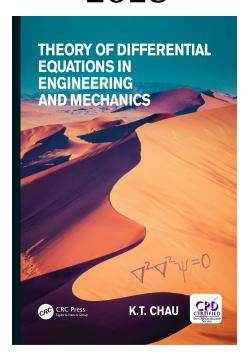
### A Solution Manual For

# THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHANICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018



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March 3, 2024

# Contents

1	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST OR- DER ODE. Page 114	2
2	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE. Page 147	23
3	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE. Page 181	33
4	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems. Page 218	<b>52</b>
5	Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems. Page 360	80

# 1 Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE. Page 114

1.1	problem	Example	3.1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3
1.2	problem	Example	3.2																							4
1.3	problem	Example	3.3																							7
1.4	problem	Example	3.4																							8
1.5	problem	Example	3.5																							9
1.6	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.6																							10
1.7	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.7																							11
1.8	problem	Example	3.8																							14
1.9	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.9												•											15
1.10	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.10	)																						16
1.11	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.1	1																						17
1.12	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.12	2																						18
1.13	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.14	4																						19
1.14	problem	${\bf Example}$	3.15	5											•											21
1.15	problem	Example	3.16	ŝ																						22

### 1.1 problem Example 3.1

Internal problem ID [5834]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.1.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - (y^2 + 1) x^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x^2*(y(x)^2+1),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \tan\left(\frac{x^3}{3} + c_1\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.191 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[y'[x]== $x^2*(y[x]^2+1),y[x],x$ ,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o an\left(rac{x^3}{3} + c_1
ight)$$

$$y(x) \to -i$$

$$y(x) \to i$$

### 1.2 problem Example 3.2

Internal problem ID [5835]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - \frac{x^2}{1 - y^2} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 357

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x^2/(1-y(x)^2),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\begin{split} y(x) &= \frac{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} \\ &+ \frac{2}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\ y(x) &= -\frac{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} \\ &- \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &- \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{2}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)} \\ y(x) &= -\frac{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} \\ &- \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - \frac{2}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3 + 9c_1^2 - 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\left(-4x^3 - 12c_1 + 4\sqrt{x^6 + 6c_1x^3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.485 (sec). Leaf size: 320

DSolve[y'[x]== $x^2/(1-y[x]^2)$ ,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{i(\sqrt{3} + i)\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

$$-\frac{1 + i\sqrt{3}}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{i(\sqrt{3} + i)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}$$

$$-\frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{-x^3 + \sqrt{x^6 - 6c_1x^3 - 4 + 9c_1^2} + 3c_1}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

### 1.3 problem Example 3.3

Internal problem ID [5836]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.3.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - \frac{3x^2 + 4x + 2}{-2 + 2y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1]$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 19

 $\label{eq:dsolve} \\ \text{dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=(3*x^2+4*x+2)/(2*(y(x)-1)),y(0) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)} \\$ 

$$y(x) = 1 - \sqrt{(x+2)(x^2+2)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.134 (sec). Leaf size: 26

$$y(x) \to 1 - \sqrt{x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 4}$$

### 1.4 problem Example 3.4

Internal problem ID [5837]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.4.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_dAlembert]

$$y'x - 2\sqrt{yx} - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

dsolve(x\*diff(y(x),x)-2\*sqrt(x\*y(x))=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$-\frac{y(x)}{\sqrt{y(x) x}} + \ln(x) - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.182 (sec). Leaf size: 19

DSolve[x\*y'[x]-2\*Sqrt[x\*y[x]]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{4}x(2\log(x) + c_1)^2$$

### 1.5 problem Example 3.5

Internal problem ID [5838]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.5.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class C'], \_rational, [\_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl

$$y' - \frac{y + x - 1}{x - y + 3} = 0$$

## ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 31

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(x+y(x)-1)/(x-y(x)+3),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 2 - \tan\left(\text{RootOf}\left(2\_Z + \ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos\left(\_Z\right)^2}\right) + 2\ln(x+1) + 2c_1\right)\right)(x+1)$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 59

DSolve[y'[x] == (x+y[x]-1)/(x-y[x]+3), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Solve 
$$\left[ 2 \arctan \left( 1 - \frac{2(x+1)}{-y(x) + x + 3} \right) + \log \left( \frac{x^2 + y(x)^2 - 4y(x) + 2x + 5}{2(x+1)^2} \right) + 2 \log(x+1) + c_1 = 0, y(x) \right]$$

### 1.6 problem Example 3.6

Internal problem ID [5839]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.6.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$y + (x - 2\sin(y))y' = -e^x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve((exp(x)+y(x))+(x-2\*sin(y(x)))\*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) x + e^x + 2\cos(y(x)) + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.233 (sec). Leaf size: 19

DSolve[(Exp[x]+y[x])+(x-2\*Sin[y[x]])\*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Solve
$$[xy(x) + 2\cos(y(x)) + e^x = c_1, y(x)]$$

### 1.7 problem Example 3.7

Internal problem ID [5840]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.7.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_rational]

$$\frac{6}{y} + \left(\frac{x^2}{y} + \frac{3y}{x}\right)y' = -3x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 430

 $dsolve((3*x+6/y(x))+(x^2/y(x)+3*y(x)/x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6} \\ -\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12} \\ +\frac{x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ -\frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{6} + \frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}\right)} \\ +\frac{12}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{6} + \frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{1\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{6} + \frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}{\left(-324x^2 - 108c_1 + 12\sqrt{12x^9 + 729x^4 + 486c_1x^2 + 81c_1^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ +\frac{2x^3}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.542 (sec). Leaf size: 331

 $DSolve[(3*x+6/y[x])+(x^2/y[x]+3*y[x]/x)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}}{3\sqrt[3]{2}x^3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}x^3}{\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1 + i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}}{6\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})x^3}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}}}{(1 - i\sqrt{3})x^3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(1 - i\sqrt{3})x^3}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}} - \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{-81x^2 + \sqrt{108x^9 + 729(-3x^2 + c_1)^2} + 27c_1}}{6\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

### 1.8 problem Example 3.8

Internal problem ID [5841]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.8.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$y^2 - yx + x^2y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

 $dsolve((y(x)^2-x*y(x))+x^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{x}{\ln(x) + c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.143 (sec). Leaf size: 19

 $DSolve[(y[x]^2-x*y[x])+x^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{x}{\log(x) + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

### 1.9 problem Example 3.9

Internal problem ID [5842]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.9.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, [\_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl

$$y - (x - y)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve((x+y(x))-(x-y(x))\*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \tan \left( \operatorname{RootOf} \left( -2 Z + \ln \left( \frac{1}{\cos (Z)^2} \right) + 2 \ln (x) + 2c_1 \right) \right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 36

 $DSolve[(x+y[x])-(x-y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

Solve 
$$\left[\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2}+1\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$

### 1.10 problem Example 3.10

Internal problem ID [5843]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.10.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class G'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$y' - \frac{y}{2x} - \frac{x^2}{2y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 35

 $\label{eq:diff} dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x)/(2*x)+x^2/(2*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2x^3 + 4c_1x}}{2}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x^3 + 4c_1x}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.194 (sec). Leaf size: 56

 $DSolve[y'[x]==y[x]/(2*x)+x^2/(2*y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y(x) o \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2 + 2c_1}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

### 1.11 problem Example 3.11

Internal problem ID [5844]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.11.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y' - \frac{y}{t} - \frac{y^2}{t} = -\frac{2}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=-2/t+1/t*y(t)+1/t*y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = -\frac{2c_1t^3 + 1}{c_1t^3 - 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.263 (sec). Leaf size: 43

DSolve[y'[t]==-2/t+1/t\*y[t]+1/t\*y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to \frac{1 - 2e^{3c_1}t^3}{1 + e^{3c_1}t^3}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -2$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 1$$

### 1.12problem Example 3.12

Internal problem ID [5845]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

**Problem number**: Example 3.12.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_rational, \_Riccati]

$$y' + \frac{y}{t} + y^2 = -1$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 36

 $dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=-y(t)/t-1-y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(t) = \frac{2 \operatorname{BesselK}(1, it) c_1 - \operatorname{BesselJ}(1, t)}{2i \operatorname{BesselK}(0, it) c_1 + \operatorname{BesselJ}(0, t)}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.189 (sec). Leaf size: 43

DSolve[y'[t]==-y[t]/t-1-y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to -\frac{\text{BesselY}(1,t) + c_1 \text{ BesselJ}(1,t)}{\text{BesselY}(0,t) + c_1 \text{ BesselJ}(0,t)}$$
$$y(t) \to -\frac{\text{BesselJ}(1,t)}{\text{BesselJ}(0,t)}$$

$$y(t) \to -\frac{\text{BesselJ}(1,t)}{\text{BesselJ}(0,t)}$$

### 1.13 problem Example 3.14

Internal problem ID [5846]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

**Problem number**: Example 3.14.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_dAlembert]

$$yy' - ay'^2 = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 264

 $dsolve(x+y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=a*(diff(y(x),x))^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\frac{c_1\left(y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{y(x)\sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2} + 2a^2 + 2ax + y(x)^2}{a^2}}} + x$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}\right) \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}}{2a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{y(x)\sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2} + 2a^2 + 2ax + y(x)^2}{a^2}}} = 0$$

$$\frac{c_1\left(-y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{2\left(y(x)\sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2} - 2a^2 - 2ax - y(x)^2}\right)}{a^2}} + x$$

$$-\frac{\left(-y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}\right) \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{-y(x) + \sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2}}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{2\left(y(x)\sqrt{4ax + y(x)^2} - 2a^2 - 2ax - y(x)^2}\right)}{a^2}}} = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.371 (sec). Leaf size: 71

 $DSolve[x+y[x]*y'[x] == a*(y'[x])^2, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Solve} \left[ \left\{ x = -\frac{aK[1]\log\left(\sqrt{K[1]^2 + 1} - K[1]\right)}{\sqrt{K[1]^2 + 1}} \right. \\ & + \frac{c_1K[1]}{\sqrt{K[1]^2 + 1}}, y(x) = aK[1] - \frac{x}{K[1]} \right\}, \left\{ y(x), K[1] \right\} \right] \end{aligned}$$

### 1.14 problem Example 3.15

Internal problem ID [5847]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

**Problem number**: Example 3.15.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y'^2 - y^2 a^2 = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2-a^2*y(x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{ax}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{ax}$$
$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-ax}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 31

DSolve[ $(y'[x])^2-a^2*y[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ ]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{-ax}$$

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{ax}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

### 1.15 problem Example 3.16

Internal problem ID [5848]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.2 FIRST ORDER ODE.

Page 114

Problem number: Example 3.16.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$${y'}^2 = 4x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=4*x^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = x^2 + c_1$$

$$y(x) = -x^2 + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==4\*x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x^2 + c_1$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2 + c_1$$

2	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations.									
	Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE. Page 147									
2.1	problem Example 3.17	4								
2.2	problem Example 3.18	5								
2.3	problem Example 3.19	<b>6</b>								
2.4	problem Example 3.21	7								
2.5	problem Example 3.22	3								
2.6	problem Example 3.23	9								
2.7	problem Example 3.24	Э								
2.8	problem Example 3.26	1								

### 2.1 problem Example 3.17

Internal problem ID [5849]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.17.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 2y' - 3y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-2\*diff(y(x),x)-3\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]-3*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to e^{-x} \left( c_2 e^{4x} + c_1 \right)$$

### 2.2 problem Example 3.18

Internal problem ID [5850]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.18.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$s'' + 2s' + s = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[s(0) = 4, s'(0) = -2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve([diff(s(t),t\$2)+2\*diff(s(t),t)+s(t)=0,s(0) = 4, D(s)(0) = -2],s(t), singsol=all)

$$s(t) = 2e^{-t}(t+2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[{s''[t]+2\*s'[t]+s[t]==0,{s[0]==4,s'[0]==-2}},s[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$s(t) \to 2e^{-t}(t+2)$$

### 2.3 problem Example 3.19

Internal problem ID [5851]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

**Problem number**: Example 3.19.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-2\*diff(y(x),x)+5\*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^x \sin(2x) + c_2 e^x \cos(2x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 24

DSolve[y''[x]-2\*y'[x]+5\*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to e^x(c_2\cos(2x) + c_1\sin(2x))$$

### 2.4 problem Example 3.21

Internal problem ID [5852]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.21.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - 2y' - 3y = 3x + 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 21

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-2\*diff(y(x),x)-3\*y(x)=3\*x+1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{3x}c_2 + e^{-x}c_1 - x + \frac{1}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 28

DSolve[y''[x]-2\*y'[x]-3\*y[x]==3\*x+1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -x + c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 e^{3x} + \frac{1}{3}$$

### 2.5 problem Example 3.22

Internal problem ID [5853]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.22.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{2x}x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 27

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-3\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=x\*exp(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{e^x x^2}{2} - e^x x + e^x + e^x c_1 + c_2\right) e^x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 33

DSolve[y''[x]-3\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]==x\*Exp[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}e^x (e^x (x^2 - 2x + 2 + 2c_2) + 2c_1)$$

### 2.6 problem Example 3.23

Internal problem ID [5854]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.23.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + y = 4\sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+y(x)=4\*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \sin(x) c_2 + \cos(x) c_1 + 2\sin(x) - 2\cos(x) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 20

DSolve[y''[x]+y[x]==4\*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to (-2x + c_1)\cos(x) + c_2\sin(x)$$

### 2.7 problem Example 3.24

Internal problem ID [5855]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.24.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 2x^2y' + (x^4 + 2x - 1)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*x^2*diff(y(x),x)+(x^4+2*x-1)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-\frac{x(x^2-3)}{3}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{x(x^2+3)}{3}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 34

 $DSolve[y''[x]+2*x^2*y'[x]+(x^4+2*x-1)*y[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) o rac{1}{2}e^{-rac{1}{3}x(x^2+3)} \left(c_2e^{2x} + 2c_1\right)$$

### 2.8 problem Example 3.26

Internal problem ID [5856]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.3 SECOND ORDER ODE.

Page 147

Problem number: Example 3.26.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$px^2u'' + qxu' + ru = f(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 222

 $dsolve(p*x^2*diff(u(x),x$2)+q*x*diff(u(x),x)+r*u(x)=f(x),u(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$u(x) = x^{\frac{-q+p+\sqrt{p^2-2qp-4rp+q^2}}{2p}} c_2 + x^{-\frac{q-p+\sqrt{p^2-2qp-4rp+q^2}}{2p}} c_1 \\ -x^{-\frac{q-p+\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}}{2p}} \left( \int x^{\frac{\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}-3p+q}} f(x) \, dx \right) + x^{\frac{-q+p+\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}}{2p}} \left( \int x^{-\frac{\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}-3p+q}} f(x) \, dx \right) + x^{\frac{-q+p+\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}}{2p}} \left( \int x^{-\frac{\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}-3p+q}} f(x) \, dx \right) + x^{\frac{-q+p+\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}-3p+q}} f(x) \, dx \right) + x^{\frac{-q+p+\sqrt{p^2+(-2q-4r)p+q^2}-3p+q}} f(x) \, dx$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.17 (sec). Leaf size: 342

DSolve[p\*x^2\*u''[x]+q\*x\*u'[x]+r\*u[x]==f[x],u[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$\begin{split} u(x) \\ \to x^{-\frac{\sqrt{p}\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2p(q+2r)+q^{2}}{pr}}-p+q}{2p}} \left( x^{\frac{\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2p(q+2r)+q^{2}}{pr}}}}{\sqrt{p}} \int_{1}^{x} \frac{f(K[2])K[2]^{\frac{-3p-\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2(q+2r)p+q^{2}}{pr}}}{\sqrt{p}}}}{\sqrt{p}\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2(q+2r)p+q^{2}}{pr}}}} dK[2] \right. \\ & + \int_{1}^{x} -\frac{f(K[1])K[1]^{\frac{-3p+\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2(q+2r)p+q^{2}}{pr}}}}{2p}}{\sqrt{p}\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2p(q+2r)p+q^{2}}{pr}}}} dK[1] + c_{2}x^{\frac{\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\frac{p^{2}-2p(q+2r)p+q^{2}}{pr}}}}{\sqrt{p}}} + c_{1} \end{split}$$

3	Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations.	
	Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE. Page 181	
3.1	problem Example 3.29	34
3.2	problem Example 3.30	35
3.3	problem Example 3.32	36
3.4	problem Example 3.33	37
3.5	problem Example 3.34	38
3.6	problem Example 3.35	39
3.7		40
3.8	problem Example 3.37	41
3.9	problem Example 3.38	42
3.10	problem Example 3.39	43
3.11	problem Example 3.40	44
3.12	problem Example 3.41	45
		46
3.14	problem Example 3.43	47
3.15	problem Example 3.44	48
3.16	problem Example 3.45	49
		50
		51

### 3.1 problem Example 3.29

Internal problem ID [5857]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.29.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Lienard]

$$\sin(x) u'' + 2\cos(x) u' + \sin(x) u = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

dsolve(sin(x)\*diff(u(x),x\$2)+2\*cos(x)\*diff(u(x),x)+sin(x)\*u(x)=0,u(x), singsol=all)

$$u(x) = c_1 \csc(x) \sin(\sqrt{2}x) + c_2 \csc(x) \cos(\sqrt{2}x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.09 (sec). Leaf size: 51

DSolve[Sin[x]\*u''[x]+2\*Cos[x]\*u'[x]+Sin[x]\*u[x]==0,u[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$u(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{-i\sqrt{2}x} \left(4c_1 - i\sqrt{2}c_2e^{2i\sqrt{2}x}\right)\csc(x)$$

#### 3.2 problem Example 3.30

Internal problem ID [5858]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.30.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_y], [\_3rd\_order, Solve

$$3(y'')^{2} - y'y''' - y''(y')^{2} = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.109 (sec). Leaf size: 42

 $dsolve(3*diff(y(x),x$2)^2-diff(y(x),x)*diff(y(x),x$3)-diff(y(x),x$2)*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x),$ 

$$y(x) = c_1$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{\mathrm{e}^{\frac{c_3}{c_1}} \frac{x}{c_1}}{c_2 c_1}\right) c_1 - c_3 - x}{c_1}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.622 (sec). Leaf size: 79

$$y(x) \to \log \left( \text{InverseFunction} \left[ -\frac{1}{\#1} - c_1 \log(\#1) + c_1 \log(1 + \#1c_1) \& \right] [x + c_2] \right) \\ - \log \left( 1 + c_1 \text{InverseFunction} \left[ -\frac{1}{\#1} - c_1 \log(\#1) + c_1 \log(1 + \#1c_1) \& \right] [x + c_2] \right) \\ + c_3$$

#### 3.3 problem Example 3.32

Internal problem ID [5859]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.32.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Gegenbauer, [\_2nd\_order, \_linear, '\_with\_symmetry\_[0,F(x)]']

$$y'' - \frac{xy'}{-x^2 + 1} + \frac{y}{-x^2 + 1} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-x/(1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/(1-x^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 x + c_2 \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{x+1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.177 (sec). Leaf size: 97

 $DSolve[y''[x]-x/(1-x^2)*y'[x]+y[x]/(1-x^2)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions] -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to c_1 \cosh\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x+1}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right) - ic_2 \sinh\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x+1}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)$$

#### 3.4 problem Example 3.33

Internal problem ID [5860]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.33.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries], [\_2nd\_order, \_reducib]

$$x^2yy'' - x^2{y'}^2 + y^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 19

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = e^{-c_1 x} c_2 e x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.212 (sec). Leaf size:  $15\,$ 

 $DSolve[x^2*y[x]*y''[x]==x^2*(y'[x])^2-y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_2 x e^{c_1 x}$$

#### 3.5 problem Example 3.34

Internal problem ID [5861]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.34.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = 4e^t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$3)-3\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+3\*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=4\*exp(t),y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \frac{2t^3e^t}{3} + c_1e^t + c_2e^tt + c_3e^tt^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 34

DSolve[y'''[t]-3\*y''[t]+3\*y'[t]-y[t]==4\*Exp[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{t}(2t^{3} + 3c_{3}t^{2} + 3c_{2}t + 3c_{1})$$

#### 3.6 problem Example 3.35

Internal problem ID [5862]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.35.

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'''' + 2y'' + y = 3\sin(t) - 5\cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 49

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$4)+2\*diff(y(t),t\$2)+y(t)=3\*sin(t)-5\*cos(t),y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = \left(-\frac{5}{4} - \frac{3}{4}t + \frac{5}{8}t^2\right)\cos(t) + \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{5}{4}t - \frac{3}{8}t^2\right)\sin(t) + \cos(t)c_1 + c_2\sin(t) + c_3t\cos(t) + c_4t\sin(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.128 (sec). Leaf size: 56

DSolve[y'''[t]+2\*y''[t]+y[t]==3\*Sin[t]-5\*Cos[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{16} \left( \left( 10t^2 + 2(-3 + 8c_2)t - 25 + 16c_1 \right) \cos(t) + \left( -6t^2 + 2(-15 + 8c_4)t + 3 + 16c_3 \right) \sin(t) \right)$$

#### 3.7 problem Example 3.36

Internal problem ID [5863]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.36.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' - y'' - y' + y = g(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 66

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$3)-diff(y(t),t\$2)-diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=g(t),y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = -\left(\int \frac{(2t+1)g(t)e^{-t}}{4}dt\right)e^{t} + \left(\int \frac{e^{t}g(t)}{4}dt\right)e^{-t} + \left(\int \frac{e^{-t}g(t)}{2}dt\right)e^{t} + c_{1}e^{t} + c_{2}e^{-t} + c_{3}e^{t}t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 106

DSolve[y'''[t]-y''[t]+y[t]==g[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \to e^{-t} \int_{1}^{t} \frac{1}{4} e^{K[1]} g(K[1]) dK[1] + e^{t} t \int_{1}^{t} \frac{1}{2} e^{-K[3]} g(K[3]) dK[3]$$
$$+ e^{t} \int_{1}^{t} -\frac{1}{4} e^{-K[2]} g(K[2]) (2K[2] + 1) dK[2] + c_{1} e^{-t} + c_{2} e^{t} + c_{3} e^{t} t$$

#### 3.8 problem Example 3.37

Internal problem ID [5864]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

**Problem number**: Example 3.37.

ODE order: 5. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_y]]

$$y^{(5)} - \frac{y''''}{t} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(diff(y(t),t\$5)-1/t\*diff(y(t),t\$4)=0,y(t), singsol=all)

$$y(t) = c_4 t^5 + c_3 t^3 + c_2 t^2 + c_5 t + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 33

DSolve[y''''[t]-1/t\*y''''[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_1 t^5}{120} + c_5 t^3 + c_4 t^2 + c_3 t + c_2$$

#### 3.9 problem Example 3.38

Internal problem ID [5865]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.38.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], \_Liouville, [\_2nd\_order, \_reducible

$$xx'' - x'^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 14

 $dsolve(x(t)*diff(x(t),t$2)-diff(x(t),t)^2=0,x(t), singsol=all)$ 

$$x(t) = 0$$

$$x(t) = e^{c_1 t} c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.108 (sec). Leaf size: 14

DSolve[x[t]\*x''[t]-(x'[t])^2==0,x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$x(t) \to c_2 e^{c_1 t}$$

#### 3.10 problem Example 3.39

Internal problem ID [5866]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

**Problem number**: Example 3.39.

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[ high order, linear, nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'''' + 4y''' + 3y'' - 4y' - 4y = f(x)$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 91

$$y(x) = \left( \int \frac{f(x) e^{-x}}{18} dx \right) e^{x} + \left( \int -\frac{f(x) (3x - 4) e^{2x}}{9} dx \right) e^{-2x} - \left( \int \frac{f(x) e^{x}}{2} dx \right) e^{-x} + \left( \int \frac{f(x) e^{2x}}{3} dx \right) e^{-2x} x + e^{x} c_{1} + c_{2} e^{-2x} + c_{3} e^{-x} + c_{4} e^{-2x} x$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 128

$$y(x) \to e^{-2x} \left( x \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{3} e^{2K[2]} f(K[2]) dK[2] + e^{x} \int_{1}^{x} -\frac{1}{2} e^{K[3]} f(K[3]) dK[3] \right)$$

$$+ e^{3x} \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{18} e^{-K[4]} f(K[4]) dK[4] + \int_{1}^{x} -\frac{1}{9} e^{2K[1]} f(K[1]) (3K[1] - 4) dK[1] + c_{2}x$$

$$+ c_{3}e^{x} + c_{4}e^{3x} + c_{1}$$

# 3.11 problem Example 3.40

Internal problem ID [5867]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.40.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$u'' - (1+2x)u' + (x^2 + x - 1)u = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

 $dsolve(diff(u(x),x$2)-(2*x+1)*diff(u(x),x)+(x^2+x-1)*u(x)=0,u(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$u(x) = e^{\frac{x^2}{2}}c_1 + c_2 e^{\frac{x(x+2)}{2}}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 24

 $DSolve[u''[x]-(2*x+1)*u'[x]+(x^2+x-1)*u[x]==0,u[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions] -> True]$ 

$$u(x) \rightarrow e^{\frac{x^2}{2}}(c_2 e^x + c_1)$$

#### 3.12 problem Example 3.41

Internal problem ID [5868]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

**Problem number**: Example 3.41.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = 50 e^{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+6\*diff(y(x),x)+9\*y(x)=50\*exp(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{-3x}c_2 + e^{-3x}xc_1 + 2e^{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 25

DSolve[y''[x]+6\*y'[x]+9\*y[x]==50\*Exp[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to e^{-3x} (2e^{5x} + c_2x + c_1)$$

### 3.13 problem Example 3.42

Internal problem ID [5869]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.42.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y = 50 e^{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-4\*diff(y(x),x)+4\*y(x)=50\*exp(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{2x}c_2 + e^{2x}xc_1 + 25e^{2x}x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[y''[x]-4\*y'[x]+4\*y[x]==50\*Exp[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to e^{2x} (25x^2 + c_2x + c_1)$$

#### 3.14 problem Example 3.43

Internal problem ID [5870]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.43.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \cos(2x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)+3\*diff(y(x),x)+2\*y(x)=cos(2\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -e^{-2x}c_1 + c_2e^{-x} - \frac{\cos(2x)}{20} + \frac{3\sin(2x)}{20}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.119 (sec). Leaf size: 37

DSolve[y''[x]+3\*y'[x]+2\*y[x]==Cos[2\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{3}{20}\sin(2x) - \frac{1}{20}\cos(2x) + e^{-2x}(c_2e^x + c_1)$$

#### 3.15 problem Example 3.44

Internal problem ID [5871]

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Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.44.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y''' + 6y'' + 11y' + 6y = 2\sin(3x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$3)+6\*diff(y(x),x\$2)+11\*diff(y(x),x)+6\*y(x)=2\*sin(3\*x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -\frac{\cos(3x)}{195} - \frac{8\sin(3x)}{195} + c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + c_3 e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 44

DSolve[y'''[x]+6\*y''[x]+11\*y'[x]+6\*y[x]==2\*Sin[3\*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -\frac{8}{195}\sin(3x) - \frac{1}{195}\cos(3x) + e^{-3x}(e^x(c_3e^x + c_2) + c_1)$$

#### 3.16 problem Example 3.45

Internal problem ID [5872]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.45.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 4y = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \sin(2x) c_2 + \cos(2x) c_1 + \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{1}{8}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[y''[x]+4\*y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{x^2}{4} + c_1 \cos(2x) + c_2 \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{8}$$

#### 3.17 problem Example 3.46

Internal problem ID [5873]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.46.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_linear, \_nonhomogeneous]]

$$y'' - 4y' + 3y = x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=x^3,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = e^{3x}c_2 + e^xc_1 + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{4x^2}{3} + \frac{26x}{9} + \frac{80}{27}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 39

DSolve[ $y''[x]-4*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$ ]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{27} (9x^3 + 36x^2 + 78x + 80) + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{3x}$$

#### 3.18 problem Example 3.47

Internal problem ID [5874]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.5 HIGHER ORDER ODE.

Page 181

Problem number: Example 3.47.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + 2y' + \left(1 + \frac{2}{(3x+1)^2}\right)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 31

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)+(1+2/(1+3*x)^2)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1(3x+1)^{\frac{1}{3}} e^{-x} + c_2(3x+1)^{\frac{2}{3}} e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.045 (sec). Leaf size: 35

$$y(x) \to e^{-x} \sqrt[3]{3x+1} \left( c_2 \sqrt[3]{3x+1} + c_1 \right)$$

# 4 Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems. Page 218

4.1	problem	Problem	3.1 ·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	53
4.2	problem	Problem	3.2 .																														54
4.3	problem	Problem	3.3 .																														56
4.4	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.4 .																														57
4.5	problem	Problem	3.6 .																														58
4.6	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.7 .																														59
4.7	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.8 .																														62
4.8	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.11																														63
4.9	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.12																														64
4.10	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.14																														65
4.11	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.18																														66
4.12	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.19																														68
4.13	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.20																														69
4.14	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.21																														70
4.15	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.22																														71
4.16	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.23																														72
4.17	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.24																														73
4.18	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.31																														74
4.19	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.32																														75
4.20	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.33																														76
4.21	problem	Problem	3.34																														77
4.22	$\operatorname{problem}$	Problem	3.35																														78
4.23	problem	Problem	3.38																														79

#### 4.1 problem Problem 3.1

Internal problem ID [5875]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.1.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, \_dAlembert]

$$y + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - y'x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(y(x)+sqrt(x^2+y(x)^2)-x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\frac{y(x)}{x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y(x)^2}}{x^2} - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.347 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $DSolve[y[x]+Sqrt[x^2+y[x]^2]-x*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1}(-1 + e^{2c_1}x^2)$$

#### 4.2 problem Problem 3.2

Internal problem ID [5876]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y'^2 + y^2 = a^2$$

/

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 68

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=a^2-y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = -a$$

$$y(x) = a$$

$$y(x) = -\tan(-x + c_1) \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{\tan(-x + c_1)^2 + 1}}$$

$$y(x) = \tan(-x + c_1) \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{\tan(-x + c_1)^2 + 1}}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.336 (sec). Leaf size: 111

 $DSolve[(y'[x])^2 = a^2 - y[x]^2, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\frac{a \tan(x - c_1)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x - c_1)}}$$

$$y(x) \to \frac{a \tan(x - c_1)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x - c_1)}}$$

$$y(x) \to -\frac{a \tan(x + c_1)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x + c_1)}}$$

$$y(x) \to \frac{a \tan(x + c_1)}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x + c_1)}}$$

$$y(x) \to -a$$

$$y(x) \to a$$

#### 4.3 problem Problem 3.3

Internal problem ID [5877]

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Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.3.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$x^{2}y'' - 2y'x + y(x^{2} + 2) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

 $dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x\$2)-2*x*diff(y(x),x)+(x^2+2)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 \sin(x) x + c_2 \cos(x) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 33

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-ix} x - \frac{1}{2} i c_2 e^{ix} x$$

#### 4.4 problem Problem 3.4

Internal problem ID [5878]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.4.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' + \frac{2y'}{x} - \frac{2y}{(1+x)^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 30

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2/x*diff(y(x),x)-2/(1+x)^2*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x(x+1)} + \frac{c_2(x^2 + 3x + 3)}{x+1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 34

 $DSolve[y''[x]+2/x*y'[x]-2/(1+x)^2*y[x] == 0, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to \frac{c_2 x(x^2 + 3x + 3) + 3c_1}{3x(x+1)}$$

#### 4.5problem Problem 3.6

Internal problem ID [5879]

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Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.6.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class G'], \_rational]

$$(x^{2}y^{2} + 1) y + (x^{2}y^{2} - 1) xy' = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $dsolve((x^2*y(x)^2+1)*y(x)+(x^2*y(x)^2-1)*x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \mathrm{e}^{-rac{\mathrm{LambertW}\left(-x^4\mathrm{e}^{-4c_1}
ight)}{2}-2c_1}x$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 6.032 (sec). Leaf size: 60

$$y(x) 
ightarrow -rac{i\sqrt{W\left(-e^{-2c_1}x^4
ight)}}{x}$$
  $y(x) 
ightarrow rac{i\sqrt{W\left(-e^{-2c_1}x^4
ight)}}{x}$ 

$$y(x) o rac{i\sqrt{W\left(-e^{-2c_1}x^4
ight)}}{x}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

### 4.6 problem Problem 3.7

Internal problem ID [5880]

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Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.7.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_rational]

$$2y^2x^3 - y + (2y^3x^2 - x)y' = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 522

 $dsolve((2*x^3*y(x)^2-y(x))+(2*x^2*y(x)^3-x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6x} \\ - \frac{6(\frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{c_1}{3})x}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{12x} \\ + \frac{3\left(\frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{c_1}{3}\right)x}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}})x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\ - \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}})x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ + \frac{3\left(\frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{c_1}{3}\right)x}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}})x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \\ + \frac{i\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}})x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ + \frac{2}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}} \\ + \frac{2}{\left(\left(-108 + 12\sqrt{12x^8 - 36c_1x^6 + 36c_1^2x^4 - 12c_1^3x^2 + 81}\right)x^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 44.412 (sec). Leaf size: 358

$$\begin{split} y(x) & \to \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(-x^3 + c_1 x)}{\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}}{3\sqrt[3]{2x}} \\ y(x) & \to \frac{\left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right) (x^3 - c_1 x)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}} \\ & - \frac{\left(1 - i\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}}{6\sqrt[3]{2x}} \\ y(x) & \to \frac{\left(1 - i\sqrt{3}\right) (x^3 - c_1 x)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}} \\ & - \frac{\left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt[3]{-27x^2 + \sqrt{729x^4 + 108x^3 (x^3 - c_1 x)^3}}}{6\sqrt[3]{2x}} \end{split}$$

#### 4.7 problem Problem 3.8

Internal problem ID [5881]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.8.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class D']]

$$\frac{1}{y} + \sec\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \frac{xy'}{y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 20

 $dsolve((1/y(x)+sec(y(x)/x))-x/y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf}\left(\underline{Z} \text{Si}\left(\underline{Z}\right) + \underline{Z}c_1 + \underline{Z}x + \cos\left(\underline{Z}\right)\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.145 (sec). Leaf size: 32

Solve 
$$\left[ -\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) - \frac{x\cos\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right)}{y(x)} = x + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

#### 4.8 problem Problem 3.11

Internal problem ID [5882]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.11.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$\phi' - \frac{\phi^2}{2} - \phi \cot(\theta) = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

dsolve(diff(phi(theta),theta)-1/2\*phi(theta)^2-phi(theta)\*cot(theta)=0,phi(theta), singsol=a

$$\phi(\theta) = \frac{2\sin(\theta)}{\cos(\theta) + 2c_1}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.3 (sec). Leaf size: 23

DSolve[\[Phi]'[\[Theta]]-1/2\*\[Phi][\[Theta]]^2-\[Phi][\[Theta]]\*Cot[\[Theta]]==0,\[Phi][\[Theta]]==0,\[Ph

$$\phi(\theta) \to \frac{2\sin(\theta)}{\cos(\theta) + 2c_1}$$

$$\phi(\theta) \to 0$$

#### 4.9 problem Problem 3.12

Internal problem ID [5883]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.12.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_y]]

$$u'' - \cot(\theta) u' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 10

dsolve(diff(u(theta),theta\$2)-cot(theta)\*diff(u(theta),theta)=0,u(theta), singsol=all)

$$u(\theta) = c_1 + \cos(\theta) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.085 (sec). Leaf size: 13

$$u(\theta) \to c_2 \cos(\theta) + c_1$$

#### 4.10 problem Problem 3.14

Internal problem ID [5884]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.14.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_1st\_order, '\_with\_symmetry\_[F(x),G(x)]'], \_Riccati]

$$\left(\phi' - \frac{\phi^2}{2}\right)\sin(\theta)^2 - \phi\cos(\theta)\sin(\theta) = \frac{\cos(2\theta)}{2} + 1$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 39

dsolve((diff(phi(theta),theta)-1/2\*phi(theta)^2)\*sin(theta)^2-phi(theta)\*sin(theta)\*cos(theta)

$$\phi(\theta) = -\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)c_1 + \cosh\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)c_1 + \sinh\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)} - \frac{\cos\left(\theta\right)}{\sin\left(\theta\right)}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.64 (sec). Leaf size: 36

$$\phi(\theta) \to -\cot(\theta) - \frac{2e^{\theta}}{e^{\theta} - 2c_1} + 1$$

$$\phi(\theta) \to 1 - \cot(\theta)$$

#### 4.11 problem Problem 3.18

Internal problem ID [5885]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.18.

ODE order: 3. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_3rd\_order, \_missing\_y], [\_3rd\_order, Solve

$$ay''y''' - \sqrt{1 + (y'')^2} = 0$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.218 (sec). Leaf size: 237

 $dsolve(a*diff(y(x),x$2)*diff(y(x),x$3)=sqrt(1+diff(y(x),x$2)^2),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\begin{split} y(x) &= -\frac{1}{2}ix^2 + c_1x + c_2 \\ y(x) &= \frac{1}{2}ix^2 + c_1x + c_2 \\ y(x) &= \frac{\left(-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a} - \frac{a\ln\left(c_1 + x + \sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}\right)x}{2} \\ &- \frac{a\ln\left(c_1 + x + \sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}\right)c_1}{2} \\ &+ \frac{a\sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}}{2} + xc_2 + c_3 \\ y(x) &= -\frac{\left(-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a} + \frac{a\ln\left(c_1 + x + \sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}\right)x}{2} \\ &+ \frac{a\ln\left(c_1 + x + \sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}\right)c_1}{2} \\ &- \frac{a\sqrt{-a^2 + c_1^2 + 2c_1x + x^2}}{2} + xc_2 + c_3 \end{split}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 11.484 (sec). Leaf size: 209

DSolve[a\*y''[x]\*y'''[x]==Sqrt[1+ y''[x]^2],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$\begin{split} y(x) & \to \frac{\sqrt{a^2 \left(-1 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2} \left(a^2 \left(2 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2\right)}{6a} \\ & - \frac{1}{2}a(x + ac_1)\log\left(\sqrt{a^2 \left(-1 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2} + ac_1 + x\right) + c_3x + c_2}{9ac_1x + ac_1} \\ y(x) & \to -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 \left(-1 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2} \left(a^2 \left(2 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2\right)}{6a} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}a(x + ac_1)\log\left(\sqrt{a^2 \left(-1 + c_1^2\right) + 2ac_1x + x^2} + ac_1 + x\right) + c_3x + c_2}{6a} \end{split}$$

#### 4.12 problem Problem 3.19

Internal problem ID [5886]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.19.

ODE order: 4. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_high\_order, \_missing\_x]]

$$a^2y'''' - y'' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

 $dsolve(a^2*diff(y(x),x$4)=diff(y(x),x$2),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = c_1 + xc_2 + c_3 e^{\frac{x}{a}} + c_4 e^{-\frac{x}{a}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.071 (sec). Leaf size: 38

DSolve[a^2\*y'''[x]==y''[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to a^2 e^{-\frac{x}{a}} \left( c_1 e^{\frac{2x}{a}} + c_2 \right) + c_4 x + c_3$$

#### 4.13 problem Problem 3.20

Internal problem ID [5887]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.20.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$y e^{yx} + x e^{yx} y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(y(x)\*exp(x\*y(x))+x\*exp(x\*y(x))\*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 16

DSolve[y[x]\*Exp[x\*y[x]]+x\*Exp[x\*y[x]]\*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o rac{c_1}{x}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

#### 4.14 problem Problem 3.21

Internal problem ID [5888]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.21.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_exact]

$$-2yx + e^{y} + (y - x^{2} + e^{y}x)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 28

 $dsolve((x-2*x*y(x)+exp(y(x)))+(y(x)-x^2+x*exp(y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$-x^{2}y(x) + xe^{y(x)} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{y(x)^{2}}{2} + c_{1} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.341 (sec). Leaf size: 35

Solve 
$$\left[x^2(-y(x)) + \frac{x^2}{2} + xe^{y(x)} + \frac{y(x)^2}{2} = c_1, y(x)\right]$$

### 4.15 problem Problem 3.22

Internal problem ID [5889]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

**Problem number**: Problem 3.22.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$y'' - \frac{y'}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(x + \sqrt{x} - 8) y}{4x^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x\$2)-1/x^{(1/2)}*diff(y(x),x)+1/(4*x^2)*(x+x^{(1/2)}-8)*y(x)=0,y(x), singsol=al(x)-1/x^2(x)+1/($ 

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 \mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{x}}}{x} + c_2 \mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{x}} x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$y(x) \to \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}(c_2x^3 + 3c_1)}{3x}$$

### 4.16 problem Problem 3.23

Internal problem ID [5890]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.23.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(-x^{2}+1)z'' + (1-3x)z' + kz = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 99

 $dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(z(x),x$2)+(1-3*x)*diff(z(x),x)+k*z(x)=0,z(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$z(x) = c_1(x+1)^{-1-\sqrt{k+1}} \text{ hypergeom} \left( \left[ \sqrt{k+1}, 1 + \sqrt{k+1} \right], \left[ 1 + 2\sqrt{k+1} \right], \frac{2}{x+1} \right) + c_2(x+1)^{-1+\sqrt{k+1}} \text{ hypergeom} \left( \left[ -\sqrt{k+1}, 1 - \sqrt{k+1} \right], \left[ 1 - 2\sqrt{k+1} \right], \frac{2}{x+1} \right)$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.407 (sec). Leaf size: 77

 $DSolve[(1-x^2)*z''[x]+(1-3*x)*z'[x]+k*z[x]==0, z[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions] -> True]$ 

$$\begin{split} z(x) &\to c_2 G_{2,2}^{2,0} \Bigg( \frac{1-x}{2} \big| \begin{array}{c} -\sqrt{k+1}, \sqrt{k+1} \\ 0, 0 \\ \Bigg) \\ &+ c_1 \, \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1 - \sqrt{k+1}, \sqrt{k+1} + 1, 1, \frac{1-x}{2} \right) \end{split}$$

# 4.17 problem Problem 3.24

Internal problem ID [5891]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.24.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_with\_linear\_symmetries]]

$$(-x^{2}+1) \eta'' - (1+x) \eta' + (k+1) \eta = 0$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 95

 $dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(eta(x),x$2)-(1+x)*diff(eta(x),x)+(k+1)*eta(x)=0,eta(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$\eta(x) = c_1(x+1)^{\sqrt{k+1}} \text{ hypergeom } \left( \left[ -\sqrt{k+1}, 1 - \sqrt{k+1} \right], \left[ 1 - 2\sqrt{k+1} \right], \frac{2}{x+1} \right) \\
+ c_2(x+1)^{-\sqrt{k+1}} \text{ hypergeom } \left( \left[ \sqrt{k+1}, 1 + \sqrt{k+1} \right], \left[ 1 + 2\sqrt{k+1} \right], \frac{2}{x+1} \right)$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.283 (sec). Leaf size: 77

 $DSolve[(1-x^2)*z''[x]-(1+x)*z'[x]+(k+1)*z[x]==0,z[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$z(x) \to c_2 G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( \frac{1-x}{2} | \begin{array}{c} 1 - \sqrt{k+1}, \sqrt{k+1} + 1 \\ 0, 0 \end{array} \right) + c_1 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\sqrt{k+1}, \sqrt{k+1}, 1, \frac{1-x}{2} \right)$$

### 4.18 problem Problem 3.31

Internal problem ID [5892]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.31.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$y^2 - 2xyy' = -x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve((x^2+y(x)^2)-2*x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \sqrt{c_1 x + x^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{c_1 x + x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.2 (sec). Leaf size: 38

 $DSolve[(x^2+y[x]^2)-2*x*y[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+c_1}$$

### 4.19 problem Problem 3.32

Internal problem ID [5893]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.32.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, \_Bernoulli]

$$-y^2 + 2xyy' = -x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

 $dsolve((x^2-y(x)^2)+2*x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \sqrt{c_1 x - x^2}$$

$$y(x) = -\sqrt{c_1 x - x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.355 (sec). Leaf size: 37

 $DSolve[(x^2-y[x]^2)+2*x*y[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt{-x(x-c_1)}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt{-x(x-c_1)}$$

### 4.20 problem Problem 3.33

Internal problem ID [5894]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.33.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class D'], \_rational, \_Riccati]

$$y'x - y - y^2 = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 10

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=(x^2+y(x)^2),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = \tan(x + c_1) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.18 (sec). Leaf size: 12

 $DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]==(x^2+y[x]^2),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to x \tan(x + c_1)$$

### 4.21 problem Problem 3.34

Internal problem ID [5895]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.34.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type ['y=G(x,y')']

$$y'x - y - x\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x*sqrt(x^2-y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) - \arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{\sqrt{x^2 - y(x)^2}}\right) - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.51 (sec). Leaf size: 29

DSolve[x\*y'[x]-y[x]==x\*Sqrt[x^2-y[x]^2]\*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Solve 
$$\left[\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2-y(x)^2}}{y(x)}\right)+y(x)=c_1,y(x)\right]$$

### 4.22 problem Problem 3.35

Internal problem ID [5896]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.35.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_homogeneous, 'class A'], \_rational, [\_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl

$$yy' - y'x + y = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

dsolve(x+y(x)\*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)-x\*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \tan \left( \text{RootOf} \left( -2 Z + \ln \left( \frac{1}{\cos (Z)^2} \right) + 2 \ln (x) + 2c_1 \right) \right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 36

 $\label{eq:DSolve} DSolve[x+y[x]*y'[x]+y[x]-x*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \ \ -> \ \ True]$ 

Solve 
$$\left[\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2}+1\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{y(x)}{x}\right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x)\right]$$

### 4.23 problem Problem 3.38

Internal problem ID [5897]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 3. Ordinary Differential Equations. Section 3.6 Summary and Problems.

Page 218

Problem number: Problem 3.38.

ODE order: 2. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[\_2nd\_order, \_missing\_x], [\_2nd\_order, \_with\_potential\_symmet

$$yy'' - y'^2 - y^2y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.094 (sec). Leaf size: 32

 $dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x$2)-(diff(y(x),x))^2-y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$ 

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{c_1 e^{c_1 c_2} e^{c_1 x}}{-1 + e^{c_1 c_2} e^{c_1 x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.53 (sec). Leaf size: 43

 $DSolve[y[x]*y''[x]-(y'[x])^2-y[x]^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$ 

$$y(x) \to -\frac{c_1 e^{c_1(x+c_2)}}{-1 + e^{c_1(x+c_2)}}$$

$$y(x) \to -\frac{1}{x + c_2}$$

#### 5 Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems. Page 360 5.1 81 5.2 82 5.3 83 5.4 84 5.5 85 5.6 86 5.7 87 5.8 88 5.9 89 5.10 problem Problem 5.11 90 91 92

5.13 problem Problem 5.15 part 1 5.14 problem Problem 5.15 part 3

93

94

### 5.1 problem Problem 5.1

Internal problem ID [5898]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.1.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = 3x_1(t) - 18x_2(t)$$

$$x_2'(t) = 2x_1(t) - 9x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 2, x_2(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 29

 $dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = 3*x_1(t)-18*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 2*x_1(t)-9*x_2(t), x_1(t)-9*x_2(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_1(t)-18*x_3(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t)-1$ 

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}(-12t+4)}{2}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{-3t}(-2t+1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[{x1'[t]==3\*x1[t]-18\*x2[t],x2'[t]==2\*x1[t]-9\*x2[t]},{x1[0]==2,x2[0]==1},{x1[t],x2[t]},

$$x1(t) \to e^{-3t}(2-6t)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{-3t}(1-2t)$$

### 5.2 problem Problem 5.2

Internal problem ID [5899]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = x_1(t) + 3x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = 5x_1(t) + 3x_2(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 36

$$x_1(t) = \frac{3c_1 e^{6t}}{5} - e^{-2t} c_2$$

$$x_2(t) = c_1 e^{6t} + e^{-2t} c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 74

DSolve[{x1'[t]==x1[t]+3\*x2[t],x2'[t]==5\*x1[t]+3\*x2[t]},{x1[t],x2[t]},t,IncludeSingularSoluti

$$x1(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}e^{-2t}(c_1(3e^{8t}+5)+3c_2(e^{8t}-1))$$

$$x2(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}e^{-2t} (5c_1(e^{8t} - 1) + c_2(5e^{8t} + 3))$$

# 5.3 problem Problem 5.3

Internal problem ID [5900]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.3.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = -x_1(t) + 3x_2(t)$$
  
$$x_2'(t) = -3x_1(t) + 5x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 29

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = -x_1(t)+3*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = -3*x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)+5*x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_3(t)+5*x_3(t$$

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{2t}(9t+3)}{3}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{2t}(3t + 2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$x1(t) \to e^{2t}(3t+1)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{2t}(3t+2)$$

### 5.4 problem Problem 5.4

Internal problem ID [5901]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.4.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = 4x_1(t) - x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = 5x_1(t) + 2x_2(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 59

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{3t}(\sin(2t)c_1 - 2\sin(2t)c_2 + 2\cos(2t)c_1 + \cos(2t)c_2)}{5}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{3t} (\sin(2t) c_1 + \cos(2t) c_2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 70

DSolve[{x1'[t]==4\*x1[t]-x2[t],x2'[t]==5\*x1[t]+2\*x2[t]},{x1[t],x2[t]},t,IncludeSingularSoluti

$$x1(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{3t}(2c_1\cos(2t) + (c_1 - c_2)\sin(2t))$$

$$x2(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{3t}(2c_2\cos(2t) + (5c_1 - c_2)\sin(2t))$$

# 5.5 problem Problem 5.6

Internal problem ID [5902]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.6.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = -2x_1(t) + x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = x_1(t) - 2x_2(t)$$

# ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 35

$$x_1(t) = c_1 e^{-t} - c_2 e^{-3t}$$

$$x_2(t) = c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 e^{-3t}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 68

DSolve[{x1'[t]==-2\*x1[t]+x2[t],x2'[t]==x1[t]-2\*x2[t]},{x1[t],x2[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolution

$$x1(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-3t}(c_1(e^{2t}+1)+c_2(e^{2t}-1))$$

$$x2(t) \to \frac{1}{2}e^{-3t}(c_1(e^{2t}-1)+c_2(e^{2t}+1))$$

### 5.6 problem Problem 5.7

Internal problem ID [5903]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.7.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = -2x_1(t) + x_2(t) + 2e^{-t}$$
  
$$x_2'(t) = x_1(t) - 2x_2(t) + 3t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 65

 $dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t)=-2*x_1(t)+x_2(t)+2*exp(-t),diff(x_2(t),t)=x_1(t)-2*x_2(t)+3*t],\\$ 

$$x_1(t) = c_2 e^{-t} - c_1 e^{-3t} + e^{-t}t + \frac{e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{4}{3} + t$$

$$x_2(t) = c_2 e^{-t} + c_1 e^{-3t} + e^{-t}t + 2t - \frac{5}{3} - \frac{e^{-t}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 93

$$x1(t) \to \frac{1}{6} \left( 6t + 3(c_1 - c_2)e^{-3t} + 3e^{-t}(2t + 1 + c_1 + c_2) - 8 \right)$$

$$x2(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t}(2e^{3t}(6t-5) + 3e^{2t}(2t-1+c_1+c_2) - 3c_1 + 3c_2)$$

# 5.7 problem Problem 5.8

Internal problem ID [5904]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.8.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = 3x_1(t) - x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = 16x_1(t) - 5x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 29

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(48t + 16)}{16}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{-t}(12t+1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$x1(t) \to e^{-t}(3t+1)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{-t}(12t+1)$$

# 5.8 problem Problem 5.9

Internal problem ID [5905]

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ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.9.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = x_1(t) - 2x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = 3x_1(t) - 4x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 34

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = x_1(t)-2*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 3*x_1(t)-4*x_2(t), x_1(0))$$

$$x_1(t) = -2e^{-2t} + 3e^{-t}$$

$$x_2(t) = -3e^{-2t} + 3e^{-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 33

$$x1(t) \to e^{-2t}(3e^t - 2)$$

$$x2(t) \to 3e^{-2t}(e^t - 1)$$

# 5.9 problem Problem 5.10

Internal problem ID [5906]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.10.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = 3x_1(t) - 18x_2(t)$$

$$x_2'(t) = 2x_1(t) - 9x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = 3*x_1(t)-18*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 2*x_1(t)-9*x_2(t), x_1(t)-18*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 2*x_1(t)-18*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 2*x_$$

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}(-60t+2)}{2}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{-3t}(-10t + 2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$x1(t) \to e^{-3t}(1-30t)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{-3t}(2-10t)$$

# 5.10 problem Problem 5.11

Internal problem ID [5907]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.11.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = -x_1(t) + 3x_2(t)$$
  
$$x_2'(t) = -3x_1(t) + 5x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = -x_1(t)+3*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = -3*x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)+5*x_1(t)+5*x_2(t), x_3(t)+5*x_3(t$$

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{2t}(9t+3)}{3}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{2t}(3t + 2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$x1(t) \to e^{2t}(3t+1)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{2t}(3t+2)$$

# 5.11 problem Problem 5.12

Internal problem ID [5908]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.12.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = 3x_1(t) - 18x_2(t)$$

$$x_2'(t) = 2x_1(t) - 9x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 2, x_2(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

 $dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = 3*x_1(t)-18*x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 2*x_1(t)-9*x_2(t), x_1(t)-9*x_2(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_1(t)-18*x_3(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t), x_3(t)-18*x_3(t)-1$ 

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}(-12t+4)}{2}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{-3t}(-2t+1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 30

DSolve[{x1'[t]==3\*x1[t]-18\*x2[t],x2'[t]==2\*x1[t]-9\*x2[t]},{x1[0]==2,x2[0]==1},{x1[t],x2[t]},

$$x1(t) \to e^{-3t}(2-6t)$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{-3t}(1-2t)$$

# 5.12 problem Problem 5.13

Internal problem ID [5909]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

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Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

Problem number: Problem 5.13.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = 3x_1(t) - x_2(t)$$
  
$$x'_2(t) = 4x_1(t) - 2x_2(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 16

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = 3*x_1(t)-x_2(t), diff(x_2(t),t) = 4*x_1(t)-2*x_2(t), x_1(0))$$

$$x_1(t) = e^{2t}$$

$$x_2(t) = e^{2t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 18

$$x1(t) \rightarrow e^{2t}$$

$$x2(t) \to e^{2t}$$

### 5.13 problem Problem 5.15 part 1

Internal problem ID [5910]

Book: THEORY OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN ENGINEERING AND MECHAN-

ICS. K.T. CHAU, CRC Press. Boca Raton, FL. 2018

Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

**Problem number**: Problem 5.15 part 1.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x_1'(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) - 8$$

$$x_2'(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) + 3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 35

 $dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t)=x_1(t)+x_2(t)-8,diff(x_2(t),t)=x_1(t)+x_2(t)+3],[x_1(t),x_2(t)-8,diff(x_2(t),t)=x_1(t)+x_2(t)+3],[x_1(t),x_2(t)-8,diff(x_2(t),t)=x_1(t)+x_2(t)+3],$ 

$$x_1(t) = \frac{c_1 e^{2t}}{2} + \frac{5}{2} - \frac{11t}{2} - c_2$$

$$x_2(t) = \frac{c_1 e^{2t}}{2} + \frac{11t}{2} + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 74

DSolve[{x1'[t]==x1[t]+x2[t]-8,x2'[t]==x1[t]+x2[t]+3},{x1[t],x2[t]},t,IncludeSingularSolution

$$x1(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(-22t + 2c_1(e^{2t} + 1) + 2c_2e^{2t} + 5 - 2c_2)$$

$$x2(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(22t + 2c_1(e^{2t} - 1) + 2c_2e^{2t} + 5 + 2c_2)$$

### 5.14 problem Problem 5.15 part 3

Internal problem ID [5911]

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Section: Chapter 5. Systems of First Order Differential Equations. Section 5.11 Problems.

Page 360

Problem number: Problem 5.15 part 3.

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'_1(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) - 8$$
  
 $x'_2(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) + 3$ 

With initial conditions

$$[x_1(0) = 1, x_2(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 30

$$dsolve([diff(x_1(t),t) = x_1(t)+x_2(t)-8, diff(x_2(t),t) = x_1(t)+x_2(t)+3, x_1(0) = x_1(t)+x_2(t)+3, x_1(0) = x_1(t)+x$$

$$x_1(t) = \frac{e^{2t}}{4} + \frac{3}{4} - \frac{11t}{2}$$

$$x_2(t) = \frac{e^{2t}}{4} + \frac{11t}{2} + \frac{7}{4}$$

# ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 36

DSolve[{x1'[t]==x1[t]+x2[t]-8,x2'[t]==x1[t]+x2[t]+3},{x1[0]==1,x2[0]==2},{x1[t],x2[t]},t,Inc

$$x1(t) \to \frac{1}{4} (-22t + e^{2t} + 3)$$

$$x2(t) \to \frac{1}{4} (22t + e^{2t} + 7)$$