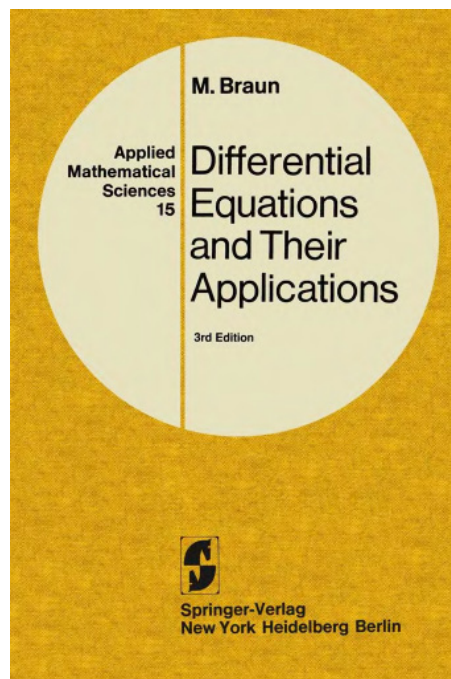


A Solution Manual For

**Differential equations and their
applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun**



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1.1 problem Example 3

Internal problem ID [1644]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 6

Problem number: Example 3.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y' + \sin(t)y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y(0) = \frac{3}{2} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+sin(t)*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3/2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{3 e^{\cos(t)-1}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+Sin[t]*y[t]==0,y[0]==3/2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} e^{\cos(t)-1}$$

1.2 problem Example 4

Internal problem ID [1645]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 6

Problem number: Example 4.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' + y e^{t^2} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+exp(t^2)*y(t)=0,y(1) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2 e^{\frac{(\operatorname{erfi}(1)-\operatorname{erfi}(t))\sqrt{\pi}}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.066 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+Exp[t^2]*y[t]==0,y[1]==2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2e^{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}(\operatorname{erfi}(1)-\operatorname{erfi}(t))}$$

1.3 problem Example 5

Internal problem ID [1646]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 6

Problem number: Example 5.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - 2yt = t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)-2*t*y(t)=t,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{2} + e^{t^2} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y'[t]-2*t*y[t]==t,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} + c_1 e^{t^2}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$$

1.4 problem Example 6

Internal problem ID [1647]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 6

Problem number: Example 6.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' + 2yt = t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+2*t*y(t)=t,y(1) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3e^{-(t-1)(t+1)}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.035 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*t*y[t]==t,y[1]==2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{3e^{1-t^2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

1.5 problem Example 7

Internal problem ID [1648]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 6

Problem number: Example 7.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_linear]

$$y' + y = \frac{1}{t^2 + 1}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.75 (sec). Leaf size: 65

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=1/(1+t^2),y(2) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$y(t)$

$$= \frac{(ie^i \expIntegral_1(-t+i) - ie^{-i} \expIntegral_1(-t-i) - ie^i \expIntegral_1(-2+i) + ie^{-i} \expIntegral_1(-2-i))}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.124 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+y[t]==1/(1+t^2),y[1]==2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-t-i} (-ie^{2i} \text{ExpIntegralEi}(t-i) + i \text{ExpIntegralEi}(t+i) - i \text{ExpIntegralEi}(1+i) + ie^{2i} \text{ExpIntegralEi}(1-i) + 4e^{1+i})$$

2 Section 1.2. Page 9

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2.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1649]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$\cos(t)y + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve(cos(t)*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-\sin(t)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[Cos[t]*y[t]+y'[t] == 0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\begin{aligned}y(t) &\rightarrow c_1 e^{-\sin(t)} \\y(t) &\rightarrow 0\end{aligned}$$

2.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1650]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$\sqrt{t} \sin(t) y + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve(t^(1/2)*sin(t)*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\sqrt{t} \cos(t) - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 66

```
DSolve[t^(1/2)*Sin[t]*y[t]+y'[t] == 0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \exp\left(\frac{i\left(\sqrt{-it}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -it\right) - \sqrt{it}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, it\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{t}}\right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

2.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1651]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$\frac{2yt}{t^2 + 1} + y' = \frac{1}{t^2 + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(2*t*y(t)/(t^2+1)+diff(y(t),t) = 1/(t^2+1),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{t + c_1}{t^2 + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[2*t*y[t]/(t^2+1)+y'[t] == 1/(t^2+1),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t + c_1}{t^2 + 1}$$

2.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1652]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' + y = t e^t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = exp(t)*t,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t}c_1 + \frac{e^t(2t - 1)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[y[t]+y'[t] == Exp[t]*t,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^t(2t - 1) + c_1e^{-t}$$

2.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1653]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$yt^2 + y' = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
dsolve(t^2*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 1,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{\left(3^{\frac{1}{3}}t\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{t^3}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) - \frac{23^{\frac{5}{6}}t\pi}{3} - 3c_1\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(-t^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}}}{3(-t^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.077 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
DSolve[t^2*y[t]+y'[t] == 1,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}(-t^3)^{2/3}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{t^3}{3}\right)}{t^2} + 3c_1\right)$$

2.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1654]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$yt^2 + y' = t^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(t^2*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 1 + e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[t^2*y[t]+y'[t]== t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 1 + c_1 e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 1$$

2.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1655]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$\frac{yt}{t^2 + 1} + y' + \frac{t^3 y}{t^4 + 1} = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve(t*y(t)/(t^2+1)+diff(y(t),t) = 1-t^3*y(t)/(t^4+1),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\int (t^4 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{t^2 + 1} dt + c_1}{(t^4 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{t^2 + 1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 22.533 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[t*y[t]/(t^2+1)+y'[t] == 1-t^3*y[t]/(t^4+1),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{\int_1^t \sqrt{K[1]^2 + 1} \sqrt[4]{K[1]^4 + 1} dK[1] + c_1}{\sqrt{t^2 + 1} \sqrt[4]{t^4 + 1}}$$

2.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1656]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$\sqrt{t^2 + 1}y + y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = \sqrt{5}]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve([(t^2+1)^(1/2)*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(0) = 5^(1/2)],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{5} e^{-\frac{t\sqrt{t^2+1}}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(t)}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.088 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
DSolve[{(t^2+1)^(1/2)*y[t]+y'[t] == 0,y[0]==Sqrt[5]},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{5} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t\sqrt{t^2+1}} \sqrt{\sqrt{t^2+1} - t}$$

2.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1657]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$\sqrt{t^2 + 1} y e^{-t} + y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve((t^2+1)^(1/2)*y(t)/exp(t)+diff(y(t),t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-\left(\int \sqrt{t^2+1} e^{-t} dt\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.288 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[(t^2+1)^(1/2)*y[t]/Exp[t]+y'[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \exp\left(\int_1^t -e^{-K[1]} \sqrt{K[1]^2 + 1} dK[1]\right)$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

2.10 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1658]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - 2yt = t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([-2*t*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = t,y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3e^{t^2}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{-2*t*y[t]+y'[t] == t,y[0]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(3e^{t^2} - 1)$$

2.11 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1659]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$yt + y' = t + 1$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
dsolve([t*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 1+t,y(3/2) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 1 - e^{\frac{9}{8} - \frac{t^2}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(-i \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right) - \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) \right) e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.088 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{t*y[t]+y'[t] == 1+t,y[3/2]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} \left(\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) \right) + 2e^{\frac{t^2}{2}} - 2e^{9/8}$$

2.12 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1660]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y = \frac{1}{t^2 + 1}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.656 (sec). Leaf size: 65

```
dsolve([y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 1/(t^2+1),y(1) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$y(t) =$

$$\frac{(ie^i \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-1 + i) - ie^i \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-t + i) - ie^{-i} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-1 - i) + ie^{-i} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(t + i))}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{y[t]+y'[t] == 1/(t^2+1),y[1]==2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-t-i} (-ie^{2i} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(t-i) + i \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(t+i) - i \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(1+i) + ie^{2i} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(1-i) + 4e^{1+i})$$

2.13 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1661]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' - 2yt = 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([-2*t*y(t)+diff(y(t),t) = 1,y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(t) + 2) e^{t^2}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{-2*t*y[t]+y'[t] == 1,y[0]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{t^2} (\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(t) + 2)$$

2.14 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1662]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_linear`]

$$yt + (t^2 + 1) y' = (t^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(t*y(t)+(t^2+1)*diff(y(t),t) = (t^2+1)^(5/2),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{3t^5 + 10t^3 + 15c_1 + 15t}{15\sqrt{t^2 + 1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.074 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[t*y[t]+(t^2+1)*y'[t] == (t^2+1)^(5/2),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{3t^5 + 10t^3 + 15t + 15c_1}{15\sqrt{t^2 + 1}}$$

2.15 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1663]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$4yt + (t^2 + 1)y' = t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([4*t*y(t)+(t^2+1)*diff(y(t),t) = t,y(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4(t^2 + 1)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{4*t*y[t]+(t^2+1)*y'[t]== t,y[0]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^2(t^2 + 2)}{4(t^2 + 1)^2}$$

2.16 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1664]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 20.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{t} = \frac{1}{t^2}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)+1/t*y(t)=1/t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\ln(t) + c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[y'[t]+1/t*y[t]==1/t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{\log(t) + c_1}{t}$$

2.17 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1665]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 21.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{\sqrt{t}} = e^{\frac{\sqrt{t}}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)+1/sqrt(t)*y(t)=exp(sqrt(t)/2),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(20 e^{\frac{5\sqrt{t}}{2}} \sqrt{t} - 8 e^{\frac{5\sqrt{t}}{2}} + 25c_1\right) e^{-2\sqrt{t}}}{25}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.093 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y'[t]+1/Sqrt[t]*y[t]==Exp[Sqrt[t]/2],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{4}{25} e^{\frac{\sqrt{t}}{2}} (5\sqrt{t} - 2) + c_1 e^{-2\sqrt{t}}$$

2.18 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1666]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 22.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{t} = \cos(t) + \frac{\sin(t)}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)+1/t*y(t)=cos(t)+sin(t)/t,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sin(t) + \frac{c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.049 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[y'[t]+1/t*y[t]==Cos[t]+Sin[t]/t,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sin(t) + \frac{c_1}{t}$$

2.19 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1667]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.2. Page 9

Problem number: 23.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$\tan(t)y + y' = \sin(t)\cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)+tan(t)*y(t)=cos(t)*sin(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = (-\cos(t) + c_1)\cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[y'[t]+Tan[t]*y[t]==Cos[t]*Sin[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \cos(t)(-\cos(t) + c_1)$$

3 Section 1.4. Page 24

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3.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1668]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$(t^2 + 1) y' - y^2 = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve((t^2+1)*diff(y(t),t) = 1+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \tan(\arctan(t) + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.25 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[(t^2+1)*y'[t] == 1+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \tan(\arctan(t) + c_1)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow i$$

3.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1669]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - (t + 1)(1 + y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t) = (1+t)*(1+y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -1 + e^{\frac{t(2+t)}{2}} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.057 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y'[t] == (1+t)*(1+y[t]),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -1 + c_1 e^{\frac{1}{2}t(t+2)}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow -1$$

3.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1670]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - y^2 + ty^2 = 1 - t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t) = 1-t+y(t)^2-t*y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}t^2 + c_1 - t\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.194 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[y'[t] == 1-t+y[t]^2-t*y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \tan\left(-\frac{t^2}{2} + t + c_1\right)$$

3.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1671]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - e^{3+t+y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t) = exp(3+t+y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -3 - \ln(-e^t - c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.866 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y'[t] == Exp[3+t+y[t]],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\log(-e^{t+3} - c_1)$$

3.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1672]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$\cos(y) \sin(t) y' - \cos(t) \sin(y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.109 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve(cos(y(t))*sin(t)*diff(y(t),t) = cos(t)*sin(y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \arcsin(c_1 \sin(t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.204 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[Cos[y[t]]*Sin[t]*y'[t] == Cos[t]*Sin[y[t]],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}c_1 \sin(t)\right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

3.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1673]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$t^2(1 + y^2) + 2y'y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([t^2*(1+y(t)^2)+2*y(t)*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{2e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}} - 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.32 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[{t^2*(1+y[t]^2)+2*y[t]*y'[t] == 0,y[0]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{2e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}} - 1}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{2e^{-\frac{t^3}{3}} - 1}$$

3.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1674]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y' - \frac{2t}{y + yt^2} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t) = 2*t/(y(t)+t^2*y(t)),y(2) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{9 - 2 \ln(5) + 2 \ln(t^2 + 1)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.098 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{y'[t] == 2*t/(y[t]+t^2*y[t]),y[2]==3},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{2 \log(t^2 + 1) + 9 - 2 \log(5)}$$

3.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1675]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$\sqrt{t^2 + 1} y' - \frac{ty^3}{\sqrt{t^2 + 1}} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve([(t^2+1)^(1/2)*diff(y(t),t) = t*y(t)^3/(t^2+1)^(1/2),y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \ln(t^2 + 1)}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.226 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{(t^2+1)^(1/2)*y'[t] == t*y[t]^3/(t^2+1)^(1/2),y[0]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \log(t^2 + 1)}}$$

3.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1676]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$y' - \frac{3t^2 + 4t + 2}{-2 + 2y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t) = (3*t^2+4*t+2)/(-2+2*y(t)),y(0) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\sqrt{(2+t)(t^2+2)} + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.138 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{y'[t] == (3*t^2+4*t+2)/(-2+2*y[t]),y[0]==-1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 1 - \sqrt{t^3 + 2t^2 + 2t + 4}$$

3.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1677]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$\cos(y) y' + \frac{t \sin(y)}{t^2 + 1} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[y(1) = \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.234 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve([cos(y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = -t*sin(y(t))/(t^2+1),y(1) = 1/2*Pi],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}\right)$$
$$y(t) = \pi - \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 16.577 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[{Cos[y[t]]*y'[t] == -t*Sin[y[t]]/(t^2+1),y[1]==Pi/2},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}\right)$$

3.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1678]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y' - k(a - y)(b - y) = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.453 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t) = k*(a-y(t))*(b-y(t)),y(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{ab(e^{tk(a-b)} - 1)}{e^{tk(a-b)}a - b}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[{y'[t] == k*(a-y[t])* (b-y[t]),y[0]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{ab(e^{akt} - e^{bkt})}{ae^{akt} - be^{bkt}}$$

3.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1679]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$3ty' - \cos(t)y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 5

```
dsolve([3*t*diff(y(t),t) = cos(t)*y(t),y(1) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 6

```
DSolve[{3*t*y'[t] == Cos[t]*y[t],y[1]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

3.13 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1680]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$ty' - y - \sqrt{t^2 + y^2} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.422 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([t*diff(y(t),t)=y(t)+sqrt(t^2+y(t)^2),y(1) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$
$$y(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.352 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[{t*y'[t]==y[t]+Sqrt[t^2+y[t]^2],y[1]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(t^2 - 1)$$

3.14 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1681]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$2tyy' - 3y^2 = -t^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(2*t*y(t)*diff(y(t),t)=3*y(t)^2-t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{c_1 t + 1} t$$
$$y(t) = -\sqrt{c_1 t + 1} t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.215 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[2*t*y[t]*y'[t]==3*y[t]^2-t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -t\sqrt{1 + c_1 t}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow t\sqrt{1 + c_1 t}$$

3.15 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1682]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 17.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$(t - \sqrt{yt}) y' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve((t-sqrt(t*y(t)))*diff(y(t),t)=y(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$\ln(y(t)) + \frac{2t}{\sqrt{ty(t)}} - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.213 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[(t-Sqrt[t*y[t]])*y'[t]==y[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[\frac{2}{\sqrt{\frac{y(t)}{t}}} + \log\left(\frac{y(t)}{t}\right) = -\log(t) + c_1, y(t) \right]$$

3.16 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1683]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 18.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{t+y}{t-y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=(t+y(t))/(t-y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \tan \left(\text{RootOf} \left(-2_Z + \ln \left(\sec \left(_Z \right)^2 \right) + 2 \ln (t) + 2c_1 \right) \right) t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y'[t]==(t+y[t])/(t-y[t]),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{y(t)^2}{t^2} + 1 \right) - \arctan \left(\frac{y(t)}{t} \right) = -\log(t) + c_1, y(t) \right]$$

3.17 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1684]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _dAlembert]`

$$e^{\frac{t}{y}}(-t + y)y' + y\left(1 + e^{\frac{t}{y}}\right) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(exp(t/y(t))*(y(t)-t)*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)*(1+exp(t/y(t)))=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{t}{\text{LambertW}\left(\frac{c_1 t}{c_1 t - 1}\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.532 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[Exp[t/y[t]]*(y[t]-t)*y'[t]+y[t]*(1+Exp[t/y[t]])==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t}{W\left(\frac{t}{t-e^{c_1}}\right)}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t}{W(1)}$$

3.18 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1685]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 20.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{t + y + 1}{t - y + 3} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=(t+y(t)+1)/(t-y(t)+3),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 1 + \tan(\text{RootOf}(2_Z + \ln(\sec(_Z)^2) + 2 \ln(2 + t) + 2c_1))(-2 - t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.055 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[y'[t]==(t+y[t]+1)/(t-y[t]+3),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[2 \arctan \left(\frac{y(t) + t + 1}{-y(t) + t + 3} \right) = \log \left(\frac{t^2 + y(t)^2 - 2y(t) + 4t + 5}{2(t + 2)^2} \right) + 2 \log(t + 2) + c_1, y(t) \right]$$

3.19 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1686]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 22.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-2y + (4t - 3y - 6)y' = -t - 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.516 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
dsolve((1+t-2*y(t))+(4*t-3*y(t)-6)*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(-t + 3) \text{RootOf}(-4 + (3c_1t^4 - 36c_1t^3 + 162c_1t^2 - 324c_1t + 243c_1)Z^{20} - Z^4)^4}{3} - \frac{t}{3} + 3$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.072 (sec). Leaf size: 1511

```
DSolve[(1+t-2*y[t])+(4*t-3*y[t]-6)*y'[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}(2t - 3)$$

$$3\text{Root}\left[\#1^5\left(3125e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^5 - 46875e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^4 + 281250e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^3 - 843750e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^2 + 3125t + 1265625e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t - 937\right)\right]$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}(2t - 3)$$

$$3\text{Root}\left[\#1^5\left(3125e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^5 - 46875e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^4 + 281250e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^3 - 843750e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^2 + 3125t + 1265625e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t - 937\right)\right]$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}(2t - 3)$$

$$3\text{Root}\left[\#1^5\left(3125e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^5 - 46875e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^4 + 281250e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^3 - 843750e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^2 + 3125t + 1265625e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t - 937\right)\right]$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}(2t - 3)$$

$$3\text{Root}\left[\#1^5\left(3125e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^5 - 46875e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^4 + 281250e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^3 - 843750e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^2 + 3125t + 1265625e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t - 937\right)\right]$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}(2t - 3)$$

$$3\text{Root}\left[\#1^5\left(3125e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^5 - 46875e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^4 + 281250e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^3 - 843750e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t^2 + 3125t + 1265625e^{\frac{5c_1}{9}}t - 937\right)\right]$$

3.20 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1687]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.4. Page 24

Problem number: 23.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$2y + (2t + 4y - 1)y' = -t - 3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
dsolve((t+2*y(t)+3)+(2*t+4*y(t)-1)*diff(y(t),t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{t}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{28c_1 - 28t + 1}}{4}$$
$$y(t) = -\frac{t}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{28c_1 - 28t + 1}}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.116 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[(t+2*y[t]+3)+(2*t+4*y[t]-1)*y'[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(-2t - \sqrt{-28t + 1 + 16c_1} + 1)$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(-2t + \sqrt{-28t + 1 + 16c_1} + 1)$$

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4.1 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1688]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_exact`]

$$2t \sin(y) + e^t y^3 + (t^2 \cos(y) + 3e^t y^2) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(2*t*sin(y(t))+exp(t)*y(t)^3+(t^2*cos(y(t))+3*exp(t)*y(t)^2)*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), si
```

$$e^t y(t)^3 + t^2 \sin(y(t)) + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.401 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[2*t*Sin[y[t]]+Exp[t]*y[t]^3+(t^2*Cos[y[t]]+3*Exp[t]*y[t]^2)*y'[t]== 0,y[t],t,IncludeS
```

$$\text{Solve}[t^2 \sin(y(t)) + e^t y(t)^3 = c_1, y(t)]$$

4.2 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1689]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_exact]

$$e^{yt}(1 + yt) + (1 + e^{yt}t^2)y' = -1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(1+exp(t*y(t))*(1+t*y(t))+1+exp(t*y(t))*t^2)*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{-c_1 t - t^2 - \text{LambertW}(t^2 e^{-t(t+c_1)})}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.084 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[1+Exp[t*y[t]]*(1+t*y[t])+1+Exp[t*y[t]]*t^2)*y'[t] == 0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutio
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{W(t^2 e^{t(-t+c_1)})}{t} - t + c_1$$

4.3 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1690]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_exact, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'class A']]

$$\sec(t)^2 y + (\tan(t) + 2y)y' = -\sec(t)\tan(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
dsolve(sec(t)*tan(t)+sec(t)^2*y(t)+(tan(t)+2*y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{\tan(t)}{2} - \frac{\sec(t)\sqrt{-4\cos(t)^2 c_1 + \sin(t)^2 - 4\cos(t)}}{2}$$
$$y(t) = -\frac{\tan(t)}{2} + \frac{\sec(t)\sqrt{-4\cos(t)^2 c_1 + \sin(t)^2 - 4\cos(t)}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.23 (sec). Leaf size: 101

```
DSolve[Sec[t]*Tan[t]+Sec[t]^2*y[t]+(Tan[t]+2*y[t])*y'[t]== 0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left(-2 \tan(t) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sec^2(t)} \sqrt{-8 \cos(t) + (-1 + 4c_1) \cos(2t) + 1 + 4c_1} \right)$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left(-2 \tan(t) + \sqrt{\sec^2(t)} \sqrt{-16 \cos(t) + (-2 + 8c_1) \cos(2t) + 2 + 8c_1} \right)$$

4.4 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1691]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], [_Abel, '2nd type', 'c`

$$\frac{y^2}{2} - 2ye^t + (-e^t + y)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve(1/2*y(t)^2-2*exp(t)*y(t)+(-exp(t)+y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \sqrt{(e^{3t} + c_1)e^{-3t}}\right) e^t$$

$$y(t) = \left(1 + \sqrt{(e^{3t} + c_1)e^{-3t}}\right) e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.264 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
DSolve[1/2*y[t]^2-2*Exp[t]*y[t]+(-Exp[t]+y[t])*y'[t] == 0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^t - \frac{\sqrt{-e^{3t} - c_1}}{\sqrt{-e^t}}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^t + \frac{\sqrt{-e^{3t} - c_1}}{\sqrt{-e^t}}$$

4.5 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1692]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$2ty^3 + 3t^2y^2y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 7

```
dsolve([2*t*y(t)^3+3*t^2*y(t)^2*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(1) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{t^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{2*t*y[t]^3+3*t^2*y[t]^2*y'[t] == 0,y[1]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{t^{2/3}}$$

4.6 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1693]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_exact]

$$2t \cos(y) + 3yt^2 + (t^3 - t^2 \sin(y) - y) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.187 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([2*t*cos(y(t))+3*t^2*y(t)+(t^3-t^2*sin(y(t))-y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(0) = 2],y(t), s
```

$$y(t) = \text{RootOf}(-2_Zt^3 - 2 \cos(_Z)t^2 + _Z^2 - 4)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.259 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{2*t*Cos[y[t]]+3*t^2*y[t]+(t^3-t^2*Sin[y[t]]-y[t])*y'[t] == 0,y[0]==2},y[t],t,Include
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[t^3 y(t) + t^2 \cos(y(t)) - \frac{y(t)^2}{2} = -2, y(t)\right]$$

4.7 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1694]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_exact, _rational, [_1st_order, ' _with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)]']`

$$4yt + (2t^2 + 2y) y' = -3t^2$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve([3*t^2+4*t*y(t)+(2*t^2+2*y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -t^2 + \sqrt{t^4 - t^3 + 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.164 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[{3*t^2+4*t*y[t]+(2*t^2+2*y[t])*y'[t] == 0,y[0]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{t^4 - t^3 + 1} - t^2$$

4.8 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1695]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_exact]

$$-2e^{yt} \sin(2t) + e^{yt} \cos(2t) y + (-3 + e^{yt} t \cos(2t)) y' = -2t$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 1.031 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
dsolve([2*t-2*exp(t*y(t))*sin(2*t)+exp(t*y(t))*cos(2*t)*y(t)+(-3+exp(t*y(t))*t*cos(2*t))*dif
```

$$y(t) = \frac{t^3 - 3 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{t \cos(2t) e^{\frac{t(t-1)(t+1)}{3}}}{3}\right) - t}{3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.485 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
DSolve[{2*t-2*Exp[t*y[t]]*Sin[2*t]+Exp[t*y[t]]*Cos[2*t]*y[t]+(-3+Exp[t*y[t]]*t*cos[2*t])*y'
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^3 - 3W\left(-\frac{1}{3}e^{\frac{1}{3}t(t^2-1)}t \cos(2t)\right) - t}{3t}$$

4.9 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1696]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.9. Page 66

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$3yt + y^2 + (t^2 + yt) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([3*t*y(t)+y(t)^2+(t^2+t*y(t))*diff(y(t),t) = 0,y(2) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{-t^2 + \sqrt{t^4 + 20}}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.732 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{3*t*y[t]+y[t]^2+(t^2+t*y[t])*y'[t] == 0,y[2]==1},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{t^4 + 20}}{t} - t$$

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5.1 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1697]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Riccati]

$$y' - y^2 = \cos(t^2)$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= y(t)^2+cos(t^2),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== y[t]^2+Cos[t^2],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.2 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1698]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Riccati]

$$y' - y - y^2 \cos(t) = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 129

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= 1+y(t)+y(t)^2*cos(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$y(t) =$

$$\frac{\operatorname{csgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)\left(\left(-4\cos(t) - \operatorname{csgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right) + 1\right)\operatorname{MathieuC}\left(-1, -2, \arccos\left(\cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)\right) - 4c_1\left(\cos(t) - \operatorname{csgn}\left(\sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{2\left(-c_1\operatorname{MathieuS}\left(-1, -2, \arccos\left(\cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)\right) + c_1\operatorname{MathieuC}\left(-1, -2, \arccos\left(\cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)}$$

✗ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== 1+y[t]+y[t]^2*Cos[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.3 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1699]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Riccati, _special]]`

$$y' - y^2 = t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= t+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 \operatorname{AiryAi}(1, -t) + \operatorname{AiryBi}(1, -t)}{c_1 \operatorname{AiryAi}(-t) + \operatorname{AiryBi}(-t)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.126 (sec). Leaf size: 195

```
DSolve[y'[t]== t+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^{3/2} \left(-2 \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) + c_1 \left(\operatorname{BesselJ} \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) - \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) \right) \right) - c_1 \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right)}{2t \left(\operatorname{BesselJ} \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) + c_1 \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) \right)}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t^{3/2} \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) - t^{3/2} \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right) + \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right)}{2t \operatorname{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2t^{3/2}}{3} \right)}$$

5.4 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1700]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Riccati]

$$y' - y^2 = e^{-t^2}$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= exp(-t^2)+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== Exp[-t^2]+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.5 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1701]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Riccati]

$$y' - y^2 = e^{-t^2}$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= exp(-t^2)+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== Exp[-t^2]+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.6 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1702]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Riccati]

$$y' - y^2 = e^{-t^2}$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= exp(-t^2)+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== Exp[-t^2]+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.7 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1703]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [$y = G(x, y')$]

$$y' - y - e^{-y} = e^{-t}$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= y(t)+exp(-y(t))+exp(-t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== y[t]+Exp[-y[t]]+Exp[-t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.8 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1704]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Abel]

$$y' - y^3 = e^{-5t}$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= y(t)^3+exp(-5*t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]== y[t]^3+Exp[-5*t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.9 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1705]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]`

$$y' - e^{(-t+y)^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)= exp((y(t)-t)^2),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = t + \text{RootOf} \left(-t + \int^{-Z} \frac{1}{-1 + e^{-a^2}} da + c_1 \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.062 (sec). Leaf size: 241

```
DSolve[y'[t]== Exp[(y[t]-t)^2],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[\int_1^t -\frac{e^{(y(t)-K[1])^2}}{-1 + e^{(y(t)-K[1])^2}} dK[1] + \int_1^{y(t)} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{e^{(t-K[2])^2}}{-1 + e^{(t-K[2])^2}} \int_1^t \left(\frac{2e^{2(K[2]-K[1])^2}(K[2]-K[1])}{(-1 + e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2})^2} - \frac{2e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2}(K[2]-K[1])}{-1 + e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2}} \right) dK[1] - \int_1^t \left(\frac{2e^{2(K[2]-K[1])^2}(K[2]-K[1])}{(-1 + e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2})^2} - \frac{2e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2}}{-1 + e^{(K[2]-K[1])^2}} \right) dK[1] \right]$$

5.10 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1706]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [$y = G(x, y')$]

$$y' - (4y + e^{-t^2})e^{2y} = 0$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=(4*y(t)+exp(-t^2))*exp(2*y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[y'[t]==(4*y[t]+Exp[-t^2])*Exp[2*y[t]],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.11 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1707]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [$y = G(x, y')$]

$$y' - \ln(1 + y^2) = e^{-t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

X Solution by Maple

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t)=exp(-t)+ln(1+y(t)^2),y(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

```
DSolve[{y'[t]==Exp[-t]+Log[1+y[t]^2],y[0]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Not solved

5.12 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1708]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$y' - \frac{(1 + \cos(4t))y}{4} + \frac{(1 - \cos(4t))y^2}{800} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=1/4*(1+cos(4*t))*y(t)-1/800*(1-cos(4*t))*y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{800 e^{\frac{t}{4} + \frac{\sin(4t)}{16}}}{\int e^{\frac{t}{4} + \frac{\sin(4t)}{16}} (-1 + \cos(4t)) dt - 800c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 15.489 (sec). Leaf size: 122

```
DSolve[y'[t]==1/4*(1+Cos[4*t])*y[t]-1/800*(1-Cos[4*t])*y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolution
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{e^{\frac{1}{16}(4t+\sin(4t))}}{-\int_1^t -\frac{1}{400}e^{\frac{1}{16}(4K[1]+\sin(4K[1]))} \sin^2(2K[1])dK[1] + c_1}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{e^{\frac{1}{16}(4t+\sin(4t))}}{\int_1^t -\frac{1}{400}e^{\frac{1}{16}(4K[1]+\sin(4K[1]))} \sin^2(2K[1])dK[1]}$$

5.13 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1709]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Riccati, _special]]`

$$y' - y^2 = t^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 43

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=t^2+y(t)^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{t \left(\text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) c_1 + \text{BesselY} \left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \right)}{c_1 \text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) + \text{BesselY} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.125 (sec). Leaf size: 169

```
DSolve[y'[t]==t^2+y[t]^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^2 \left(-2 \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) + c_1 \left(\text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) - \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \right) \right) - c_1 \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right)}{2t \left(\text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) + c_1 \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \right)}$$
$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t^2 \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) - t^2 \text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right) + \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right)}{2t \text{BesselJ} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{2} \right)}$$

5.14 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1710]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 17.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - t(1 + y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=t*(1+y(t)),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -1 + e^{\frac{t^2}{2}} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.066 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y'[t]==t*(1+y[t]),y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -1 + c_1 e^{\frac{t^2}{2}}$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -1$$

5.15 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1711]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 1.10. Page 80

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 1.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - t\sqrt{1-y^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t)=t*sqrt(1-y(t)^2),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sin\left(\frac{t^2}{2} + c_1\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.221 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y'[t]==t*Sqrt[1-y[t]^2],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{t^2}{2} + c_1\right)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow -1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow 1$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \text{Interval}[\{-1, 1\}]$$

6 Section 2.1, second order linear differential equations. Page 134

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6.1 problem 5(a)

Internal problem ID [1712]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.1, second order linear differential equations. Page 134

Problem number: 5(a).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$2t^2y'' + 3ty' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 t^{\frac{3}{2}} + c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[2*t^2*y''[t]+3*t*y'[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 t^{3/2} + c_1}{t}$$

6.2 problem 5(d)

Internal problem ID [1713]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.1, second order linear differential equations. Page 134

Problem number: 5(d).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$2t^2y'' + 3ty' - y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2, y'(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve([2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(1) = 2, D(y)(1) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 2\sqrt{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.012 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
DSolve[{2*t^2*y'[t]+3*t*y'[t]-y[t]==0,{y[1]==2,y'[1]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->All]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 2\sqrt{t}$$

6.3 problem 6(a)

Internal problem ID [1714]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.1, second order linear differential equations. Page 134

Problem number: 6(a).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \left(\operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}t}{2} \right) c_1 + c_2 \right) e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[y''[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} \left(\sqrt{2\pi} c_1 \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + 2c_2 \right)$$

6.4 problem 6(d)

Internal problem ID [1715]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.1, second order linear differential equations. Page 134

Problem number: 6(d).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{ie^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}t}{2}\right)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

7 Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

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7.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1716]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t}c_1 + c_2e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y''[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1e^t + c_2e^{-t}$$

7.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1717]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$6y'' - 7y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(6*diff(y(t),t$2)-7*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\frac{t}{6}} + c_2 e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[6*y''[t]-7*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 e^{t/6} + c_2 e^t$$

7.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1718]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{\frac{(3+\sqrt{5})t}{2}} + c_2 e^{-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-3)t}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[t]-3*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-3)t} (c_2 e^{\sqrt{5}t} + c_1)$$

7.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1719]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$3y'' + 6y' + 3y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(t),t$2)+6*diff(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t}(c_2t + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[3*y''[t]+6*y'[t]+3*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t}(c_2t + c_1)$$

7.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1720]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 3y' - 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)-4*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{4t}}{5} + \frac{4e^{-t}}{5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-3*y'[t]-4*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}e^{-t}(e^{5t} + 4)$$

7.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1721]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + y' - 10y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 5, y'(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve([2*dif(y(t),t$2)+dif(y(t),t)-10*y(t)=0,y(1) = 5, D(y)(1) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{16e^{\frac{5}{2}-\frac{5t}{2}}}{9} + \frac{29e^{2t-2}}{9}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[{2*y'[t]+y'[t]-10*y[t]==0,{y[1]==5,y'[1]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{16}{9}e^{-\frac{5}{2}(t-1)} + \frac{29}{9}e^{2t-2}$$

7.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1722]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$5y'' + 5y' - y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
dsolve([5*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(e^{\frac{3t\sqrt{5}}{10} - \frac{t}{2}} - e^{-\frac{t}{2} - \frac{3t\sqrt{5}}{10}}\right) \sqrt{5}}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[{5*y''[t]+5*y'[t]-y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{5} e^{-\frac{1}{10}(5+3\sqrt{5})t} \left(e^{\frac{3t}{\sqrt{5}}} - 1 \right)$$

7.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1723]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 6y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1, y'(2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.172 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-6*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(2) = 1, D(y)(2) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(2 + \sqrt{2}) e^{-(t-2)(-3+2\sqrt{2})}}{4} - \frac{e^{(t-2)(3+2\sqrt{2})} (\sqrt{2} - 2)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 72

```
DSolve[{y''[t]-6*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[2]==1,y'[2]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^{-6-4\sqrt{2}} \left((2 + \sqrt{2}) e^{(3-2\sqrt{2})t+8\sqrt{2}} - \left((\sqrt{2} - 2) e^{(3+2\sqrt{2})t} \right) \right)$$

7.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1724]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 5y' + 6y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = v]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+5*diff(y(t),t)+6*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = v],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = (3 + v)e^{-2t} + (-v - 2)e^{-3t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+5*y'[t]+6*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==v}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t}(e^t(v + 3) - v - 2)$$

7.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1725]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' + \alpha t y' + \beta y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 52

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+alpha*t*diff(y(t),t)+beta*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{t} t^{-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \left(t^{\frac{\sqrt{\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 4\beta + 1}}{2}} c_1 + t^{-\frac{\sqrt{\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 4\beta + 1}}{2}} c_2 \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 57

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+\[Alpha]*t*y'[t]+\[Beta]*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t^{\frac{1}{2}(-\sqrt{\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 4\beta + 1} - \alpha + 1)} \left(c_2 t^{\sqrt{\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 4\beta + 1}} + c_1 \right)$$

7.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1726]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' + 5ty' - 5y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*t*diff(y(t),t)-5*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 t^6 + c_1}{t^5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+5*t*y'[t]-5*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{t^5} + c_2 t$$

7.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1727]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2, linear equations with constant coefficients. Page 138

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' - t y' - 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=0,y(1) = 0, D(y)(1) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t(t^{\sqrt{3}} - t^{-\sqrt{3}})}{6}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[{t^2*y'[t]-t*y'[t]-2*y[t]==0,{y[1]==0,y'[1]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^{1-\sqrt{3}}(t^{2\sqrt{3}} - 1)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

8 Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

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8.1 problem Example 2

Internal problem ID [1728]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: Example 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-t}(2\sqrt{3} \sin(\sqrt{3}t) + 3 \cos(\sqrt{3}t))}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[{y''[t]+2*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{-t}(2\sqrt{3} \sin(\sqrt{3}t) + 3 \cos(\sqrt{3}t))$$

8.2 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1729]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \left(c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} \right) + c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[y''[t]+y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t/2} \left(c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} \right) + c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} \right) \right)$$

8.3 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1730]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' + 3y' + 4y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-\frac{3t}{4}} \left(c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4} \right) + c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4} \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[2*y''[t]+3*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-3t/4} \left(c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4} \right) + c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4} \right) \right)$$

8.4 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1731]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 3y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \left(c_1 \sin \left(t\sqrt{2} \right) + c_2 \cos \left(t\sqrt{2} \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[t]+2*y'[t]+3*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} \left(c_2 \cos \left(\sqrt{2}t \right) + c_1 \sin \left(\sqrt{2}t \right) \right)$$

8.5 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1732]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(t),t$2)-diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{\frac{t}{8}} \left(c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{15}t}{8} \right) + c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{15}t}{8} \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[4*y''[t]-y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{t/8} \left(c_2 \cos \left(\frac{\sqrt{15}t}{8} \right) + c_1 \sin \left(\frac{\sqrt{15}t}{8} \right) \right)$$

8.6 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1733]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + y' + 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.062 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \left(5\sqrt{7} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}t}{2}\right) + 7 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}t}{2}\right) \right)}{7}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[{2*y''[t]+3*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{23} e^{-3t/4} \left(11\sqrt{23} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) + 23 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) \right)$$

8.7 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1734]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \sin(2t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+5*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} \sin(2t)$$

8.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1735]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$2y'' - y' + 3y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.39 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
dsolve([2*diff(y(t),t$2)-diff(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=0,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{t}{4}} \left(3 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{4}\right) \sqrt{23} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) - 3\sqrt{23} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) - 23 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) - 23 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}t}{4}\right) \right)}{23}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[{2*y'[t]-y'[t]+3*y[t]==0,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{23} e^{\frac{t-1}{4}} \left(3\sqrt{23} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{23}(t-1)\right) + 23 \cos\left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{23}(t-1)\right) \right)$$

8.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1736]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$3y'' - 2y' + 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1, y'(2) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.328 (sec). Leaf size: 79

```
dsolve([3*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(2) = 1, D(y)(2) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{t}{3}} \left(4 \sin\left(\frac{2\sqrt{11}}{3}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{11}t}{3}\right) \sqrt{11} - 4 \cos\left(\frac{2\sqrt{11}}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{11}t}{3}\right) \sqrt{11} + 11 \sin\left(\frac{2\sqrt{11}}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{11}t}{3}\right) + 11 \cos\left(\frac{2\sqrt{11}}{3}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{11}t}{3}\right) \right)}{11}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[{3*y'[t]-2*y[t]+4*y[t]==0,{y[2]==1,y'[2]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{11} e^{\frac{t-2}{3}} \left(11 \cos\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{11}(t-2)\right) - 4\sqrt{11} \sin\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{11}(t-2)\right) \right)$$

8.10 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1737]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 18.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler], [_2nd_order, _linear, '_with_symmetry_[0,F`

$$t^2 y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \sin(\ln(t)) + c_2 \cos(\ln(t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[t^2*y'[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \cos(\log(t)) + c_2 \sin(\log(t))$$

8.11 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1738]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.1, Complex roots. Page 141

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' + 2ty' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+2*t*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{7} \ln(t)}{2}\right) + c_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{7} \ln(t)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{t}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+2*t*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{7} \log(t)\right) + c_1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{7} \log(t)\right)}{\sqrt{t}}$$

9 Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order.

Page 147

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9.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1739]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-6*diff(y(t),t)+9*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{3t}(c_2t + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y''[t]-6*y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{3t}(c_2t + c_1)$$

9.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1740]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - 12y' + 9y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(4*diff(y(t),t$2)-12*diff(y(t),t)+9*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{\frac{3t}{2}}(c_2t + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[4*y''[t]-12*y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{3t/2}(c_2t + c_1)$$

9.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1741]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$9y'' + 6y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([9*dif(y(t),t$2)+6*dif(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{e^{-\frac{t}{3}}(t+3)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{9*y'[t]+6*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{-t/3}(t+3)$$

9.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1742]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$4y'' - 4y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 3]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve([4*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 3],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = 3t e^{\frac{t}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{4*y''[t]-4*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==3}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3e^{t/2}t$$

9.5 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1743]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1, y'(2) = -1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+2*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(2) = 1, D(y)(2) = -1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{2-t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+2*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[2]==1,y'[2]==-1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{2-t}$$

9.6 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1744]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$9y'' - 12y' + 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(\pi) = 0, y'(\pi) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve([9*diff(y(t),t$2)-12*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(Pi) = 0, D(y)(Pi) = 2],y(t), singsol=all
```

$$y(t) = -2e^{-\frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{2t}{3}}(\pi - t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{9*y'[t]-12*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,{y[Pi]==0,y'[Pi]==2}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{2}{3}(\pi-t)}(2t - 2\pi)$$

9.7 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1745]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - \frac{2(t+1)y'}{t^2+2t-1} + \frac{2y}{t^2+2t-1} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-2*(t+1)/(t^2+2*t-1)*diff(y(t),t)+2/(t^2+2*t-1)*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2 t^2 + c_1 t + c_1 + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.212 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
DSolve[y''[t]-2*(t+1)/(t^2+2*t-1)*y'[t]+2/(t^2+2*t-1)*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolution->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{t^2+2t-1}(c_1(t^2-2(\sqrt{2}-1)t-2\sqrt{2}+3)+c_2(t+1))}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+1}}$$

9.8 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1746]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 4ty' + (4t^2 - 2)y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-4*t*diff(y(t),t)+(4*t^2-2)*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{t^2}(c_2t + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[y''[t]-4*t*y'[t]+(4*t^2-2)*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{t^2}(c_2t + c_1)$$

9.9 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1747]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Gegenbauer]

$$(-t^2 + 1)y'' - 2ty' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve((1-t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{c_2 \ln(t+1)t}{2} + \frac{c_2 \ln(t-1)t}{2} + c_1t + c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[(1-t^2)*y'[t]-2*t*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1t - \frac{1}{2}c_2(t \log(1-t) - t \log(t+1) + 2)$$

9.10 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1748]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(t^2 + 1)y'' - 2ty' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve((1+t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2t^2 + c_1t - c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.045 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[(1+t^2)*y'[t]-2*t*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2t - c_1(t - i)^2$$

9.11 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1749]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Gegenbauer]

$$(-t^2 + 1)y'' - 2ty' + 6y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve((1-t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+6*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2(3t^2 - 1) \ln(t - 1)}{2} + \frac{(-3t^2 + 1)c_2 \ln(t + 1)}{2} - 3c_1t^2 + 3c_2t + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[(1-t^2)*y'[t]-2*t*y'[t]+6*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}c_1(3t^2 - 1) - \frac{1}{4}c_2((3t^2 - 1) \log(1 - t) + (1 - 3t^2) \log(t + 1) + 6t)$$

9.12 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1750]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(1 + 2t)y'' - 4(t + 1)y' + 4y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((2*t+1)*diff(y(t),t$2)-4*(t+1)*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2 e^{2t} + c_1 t + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.126 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[(2*t+1)*y'[t]-4*(t+1)*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 e^{2t+1} - c_2(t + 1)$$

9.13 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1751]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + \left(t^2 - \frac{1}{4}\right) y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+(t^2-1/4)*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 \sin(t) + c_2 \cos(t)}{\sqrt{t}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.041 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+(t^2-1/4)*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{e^{-it}(2c_1 - ic_2 e^{2it})}{2\sqrt{t}}$$

9.14 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1752]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$t^2 y'' + 3ty' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 \ln(t) + c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+3*t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \log(t) + c_1}{t}$$

9.15 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1753]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.2.2, Equal roots, reduction of order. Page 147

Problem number: 20.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' - t y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = t(c_2 \ln(t) + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]-t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t(c_2 \log(t) + c_1)$$

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10.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1754]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y = \sec(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+y(t)=sec(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = -\ln(\sec(t)) \cos(t) + \cos(t) c_1 + \sin(t) (c_2 + t)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[y''[t]+y[t]==Sec[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow (t + c_2) \sin(t) + \cos(t)(\log(\cos(t)) + c_1)$$

10.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1755]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 4y' + 4y = e^{2t}t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-4*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=t*exp(2*t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{2t} \left(c_2 + c_1 t + \frac{1}{6} t^3 \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[t]-4*y'[t]+4*y[t]==t*Exp[2*t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} e^{2t} (t^3 + 6c_2 t + 6c_1)$$

10.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1756]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$2y'' - 3y' + y = (t^2 + 1)e^t$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=(t^2+1)*exp(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2 e^{\frac{t}{2}} + \frac{e^t(t^3 - 6t^2 + 6c_1 + 27t - 54)}{3}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.071 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[2*y'[t]-3*y'[t]+y[t]==(t^2+1)*Exp[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^t \left(\frac{t^3}{3} - 2t^2 + 9t - 18 + c_2 \right) + c_1 e^{t/2}$$

10.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1757]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{3t}t + 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=t*exp(3*t)+1,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{(2t - 3)e^{3t}}{4} + c_1e^{2t} + c_2e^t + \frac{1}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.105 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[t]-3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==t*Exp[3*t]+1,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}e^{3t}(2t - 3) + c_1e^t + c_2e^{2t} + \frac{1}{2}$$

10.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1758]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$3y'' + 4y' + y = e^{-t} \sin(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve([3*diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=sin(t)*exp(-t),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), sin
```

$$y(t) = \frac{24e^{-\frac{t}{3}}}{13} + \frac{(-13 - 3\sin(t) + 2\cos(t))e^{-t}}{13}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[{3*y''[t]+4*y'[t]+y[t]==Sin[t]*Exp[-t]},{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolu
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{13}e^{-t}(24e^{2t/3} - 3\sin(t) + 2\cos(t) - 13)$$

10.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1759]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = t^{\frac{5}{2}}e^{-2t}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=t^(5/2)*exp(-2*t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),
```

$$y(t) = \frac{4t^{\frac{9}{2}}e^{-2t}}{63}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
DSolve[{y'[t]+4*y'[t]+4*y[t]==t^(5/2)*Exp[-2*t],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularS
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{4}{63}e^{-2t}t^{9/2}$$

10.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1760]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = \sqrt{t+1}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.188 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-3*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=sqrt(1+t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=
```

$$y(t) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}e^{2+2t}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2})}{8} + \frac{e^{2t}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{t+1})e^{2+2t}}{8} \\ - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{t+1})e^{t+1}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{t+1}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{erf}(1)e^{t+1}\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - e^t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.508 (sec). Leaf size: 116

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-3*y'[t]+2*y[t]==Sqrt[1+t],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \left(-4\sqrt{\pi}e^{t+1}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{t+1}) + \sqrt{2\pi}e^{2t+2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{t+1}) - \sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2})e^{2t+2} \right. \\ \left. + 4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1)e^{t+1} - 8e^t + 4e^{2t} + 4\sqrt{t+1} \right)$$

10.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1761]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - y = f(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-y(t)=f(t),y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\left(\int_0^t e^{-z1} f(_z1) d_z1\right) e^t}{2} - \frac{\left(\int_0^t e^{-z1} f(_z1) d_z1\right) e^{-t}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.064 (sec). Leaf size: 103

```
DSolve[{y'[t]-y[t]==f[t],{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow e^{-t} \left(-e^{2t} \int_1^0 \frac{1}{2} e^{-K[1]} f(K[1]) dK[1] + e^{2t} \int_1^t \frac{1}{2} e^{-K[1]} f(K[1]) dK[1] + \int_1^t -\frac{1}{2} e^{K[2]} f(K[2]) dK[2] - \int_1^0 -\frac{1}{2} e^{K[2]} f(K[2]) dK[2] \right)$$

10.9 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1762]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + \frac{yt^2}{4} = f \cos(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+(1/4*t^2)*y(t)=f*cos(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{\sqrt{t} \left(f \pi \left(\int \sqrt{t} \text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{4} \right) \cos(t) dt \right) \text{BesselY} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{4} \right) - f \pi \left(\int \sqrt{t} \text{BesselY} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{4} \right) \cos(t) dt \right) \text{BesselJ} \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{t^2}{4} \right)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 29.274 (sec). Leaf size: 250

```
DSolve[y''[t]+(1/4*t^2)*y[t]==f*Cos[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \text{ParabolicCylinderD} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt[4]{-1}t \right) \left(\int_1^t \right)$$

$$\frac{if \cos(K[1]) \text{Parab}(-1)^{3/4} \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(-\frac{1}{2}, (-1)^{3/4}K[1]) \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt[4]{-1}K[1]) + \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt[4]{-1}t) \int_1^t f \cos(t) dt}{(-1)^{3/4} \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(-\frac{1}{2}, (-1)^{3/4}K[1]) \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt[4]{-1}K[1]) + \text{ParabolicCylinderD}(\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt[4]{-1}t) \int_1^t f \cos(t) dt}$$

10.10 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1763]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.4, The method of variation of parameters. Page 154

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - \frac{2ty'}{t^2 + 1} + \frac{2y}{t^2 + 1} = t^2 + 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t/(1+t^2)*diff(y(t),t)+2/(1+t^2)*y(t)=1+t^2,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_2 t + c_1 t^2 - c_1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} t^4$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[t]-2*t/(1+t^2)*y'[t]+2/(1+t^2)*y[t]==1+t^2,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6}(t^2 + 3)t^2 + c_2 t - c_1(t - i)^2$$

11 Section 2.6, Mechanical Vibrations. Page 171

11.1 problem 13 134

11.1 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1764]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.6, Mechanical Vibrations. Page 171

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$my'' + cy' + ky = F_0 \cos(\omega t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 126

```
dsolve(m*diff(y(t),t$2)+c*diff(y(t),t)+k*y(t)=F__0*cos(omega*t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$y(t)$

$$= \frac{F_0(-m\omega^2 + k) \cos(\omega t) + F_0 \sin(\omega t) c\omega + \left(e^{\frac{(-c+\sqrt{c^2-4km})t}{2m}} c_2 + e^{-\frac{(c+\sqrt{c^2-4km})t}{2m}} c_1 \right) (m^2\omega^4 + c^2\omega^2 - 2km\omega^2 + k^2)}{m^2\omega^4 + c^2\omega^2 - 2km\omega^2 + k^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.119 (sec). Leaf size: 112

```
DSolve[m*y'[t]+c*y'[t]+k*y[t]==F0*Cos[\[Omega]*t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{F_0(c\omega \sin(t\omega) + (k - m\omega^2) \cos(t\omega))}{c^2\omega^2 + k^2 - 2km\omega^2 + m^2\omega^4} + c_1 e^{-\frac{t(\sqrt{c^2-4km}+c)}{2m}} + c_2 e^{\frac{t(\sqrt{c^2-4km}-c)}{2m}}$$

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12.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1765]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{8}t^4\right) y(0) + \left(t - \frac{1}{3}t^3 + \frac{1}{15}t^5\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 42

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[y''[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{15} - \frac{t^3}{3} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{t^4}{8} - \frac{t^2}{2} + 1 \right)$$

12.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1766]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$y'' - yt = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 + \frac{t^3}{6}\right) y(0) + \left(t + \frac{1}{12}t^4\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[y'[t]-t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^4}{12} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{t^3}{6} + 1 \right)$$

12.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1767]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$(t^2 + 2)y'' - ty' - 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((2+t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)-3*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 + \frac{3}{4}t^2 + \frac{3}{32}t^4\right)y(0) + \left(\frac{1}{3}t^3 + t\right)D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(2+t^2)*y''[t]-t*y'[t]-3*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^3}{3} + t\right) + c_1 \left(\frac{3t^4}{32} + \frac{3t^2}{4} + 1\right)$$

12.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1768]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$y'' - yt^3 = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-t^3*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 + \frac{t^5}{20}\right) y(0) + tD(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[y''[t]-t^3*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^5}{20} + 1\right) + c_2 t$$

12.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1769]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$t(-t + 2)y'' - 6(-1 + t)y' - 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 1$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

Order:=6;

```
dsolve([t*(2-t)*diff(y(t),t$2)-6*(t-1)*diff(y(t),t)-4*y(t)=0,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 0],y(t),typ
```

$$y(t) = 1 + 2(t - 1)^2 + 3(t - 1)^4 + O((t - 1)^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{t*(2-t)*y''[t]-6*(t-1)*y'[t]-4*y[t]==0,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==0}},y[t],{t,1,
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 3(t - 1)^4 + 2(t - 1)^2 + 1$$

12.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1770]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$y'' + yt^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+t^2*y(t)=0,y(0) = 2, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = 2 - t - \frac{1}{6}t^4 + \frac{1}{20}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[t]+t^2*y[t]==0,{y[0]==2,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^5}{20} - \frac{t^4}{6} - t + 2$$

12.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1771]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$y'' - yt^3 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -2]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)-t^3*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -2],y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = (-2)t + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 6

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[t]-t^3*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-2}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -2t$$

12.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1772]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + (t^2 + 2t + 1)y' - (4t + 4)y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(-1) = 0, y'(-1) = 1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = -1$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

Order:=6;

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+(t^2+2*t+1)*diff(y(t),t)-(4+4*t)*y(t)=0,y(-1) = 0, D(y)(-1) = 1],y(t),t)
```

$$y(t) = (t + 1) + \frac{1}{4}(t + 1)^4 + O((t + 1)^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[t]+(t^2+2*t+1)*y'[t]-(4+4*t)*y[t]==0,{y[-1]==0,y'[-1]==1}},y[t],{t,-1,1}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}(t + 1)^4 + t + 1$$

12.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1773]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2ty' + \lambda y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+lambda*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{\lambda t^2}{2} + \frac{\lambda(\lambda - 4)t^4}{24}\right) y(0) + \left(t - \frac{(\lambda - 2)t^3}{6} + \frac{(\lambda - 2)(-6 + \lambda)t^5}{120}\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 80

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[y''[t]-2*t*y'[t]+\[Lambda]*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{\lambda^2 t^5}{120} - \frac{\lambda t^5}{15} + \frac{t^5}{10} - \frac{\lambda t^3}{6} + \frac{t^3}{3} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{\lambda^2 t^4}{24} - \frac{\lambda t^4}{6} - \frac{\lambda t^2}{2} + 1 \right)$$

12.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1774]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Gegenbauer]

$$(-t^2 + 1)y'' - 2ty' + \alpha(\alpha + 1)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 101

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve((1-t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*t*diff(y(t),t)+alpha*(alpha+1)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0)
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{\alpha(1+\alpha)t^2}{2} + \frac{\alpha(\alpha^3 + 2\alpha^2 - 5\alpha - 6)t^4}{24}\right) y(0) \\ + \left(t - \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha - 2)t^3}{6} + \frac{(\alpha^4 + 2\alpha^3 - 13\alpha^2 - 14\alpha + 24)t^5}{120}\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 127

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(1-t^2)*y'[t]-2*t*y'[t]+\[Alpha]*(\[Alpha]+1)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{1}{60}(-\alpha^2 - \alpha)t^5 - \frac{1}{120}(-\alpha^2 - \alpha)(\alpha^2 + \alpha)t^5 - \frac{1}{10}(\alpha^2 + \alpha)t^5 + \frac{t^5}{5} - \frac{1}{6}(\alpha^2 + \alpha)t^3 \right. \\ \left. + \frac{t^3}{3} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{1}{24}(\alpha^2 + \alpha)^2 t^4 - \frac{1}{4}(\alpha^2 + \alpha)t^4 - \frac{1}{2}(\alpha^2 + \alpha)t^2 + 1 \right)$$

12.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1775]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Gegenbauer, [_2nd_order, _linear, '_with_symmetry_[0,F(x)]']

$$(-t^2 + 1)y'' - ty' + \alpha^2 y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 71

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((1-t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)+alpha^2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{\alpha^2 t^2}{2} + \frac{\alpha^2(\alpha^2 - 4)t^4}{24}\right) y(0) \\ + \left(t - \frac{(\alpha^2 - 1)t^3}{6} + \frac{(\alpha^4 - 10\alpha^2 + 9)t^5}{120}\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 88

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(1-t^2)*y'[t]-t*y'[t]+\[Alpha]^2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{\alpha^4 t^5}{120} - \frac{\alpha^2 t^5}{12} + \frac{3t^5}{40} - \frac{\alpha^2 t^3}{6} + \frac{t^3}{6} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{\alpha^4 t^4}{24} - \frac{\alpha^2 t^4}{6} - \frac{\alpha^2 t^2}{2} + 1 \right)$$

12.12 problem 12(a)

Internal problem ID [1776]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 12(a).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y't^3 + 3yt^2 = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+t^3*diff(y(t),t)+3*t^2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{t^4}{4}\right) y(0) + \left(t - \frac{1}{5}t^5\right) D(y)(0) + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[y'[t]+t^3*y'[t]+3*t^2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(t - \frac{t^5}{5}\right) + c_1 \left(1 - \frac{t^4}{4}\right)$$

12.13 problem 12(b)

Internal problem ID [1777]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 12(b).

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y't^3 + 3yt^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+t^3*diff(y(t),t)+3*t^2*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),type='series')
```

$$y(t) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 4

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y'[t]+t^3*y'[t]+3*t^2*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==0}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow 0$$

12.14 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1778]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$(1 - t)y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve([(1-t)*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),type='series')
```

$$y(t) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{1}{6}t^3 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 + \frac{7}{120}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{(1-t)*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{7t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} - \frac{t^3}{6} - \frac{t^2}{2} + 1$$

12.15 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1779]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' + yt = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 2]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)+t*y(t)=0,y(0) = -1, D(y)(0) = 2],y(t),type='series',t=0)
```

$$y(t) = -1 + 2t - t^2 + \frac{1}{2}t^3 - \frac{7}{24}t^4 + \frac{13}{120}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y''[t]+y'[t]+t*y[t]==0,{y[0]==-1,y'[0]==2}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{13t^5}{120} - \frac{7t^4}{24} + \frac{t^3}{2} - t^2 + 2t - 1$$

12.16 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1780]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + ty' + ye^t = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+exp(t)*y(t)=0,y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0],y(t),type='series
```

$$y(t) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{1}{6}t^3 + \frac{1}{12}t^4 + \frac{1}{20}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y''[t]+t*y'[t]+Exp[t]*y[t]==0,{y[0]==1,y'[0]==0}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{t^5}{20} + \frac{t^4}{12} - \frac{t^3}{6} - \frac{t^2}{2} + 1$$

12.17 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1781]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' + ye^t = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)+exp(t)*y(t)=0,y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = -1],y(t),type='series')
```

$$y(t) = -t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 - \frac{1}{120}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.001 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y''[t]+y'[t]+Exp[t]*y[t]==0,{y[0]==0,y'[0]==-1}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} + \frac{t^2}{2} - t$$

12.18 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1782]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8, Series solutions. Page 195

Problem number: 17.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + y' + e^{-t}y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 5]$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve([diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)+exp(-t)*y(t)=0,y(0) = 3, D(y)(0) = 5],y(t),type='series')
```

$$y(t) = 3 + 5t - 4t^2 + t^3 + \frac{3}{8}t^4 - \frac{17}{40}t^5 + O(t^6)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[{y''[t]+y'[t]+Exp[-t]*y[t]==0,{y[0]==3,y'[0]==5}},y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow -\frac{17t^5}{40} + \frac{3t^4}{8} + t^3 - 4t^2 + 5t + 3$$

13 Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations.

Page 201

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13.1 problem Example 2

Internal problem ID [1783]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: Example 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' - 5ty' + 9y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-5*t*diff(y(t),t)+9*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = t^3(c_2 \ln(t) + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[t^2*y'[t]-5*t*y'[t]+9*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t^3(3c_2 \log(t) + c_1)$$

13.2 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1784]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' + 5ty' - 5y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*t*diff(y(t),t)-5*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 t^6 + c_1}{t^5}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+5*t*y'[t]-5*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_1}{t^5} + c_2 t$$

13.3 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1785]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$2t^2y'' + 3ty' - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 t^{\frac{3}{2}} + c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[2*t^2*y''[t]+3*t*y'[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 t^{3/2} + c_1}{t}$$

13.4 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1786]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]`, `[_2nd_order, _linear]`,

$$(-1 + t)^2 y'' - 2(-1 + t) y' + 2y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((t-1)^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-2*(t-1)*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = (t - 1)(c_1(t - 1) + c_2)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[(t-1)^2*y'[t]-2*(t-1)*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow (t - 1)(c_2(t - 1) + c_1)$$

13.5 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1787]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _exact, _linear, _homogeneous]]`

$$t^2y'' + 3ty' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_2 \ln(t) + c_1}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]+3*t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{c_2 \log(t) + c_1}{t}$$

13.6 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1788]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' - t y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = t(c_2 \ln(t) + c_1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[t^2*y''[t]-t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t(c_2 \log(t) + c_1)$$

13.7 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1789]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(t - 2)^2 y'' + 5(t - 2) y' + 4y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve((t-2)^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+5*(t-2)*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 + c_2 \ln(t - 2)}{(t - 2)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[(t-2)^2*y'[t]+5*(t-2)*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \frac{2c_2 \log(t - 2) + c_1}{(t - 2)^2}$$

13.8 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1790]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_Emden, _Fowler], [_2nd_order, _linear, '_with_symmetry_[0,F`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \sin(\ln(t)) + c_2 \cos(\ln(t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[t^2*y'[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \cos(\log(t)) + c_2 \sin(\log(t))$$

13.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1791]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$t^2 y'' - t y' + 2y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve([t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(1) = 0, D(y)(1) = 1],y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = \sin(\ln(t)) t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 10

```
DSolve[{t^2*y'[t]-t*y[t]+2*y[t]==0,{y[1]==0,y'[1]==1}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t \sin(\log(t))$$

13.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1792]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.1, Singular points, Euler equations. Page 201

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler], [_2nd_order, _linear, '_with_symmetry_[0,F`

$$t^2 y'' - 3ty' + 4y = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-3*t*diff(y(t),t)+4*y(t)=0,y(1) = 1, D(y)(1) = 0],y(t), singsol=all
```

$$y(t) = t^2(1 - 2 \ln(t))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{t^2*y''[t]-3*t*y'[t]+4*y[t]==0,{y[1]==1,y'[1]==0}},y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow t^2(1 - 2 \log(t))$$

14 Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

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14.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1793]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t(t-2)^2 y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t*(t-2)^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & c_1 t \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}t - \frac{5}{96}t^2 - \frac{13}{1152}t^3 - \frac{199}{92160}t^4 - \frac{1123}{5529600}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ & + c_2 \left(\ln(t) \left(-\frac{1}{4}t + \frac{1}{16}t^2 + \frac{5}{384}t^3 + \frac{13}{4608}t^4 + \frac{199}{368640}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right. \\ & \left. + \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}t - \frac{1}{8}t^2 + \frac{5}{2304}t^3 + \frac{79}{13824}t^4 + \frac{62027}{22118400}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.067 (sec). Leaf size: 87

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*(t-2)^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) \rightarrow & c_1 \left(\frac{t(13t^3 + 60t^2 + 288t - 1152) \log(t)}{4608} + \frac{98t^4 + 285t^3 + 432t^2 - 6912t + 6912}{6912} \right) \\ & + c_2 \left(-\frac{199t^5}{92160} - \frac{13t^4}{1152} - \frac{5t^3}{96} - \frac{t^2}{4} + t \right) \end{aligned}$$

14.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1794]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t(t-2)^2 y'' + ty' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 2$.

 Solution by Maple

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*(t-2)^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=2);
```

No solution found

 Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 112

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*(t-2)^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,2,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 e^{\frac{1}{t-2}} \left(\frac{247853}{240} (t-2)^5 + \frac{4069}{24} (t-2)^4 + \frac{199}{6} (t-2)^3 + 8(t-2)^2 + \frac{5(t-2)}{2} + 1 \right) (t-2)^2 + c_1 \left(-\frac{641}{480} (t-2)^5 + \frac{25}{48} (t-2)^4 - \frac{7}{24} (t-2)^3 + \frac{1}{4} (t-2)^2 + \frac{2-t}{2} + 1 \right)$$

14.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1795]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$\sin(t)y'' + \cos(t)y' + \frac{y}{t} = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.171 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(sin(t)*diff(y(t),t$2)+cos(t)*diff(y(t),t)+1/t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t^{-i} \left(1 + \left(\frac{1}{48} - \frac{i}{16} \right) t^2 + \left(\frac{1}{57600} - \frac{217i}{57600} \right) t^4 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 t^i \left(1 + \left(\frac{1}{48} + \frac{i}{16} \right) t^2 + \left(\frac{1}{57600} + \frac{217i}{57600} \right) t^4 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.036 (sec). Leaf size: 70

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[Sin[t]*y''[t]+Cos[t]*y'[t]+1/t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{19200} + \frac{i}{57600} \right) c_1 t^i ((22 + 65i)t^4 + (720 + 960i)t^2 + (17280 - 5760i)) \\ - \left(\frac{1}{57600} + \frac{i}{19200} \right) c_2 t^{-i} ((65 + 22i)t^4 + (960 + 720i)t^2 - (5760 - 17280i))$$

14.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1796]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(e^t - 1)y'' + y'e^t + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.25 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve((exp(t)-1)*diff(y(t),t$2)+exp(t)*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = (c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \left(1 - t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{1}{6}t^3 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 - \frac{1}{120}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + \left(\frac{3}{2}t - \frac{23}{24}t^2 + \frac{3}{8}t^3 - \frac{301}{2880}t^4 + \frac{13}{576}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.006 (sec). Leaf size: 113

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(Exp[t]-1)*y'[t]+Exp[t]*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(-\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} - \frac{t^3}{6} + \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 \right) \\ + c_2 \left(\frac{13t^5}{576} - \frac{301t^4}{2880} + \frac{3t^3}{8} - \frac{23t^2}{24} + \left(-\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} - \frac{t^3}{6} + \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 \right) \log(t) + \frac{3t}{2} \right)$$

14.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [1797]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$(-t^2 + 1)y'' + \frac{y'}{\sin(t+1)} + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = -1$.

X Solution by Maple

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve((1-t^2)*diff(y(t),t$2)+1/sin(t+1)*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=-1);
```

No solution found

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.076 (sec). Leaf size: 111

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[(1-t^2)*y'[t]+1/Sin[t+1]*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,-1,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 e^{\frac{1}{2(t+1)}} \left(\frac{516353141702117(t+1)^5}{33443020800} + \frac{53349163853(t+1)^4}{39813120} + \frac{58276991(t+1)^3}{414720} + \frac{21397(t+1)^2}{1152} + \frac{79(t+1)}{24} + 1 \right) (t+1)^{7/4} + c_1 \left(\frac{53}{5}(t+1)^5 - \frac{25}{12}(t+1)^4 + \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^3 - \frac{1}{2}(t+1)^2 + 1 \right)$$

14.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [1798]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^3 y'' + \sin(t^3) y' + yt = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.203 (sec). Leaf size: 907

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^3*dif(y(t),t$2)+sin(t^3)*dif(y(t),t)+t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \sqrt{t} \left(c_2 t^{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{i\sqrt{3} + 3}{8i\sqrt{3} + 16}t^2 + \frac{-i\sqrt{3} - 5}{48i\sqrt{3} + 96}t^3 + \frac{1}{384} \frac{(i\sqrt{3} + 5)(i\sqrt{3} + 7)}{(i\sqrt{3} + 4)(i\sqrt{3} + 2)}t^4 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{1}{3840} \frac{(i\sqrt{3} + 7)(i\sqrt{3} + 9)}{(i\sqrt{3} + 4)(i\sqrt{3} + 2)}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) + c_1 t^{-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{\sqrt{3} + 3i}{8\sqrt{3} + 16i}t^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{-\sqrt{3} - 5i}{48\sqrt{3} + 96i}t^3 + \frac{3i\sqrt{3} - 8}{576i\sqrt{3} - 480}t^4 - \frac{1}{3840} \frac{(\sqrt{3} + 7i)(\sqrt{3} + 9i)}{(\sqrt{3} + 4i)(\sqrt{3} + 2i)}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 886

AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^3*y''[t]+Sin[t^3]*y'[t]+t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & y(t) \\
 & \rightarrow \left(\frac{(-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) (3 - (-1)^{2/3}) (4 - (-1)^{2/3})}{(1 - (-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) (3 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (3 - (-1)^{2/3}) (4 - (-1)^{2/3}))} \right. \\
 & - \frac{(-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) (3 - (-1)^{2/3}) t^4}{(1 - (-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) (3 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (3 - (-1)^{2/3}) (4 - (-1)^{2/3}))} \\
 & + \frac{(-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) t^3}{(1 - (-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (2 - (-1)^{2/3}) (3 - (-1)^{2/3}))} \\
 & - \frac{(-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) t^2}{(1 - (-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3})) (1 + (1 - (-1)^{2/3}) (2 - (-1)^{2/3}))} \\
 & \left. + \frac{(-1)^{2/3} t}{1 - (-1)^{2/3} (1 - (-1)^{2/3})} \right) c_1 t^{-(1)^{2/3}} + \left(- \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1} (1 + \sqrt[3]{-1}) (2 + \sqrt[3]{-1}) (3 + \sqrt[3]{-1})}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{-1} (1 + \sqrt[3]{-1})) (1 + (1 + \sqrt[3]{-1}) (2 + \sqrt[3]{-1})) (1 + (2 + \sqrt[3]{-1}) (3 + \sqrt[3]{-1}))} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

14.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [1799]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2t^2y'' + 3ty' - (t + 1)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*t*diff(y(t),t)-(1+t)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$y(t)$

$$= \frac{c_2 t^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5}t + \frac{1}{70}t^2 + \frac{1}{1890}t^3 + \frac{1}{83160}t^4 + \frac{1}{5405400}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) + c_1 \left(1 - t - \frac{1}{2}t^2 - \frac{1}{18}t^3 - \frac{1}{360}t^4 - \frac{1}{12600}t^5 + O(t^6) \right)}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*t^2*y'[t]+3*t*y'[t]-(1+t)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(\frac{t^5}{5405400} + \frac{t^4}{83160} + \frac{t^3}{1890} + \frac{t^2}{70} + \frac{t}{5} + 1 \right) + \frac{c_2 \left(-\frac{t^5}{12600} - \frac{t^4}{360} - \frac{t^3}{18} - \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 \right)}{t}$$

14.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [1800]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Laguerre]

$$2ty'' + (1 - 2t)y' - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*t*dif(y(t),t$2)+(1-2*t)*dif(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(1 + \frac{2}{3}t + \frac{4}{15}t^2 + \frac{8}{105}t^3 + \frac{16}{945}t^4 + \frac{32}{10395}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left(1 + t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{6}t^3 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 + \frac{1}{120}t^5 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*t*y''[t]+(1-2*t)*y'[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(\frac{32t^5}{10395} + \frac{16t^4}{945} + \frac{8t^3}{105} + \frac{4t^2}{15} + \frac{2t}{3} + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} + \frac{t^3}{6} + \frac{t^2}{2} + t + 1 \right)$$

14.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [1801]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2ty'' + (t + 1)y' - 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*t*dif(y(t),t$2)+(1+t)*dif(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{40}t^2 - \frac{1}{1680}t^3 + \frac{1}{40320}t^4 - \frac{1}{887040}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left(1 + 2t + \frac{1}{3}t^2 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*t*y''[t]+(1+t)*y'[t]-2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^2}{3} + 2t + 1 \right) + c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(-\frac{t^5}{887040} + \frac{t^4}{40320} - \frac{t^3}{1680} + \frac{t^2}{40} + \frac{t}{2} + 1 \right)$$

14.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [1802]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2t^2y'' - ty' + (t+1)y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*diff(y(t),t)+(1+t)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1\sqrt{t}\left(1 - t + \frac{1}{6}t^2 - \frac{1}{90}t^3 + \frac{1}{2520}t^4 - \frac{1}{113400}t^5 + O(t^6)\right) \\ + c_2t\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{30}t^2 - \frac{1}{630}t^3 + \frac{1}{22680}t^4 - \frac{1}{1247400}t^5 + O(t^6)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 84

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*t^2*y''[t]-t*y'[t]+(1+t)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1t\left(-\frac{t^5}{1247400} + \frac{t^4}{22680} - \frac{t^3}{630} + \frac{t^2}{30} - \frac{t}{3} + 1\right) \\ + c_2\sqrt{t}\left(-\frac{t^5}{113400} + \frac{t^4}{2520} - \frac{t^3}{90} + \frac{t^2}{6} - t + 1\right)$$

14.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [1803]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$4ty'' + 3y' - 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(4*t*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)-3*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(1 + \frac{3}{5}t + \frac{1}{10}t^2 + \frac{1}{130}t^3 + \frac{3}{8840}t^4 + \frac{3}{309400}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left(1 + t + \frac{3}{14}t^2 + \frac{3}{154}t^3 + \frac{3}{3080}t^4 + \frac{9}{292600}t^5 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[4*t*y''[t]+3*y'[t]-3*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \sqrt[4]{t} \left(\frac{3t^5}{309400} + \frac{3t^4}{8840} + \frac{t^3}{130} + \frac{t^2}{10} + \frac{3t}{5} + 1 \right) \\ + c_2 \left(\frac{9t^5}{292600} + \frac{3t^4}{3080} + \frac{3t^3}{154} + \frac{3t^2}{14} + t + 1 \right)$$

14.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [1804]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2t^2y'' + (t^2 - t)y' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(2*t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+(t^2-t)*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1\sqrt{t}\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{8}t^2 - \frac{1}{48}t^3 + \frac{1}{384}t^4 - \frac{1}{3840}t^5 + O(t^6)\right) \\ + c_2t\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{15}t^2 - \frac{1}{105}t^3 + \frac{1}{945}t^4 - \frac{1}{10395}t^5 + O(t^6)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 86

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*t^2*y'[t]+(t^2-t)*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1t\left(-\frac{t^5}{10395} + \frac{t^4}{945} - \frac{t^3}{105} + \frac{t^2}{15} - \frac{t}{3} + 1\right) + c_2\sqrt{t}\left(-\frac{t^5}{3840} + \frac{t^4}{384} - \frac{t^3}{48} + \frac{t^2}{8} - \frac{t}{2} + 1\right)$$

14.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [1805]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^3 y'' - t y' - \left(t^2 + \frac{5}{4}\right) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

 Solution by Maple

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^3*dif(y(t),t$2)-t*dif(y(t),t)-(t^2+5/4)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

No solution found

 Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 97

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^3*y''[t]-t*y'[t]-(t^2+5/4)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 e^{-1/t} \left(-\frac{239684276027t^5}{8388608} + \frac{1648577803t^4}{524288} - \frac{3127415t^3}{8192} + \frac{26113t^2}{512} - \frac{117t}{16} + 1 \right) t^{13/4} + \frac{c_1 \left(-\frac{784957t^5}{8388608} - \frac{152693t^4}{524288} - \frac{7649t^3}{8192} - \frac{31t^2}{512} + \frac{45t}{16} + 1 \right)}{t^{5/4}}$$

14.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [1806]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + (-t^2 + t) y' - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^2*dif(y(t),t$2)+(t-t^2)*dif(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{12}t^2 + \frac{1}{60}t^3 + \frac{1}{360}t^4 + \frac{1}{2520}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2 \left(-2 - 2t - t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{1}{12}t^4 - \frac{1}{60}t^5 + O(t^6) \right)}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+(t-t^2)*y'[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^3}{24} + \frac{t^2}{6} + \frac{t}{2} + \frac{1}{t} + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{360} + \frac{t^4}{60} + \frac{t^3}{12} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t \right)$$

14.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [1807]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Lienard]

$$ty'' - (t^2 + 2)y' + yt = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*difff(y(t),t$2)-(t^2+2)*difff(y(t),t)+t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{5} t^2 + \frac{1}{35} t^4 + O(t^6) \right) + c_2 \left(12 + 6t^2 + \frac{3}{2} t^4 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.011 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]-(t^2+2)*y'[t]+t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^4}{8} + \frac{t^2}{2} + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^7}{35} + \frac{t^5}{5} + t^3 \right)$$

14.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [1808]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_Laguerre, [_2nd_order, _linear, ‘_with_symmetry_[0,F(x)]’]]`

$$t^2 y'' + (-t^2 + 3t) y' - yt = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^2*dif(y(t),t$2)+(3*t-t^2)*dif(y(t),t)-t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{12}t^2 + \frac{1}{60}t^3 + \frac{1}{360}t^4 + \frac{1}{2520}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2(-2 - 2t - t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{1}{12}t^4 - \frac{1}{60}t^5 + O(t^6))}{t^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+(3*t-t^2)*y'[t]-t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^2}{24} + \frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{t}{6} + \frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{2} \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^4}{360} + \frac{t^3}{60} + \frac{t^2}{12} + \frac{t}{3} + 1 \right)$$

14.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [1809]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 17.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + t(t+1)y' - y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*(t+1)*diff(y(t),t)-y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{12}t^2 - \frac{1}{60}t^3 + \frac{1}{360}t^4 - \frac{1}{2520}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + \frac{c_2 (-2 + 2t - t^2 + \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{1}{12}t^4 + \frac{1}{60}t^5 + O(t^6))}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 64

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+t*(t+1)*y'[t]-y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^3}{24} - \frac{t^2}{6} + \frac{t}{2} + \frac{1}{t} - 1 \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{360} - \frac{t^4}{60} + \frac{t^3}{12} - \frac{t^2}{3} + t \right)$$

14.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [1810]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 18.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Laguerre]

$$ty'' - y'(t+4) + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*difff(y(t),t$2)-(4+t)*difff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t^5 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{7}t^2 + \frac{5}{168}t^3 + \frac{5}{1008}t^4 + \frac{1}{1440}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 (2880 + 1440t + 240t^2 + 4t^5 + O(t^6))$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]-(4+t)*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^2}{12} + \frac{t}{2} + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{5t^9}{1008} + \frac{5t^8}{168} + \frac{t^7}{7} + \frac{t^6}{2} + t^5 \right)$$

14.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [1811]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + (t^2 - 3t) y' + 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^2*dif(y(t),t$2)+(t^2-3*t)*dif(y(t),t)+3*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left(c_1 t^2 \left(1 - t + \frac{1}{2} t^2 - \frac{1}{6} t^3 + \frac{1}{24} t^4 - \frac{1}{120} t^5 + O(t^6) \right) + c_2 \left(\ln(t) \left(2t^2 - 2t^3 + t^4 - \frac{1}{3} t^5 + O(t^6) \right) + \left(-2 - 2t + 3t^2 - t^3 + \frac{1}{9} t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right) \right) t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 76

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y'[t]+(t^2-3*t)*y'[t]+3*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{1}{4} t (t^4 - 4t^2 + 4t + 4) - \frac{1}{2} t^3 (t^2 - 2t + 2) \log(t) \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^7}{24} - \frac{t^6}{6} + \frac{t^5}{2} - t^4 + t^3 \right)$$

14.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [1812]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 20.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' - (t + 1) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)-(1+t)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 t^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{1}{24}t^2 + \frac{1}{360}t^3 + \frac{1}{8640}t^4 + \frac{1}{302400}t^5 + O(t^6)\right) + c_2 (\ln(t) (t^2 + \frac{1}{3}t^3 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 + \frac{1}{360}t^5 + O(t^6)) + \frac{1}{t}}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]-(1+t)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{31t^4 + 176t^3 + 144t^2 - 576t + 576}{576t} - \frac{1}{48}t(t^2 + 8t + 24) \log(t) \right) + c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{8640} + \frac{t^4}{360} + \frac{t^3}{24} + \frac{t^2}{3} + t \right)$$

14.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [1813]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 21.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$ty'' + ty' + 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t*difff(y(t),t$2)+t*difff(y(t),t)+2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & c_1 t \left(1 - \frac{3}{2}t + t^2 - \frac{5}{12}t^3 + \frac{1}{8}t^4 - \frac{7}{240}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ & + c_2 \left(\ln(t) \left((-2)t + 3t^2 - 2t^3 + \frac{5}{6}t^4 - \frac{1}{4}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right. \\ & \left. + \left(1 - t - 2t^2 + \frac{5}{2}t^3 - \frac{49}{36}t^4 + \frac{23}{48}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.024 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) \rightarrow & c_1 \left(\frac{1}{6}t(5t^3 - 12t^2 + 18t - 12) \log(t) + \frac{1}{36}(-79t^4 + 162t^3 - 180t^2 + 36t + 36) \right) \\ & + c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{8} - \frac{5t^4}{12} + t^3 - \frac{3t^2}{2} + t \right) \end{aligned}$$

14.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [1814]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 22.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$ty'' + (-t^2 + 1)y' + 4yt = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*dif(y(t),t$2)+(1-t^2)*dif(y(t),t)+4*t*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = (c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \left(1 - t^2 + \frac{1}{8}t^4 + O(t^6)\right) + \left(\frac{5}{4}t^2 - \frac{9}{32}t^4 + O(t^6)\right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]+(1-t^2)*y'[t]+4*t*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^4}{8} - t^2 + 1\right) + c_2 \left(-\frac{9t^4}{32} + \frac{5t^2}{4} + \left(\frac{t^4}{8} - t^2 + 1\right) \log(t)\right)$$

14.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [1815]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 23.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Lienard]

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + y t^2 = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+t^2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = (c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}t^2 + \frac{1}{64}t^4 + O(t^6) \right) + \left(\frac{1}{4}t^2 - \frac{3}{128}t^4 + O(t^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 60

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y'[t]+t*y'[t]+t^2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{t^4}{64} - \frac{t^2}{4} + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(-\frac{3t^4}{128} + \frac{t^2}{4} + \left(\frac{t^4}{64} - \frac{t^2}{4} + 1 \right) \log(t) \right)$$

14.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [1816]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 24.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_Bessel]`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + (t^2 - v^2) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 81

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^2*dif(y(t),t$2)+t*dif(y(t),t)+(t^2-v^2)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 t^{-v} \left(1 + \frac{1}{-4 + 4v} t^2 + \frac{1}{32(v-2)(v-1)} t^4 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 t^v \left(1 - \frac{1}{4v + 4} t^2 + \frac{1}{32(v+2)(v+1)} t^4 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 160

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+(t^2-v^2)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^4}{(-v^2 - v + (1 - v)(2 - v) + 2)(-v^2 - v + (3 - v)(4 - v) + 4)} - \frac{t^2}{-v^2 - v + (1 - v)(2 - v) + 2} + 1 \right) t^{-v} \\ + c_1 \left(\frac{t^4}{(-v^2 + v + (v + 1)(v + 2) + 2)(-v^2 + v + (v + 3)(v + 4) + 4)} - \frac{t^2}{-v^2 + v + (v + 1)(v + 2) + 2} + 1 \right) t^v$$

14.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [1817]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 25.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_Laguerre`]

$$ty'' + (1 - t)y' + \lambda y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 309

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t*difff(y(t),t$2)+(1-t)*difff(y(t),t)+lambda*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & \left((2\lambda + 1)t + \left(\frac{1}{4}\lambda + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}\lambda^2 \right) t^2 + \left(-\frac{2}{9}\lambda^2 + \frac{1}{27}\lambda + \frac{1}{18} + \frac{11}{108}\lambda^3 \right) t^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \left(\frac{7}{192}\lambda^3 - \frac{167}{3456}\lambda^2 + \frac{1}{192}\lambda + \frac{1}{96} - \frac{25}{3456}\lambda^4 \right) t^4 \right. \\ & \left. + \left(\frac{719}{86400}\lambda^3 - \frac{61}{21600}\lambda^4 + \frac{137}{432000}\lambda^5 + \frac{1}{1500}\lambda - \frac{37}{4320}\lambda^2 + \frac{1}{600} \right) t^5 + O(t^6) \right) c_2 \\ & + \left(1 - \lambda t + \frac{1}{4}(-1 + \lambda)\lambda t^2 - \frac{1}{36}(\lambda - 2)(-1 + \lambda)\lambda t^3 + \frac{1}{576}(\lambda - 3)(\lambda - 2)(-1 + \lambda)\lambda t^4 \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{14400}(\lambda - 4)(\lambda - 3)(\lambda - 2)(-1 + \lambda)\lambda t^5 + O(t^6) \right) (c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 415

AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]+(1-t)*y'[t]+\[\Lambda]*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(t) \rightarrow & c_1 \left(-\frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{14400} + \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^4 \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{1}{36}(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^3 + \frac{1}{4}(\lambda-1)\lambda t^2 - \lambda t + 1 \right) \\
 & + c_2 \left(\frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)t^5}{14400} + \frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)\lambda t^5}{14400} \right. \\
 & \quad + \frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{14400} + \frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{14400} \\
 & \quad + \frac{137(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{432000} + \frac{(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{14400} \\
 & - \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)t^4 - \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)\lambda t^4 - \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-3)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^4 \\
 & - \frac{25(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^4}{3456} - \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^4 + \frac{1}{36}(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)t^3 \\
 & + \frac{1}{36}(\lambda-2)\lambda t^3 + \frac{11}{108}(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^3 + \frac{1}{36}(\lambda-1)\lambda t^3 - \frac{1}{4}(\lambda-1)t^2 - \frac{3}{4}(\lambda-1)\lambda t^2 \\
 & - \frac{\lambda t^2}{4} + \left(-\frac{(\lambda-4)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^5}{14400} + \frac{1}{576}(\lambda-3)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^4 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{1}{36}(\lambda-2)(\lambda-1)\lambda t^3 + \frac{1}{4}(\lambda-1)\lambda t^2 - \lambda t + 1 \right) \log(t) + 2\lambda t + t
 \end{aligned}$$

14.26 problem 27

Internal problem ID [1818]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 27.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2 \sin(t) y'' + (1 - t) y' - 2y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.265 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(2*sin(t)*diff(y(t),t$2)+(1-t)*diff(y(t),t)-2*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = c_1 \sqrt{t} \left(1 + \frac{5}{6}t + \frac{17}{60}t^2 + \frac{89}{1260}t^3 + \frac{941}{45360}t^4 + \frac{14989}{2494800}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + c_2 \left(1 + 2t + t^2 + \frac{4}{15}t^3 + \frac{1}{14}t^4 + \frac{101}{4725}t^5 + O(t^6) \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 1303

AsymptoticDSolveValue[2*sin(t)*y'[t]+(1-t)*y'[t]-2*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & y(t) \\
 \rightarrow & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{4 \sin^2} + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right)}{\left(\frac{(2 \sin - 1)(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1)}{2 \sin} + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 3 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right)} \right. \\
 & - \frac{\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{4 \sin^2} + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 3 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right)}{\left(\frac{(2 \sin - 1)(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1)}{2 \sin} + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 3 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right)} \\
 & + \frac{\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{4 \sin^2} + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) t^3}{\left(\frac{(2 \sin - 1)(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1)}{2 \sin} + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 3 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right)} \\
 & - \frac{\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{4 \sin^2} + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(-\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 - \frac{1}{\sin} \right) t^2}{\left(\frac{(2 \sin - 1)(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1)}{2 \sin} + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) \left(\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 2 \right) + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right)} \\
 & \left. + \frac{\left(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{4 \sin^2} + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) t}{\left(\frac{(2 \sin - 1)(\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} + 1)}{2 \sin} + \frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin} \right) + 1} \right) c_1 t^{\frac{2 \sin - 1}{2 \sin}} \\
 & + \left(\frac{45 t^5}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(6 + \frac{3}{2 \sin} \right) \left(12 + \frac{2}{\sin} \right) \left(20 + \frac{5}{2 \sin} \right) \sin^4} \right. \\
 & + \frac{15 t^4}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(6 + \frac{3}{2 \sin} \right) \left(12 + \frac{2}{\sin} \right) \sin^3} + \frac{6 t^3}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \left(6 + \frac{3}{2 \sin} \right) \sin^2} + \frac{3 t^2}{\left(2 + \frac{1}{\sin} \right) \sin} + 2 t \\
 & \left. + 1 \right) c_2
 \end{aligned}$$

14.27 problem 29

Internal problem ID [1819]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.2, Regular singular points, the method of Frobenius. Page 214

Problem number: 29.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + (t + 1) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 69

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+(1+t)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & c_1 t^{-i} \left(1 + \left(-\frac{1}{5} - \frac{2i}{5} \right) t + \left(-\frac{1}{40} + \frac{3i}{40} \right) t^2 + \left(\frac{3}{520} - \frac{7i}{1560} \right) t^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \left(-\frac{1}{2496} + \frac{i}{12480} \right) t^4 + \left(\frac{9}{603200} + \frac{i}{361920} \right) t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ & + c_2 t^i \left(1 + \left(-\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2i}{5} \right) t + \left(-\frac{1}{40} - \frac{3i}{40} \right) t^2 + \left(\frac{3}{520} + \frac{7i}{1560} \right) t^3 \right. \\ & \left. + \left(-\frac{1}{2496} - \frac{i}{12480} \right) t^4 + \left(\frac{9}{603200} - \frac{i}{361920} \right) t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.013 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]+t*y'[t]+(1+t)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{12480} + \frac{i}{2496} \right) c_2 t^{-i} (it^4 - (8 + 16i)t^3 + (168 + 96i)t^2 - (1056 - 288i)t + (480 - 2400i)) - \left(\frac{1}{2496} + \frac{i}{12480} \right) c_1 t^i (t^4 - (16 + 8i)t^3 + (96 + 168i)t^2 + (288 - 1056i)t - (2400 - 480i))$$

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15.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [1820]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.3, The method of Frobenius. Equal roots, and roots differering by an integer. Page 223

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$ty'' + y' - 4y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 59

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*diff(y(t),t$2)+diff(y(t),t)-4*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = (c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \left(1 + 4t + 4t^2 + \frac{16}{9}t^3 + \frac{4}{9}t^4 + \frac{16}{225}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) \\ + \left((-8)t - 12t^2 - \frac{176}{27}t^3 - \frac{50}{27}t^4 - \frac{1096}{3375}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) c_2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 105

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y''[t]+y'[t]-4*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 \left(\frac{16t^5}{225} + \frac{4t^4}{9} + \frac{16t^3}{9} + 4t^2 + 4t + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(-\frac{1096t^5}{3375} - \frac{50t^4}{27} - \frac{176t^3}{27} - 12t^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{16t^5}{225} + \frac{4t^4}{9} + \frac{16t^3}{9} + 4t^2 + 4t + 1 \right) \log(t) - 8t \right)$$

15.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [1821]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.3, The method of Frobenius. Equal roots, and roots differing by an integer. Page 223

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$t^2 y'' - t(t+1)y' + y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 63

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)-t*(1+t)*diff(y(t),t)+y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \left((c_2 \ln(t) + c_1) \left(1 + t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{6}t^3 + \frac{1}{24}t^4 + \frac{1}{120}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) + \left(-t - \frac{3}{4}t^2 - \frac{11}{36}t^3 - \frac{25}{288}t^4 - \frac{137}{7200}t^5 + O(t^6) \right) c_2 \right) t$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 112

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y''[t]-t*(1+t)*y'[t]+y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_1 t \left(\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} + \frac{t^3}{6} + \frac{t^2}{2} + t + 1 \right) + c_2 \left(t \left(-\frac{137t^5}{7200} - \frac{25t^4}{288} - \frac{11t^3}{36} - \frac{3t^2}{4} - t \right) + t \left(\frac{t^5}{120} + \frac{t^4}{24} + \frac{t^3}{6} + \frac{t^2}{2} + t + 1 \right) \log(t) \right)$$

15.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [1822]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.3, The method of Frobenius. Equal roots, and roots differing by an integer. Page 223

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_Bessel]`

$$t^2 y'' + t y' + (t^2 - 1) y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 47

```
Order:=6;
```

```
dsolve(t^2*diff(y(t),t$2)+t*diff(y(t),t)+(t^2-1)*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 t^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{8} t^2 + \frac{1}{192} t^4 + O(t^6)\right) + c_2 \left(\ln(t) \left(t^2 - \frac{1}{8} t^4 + O(t^6)\right) + \left(-2 + \frac{3}{32} t^4 + O(t^6)\right)\right)}{t}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.009 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t^2*y'[t]+t*y'[t]+(t^2-1)*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{t^5}{192} - \frac{t^3}{8} + t \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{1}{16} t (t^2 - 8) \log(t) - \frac{5t^4 - 16t^2 - 64}{64t} \right)$$

15.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [1823]

Book: Differential equations and their applications, 3rd ed., M. Braun

Section: Section 2.8.3, The method of Frobenius. Equal roots, and roots differering by an integer. Page 223

Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 2.

ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_Emden, _Fowler]]`

$$ty'' + 3y' - 3y = 0$$

With the expansion point for the power series method at $t = 0$.

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 62

```
Order:=6;  
dsolve(t*diff(y(t),t$2)+3*diff(y(t),t)-3*y(t)=0,y(t),type='series',t=0);
```

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1 \left(1 + t + \frac{3}{8}t^2 + \frac{3}{40}t^3 + \frac{3}{320}t^4 + \frac{9}{11200}t^5 + O(t^6)\right) t^2 + c_2 \left(\ln(t) \left(9t^2 + 9t^3 + \frac{27}{8}t^4 + \frac{27}{40}t^5 + O(t^6)\right) + (-2 - \dots)}{t^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 78

```
AsymptoticDSolveValue[t*y'[t]+3*y'[t]-3*y[t]==0,y[t],{t,0,5}]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow c_2 \left(\frac{3t^4}{320} + \frac{3t^3}{40} + \frac{3t^2}{8} + t + 1 \right) + c_1 \left(\frac{279t^4 + 528t^3 + 144t^2 - 192t + 64}{64t^2} - \frac{9}{16} (3t^2 + 8t + 8) \log(t) \right)$$