x \left( \frac{x}{3} - \frac{1}{9} + c_2 \right)$$

## 11.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2143]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = e^{-2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=exp(-2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (-e^{-x}(x + c_1 + 1) + c_2) e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==Exp[-2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(-x + c_2 e^x - 1 + c_1)$$

## 11.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2144]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y' + y = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_2 + e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_1 - \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.174 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]+y[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x/2} \left( -e^{x/2} \cos(x) + c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 11.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2145]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' + y = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_2 + e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_1 + x^2 - 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]+y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x/2} \left( e^{x/2} (x-2)x + c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) \right)$$

## 11.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2146]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = x e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x*exp(-x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left( -x + \frac{x^2}{2} - c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 \right) e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x*Exp[-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-2x} (e^x (x^2 - 2x + 2 + 2c_2) + 2c_1)$$

## 11.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2147]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'''' - y = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-y(x)=exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x e^x}{4} + \cos(x) c_1 + c_2 e^x + c_3 \sin(x) + c_4 e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-y[x]==Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x x}{4} - \frac{3e^x}{8} + c_1 e^x + c_3 e^{-x} + c_2 \cos(x) + c_4 \sin(x)$$

## 11.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2148]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 4y = x + e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=x+exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + c_1e^{2x} + \frac{(4x - 1)e^{2x}}{16} - \frac{x}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.082 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y[x]==x+Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{4} + e^{2x} \left( \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{16} + c_1 \right) + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

## 11.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2149]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 9y = e^{3x} + \sin(3x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-9*y(x)=exp(3*x)+sin(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{3x}c_2 + e^{-3x}c_1 + \frac{(6x-1)e^{3x}}{36} - \frac{\sin(3x)}{18}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.247 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y''[x]-9*y[x]==Exp[3*x]+Sin[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{18} \sin(3x) + e^{3x} \left( \frac{x}{6} - \frac{1}{36} + c_1 \right) + c_2 e^{-3x}$$



## 11.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2150]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - y' - 6y = x^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)-6*y(x)=x^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 e^{-2x} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{12} - \frac{7x}{36} + \frac{13}{216}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y'[x]-6*y[x]==x^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{216}(-36x^3 + 18x^2 - 42x + 13) + c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{3x}$$

## 11.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2151]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$-2y'' + 3y = x e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*y(x)=x*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}} c_2 + e^{-\frac{\sqrt{6}x}{2}} c_1 + (x + 4) e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[y''[x]-3*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x \left( x + c_2 e^{x/2} \cos \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) + c_1 e^{x/2} \sin \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2} \right) + 1 \right)$$

## 11.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2152]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = x \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=x*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 - \frac{2 \cos(x)}{9} + \frac{x \sin(x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==x*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} x \sin(x) + c_1 \cos(2x) + \cos(x) \left( -\frac{2}{9} + 2c_2 \sin(x) \right)$$

## 11.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2153]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' = x^2 + 8$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)=x^2+8,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{65x^2}{64} - \frac{x^3}{48} - \frac{x^4}{48} + \frac{e^{4x}c_1}{16} + c_2x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.143 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]==x^2+8,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{192}(-4x^4 - 4x^3 - 195x^2 + 12c_1e^{4x}) + c_3x + c_2$$

## 11.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2154]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y' + y = e^x \sin(3x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=exp(x)*sin(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_2 + e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) c_1 - \frac{e^x(2 \sin(3x) + 3 \cos(3x))}{39}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.715 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]+y[x]==Exp[x]*Sin[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2}{39}e^x \sin(3x) - \frac{1}{13}e^x \cos(3x) + c_2 e^{-x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_1 e^{-x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)$$

## 11.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2155]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - 3y'' + 4y' - 12y = x + e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)-12*y(x)=x+exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^{3x}e^{-3x} \cos(2x)}{52} + \frac{3e^{3x}e^{-3x} \sin(2x)}{104} - \frac{e^{-3x}(6e^{3x}x + 9e^{5x} + 2e^{3x})}{72} + \cos(2x)c_1 + e^{3x}c_2 + c_3 \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.337 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+4*y'[x]-12*y[x]==x+Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{72}(-6x - 9e^{2x} + 72c_3e^{3x} - 2) + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x)$$

## 11.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2156]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' + y' - 4y = e^{4x} \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-4*y(x)=exp(4*x)*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all
```

$$y = -\frac{\cos(x) e^{4x}}{20} - \frac{e^{4x} \sin(x)}{40} + \cos(x) c_1 + \sin(x) c_2 + c_3 e^{4x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.098 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]+y'[x]-4*y[x]==Exp[4*x]*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 e^{4x} + \left(-\frac{e^{4x}}{20} + c_1\right) \cos(x) + \left(-\frac{e^{4x}}{40} + c_2\right) \sin(x)$$

## 11.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2157]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = x^3 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=x^3*exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + e^{-2x}xc_1 + \frac{(8x^3 - 12x^2 + 9x - 3)e^{2x}}{128}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==x^3*Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{128}e^{2x}(8x^3 - 12x^2 + 9x - 3) + e^{-2x}(c_2x + c_1)$$



## 11.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2158]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' - 2y'' + y' - 2y = x e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-2*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=x*exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left( \frac{x}{10} - \frac{4}{25} \right) x e^{2x} + \cos(x) c_1 + \sin(x) c_2 + c_3 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.082 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-2*y''[x]+y'[x]-2*y[x]==x*Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{250} e^{2x} (25x^2 - 40x + 22 + 250c_3) + c_1 \cos(x) + c_2 \sin(x)$$

## 11.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2159]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' + 2n^2y'' + n^4y = \sin(kx)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+2*n^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+n^4*y(x)=sin(k*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sin(kx)}{(k-n)^2(k+n)^2} + c_1 \cos(nx) + c_2 \sin(nx) + c_3 \cos(nx)x + c_4 \sin(nx)x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.457 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+2*n^2*y''[x]+n^4*y[x]==Sin[k*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(c_2x + c_1)(k^2 - n^2)^2 \cos(nx) + (c_4x + c_3)(k^2 - n^2)^2 \sin(nx) + \sin(kx)}{(k-n)^2(k+n)^2}$$

## 11.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2160]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2ny' + n^2y = 5 \cos(6x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*n*diff(y(x),x)+n^2*y(x)=5*cos(6*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-nx}c_2 + e^{-nx}xc_1 + \frac{5 \cos(6x)n^2 + 60 \sin(6x)n - 180 \cos(6x)}{(n^2 + 36)^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*n*y'[x]+n^2*y[x]==5*Cos[6*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{5 \cos(6x)}{n^2 - 72n - 36} + c_1 e^{\frac{nx}{\sqrt{-2n-1}}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{nx}{\sqrt{-2n-1}}}$$

## 11.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2161]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 9y = (1 + \sin(3x)) \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+9*y(x)=(1+sin(3*x))*cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(3x) c_2 + \cos(3x) c_1 + \frac{\cos(2x)}{5} + \frac{\sin(x)}{16} - \frac{\sin(5x)}{32}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.266 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y''[x]+9*y[x]==(1+Sin[3*x])*Cos[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sin(x)}{16} - \frac{1}{32} \sin(5x) + \frac{1}{5} \cos(2x) + c_1 \cos(3x) + c_2 \sin(3x)$$

## 11.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2162]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = 2x - e^{-4x} + \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+5*y(x)=2*x-exp(-4*x)+sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x} \sin(x) c_2 + e^{-2x} \cos(x) c_1 + \frac{\sin(2x)}{65} + \frac{2x}{5} - \frac{8}{25} - \frac{8 \cos(2x)}{65} - \frac{e^{-4x}}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.784 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+5*y[x]==2*x-Exp[-4*x]+Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2x}{5} - \frac{e^{-4x}}{5} + \frac{1}{65} \sin(2x) - \frac{8}{65} \cos(2x) + c_2 e^{-2x} \cos(x) + c_1 e^{-2x} \sin(x) - \frac{8}{25}$$

## 11.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2163]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 2y'' = (2x^2 + x)e^{-2x} + 5\cos(3x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x$2)=(2*x^2+x)*exp(-2*x)+5*cos(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}x + \frac{11e^{-2x}}{16} + \frac{5e^{-2x}x^2}{8} + \frac{e^{-2x}x^3}{6} + \frac{c_1e^{-2x}}{4} - \frac{5\sin(3x)}{39} - \frac{10\cos(3x)}{117} + c_2x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.974 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+2*y''[x]==(2*x^2+x)*Exp[-2*x]+5*Cos[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{48}e^{-2x}(8x^3 + 30x^2 + 48x + 33 + 12c_1) - \frac{5}{39}\sin(3x) - \frac{10}{117}\cos(3x) + c_3x + c_2$$

## 11.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2164]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 8 \sin(x)^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=8*sin(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 - \sin(2x) x + 1 - \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==8*Sin[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow (-1 + c_1) \cos(2x) + (-x + c_2) \sin(2x) + 1$$

## 11.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2165]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' + 4y = 5e^{2x} \sin(3x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+4*y(x)=5*exp(2*x)*sin(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{24e^{2x} \cos(3x)}{1105} - \frac{23e^{2x} \sin(3x)}{1105} + c_1 e^x \cos(x) + c_2 e^x \sin(x) + c_3 e^{-x} \cos(x) + c_4 e^{-x} \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+4*y[x]==5*Exp[2*x]*Sin[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{2x}(24 \cos(3x) - 23 \sin(3x))}{1105} + c_1 e^{-x} \cos(x) + c_4 e^x \cos(x) + c_2 e^{-x} \sin(x) + c_3 e^x \sin(x)$$



## 11.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2166]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 5y' - 6y = e^{3x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-5*diff(y(x),x)-6*y(x)=exp(3*x),y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=a
```

$$y = \frac{45e^{-x}}{28} + \frac{10e^{6x}}{21} - \frac{e^{3x}}{12}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.045 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[{y'[x]-5*y'[x]-6*y[x]==Exp[3*x],{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{84}e^{-x}(-7e^{4x} + 40e^{7x} + 135)$$

## 11.28 problem 28

Internal problem ID [2167]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 12 \cos(x)^2$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=12*cos(x)^2,y(1/2*Pi) = 0, D(y)(1/2*Pi) = 1/2*Pi],y(x), singso
```

$$y = \frac{(3x - 2\pi) \sin(2x)}{2} + \frac{3 \cos(2x)}{2} + \frac{3}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+4*y[x]==12*Cos[x]^2,{y[Pi/2]==0,y'[Pi/2]==Pi/2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(x)((3x - 2\pi) \sin(x) + 3 \cos(x))$$

## 11.29 problem 29

Internal problem ID [2168]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = x e^{-x}$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{1}{9}, y'(0) = 0 \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x*exp(-x),y(0) = 1/9, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singso
```

$$y = \frac{(6x + 5) e^{-x}}{36} - \frac{e^x}{36}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y'[x]-3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x*Exp[-x],{y[0]==1/9,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{36}e^{-x}(-6x + e^{2x} - 5)$$

## 11.30 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2169]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = e^x \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 2]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=exp(x)*sin(x),y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-2e^x + 17) \cos(x)}{5} + \frac{\sin(x)(e^x + 11)}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.068 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{y''[x]+y[x]==Exp[x]*Sin[x],{y[0]==3,y'[0]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}((e^x + 11) \sin(x) + (17 - 2e^x) \cos(x))$$

## 11.31 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2170]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$2y'' + y' = 8 \sin(2x) + e^{-x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=8*sin(2*x)+exp(-x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singso
```

$$y = -\frac{98e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{17} - \frac{16 \sin(2x)}{17} + e^{-x} - \frac{4 \cos(2x)}{17} + 6$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.384 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[{2*y'[x]+y'[x]==8*Sin[2*x]+Exp[-x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-x} - \frac{98e^{-x/2}}{17} - \frac{16}{17} \sin(2x) - \frac{4}{17} \cos(2x) + 6$$

## 11.32 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2171]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = 3x \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=3*x*sin(x),y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) + 2 \cos(x) - \frac{3 \cos(x) x^2}{4} + \frac{3x \sin(x)}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+y[x]==3*x*Sin[x],{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \left(2 - \frac{3x^2}{4}\right) \cos(x) + \left(\frac{3x}{4} + 1\right) \sin(x)$$

### 11.33 problem 33

Internal problem ID [2172]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2y'' + 5y' - 3y = \sin(x) - 8x$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{1}{2}, y'(0) = \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*diff(y(x),x)-3*y(x)=sin(x)-8*x,y(0) = 1/2, D(y)(0) = 1/2],y(x), s
```

$$y = \frac{8e^{-3x} \left( -\frac{51e^{\frac{7x}{2}}}{35} + \frac{13}{840} + \left( x - \frac{3\cos(x)}{80} - \frac{3\sin(x)}{80} + \frac{5}{3} \right) e^{3x} \right)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.208 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[{2*y''[x]+5*y'[x]-3*y[x]==Sin[x]-8*x,{y[0]==1/2,y'[0]==1/2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSo
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{630} (1680x + 26e^{-3x} - 2448e^{x/2} - 63\sin(x) - 63\cos(x) + 2800)$$

## 11.34 problem 34

Internal problem ID [2173]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 19, page 86

**Problem number:** 34.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$8y'' - y = x e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 5]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve([8*diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=x*exp(-x/2),y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 5],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{(-5 - 16\sqrt{2}) e^{-\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{4}}}{2} + \frac{(-5 + 16\sqrt{2}) e^{\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{4}}}{2} + (x + 8) e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
DSolve[{8*y''[x]-y[x]==x*Exp[-x/2],{y[0]==3,y'[0]==5}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{2})x} \left( 2e^{\frac{x}{2\sqrt{2}}}(x+8) - (5+16\sqrt{2})e^{x/2} + (16\sqrt{2}-5)e^{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})x} \right)$$



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## 12.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2174]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \sec(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=sec(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 + x \sin(x) - \ln(\sec(x)) \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==Sec[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow (x + c_2) \sin(x) + \cos(x)(\log(\cos(x)) + c_1)$$

## 12.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2175]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + e^{-2x}xc_1 + \frac{e^x}{9}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x}{9} + e^{-2x}(c_2x + c_1)$$

## 12.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2176]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 4y = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 + \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{1}{8}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{4} + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{8}$$

## 12.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2177]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + y = e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + x e^x c_1 + e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+y[x]==Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(e^x + c_2 x + c_1)$$

## 12.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2178]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = 4 \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=4*sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 - \frac{4 \sin(2x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==4*Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{4}{3} \sin(2x) + c_1 \cos(x) + c_2 \sin(x)$$

## 12.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2179]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 2x - 2\sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=2*(x-sin(2*x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 + \frac{x(1 + \cos(2x))}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.166 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==2*(x-Sin[2*x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(x + (x + 2c_1) \cos(2x) + 2c_2 \sin(2x))$$

## 12.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2180]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - y = 3x + 5e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=3*x+5*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + c_1 e^{-x} + \frac{5(2x-1)e^x}{4} - 3x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.095 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y[x]==3*x+5*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3x + e^x \left( \frac{5x}{2} - \frac{5}{4} + c_1 \right) + c_2 e^{-x}$$



## 12.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2181]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 9y = e^x + \sin(4x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+9*y(x)=exp(x)+sin(4*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(3x) c_2 + \cos(3x) c_1 + \frac{e^x}{10} - \frac{\sin(4x)}{7}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.194 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[x]+9*y[x]==Exp[x]+Sin[4*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x}{10} - \frac{1}{7} \sin(4x) + c_1 \cos(3x) + c_2 \sin(3x)$$

## 12.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2182]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 3y'' - 4y' = \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)=cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{2 \sin(x) \cos(x)}{25} - \frac{3 \cos(x)^2}{50} + c_1 e^x - \frac{e^{-4x} c_2}{4} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.306 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+3*y''[x]-4*y'[x]==Cos[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{25} \sin(2x) - \frac{3}{100} \cos(2x) - \frac{1}{4} c_1 e^{-4x} + c_2 e^x + c_3$$

## 12.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2183]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 4y'' - 5y' = e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+4*diff(y(x),x$2)-5*diff(y(x),x)=exp(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^{3x}}{48} - \frac{e^{-5x}c_1}{5} + c_2e^x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.061 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+4*y''[x]-5*y'[x]==Exp[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{3x}}{48} - \frac{1}{5}c_1e^{-5x} + c_2e^x + c_3$$

## 12.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2184]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \tan(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=tan(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 - \cos(x) \ln(\sec(x) + \tan(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==Tan[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(x)(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x))) + c_1 \cos(x) + c_2 \sin(x)$$

## 12.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2185]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + a^2y = \sec(ax)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+a^2*y(x)=sec(a*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(ax) c_2 + \cos(ax) c_1 + \frac{x \sin(ax) a - \ln(\sec(ax)) \cos(ax)}{a^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y''[x]+a^2*y[x]==Sec[a*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\cos(ax) (\log(\cos(ax)) + a^2 c_1) + a(x + a c_2) \sin(ax)}{a^2}$$

## 12.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2186]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - 2y'' + y' = e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-2*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + c_1 (x e^x - e^x) + \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.055 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-2*y''[x]+y'[x]==Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + e^x (c_2 (x - 1) + c_1) + c_3$$

## 12.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2187]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'''' - 2y''' + y'' = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-2*diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x$2)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^4}{12} + 3x^2 + \frac{2x^3}{3} + c_1(xe^x - 2e^x) + c_2e^x + c_3x + c_4$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.092 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-2*y'''[x]+y''[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^4}{12} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x^2 + c_4x + c_1e^x + c_2e^x(x - 2) + c_3$$

## 12.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2188]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - 3y'' - 4y' = e^{2x} + \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)=exp(2*x)+sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -c_1 e^{-x} + \frac{e^{4x} c_2}{4} + \frac{3 \sin(x)}{34} - \frac{e^{2x}}{12} + \frac{5 \cos(x)}{34} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.267 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-3*y''[x]-4*y'[x]==Exp[2*x]+Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{e^{2x}}{12} + \frac{3 \sin(x)}{34} + \frac{5 \cos(x)}{34} + c_1(-e^{-x}) + \frac{1}{4}c_2 e^{4x} + c_3$$



## 12.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2189]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + y = \frac{e^x}{(1-x)^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=exp(x)/(1-x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + x e^x c_1 + e^x (-1 - \ln(x - 1))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+y[x]==Exp[x]/(1-x)^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x (-\log(x - 1) + c_2 x - 1 + c_1)$$

## 12.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2190]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = \sin(e^{-x})$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=sin(exp(-x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = (c_1 e^x - e^x \sin(e^{-x}) + c_2) e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.086 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y''[x]-3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==Sin[Exp[-x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x(-e^x \sin(e^{-x}) + c_2 e^x + c_1)$$

## 12.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2191]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = \sec(x) \tan(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=sec(x)*tan(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 + (1 - 2 \cos(x)^2) \ln(\sec(x) + \tan(x)) - 2 \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.081 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==Sec[x]*Tan[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(2x)(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x))) + c_1 \cos(2x) + 2 \sin(x)(-1 + c_2 \cos(x))$$

## 12.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2192]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 2y = e^{-x} \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*y(x)=exp(-x)*sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{\sqrt{2}x}c_2 + e^{-\sqrt{2}x}c_1 + \frac{(4 \cos(2x) - 5 \sin(2x)) e^{-x}}{41}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.235 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y[x]==Exp[-x]*Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{5}{41}e^{-x} \sin(2x) + \frac{4}{41}e^{-x} \cos(2x) + c_1 e^{\sqrt{2}x} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{2}x}$$

## 12.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2193]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 9y = \sec(x) \csc(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+9*y(x)=sec(x)*csc(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(3x) c_2 + \cos(3x) c_1 + \frac{\sin(x) (4 \cos(x)^2 - 1) \ln(\csc(x) - \cot(x))}{3} + \frac{4((\cos(x))^2 - \frac{3}{4}) \ln(\sec(x) + \tan(x)) + 2 \sin(x) \cos(x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.076 (sec). Leaf size: 65

```
DSolve[y''[x]+9*y[x]==Sec[x]*Csc[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( \cos(3x) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) + 4 \sin(2x) + \sin(3x) \log \left( \sin \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + 3c_1 \cos(3x) + 3c_2 \sin(3x) - \sin(3x) \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

## 12.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2194]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 9y = \csc(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+9*y(x)=csc(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(3x) c_2 + \cos(3x) c_1 + \frac{\sin(x) (4 \cos(x)^2 - 1) \ln(\csc(x) - \cot(x))}{6} + \frac{2((\cos(x)^2 - \frac{3}{4}) \ln(\sec(x) + \tan(x)) + 2 \sin(x)) \cos(x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 65

```
DSolve[y''[x]+9*y[x]==Csc[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( \cos(3x) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) + 4 \sin(2x) + \sin(3x) \log \left( \sin \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + 6c_1 \cos(3x) + 6c_2 \sin(3x) - \sin(3x) \log \left( \cos \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

## 12.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2195]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \tan\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=tan(x/3)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x)c_2 + \cos(x)c_1 - 22 \\ + 9\left(1 - 4\cos\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)\ln\left(\sec\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)\right) + 36\cos\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.283 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==Tan[x/3]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -9\sin(x)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)\right) + 18\cos\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right) + c_1\cos(x) + c_2\sin(x) - 4$$

## 12.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2196]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + y' = \tan(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 117

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x)=tan(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 \sin(x) - c_2 \cos(x) - \ln(e^{ix} - i) - \ln(i + e^{ix}) \\ + \frac{ie^{ix} \ln\left(\frac{-ie^{2ix} + i + 2e^{ix}}{e^{2ix} + 1}\right)}{2} + \ln(e^{ix}) - \frac{i \ln\left(\frac{-ie^{2ix} + i + 2e^{ix}}{e^{2ix} + 1}\right) e^{-ix}}{2} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.101 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+y'[x]==Tan[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sin(x) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) - \frac{1}{2} \log(\cos^2(x)) - c_2 \cos(x) + c_1 \sin(x) + c_3$$



## 12.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2197]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$4y'' - 4y' + y = e^{\frac{x}{2}} \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=exp(x/2)*ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + e^{\frac{x}{2}} x c_1 + \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2}} x^2 (2 \ln(x) - 3)}{16}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[4*y''[x]-4*y'[x]+y[x]==Exp[x/2]*Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{16} e^{x/2} (-3x^2 + 2x^2 \log(x) + 16c_2 x + 16c_1)$$

## 12.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2198]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 20, page 90

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_linear]`

$$y' + P(x)y = Q(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+P(x)*y(x)=Q(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left( \int Q(x) e^{\int P(x) dx} dx + c_1 \right) e^{-\int P(x) dx}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.105 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
DSolve[y'[x]+p[x]*y[x]==q[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \exp\left(\int_1^x -p(K[1])dK[1]\right) \left( \int_1^x \exp\left(-\int_1^{K[2]} -p(K[1])dK[1]\right) q(K[2])dK[2] + c_1 \right)$$

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## 13.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2199]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 22, page 99

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-6*diff(y(x),x)+9*y(x)=exp(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{3x}c_2 + e^{3x}xc_1 + \frac{x^2e^{3x}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[x]-6*y'[x]+9*y[x]==Exp[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{3x}(x^2 + 2c_2x + 2c_1)$$

## 13.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2200]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 22, page 99

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-3*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^3 e^x}{6} + c_1 e^x + c_2 x e^x + c_3 e^x x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-3*y''[x]+3*y'[x]-y[x]==Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} e^x (x^3 + 6c_3 x^2 + 6c_2 x + 6c_1)$$

### 13.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2201]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 22, page 99

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 5y' + 6y = x^2$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-5*diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^{2x} + c_1 e^{3x} + \frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{5x}{18} + \frac{19}{108}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[x]-5*y'[x]+6*y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{5x}{18} + c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{3x} + \frac{19}{108}$$

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## 14.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2202]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 2e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=2*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 + \frac{2e^x}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==2*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2e^x}{5} + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x)$$



## 14.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2203]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 3y = 3e^{-4x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*y(x)=3*exp(-4*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(\sqrt{3}x) c_2 + \cos(\sqrt{3}x) c_1 + \frac{3e^{-4x}}{19}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y[x]==3*Exp[-4*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3e^{-4x}}{19} + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{3}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{3}x)$$

### 14.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2204]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = \frac{e^x}{2} + \frac{e^{-x}}{2}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=1/2*(exp(x)+exp(-x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + e^{-2x}xc_1 + \frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{18}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.097 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==1/2*(Exp[x]+Exp[-x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{18}e^{-2x}(9e^x + e^{3x} + 18(c_2x + c_1))$$

## 14.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2205]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' - 2y = e^{-2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=exp(-2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + c_1 e^{-2x} - \frac{e^{-2x} x}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]-2*y[x]==Exp[-2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} e^{-2x} (-3x + 9c_2 e^{3x} - 1 + 9c_1)$$

## 14.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2206]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*y(x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(\sqrt{2}x) c_2 + \cos(\sqrt{2}x) c_1 + \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.185 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sin(x) + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)$$

## 14.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2207]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = \frac{e^{3x}}{2} - \frac{e^{-3x}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=1/2*(exp(3*x)-exp(-3*x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x}c_2 + e^{-2x}xc_1 + \frac{e^{3x}}{50} - \frac{e^{-3x}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.217 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==1/2*(Exp[3*x]-Exp[-3*x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{50}e^{-3x}(e^{6x} + 50e^x(c_2x + c_1) - 25)$$

## 14.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2208]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' - 2y = \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{\frac{(-3+\sqrt{17})x}{2}} c_2 + e^{-\frac{(3+\sqrt{17})x}{2}} c_1 - \frac{\cos(2x)}{12} - \frac{\sin(2x)}{12}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.346 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y'[x]-2*y[x]==Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{12} \cos(2x) + e^{-\frac{1}{2}(3+\sqrt{17})x} (c_2 e^{\sqrt{17}x} + c_1) - \frac{1}{6} \sin(x) \cos(x)$$

## 14.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2209]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = e^x \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=exp(x)*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{e^x \cos(x)}{10} + \frac{e^x \sin(x)}{10} - c_1 e^{-2x} + e^{-x} c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.061 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==Exp[x]*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{10} e^x (\sin(x) - \cos(x))$$

## 14.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2210]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - y = e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-y(x)=exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x e^x}{3} + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} x}{2}\right) + c_3 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} x}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.408 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-y[x]==Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} e^{-x/2} \left( e^{3x/2} (x - 1 + 3c_1) + 3c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + 3c_3 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) \right)$$



## 14.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2211]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' + y' - 4y = \sin(x) - e^{4x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 68

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-4*y(x)=sin(x)-exp(4*x),y(x), singsol=all
```

$$y = \frac{e^{-4x}e^{4x}(68x + 15) \cos(x)}{578} - \frac{e^{-4x}e^{4x}(17x + 8) \sin(x)}{578} - \frac{e^{-4x}e^{8x}(17x - 8)}{289} + \cos(x) c_1 + \sin(x) c_2 + c_3 e^{4x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.149 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]+y'[x]-4*y[x]==Sin[x]-Exp[4*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{289}e^{4x}(-17x + 8 + 289c_3) + \left(\frac{2x}{17} + \frac{13}{1156} + c_1\right) \cos(x) + \left(-\frac{x}{34} - \frac{21}{289} + c_2\right) \sin(x)$$

## 14.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2212]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' + 3y'' - 4y = 4e^x + 3\cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+3*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=4*exp(x)+3*cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{2x e^x}{5} - \frac{9 e^x}{25} - \frac{3 \cos(2x)}{25} - \frac{3 \sin(2x) x}{20} + c_1 e^x + c_2 \cos(2x) + c_3 e^{-x} + c_4 \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.17 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+3*y''[x]-4*y[x]==4*Exp[x]+3*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2e^x x}{5} - \frac{9e^x}{25} - \frac{\cos(x)}{2} + c_3 e^{-x} + c_4 e^x + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x)$$

## 14.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2213]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = e^{3x}(1 + \sin(2x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=exp(3*x)*(1+sin(2*x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 - \frac{e^{3x}(-\sin(2x) - 3 + 2 \cos(2x))}{30}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.288 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==Exp[3*x]*(1+Sin[2*x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{30}(3e^{3x} + e^{3x} \sin(2x) - 2e^{3x} \cos(2x) + 30c_1 \cos(x) + 30c_2 \sin(x))$$

## 14.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2214]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2n^2y' + n^4y = \sin(kx)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*n^2*diff(y(x),x)+n^4*y(x)=sin(k*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-n^2x}c_2 + e^{-n^2x}xc_1 + \frac{(n^4 - k^2) \sin(kx) - 2 \cos(kx) k n^2}{(n^4 + k^2)^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.198 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*n^2*y'[x]+n^4*y[x]==Sin[k*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(n^4 - k^2) \sin(kx)}{(k^2 + n^4)^2} - \frac{2kn^2 \cos(kx)}{(k^2 + n^4)^2} + (c_2x + c_1)e^{-n^2x}$$

## 14.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2215]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = \frac{e^x}{2} + \frac{e^{-x}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+5*y(x)=1/2*(exp(x)+exp(-x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-2x} \sin(x) c_2 + e^{-2x} \cos(x) c_1 + \frac{e^x}{20} + \frac{e^{-x}}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+5*y[x]==1/2*(Exp[x]+Exp[-x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{20} e^{-2x} (5e^x + e^{3x} + 20c_2 \cos(x) + 20c_1 \sin(x))$$

## 14.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2216]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y' - 2y = x e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=x*exp(-x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^x + c_1 e^{-2x} - \frac{(2x - 1) e^{-x}}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]-2*y[x]==x*Exp[-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^{-x} (1 - 2x) + c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^x$$

## 14.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2217]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = x e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=x*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 + \frac{(5x - 2) e^x}{25}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==x*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{25} e^x (5x - 2) + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x)$$

## 14.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2218]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y = x^2 e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*y(x)=x^2*exp(-x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(\sqrt{2}x) c_2 + \cos(\sqrt{2}x) c_1 + \frac{(9x^2 + 12x + 2)e^{-x}}{27}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y[x]==x^2*Exp[-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{27}e^{-x}(9x^2 + 12x + 2) + c_1 \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)$$



## 14.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2219]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - y' - 2y = x^2 - 8$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=x^2-8,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-x}c_2 + c_1e^{2x} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{13}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y'[x]-2*y[x]==x^2-8,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(-2x^2 + 2x + 13) + c_1e^{-x} + c_2e^{2x}$$

## 14.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2220]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y''' - y = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -x^2 + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_3 e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right) + c_3 e^{-x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{2}\right)$$

## 14.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2221]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 4y'' - 5y' = x^2e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+4*diff(y(x),x$2)-5*diff(y(x),x)=x^2*exp(-x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{23e^{-x}}{64} + c_1e^x - \frac{e^{-5x}c_2}{5} + \frac{5e^{-x}x}{16} + \frac{x^2e^{-x}}{8} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.192 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+4*y''[x]-5*y'[x]==x^2*Exp[-x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{64}e^{-x}(8x^2 + 20x + 23) - \frac{1}{5}c_1e^{-5x} + c_2e^x + c_3$$

## 14.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2222]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'''' - 2y''' + y'' = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-2*diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x$2)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^4}{12} + 3x^2 + \frac{2x^3}{3} + c_1(xe^x - 2e^x) + c_2e^x + c_3x + c_4$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-2*y'''[x]+y''[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^4}{12} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + 3x^2 + c_4x + c_1e^x + c_2e^x(x - 2) + c_3$$

## 14.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2223]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - y' = e^x (\sin(x) - x^2)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-diff(y(x),x)=exp(x)*(sin(x)-x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 e^x - \frac{7x e^x}{4} + \frac{15 e^x}{8} + \frac{3 e^x x^2}{4} - \frac{x^3 e^x}{6} - \frac{e^x \cos(x)}{10} - \frac{3 e^x \sin(x)}{10} - e^{-x} c_2 + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.016 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-y'[x]==Exp[x]*(Sin[x]-x^2),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{24} e^x (-4x^3 + 18x^2 - 42x + 45) - \frac{3}{10} e^x \sin(x) - \frac{1}{10} e^x \cos(x) + c_1 e^x - c_2 e^{-x} + c_3$$

## 14.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2224]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - 4y'' = e^{2x}(x - 3)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-4*diff(y(x),x$2)=exp(2*x)*(x-3),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^{4x}c_1}{16} - \frac{e^{2x}x}{8} + \frac{7e^{2x}}{16} + c_2x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.268 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-4*y''[x]==Exp[2*x]*(x-3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{16}e^{2x}(-2x + c_1e^{2x} + 7) + c_3x + c_2$$

## 14.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2225]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'''' - 6y''' + 9y'' = \sin(3x) + x e^x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-6*diff(y(x),x$3)+9*diff(y(x),x$2)=sin(3*x)+x*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{c_1 \left( e^{3x} x - \frac{2e^{3x}}{3} \right)}{9} + \frac{x e^x}{4} - \frac{e^x}{4} + \frac{e^{3x} c_2}{9} - \frac{\cos(3x)}{162} + c_3 x + c_4$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.069 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-6*y'''[x]+9*y''[x]==Sin[3*x]+x*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^x (x - 1) - \frac{1}{162} \cos(3x) + \frac{1}{27} e^{3x} (c_2 (3x - 2) + 3c_1) + c_4 x + c_3$$

## 14.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2226]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]`

$$y''' - 6y'' + 11y' - 6y = x^2 e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-6*diff(y(x),x$2)+11*diff(y(x),x)-6*y(x)=x^2*exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all
```

$$y = -\frac{x(x^2 + 6)e^{2x}}{3} + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{2x} + c_3 e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-6*y''[x]+11*y'[x]-6*y[x]==x^2*Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tru
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^x \left( e^x \left( -\frac{x^3}{3} - 2x + c_2 \right) + c_3 e^{2x} + c_1 \right)$$



## 14.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2227]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 2y' = x^2 + \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x)=x^2+cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(\sqrt{2}x) c_1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(\sqrt{2}x) c_2}{2} + \sin(x) - \frac{x}{2} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.417 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+2*y'[x]==x^2+Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x}{2} + \sin(x) - \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + c_3$$

## 14.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2228]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' + 3y'' - y' + 2y = \sin(2x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 1673

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+3*diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.487 (sec). Leaf size: 1124

`DSolve[y''''[x]+3*y''[x]-y'[x]+2*y[x]==Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,1]}c_1 + e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,2]}c_2 \\
 & + e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,3]}c_3 + e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,4]}c_4 \\
 & - \frac{(\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 1] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])}{(\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 1] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])} \\
 & + \frac{(\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 1] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])}{(\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 1] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])} \\
 & - \frac{e^{(\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,2]+\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,3]+\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,4])x+\text{Root}[\#1^4+3\#1^2-\#1+2\&,1]x} (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])}{(\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 2] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3]) (\text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 3] - \text{Root}[\#1^4 + 3\#1^2 - \#1 + 2\&, 4])}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 14.28 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2229]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'''' + 2y'' + y' = x^3 - \frac{\cos(2x)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 1694

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)+2*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=x^3-1/2*cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.87 (sec). Leaf size: 1293

`DSolve[y''''[x]+2*y''[x]+y'[x]==x^3-1/2*Cos[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1]}c_1}{\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1]} + c_4 \\
 & + \frac{ix(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]) \left(4 + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]^2\right) \left(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]x^3 + 4\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])\right)}{4\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])} \\
 & + \frac{ix(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) \left(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]^3 x^3 + 3\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]x + 4\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])\right)}{4\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])} \\
 & - \frac{i(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]) \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]^5 \sin(2x)}{4\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])^2} \\
 & - \frac{i(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) (\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) \left(2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]\right)}{4\sqrt{59}(-2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) (2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])} \\
 & - \frac{i\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]^5 (\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) \sin(2x)}{4\sqrt{59}(1 - 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2])^2} \\
 & - \frac{i \cos(2x) (\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]) \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]^4}{2\sqrt{59}(-1 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])^2} \\
 & + \frac{i \cos(2x) (\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) \left(2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]\right)}{2\sqrt{59}(-2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2] + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]) (2i + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])} \\
 & + \frac{e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]}c_3}{\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3]} \\
 & + \frac{ix \left(4 + \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]^2\right) \left(\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]^3 x^3 + 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]^2 x + 4\sqrt{59}(1 - 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2])\right)}{4\sqrt{59}(1 - 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2])^2} \\
 & - \frac{i \cos(2x) \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]^4 (\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,1] - \text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,3])}{2\sqrt{59}(1 - 4\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2])^2} \\
 & + \frac{e^{x\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]}c_2}{\text{Root}[\#1^3+2\#1+1\&,2]}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 14.29 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2230]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 4y'' + 5y' = e^{-2x} \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+4*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*diff(y(x),x)=exp(-2*x)*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \left( -\frac{e^{-2x} \cos(x)}{5} - \frac{2e^{-2x} \sin(x)}{5} \right) + \frac{\left(-\frac{x}{5} - \frac{4}{25}\right) e^{-2x} \cos(x)}{2} \\ + \frac{\left(-\frac{2x}{5} - \frac{3}{25}\right) e^{-2x} \sin(x)}{2} + c_1 \left( -\frac{2e^{-2x} \cos(x)}{5} + \frac{e^{-2x} \sin(x)}{5} \right) + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.337 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y''''[x]+4*y'''[x]+5*y''[x]==Exp[-2*x]*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{50} e^{-2x} (2(-5x + 1 - 10c_1 + 5c_2) \sin(x) - (5x + 14 + 10c_1 + 20c_2) \cos(x)) + c_3$$

## 14.30 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2231]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + y'' - 2y' = e^{-2x} \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)=exp(-2*x)*cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{e^{-2x} \sin(2x)}{104} + \frac{5 e^{-2x} \cos(2x)}{104} - \frac{e^{-2x} c_2}{2} + c_1 e^x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.872 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+y''[x]-2*y'[x]==Exp[-2*x]*Cos[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{104} e^{-2x} (\sin(2x) + 5 \cos(2x) - 52(c_1 - 2c_2 e^{3x})) + c_3$$

## 14.31 problem 33

Internal problem ID [2232]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 2y' = \sin(x) x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x)=x^2*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\cos(x) x^2 + 8 \cos(x) - 2x \sin(x) + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(\sqrt{2}x) c_1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(\sqrt{2}x) c_2}{2} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.164 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+2*y'[x]==x^2*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -(x^2 - 8) \cos(x) - 2x \sin(x) - \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} + c_3$$



## 14.32 problem 34

Internal problem ID [2233]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 23, page 106

**Problem number:** 34.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'''' - y = \cos(x) x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$4)-y(x)=x^2*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \left(-\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cos(x) + \left(\frac{5}{8}x - \frac{1}{12}x^3\right) \sin(x) + \cos(x) c_1 + c_2 e^x + c_3 \sin(x) + c_4 e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.092 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[y''''[x]-y[x]==x^2*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \left(-\frac{x^3}{12} + \frac{5x}{8} + c_4\right) \sin(x) + \left(-\frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{16} + c_2\right) \cos(x) + c_1 e^x + c_3 e^{-x}$$

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## 15.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2234]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = x \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=x*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) c_1 - \frac{2 \cos(x)}{9} + \frac{x \sin(x)}{3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y[x]==x*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}x \sin(x) + c_1 \cos(2x) + \cos(x) \left( -\frac{2}{9} + 2c_2 \sin(x) \right)$$

## 15.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2235]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \cos(x) x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)=x^2*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 + \frac{(2x^3 - 3x) \sin(x)}{12} + \frac{\cos(x) x^2}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.067 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==x^2*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12}(2x^3 - 3x + 12c_2) \sin(x) + \left(\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + c_1\right) \cos(x)$$

### 15.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2236]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - y = \cos(x) x^2$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=x^2*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-x} c_2 + c_1 e^x - \frac{\cos(x) x^2}{2} + \frac{\cos(x)}{2} + x \sin(x)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y[x]==x^2*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 1) \cos(x) + x \sin(x) + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

## 15.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2237]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 4y' = e^x + \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+4*diff(y(x),x)=exp(x)+sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sin(2x)c_1}{2} - \frac{c_2 \cos(2x)}{2} + \frac{e^x}{5} - \frac{\cos(x)}{3} + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.241 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+4*y'[x]==Exp[x]+Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x}{5} - \frac{1}{2}c_2 \cos(2x) + \cos(x) \left( -\frac{1}{3} + c_1 \sin(x) \right) + c_3$$

## 15.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2238]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 5.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y^{(5)} + y'''' = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$5)+diff(y(x),x$4)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x^6}{360} + \frac{x^4}{12} - \frac{x^5}{60} + c_1 e^{-x} + \frac{c_2 x^3}{6} + \frac{c_3 x^2}{2} + c_4 x + c_5$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.134 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[y'''''[x]+y''''[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^6}{360} - \frac{x^5}{60} + \frac{x^4}{12} + c_5 x^3 + c_4 x^2 + c_3 x + c_1 e^{-x} + c_2$$

## 15.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2239]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2y'' + 3y' - 2y = e^x x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=x^2*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^{\frac{x}{2}} + c_1 e^{-2x} + \frac{(9x^2 - 42x + 86) e^x}{27}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[2*y''[x]+3*y'[x]-2*y[x]==x^2*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{27} e^x (9x^2 - 42x + 86) + c_1 e^{x/2} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$



## 15.7 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2240]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + y' = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+diff(y(x),x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\cos(x) - \frac{x \sin(x)}{2} + c_1 \sin(x) - c_2 \cos(x) + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.074 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+y'[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}(1 + 2c_2) \cos(x) + \left(-\frac{x}{2} + c_1\right) \sin(x) + c_3$$

## 15.8 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2241]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' - y' = x \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)-diff(y(x),x)=x*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{x \cos(x)}{2} - \sin(x) + c_1 e^x - e^{-x} c_2 + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.142 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y'''[x]-y'[x]==x*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sin(x) + \frac{1}{2}x \cos(x) + c_1 e^x - c_2 e^{-x} + c_3$$

## 15.9 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2242]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y''' + 2y'' = x \cos(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$3)+2*diff(y(x),x$2)=x*cos(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\cos(2x)}{16} - \frac{\sin(2x)x}{16} + \frac{c_1 e^{-2x}}{4} + \frac{3 \sin(2x)}{32} - \frac{\cos(2x)x}{16} + c_2 x + c_3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.447 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[y'''[x]+2*y''[x]==x*Cos[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_3 x + \frac{1}{16} (-x \sin(2x) - (x+1) \cos(2x) + 4c_1 e^{-2x} + 3 \sin(x) \cos(x)) + c_2$$

## 15.10 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2243]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \cos(x)x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x^2*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -c_1 e^{-2x} + \frac{\cos(x)x^2}{10} - \frac{133\cos(x)}{250} + \frac{3x^2\sin(x)}{10} - \frac{17x\sin(x)}{25} + \frac{81\sin(x)}{250} + \frac{6x\cos(x)}{25} + e^{-x}c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[y''[x]+3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x^2*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{250}((75x^2 - 170x + 81)\sin(x) + (25x^2 + 60x - 133)\cos(x)) + c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{-x}$$

## 15.11 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2244]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 4y' + 3y = \sin(x) x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=x^2*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{3x}c_2 + c_1e^x + \frac{(25x^2 + 55x + 28) \cos(x)}{125} + \frac{(x^2 - \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{67}{25}) \sin(x)}{10}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x^2*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{250} \left( (25x^2 - 20x - 67) \sin(x) + 2(25x^2 + 55x + 28) \cos(x) \right) + c_1e^x + c_2e^{3x}$$

## 15.12 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2245]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - y = x \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=x*sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = e^{-x}c_2 + c_1e^x - \frac{4 \cos(2x)}{25} - \frac{\sin(2x)x}{5}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y[x]==x*Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{5}x \sin(2x) - \frac{4}{25} \cos(2x) + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

## 15.13 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2246]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'' + 2y' = x^3 \sin(2x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)=x^3*sin(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{\cos(2x)x^3}{8} + \frac{3x^2 \sin(2x)}{8} - \frac{15 \sin(2x)}{64} + \frac{15 \cos(2x)x}{32} + \frac{3 \sin(2x)x}{32} - \frac{x^3 \sin(2x)}{8} - \frac{3 \cos(2x)x^2}{16} - \frac{c_1 e^{-2x}}{2} + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.435 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]==x^3*Sin[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{32}x(4x^2 + 6x - 15) \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{64}(-8x^3 + 24x^2 + 6x - 15) \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{2}c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2$$

## 15.14 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2247]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'' - y' = x e^{2x} \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)=x*exp(2*x)*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{3e^{2x} \cos(x) x}{10} + \frac{17e^{2x} \cos(x)}{50} + \frac{e^{2x} \sin(x) x}{10} + \frac{3e^{2x} \sin(x)}{25} + c_1 e^x + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.486 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y'[x]==x*Exp[2*x]*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{50} e^{2x} (5x + 6) \sin(x) - \frac{1}{50} e^{2x} (15x - 17) \cos(x) + c_1 e^x + c_2$$



## 15.15 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2248]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 4y = x e^{2x} \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=x*exp(2*x)*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 e^{2x} + c_1 e^{-2x} + \frac{((-17x + 76) \cos(x) + (68x + 2) \sin(x)) e^{2x}}{289}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y[x]==x*Exp[2*x]*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{289} e^{2x} (2(34x + 1) \sin(x) + (76 - 17x) \cos(x))$$

## 15.16 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2249]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 24, page 109

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$y'' + 2y' = x^2 e^{-x} \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)=x^2*exp(-x)*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = -\frac{x^2 \sin(x) e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^{-x} \sin(x)}{2} - x e^{-x} \cos(x) - \frac{c_1 e^{-2x}}{2} + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.508 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]==x^2*Exp[-x]*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-2x} (e^x (x^2 - 1) \sin(x) + 2e^x x \cos(x) + c_1)$$

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## 16.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2250]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$x^2 y'' - 4y'x + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 x^{\frac{5}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}} + c_2 x^{\frac{5}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-4*x*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{\frac{5}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}} \left( c_2 x^{\sqrt{21}} + c_1 \right)$$

## 16.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2251]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler], [_2nd_order, _linear, '_with_symmetry_[0,F`

$$x^2 y'' + y' x + 16y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x)+16*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1 \sin(4 \ln(x)) + c_2 \cos(4 \ln(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+x*y'[x]+16*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \cos(4 \log(x)) + c_2 \sin(4 \log(x))$$

## 16.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2252]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$4x^2y'' - 16y'/x + 25y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(4*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-16*x*diff(y(x),x)+25*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_1x^{\frac{5}{2}} + c_2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[4*x^2*y''[x]-16*x*y'[x]+25*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x^{5/2}(5c_2 \log(x) + 2c_1)$$

## 16.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2253]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$x^2 y'' + 5y'x + 10y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*x*diff(y(x),x)+10*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{c_1 \sin(\sqrt{6} \ln(x))}{x^2} + \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{6} \ln(x))}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.044 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+5*x*y'[x]+10*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{6} \log(x)) + c_1 \sin(\sqrt{6} \log(x))}{x^2}$$

## 16.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2254]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' - 3y'x - 18y = \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*x*diff(y(x),x)-18*y(x)=ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = x^{\frac{9}{2}}c_2 + \frac{c_1}{x^2} - \frac{\ln(x)}{18} + \frac{5}{324}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[2*x^2*y'[x]-3*x*y'[x]-18*y[x]==Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2x^{9/2} + \frac{c_1}{x^2} - \frac{\log(x)}{18} + \frac{5}{324}$$



## 16.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2255]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' - 3y'x + 2y = \ln(x^2)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=ln(x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{2c_1x^2}{3} + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^2)}{2} + \sqrt{x}c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[2*x^2*y''[x]-3*x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==Log[x^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(\log(x^2) + 5) + c_2x^2 + c_1\sqrt{x}$$

## 16.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2256]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - 3y'x + 4y = x^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*x*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=x^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 x^2 + \ln(x) x^2 c_1 + x^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]-3*x*y'[x]+4*y[x]==x^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(x + 2c_2 \log(x) + c_1)$$

## 16.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2257]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2y'' + 3y'x + y = 1 - x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=1-x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{c_2}{x} - \frac{x}{4} + 1 + \frac{c_1 \ln(x)}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]+3*x*y'[x]+y[x]==1-x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{4} + \frac{c_1}{x} + \frac{c_2 \log(x)}{x} + 1$$

## 16.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2258]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^3 y''' + 2x^2 y'' - y'x + y = \frac{1}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(x^3*diff(y(x),x$3)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=1/x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = xc_2 \ln(x) + c_3x + \frac{\ln(x) + 1 + c_1}{4x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.008 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[x^3*y'''[x]+2*x^2*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+y[x]==1/x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\log(x) + 1}{4x} + \frac{c_1}{x} + c_2x + c_3x \log(x)$$

## 16.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2259]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - 2y'x + 2y = 4x + \sin(\ln(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-2*x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=4*x+sin(ln(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = c_2 x + c_1 x^2 + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{2}\right)}{5} - 4 \ln(x) x + \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{2}\right)^2}{5} - 4x - \frac{3}{10}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.071 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]-2*x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==4*x+Sin[Log[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}(\sin(\log(x)) + 3 \cos(\log(x)) + 10x(-4 \log(x) + c_2 x - 4 + c_1))$$

## 16.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2260]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2 y'' - y' x + 2y = x^2 \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x^2*ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \sin(\ln(x)) x c_2 + \cos(\ln(x)) x c_1 + \frac{x^2(\ln(x) - 1)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]-x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x^2*Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x(x(\log(x) - 1) + 2c_2 \cos(\log(x)) + 2c_1 \sin(\log(x)))$$

## 16.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2261]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2 y'' + 4xy' + 3y = (x-1) \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=(x-1)*ln(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\ln(x)}{2}\right) c_2}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\ln(x)}{2}\right) c_1}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{(3x-7)\ln(x)}{21} - \frac{5x}{49}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.516 (sec). Leaf size: 67

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]+4*x*y'[x]+3*y[x]==(x-1)*Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}\log(x)\right)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{c_1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}\log(x)\right)}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{5x}{49} + \frac{1}{7}x \log(x) - \frac{\log(x)}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

## 16.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2262]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4x^3y''' + 8x^2y'' - xy' + y = x + \ln(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(4*x^3*diff(y(x),x$3)+8*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x+ln(x),y(x), singsol=a
```

$$y = \frac{\ln(x)x}{3} + \ln(x) + 1 - \frac{8x}{9} + c_1x + \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_3\sqrt{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[4*x^3*y'''[x]+8*x^2*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+y[x]==x+Log[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}(x+3)\log(x) + \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{x}} + c_2\sqrt{x} + \left(-\frac{8}{9} + c_3\right)x + 1$$



## 16.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2263]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3x^3y''' + 4x^2y'' - 10xy' + 10y = \frac{4}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(3*x^3*diff(y(x),x$3)+4*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-10*x*diff(y(x),x)+10*y(x)=4/x^2,y(x), singular
```

$$y = -\frac{2}{9x^2} + c_1x + c_2x^{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{\sqrt{31}}{3}} + c_3x^{\frac{1}{3}+\frac{\sqrt{31}}{3}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.074 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
DSolve[3*x^3*y'''[x]+4*x^2*y''[x]-10*x*y'[x]+10*y[x]==4/x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2x^{\frac{1}{3}(1+\sqrt{31})} + c_1x^{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{\sqrt{31}}{3}} - \frac{2}{9x^2} + c_3x$$

## 16.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2264]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 4.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_high_order, _exact, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^4 y'''' + 7x^3 y''' + 9x^2 y'' - 6xy' - 6y = \cos(\ln(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 394

```
dsolve(x^4*diff(y(x),x$4)+7*x^3*diff(y(x),x$3)+9*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-6*x*diff(y(x),x)-6*y(x)=
```

$$y = \frac{\sin(\sqrt{2} \ln(x)) c_4}{x} + \frac{\cos(\sqrt{2} \ln(x)) c_3}{x} + \frac{33((-2 - 4i + (-1 + 3i)\sqrt{2}) \cos(\sqrt{2} \ln(x)) - (-4 + 2i + (3 + i)\sqrt{2}) \sin(\sqrt{2} \ln(x))) x^{-i\sqrt{2}+1-i}}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.318 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
DSolve[x^4*y''''[x]+7*x^3*y'''[x]+9*x^2*y''[x]-6*x*y'[x]-6*y[x]==Cos[Log[x]],y[x],x,IncludeS
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_4 x^2 + \frac{c_3}{x} - \frac{1}{10} \sin(\log(x)) - \frac{1}{20} \cos(\log(x)) + \frac{c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2} \log(x))}{x} + \frac{c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2} \log(x))}{x}$$

## 16.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2265]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 25, page 112

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 3.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_3rd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^3 y''' - 2x^2 y'' - xy' + 4y = \sin(\ln(x))$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 164

```
dsolve(x^3*diff(y(x),x$3)-2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=sin(ln(x)),y(x), singso
```

$$y = \frac{\left(119ix^{2i}x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} - 20ix^{2i}x + 17x^{2i}x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} - 119ix^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} + 5x^{2i}x + 20ix + 17x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{1870x} + c_1x^4 + c_2x^{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}} + c_3x^{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.212 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
DSolve[x^3*y'''[x]-2*x^2*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+4*y[x]==Sin[Log[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 x^{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} + c_1 x^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} + c_3 x^4 + \frac{9}{85} \sin(\log(x)) - \frac{2}{85} \cos(\log(x))$$

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## 17.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2266]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = x(t) + \cos(t)$$

$$y'(t) = -y(t) + 4t$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.234 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-x(t)=cos(t),diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=4*t],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{\cos(t)}{2} + \frac{\sin(t)}{2} + c_1 e^t$$

$$y(t) = 4t - 4 + c_2 e^{-t}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.076 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-x[t]==Cos[t],y'[t]+y[t]==4*t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(\sin(t) - \cos(t) + 2c_1 e^t)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 4t + c_2 e^{-t} - 4$$

## 17.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2267]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 3t^2 - 5x(t) \\y'(t) &= -y(t) + e^{3t}\end{aligned}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+5*x(t)=3*t^2,diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=exp(3*t)],[x(t), y(t)], singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \frac{3t^2}{5} - \frac{6t}{25} + \frac{6}{125} + e^{-5t}c_1 \\y(t) &= \frac{e^{3t}}{4} + e^{-t}c_2\end{aligned}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.216 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+5*x[t]==3*t^2,y'[t]+y[t]==Exp[3*t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &\rightarrow \frac{3t^2}{5} - \frac{6t}{25} + c_1 e^{-5t} + \frac{6}{125} \\y(t) &\rightarrow \frac{e^{3t}}{4} + c_2 e^{-t}\end{aligned}$$

### 17.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2268]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -2x(t) + 3t \\y'(t) &= x(t) - \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{y(t)}{2} + \cos(t)^2 - \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.156 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+2*x(t)=3*t,diff(x(t),t)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=cos(2*t)], [x(t), y(t)], sin
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{3e^{-2t}c_1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \\y(t) &= e^{-\frac{t}{2}}c_2 + e^{-2t}c_1 - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\cos(2t)}{17} + \frac{4\sin(2t)}{17}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.348 (sec). Leaf size: 74

```
DSolve[{x'[t]+2*x[t]==3*t,x'[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==Cos[2*t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &\rightarrow \frac{3t}{2} + c_1 e^{-2t} - \frac{3}{4} \\y(t) &\rightarrow \frac{4}{17} \sin(2t) + \frac{1}{17} \cos(2t) + \frac{1}{6} (-4c_1 e^{-2t} + (4c_1 + 6c_2) e^{-t/2} - 9)\end{aligned}$$

## 17.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2269]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -y(t) + x(t) + 2 \sin(t) \\y'(t) &= 4y(t) - 4x(t) - 2 \sin(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)-x(t)+y(t)=2*sin(t),diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=3*y(t)-3*x(t)], [x(t), y(t)
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= -\frac{e^{5t}c_1}{20} - \frac{16 \cos(t)}{13} - \frac{2 \sin(t)}{13} + c_2 \\y(t) &= \frac{e^{5t}c_1}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(t)}{13} - \frac{14 \cos(t)}{13} + c_2\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[{x'[t]-x[t]+y[t]==2*Sin[t],x'[t]+y'[t]==3*y[t]-3*x[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &\rightarrow \frac{1}{65}(-10 \sin(t) - 80 \cos(t) + 13c_1(e^{5t} + 4) - 13c_2(e^{5t} - 1)) \\y(t) &\rightarrow \frac{1}{65}(40 \sin(t) - 70 \cos(t) - 52c_1(e^{5t} - 1) + 13c_2(4e^{5t} + 1))\end{aligned}$$



## 17.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2270]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= -\frac{3x(t)}{2} + \frac{y(t)}{2} + \frac{e^t}{2} \\y'(t) &= \frac{5x(t)}{3} - \frac{y(t)}{3} - \frac{2t}{3}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
dsolve([2*diff(x(t),t)+3*x(t)-y(t)=exp(t),5*x(t)-3*diff(y(t),t)=y(t)+2*t],[x(t), y(t)], sing
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \frac{3e^{\frac{t}{6}}c_2}{10} - e^{-2t}c_1 + \frac{11}{2} + \frac{4e^t}{15} + t \\y(t) &= e^{\frac{t}{6}}c_2 + e^{-2t}c_1 + 3t + \frac{37}{2} + \frac{e^t}{3}\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.685 (sec). Leaf size: 105

```
DSolve[{2*x'[t]+3*x[t]-y[t]==Exp[t],5*x[t]-3*y'[t]==y[t]+2*t},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &\rightarrow t + \frac{4e^t}{15} + \frac{1}{13}(10c_1 - 3c_2)e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{13}(c_1 + c_2)e^{t/6} + \frac{11}{2} \\y(t) &\rightarrow \frac{1}{78}e^{-2t}(39e^{2t}(6t + 37) + 26e^{3t} + 60(c_1 + c_2)e^{13t/6} - 60c_1 + 18c_2)\end{aligned}$$

## 17.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2271]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$0 = -5y'(t) + 3x'(t) + 5y(t) + 5t$$

$$0 = -3x'(t) + 5y'(t) + 2x(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve([5*diff(y(t),t)-3*diff(x(t),t)-5*y(t)=5*t,3*diff(x(t),t)-5*diff(y(t),t)-2*x(t)=0],[x
```

$$x(t) = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{5e^{\frac{2t}{5}}c_1}{2}$$

$$y(t) = -t - 1 + e^{\frac{2t}{5}}c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.137 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[{5*y'[t]-3*x'[t]-5*y[t]==5*t,3*x'[t]-5*y'[t]-2*x[t]==0},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeSingular
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{5}{6}(3 + 2c_1e^{2t/5})$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -t - \frac{2}{3}c_1e^{2t/5} - 1$$

## 17.7 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2272]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 26, page 115

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

Solve

$$\begin{aligned}x'(t) &= 3x(t) \\y'(t) &= 2x(t) + 3y(t) \\z'(t) &= 3y(t) - 2z(t)\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t)=3*x(t),diff(y(t),t)=2*x(t)+3*y(t),diff(z(t),t)=3*y(t)-2*z(t)],[x(t),y(t),z(t)]
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \frac{5c_3 e^{3t}}{6} \\y(t) &= \frac{e^{3t}(5c_3 t + 5c_2 + c_3)}{3} \\z(t) &= e^{-2t} c_1 + c_2 e^{3t} + c_3 e^{3t} t\end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[{x'[t]==3*x[t],y'[t]==2*x[t]+3*y[t],z'[t]==3*y[t]-2*z[t]},{x[t],y[t],z[t]},t,IncludeS
```

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &\rightarrow c_1 e^{3t} \\y(t) &\rightarrow e^{3t}(2c_1 t + c_2) \\z(t) &\rightarrow \frac{1}{25} e^{-2t} (6c_1 (e^{5t} (5t - 1) + 1) + 5(3c_2 (e^{5t} - 1) + 5c_3))\end{aligned}$$

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## 18.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2273]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _quadrature]]`

$$y'' = \cos(t)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)=cos(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\cos(t) + c_1t + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y''[t]==Cos[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\cos(t) + c_2t + c_1$$

## 18.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2274]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - k^2y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)=k^2*y(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1e^{-kt} + c_2e^{kt}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y''[t]==k^2*y[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1e^{kt} + c_2e^{-kt}$$

### 18.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2275]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$x'' + k^2x = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(x(t),t$2)+k^2*x(t)=0,x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = c_1 \sin(kt) + c_2 \cos(kt)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[x''[t]+k^2*x[t]==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow c_1 \cos(kt) + c_2 \sin(kt)$$



## 18.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2276]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$y^3 y'' = -4$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
dsolve(y(x)^3*diff(y(x),x$2)+4=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{c_1 (c_1^2 c_2^2 + 2c_1^2 c_2 x + c_1^2 x^2 - 4)}}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{c_1 (c_1^2 c_2^2 + 2c_1^2 c_2 x + c_1^2 x^2 - 4)}}{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.404 (sec). Leaf size: 93

```
DSolve[y[x]^3*y'[x]+4==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{c_1^2 x^2 + 2c_2 c_1^2 x - 4 + c_2^2 c_1^2}}{\sqrt{c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{c_1^2 x^2 + 2c_2 c_1^2 x - 4 + c_2^2 c_1^2}}{\sqrt{c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Indeterminate}$$

## 18.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2277]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible, \_mu\_x\_y1]]

$$x'' - \frac{k^2}{x^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 385

```
dsolve(diff(x(t), t$2)=k^2/x(t)^2,x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{c_1 \left( c_1^2 k^4 + 2k^2 c_1 e^{\text{RootOf}\left(\text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^4 k^4 - 2_Z c_1^3 k^2 e^{-Z} - e^{2-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^2 - 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_2 - 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) t\right)} + e^{2 \text{RootOf}\left(\text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^4 k^4 - 2_Z c_1^3 k^2 e^{-Z} - e^{2-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^2 + 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_2 + 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) t\right)} \right)}{c_1^2}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{c_1 \left( c_1^2 k^4 + 2k^2 c_1 e^{\text{RootOf}\left(\text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^4 k^4 - 2_Z c_1^3 k^2 e^{-Z} - e^{2-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^2 + 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_2 + 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) t\right)} + e^{2 \text{RootOf}\left(\text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^4 k^4 - 2_Z c_1^3 k^2 e^{-Z} - e^{2-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_1^2 - 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) c_2 - 2 e^{-Z} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{1}{c_1}\right) t\right)} \right)}{c_1^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.188 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
DSolve[x''[t]==k^2/x[t]^2,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \left( \frac{2k^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{2k^2}{x(t)} + c_1}}{\sqrt{c_1}} \right)}{c_1^{3/2}} + \frac{x(t) \sqrt{-\frac{2k^2}{x(t)} + c_1}}{c_1} \right)^2 = (t + c_2)^2, x(t) \right]$$

## 18.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2278]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _quadrature]]`

$$xy'' = x^2 + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)=1+x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^3}{6} + x \ln(x) - x + c_1x + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]==1+x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^3}{6} + x \log(x) + (-1 + c_2)x + c_1$$

## 18.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2279]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$(1 - x)y'' - y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve((1-x)*diff(y(x),x$2)=diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_2 \ln(x - 1) + c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[(1-x)*y'[x]==y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - c_1 \log(1 - x)$$

## 18.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2280]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$(x^2 + 1)y'' + 2x(y' + 1) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x*(diff(y(x),x)+1)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x + (c_1 + 1) \arctan(x) + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[(1+x^2)*y'[x]+2*x*(y'[x]+1)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow (1 + c_1) \arctan(x) - x + c_2$$

## 18.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2281]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - y'^3 - y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 251

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=diff(y(x),x)^3+diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{-(e^{2x}c_1 - 1)e^{2x}c_1}}{2} - \frac{c_1 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1^2(e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2c_1})}}{\sqrt{-(e^{2x}c_1 - 1)e^{2x}c_1}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c_1^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c_1(-c_1e^{4x} + e^{2x})}}{2} - \frac{c_1 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1^2(e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2c_1})}}{\sqrt{c_1(-c_1e^{4x} + e^{2x})}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c_1^2}} + c_2$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{-(e^{2x}c_1 - 1)e^{2x}c_1}}{2} + \frac{c_1 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1^2(e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2c_1})}}{\sqrt{-(e^{2x}c_1 - 1)e^{2x}c_1}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c_1^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c_1(-c_1e^{4x} + e^{2x})}}{2} + \frac{c_1 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1^2(e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2c_1})}}{\sqrt{c_1(-c_1e^{4x} + e^{2x})}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c_1^2}} + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.102 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
DSolve[y''[x]==y'[x]^3+y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - i \log \left( \sqrt{-1 + e^{2(x+c_1)}} - e^{x+c_1} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i \log \left( \sqrt{-1 + e^{2(x+c_1)}} - e^{x+c_1} \right) + c_2$$



## 18.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2282]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$xy'' - y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+x=diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{x^2 \ln(x)}{2} + \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{c_1 x^2}{2} + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[x*y''[x]+x==y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2c_1)x^2 + c_2$$

## 18.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2283]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$x'' + x't = t^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(diff(x(t),t$2)+t*diff(x(t),t)=t^3,x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{c_1 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)}{2} - 2t + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.108 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
DSolve[x''[t]+t*x'[t]==t^3,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} c_1 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{t^3}{3} - 2t + c_2$$

## 18.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2284]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$x^2y'' - y'x = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)=x*diff(y(x),x)+1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1x^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(x)}{2} + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[x^2*y''[x]==x*y'[x]+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1x^2}{2} - \frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_2$$

## 18.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2285]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_xy]]`

$$y'' - y'^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=1+diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\ln\left(\frac{c_1 \tan(x) - c_2}{\sec(x)}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.736 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y''[x]==1+y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - \log(\cos(x + c_1))$$

## 18.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2286]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$(-x^2 + 1)y'' + y'x = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + c_1 \left( \frac{\sqrt{x-1}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{(x+1)(x-1)} \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2-1})}{2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}} \right) + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.07 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[(1-x^2)*y'[x]+x*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( -2c_1 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x-1} \right) + x^2 + c_1 \sqrt{x^2-1} x + 2c_2 \right)$$

## 18.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2287]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - \sqrt{y'^2 + 1} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.156 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=sqrt(1+diff(y(x),x)^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -ix + c_1$$

$$y(x) = ix + c_1$$

$$y(x) = \cosh(x + c_1) + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.34 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y''[x]==Sqrt[1+y'[x]^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(e^{-x-c_1} + e^{x+c_1}) + c_2$$

## 18.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2288]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], _Liouville, [_2nd_order, _reducible]`

$$y'' - y'^2 - y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\ln(-c_1 e^x - c_2)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.815 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[y''[x]==y'[x]^2+y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - \log(-1 + e^{x+c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - i\pi$$

## 18.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2289]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$y'' - y'y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{(c_2+x)\sqrt{2}}{2c_1}\right)\sqrt{2}}{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 15.535 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]==y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{c_1} \tan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1}(x+c_2)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$



## 18.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2290]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_y_y1]]`

$$(x^2 + 1)y'' + y'^2 = -1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+1+diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x}{c_1} - \frac{(-c_1^2 - 1) \ln(c_1 x - 1)}{c_1^2} + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 7.025 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[(1+x^2)*y'[x]+1+y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x \cot(c_1) + \csc^2(c_1) \log(-x \sin(c_1) - \cos(c_1)) + c_2$$

## 18.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2291]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$y'' + y'y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{(c_2+x)\sqrt{2}}{2c_1}\right)\sqrt{2}}{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 7.104 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{c_1} \tanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{c_1}(x+c_2)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

## 18.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2292]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], _Liouville, [_2nd_order, _reducible]`

$$y'' + 2y'^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\ln(2c_1x + 2c_2)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.183 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log(2x - c_1) + c_2$$

## 18.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2293]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$yy'' + y'^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2c_1x + 2c_2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.161 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]+y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2\sqrt{2x - c_1}$$

## 18.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2294]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$yy'' - y'^2 = -1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+1=diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \left( e^{-\frac{2c_2}{c_1}} e^{-\frac{2x}{c_1}} - 1 \right) e^{\frac{c_2}{c_1}} e^{\frac{x}{c_1}}}{2}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \left( e^{\frac{2c_2}{c_1}} e^{\frac{2x}{c_1}} - 1 \right) e^{-\frac{c_2}{c_1}} e^{-\frac{x}{c_1}}}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.25 (sec). Leaf size: 85

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]+1==y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{ie^{-c_1} \tanh(e^{c_1}(x+c_2))}{\sqrt{-\operatorname{sech}^2(e^{c_1}(x+c_2))}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{ie^{-c_1} \tanh(e^{c_1}(x+c_2))}{\sqrt{-\operatorname{sech}^2(e^{c_1}(x+c_2))}}$$

## 18.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2295]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y''[x]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

## 18.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2296]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$yy'' + y'^2 - y'y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)^2=y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2c_1e^x + 2c_2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2c_1e^x + 2c_2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.093 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]+y'[x]^2==y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2\sqrt{2e^x + e^{c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}c_2\sqrt{e^x}$$

## 18.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2297]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], _Liouville, [_2nd_order, _reducible]`

$$2yy'' - y'^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{4}c_1^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}c_1xc_2 + \frac{1}{4}c_2^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[2*y[x]*y'[x]-y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(c_1x + 2c_2)^2}{4c_2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Indeterminate}$$



## 18.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2298]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_xy]]`

$$y'' + 2y'^2 = 2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)^2=2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{e^{-4x}c_1}{2} - \frac{c_2}{2}\right)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.389 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]^2==2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-\log(e^{2x}) + \log(e^{4x} + e^{2c_1}) + 2c_2)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-\log(e^{2x}) + \log(e^{4x}) + 2c_2)$$

## 18.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2299]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + y' - y'^3 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)=diff(y(x),x)^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-e^{2x}c_1 + 1}\right) + c_2$$

$$y(x) = \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-e^{2x}c_1 + 1}\right) + c_2$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.1 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]==y'[x]^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2(x+c_1)}}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + e^{2(x+c_1)}}\right) + c_2$$

## 18.28 problem 28

Internal problem ID [2300]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], _Liouville, [_2nd_order, _reducible]`

$$(y + 1)y'' - 3y'^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
dsolve((y(x)+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)=3*diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -1$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{-2c_1x - 2c_2} - 1}{\sqrt{-2c_1x - 2c_2}}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{-2c_1x - 2c_2} + 1}{\sqrt{-2c_1x - 2c_2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.378 (sec). Leaf size: 107

```
DSolve[(y[x]+1)*y'[x]==3*y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2c_1x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-c_1(x+c_2)} + 2c_2c_1}{2c_1(x+c_2)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-2c_1x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-c_1(x+c_2)} - 2c_2c_1}{2c_1(x+c_2)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Indeterminate}$$

## 18.29 problem 29

Internal problem ID [2301]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _quadrature]]`

$$y'' = \sec(x) \tan(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{\pi}{4}, y'(0) = 1 \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=sec(x)*tan(x),y(0) = 1/4*Pi, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \ln(\sec(x) + \tan(x)) + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.09 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[{y''[x]==Sec[x]*Tan[x],{y[0]==Pi/4,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( 8 \arctanh \left( \tan \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + \pi \right)$$

## 18.30 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2302]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$2y'' - e^y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(x),x$2)=exp(y(x)),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 2 \ln(2) + \ln\left(\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{2*y'[x]==Exp[y[x]],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2 \log\left(1 - \frac{x}{2}\right)$$

## 18.31 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2303]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$y'' - y^3 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = -1, y'(0) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=y(x)^3,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 1/2*2^(1/2)],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{x + \sqrt{2}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==y[x]^3,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==Sqrt[2]/2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}x - 2}$$

## 18.32 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2304]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _missing_y], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_y_y1]`

$$y'' - y'^2 \cos(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=diff(y(x),x)^2*cos(x),y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==y[x]^2*Cos[x],{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

```
{}
```



### 18.33 problem 33

Internal problem ID [2305]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _with_potential_symmet`

$$yy'' - y^2y' - y'^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=diff(y(x),x)^2,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x),
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{6}{e^{\frac{3x}{2}} - 4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.908 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{y[x]*y'[x]-y[x]^2*y'[x]==y'[x]^2,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{6}{e^{3x/2} - 4}$$

## 18.34 problem 34

Internal problem ID [2306]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 34.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_y_y1]]`

$$(x^2 + 1)y'' + y'^2 = -1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+1+diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x + 2 \ln(-x - 1) - 2i\pi + 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.806 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{(1+x^2)*y'[x]+1+y'[x]^2==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x + 2 \log(-x - 1) - 2i\pi + 1$$

## 18.35 problem 35

Internal problem ID [2307]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 35.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$yy'' - y^3 - y'^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 12.234 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)=y(x)^3+diff(y(x),x)^2,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(x - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2}))}{2}\right)^2$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y[x]*y'[x]==y[x]^3+y'[x]^2,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

{}

## 18.36 problem 36

Internal problem ID [2308]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 36.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$\left(y'^2 + 1\right)^2 - y^2 y'' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = \sqrt{2}\right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 29.704 (sec). Leaf size: 221

```
dsolve([(1+diff(y(x),x)^2)^2=y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x$2),y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 2^(1/2)],y(x), singsol
```

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf} \left( \sqrt{2} \left( \int_{-z}^3 \frac{\text{RootOf} \left( \left( -\sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1}{\sqrt{-(\text{RootOf} \left( \left( -\sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1) \left( 2 \text{RootOf} \left( \left( -\sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1 \right)}} dz \right) + x \right)$$

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf} \left( \sqrt{2} \left( \int_3^{-z} \frac{\text{RootOf} \left( \left( \sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1}{\sqrt{-(\text{RootOf} \left( \left( \sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1) \left( 2 \text{RootOf} \left( \left( \sqrt{-(3_Z-1)(6_Z+1)} + 6_Z - 2 \right) \sqrt{2} \right) - a - 1 \right)}} dz \right) + x \right)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{(1+y'[x]^2)^2==y[x]^2+y''[x],{y[0]==3,y'[0]==Sqrt[2]}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

Not solved

## 18.37 problem 37

Internal problem ID [2309]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 37.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_y_y1]]`

$$y'' - y'^2 \sin(x) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = 0, y'(0) = \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

 Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=diff(y(x),x)^2*sin(x),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1/2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

 Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.773 (sec). Leaf size: 6

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==y'[x]^2*Sin[x],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1/2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$y(x) \rightarrow$  Indeterminate

## 18.38 problem 38

Internal problem ID [2310]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 38.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2yy'' - y^3 - 2y'^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.39 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)=y(x)^3+2*diff(y(x),x)^2,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=
```

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf}\left(2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-Z+1}\right) + x\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.205 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{2*y[x]*y'[x]==y[x]^3+2*y'[x]^2,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

## 18.39 problem 39

Internal problem ID [2311]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 39.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$x'' - k^2x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 0, x'(0) = v_0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t$2)-k^2*x(t)=0,x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = v__0],x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{v_0(e^{kt} - e^{-kt})}{2k}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{x''[t]-k^2*x[t]==0,{x[0]==0,x'[0]==v0}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{v_0 e^{-kt} (e^{2kt} - 1)}{2k}$$



## 18.40 problem 40

Internal problem ID [2312]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 40.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_xy]`

$$yy'' - 2y'^2 - y^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = \sqrt{3}]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)=2*diff(y(x),x)^2+y(x)^2,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 3^(1/2)],y(x), sings
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{-\sqrt{3} \sin(x) + \cos(x)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.175 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{y[x]*y'[x]==2*y'[x]^2+y[x]^2,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==Sqrt[3]}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \csc\left(\frac{1}{6}(\pi - 6x)\right)$$

## 18.41 problem 41

Internal problem ID [2313]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 35, page 157

**Problem number:** 41.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_y]]`

$$(1 - e^x)y'' - e^xy' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve([(1-exp(x))*diff(y(x),x$2)=exp(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(1) = 0, D(y)(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=a
```

$$y(x) = -(\ln(e^x) + \ln(-1 + e) - \ln(-1 + e^x) - 1)(-1 + e)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{(1-Exp[x])*y'[x]==Exp[x]*y'[x],{y[1]==0,y'[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2(e - 1)(\operatorname{arctanh}(1 - 2e) - \operatorname{arctanh}(1 - 2e^x))$$

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## 19.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2314]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$4y^2 - y'^2 x^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(4*y(x)^2=diff(y(x),x)^2*x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^2$$

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[4*y[x]^2==y'[x]^2*x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x^2$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 19.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2315]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$xyy'^2 + (y + x)y' = -1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+(x+y(x))*diff(y(x),x)+1=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\ln(x) + c_1$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{-2x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{-2x + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
DSolve[x*y[x]*y'[x]^2+(x+y[x])*y'[x]+1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\log(x) + c_1$$

### 19.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2316]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [ $y = G(x, y')$ ]

$$(2y - x^2) y'^2 - 2x^2 y y'^2 = -1$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(1+(2*y(x)-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)^2-2*x^2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[1+(2*y[x]-x^2)*y'[x]^2-2*x^2*y[x]*y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 19.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2317]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$x(-1 + y'^2) - 2y'y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(x*(diff(y(x),x)^2-1)=2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} + 1\right) c_1}{2}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
DSolve[x*(y'[x]^2-1)==2*y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-c_1} (-x^2 + e^{2c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-c_1} (-1 + e^{2c_1} x^2)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -ix$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow ix$$

## 19.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2318]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$(1 - y^2) y'^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve((1-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)^2=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sin \left( \text{RootOf} \left( \sin(\_Z) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(2\_Z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + \_Z + 2c_1 - 2x \right) \right)$$
$$y(x) = \sin \left( \text{RootOf} \left( -\sin(\_Z) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(2\_Z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} - \_Z + 2c_1 - 2x \right) \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.089 (sec). Leaf size: 105

```
DSolve[(1-y[x]^2)*y'[x]^2==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \#1 \sqrt{1 - \#1^2} - \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \#1^2}}{\#1 + 1} \right) \& \right] [-x + c_1]$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \#1 \sqrt{1 - \#1^2} - \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \#1^2}}{\#1 + 1} \right) \& \right] [x + c_1]$$



## 19.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2319]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational]`

$$xyy'^2 + (xy - 1)y' - y = 0$$

**X** Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+(x*y(x)-1)*diff(y(x),x)=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[x*y[x]*y'[x]^2+(x*y[x]-1)*y'[x]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

## 19.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2320]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y^2 y'^2 + x y y' = 2x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
dsolve(y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)^2+x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-2*x^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{-2x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{-2x^2 + c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
DSolve[y[x]^2*y'[x]^2+x*y[x]*y'[x]-2*x^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2 + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}$$

## 19.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2321]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y^2 y'^2 - 2xyy' + 2y^2 = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 107

```
dsolve(y(x)^2*dif(y(x),x)^2-2*x*y(x)*dif(y(x),x)+2*y(x)^2=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x$$

$$y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{-2c_1\sqrt{2}x - c_1^2 - x^2}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2c_1\sqrt{2}x - c_1^2 - x^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{-2c_1\sqrt{2}x - c_1^2 - x^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2c_1\sqrt{2}x - c_1^2 - x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.072 (sec). Leaf size: 233

```
DSolve[y[x]^2*y'[x]^2-2*x*y[x]*y'[x]+2*y[x]^2==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 - 4\sqrt{2}x \cosh(c_1) - 4\sqrt{2}x \sinh(c_1) - 4 \cosh(2c_1) - 4 \sinh(2c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 - 4\sqrt{2}x \cosh(c_1) - 4\sqrt{2}x \sinh(c_1) - 4 \cosh(2c_1) - 4 \sinh(2c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 + 4\sqrt{2}x \cosh(c_1) + 4\sqrt{2}x \sinh(c_1) - 4 \cosh(2c_1) - 4 \sinh(2c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 + 4\sqrt{2}x \cosh(c_1) + 4\sqrt{2}x \sinh(c_1) - 4 \cosh(2c_1) - 4 \sinh(2c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2}$$

## 19.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2322]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y'^3 + (x + y - 2yx) y'^2 - 2y'xy(y + x) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^3+(x+y(x)-2*x*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)^2-2*diff(y(x),x)*x*y(x)*(x+y(x)))=0,y(x))
```

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{x^2}$$

$$y(x) = -x + 1 + e^{-x} c_1$$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.06 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y'[x]^3+(x+y[x]-2*x*y[x])*y'[x]^2-2*y'[x]*x*y[x]*(x+y[x])==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x + c_1 e^{-x} + 1$$

## 19.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2323]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$yy'^2 + (y^2 - x^3 - y^2x)y' - xy(x^2 + y^2) = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2+(y(x)^2-x^3-x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)-x*y(x)*(x^2+y(x)^2)=0,y(x), si
```

$$y(x) = e^{-x}c_1$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{c_1e^{x^2} - x^2 - 1}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{c_1e^{x^2} - x^2 - 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 14.233 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]^2+(y[x]^2-x^3-x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]-x*y[x]*(x^2+y[x]^2)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingular
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^{-x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-x^2 + c_1e^{x^2} - 1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 + c_1e^{x^2} - 1}$$

## 19.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2324]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y - y'x(1 + y') = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x*(1+diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)} + 1 \right)}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)} + 1 \right)}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.566 (sec). Leaf size: 102

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x*(1+y'[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} - 1} - \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} - 1 \right) = \frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} + 1} + \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} + 1 \right) = -\frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 19.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2325]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y - 3 \ln(y') = x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(y(x)=x+3*ln(diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = x + 3 \ln \left( \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{3}} c_1}{-1 + e^{-\frac{x}{3}} c_1} \right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y[x]==x+3*Log[y'[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 \log \left( e^{-x/3} - \frac{c_1}{3} \right)$$

## 19.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2326]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y(y'^2 + 1) = 2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve(y(x)*(1+diff(y(x),x)^2)=2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 2$$

$$y(x) = -\sin\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z - x - \sqrt{\frac{\cos(2Z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + c_1}\right)\right) + 1$$

$$y(x) = \sin\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z - x + \sqrt{\frac{\cos(2Z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + c_1}\right)\right) + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.359 (sec). Leaf size: 118

```
DSolve[y[x]*(1+y'[x]^2)==2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ -4 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{\#1}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 - \#1}} \right) - \sqrt{-((\#1 - 2)\#1)} \& \right] [-x + c_1]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ -4 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{\#1}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2 - \#1}} \right) - \sqrt{-((\#1 - 2)\#1)} \& \right] [x + c_1]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2$$

## 19.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2327]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$yy'^2 - 2y'x + y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 75

```
dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2-2*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x$$

$$y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{-2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{-2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.388 (sec). Leaf size: 174

```
DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]^2-2*x*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{-8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{-8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x$$

## 19.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2328]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y'^2 + y^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2+y(x)^2=1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -1$$

$$y(x) = 1$$

$$y(x) = -\sin(-x + c_1)$$

$$y(x) = \sin(-x + c_1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.175 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y'[x]^2+y[x]^2==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(x + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(x - c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Interval}[\{-1, 1\}]$$

## 19.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2329]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$x(-1 + y'^2) - 2y'y = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve((diff(y(x),x)^2-1)*x=2*diff(y(x),x)*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} + 1\right) c_1}{2}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.14 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
DSolve[(y'[x]^2-1)*x==2*y'[x]*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-x^2 + e^{2c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-1 + e^{2c_1}x^2)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -ix$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow ix$$

## 19.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2330]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$-2y'y + y'^2x = -4x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(4*x-2*diff(y(x),x)*y(x)+diff(y(x),x)^2*x=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -2x$$

$$y(x) = 2x$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} - 4\right) c_1}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.295 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[4*x-2*y'[x]*y[x]+y'[x]^2*x==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x \cosh(-\log(x) + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x \cosh(\log(x) + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2x$$



## 19.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2331]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y + y'^2 - y'x^3 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(2*x^2*y(x)+diff(y(x),x)^2=diff(y(x),x)*x^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^4}{8}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x^2 - 2c_1^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.642 (sec). Leaf size: 216

```
DSolve[2*x^2*y[x]+y'[x]^2==y'[x]*x^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{x^6 - 8x^2y(x)} \log(\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)} + x^2)}{2x\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^6 - 8x^2y(x)} \log(y(x))}{4x\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)}} + \frac{1}{4} \log(y(x)) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{x^6 - 8x^2y(x)} \log(\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)} + x^2)}{2x\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)}} + \frac{\sqrt{x^6 - 8x^2y(x)} \log(y(x))}{4x\sqrt{x^4 - 8y(x)}} + \frac{1}{4} \log(y(x)) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^4}{8}$$

## 19.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2332]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$yy'^2 - 3y'x - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.703 (sec). Leaf size: 279

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2*y(x)=3*diff(y(x),x)*x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 & y(x) = 0 \\
 & \ln(x) - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{8} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{9x+8y(x)}{5x\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{16} \\
 & + \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{9x-8y(x)}{5x\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{16} + \frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right)}{8} \\
 & + \frac{5 \ln\left(-\frac{2x-y(x)}{x}\right)}{16} + \frac{5 \ln\left(\frac{y(x)+2x}{x}\right)}{16} - c_1 = 0 \\
 & \ln(x) + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{8} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{9x+8y(x)}{5x\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{16} \\
 & - \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{9x-8y(x)}{5x\sqrt{\frac{9x^2+4y(x)^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{16} + \frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right)}{8} \\
 & + \frac{5 \ln\left(-\frac{2x-y(x)}{x}\right)}{16} + \frac{5 \ln\left(\frac{y(x)+2x}{x}\right)}{16} - c_1 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 75.255 (sec). Leaf size: 2113

```
DSolve[y'[x]^2*y[x]==3*y'[x]*x+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 19.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2333]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$-yy'^2 = -8x - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 135

```
dsolve(8*x+1=diff(y(x),x)^2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{(-64x - 8) c_1}{\left(\frac{8x+1-2\sqrt{y(x)(8x+1)+4y(x)}}{y(x)}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} y(x) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{y(x)(8x+1)-2y(x)}}{y(x)}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + x + \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

$$\frac{(-64x - 8) c_1}{\left(\frac{8x+1+2\sqrt{y(x)(8x+1)+4y(x)}}{y(x)}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} y(x) \left(\frac{\sqrt{y(x)(8x+1)-2y(x)}}{y(x)}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + x + \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.669 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
DSolve[8*x+1==y'[x]^2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( -8\sqrt{8x+1}x - \sqrt{8x+1} + 12c_1 \right)^{2/3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( 8\sqrt{8x+1}x + \sqrt{8x+1} + 12c_1 \right)^{2/3}$$

## 19.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2334]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$yy'^2 + 2y' = -1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2*y(x)+2*diff(y(x),x)+1=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{2(1 - y(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + y(x) - 1 - c_1 = 0$$

$$x + \frac{2(1 - y(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + y(x) - 1 - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 23.957 (sec). Leaf size: 1098

DSolve[y' [x]^2\*y[x]+2\*y' [x]+1==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \left( -24x^2 + 36x - 48c_1x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 + 36c_1 \right)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 36x}}{4\sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + (36 - 48c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{3^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3})(8x-3+8c_1)}{\sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + (36 - 48c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 + 36c_1}} + i\sqrt[3]{3}(\sqrt{3}+i) \sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 36x - 48c_1x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 + 36c_1} + 2 \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{3^{2/3}(1-i\sqrt{3})(8x-3+8c_1)}{\sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + (36 - 48c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 + 36c_1}} - \sqrt[3]{3}(1+i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 36x - 48c_1x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(x+c_1)^3(3x-1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 + 36c_1} + 2 \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \left( -24x^2 + 36x + 48c_1x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(-x+c_1)^3(-3x+1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 - 36c_1 \right)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 36x}}{4\sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 12(3+4c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(-x+c_1)^3(-3x+1+3c_1)}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{3^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3})(8x-3-8c_1)}{\sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 12(3+4c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(-x+c_1)^3(-3x+1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 - 36c_1}} + i\sqrt[3]{3}(\sqrt{3}+i) \sqrt[3]{-24x^2 + 12(3+4c_1)x + 8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{(-x+c_1)^3(-3x+1+3c_1)} - 9 - 24c_1^2 - 36c_1} + 2 \right)$$

y(x)

## 19.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2335]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$(y'^2 + 1)x - (y + x)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve((diff(y(x),x)^2+1)*x=diff(y(x),x)*(x+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( \text{LambertW} \left( \frac{x}{c_1} \right)^2 - \text{LambertW} \left( \frac{x}{c_1} \right) + 1 \right)}{\text{LambertW} \left( \frac{x}{c_1} \right)}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.512 (sec). Leaf size: 162

```
DSolve[(y'[x]^2+1)*x==y'[x]*(x+y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{y(x)}{x} + \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} + 3} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 4 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1} - \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} + 3} \right) - 3 \right) = -\frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{y(x)}{x} + \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1} \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} + 3} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 4 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1} - \sqrt{\frac{y(x)}{x} + 3} \right) + 3 \right) = \frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 19.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2336]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$-3y'y + y'^2x = -x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(x^2-3*diff(y(x),x)*y(x)+x*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{4x^3 + c_1^2}{6c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1^2x^3 + 4}{6c_1}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.293 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
DSolve[x^2-3*y'[x]*y[x]+x*y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{6}e^{-\frac{3c_1}{2}}(4x^3 + e^{3c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6}e^{-\frac{3c_1}{2}}(4x^3 + e^{3c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

## 19.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2337]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 37, page 171

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y + 2y'x - y'^2x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 116

```
dsolve(y(x)+2*diff(y(x),x)*x=diff(y(x),x)^2*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{c_1 x}{\left(-2x + \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}\right) \left(\frac{-2x + \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{x + \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}}{x}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = 0$$
$$x + \frac{c_1 x}{\left(2x + \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}\right) \left(\frac{-2x - \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{x - \sqrt{x(x+y(x))}}{x}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.106 (sec). Leaf size: 1178

DSolve[y[x]+2\*y'[x]\*x==y'[x]^2\*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{x}\left(x^{3/2} - 2e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} + 2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{x}\left(-x^{3/2} + 2e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}} + \frac{i(\sqrt{3} + i)\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + 2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{i(\sqrt{3} + i)\sqrt{x}\left(x^{3/2} - 2e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}} - \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{-10e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\left(4x^{3/2} + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\right)^3 - 2x^3 + e^{3c_1}}}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + 2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\sqrt{x}\left(2 + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{10e^{\frac{15c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{-e^{12c_1}\left(-1 + 4e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2}\right)^3 - 2e^{9c_1}x^3 + e^{6c_1}}}} + \frac{e^{-3c_1}\sqrt[3]{10e^{\frac{15c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{-e^{12c_1}\left(-1 + 4e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2}\right)^3 - 2e^{9c_1}x^3 + e^{6c_1}}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} + 2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}(1 + i\sqrt{3})e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}\sqrt{x}\left(2 + e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{10e^{\frac{15c_1}{2}}x^{3/2} + \sqrt{-e^{12c_1}\left(-1 + 4e^{\frac{3c_1}{2}}x^{3/2}\right)^3 - 2e^{9c_1}x^3 + e^{6c_1}}}} \right)$$

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## 20.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2338]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$-y'^2 - y' = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(x=diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{x}{2} - \frac{(1+4x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} + c_1$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{x}{2} + \frac{(1+4x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} + c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[x==y'[x]^2+y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{6}(4x+1)^{3/2} - x \right) + c_1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{12} \left( (4x+1)^{3/2} - 6x + 12c_1 \right)$$

## 20.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2339]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]`

$$-y + y'^3 = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 209

```
dsolve(x=y(x)-diff(y(x),x)^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x - \frac{3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - 3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3 \ln \left( (y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right) - c_1 = 0$$

$$x + \frac{3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} - \frac{3i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - 3 \ln \left( -\frac{(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - 1 \right) - c_1 = 0$$

$$x + \frac{3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{3i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - 3 \ln \left( -\frac{(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}(y(x) - x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - 1 \right) - c_1 = 0$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 11.095 (sec). Leaf size: 298

`DSolve[x==y[x]-y'[x]^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{3}{2}(y(x) - x)^{2/3} + 3\sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} + 3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} - 1 \right) - x = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} \left( 4i(y(x) - x)^{2/3} + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} - 3i \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} - 6\sqrt{3} - 6i \right) + 6i \log \left( \sqrt{2 - 2i\sqrt{3}} - i(y(x) - x) \right) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{y(x)}{2} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} \left( 4(y(x) - x)^{2/3} + 3i\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} - 3\sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} - 6i\sqrt{3} - 6 \right) - 6 \log \left( 2i \sqrt[3]{y(x) - x} + \sqrt{2 - 2i\sqrt{3}} \right) \right)$$

## 20.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2340]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$2y'y - y'^2x = -x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(x+2*diff(y(x),x)*y(x)=diff(y(x),x)^2*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} - 1\right) c_1}{2}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.133 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
DSolve[x+2*y'[x]*y[x]==y'[x]^2*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-x^2 + e^{2c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-1 + e^{2c_1}x^2)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -ix$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow ix$$

## 20.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2341]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$-2y'y + y'^2x = -4x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(4*x-2*diff(y(x),x)*y(x)+x*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -2x$$

$$y(x) = 2x$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} - 4\right) c_1}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[4*x-2*y'[x]*y[x]+x*y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x \cosh(-\log(x) + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x \cosh(\log(x) + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2x$$

## 20.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2342]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type [dAlembert]

$$xy'^3 - y'y = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 2249

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)^3=y(x)*diff(y(x),x)+1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 x^2 \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( 2 \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 18^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) \\ \frac{\left( y(x) 12^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 12^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right)^2 x^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6x \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2}{\left( y(x) 12^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 12^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right)^2 x^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6x \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2} \\ + x \\ 3x^2 \left( 6\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} 12^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 + 12x^2 y(x) 18^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 54 12^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 - 18x^2 \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \\ \frac{\left( y(x) 12^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 12^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right)^2 x^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6x \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left( y(x) 12^{\frac{2}{3}} x + 12^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right)^2 x^4 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6x \left( \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{-4y(x)^3 + 27x}{x}} + 9 \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\ = 0$$

Expression too large to display

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 144.072 (sec). Leaf size: 21579

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]^3==y[x]*y'[x]+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 20.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2343]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y(y'^2 + 1) - 2y'x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 75

```
dsolve((diff(y(x),x)^2+1)*y(x)=2*diff(y(x),x)*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x$$

$$y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{-2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{-2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{2c_1xi + c_1^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.091 (sec). Leaf size: 174

```
DSolve[(y'[x]^2+1)*y[x]==2*y'[x]*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{-8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{-8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left( \cosh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c_1}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{8ix + \cosh(c_1) + \sinh(c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x$$

## 20.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2344]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$-2y'y + y'^2x = -2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(2*x+diff(y(x),x)^2*x=2*diff(y(x),x)*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-\frac{x^2}{c_1^2} - 2\right) c_1}{2}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.067 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
DSolve[2*x+y'[x]*x==2*y'[x]*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{1}{34}\left(\left(17 + \sqrt{17}\right) \log\left(\frac{4y(x)}{x} + \sqrt{17} - 1\right) - \left(\sqrt{17} - 17\right) \log\left(-\frac{4y(x)}{x} + \sqrt{17} + 1\right)\right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$



## 20.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2345]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_dAlembert`]

$$-y'y - y'^2 = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 300

```
dsolve(x=diff(y(x),x)*y(x)+diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{\left(-y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}\right) c_1}{\sqrt{-2y(x) + 2\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} - 4} \sqrt{-2y(x) + 2\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4}} + x$$

$$+ \frac{\left(-y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}\right) \ln\left(-\frac{y(x)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2y(x)^2 - 2y(x)\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4x - 4}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2y(x)^2 - 2y(x)\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4x - 4}}$$

$$= 0$$

$$\frac{\left(y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}\right) c_1}{\sqrt{-2y(x) - 2\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} - 4} \sqrt{-2y(x) - 2\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4}} + x$$

$$- \frac{\left(y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}\right) \ln\left(-\frac{y(x)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2y(x)^2 + 2y(x)\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4x - 4}}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2y(x)^2 + 2y(x)\sqrt{y(x)^2 + 4x} + 4x - 4}}$$

$$= 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.497 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
DSolve[x==y'[x]*y[x]+y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \left\{ x = -\frac{2K[1] \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-K[1]^2}}{K[1]+1}\right)}{\sqrt{1-K[1]^2}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + \frac{c_1 K[1]}{\sqrt{1-K[1]^2}}, y(x) = \frac{x}{K[1]} - K[1] \right\}, \{y(x), K[1]\} \right]$$

## 20.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2346]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$4y'^2x + 2y'x - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(x),x)^2*x+2*diff(y(x),x)*x=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{x}{4}$$

$$y(x) = \left( \frac{4c_1}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{c_1x}}{x} \right) x$$

$$y(x) = \left( \frac{4c_1}{x} - \frac{2\sqrt{c_1x}}{x} \right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.152 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[4*y'[x]^2*x+2*y'[x]*x==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{2c_1}(-2\sqrt{x} + e^{2c_1})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-4c_1}(1 + 2e^{2c_1}\sqrt{x})$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x}{4}$$

## 20.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2347]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$y - y'x(y' + 1) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x*(diff(y(x),x)+1),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)} + 1 \right)}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{x \left( \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)} + 1 \right)}{2 \operatorname{LambertW} \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c_1}{x}}} \right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.523 (sec). Leaf size: 102

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x*(y'[x]+1),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} - 1} - \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} - 1 \right) = \frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} + 1} + \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{4y(x)}{x} + 1} + 1 \right) = -\frac{\log(x)}{2} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 20.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2348]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _dAlembert]`

$$2xy'^3 - yy'^2 = -1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.234 (sec). Leaf size: 620

`dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x)^3*x+1=diff(y(x),x)^2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)`

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) = & 2x \left( \frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x} + \frac{c_1}{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x} + \frac{c_1}{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)^2} \\
 y(x) = & 2x \left( -\frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} - \frac{c_1}{2 \left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x} - \frac{c_1}{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{\left( -\frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} - \frac{c_1}{2 \left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x} - \frac{c_1}{\left( \left( -27 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{3(c_1^3 - 27x)}{x}} \right) x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \right)}
 \end{aligned}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 151.15 (sec). Leaf size: 17695

```
DSolve[2*y'[x]^3*x+1==y'[x]^2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 20.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2349]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'^3 + xy y' - 2y^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^3+diff(y(x),x)*x*y(x)=2*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{x^3}{27}$$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2}{4c_1} + \frac{x}{2c_1^2} + \frac{1}{4c_1^3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 141.328 (sec). Leaf size: 10666

```
DSolve[y'[x]^3+y'[x]*x*y[x]==2*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

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## 20.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2350]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 4.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _dAlembert]`

$$3y'^4x - y'^3y = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(x),x)^4*x=diff(y(x),x)^3*y(x)+1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\left[ x(\_T) = \frac{\frac{3}{5\_T^{\frac{5}{2}} + c_1}}{\_T^{\frac{3}{2}}}, y(\_T) = \frac{\frac{9}{5\_T^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3c_1}}{\sqrt{\_T}} - \frac{1}{\_T^3} \right]$$

### ✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[3*y'[x]^4*x==y'[x]^3*y[x]+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Timed out

## 20.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2351]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 5.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_dAlembert`]

$$2y'^5 + 2y'x - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 1505

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x)^5+2*diff(y(x),x)*x=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x + \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 20x\right)^2 \sqrt{-5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)}}{2000\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)} - \frac{x\sqrt{-5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x + \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}}{5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x + \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 20x\right)^2 \sqrt{-5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)}}{60000c_1 + 2000\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)} + \frac{x\sqrt{-5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x + \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}}{5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x - \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20x\right)^2 \sqrt{5}\sqrt{\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)}}{2000\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)} - \frac{x\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x - \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}}{5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x - \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20x\right)^2 \sqrt{5}\sqrt{\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)}}{60000c_1 + 2000\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)} + \frac{x\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\sqrt{3} + 20i\sqrt{3}x - \left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}}{564 \cdot 5\left(300c_1 + 20\sqrt{20x^3 + 225c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.303 (sec). Leaf size: 2226

```
DSolve[2*y'[x]^5+2*y'[x]*x==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 20.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2352]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _dAlembert]`

$$\frac{1}{y'^2} + y'x - 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 2120

```
dsolve(1/diff(y(x),x)^2+diff(y(x),x)*x=2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\left( -442368xy(x)^5 \sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} - \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{3}} - 16 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)$$

+ x

$$\frac{108x^3 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)}{\left( \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4y(x) \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2} = 0$$

$$\left( -1769472i\sqrt{3}y(x)^8 + 1024iy(x)^3 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sqrt{3} + 1244160i\sqrt{-32y(x)^3 + 27x^2} \right)$$

+ x

$$\frac{864x^3 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)}{\left( i \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{3} - 16i\sqrt{3}y(x)^2 - \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2} = 0$$

$$\left( -1769472i\sqrt{3}y(x)^8 + 1024iy(x)^3 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sqrt{3} + 1244160i\sqrt{-32y(x)^3 + 27x^2} \right)$$

+ x

$$\frac{864x^3 \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)}{\left( i \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{3} - 16i\sqrt{3}y(x)^2 + \left( 12x\sqrt{-96y(x)^3 + 81x^2} + 64y(x)^3 - 108x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2} = 0$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 149.881 (sec). Leaf size: 10773

```
DSolve[1/(y'[x]^2)+y'[x]*x==2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 20.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2353]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 38, page 173

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _dAlembert]`

$$2y - 3y'x - 2 \ln(y') = 4$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 752

`dsolve(2*y(x)=3*diff(y(x),x)*x+4+2*ln(diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)`

$$y(x) = \frac{3x \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} + \frac{2}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} \right)}{2} + 2 + \ln \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} + \frac{2}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} \right)$$

$$y(x) = \frac{3x \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} - \frac{1}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} - \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} \right)}{2} \right)}{2}$$

$$+ 2 + \ln \left( -\frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} - \frac{1}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} - \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} - \frac{2}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$y(x) = \frac{3x \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} - \frac{1}{3x(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{1}{3x} + \frac{i\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{(12\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c_1(27c_1x^2-4)}x + 108c_1x^2 - 8)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} \right)}{2} \right)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.929 (sec). Leaf size: 137

```
DSolve[2*y[x]==3*y'[x]*x+4+2*Log[y'[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(2W\left(-\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x^2e^{2y(x)-4}}\right) - \log\left(2W\left(-\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x^2e^{2y(x)-4}}\right) + 3\right) + 3\right) - y(x) = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(2W\left(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x^2e^{2y(x)-4}}\right) - \log\left(2W\left(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x^2e^{2y(x)-4}}\right) + 3\right) + 3\right) - y(x) = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

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## 21.1 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2354]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x - y'^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x+diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{x^2}{4}$$

$$y(x) = c_1^2 + c_1x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x+y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1(x + c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x^2}{4}$$

## 21.2 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2355]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x - \frac{1}{y'} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x+1/diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -2\sqrt{x}$$

$$y(x) = 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x + \frac{1}{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x+1/y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x + \frac{1}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2\sqrt{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2\sqrt{x}$$

## 21.3 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2356]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x + \sqrt{y'} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x-sqrt(diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{4x}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x - \sqrt{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x-Sqrt[y'[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x - \sqrt{c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 21.4 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2357]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x - \ln(y') = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x+ln(diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \ln\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) - 1$$

$$y(x) = c_1x + \ln(c_1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x+Log[y'[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x + \log(c_1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \log\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) - 1$$

## 21.5 problem 27

Internal problem ID [2358]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x - \frac{3}{y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 82

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x+3/diff(y(x),x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{3 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{3 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} - \frac{3i\sqrt{3} \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{3 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3i\sqrt{3} \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 x + \frac{3}{c_1^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x+3/y'[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x + \frac{3}{c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{3\sqrt[3]{-3}x^{2/3}}{2^{2/3}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3\sqrt[3]{3}x^{2/3}}{2^{2/3}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}x^{2/3}}{2^{2/3}}$$

## 21.6 problem 28

Internal problem ID [2359]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x + y'^{\frac{2}{3}} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x-diff(y(x),x)^(2/3),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{4}{27x^2}$$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = c_1x - c_1^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.061 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x-y'[x]^(2/3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x - c_1^{2/3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 21.7 problem 29

Internal problem ID [2360]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Clairaut]`

$$y - y'x - e^{y'} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(y(x)=diff(y(x),x)*x+exp(diff(y(x),x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x \ln(-x) - x$$

$$y(x) = c_1x + e^{c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.02 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y[x]==y'[x]*x+Exp[y'[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x + e^{c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(\log(-x) - 1)$$

## 21.8 problem 30

Internal problem ID [2361]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _rational, _Clairaut]`

$$(y - y'x)^2 - y'^2 = 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve((y(x)-diff(y(x),x)*x)^2=diff(y(x),x)^2+1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1x - \sqrt{c_1^2 + 1}$$

$$y(x) = c_1x + \sqrt{c_1^2 + 1}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.141 (sec). Leaf size: 73

```
DSolve[(y[x]-y'[x]*x)^2==y'[x]^2+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x - \sqrt{1 + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x + \sqrt{1 + c_1^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

## 21.9 problem 31

Internal problem ID [2362]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Clairaut]`

$$y'^2 x - y' y = 2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2*x-diff(y(x),x)*y(x)-2=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x - \frac{2}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 \sqrt{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y'[x]^2*x-y'[x]*y[x]-2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x - \frac{2}{c_1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}$$

## 21.10 problem 32

Internal problem ID [2363]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 39, page 179

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x^2 - 1)y'^2 - 2xyy' + y^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(y(x)^2-2*diff(y(x),x)*x*y(x)+diff(y(x),x)^2*(x^2-1)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_1(x + 1)$$

$$y(x) = c_1(x - 1)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.106 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y[x]^2-2*y'[x]*x*y[x]+y'[x]^2*(x^2-1)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1(x - 1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1(x + 1)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



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## 22.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2364]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y' - \sqrt{1-y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=(1-y(x))^(1/2),y(0) = 0],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = x - \frac{1}{4}x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==(1-y[x])^(1/2)},{y[0]==0}],y[x],{x,0,4}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x - \frac{x^2}{4}$$

## 22.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2365]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' - yx = -x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=x*y(x)-x^2,y(0) = 2],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = 2 + x^2 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 + O(x^5)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==x*y[x]-x^2,{y[0]==2}},y[x],{x,0,4}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 + 2$$

## 22.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2366]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - y^2x^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 1$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=x^2*y(x)^2,y(1) = 0],y(x),type='series',x=1);
```

$$y(x) = 0$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==x^2*y[x]^2,{y[1]==0}},y[x],{x,1,4}]
```

Not solved

## 22.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2367]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} = 3x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 3]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 1$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=3*x+y(x)/x,y(1) = 3],y(x),type='series',x=1);
```

$$y(x) = 3x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==3*x+y[x]/x,{y[1]==3}},y[x],{x,1,4}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 3(x - 1)^2 + 6(x - 1) + 3$$

## 22.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2368]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$y' - \ln(yx) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 1$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=ln(x*y(x)),y(1) = 1],y(x),type='series',x=1);
```

$$y(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 + \frac{1}{12}(x-1)^4 + O((x-1)^5)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Log[x*y[x]],{y[1]==1}},y[x],{x,1,4}]
```

Not solved

## 22.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2369]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$y' - y^2 = 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = -1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 1$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=1+y(x)^2,y(1) = -1],y(x),type='series',x=1);
```

$$y(x) = -1 + 2(x - 1) - 2(x - 1)^2 + \frac{8}{3}(x - 1)^3 - \frac{10}{3}(x - 1)^4 + O((x - 1)^5)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.007 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==1+y[x]^2,{y[1]==-1}},y[x],{x,1,4}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{10}{3}(x - 1)^4 + \frac{8}{3}(x - 1)^3 - 2(x - 1)^2 + 2(x - 1) - 1$$

## 22.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2370]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Riccati, _special]]`

$$y' - y^2 = x^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 2$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=x^2+y(x)^2,y(2) = 0],y(x),type='series',x=2);
```

$$y(x) = 4(x - 2) + 2(x - 2)^2 + \frac{17}{3}(x - 2)^3 + 4(x - 2)^4 + \frac{148}{15}(x - 2)^5 + O((x - 2)^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.154 (sec). Leaf size: 9983

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==x^2+y[x]^2,{y[2]==0}},y[x],{x,2,5}]
```

Too large to display



## 22.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2371]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$y' - \sqrt{1 + yx} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
Order:=4;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=sqrt(1+x*y(x)),y(0) = 1],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = 1 + x + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}x^3 + O(x^4)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Sqrt[1+x*y[x]},{y[0]==1}],y[x],{x,0,3}]
```

Not solved

## 22.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2372]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=\_G(x,y)']

$$y' - \sin(y) = \cos(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=4;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=cos(x)+sin(y(x)),y(1/2*Pi) = 1/2*Pi],y(x),type='series',x=Pi/2);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{6}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 + O\left(\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.088 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Cos[x]*Sin[y[x]],{y[Pi/2]==Pi/2}},y[x],{x,Pi/2,3}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2$$

## 22.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2373]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - y = \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
Order:=7;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-y(x)=sin(x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = 1 + 2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{60}x^5 + \frac{1}{720}x^6 + O(x^7)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]-y[x]==Sin[x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==2}},y[x],{x,0,6}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^6}{720} + \frac{x^5}{60} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + 1$$

## 22.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2374]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2y = e^{2x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=7;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)-2*y(x)=exp(2*x),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{1}{10}x^5 + \frac{7}{180}x^6 + O(x^7)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]-2*y[x]==Exp[2*x]},{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0},y[x],{x,0,6}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{7x^6}{180} + \frac{x^5}{10} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

## 22.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2375]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _exact, _nonlinear], _`

$$y'' + 2y'y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
Order:=7;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+2*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + O(x^7)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.082 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]+2*y[x]*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[x],{x,0,6}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2x^5}{15} - \frac{x^3}{3} + x$$

## 22.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2376]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x], [_2nd_order, _reducible, _mu_x_y1]]`

$$y'' - \sin(y) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = \frac{\pi}{4}, y'(0) = 0 \right]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

**X** Solution by Maple

```
Order:=7;
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=sin(y(x)),y(0) = 1/4*Pi, D(y)(0) = 0],y(x),type='series',x=Pi/4);
```

No solution found

**X** Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Sin[y[x]],{y[0]==Pi/4,y'[0]==0}},y[x],{x,Pi/4,6}]
```

Not solved

## 22.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2377]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + \frac{y'^2}{2} - y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
Order:=7;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+1/2*diff(y(x),x)^2-y(x)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(x),type='series',x
```

$$y(x) = x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^3 - \frac{3}{32}x^4 + \frac{1}{20}x^5 - \frac{13}{480}x^6 + O(x^7)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]+1/2*y'[x]^2-y[x]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[x],{x,0,6}]
```

Not solved

## 22.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2378]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

$$y'' - \sin(yx) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1 \right]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=sin(x*y(x)),y(1/2*Pi) = 1, D(y)(1/2*Pi) = 1],y(x),type='series',x=Pi/2)
```

$$y(x) = 1 + \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{96}(2 + \pi)^2 \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 + O\left(\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5\right)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Sin[x*y[x]},{y[Pi/2]==1,y'[Pi/2]==1}],y[x],{x,Pi/2,4}]
```

Not solved



## 22.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2379]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 40, page 186

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [NONE]

$$y'' - \cos(yx) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1 \right]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
Order:=5;  
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=cos(x*y(x)),y(1/2*Pi) = 1, D(y)(1/2*Pi) = 1],y(x),type='series',x=Pi/2)
```

$$y(x) = 1 + \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{\pi}{12}\right) \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{12} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 + O\left(\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5\right)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[x]==Cos[x*y[x]},{y[Pi/2]==1,y'[Pi/2]==1}],y[x],{x,Pi/2,4}]
```

Not solved

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## 23.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2380]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2xy'' + 5y' + yx = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*x*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{14}x^2 + \frac{1}{616}x^4 + O(x^6)\right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + c_1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{40}x^4 + O(x^6)\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x*y'[x]+5*y[x]+x*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

Timed out

## 23.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2381]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3x(2 + 3x)y'' - 4y' + 4y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(3*x*(2+3*x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{7}{8}x + \frac{7}{8}x^2 - \frac{23}{24}x^3 + \frac{1817}{1632}x^4 - \frac{219857}{163200}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left( 1 + x - x^2 + \frac{11}{12}x^3 - \frac{319}{336}x^4 + \frac{319}{300}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[3*x*(2+3*x)*y'[x]-4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \left( \frac{319x^5}{300} - \frac{319x^4}{336} + \frac{11x^3}{12} - x^2 + x + 1 \right) \\ + c_1 \left( -\frac{219857x^5}{163200} + \frac{1817x^4}{1632} - \frac{23x^3}{24} + \frac{7x^2}{8} - \frac{7x}{8} + 1 \right) x^{5/3}$$

### 23.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2382]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2(4+x)y'' + 7y'x - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*(4+x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+7*x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{5}{4}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{48}x - \frac{5}{19968}x^2 + \frac{25}{1810432}x^3 - \frac{75}{62390272}x^4 + \frac{39}{293601280}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + c_1(1 + 2x + O(x^6))}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*(4+x)*y'[x]+7*x*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt[4]{x} \left( \frac{39x^5}{293601280} - \frac{75x^4}{62390272} + \frac{25x^3}{1810432} - \frac{5x^2}{19968} + \frac{x}{48} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2(2x+1)}{x}$$

## 23.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2383]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' + (-x^2 + x)y' - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{35}x^2 + \frac{1}{315}x^3 + \frac{1}{3465}x^4 + \frac{1}{45045}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) + c_1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8}x^2 + \frac{1}{48}x^3 + \frac{1}{384}x^4 + \frac{1}{3840}x^5 + \dots\right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*y''[x]+(x-x^2)*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x \left( \frac{x^5}{45045} + \frac{x^4}{3465} + \frac{x^3}{315} + \frac{x^2}{35} + \frac{x}{5} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( \frac{x^5}{3840} + \frac{x^4}{384} + \frac{x^3}{48} + \frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

## 23.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2384]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' + 5y'x + y(x+1) = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*x*diff(y(x),x)+(1+x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \left(1 - x + \frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{90}x^3 + \frac{1}{2520}x^4 - \frac{1}{113400}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) \sqrt{x} + c_2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{30}x^2 - \frac{1}{630}x^3 + \frac{1}{22680}x^4 - \frac{1}{124740}x^5 + O(x^6)\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*y''[x]+5*x*y'[x]+(1+x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1 \left(-\frac{x^5}{124740} + \frac{x^4}{22680} - \frac{x^3}{630} + \frac{x^2}{30} - \frac{x}{3} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{c_2 \left(-\frac{x^5}{113400} + \frac{x^4}{2520} - \frac{x^3}{90} + \frac{x^2}{6} - x + 1\right)}{x}$$

## 23.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2385]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$9x^2y'' + (2 + 3x)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(9*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(2+3*x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{20}x^2 - \frac{1}{480}x^3 + \frac{1}{21120}x^4 - \frac{1}{1478400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{56}x^2 - \frac{1}{1680}x^3 + \frac{1}{87360}x^4 - \frac{1}{6988800}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[9*x^2*y'[x]+(2+3*x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2\sqrt[3]{x} \left( -\frac{x^5}{1478400} + \frac{x^4}{21120} - \frac{x^3}{480} + \frac{x^2}{20} - \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right) \\ + c_1x^{2/3} \left( -\frac{x^5}{6988800} + \frac{x^4}{87360} - \frac{x^3}{1680} + \frac{x^2}{56} - \frac{x}{4} + 1 \right)$$



## 23.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2386]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x^3 + 2x^2)y'' - y'x + (1 - x)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve((2*x^2+x^3)*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+(1-x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1\sqrt{x} \left( 1 + \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{5}{96}x^2 - \frac{11}{1152}x^3 + \frac{341}{129024}x^4 - \frac{20119}{23224320}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2x \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{30}x^2 + \frac{1}{126}x^3 - \frac{11}{4536}x^4 + \frac{19}{22680}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(2*x^2+x^3)*y'[x]-x*y'[x]+(1-x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x \left( \frac{19x^5}{22680} - \frac{11x^4}{4536} + \frac{x^3}{126} - \frac{x^2}{30} + \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) \\ + c_2\sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{20119x^5}{23224320} + \frac{341x^4}{129024} - \frac{11x^3}{1152} + \frac{5x^2}{96} + \frac{5x}{4} + 1 \right)$$

## 23.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2387]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' - 3(x^2 + x)y' + (2 + 3x)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*(x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(2+3*x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1\sqrt{x} \left( 1 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{8}x^2 + \frac{9}{16}x^3 + \frac{27}{128}x^4 + \frac{81}{1280}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2x^2 \left( 1 + \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{9}{35}x^2 + \frac{3}{35}x^3 + \frac{9}{385}x^4 + \frac{27}{5005}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 88

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*y'[x]-3*(x+x^2)*y'[x]+(2+3*x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{27x^5}{5005} + \frac{9x^4}{385} + \frac{3x^3}{35} + \frac{9x^2}{35} + \frac{3x}{5} + 1 \right) x^2 \\ + c_2 \left( \frac{81x^5}{1280} + \frac{27x^4}{128} + \frac{9x^3}{16} + \frac{9x^2}{8} + \frac{3x}{2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{x}$$

## 23.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2388]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3x^2y'' + (-x^2 + 5x)y' + (2x^2 - 1)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(3*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(5*x-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(2*x^2-1)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{21}x - \frac{61}{630}x^2 - \frac{607}{73710}x^3 + \frac{2297}{884520}x^4 + \frac{14713}{50417640}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + c_1 \left( 1 + x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{48}x^4 + \frac{19}{2640}x^5 \right)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[3*x^2*y'[x]+(5*x-x^2)*y'[x]+(2*x^2-1)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt[3]{x} \left( \frac{14713x^5}{50417640} + \frac{2297x^4}{884520} - \frac{607x^3}{73710} - \frac{61x^2}{630} + \frac{x}{21} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( \frac{19x^5}{2640} + \frac{x^4}{48} - \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1 \right)}{x}$$

## 23.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2389]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4x^2y'' + x(x^2 - 4)y' + 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(4*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x^2-4)*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x} \left( x \left( 1 - \frac{1}{16}x^2 + \frac{7}{2560}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) c_1 + \left( 1 - \frac{1}{16}x^2 + \frac{5}{1536}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[4*x^2*y'[x]+x*(x^2-4)*y'[x]+3*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{5x^{9/2}}{1536} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{16} + \sqrt{x} \right) + c_2 \left( \frac{7x^{11/2}}{2560} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{16} + x^{3/2} \right)$$

## 23.11 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2390]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4x^2y'' - 3(x^2 + x)y' + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 879

```
Order:=6;
dsolve(4*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*(x+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) &= x^{\frac{7}{8}} \left( c_2 x^{\frac{\sqrt{17}}{8}} \left( 1 + \frac{21 + 3\sqrt{17}}{32 + 8\sqrt{17}} x + \frac{9}{128} \frac{(15 + \sqrt{17})(7 + \sqrt{17})}{(4 + \sqrt{17})(8 + \sqrt{17})} x^2 \right. \right. \\
 &\quad + \frac{9}{1024} \frac{(23 + \sqrt{17})(15 + \sqrt{17})(7 + \sqrt{17})}{(4 + \sqrt{17})(8 + \sqrt{17})(12 + \sqrt{17})} x^3 \\
 &\quad + \frac{27}{32768} \frac{(31 + \sqrt{17})(23 + \sqrt{17})(15 + \sqrt{17})(7 + \sqrt{17})}{(4 + \sqrt{17})(8 + \sqrt{17})(12 + \sqrt{17})(16 + \sqrt{17})} x^4 \\
 &\quad + \frac{81}{1310720} \frac{(39 + \sqrt{17})(31 + \sqrt{17})(23 + \sqrt{17})(15 + \sqrt{17})(7 + \sqrt{17})}{(4 + \sqrt{17})(8 + \sqrt{17})(12 + \sqrt{17})(16 + \sqrt{17})(20 + \sqrt{17})} x^5 \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + O(x^6) \right) + c_1 x^{-\frac{\sqrt{17}}{8}} \left( 1 + \frac{-21 + 3\sqrt{17}}{-32 + 8\sqrt{17}} x + \frac{9}{128} \frac{(-15 + \sqrt{17})(-7 + \sqrt{17})}{(-4 + \sqrt{17})(-8 + \sqrt{17})} x^2 \right. \right. \\
 &\quad + \frac{9}{1024} \frac{(-23 + \sqrt{17})(-15 + \sqrt{17})(-7 + \sqrt{17})}{(-4 + \sqrt{17})(-8 + \sqrt{17})(-12 + \sqrt{17})} x^3 \\
 &\quad + \frac{27}{32768} \frac{(-31 + \sqrt{17})(-23 + \sqrt{17})(-15 + \sqrt{17})(-7 + \sqrt{17})}{(-4 + \sqrt{17})(-8 + \sqrt{17})(-12 + \sqrt{17})(-16 + \sqrt{17})} x^4 \\
 &\quad + \frac{81}{1310720} \frac{(-39 + \sqrt{17})(-31 + \sqrt{17})(-23 + \sqrt{17})(-15 + \sqrt{17})(-7 + \sqrt{17})}{(-4 + \sqrt{17})(-8 + \sqrt{17})(-12 + \sqrt{17})(-16 + \sqrt{17})(-20 + \sqrt{17})} x^5 \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + O(x^6) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 2028

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[4*x^2*y''[x]-3*(x+x^2)*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

Too large to display

## 23.12 problem 16

Internal problem ID [2391]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$9x^2y'' + 9(-x^2 + x)y' + y(x - 1) = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(9*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+9*(x-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+(x-1)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( 1 + \frac{2}{15}x + \frac{11}{360}x^2 + \frac{1}{162}x^3 + \frac{29}{27216}x^4 + \frac{551}{3470040}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + c_1 \left( 1 - \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{5}{18}x^2 - \frac{5}{81}x^3 - \frac{23}{1944}x^4 - \frac{9}{47385}x^5 \right)}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[9*x^2*y'[x]+9*(x-x^2)*y'[x]+(x-1)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt[3]{x} \left( \frac{551x^5}{3470040} + \frac{29x^4}{27216} + \frac{x^3}{162} + \frac{11x^2}{360} + \frac{2x}{15} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( -\frac{92x^5}{47385} - \frac{23x^4}{1944} - \frac{5x^3}{81} - \frac{5x^2}{18} - \frac{4x}{3} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

## 23.13 problem 17

Internal problem ID [2392]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4x^2(1-x)y'' + 3x(1+2x)y' - 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(4*x^2*(1-x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*x*(1+2*x)*diff(y(x),x)-3*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{7}{4}} \left(1 - \frac{6}{11}x + \frac{4}{55}x^2 + \frac{8}{1045}x^3 + \frac{48}{24035}x^4 + \frac{32}{43263}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) + c_1 \left(1 - \frac{13}{4}x + \frac{117}{32}x^2 - \frac{195}{128}x^3 + \frac{195}{2048}x^4 + \frac{1}{8}x^5 + O(x^6)\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[4*x^2*(1-x)*y'[x]+3*x*(1+2*x)*y'[x]-3*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x \left( \frac{32x^5}{43263} + \frac{48x^4}{24035} + \frac{8x^3}{1045} + \frac{4x^2}{55} - \frac{6x}{11} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( \frac{117x^5}{8192} + \frac{195x^4}{2048} - \frac{195x^3}{128} + \frac{117x^2}{32} - \frac{13x}{4} + 1 \right)}{x^{3/4}}$$



## 23.14 problem 18

Internal problem ID [2393]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2(1 - 3x)y'' + 5y'x - 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*x^2*(1-3*x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*x*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{3}{14}x - \frac{3}{56}x^2 - \frac{45}{1232}x^3 - \frac{675}{18304}x^4 - \frac{1701}{36608}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) + c_1(1 - 12x + 72x^2 + O(x^6))}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*(1-3*x)*y'[x]+5*x*y'[x]-2*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_2(72x^2 - 12x + 1)}{x^2} + c_1\sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{1701x^5}{36608} - \frac{675x^4}{18304} - \frac{45x^3}{1232} - \frac{3x^2}{56} - \frac{3x}{14} + 1 \right)$$

## 23.15 problem 19

Internal problem ID [2394]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$4x^2(x+1)y'' - 5y'x + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(4*x^2*(1+x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-5*x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^{\frac{1}{4}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{5}{32}x^2 - \frac{15}{128}x^3 + \frac{195}{2048}x^4 - \frac{663}{8192}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2 x^2 \left( 1 - \frac{8}{11}x + \frac{32}{55}x^2 - \frac{512}{1045}x^3 + \frac{2048}{4807}x^4 - \frac{16384}{43263}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 88

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[4*x^2*(1+x)*y'[x]-5*x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{16384x^5}{43263} + \frac{2048x^4}{4807} - \frac{512x^3}{1045} + \frac{32x^2}{55} - \frac{8x}{11} + 1 \right) x^2 \\ + c_2 \left( -\frac{663x^5}{8192} + \frac{195x^4}{2048} - \frac{15x^3}{128} + \frac{5x^2}{32} - \frac{x}{4} + 1 \right) \sqrt[4]{x}$$

## 23.16 problem 20

Internal problem ID [2395]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(4+x)x^2y'' + x(x-1)y' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((4+x)*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1x^{\frac{1}{4}}\left(1 - \frac{1}{16}x + \frac{5}{512}x^2 - \frac{15}{8192}x^3 + \frac{195}{524288}x^4 - \frac{663}{8388608}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) \\ + c_2x\left(1 - \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{2}{77}x^2 - \frac{2}{385}x^3 + \frac{8}{7315}x^4 - \frac{8}{33649}x^5 + O(x^6)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(4+x)*x^2*y''[x]+x*(x-1)*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x\left(-\frac{8x^5}{33649} + \frac{8x^4}{7315} - \frac{2x^3}{385} + \frac{2x^2}{77} - \frac{x}{7} + 1\right) \\ + c_2\sqrt[4]{x}\left(-\frac{663x^5}{8388608} + \frac{195x^4}{524288} - \frac{15x^3}{8192} + \frac{5x^2}{512} - \frac{x}{16} + 1\right)$$

## 23.17 problem 21

Internal problem ID [2396]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(8 - x)x^2y'' + 6y'x - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
dsolve((8-x)*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+6*x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{56}x - \frac{3}{9856}x^2 - \frac{1}{78848}x^3 - \frac{5}{6848512}x^4 - \frac{63}{1260126208}x^5 + O(x^6)\right) + c_1 \left(1 + \frac{5}{32}x - \frac{3}{2048}x^2 - \frac{7}{196608}x^3 - \frac{1}{16384}x^4 + O(x^5)\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(8-x)*x^2*y'[x]+6*x*y'[x]-y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{63x^5}{1260126208} - \frac{5x^4}{6848512} - \frac{x^3}{78848} - \frac{3x^2}{9856} - \frac{x}{56} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( -\frac{5929x^5}{59324235776} - \frac{539x^4}{327155712} - \frac{7x^3}{196608} - \frac{3x^2}{2048} + \frac{5x}{32} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{x}}$$

## 23.18 problem 22

Internal problem ID [2397]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' + x(x^2 + 1)y' - y(x + 1) = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)-(1+x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{2}{35}x^2 - \frac{16}{945}x^3 + \frac{73}{20790}x^4 + \frac{1481}{1351350}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + c_1 \left( 1 - x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{36}x^3 + \frac{29}{1440}x^4 - \frac{71}{50400}x^5 \right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*y'[x]+x*(1+x^2)*y'[x]-(1+x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x \left( \frac{1481x^5}{1351350} + \frac{73x^4}{20790} - \frac{16x^3}{945} - \frac{2x^2}{35} + \frac{x}{5} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( -\frac{71x^5}{50400} + \frac{29x^4}{1440} + \frac{x^3}{36} - \frac{x^2}{4} - x + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

## 23.19 problem 23

Internal problem ID [2398]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2x^2y'' - y'x + (x^2 + 1)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+(1+x^2)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1\sqrt{x} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{6}x^2 + \frac{1}{168}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) + c_2x \left( 1 - \frac{1}{10}x^2 + \frac{1}{360}x^4 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x^2*y'[x]-x*y'[x]+(1+x^2)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1x \left( \frac{x^4}{360} - \frac{x^2}{10} + 1 \right) + c_2\sqrt{x} \left( \frac{x^4}{168} - \frac{x^2}{6} + 1 \right)$$

## 23.20 problem 24

Internal problem ID [2399]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3x^2y'' + 2y'x + (x^2 - 2)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(3*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2-2)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{22}x^2 + \frac{1}{1496}x^4 + O(x^6)\right) + c_1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{56}x^4 + O(x^6)\right)}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[3*x^2*y''[x]+2*x*y'[x]+(x^2-2)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x \left( \frac{x^4}{1496} - \frac{x^2}{22} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left( \frac{x^4}{56} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 1 \right)}{x^{2/3}}$$

## 23.21 problem 25

Internal problem ID [2400]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^3(x^2 + 3)y'' + 5y'x - (1 + x)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✗ Solution by Maple

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(x^3*(3+x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*x*diff(y(x),x)-(1+x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

No solution found

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.053 (sec). Leaf size: 99

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^3*(3+x^2)*y'[x]+5*x*y'[x]-(1+x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{18968303719x^5}{1220703125000} - \frac{20383193x^4}{1953125000} + \frac{26731x^3}{3906250} + \frac{259x^2}{31250} + \frac{37x}{125} + 1 \right) \sqrt[5]{x} \\ + c_2 e^{\frac{5}{3}/x} \left( \frac{869909160612721304x^5}{27030487060546875} + \frac{46847788879262x^4}{4805419921875} + \frac{15542572604x^3}{4271484375} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2270672x^2}{1265625} + \frac{1372x}{1125} + 1 \right) x^{9/5}$$



## 23.22 problem 26

Internal problem ID [2401]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 41, page 195

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2xy'' - (x^3 + 1)y' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;
dsolve(2*x*diff(y(x),x$2)-(1+x^3)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{70}x^2 + \frac{52}{945}x^3 - \frac{1049}{83160}x^4 + \frac{5207}{5405400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left( 1 + x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{18}x^3 + \frac{17}{360}x^4 - \frac{377}{12600}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*x*y'[x]-(1+x^3)*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \left( -\frac{377x^5}{12600} + \frac{17x^4}{360} + \frac{x^3}{18} - \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1 \right) \\ + c_1 \left( \frac{5207x^5}{5405400} - \frac{1049x^4}{83160} + \frac{52x^3}{945} + \frac{x^2}{70} - \frac{x}{5} + 1 \right) x^{3/2}$$

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## 24.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2402]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$xy'' + y' + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 - 2x + x^2 - \frac{2}{9}x^3 + \frac{1}{36}x^4 - \frac{1}{450}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + \left( 4x - 3x^2 + \frac{22}{27}x^3 - \frac{25}{216}x^4 + \frac{137}{13500}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 101

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x*y''[x]+y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{x^5}{450} + \frac{x^4}{36} - \frac{2x^3}{9} + x^2 - 2x + 1 \right) \\ + c_2 \left( \frac{137x^5}{13500} - \frac{25x^4}{216} + \frac{22x^3}{27} - 3x^2 + \left( -\frac{x^5}{450} + \frac{x^4}{36} - \frac{2x^3}{9} + x^2 - 2x + 1 \right) \log(x) + 4x \right)$$

## 24.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2403]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$xy'' + y' + 2yx = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x^4 + O(x^6)\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{3}{32}x^4 + O(x^6)\right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x*y''[x]+y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{x^4}{16} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right) + c_2 \left(-\frac{3x^4}{32} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \left(\frac{x^4}{16} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right) \log(x)\right)$$

## 24.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2404]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - 3y'x + 4y(x+1) = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
Order:=6;
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*x*diff(y(x),x)+4*(1+x)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 - 4x + 4x^2 - \frac{16}{9}x^3 + \frac{4}{9}x^4 - \frac{16}{225}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left( 8x - 12x^2 + \frac{176}{27}x^3 - \frac{50}{27}x^4 + \frac{1096}{3375}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right) x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 116

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]-3*x*y'[x]+4*(1+x)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{16x^5}{225} + \frac{4x^4}{9} - \frac{16x^3}{9} + 4x^2 - 4x + 1 \right) x^2 \\ + c_2 \left( \left( \frac{1096x^5}{3375} - \frac{50x^4}{27} + \frac{176x^3}{27} - 12x^2 + 8x \right) x^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left( -\frac{16x^5}{225} + \frac{4x^4}{9} - \frac{16x^3}{9} + 4x^2 - 4x + 1 \right) x^2 \log(x) \right)$$

## 24.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2405]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - x(x+1)y' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*(1+x)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + \left( -x - \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{11}{36}x^3 - \frac{25}{288}x^4 - \frac{137}{7200}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 112

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]-x*(1+x)*y'[x]+y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 x \left( \frac{x^5}{120} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1 \right) + c_2 \left( x \left( -\frac{137x^5}{7200} - \frac{25x^4}{288} - \frac{11x^3}{36} - \frac{3x^2}{4} - x \right) + x \left( \frac{x^5}{120} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1 \right) \log(x) \right)$$

## 24.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2406]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - x(2x + 3) y' + 4y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
Order:=6;
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*(2*x+3)*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 + 4x + 6x^2 + \frac{16}{3}x^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^4 + \frac{8}{5}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \left( (-6)x - 13x^2 - \frac{124}{9}x^3 - \frac{173}{18}x^4 - \frac{374}{75}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right) x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 116

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]-x*(2*x+3)*y'[x]+4*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{8x^5}{5} + \frac{10x^4}{3} + \frac{16x^3}{3} + 6x^2 + 4x + 1 \right) x^2 \\ + c_2 \left( \left( -\frac{374x^5}{75} - \frac{173x^4}{18} - \frac{124x^3}{9} - 13x^2 - 6x \right) x^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left( \frac{8x^5}{5} + \frac{10x^4}{3} + \frac{16x^3}{3} + 6x^2 + 4x + 1 \right) x^2 \log(x) \right)$$

## 24.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2407]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2(-x^2 + 1)y'' - 5y'x + 9y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)-5*x*diff(y(x),x)+9*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{15}{8}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) + \left( -\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{13}{32}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right) x^3$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.005 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*(1-x^2)*y''[x]-5*x*y'[x]+9*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{15x^4}{8} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + 1 \right) x^3 + c_2 \left( \left( -\frac{13x^4}{32} - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) x^3 + \left( \frac{15x^4}{8} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + 1 \right) x^3 \log(x) \right)$$



## 24.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2408]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + x(x^2 - 1) y' + (-x^2 + 1) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x^2-1)*diff(y(x),x)+(1-x^2)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) (1 + O(x^6)) + \left( -\frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{32}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) c_2 \right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]+x*(x^2-1)*y'[x]+(1-x^2)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \left( x \left( \frac{x^4}{32} - \frac{x^2}{4} \right) + x \log(x) \right) + c_1 x$$

## 24.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2409]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + x(2x - 1) y' + x(x - 1) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(2*x-1)*diff(y(x),x)+x*(x-1)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^2 \left( 1 - x + \frac{1}{2} x^2 - \frac{1}{6} x^3 + \frac{1}{24} x^4 - \frac{1}{120} x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left( -2 + 2x - \frac{2}{3} x^3 + \frac{5}{12} x^4 - \frac{3}{20} x^5 + O(x^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]+x*(2*x-1)*y'[x]+x*(x-1)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{5x^4}{24} + \frac{x^3}{3} - x + 1 \right) + c_2 \left( \frac{x^6}{24} - \frac{x^5}{6} + \frac{x^4}{2} - x^3 + x^2 \right)$$

## 24.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2410]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' - x^2 y' + (x^2 - 2) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)-x^2*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2-2)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^2 \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{20}x^2 - \frac{1}{60}x^3 - \frac{1}{210}x^4 - \frac{1}{3360}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2(12 + 6x + 6x^2 + 5x^3 + x^4 - \frac{1}{5}x^5 + O(x^6))}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 68

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y''[x]-x^2*y'[x]+(x^2-2)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{x^3}{12} + \frac{5x^2}{12} + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \right) + c_2 \left( -\frac{x^6}{210} - \frac{x^5}{60} + \frac{x^4}{20} + \frac{x^3}{2} + x^2 \right)$$

## 24.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2411]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + 2x^2 y' - (3x^2 + 2)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x)-(3*x^2+2)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^2 \left( 1 - x + \frac{9}{10} x^2 - \frac{17}{30} x^3 + \frac{251}{840} x^4 - \frac{37}{280} x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2 (12 - 12x - 18x^2 + 44x^3 - \frac{115}{2} x^4 + \frac{477}{10} x^5 + O(x^6))}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]-(3*x^2+2)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{115x^3}{24} + \frac{11x^2}{3} - \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) + c_2 \left( \frac{251x^6}{840} - \frac{17x^5}{30} + \frac{9x^4}{10} - x^3 + x^2 \right)$$

## 24.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2412]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2(1-x)y'' + x(x+1)y' - 9y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(x^2*(1-x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(1+x)*diff(y(x),x)-9*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^3 \left( 1 + \frac{3}{7}x + \frac{3}{14}x^2 + \frac{5}{42}x^3 + \frac{1}{14}x^4 + \frac{1}{22}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2(-86400 + 259200x - 259200x^2 + 86400x^3 + O(x^6))}{x^3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*(1-x)*y''[x]+x*(1+x)*y'[x]-9*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( \frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x} - 1 \right) + c_2 \left( \frac{x^7}{14} + \frac{5x^6}{42} + \frac{3x^5}{14} + \frac{3x^4}{7} + x^3 \right)$$

## 24.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2413]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$(-x^2 + x)y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((x-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)-3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1x^4(1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 + 5x^4 + 6x^5 + O(x^6)) \\ + c_2(-144 - 96x - 48x^2 + 48x^4 + 96x^5 + O(x^6))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(x-x^2)*y''[x]-3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1\left(-\frac{x^4}{3} + \frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{2x}{3} + 1\right) + c_2(5x^8 + 4x^7 + 3x^6 + 2x^5 + x^4)$$

## 24.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2414]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC Heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + x(x-7)y' + (x+12)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x-7)*diff(y(x),x)+(x+12)*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left( c_1 x^4 \left( 1 - \frac{7}{5}x + \frac{14}{15}x^2 - \frac{2}{5}x^3 + \frac{1}{8}x^4 - \frac{11}{360}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \right. \\ \left. + c_2 (\ln(x) (360x^4 - 504x^5 + O(x^6)) \right. \\ \left. + (-144 - 144x - 144x^2 - 240x^3 + 342x^4 + 54x^5 + O(x^6))) \right) x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y'[x]+x*(x-7)*y'[x]+(x+12)*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{5}{2}x^6 \log(x) - \frac{1}{12}(21x^4 - 20x^3 - 12x^2 - 12x - 12)x^2 \right) \\ + c_2 \left( \frac{x^{10}}{8} - \frac{2x^9}{5} + \frac{14x^8}{15} - \frac{7x^7}{5} + x^6 \right)$$

## 24.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2415]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2(x+1)y'' + x(x-4)y' + 4y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*(x+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x-4)*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = x(c_1x^3(1 - 4x + 10x^2 - 20x^3 + 35x^4 - 56x^5 + O(x^6)) \\ + c_2(\ln(x)((-36)x^3 + 144x^4 - 360x^5 + O(x^6)) \\ + (12 + 6x + 12x^2 - 240x^3 + 852x^4 - 2022x^5 + O(x^6))))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*(x+1)*y'[x]+x*(x-4)*y'[x]+4*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( 3(4x-1)x^4 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}(62x^4 - 20x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 2)x \right) \\ + c_2(35x^8 - 20x^7 + 10x^6 - 4x^5 + x^4)$$



## 24.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [2416]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 42, page 206

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x^2 y'' + x(-x^2 + 3) y' - 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(3-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)-3*y(x)=0,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{12} x^2 + \frac{1}{128} x^4 + O(x^6)\right) + c_2 (\ln(x) (27x^4 + O(x^6)) + (-144 - 108x^2 - 36x^4 + O(x^6)))}{x^3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2*y''[x]+x*(3-x^2)*y'[x]-3*y[x]==0,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 \left( \frac{x^5}{128} + \frac{x^3}{12} + x \right) + c_1 \left( \frac{19x^4 + 48x^2 + 64}{64x^3} - \frac{3}{16} x \log(x) \right)$$

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## 25.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2417]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$xy'' + 3y' - y = x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) = & c_1 \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{24}x^2 + \frac{1}{360}x^3 + \frac{1}{8640}x^4 + \frac{1}{302400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + \frac{c_2 (\ln(x) (x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{360}x^5 + O(x^6)) + (-2 + 2x - \frac{4}{9}x^3 - \frac{25}{288}x^4 - \frac{157}{21600}x^5 + O(x^6)))}{x^2} \\ & + x^2 \left( \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{120}x + \frac{1}{2880}x^2 + \frac{1}{100800}x^3 + O(x^4) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.083 (sec). Leaf size: 248

AsymptoticDSolveValue[x\*y''[x]+3\*y'[x]-y[x]==x,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_2 \left( x^4 \left( \frac{25}{576} - \frac{\log(x)}{48} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{2}{9} - \frac{\log(x)}{6} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(x) - x + 1 \right)}{x^2} \\
 & + c_1 \left( \frac{x^5}{302400} + \frac{x^4}{8640} + \frac{x^3}{360} + \frac{x^2}{24} + \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) + \left( \frac{x^5}{302400} + \frac{x^4}{8640} + \frac{x^3}{360} + \frac{x^2}{24} + \frac{x}{3} \right. \\
 & \left. + 1 \right) \left( \frac{x^6(9 - 4 \log(x))}{2304} + \frac{1}{900} x^5(23 - 15 \log(x)) + \frac{1}{64} x^4(1 - 4 \log(x)) - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) \\
 & + \frac{\left( -\frac{x^6}{288} - \frac{x^5}{30} - \frac{x^4}{8} \right) \left( x^4 \left( \frac{25}{576} - \frac{\log(x)}{48} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{2}{9} - \frac{\log(x)}{6} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(x) - x + 1 \right)}{x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 25.2 problem 1

Internal problem ID [2418]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$xy'' + 3y' - y = x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{24}x^2 + \frac{1}{360}x^3 + \frac{1}{8640}x^4 + \frac{1}{302400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2 (\ln(x) (x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{360}x^5 + O(x^6)) + (-2 + 2x - \frac{4}{9}x^3 - \frac{25}{288}x^4 - \frac{157}{21600}x^5 + O(x^6)))}{x^2} \\ + x^2 \left( \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{120}x + \frac{1}{2880}x^2 + \frac{1}{100800}x^3 + O(x^4) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.084 (sec). Leaf size: 248

AsymptoticDSolveValue[x\*y''[x]+3\*y'[x]-y[x]==x,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_2 \left( x^4 \left( \frac{25}{576} - \frac{\log(x)}{48} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{2}{9} - \frac{\log(x)}{6} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(x) - x + 1 \right)}{x^2} \\
 & + c_1 \left( \frac{x^5}{302400} + \frac{x^4}{8640} + \frac{x^3}{360} + \frac{x^2}{24} + \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) + \left( \frac{x^5}{302400} + \frac{x^4}{8640} + \frac{x^3}{360} + \frac{x^2}{24} + \frac{x}{3} \right. \\
 & \left. + 1 \right) \left( \frac{x^6(9 - 4 \log(x))}{2304} + \frac{1}{900} x^5(23 - 15 \log(x)) + \frac{1}{64} x^4(1 - 4 \log(x)) - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) \\
 & + \frac{\left( -\frac{x^6}{288} - \frac{x^5}{30} - \frac{x^4}{8} \right) \left( x^4 \left( \frac{25}{576} - \frac{\log(x)}{48} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{2}{9} - \frac{\log(x)}{6} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(x) - x + 1 \right)}{x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 25.3 problem 2

Internal problem ID [2419]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$xy'' + y' - 2yx = x^2$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*x*y(x)=x^2,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) \\ + x^3 \left( \frac{1}{9} + \frac{2}{225}x^2 + O(x^3) \right) + \left( -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{3}{32}x^4 + O(x^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.05 (sec). Leaf size: 188

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x*y''[x]+y'[x]-2*x*y[x]==x^2,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) \rightarrow & c_2 \left( \frac{x^6}{288} + \frac{x^4}{16} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 1 \right) \\ & + c_1 \left( x^6 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{144} - \frac{1}{108} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{8} - \frac{1}{8} \right) + x^2 \left( \log(x) - \frac{1}{2} \right) + 2 \log(x) + 1 \right) \\ & + \left( \frac{x^6}{288} + \frac{x^4}{16} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{1}{100} x^5 (7 - 10 \log(x)) + \frac{1}{18} x^3 (-6 \log(x) - 1) \right) + \left( \frac{x^5}{20} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \left( x^6 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{144} - \frac{1}{108} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{8} - \frac{1}{8} \right) + x^2 \left( \log(x) - \frac{1}{2} \right) + 2 \log(x) + 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$



## 25.4 problem 3

Internal problem ID [2420]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$xy'' - y'x + y = x^3$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x^3,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = x^4 \left( \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{80}x + O(x^2) \right) + \ln(x) (-x + O(x^6)) c_2 + c_1 x (1 + O(x^6)) \\ + \left( 1 + x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{12}x^3 - \frac{1}{72}x^4 - \frac{1}{480}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.072 (sec). Leaf size: 139

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[x*y''[x]-x*y'[x]+y[x]==x^3,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \left( -\frac{x^4}{72} - \frac{x^3}{12} - \frac{x^2}{2} - x \log(x) + 1 \right) \\ + x \left( \frac{1}{36}x^6(2 - 3 \log(x)) + \frac{1}{25}x^5(5 \log(x) - 1) + \frac{1}{16}x^4(-4 \log(x) - 3) + \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \\ + \left( -\frac{x^6}{12} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right) \left( -\frac{x^4}{72} - \frac{x^3}{12} - \frac{x^2}{2} - x \log(x) + 1 \right) + c_2 x$$

## 25.5 problem 4

Internal problem ID [2421]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(-2x + 1)y'' + 4y'x - 4y = x^2 - x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((1-2*x)*diff(y(x),x$2)+4*x*diff(y(x),x)-4*y(x)=x^2-x,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \left(1 + 2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^4 + \frac{4}{15}x^5\right) y(0) + D(y)(0)x - \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x^4}{12} - \frac{x^5}{30} + O(x^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(1-2*x)*y'[x]+4*x*y'[x]-4*y[x]==x^2-x,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x^5}{30} - \frac{x^4}{12} - \frac{x^3}{6} + c_1 \left( \frac{4x^5}{15} + \frac{2x^4}{3} + \frac{4x^3}{3} + 2x^2 + 1 \right) + c_2x$$

## 25.6 problem 5

Internal problem ID [2422]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2 y'' + y'x + (x + 12)y = x^2 + x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 379

Order:=6;

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*diff(y(x),x)+(x+12)*y(x)=x^2+x,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) = & c_2 x^{2i\sqrt{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{4i\sqrt{3} + 1} x + \frac{1}{-92 + 24i\sqrt{3}} x^2 + \frac{1}{888i\sqrt{3} + 1692} x^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{15552 - 41280i\sqrt{3}} x^4 + \frac{1}{720960i\sqrt{3} - 2865600} x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + c_1 x^{-2i\sqrt{3}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{4i\sqrt{3} - 1} x + \frac{1}{-92 - 24i\sqrt{3}} x^2 + \frac{1}{-888i\sqrt{3} + 1692} x^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{15552 + 41280i\sqrt{3}} x^4 + \frac{1}{-720960i\sqrt{3} - 2865600} x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + x \left( \frac{1}{13} + \frac{3}{52} x - \frac{1}{364} x^2 + \frac{1}{10192} x^3 - \frac{1}{377104} x^4 + O(x^5) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.224 (sec). Leaf size: 704

AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2\*y'[x]+x\*y'[x]+(x+12)\*y[x]==x^2+x,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$y(x) \rightarrow$

$$\frac{(518(139\sqrt{3} - 100i)x^5 - 2555(929\sqrt{3} + 1053i)x^4 - 46720(121\sqrt{3} - 2726i)x^3 + 9320640(125\sqrt{3} - 141 - 74i\sqrt{3})(4\sqrt{3} - i)(6\sqrt{3} + 23i)(215\sqrt{3} + 81i)(751\sqrt{3} + 2985i)\left(-\frac{ix^5}{720960\sqrt{3} + 2865600i} + \frac{ix}{41280\sqrt{3}}\right) + c_2\left(-\frac{ix^5}{720960\sqrt{3} + 2865600i} + \frac{ix^4}{41280\sqrt{3} + 15552i} - \frac{ix^3}{888\sqrt{3} - 1692i} - \frac{ix^2}{24\sqrt{3} + 92i} - \frac{x}{1 + 4i\sqrt{3}} + 1\right)x^{2i\sqrt{3}} + c_1\left(\frac{ix^5}{720960\sqrt{3} - 2865600i} - \frac{ix^4}{41280\sqrt{3} - 15552i} + \frac{ix^3}{888\sqrt{3} + 1692i} + \frac{ix^2}{24\sqrt{3} - 92i} - \frac{x}{1 - 4i\sqrt{3}} + 1\right)x^{-2i\sqrt{3}}$$

## 25.7 problem 6

Internal problem ID [2423]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x^2(x+1)y'' + x(x^2+3)y' + y = -2x^2 + x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(x^2*(x+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(x^2+3)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=-2*x^2,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{7}{576}x^2 + \frac{107}{7200}x^3 - \frac{1031}{172800}x^4 + O(x^5) \right) + (c_2 \ln(x) + c_1) \left( 1 - 2x + \frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{64}x^4 + \frac{3}{800}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 300

AsymptoticDSolveValue[x^2\*(x+1)\*y'[x]+x\*(x^2+3)\*y'[x]+y[x]==x-2\*x^2,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_2 \left( \frac{3x^5}{800} - \frac{x^4}{64} + \frac{x^2}{4} - 2x + 1 \right)}{x} \\
 & + \frac{c_1 \left( x^5 \left( \frac{3 \log(x)}{800} - \frac{629}{36000} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{17}{1152} - \frac{\log(x)}{64} \right) + \frac{7x^3}{36} + x^2 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \right) + x(5 - 2 \log(x)) + \log(x) + 1 \right)}{x} \\
 & + \frac{\left( \frac{34109x^6}{1152} - \frac{491x^5}{30} + \frac{123x^4}{16} - \frac{8x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \left( x^5 \left( \frac{3 \log(x)}{800} - \frac{629}{36000} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{17}{1152} - \frac{\log(x)}{64} \right) + \frac{7x^3}{36} + x^2 \left( \frac{\log(x)}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right)}{x} \\
 & + \frac{\left( \frac{3x^5}{800} - \frac{x^4}{64} + \frac{x^2}{4} - 2x + 1 \right) \left( \frac{x^6(33586 - 34109 \log(x))}{1152} + \frac{1}{900} x^5(14730 \log(x) - 12641) + \frac{1}{64} x^4(319 - 492 \log(x)) \right)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 25.8 problem 7

Internal problem ID [2424]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC  
heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$3x^2(x+1)y'' + x(5-x)y' + (2x^2-1)y = -x^3 + x$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(3*x^2*(x+1)*diff(y(x),x$2)+x*(5-x)*diff(y(x),x)+(2*x^2-1)*y(x)=-x^3,y(x),type='series')
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{7}x - \frac{1}{10}x^2 + \frac{29}{2730}x^3 - \frac{17}{87360}x^4 - \frac{1193}{8299200}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + x^2 \left( \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{60}x - \frac{47}{960}x^2 + \frac{673}{52800}x^3 - \frac{1169}{316800}x^4 \right)}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.057 (sec). Leaf size: 255

AsymptoticDSolveValue[3\*x^2\*(x+1)\*y'[x]+x\*(5-x)\*y'[x]+(2\*x^2-1)\*y[x]==x-x^3,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_1 \left( -\frac{167x^5}{26400} + \frac{73x^4}{480} - \frac{29x^3}{30} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 7x + 1 \right)}{x} \\
 & + c_2 \sqrt[3]{x} \left( -\frac{1193x^5}{8299200} - \frac{17x^4}{87360} + \frac{29x^3}{2730} - \frac{x^2}{10} + \frac{x}{7} + 1 \right) + \sqrt[3]{x} \left( -\frac{1193x^5}{8299200} - \frac{17x^4}{87360} \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{29x^3}{2730} - \frac{x^2}{10} + \frac{x}{7} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{19491x^{17/3}}{8800} - \frac{541x^{14/3}}{256} + \frac{107x^{11/3}}{55} - \frac{99x^{8/3}}{64} + \frac{3x^{5/3}}{5} \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{8} \right) + \frac{\left( -\frac{167x^5}{26400} + \frac{73x^4}{480} - \frac{29x^3}{30} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 7x + 1 \right) \left( -\frac{652399x^6}{2096640} + \frac{2039x^5}{6825} - \frac{313x^4}{1120} + \frac{5x^3}{21} - \frac{x^2}{8} \right)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$



## 25.9 problem 8

Internal problem ID [2425]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$9x^2y'' + (2 + 3x)y = x^4 + x^2$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(9*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(2+3*x)*y(x)=x^2+x^4,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) = & c_1 x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{20}x^2 - \frac{1}{480}x^3 + \frac{1}{21120}x^4 - \frac{1}{1478400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + c_2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{56}x^2 - \frac{1}{1680}x^3 + \frac{1}{87360}x^4 - \frac{1}{6988800}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + x^2 \left( \frac{1}{20} - \frac{3}{1120}x + \frac{1129}{123200}x^2 - \frac{3387}{22422400}x^3 + O(x^4) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.182 (sec). Leaf size: 264

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[9*x^2*y'[x]+(2+3*x)*y[x]==x^2+x^4,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt[3]{x} \left( -\frac{x^5}{1478400} + \frac{x^4}{21120} - \frac{x^3}{480} + \frac{x^2}{20} - \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right) + x^{2/3} \left( -\frac{x^5}{6988800} + \frac{x^4}{87360} - \frac{x^3}{1680} + \frac{x^2}{56} - \frac{x}{4} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{1057x^{16/3}}{337920} - \frac{241x^{13/3}}{6240} + \frac{21x^{10/3}}{200} - \frac{x^{7/3}}{14} + \frac{x^{4/3}}{4} \right) + \sqrt[3]{x} \left( -\frac{x^5}{1478400} + \frac{x^4}{21120} - \frac{x^3}{480} + \frac{x^2}{20} - \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right) \left( -\frac{223x^{17/3}}{212160} + \frac{421x^{14/3}}{23520} - \frac{57x^{11/3}}{616} + \frac{x^{8/3}}{32} - \frac{x^{5/3}}{5} \right)$$

## 25.10 problem 9

Internal problem ID [2426]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$9x^2y'' + 10y'x + y = x - 1$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 49

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(9*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+10*x*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x-1,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^{-\frac{1}{18} - \frac{i\sqrt{35}}{18}} (1 + O(x^6)) + c_2 x^{-\frac{1}{18} + \frac{i\sqrt{35}}{18}} (1 + O(x^6)) + \left(-1 + \frac{1}{11}x + O(x^6)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.294 (sec). Leaf size: 198

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[9*x^2*y''[x]+10*x*y'[x]+y[x]==x-1,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{9i((\sqrt{35}-i)x - \sqrt{35} + 19i)x^{\frac{1}{18}(-1-i\sqrt{35}) + \frac{1}{18}(1+i\sqrt{35})}}{\sqrt{35}(10\sqrt{35} + 8i)} - \frac{9i((\sqrt{35}+i)x - \sqrt{35} - 19i)x^{\frac{1}{18}(1-i\sqrt{35}) + \frac{1}{18}(-1+i\sqrt{35})}}{\sqrt{35}(10\sqrt{35} - 8i)} + c_2 x^{\frac{1}{18}(-1+i\sqrt{35})} + c_1 x^{\frac{1}{18}(-1-i\sqrt{35})}$$

## 25.11 problem 10

Internal problem ID [2427]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2x^2y'' + (-x^2 + x)y' - y = x^3 + 1$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+(x-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=1+x^3,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{35}x^2 + \frac{1}{315}x^3 + \frac{1}{3465}x^4 + \frac{1}{45045}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) + \left( -1 + \frac{1}{14}x^3 + \frac{1}{126}x^4 + \frac{1}{1386}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 248

AsymptoticDSolveValue[2\*x^2\*y'[x]+(x-x^2)\*y'[x]-y[x]==1+x^3,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_1 \left( \frac{x^5}{3840} + \frac{x^4}{384} + \frac{x^3}{48} + \frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{x}} + c_2 x \left( \frac{x^5}{45045} + \frac{x^4}{3465} + \frac{x^3}{315} + \frac{x^2}{35} + \frac{x}{5} + 1 \right) \\
 & + \frac{\left( \frac{x^5}{3840} + \frac{x^4}{384} + \frac{x^3}{48} + \frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{x}{2} + 1 \right) \left( -\frac{6233x^{11/2}}{1921920} + \frac{2107x^{9/2}}{95040} - \frac{143x^{7/2}}{1512} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{140} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3} \right)}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 & + x \left( \frac{x^5}{45045} + \frac{x^4}{3465} + \frac{x^3}{315} + \frac{x^2}{35} + \frac{x}{5} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{x^6}{691200} - \frac{2747x^5}{518918400} + \frac{x^2}{6} - \frac{1}{3x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

## 25.12 problem 11

Internal problem ID [2428]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(-x^2 + 1)y'' + 2y'x - 2y = 6(-x^2 + 1)^2$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=6*(1-x^2)^2,y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = (x^2 + 1)y(0) - x^4 + D(y)(0)x + 3x^2 + O(x^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(1-x^2)*y''[x]+2*x*y'[x]-2*y[x]==6*(1-x^2)^2,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^4 + 3x^2 + c_1(x^2 + 1) + c_2x$$

## 25.13 problem 12

Internal problem ID [2429]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(x^2 + 2x)y'' - (2x + 2)y' + 2y = x^2(2 + x)^2$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve((x^2+2*x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-(2+2*x)*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=x^2*(x+2)^2,y(x),type='series',x
```

$$y(x) = c_1 x^2 (1 + O(x^6)) + c_2 \left( -2 - 2x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + O(x^6) \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6}x + O(x^3) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.317 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(x^2+2*x)*y'[x]-(2+2*x)*y'[x]+2*y[x]==x^2*(x+2)^2,y[x],{x,0,5}]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3}(x+1)x^3 + \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + x\right)x^2 + c_2 x^2 + c_1(x+1)$$

## 25.14 problem 13

Internal problem ID [2430]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2x^2y'' + 5y'x + y(x+1) = x(x^2 + x + 1)$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*x^2*diff(y(x),x$2)+5*x*diff(y(x),x)+(1+x)*y(x)=x*(1+x+x^2),y(x),type='series',x=0);
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{18}x + \frac{17}{504}x^2 - \frac{17}{22680}x^3 + \frac{17}{1496880}x^4 + O(x^5) \right) + c_1 \left( 1 - x + \frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{90}x^3 + \frac{1}{2520}x^4 - \frac{1}{113400}x^5 + O(x^6) \right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 237

AsymptoticDSolveValue[2\*x^2\*y'[x]+5\*x\*y'[x]+(1+x)\*y[x]==x\*(1+x+x^2),y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & \frac{c_1 \left( -\frac{x^5}{113400} + \frac{x^4}{2520} - \frac{x^3}{90} + \frac{x^2}{6} - x + 1 \right)}{x} \\
 & + \frac{c_2 \left( -\frac{x^5}{1247400} + \frac{x^4}{22680} - \frac{x^3}{630} + \frac{x^2}{30} - \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 & + \frac{\left( -\frac{x^5}{1247400} + \frac{x^4}{22680} - \frac{x^3}{630} + \frac{x^2}{30} - \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{131x^{11/2}}{4620} - \frac{76x^{9/2}}{405} + \frac{x^{7/2}}{21} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \right)}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 & + \frac{\left( -\frac{x^5}{113400} + \frac{x^4}{2520} - \frac{x^3}{90} + \frac{x^2}{6} - x + 1 \right) \left( -\frac{103x^6}{19440} + \frac{19x^5}{315} - \frac{7x^4}{40} - \frac{2x^3}{9} - \frac{x^2}{2} \right)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 25.15 problem 14

Internal problem ID [2431]

**Book:** Differential Equations by Alfred L. Nelson, Karl W. Folley, Max Coral. 3rd ed. DC heath. Boston. 1964

**Section:** Exercise 43, page 209

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$(x^3 + 2x^2) y'' - y'x + (1 - x)y = x^2(x + 1)^2$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at  $x = 0$ .

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve((2*x^2+x^3)*diff(y(x),x$2)-x*diff(y(x),x)+(1-x)*y(x)=x^2*(1+x)^2,y(x),type='series',x
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) = & c_1 \sqrt{x} \left( 1 + \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{5}{96}x^2 - \frac{11}{1152}x^3 + \frac{341}{129024}x^4 - \frac{20119}{23224320}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + c_2 x \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{30}x^2 + \frac{1}{126}x^3 - \frac{11}{4536}x^4 + \frac{19}{22680}x^5 + O(x^6) \right) \\ & + x^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{126}x^2 - \frac{11}{4536}x^3 + O(x^4) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.273 (sec). Leaf size: 247

AsymptoticDSolveValue[(2\*x^2+x^3)\*y'[x]-x\*y'[x]+(1-x)\*y[x]==x^2\*(1+x)^2,y[x],{x,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) \rightarrow & c_1 \sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{20119x^5}{23224320} + \frac{341x^4}{129024} - \frac{11x^3}{1152} + \frac{5x^2}{96} + \frac{5x}{4} + 1 \right) \\
 & + c_2 x \left( \frac{19x^5}{22680} - \frac{11x^4}{4536} + \frac{x^3}{126} - \frac{x^2}{30} + \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) + \sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{20119x^5}{23224320} + \frac{341x^4}{129024} - \frac{11x^3}{1152} \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{5x^2}{96} + \frac{5x}{4} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{4997x^{11/2}}{2903040} - \frac{1853x^{9/2}}{181440} - \frac{183x^{7/2}}{560} - \frac{5x^{5/2}}{6} \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \right) + x \left( \frac{19x^5}{22680} - \frac{11x^4}{4536} + \frac{x^3}{126} - \frac{x^2}{30} + \frac{x}{3} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{479x^6}{136080} - \frac{13x^5}{840} + \frac{13x^4}{72} + \frac{17x^3}{18} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + x \right)
 \end{aligned}$$