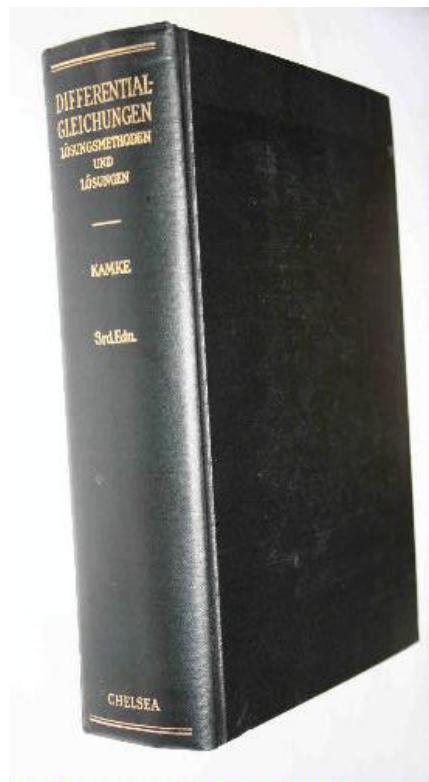


A Solution Manual For

# Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs



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# **1 Abel ODE's with constant invariant**

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## 1.1 problem problem 38

Internal problem ID [4675]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 38.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Abel]`

$$-ay^3 + y' = \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(-a*y(x)^3-b/(x^(3/2))+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\text{RootOf} \left( -\ln(x) + c_1 + 2 \left( \int^{-Z} \frac{1}{a^3 a + a + 2 b} d_a \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.332 (sec). Leaf size: 320

```
DSolve[-a*y[x]^3 - b/(x^(3/2)) + y'[x] == 0, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{2}{3} ab^2 \text{RootSum} \left[ 8\#1^9 ab^2 + 24\#1^6 ab^2 + 24\#1^3 ab^2 + \#1^3 \right. \right.$$

$$4\#1^6 \log \left( y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right) + 2\#1^4 \sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{ab^2}} \log \left( y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right) + 8\#1^3 \log \left( y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right) \\ + 8ab^2 \&, \left. \left. + c_1, y(x) \right] \right]$$

## 1.2 problem problem 41

Internal problem ID [4676]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 41.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _Abel]`

$$axy^3 + by^2 + y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.109 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
dsolve(a*x*y(x)^3+b*y(x)^2+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{e^{\text{RootOf}\left(2\sqrt{b^2+4a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ae^{-Z}+b}{\sqrt{b^2+4a}}\right) - \ln(x^2(e^{2-Z}a+b e^{-Z}-1))b^2 + 2c_1b^2 + 2_Zb^2 - 4\ln(x^2(e^{2-Z}a+b e^{-Z}-1))a + 8c_1a + 8a_Z\right)}}{x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.192 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
DSolve[a*x*y[x]^3+b*y[x]^2+y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ -\frac{b^2 \left( \frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{-2 a x y(x) - b}{b \sqrt{-\frac{4 a}{b^2} - 1}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{4 a}{b^2} - 1}} - \log \left( \frac{a(-x)y(x)(-axy(x)-b)-a}{a^2 x^2 y(x)^2} \right) \right)}{2 a} = -\frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 1.3 problem problem 46

Internal problem ID [4677]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 46.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Abel]

$$y' - x^a y^3 + 3y^2 - x^{-a} y = x^{-2a} - a x^{-a-1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 1008

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-x^a*y(x)^3+3*y(x)^2-x^(-a)*y(x)-x^(-2*a)+a*x^(-a-1) = 0,y(x), singsol=al
```

$$y(x) =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c_1 - \frac{2^{2a} - 2^{2a/(1-a)} \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{(a+1)/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{2^{-3+2a/(1-a)} + 2^{2/(a-1)}(a-1)x^{-1/a} - \frac{a^2}{1-a} + \frac{1}{1-a} - 1 + a \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{-a/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{4x^{1-a}a^2}{1-a} + \frac{8ax^{1-a}}{1-a} - \frac{4x^{1-a}}{1-a} + 2a - 2 \right)(1-a)^{(-3+a)}}{2^{-3+2a/(1-a)} + 2^{2/(a-1)}(a-1)x^{-1/a} - \frac{a^2}{1-a} + \frac{1}{1-a} - 1 + a \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{-a/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{4x^{1-a}a^2}{1-a} + \frac{8ax^{1-a}}{1-a} - \frac{4x^{1-a}}{1-a} + 2a - 2 \right)(1-a)^{(-3+a)}}}}{+ x^{-a}}$$

$$y(x)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c_1 - \frac{2^{2a} - 2^{2a/(1-a)} \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{(a+1)/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{2^{-3+2a/(1-a)} + 2^{2/(a-1)}(a-1)x^{-1/a} - \frac{a^2}{1-a} + \frac{1}{1-a} - 1 + a \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{-a/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{4x^{1-a}a^2}{1-a} + \frac{8ax^{1-a}}{1-a} - \frac{4x^{1-a}}{1-a} + 2a - 2 \right)(1-a)^{(-3+a)}}{2^{-3+2a/(1-a)} + 2^{2/(a-1)}(a-1)x^{-1/a} - \frac{a^2}{1-a} + \frac{1}{1-a} - 1 + a \left(\frac{1}{1-a}\right)^{-a/(a-1)} \left( -\frac{4x^{1-a}a^2}{1-a} + \frac{8ax^{1-a}}{1-a} - \frac{4x^{1-a}}{1-a} + 2a - 2 \right)(1-a)^{(-3+a)}}}}{+ x^{-a}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 13.424 (sec). Leaf size: 231

```
DSolve[y'[x]-x^a*y[x]^3+3*y[x]^2-x^(-a)*y[x]-x^(-2*a)+a*x^(-a-1) == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingular
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a} - \frac{e^{\frac{2x^{1-a}}{a-1}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2^{\frac{3a+1}{a-1}} x^{a+1} \left(\frac{x^{1-a}}{1-a}\right)^{\frac{a+1}{a-1}} \Gamma\left(\frac{a+1}{1-a}, -\frac{4x^{1-a}}{a-1}\right)}{a-1} + c_1}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a} + \frac{e^{\frac{2x^{1-a}}{a-1}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2^{\frac{3a+1}{a-1}} x^{a+1} \left(\frac{x^{1-a}}{1-a}\right)^{\frac{a+1}{a-1}} \Gamma\left(\frac{a+1}{1-a}, -\frac{4x^{1-a}}{a-1}\right)}{a-1} + c_1}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a}$$

## 1.4 problem problem 51

Internal problem ID [4678]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 51.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Abel]

$$y' - (y - f(x)) (y - g(x)) \left( y - \frac{af(x) + bg(x)}{a + b} \right) h(x) - \frac{f'(x) (y - g(x))}{f(x) - g(x)} - \frac{g'(x) (y - f(x))}{g(x) - f(x)} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 2428

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-(y(x)-f(x))*(y(x)-g(x))*(y(x)-(a*f(x)+b*g(x))/(a+b))*h(x)-diff(f(x),x)*
```

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.124 (sec). Leaf size: 355

```
DSolve[y'[x] - (y[x] - f[x])*(y[x] - g[x])*(y[x] - (a*f[x] + b*g[x])/(a+b))*h[x] - f'[x]*(y[x] - g[x])/(f[x] - g[x]) == 0, y[x], x]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ -\frac{1}{3}(a-b)^{2/3}(2a+b)^{2/3}(a+2b)^{2/3} \text{RootSum} \left[ \#1^3(a-b)^{2/3}(2a+b)^{2/3}(a+2b)^{2/3} - 3\#1a^2 - 3\#1ab - 3\#1b^2 + (a-b)^2 \right. \right.$$

## 1.5 problem problem 146

Internal problem ID [4679]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 146.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_rational, \_Abel]

$$x^2y' + y^3x + ay^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 82

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)^3+a*y(x)^2 = 0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 + \left( x + \frac{a\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(ay(x)+x)}{2y(x)x}\right) e^{\frac{(ay(x)+x)^2}{2y(x)^2x^2}}}{2} \right) e^{-\frac{((x+a)y(x)+x)((-x+a)y(x)+x)}{2x^2y(x)^2}} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.61 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+x*y[x]^3+a*y[x]^2 == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ -\frac{ia}{x} = \frac{2e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{ia}{x}-\frac{i}{y(x)}\right)^2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{-\frac{ia}{x}-\frac{i}{y(x)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2c_1}, y(x) \right]$$

## 1.6 problem problem 169

Internal problem ID [4680]

**Book:** Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

**Section:** Abel ODE's with constant invariant

**Problem number:** problem 169.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_rational, \_Abel]

$$(ax + b)^2 y' + (ax + b) y^3 + cy^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 153

```
dsolve((a*x+b)^2*diff(y(x),x)+(a*x+b)*y(x)^3+c*y(x)^2 = 0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 + \left( x + \frac{b}{a} + \frac{c\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(a^2x+ab+cy(x))}{2\sqrt{a}y(x)(ax+b)}\right)e^{\frac{(a^2x+ab+cy(x))^2}{2y(x)^2(ax+b)^2a}}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)e^{-\frac{(a^2x+axy(x)+ab+by(x)+cy(x))(a^2x-axy(x)+ab-by(x)+cy(x))}{2y(x)^2(ax+b)^2a}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.43 (sec). Leaf size: 149

```
DSolve[(a*x+b)^2*y'[x]+(a*x+b)*y[x]^3+c*y[x]^2 == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ -\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} = \frac{2 \exp \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} - \frac{(-a(ax+b)^2)^{3/2}}{ay(x)(ax+b)^3} \right)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left( \frac{-\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} - \frac{(-a(ax+b)^2)^{3/2}}{ay(x)(ax+b)^3}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + 2c_1}, y(x) \right]$$