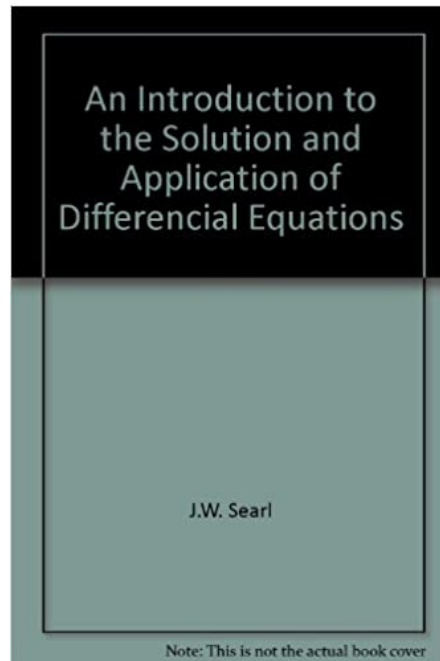


**A Solution Manual For**

**An introduction to the solution and  
applications of differential equations,  
J.W. Searl, 1966**



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# 1 Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

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## 1.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [3134]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y'x^2 + 2yx = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve(2*x*y(x)+x^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1}{x^2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[2*x*y[x]+x^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{x^2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [3135]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$y + (-y + x)y' = -x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([(x+y(x))+(-y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x(1 + \sqrt{2})$$
$$y(x) = -x(\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.482 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[{(x+y[x])+(-y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} + x$$

### 1.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [3136]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' \ln(x) + \frac{y+x}{x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(ln(x)*diff(y(x),x)+(x+y(x))/x=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 - x}{\ln(x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[Log[x]*y'[x]+(x+y[x])/x==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-x + c_1}{\log(x)}$$

## 1.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [3137]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_exact]`

$$\cos(y) - x \sin(y) y' = \sec(x)^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.985 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([cos(y(x))-x*sin(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=sec(x)^2,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arccos\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{x}\right)$$
$$y(x) = -\arccos\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{x}\right)$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{Cos[y[x]]-x*Sin[y[x]]*y'[x]==Sec[x]^2,y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

```
{}
```

## 1.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [3138]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [exact]

$$y \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + x \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) + \left(x \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) - \frac{x^2 \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)}{y}\right) y' = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve((y(x)*sin(x/y(x))+x*cos(x/y(x))-1)+(x*sin(x/y(x))-x^2/y(x)*cos(x/y(x)))*diff(y(x),x)=
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x}{\text{RootOf}(x^2 \sin(\_Z) + \_Z c_1 - x\_Z)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.444 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[(y[x]*Sin[x/y[x]]+x*Cos[x/y[x]]-1)+(x*SIn[x/y[x]]-x^2/y[x]*Cos[x/y[x]])*y'[x]==0,y[x]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[x - xy(x) \sin\left(\frac{x}{y(x)}\right) = c_1, y(x)\right]$$



## 1.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [3139]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.1

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _exact, _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$\frac{x}{y^2 + x^2} + \frac{y}{x^2} + \left( \frac{y}{y^2 + x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \right) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.266 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve([(x/(x^2+y(x)^2)+y(x)/x^2)+(y(x)/(x^2+y(x)^2)-1/x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(1) = 0],y(x), sin
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x(\text{RootOf}(4 + 4 \ln(x)^2 + 4 \ln(x) \_Z + \_Z^2 - 4 e^{-Z}) + 2 \ln(x))}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.175 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{(x/(x^2+y[x]^2)+y[x]/x^2)+(y[x]/(x^2+y[x]^2)-1/x)*y'[x]==0,y[1]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSi
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[\frac{y(x)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{y(x)^2}{x^2} + 1\right) = \log(x), y(x)\right]$$

## **2 Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2**

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## 2.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [3140]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x^2(y^2 + 1)y' + y^2(x^2 + 1) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 93

```
dsolve(x^2*(1+y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)^2*(x^2+1)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{-x^2 - c_1x + \sqrt{1 + x^4 + 2c_1x^3 + (c_1^2 + 2)x^2 - 2c_1x + 1}}{2x}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{-x^2 - c_1x - \sqrt{1 + x^4 + 2c_1x^3 + (c_1^2 + 2)x^2 - 2c_1x + 1}}{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.162 (sec). Leaf size: 95

```
DSolve[x^2*(1+y[x]^2)*y'[x]+y[x]^2*(x^2+1)==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{x^2 + \sqrt{4x^2 + (-x^2 + c_1x + 1)^2} - c_1x - 1}{2x}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-x^2 + \sqrt{4x^2 + (-x^2 + c_1x + 1)^2} + c_1x + 1}{2x}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [3141]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x(x-1)y' - \cot(y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(x*(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)=cot(y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arccos\left(\frac{x}{c_1(x-1)}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 52.823 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[x*(x-1)*y'[x]==Cot[y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\arccos\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1 x}}{x-1}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arccos\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1 x}}{x-1}\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 2.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [3142]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$ry' - \frac{(a^2 - r^2) \tan(y)}{a^2 + r^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(r*diff(y(r),r)= (a^2-r^2)/(a^2+r^2)*tan(y(r)),y(r), singsol=all)
```

$$y(r) = \arcsin\left(\frac{rc_1}{a^2 + r^2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 23.337 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[r*y'[r]== (a^2-r^2)/(a^2+r^2)*Tan[y[r]],y[r],r,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(r) \rightarrow \arcsin\left(\frac{e^{c_1}r}{a^2 + r^2}\right)$$

$$y(r) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [3143]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 1} y' + \sqrt{y^2 + 1} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(sqrt(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+sqrt(1+y(x)^2)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\sinh(\operatorname{arcsinh}(x) + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.349 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
DSolve[Sqrt[1+x^2]*y'[x]+Sqrt[1+y[x]^2]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-c_1} \left( (-1 + e^{2c_1}) \sqrt{x^2 + 1} - (1 + e^{2c_1}) x \right) \\y(x) &\rightarrow -i \\y(x) &\rightarrow i\end{aligned}$$

## 2.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [3144]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - \frac{x(y^2 + 1)}{y(x^2 + 1)} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=(x*(1+y(x)^2))/(y(x)*(1+x^2)),y(0) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{2x^2 + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.549 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==(x*(1+y[x]^2))/(y[x]*(1+x^2)),y[0]==1},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{2x^2 + 1}$$

## 2.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [3145]

**Book:** An introduction to the solution and applications of differential equations, J.W. Searl, 1966

**Section:** Chapter 4, Ex. 4.2

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$y^2 y' - 3y^6 = 2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.235 (sec). Leaf size: 77

```
dsolve([y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=2+3*y(x)^6,y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{3^{\frac{5}{6}} 2^{\frac{1}{6}} \tan(3\sqrt{6}x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{\tan(3\sqrt{6}x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(3i3^{\frac{1}{6}} - 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) 6^{\frac{1}{6}}}{6}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{\tan(3\sqrt{6}x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(3i3^{\frac{1}{6}} + 3^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) 6^{\frac{1}{6}}}{6}$$



✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 87

```
DSolve[{y[x]^2*y'[x]==2+3*y[x]^6,y[0]==0},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt[6]{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{\tan(3\sqrt{6}x)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{-1} \sqrt[6]{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{\tan(3\sqrt{6}x)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow (-1)^{2/3} \sqrt[6]{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{\tan(3\sqrt{6}x)}$$