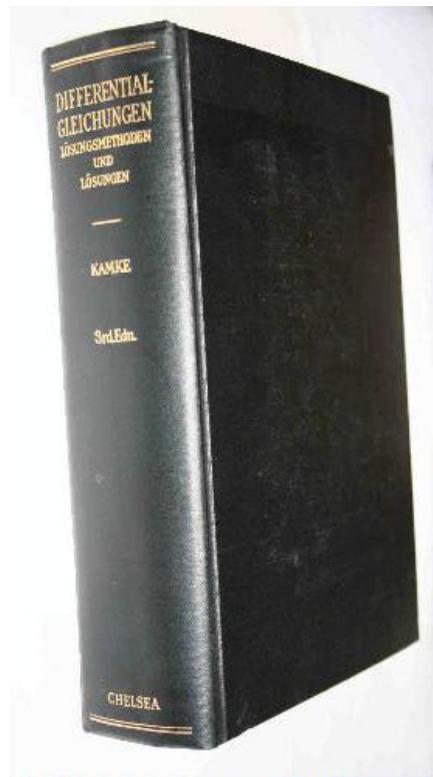


A Solution Manual For

Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed,

Abel ODEs



Nasser M. Abbasi

May 16, 2024

Contents

1 Abel ODE's with constant invariant	2
--------------------------------------	---

1 Abel ODE's with constant invariant

1.1	problem problem 38	3
1.2	problem problem 41	5
1.3	problem problem 46	6
1.4	problem problem 51	7
1.5	problem problem 146	9
1.6	problem problem 169	10

1.1 problem problem 38

Internal problem ID [4675]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 38.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational, _Abel]

$$-ay^3 + y' = \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(-a*y(x)^3-b/(x^(3/2))+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\text{RootOf} \left(-\ln(x) + c_1 + 2 \left(\int_{-\infty}^{-Z} \frac{1}{2a_a^3 + _a + 2b} d_a \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.332 (sec). Leaf size: 320

```
DSolve[-a*y[x]^3 - b/(x^(3/2)) + y'[x] == 0, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[\frac{2}{3} ab^2 \text{RootSum} \left[8\#1^9 ab^2 + 24\#1^6 ab^2 + 24\#1^3 ab^2 + \#1^3 \right. \right.$$
$$+ 8ab^2 \&, \frac{4\#1^6 \log \left(y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right) + 2\#1^4 \sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{ab^2}} \log \left(y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right) + 8\#1^3 \log \left(y(x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}} - \#1 \right)}{24\#1^8}$$
$$\left. \left. + c_1, y(x) \right] \right]$$

1.2 problem problem 41

Internal problem ID [4676]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 41.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _Abel]`

$$axy^3 + by^2 + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
dsolve(a*x*y(x)^3+b*y(x)^2+diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$y(x)$

$$= \frac{e^{\text{RootOf}\left(2\sqrt{b^2+4a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ae^{-Z}+b}{\sqrt{b^2+4a}}\right) - \ln(x^2(a e^{2-Z}+b e^{-Z}-1))b^2+2c_1b^2+2_Zb^2-4\ln(x^2(a e^{2-Z}+b e^{-Z}-1))a+8c_1a+8_Za\right)}}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.192 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
DSolve[a*x*y[x]^3+b*y[x]^2+y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[-\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{-2 a x y(x)-b}{b \sqrt{-\frac{4 a}{b^2}-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{4 a}{b^2}-1}} - \log\left(\frac{a(-x)y(x)(-axy(x)-b)-a}{a^2 x^2 y(x)^2}\right) \right)}{2 a} = -\frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a} + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

1.3 problem problem 46

Internal problem ID [4677]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 46.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Abel]

$$y' - x^a y^3 + 3y^2 - x^{-a} y = x^{-2a} - a x^{-a-1}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 2084

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-x^a*y(x)^3+3*y(x)^2-x^(-a)*y(x)-x^(-2*a)+a*x^(-a-1) = 0,y(x), singsol=al
```

Expression too large to display
Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 13.424 (sec). Leaf size: 231

```
DSolve[y'[x]-x^a*y[x]^3+3*y[x]^2-x^(-a)*y[x]-x^(-2*a)+a*x^(-a-1) == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingular
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a} - \frac{e^{\frac{2x^{1-a}}{a-1}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2^{\frac{3a+1}{a-1}} x^{a+1} \left(\frac{x^{1-a}}{1-a}\right)^{\frac{a+1}{a-1}} \Gamma\left(\frac{a+1}{1-a}, -\frac{4x^{1-a}}{a-1}\right)}{a-1} + c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a} + \frac{e^{\frac{2x^{1-a}}{a-1}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2^{\frac{3a+1}{a-1}} x^{a+1} \left(\frac{x^{1-a}}{1-a}\right)^{\frac{a+1}{a-1}} \Gamma\left(\frac{a+1}{1-a}, -\frac{4x^{1-a}}{a-1}\right)}{a-1} + c_1}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^{-a}$$

1.4 problem problem 51

Internal problem ID [4678]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 51.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Abel]

$$y' - (y - f(x))(y - g(x)) \left(y - \frac{f(x)a + bg(x)}{a + b} \right) h(x) - \frac{f'(x)(y - g(x))}{f(x) - g(x)} - \frac{g'(x)(y - f(x))}{g(x) - f(x)} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.156 (sec). Leaf size: 648

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-(y(x)-f(x))*(y(x)-g(x))*(y(x)-(a*f(x)+b*g(x))/(a+b))*h(x)-diff(f(x),x)*(
```

$$y(x) \equiv \frac{(f(x) - g(x))(a + 2b)e^{\text{RootOf}\left(-Z a^4 - b^4 \ln\left(\frac{9 a^3 + 18 a^2 b + 18 a b^2 + 9 b^3 + a e^{-Z} + 2 b e^{-Z}}{2 a + b}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{9 a^2 b + 9 a b^2 + 9 b^3 + a e^{-Z} + 2 b e^{-Z}}{a - b}\right) a^4 + \ln\left(\frac{9 a^3 + 18 a^2 b + 18 a b^2 + 9 b^3 + a e^{-Z} + 2 b e^{-Z}}{2 a + b}\right) a^2 + \ln\left(\frac{9 a^3 + 18 a^2 b + 18 a b^2 + 9 b^3 + a e^{-Z} + 2 b e^{-Z}}{2 a + b}\right) a + \ln\left(\frac{9 a^3 + 18 a^2 b + 18 a b^2 + 9 b^3 + a e^{-Z} + 2 b e^{-Z}}{2 a + b}\right) + 1\right) + 1}{(a + 2b)^2}}{2b}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.124 (sec). Leaf size: 355

```
DSolve[y'[x] - (y[x] - f[x])*(y[x] - g[x])*(y[x] - (a*f[x] + b*g[x])/(a+b))*h[x] - f'[x]*(y[x] - g[x])/(f[x] - g[x]) == 0, y[x], x]
```

Solve
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} -\frac{1}{3}(a-b)^{2/3}(2a+b)^{2/3}(a+2b)^{2/3} \text{RootSum} \left[\#1^3(a-b)^{2/3}(2a+b)^{2/3}(a+2b)^{2/3} - 3\#1a^2 - 3\#1ab - 3\#1b^2 + (a-b)^2b^2 \right. \\ \left. \#1^2(a-b)^{2/3}(2a+b)^{2/3}(a+2b)^{2/3} - 3\#1a^3 - 3\#1ab^2 - 3\#1b^3 + (a-b)a^2b^2 \right] = 0, y[x], x \end{array} \right]$$

1.5 problem problem 146

Internal problem ID [4679]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 146.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_rational, _Abel]

$$x^2y' + y^3x + y^2a = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 65

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)^3+a*y(x)^2 = 0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$c_1 + e^{-\frac{((a+x)y(x)+x)((a-x)y(x)+x)}{2y(x)^2x^2}} x + \frac{\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(ay(x)+x)}{2y(x)x}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} a e^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.61 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]+x*y[x]^3+a*y[x]^2 == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[-\frac{ia}{x} = \frac{2e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{ia}{x}-\frac{i}{y(x)}\right)^2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{-\frac{ia}{x}-\frac{i}{y(x)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2c_1}, y(x) \right]$$

1.6 problem problem 169

Internal problem ID [4680]

Book: Differential Gleichungen, Kamke, 3rd ed, Abel ODEs

Section: Abel ODE's with constant invariant

Problem number: problem 169.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_rational, _Abel]

$$(ax + b)^2 y' + (ax + b) y^3 + cy^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 126

```
dsolve((a*x+b)^2*diff(y(x),x)+(a*x+b)*y(x)^3+c*y(x)^2 = 0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{\left(\sqrt{a} b + a^{\frac{3}{2}} x\right) e^{-\frac{((ax+b+c)y(x)+a(ax+b))((-ax-b+c)y(x)+a(ax+b))}{2y(x)^2(ax+b)^2a}} + \frac{c\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{1}{2a}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{(cy(x)+a(ax+b))\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{a}y(x)(ax+b)}\right)}{2} + c_1 a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.43 (sec). Leaf size: 149

```
DSolve[(a*x+b)^2*y'[x]+(a*x+b)*y[x]^3+c*y[x]^2 == 0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[-\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} = \frac{2 \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} - \frac{(-a(ax+b)^2)^{3/2}}{ay(x)(ax+b)^3} \right)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{-\frac{c}{\sqrt{-a(ax+b)^2}} - \frac{(-a(ax+b)^2)^{3/2}}{ay(x)(ax+b)^3}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + 2c_1}, y(x) \right]$$