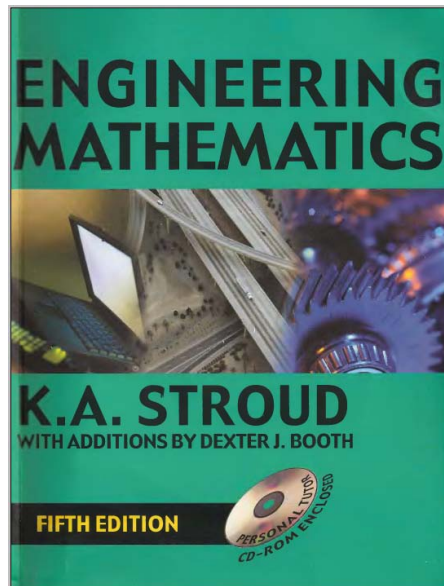


**A Solution Manual For**

**Engineering Mathematics. By K. A.  
Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc.  
NY. 2001**



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# 1 Program 24. First order differential equations.

## Test exercise 24. page 1067

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## 1.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [5075]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [quadrature]

$$xy' = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)=x^2+2*x-3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x - 3 \ln(x) + c_1$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]==x^2+2*x-3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x - 3 \log(x) + c_1$$

## 1.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [5076]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$(x + 1)^2 y' - y^2 = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve((1+x)^2*diff(y(x),x)=1+y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \tan\left(\frac{-1 + c_1(x + 1)}{x + 1}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.264 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
DSolve[(1+x)^2*y'[x]==1+y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\tan\left(\frac{1}{x + 1} - c_1\right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

### 1.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [5077]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_linear, 'class A']]`

$$y' + 2y = e^{3x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=exp(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(e^{5x} + 5c_1)e^{-2x}}{5}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.043 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y'[x]+2*y[x]==Exp[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^{3x}}{5} + c_1 e^{-2x}$$

## 1.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [5078]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$-y + xy' = x^2$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (x + c_1)x$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]==x^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(x + c_1)$$

## 1.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [5079]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_quadrature]

$$x^2 y' = x^3 \sin(3x) + 4$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
dsolve(x^2*diff(y(x),x)=x^3*sin(3*x)+4,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sin(3x)}{9} - \frac{x \cos(3x)}{3} - \frac{4}{x} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.01 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[x^2*y'[x]==x^3*Sin[3*x]+4,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{4}{x} + \frac{1}{9} \sin(3x) - \frac{1}{3} x \cos(3x) + c_1$$



## 1.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [5080]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x \cos(y) y' - \sin(y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve(x*cos(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)-sin(y(x))=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arcsin(c_1 x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 9.024 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[x*Cos[y[x]]*y'[x]-Sin[y[x]]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arcsin(e^{c_1} x)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [5081]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$(x^3 + xy^2)y' - 2y^3 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 44

```
dsolve((x^3+x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=2*y(x)^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{(-c_1x + \sqrt{c_1^2x^2 + 4})x}{2}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{(c_1x + \sqrt{c_1^2x^2 + 4})x}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.2 (sec). Leaf size: 83

```
DSolve[(x^3+x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==2*y[x]^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}x\left(\sqrt{4 + e^{2c_1}x^2} + e^{c_1}x\right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x\left(\sqrt{4 + e^{2c_1}x^2} - e^{c_1}x\right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -x$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow x$$

## 1.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [5082]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$(x^2 - 1)y' + 2xy = x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((x^2-1)*diff(y(x),x)+2*x*y(x)=x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2c_1}{2x^2 - 2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[(x^2-1)*y'[x]+2*x*y[x]==x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 2c_1}{2(x^2 - 1)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

## 1.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [5083]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \tanh(x) = 2 \sinh(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*tanh(x)=2*sinh(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \left( \cosh(x)^2 - \frac{1}{2} + c_1 \right) \operatorname{sech}(x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.098 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]*Tanh[x]==2*Sinh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sech}(x) (\cosh(2x) + 2c_1)$$

## 1.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [5084]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$xy' - 2y = \cos(x)x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=x^3*cos(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (\sin(x) + c_1)x^2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.037 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-2*y[x]==x^3*Cos[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x^2(\sin(x) + c_1)$$

## 1.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [5085]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y' + \frac{y}{x} - y^3 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x=y(x)^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(c_1x + 2)}}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x(c_1x + 2)}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.375 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]/x==y[x]^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x(2 + c_1x)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(2 + c_1x)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 1.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [5086]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Test exercise 24. page 1067

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$xy' + 3y - y^2x^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=x^2*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{x^2(c_1x + 1)}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.137 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x^2*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2 + c_1x^3}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

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## 2.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [5087]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x(y - 3)y' - 4y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
dsolve(x*(y(x)-3)*diff(y(x),x)=4*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -3 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-\frac{4c_1}{3}}}{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 13.068 (sec). Leaf size: 94

```
DSolve[x*(y[x]-3)*y'[x]==4*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) &\rightarrow -3W\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x^4}}\right) \\y(x) &\rightarrow -3W\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x^4}}\right) \\y(x) &\rightarrow -3W\left(\frac{1}{3}(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x^4}}\right) \\y(x) &\rightarrow 0\end{aligned}$$

## 2.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [5088]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x^3 + 1)y' - yx^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([(1+x^3)*diff(y(x),x)=x^2*y(x),y(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = 2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^3 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[{(1+x^3)*y'[x]==x^2*y[x],{y[1]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{x^3 + 1}$$

## 2.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [5089]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$(1 + y)^2 y' = -x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 89

```
dsolve(x^3+(y(x)+1)^2*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(-6x^4 - 24c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} - 1$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{(-6x^4 - 24c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-6x^4 - 24c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} - 1$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{(-6x^4 - 24c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-6x^4 - 24c_1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} - 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.483 (sec). Leaf size: 110

```
DSolve[x^3+(y[x]+1)^2*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{-3x^4 + 4 + 12c_1}}{2^{2/3}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 + \frac{i(\sqrt{3} + i) \sqrt[3]{-3x^4 + 4 + 12c_1}}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 - \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{-3x^4 + 4 + 12c_1}}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

## 2.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [5090]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\cos(y) + (1 + e^{-x}) \sin(y) y' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$y(0) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.344 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([cos(y(x))+(1+exp(-x))*sin(y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(0) = 1/4*Pi],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(e^x + 1)}{4}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 50.086 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
DSolve[{Cos[y[x]]+(1+Exp[-x])*Sin[y[x]]*y'[x]==0,{y[0]==Pi/4}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \arccos\left(\frac{e^x + 1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

## 2.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [5091]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$x^2(1 + y) + y^2(x - 1)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
dsolve(x^2*(y(x)+1)+y(x)^2*(x-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{x^2}{2} + x + \ln(x - 1) + \frac{y(x)^2}{2} - y(x) + \ln(y(x) + 1) + c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.42 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
DSolve[x^2*(y[x]+1)+y[x]^2*(x-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \text{InverseFunction} \left[ \frac{1}{2}(\#1 + 1)^2 - 2(\#1 + 1) + \log(\#1 + 1) \& \right] \left[ -\frac{x^2}{2} - x - \log(x - 1) + \frac{3}{2} + c_1 \right]$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 2.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [5092]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _exact, _rational, [_Abel, '2nd ty`

$$(2y - x)y' - y = 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
dsolve((2*y(x)-x)*diff(y(x),x)=2*x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x - \sqrt{5c_1^2 x^2 + 4}}{2c_1}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x + \sqrt{5c_1^2 x^2 + 4}}{2c_1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.454 (sec). Leaf size: 102

```
DSolve[(2*y[x]-x)*y'[x]==2*x+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x - \sqrt{5x^2 - 4e^{c_1}} \right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x + \sqrt{5x^2 - 4e^{c_1}} \right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x - \sqrt{5}\sqrt{x^2} \right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{5}\sqrt{x^2} + x \right)$$

## 2.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [5093]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$xy + y^2 + (x^2 - xy)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve((x*y(x)+y(x)^2)+(x^2-x*y(x))*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-2c_1}}{x^2}\right)x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.801 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[(x*y[x]+y[x]^2)+(x^2-x*y[x])*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -xW\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x^2}\right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 2.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [5094]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y^3 - 3y'y^2x = -x^3$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 74

```
dsolve((x^3+y(x)^3)=3*x*y(x)^2*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x(x^2 + 2c_1))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x(x^2 + 2c_1))^{\frac{1}{3}}(1 + i\sqrt{3})}{4}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x(x^2 + 2c_1))^{\frac{1}{3}}(i\sqrt{3} - 1)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.21 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
DSolve[(x^3+y[x]^3)==3*x*y[x]^2*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{x}\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2c_1}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{x}\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2c_1}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

## 2.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [5095]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y + (4y + 3x)y' = 3x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.36 (sec). Leaf size: 278

```
dsolve(y(x)-3*x+(4*y(x)+3*x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{-3x^8 c_1 \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^{64} c_1 x^8 + 12\_Z^{56} c_1 x^8 + 48\_Z^{48} c_1 x^8 + 64\_Z^{40} c_1 x^8 - 1)^{56} - 24x^8 c_1 \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^{64} c_1 x^8 - 1)}{2c_1 x^7 \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^{64} c_1 x^8 + 12\_Z^{56} c_1 x^8 + 48\_Z^{48} c_1 x^8 + 64\_Z^{40} c_1 x^8 - 1)^{40} \left( \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^{64} c_1 x^8 - 1) \right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.296 (sec). Leaf size: 673

`DSolve[y[x]-3*x+(4*y[x]+3*x)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 1\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 2\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 3\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 4\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 5\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 6\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 7\right] \\y(x) &\rightarrow \text{Root}\left[256\#1^8 + 512\#1^7x - 512\#1^6x^2 - 896\#1^5x^3 + 800\#1^4x^4 + 352\#1^3x^5\right. \\ &\quad \left. - 576\#1^2x^6 + 216\#1x^7 - 27x^8 + e^{8c_1}\&, 8\right]\end{aligned}$$

## 2.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [5096]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$(x^3 + 3xy^2)y' - y^3 - 3yx^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.079 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve((x^3+3*x*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=y(x)^3+3*x^2*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \text{RootOf}(\_Z^4 c_1 x - c_1 x - \_Z)^2 x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.142 (sec). Leaf size: 1659

`DSolve[(x^3+3*x*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==y[x]^3+3*x^2*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( -\sqrt{3} \sqrt{4x^2 + \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -3 \sqrt{\frac{8x^2}{3} - \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{3\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} - \sqrt{4x^2 + \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{8x^2}{3} - \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{3\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} - \sqrt{4x^2 + \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} \right)$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \sqrt{4x^2 + \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{4x^2 + \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}x^4}{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{128x^6 + 27e^{2c_1}x^2 + 3\sqrt{768e^{2c_1}x^8 + 81e^{4c_1}x^4}}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)$$

## 2.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [5097]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 11.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$-y + xy' = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x^3+3*x^2-2*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 6x - 4 \ln(x) + 2c_1)x}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.028 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[x*y'[x]-y[x]==x^3+3*x^2-2*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x \left( \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x - 2 \log(x) + c_1 \right)$$

## 2.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [5098]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \tan(x) = \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*tan(x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (-\ln(\cos(x)) + c_1) \cos(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.058 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]*Tan[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \cos(x)(-\log(\cos(x)) + c_1)$$

## 2.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [5099]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$-y + xy' = \cos(x) x^3$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(\pi) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=x^3*cos(x),y(Pi) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (\cos(x) + \sin(x) x + 1) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]-y[x]==x^3*Cos[x],{y[Pi]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow x(x \sin(x) + \cos(x) + 1)$$



## 2.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [5100]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$(x^2 + 1) y' + 3xy = 5x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 2]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+3*x*y(x)=5*x,y(1) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{5}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.039 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{(1+x^2)*y'[x]+3*x*y[x]==5*x,{y[1]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3(x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} + \frac{5}{3}$$

## 2.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [5101]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \cot(x) = 5e^{\cos(x)}$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -4 \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*cot(x)=5*exp(cos(x)),y(1/2*Pi) = -4],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -5e^{\cos(x)} \csc(x) + \csc(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.1 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+y[x]*Cot[x]==5*Exp[Cos[x]],{y[Pi/2]==-4}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow (1 - 5e^{\cos(x)}) \csc(x)$$

## 2.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [5102]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$(3x + 3y - 4)y' + y = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
dsolve((3*x+3*y(x)-4)*diff(y(x),x)=-x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{2 \operatorname{LambertW}\left(\frac{3e^{-3+x-c_1}}{2}\right)}{3} - x + 2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.675 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[(3*x+3*y[x]-4)*y'[x]==-(x+y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}W(-e^{x-1+c_1}) - x + 2$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 - x$$

## 2.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [5103]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_rational, [_1st_order, ‘_with_symmetry_[F(x)*G(y),0]’], [_Ab`

$$-xy^2 - (x + yx^2)y' = -x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 53

```
dsolve((x-x*y(x)^2)=(x+x^2*y(x))*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$x + \frac{\sqrt{y(x)^2 - 1} \ln \left( y(x) + \sqrt{y(x)^2 - 1} \right)}{(y(x) - 1)(y(x) + 1)} - \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{y(x) - 1} \sqrt{y(x) + 1}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.127 (sec). Leaf size: 55

```
DSolve[(x-x*y[x]^2)==(x+x^2*y[x])*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ x = -\frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-y(x)^2}}{y(x)+1} \right)}{\sqrt{1-y(x)^2}} + \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{1-y(x)^2}}, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [5104]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$-y + (4y + x - 1)y' = 1 - x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve((x-y(x)-1)+(4*y(x)+x-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\tan(\text{RootOf}(\ln(\sec(\_Z)^2) - \_Z + 2\ln(x-1) + 2c_1))(x-1)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
DSolve[(x-y[x]-1)+(4*y[x]+x-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$\text{Solve}\left[2 \arctan\left(\frac{2y(x) - 2x + 2}{4y(x) + x - 1}\right) + 2 \log\left(\frac{4}{5}\left(\frac{4y(x)^2}{(x-1)^2} + 1\right)\right) + 4 \log(x-1) + 5c_1 = 0, y(x)\right]$$

## 2.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [5105]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$3y + (7y - 3x + 3)y' = 7x - 7$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.422 (sec). Leaf size: 1814

```
dsolve((3*y(x)-7*x+7)+(7*y(x)-3*x+3)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

Expression too large to display

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 60.706 (sec). Leaf size: 7785

```
DSolve[(3*y[x]-7*x+7)+(7*y[x]-3*x+3)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

Too large to display

## 2.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [5106]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]`

$$y(xy + 1) + x(1 + xy + y^2x^2) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve(y(x)*(x*y(x)+1)+x*(1+x*y(x)+x^2*y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{e^{\text{RootOf}(-2 \ln(x)e^{2-Z} + 2c_1e^{2-Z} + 2_Ze^{2-Z} - 2e^{-Z} - 1)}}}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.11 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y[x]*(x*y[x]+1)+x*(1+x*y[x]+x^2*y[x]^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> T
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{y(x)}{x}}{y(x)^2} + \log(y(x)) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [5107]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 21.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$y + y' - y^3 x = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=x*y(x)^3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2 + 4e^{2x}c_1 + 4x}}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2 + 4e^{2x}c_1 + 4x}}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.704 (sec). Leaf size: 50

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]==x*y[x]^3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x + c_1 e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2}}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + c_1 e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2}}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$



## 2.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [5108]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 22.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_1st_order, _with_linear_symmetries], _Bernoulli]`

$$y + y' - y^4 e^x = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 138

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=y(x)^4*exp(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( e^{2x} (2 e^{2x} c_1 + 3)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} e^{-x}}{2 e^{2x} c_1 + 3}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3}) 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( e^{2x} (2 e^{2x} c_1 + 3)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} e^{-x}}{4 e^{2x} c_1 + 6}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( e^{2x} (2 e^{2x} c_1 + 3)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} (i\sqrt{3} - 1) e^{-x}}{4 e^{2x} c_1 + 6}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.751 (sec). Leaf size: 90

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]==y[x]^4*Exp[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{-2}}{\sqrt[3]{e^x(3+2c_1e^{2x})}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3e^x}{2} + c_1e^{3x}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3e^x}{2} + c_1e^{3x}}}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [5109]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 23.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$2y' + y - y^3(x - 1) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=y(x)^3*(x-1),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^x c_1 + x}}$$
$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{e^x c_1 + x}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.721 (sec). Leaf size: 40

```
DSolve[2*y'[x]+y[x]==y[x]^3*(x-1),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x + c_1 e^x}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + c_1 e^x}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [5110]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 24.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$y' - 2y \tan(x) - \tan(x)^2 y^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)*tan(x)=y(x)^2*tan(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{3 \sec(x)^2}{\tan(x)^3 - 3c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.519 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[y'[x]-2*y[x]*Tan[x]==y[x]^2*Tan[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{3}{-\sin^2(x) \tan(x) + 3c_1 \cos^2(x)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [5111]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 25.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_Bernoulli]

$$y' + y \tan(x) - y^3 \sec(x)^4 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 68

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*tan(x)=y(x)^3*sec(x)^4,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(x)^5 (\cos(x) c_1 - 2 \sin(x)) \sec(x)}}{-\cos(x) c_1 + 2 \sin(x)}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(x)^5 (\cos(x) c_1 - 2 \sin(x)) \sec(x)}}{\cos(x) c_1 - 2 \sin(x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 4.061 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]*Tan[x]==y[x]^3*Sec[x]^4,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x)(-2 \tan(x) + c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x)(-2 \tan(x) + c_1)}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [5112]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 26.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$(-x^2 + 1)y' - xy = 1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 46

```
dsolve((1-x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=1+x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2-1} \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2-1})}{(x-1)(x+1)} + \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 54

```
DSolve[(1-x^2)*y'[x]==1+x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right) - \log\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} + 1\right) + 2c_1}{2\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

## 2.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [5113]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 27.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$xyy' - (x + 1)\sqrt{y - 1} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)-(1+x)*sqrt(y(x)-1)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$\frac{(-2y(x) - 4)\sqrt{y(x) - 1}}{3} + x + c_1 + \ln(x) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.614 (sec). Leaf size: 582

`DSolve[x*y[x]*y'[x]-(1+x)*Sqrt[y[x]-1]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]`

$$\begin{aligned}
 & y(x) \\
 & \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}}} \\
 & \quad - 1 \\
 & y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} i \left( \sqrt{3} \right. \\
 & \quad + i \left. \sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}} \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. - 1 - i\sqrt{3} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}}} \\
 & \quad - 1 \\
 & y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} i \left( \sqrt{3} \right. \\
 & \quad - i \left. \sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}} \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. - 1 + i\sqrt{3} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 3\sqrt{(x + \log(x) + c_1)^2 (9x^2 + 9\log^2(x) + 18c_1x + 18(x + c_1)\log(x) + 16 + 9c_1^2) + 9\log^2(x)}}} \\
 & \quad - 1 \\
 & y(x) \rightarrow 1
 \end{aligned}$$



## 2.28 problem 28

Internal problem ID [5114]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 28.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]`

$$-2xy + 5y^2 - (x^2 + 2xy + y^2) y' = -x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
dsolve((x^2-2*x*y(x)+5*y(x)^2)=(x^2+2*x*y(x)+y(x)^2)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x \left( 1 + e^{\text{RootOf}(\ln(x)e^{2-Z} + c_1e^{2-Z} + Ze^{2-Z} - 4e^{-Z} - 2)} \right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.343 (sec). Leaf size: 41

```
DSolve[(x^2-2*x*y[x]+5*y[x]^2)==(x^2+2*x*y[x]+y[x]^2)*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$\text{Solve} \left[ \frac{2 - \frac{4y(x)}{x}}{\left(\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1\right)^2} + \log\left(\frac{y(x)}{x} - 1\right) = -\log(x) + c_1, y(x) \right]$$

## 2.29 problem 29

Internal problem ID [5115]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 29.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [Bernoulli]

$$y' - y \cot(x) - y^2 \sec(x)^2 = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -1 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.89 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)-y(x)*cot(x)=y(x)^2*sec(x)^2,y(1/4*Pi) = -1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{2 \sin(x)}{\sqrt{2} - 2 \sec(x)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.46 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
DSolve[{y'[x]-y[x]*Cot[x]==y[x]^2*Sec[x]^2,{y[Pi/4]==-1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sqrt{2} \cos(x) - 2}$$

## 2.30 problem 30

Internal problem ID [5116]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 30.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y + (x^2 - 4x)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve(y(x)+(x^2-4*x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{c_1 x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(x-4)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.033 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y[x]+(x^2-4*x)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{c_1 \sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[4]{4-x}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.31 problem 31

Internal problem ID [5117]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 31.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' - y \tan(x) = \cos(x) - 2 \sin(x) x$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)-y(x)*tan(x)=cos(x)-2*x*sin(x),y(1/6*Pi) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \cos(x) x - \frac{\pi \sec(x)}{8}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.073 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[{y'[x]-y[x]*Tan[x]==Cos[x]-2*x*Sin[x],{y[Pi/6]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}(4x + 4x \cos(2x) - \pi) \sec(x)$$

## 2.32 problem 32

Internal problem ID [5118]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 32.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{2xy + y^2}{x^2 + 2xy} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 356

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(2*x*y(x)+y(x)^2)/(x^2+2*x*y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{12^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x(27c_1x-4)}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6c_1} + \frac{x12^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x(27c_1x-4)}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + x$$

$$y(x) = \frac{(i3^{\frac{5}{6}} + 3^{\frac{1}{3}})2^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6} + \left( 2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( i3^{\frac{1}{6}} - \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3} \right) \right) xc_1$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1}{2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{(i3^{\frac{5}{6}} - 3^{\frac{1}{3}})2^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6} + \left( -2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( i3^{\frac{1}{6}} + \frac{3^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3} \right) \right) xc_1$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1}{2 \left( x \left( \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{27c_1x^2-4x}{c_1}} + 9x \right) c_1^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 56.42 (sec). Leaf size: 404

`DSolve[y'[x]==(2*x*y[x]+y[x]^2)/(x^2+2*x*y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]`

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{3}e^{c_1}x}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-9e^{c_1}x^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-9e^{c_1}x^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{23^{2/3}}} + x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(1+i\sqrt{3})e^{c_1}x}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-27e^{c_1}x^2}}} + \frac{i(\sqrt{3}+i)\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-9e^{c_1}x^2}}}{2\sqrt[3]{23^{2/3}}} + x$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{(1-i\sqrt{3})e^{c_1}x}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-27e^{c_1}x^2}}} - \frac{(1+i\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{e^{2c_1}x^3(27x+4e^{c_1})}-9e^{c_1}x^2}}}{2\sqrt[3]{23^{2/3}}} + x$$

## 2.33 problem 33

Internal problem ID [5119]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 33.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [`_separable`]

$$(x^2 + 1) y' - x(1 + y) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=x*(1+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1} c_1 - 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[(1+x^2)*y'[x]==x*(1+y[x]),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1 + c_1 \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -1$$

## 2.34 problem 34

Internal problem ID [5120]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 34.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$xy' + 2y = 3x - 1$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(2) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 12

```
dsolve([x*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=3*x-1,y(2) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{x^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
DSolve[{x*y'[x]+2*y[x]==3*x-1,{y[2]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2}{x^2} + x - \frac{1}{2}$$



## 2.35 problem 35

Internal problem ID [5121]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 35.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$x^2y' - y^2 + xy' = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.375 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([x^2*dif(y(x),x)=y(x)^2-x*y(x)*dif(y(x),x),y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \text{LambertW}\left(\frac{e}{x}\right) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.335 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{x^2*y'[x]==y[x]^2-x*y[x]*y'[x],{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow xW\left(\frac{e}{x}\right)$$

## 2.36 problem 36

Internal problem ID [5122]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 36.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' - e^{3x-2y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=exp(3*x-2*y(x)),y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\ln(3)}{2} + \frac{\ln(1 + 2e^{3x})}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.881 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==Exp[3*x-2*y[x]],{y[0]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \frac{1}{3} (2e^{3x} + 1) \right)$$

## 2.37 problem 37

Internal problem ID [5123]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 37.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{x} = \sin(2x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+1/x*y(x)=sin(2*x),y(1/4*Pi) = 2],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{-2x \cos(2x) + 2\pi + \sin(2x) - 1}{4x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 28

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+1/x*y[x]==Sin[2*x],{y[Pi/4]==2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sin(2x) - 2x \cos(2x) + 2\pi - 1}{4x}$$

## 2.38 problem 38

Internal problem ID [5124]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 38.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y^2 + x^2 y' - x y y' = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(y(x)^2+x^2*diff(y(x),x)=x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -x \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x}\right)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.23 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y[x]^2+x^2*y'[x]==x*y[x]*y'[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -x W\left(-\frac{e^{-c_1}}{x}\right)$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

## 2.39 problem 39

Internal problem ID [5125]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 39.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class A', _exact, _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$2xyy' + y^2 = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 45

```
dsolve(2*x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=x^2-y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x(x^3 + 3c_1)}}{3x}$$
$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x(x^3 + 3c_1)}}{3x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.2 (sec). Leaf size: 56

```
DSolve[2*x*y[x]*y'[x]==x^2-y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 3c_1}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x}}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 3c_1}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x}}$$

## 2.40 problem 40

Internal problem ID [5126]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 40.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class C', _rational, [_Abel, '2nd type', 'cl`

$$y' - \frac{-2y + x + 1}{2x - 4y} = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 1]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.234 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)=(x-2*y(x)+1)/(2*x-4*y(x)),y(1) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-2x+3}}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.115 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==(x-2*y[x]+1)/(2*x-4*y[x]),{y[1]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(x - i\sqrt{2x-3})$$

## 2.41 problem 41

Internal problem ID [5127]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 41.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$(-x^3 + 1)y' + yx^2 = x^2(-x^3 + 1)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 20

```
dsolve((1-x^3)*diff(y(x),x)+x^2*y(x)=x^2*(1-x^3),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + (x^3 - 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[(1-x^3)*y'[x]+x^2*y[x]==x^2*(1-x^3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( x^3 + 2c_1 \sqrt[3]{x^3 - 1} - 1 \right)$$

## 2.42 problem 42

Internal problem ID [5128]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 42.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + \frac{y}{x} = \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x=sin(x),y(1/2*Pi) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sin(x) - \cos(x)x - 1}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+y[x]/x==Sin[x],{y[Pi/2]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sin(x) - x \cos(x) - 1}{x}$$



## 2.43 problem 43

Internal problem ID [5129]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 43.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$y' + xy^2 = -x$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(1) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+x+x*y(x)^2=0,y(1) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\tan\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.215 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+x+x*y[x]^2==0,{y[1]==0}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - x^2)\right)$$

## 2.44 problem 44

Internal problem ID [5130]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 44.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2x}{-x^2 + 1} \right) y = \frac{1}{-x^2 + 1}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+(1/x-(2*x)/(1-x^2))*y(x)=1/(1-x^2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{-x^2 + 2c_1}{2x^3 - 2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
DSolve[y'[x]+(1/x-(2*x)/(1-x^2))*y[x]==1/(1-x^2),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 2c_1}{2x - 2x^3}$$

## 2.45 problem 45

Internal problem ID [5131]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 45.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$(x^2 + 1) y' + xy = (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve((1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)+x*y(x)=(1+x^2)^(3/2),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{x^3 + 3c_1 + 3x}{3\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.065 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[(1+x^2)*y'[x]+x*y[x]==(1+x^2)^(3/2),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x^3 + 3x + 3c_1}{3\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

## 2.46 problem 46

Internal problem ID [5132]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 46.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [\_separable]

$$x(1 + y^2) - y(x^2 + 1)y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(x*(1+y(x)^2)-y(x)*(1+x^2)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sqrt{c_1 x^2 + c_1 - 1}$$
$$y(x) = -\sqrt{c_1 x^2 + c_1 - 1}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.499 (sec). Leaf size: 61

```
DSolve[x*(1+y[x]^2)-y[x]*(1+x^2)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\sqrt{-1 + e^{2c_1} (x^2 + 1)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow \sqrt{-1 + e^{2c_1} (x^2 + 1)}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow -i$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow i$$

## 2.47 problem 47

Internal problem ID [5133]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 47.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [separable]

$$\frac{r \tan(\theta) r'}{a^2 - r^2} = 1$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.188 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
dsolve([r(theta)*tan(theta)/(a^2-r(theta)^2)*diff(r(theta),theta)=1,r(1/4*Pi) = 0],r(theta),
```

$$r(\theta) = -\frac{a\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\cos(2\theta)} \csc(\theta)}{2}$$
$$r(\theta) = \frac{a\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\cos(2\theta)} \csc(\theta)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.149 (sec). Leaf size: 51

```
DSolve[{r[\[Theta]]*Tan[\[Theta]]/(a^2-r[\[Theta]]^2)*r'[\[Theta]]==1,{r[Pi/4]==0}},r[\[Theta]]
```

$$r(\theta) \rightarrow -\sqrt{\frac{a^2 \cos(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta) - 1}}$$
$$r(\theta) \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{a^2 \cos(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta) - 1}}$$

## 2.48 problem 48

Internal problem ID [5134]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 48.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [linear]

$$y' + y \cot(x) = \cos(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 0]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.157 (sec). Leaf size: 8

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x)+y(x)*cot(x)=cos(x),y(0) = 0],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.103 (sec). Leaf size: 11

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+y[x]*Cot[x]==Cos[x],{y[0]==0}],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{\sin(x)}{2}$$

## 2.49 problem 49

Internal problem ID [5135]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 24. First order differential equations. Further problems 24. page 1068

**Problem number:** 49.

**ODE order:** 1.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[_homogeneous, 'class G', _rational, _Bernoulli]`

$$y' + \frac{y}{x} - xy^2 = 0$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x)+y(x)/x=x*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{(-x + c_1)x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.135 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y'[x]+y[x]/x==x*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2 - c_1 x}$$
$$y(x) \rightarrow 0$$

### **3 Program 25. Second order differential equations.**

#### **Test Excercise 25. page 1093**

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### 3.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [5136]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$y'' - y' - 2y = 8$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=8,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = c_2 e^{-x} + e^{2x} c_1 - 4$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y'[x]-2*y[x]==8,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 e^{2x} - 4$$

## 3.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [5137]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 4y = 10e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*y(x)=10*exp(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (2e^{5x} + e^{4x}c_1 + c_2)e^{-2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y[x]==10*Exp[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(2e^{5x} + c_1e^{4x} + c_2)$$

### 3.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [5138]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = e^{-2x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=exp(-2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (c_1x + c_2)e^{-x} + e^{-2x}$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.029 (sec). Leaf size: 24

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]+y[x]==Exp[-2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow e^{-2x}(1 + e^x(c_2x + c_1))$$

### 3.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [5139]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 25y = 5x^2 + x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+25*y(x)=5*x^2+x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \sin(5x) c_2 + \cos(5x) c_1 + \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{x}{25} - \frac{2}{125}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
DSolve[y''[x]+25*y[x]==5*x^2+x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{125}(25x^2 + 5x - 2) + c_1 \cos(5x) + c_2 \sin(5x)$$

### 3.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [5140]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 4 \sin(x)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=4*sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (c_1x + c_2)e^x + 2 \cos(x)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.019 (sec). Leaf size: 21

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+y[x]==4*Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 2 \cos(x) + e^x(c_2x + c_1)$$

### 3.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [5141]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = 2e^{-2x}$$

With initial conditions

$$[y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -2]$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 14

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+5*y(x)=2*exp(-2*x),y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = -2],y(x), sings
```

$$y(x) = -e^{-2x}(\cos(x) - 2)$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 16

```
DSolve[{y'[x]+4*y'[x]+5*y[x]==2*Exp[-2*x],{y[0]==1,y'[0]==-2}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -e^{-2x}(\cos(x) - 2)$$

### 3.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [5142]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$3y'' - 2y' - y = 2x - 3$$

#### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(3*diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)-y(x)=2*x-3,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-\frac{x}{3}}c_2 + e^x c_1 - 2x + 7$$

#### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.014 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[3*y''[x]-2*y'[x]-y[x]==2*x-3,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2x + c_1 e^{-x/3} + c_2 e^x + 7$$

### 3.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [5143]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Test Exercise 25. page 1093

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 6y' + 8y = 8e^{4x}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-6*diff(y(x),x)+8*y(x)=8*exp(4*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(8x + c_1 - 4)e^{4x}}{2} + c_2e^{2x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[x]-6*y'[x]+8*y[x]==8*Exp[4*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^{2x} + e^{4x}(4x - 2 + c_2)$$



## 4 Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

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## 4.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [5144]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 1.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$2y'' - 7y' - 4y = e^{3x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve(2*diff(y(x),x$2)-7*diff(y(x),x)-4*y(x)=exp(3*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-\frac{x}{2}}c_2 + e^{4x}c_1 - \frac{e^{3x}}{7}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.018 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[2*y''[x]-7*y'[x]-4*y[x]==Exp[3*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{e^{3x}}{7} + c_1e^{-x/2} + c_2e^{4x}$$

## 4.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [5145]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 2.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 54x + 18$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 19

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-6*diff(y(x),x)+9*y(x)=54*x+18,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = (c_1x + c_2)e^{3x} + 6x + 6$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[y''[x]-6*y'[x]+9*y[x]==54*x+18,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1e^{3x} + x(6 + c_2e^{3x}) + 6$$

### 4.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [5146]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 3.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 5y' + 6y = 100 \sin(4x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-5*diff(y(x),x)+6*y(x)=100*sin(4*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{3x}c_2 + e^{2x}c_1 - 2 \sin(4x) + 4 \cos(4x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
DSolve[y''[x]-5*y'[x]+6*y[x]==100*Sin[4*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -2 \sin(4x) + 4 \cos(4x) + e^{2x}(c_2e^x + c_1)$$

## 4.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [5147]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 4.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 4 \sinh(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 32

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+2*diff(y(x),x)+y(x)=4*sinh(x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(-2x^2 + (2c_1 + 2)x + 2c_2 + 1)e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.052 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
DSolve[y''[x]+2*y'[x]+y[x]==4*Sinh[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{e^x}{2} + e^{-x}(-x^2 + c_2x + c_1)$$

## 4.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [5148]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 5.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + y' - 2y = 2 \cosh(2x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 31

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+diff(y(x),x)-2*y(x)=2*cosh(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(9e^{4x} + 36e^{3x}c_2 + 36c_1 - 12x - 7)e^{-2x}}{36}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 39

```
DSolve[y''[x]+y'[x]-2*y[x]==2*Cosh[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{36}e^{-2x}(-12x + 9e^{4x} + 36c_2e^{3x} - 4 + 36c_1)$$

## 4.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [5149]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 6.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - y' + 10y = 20 - e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 38

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-diff(y(x),x)+10*y(x)=20-exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{\frac{x}{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}x}{2}\right) c_2 + e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}x}{2}\right) c_1 + 2 - \frac{e^{2x}}{12}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.291 (sec). Leaf size: 58

```
DSolve[y''[x]-y'[x]+10*y[x]==20-Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{e^{2x}}{12} + c_2 e^{x/2} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}x}{2}\right) + c_1 e^{x/2} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{39}x}{2}\right) + 2$$

## 4.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [5150]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 7.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 2 \cos(x)^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 22

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+4*diff(y(x),x)+4*y(x)=2*cos(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{4} + (c_1x + c_2)e^{-2x} + \frac{\sin(2x)}{8}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.132 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
DSolve[y''[x]+4*y'[x]+4*y[x]==2*Cos[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}(\sin(2x) + 8e^{-2x}(c_2x + c_1) + 2)$$



## 4.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [5151]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 8.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 4y' + 3y = x + e^{2x}$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-4*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=x+exp(2*x),y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^x c_2 + e^{3x} c_1 - e^{2x} + \frac{x}{3} + \frac{4}{9}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.129 (sec). Leaf size: 35

```
DSolve[y''[x]-4*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x+Exp[2*x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions->True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{x}{3} - e^{2x} + c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{3x} + \frac{4}{9}$$

## 4.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [5152]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 9.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' - 2y' + 3y = x^2 - 1$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 34

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)-2*diff(y(x),x)+3*y(x)=x^2-1,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^x \sin(\sqrt{2}x) c_2 + e^x \cos(\sqrt{2}x) c_1 + \frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{4x}{9} - \frac{7}{27}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 48

```
DSolve[y''[x]-2*y'[x]+3*y[x]==x^2-1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{1}{27}(9x^2 + 12x - 7) + c_2 e^x \cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c_1 e^x \sin(\sqrt{2}x)$$

## 4.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [5153]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 10.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' - 9y = e^{3x} + \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(x), x$2)-9*y(x)=exp(3*x)+sin(x), y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = \frac{(-1 + 6x + 36c_2)e^{3x}}{36} + e^{-3x}c_1 - \frac{\sin(x)}{10}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.126 (sec). Leaf size: 37

```
DSolve[y''[x]-9*y[x]==Exp[3*x]+Sin[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{\sin(x)}{10} + e^{3x} \left( \frac{x}{6} - \frac{1}{36} + c_1 \right) + c_2 e^{-3x}$$

## 4.11 problem 12

Internal problem ID [5154]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 12.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$x'' + 4x' + 3x = e^{-3t}$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ x(0) = \frac{1}{2}, x'(0) = -2 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t$2)+4*diff(x(t),t)+3*x(t)=exp(-3*t),x(0) = 1/2, D(x)(0) = -2],x(t), sings
```

$$x(t) = -\frac{e^{-3t}(t-1)}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.034 (sec). Leaf size: 17

```
DSolve[{x''[t]+4*x'[t]+3*x[t]==Exp[-3*t],{x[0]==1/2,x'[0]==-2}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSoluti
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}e^{-3t}(t-1)$$

## 4.12 problem 13

Internal problem ID [5155]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 13.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = 6 \sin(t)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

```
dsolve(diff(y(t),t$2)+4*diff(y(t),t)+5*y(t)=6*sin(t),y(t), singsol=all)
```

$$y(t) = e^{-2t} \sin(t) c_2 + e^{-2t} \cos(t) c_1 - \frac{3 \cos(t)}{4} + \frac{3 \sin(t)}{4}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.027 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[y''[t]+4*y'[t]+5*y[t]==6*Sin[t],y[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(t) \rightarrow \left(-\frac{3}{4} + c_2 e^{-2t}\right) \cos(t) + \left(\frac{3}{4} + c_1 e^{-2t}\right) \sin(t)$$

## 4.13 problem 14

Internal problem ID [5156]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 14.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x'' - 3x' + 2x = \sin(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 0]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t$2)-3*diff(x(t),t)+2*x(t)=sin(t),x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0],x(t), singsol=all
```

$$x(t) = \frac{e^{2t}}{5} + \frac{3 \cos(t)}{10} + \frac{\sin(t)}{10} - \frac{e^t}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 27

```
DSolve[{x''[t]-3*x'[t]+2*x[t]==Sin[t],{x[0]==0,x'[0]==0}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions ->
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}(e^t(2e^t - 5) + \sin(t) + 3 \cos(t))$$

## 4.14 problem 15

Internal problem ID [5157]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 15.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = 3 \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = -\frac{9}{10}, y'(0) = -\frac{7}{10} \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 23

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)+3*diff(y(x),x)+2*y(x)=3*sin(x),y(0) = -9/10, D(y)(0) = -7/10],y(x), s
```

$$y(x) = e^{-2x} - \frac{9 \cos(x)}{10} + \frac{3 \sin(x)}{10} - e^{-x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[{y''[x]+3*y'[x]+2*y[x]==3*Sin[x],{y[0]==-9/10,y'[0]==-7/10}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSo
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -e^{-2x}(e^x - 1) + \frac{3 \sin(x)}{10} - \frac{9 \cos(x)}{10}$$

## 4.15 problem 16

Internal problem ID [5158]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 16.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _with_linear_symmetries]]`

$$y'' + 6y' + 10y = 50x$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve(diff(y(x),x$2)+6*diff(y(x),x)+10*y(x)=50*x,y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = e^{-3x} \sin(x) c_2 + e^{-3x} \cos(x) c_1 + 5x - 3$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.017 (sec). Leaf size: 30

```
DSolve[y''[x]+6*y'[x]+10*y[x]==50*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow 5x + c_2 e^{-3x} \cos(x) + c_1 e^{-3x} \sin(x) - 3$$



## 4.16 problem 17

Internal problem ID [5159]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 17.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x'' + 2x' + 2x = 85 \sin(3t)$$

With initial conditions

$$[x(0) = 0, x'(0) = -20]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 33

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t$2)+2*diff(x(t),t)+2*x(t)=85*sin(3*t),x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = -20],x(t), sing
```

$$x(t) = (7 \sin(t) + 6 \cos(t)) e^{-t} - 6 \cos(3t) - 7 \sin(3t)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.026 (sec). Leaf size: 36

```
DSolve[{x''[t]+2*x'[t]+2*x[t]==85*Sin[3*t],{x[0]==0,x'[0]==-20}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolut
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow 7e^{-t} \sin(t) - 7 \sin(3t) + 6e^{-t} \cos(t) - 6 \cos(3t)$$

## 4.17 problem 18

Internal problem ID [5160]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 18.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$y'' + 4y = 3 \sin(x)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ y(0) = 0, y'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1 \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([diff(y(x),x$2)=3*sin(x)-4*y(x),y(0) = 0, D(y)(1/2*Pi) = 1],y(x), singsol=all)
```

$$y(x) = -\frac{\sin(2x)}{2} + \sin(x)$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
DSolve[{y'[x]==3*Sin[x]-4*y[x],{y[0]==0,y'[Pi/2]==1}},y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> Tr
```

$$y(x) \rightarrow -(\sin(x)(\cos(x) - 1))$$

## 4.18 problem 19

Internal problem ID [5161]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 19.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _missing_x]]`

$$\frac{x''}{2} + 48x = 0$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ x(0) = \frac{1}{6}, x'(0) = 0 \right]$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 13

```
dsolve([1/2*diff(x(t),t$2)=-48*x(t),x(0) = 1/6, D(x)(0) = 0],x(t), singsol=all)
```

$$x(t) = \frac{\cos(4\sqrt{6}t)}{6}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.021 (sec). Leaf size: 18

```
DSolve[{1/2*x'[t]==-48*x[t],{x[0]==1/6,x'[0]==0}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \cos(4\sqrt{6}t)$$

## 4.19 problem 20

Internal problem ID [5162]

**Book:** Engineering Mathematics. By K. A. Stroud. 5th edition. Industrial press Inc. NY. 2001

**Section:** Program 25. Second order differential equations. Further problems 25. page 1094

**Problem number:** 20.

**ODE order:** 2.

**ODE degree:** 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type `[[_2nd_order, _linear, _nonhomogeneous]]`

$$x'' + 5x' + 6x = \cos(t)$$

With initial conditions

$$\left[ x(0) = \frac{1}{10}, x'(0) = 0 \right]$$

### ✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 25

```
dsolve([diff(x(t),t$2)+5*diff(x(t),t)+6*x(t)=cos(t),x(0) = 1/10, D(x)(0) = 0],x(t), singsol=
```

$$x(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}}{10} - \frac{e^{-2t}}{10} + \frac{\cos(t)}{10} + \frac{\sin(t)}{10}$$

### ✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.059 (sec). Leaf size: 26

```
DSolve[{x''[t]+5*x'[t]+6*x[t]==Cos[t],{x[0]==1/10,x'[0]==0}},x[t],t,IncludeSingularSolutions
```

$$x(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{10}(e^{-3t} - e^{-2t} + \sin(t) + \cos(t))$$