A Solution Manual For

First order enumerated odes

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May 16, 2024

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1.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [7317]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'=0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [7318]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'=a$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = ax + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 11}}$

DSolve[y'[x]==a,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow ax + c_1$$

1.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [7319]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'=x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 15

DSolve[y'[x]==x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{x^2}{2} + c_1$$

1.4 problem 4

Internal problem ID [7320]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 4.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'=1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 7

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = x + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 9

DSolve[y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow x + c_1$$

1.5 problem 5

Internal problem ID [7321]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 5.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y' = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a*x,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{a x^2}{2} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 16

DSolve[y'[x]==a*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o rac{ax^2}{2} + c_1$$

1.6 problem 6

Internal problem ID [7322]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 6.

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y' - axy = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a*x*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 \mathrm{e}^{\frac{a \, x^2}{2}}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.032 (sec). Leaf size: 23}}$

DSolve[y'[x]==a*x*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{\frac{ax^2}{2}}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.7 problem 7

Internal problem ID [7323]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1
Problem number: 7.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - y = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a*x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^x - a(x+1)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[y'[x] == a*x+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow -a(x+1) + c_1 e^x$$

1.8 problem 8

Internal problem ID [7324]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 8.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - by = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 26

 $\label{eq:decomposition} dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a*x+b*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{\mathrm{e}^{bx}c_1b^2 - axb - a}{b^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.054 (sec). Leaf size: 25

DSolve[y'[x] == a*x+b*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -\frac{abx + a}{b^2} + c_1 e^{bx}$$

1.9 problem 9

Internal problem ID [7325]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1 Problem number: 9.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y' - y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1 e^x$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.022 (sec). Leaf size: 16

DSolve[y'[x]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^x$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.10 problem 10

Internal problem ID [7326]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 10.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y' - by = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 10

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=b*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{bx}c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.03 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[y'[x]==b*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{bx}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.11 problem 11

Internal problem ID [7327]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 11.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_Riccati, _special]]

$$y' - by^2 = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=a*x+b*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\operatorname{AiryAi} \left(1, -(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}} x \right) c_1 + \operatorname{AiryBi} \left(1, -(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}} x \right) \right)}{b \left(c_1 \operatorname{AiryAi} \left(-(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}} x \right) + \operatorname{AiryBi} \left(-(ab)^{\frac{1}{3}} x \right) \right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.163 (sec). Leaf size: 331

 $DSolve[y'[x] == a*x+b*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \xrightarrow{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\left(-2\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\left(\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right) - \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right)\right)} \xrightarrow{2bx\left(\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right)\right)} y(x) \to \\ -\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right) - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right) + \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right)}{2bx\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}x^{3/2}\right)}$$

1.12 problem 12

Internal problem ID [7328]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 12.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'c = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $\label{def:def:def:def:def:def} $$\operatorname{dsolve}(c*\operatorname{diff}(y(x),x)=0,y(x), \ \operatorname{singsol=all})$$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[c*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.13 problem 13

Internal problem ID [7329]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 13.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'c = a$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=a,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{ax}{c} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 14

DSolve[c*y'[x]==a,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{ax}{c} + c_1$$

1.14 problem 14

Internal problem ID [7330]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 14.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'c = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 15

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=a*x,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \frac{ax^2}{2c} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 19

DSolve[c*y'[x]==a*x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{ax^2}{2c} + c_1$$

1.15 problem 15

Internal problem ID [7331]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 15.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_linear, 'class A']]

$$y'c - y = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 19

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=a*x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{\frac{x}{c}}c_1 - a(c+x)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.05 (sec). Leaf size: 22

DSolve[c*y'[x] == a*x+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow -a(c+x) + c_1 e^{\frac{x}{c}}$$

1.16 problem 16

Internal problem ID [7332]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 16.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_linear, 'class A']]

$$y'c - by = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 29

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=a*x+b*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x)=rac{\mathrm{e}^{rac{bx}{c}}c_1b^2-a(bx+c)}{b^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.055 (sec). Leaf size: 28

DSolve[c*y'[x] == a*x+b*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x)
ightarrow -rac{a(bx+c)}{b^2} + c_1 e^{rac{bx}{c}}$$

1.17 problem 17

Internal problem ID [7333]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 17.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'c - y = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 12

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = e^{\frac{x}{c}}c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.023 (sec). Leaf size: 20

DSolve[c*y'[x]==y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{\frac{x}{c}}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.18 problem 18

Internal problem ID [7334]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 18.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'c - by = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=b*y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \mathrm{e}^{\frac{bx}{c}} c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.025 (sec). Leaf size: 21

DSolve[c*y'[x]==b*y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{\frac{bx}{c}}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.19 problem 19

Internal problem ID [7335]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 19.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_Riccati, _special]]

$$y'c - by^2 = xa$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 75

 $dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=a*x+b*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{ba}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\text{AiryAi}\left(1, -\left(\frac{ba}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) c_1 + \text{AiryBi}\left(1, -\left(\frac{ba}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)\right) c}{b\left(c_1 \, \text{AiryAi}\left(-\left(\frac{ba}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) + \text{AiryBi}\left(-\left(\frac{ba}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.21 (sec). Leaf size: 628

DSolve[c*y'[x]==a*x+b*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \xrightarrow{c\left(x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}\left(-2\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\left(\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}x^{3/2}\right) - \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}x^{3/2}\right) +$$

1.20 problem 20

Internal problem ID [7336]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 20.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_Riccati, _special]]

$$y'c - \frac{xa + by^2}{r} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 91

 $dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=(a*x+b*y(x)^2)/r,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{ba}{r^2c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\text{AiryAi}\left(1, -\left(\frac{ba}{r^2c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)c_1 + \text{AiryBi}\left(1, -\left(\frac{ba}{r^2c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)\right)rc}{b\left(c_1 \text{AiryAi}\left(-\left(\frac{ba}{r^2c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) + \text{AiryBi}\left(-\left(\frac{ba}{r^2c^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.222 (sec). Leaf size: 517

 $DSolve[c*y'[x] == (a*x+b*y[x]^2)/r, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{cr\left(x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}\left(-2\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\left(\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) - \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right) + c_1\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b$$

$$-\frac{cr\left(x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{4}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right)-x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right)+\operatorname{BesselJ}}{2bx\operatorname{BesselJ}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\frac{a}{cr}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{cr}}x^{3/2}\right)}$$

1.21 problem 21

Internal problem ID [7337]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 21.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_rational, _Riccati]

$$y'c - \frac{xa + by^2}{rx} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 94

 $dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=(a*x+b*y(x)^2)/(r*x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{xba}{r^2c^2}} cr\left(\text{BesselY}\left(1, 2\sqrt{\frac{xba}{r^2c^2}}\right) c_1 + \text{BesselJ}\left(1, 2\sqrt{\frac{xba}{r^2c^2}}\right)\right)}{b\left(c_1 \text{ BesselY}\left(0, 2\sqrt{\frac{xba}{r^2c^2}}\right) + \text{BesselJ}\left(0, 2\sqrt{\frac{xba}{r^2c^2}}\right)\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.295 (sec). Leaf size: 207

 $DSolve[c*y'[x] == (a*x+b*y[x]^2)/(r*x), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \to \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x} \left(2 \operatorname{BesselY}\left(1, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right) + c_1 \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(1, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b} \left(2 \operatorname{BesselY}\left(0, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right) + c_1 \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(0, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right)\right)}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x} \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(1, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right)}{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(0, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{cr}\right)}$$

1.22 problem 22

Internal problem ID [7338]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 22.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_rational, _Riccati]

$$y'c - \frac{xa + by^2}{rx^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 106

 $dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=(a*x+b*y(x)^2)/(r*x^2),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{a\left(\text{BesselY}\left(0, 2\sqrt{\frac{ba}{c^2r^2x}}\right)c_1 + \text{BesselJ}\left(0, 2\sqrt{\frac{ba}{c^2r^2x}}\right)\right)}{cr\sqrt{\frac{ba}{c^2r^2x}}\left(c_1 \text{ BesselY}\left(1, 2\sqrt{\frac{ba}{c^2r^2x}}\right) + \text{BesselJ}\left(1, 2\sqrt{\frac{ba}{c^2r^2x}}\right)\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.358 (sec). Leaf size: 492

 $DSolve[c*y'[x] == (a*x+b*y[x]^2)/(r*x^2), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$

$$y(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{BesselY}\left(0,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{cr}\right) + \frac{2cr\operatorname{BesselY}\left(1,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{cr}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}} - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{BesselY}\left(2,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{cr}\right) - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}c_1\operatorname{BesselY}\left(1,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{cr}\right) - ic_1\operatorname{BesselY}\left(1,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{cr}\right) - ic_1\operatorname{BesselY}\left(1,\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}$$

1.23 problem 23

Internal problem ID [7339]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 23.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_rational, _Bernoulli]

$$y'c - \frac{xa + by^2}{y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 69

 $dsolve(c*diff(y(x),x)=(a*x+b*y(x)^2)/y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = -rac{\sqrt{4 \, \mathrm{e}^{rac{2bx}{c}} c_1 b^2 - 4axb - 2ac}}{2b} \ y(x) = rac{\sqrt{4 \, \mathrm{e}^{rac{2bx}{c}} c_1 b^2 - 4axb - 2ac}}{2b}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 5.371 (sec). Leaf size: 85

 $DSolve[c*y'[x] == (a*x+b*y[x]^2)/y[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x)
ightarrow -rac{i\sqrt{abx+rac{ac}{2}+b^2c_1\left(-e^{rac{2bx}{c}}
ight)}}{b} \ y(x)
ightarrow rac{i\sqrt{abx+rac{ac}{2}+b^2c_1\left(-e^{rac{2bx}{c}}
ight)}}{b}$$

1.24 problem 24

Internal problem ID [7340]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 24.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$a\sin\left(x\right)yxy'=0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(a*sin(x)*y(x)*x*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[a*Sin[x]*y[x]*x*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.25 problem 25

Internal problem ID [7341]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 25.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$f(x)\sin(x)\,yxy'\pi=0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(f(x)*sin(x)*y(x)*x*diff(y(x),x)*Pi=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.004 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[f(x)*Sin[x]*y[x]*x*y'[x]*Pi==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.26 problem 26

Internal problem ID [7342]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 26.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_linear, 'class A']]

$$y' - y = \sin\left(x\right)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 17

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=sin(x)+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -\frac{\cos(x)}{2} - \frac{\sin(x)}{2} + c_1 e^x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.04 (sec). Leaf size: 24

DSolve[y'[x]==Sin[x]+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to -\frac{\sin(x)}{2} - \frac{\cos(x)}{2} + c_1 e^x$$

1.27 problem 27

Internal problem ID [7343]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 27.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Riccati]

$$y' - y^2 = \sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 59

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=sin(x)+y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{-c_1 \operatorname{MathieuSPrime}\left(0, -2, -\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right) - \operatorname{MathieuCPrime}\left(0, -2, -\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)}{2c_1 \operatorname{MathieuS}\left(0, -2, -\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right) + 2 \operatorname{MathieuC}\left(0, -2, -\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.208 (sec). Leaf size: 105}}$

DSolve[y'[x]==Sin[x]+y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-\text{MathieuSPrime}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)\right] + c_1 \text{MathieuCPrime}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)\right]}{2\left(\text{MathieuS}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(2x - \pi)\right] + c_1 \text{MathieuC}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)\right]\right)}$$

$$y(x) o rac{ ext{MathieuCPrime}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)
ight]}{2 ext{MathieuC}\left[0, -2, \frac{1}{4}(\pi - 2x)
ight]}$$

1.28 problem 28

Internal problem ID [7344]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 28.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_linear]

$$y' - \frac{y}{x} = \cos\left(x\right)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 10

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=cos(x)+y(x)/x,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = (\operatorname{Ci}(x) + c_1) x$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.038 (sec). Leaf size: 12

 $DSolve[y'[x] == Cos[x] + y[x]/x, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \to x(\text{CosIntegral}(x) + c_1)$$

1.29 problem 29

Internal problem ID [7345]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 29.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Riccati]

$$y' - \frac{y^2}{x} = \cos(x)$$

X Solution by Maple

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=cos(x)+y(x)^2/x,y(x), singsol=all)$

No solution found

X Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 0

 $DSolve[y'[x] == Cos[x] + y[x]^2/x, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

Not solved

1.30 problem 30

Internal problem ID [7346]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 30.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_Riccati]

$$y' - y - by^2 = x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 105

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x+y(x)+b*y(x)^2,y(x), singsol=all)$

 $= \frac{2b^{\frac{1}{3}}\operatorname{AiryAi}\left(1, -\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)c_{1} + 2\operatorname{AiryBi}\left(1, -\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)b^{\frac{1}{3}} - \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(-\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)c_{1} - \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(-\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{2b\left(\operatorname{AiryAi}\left(-\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)c_{1} + \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(-\frac{4bx-1}{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)\right)}$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.222 (sec). Leaf size: 211

DSolve[y'[x]==x+y[x]+b*y[x]^2,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow \frac{-(-b)^{2/3} \operatorname{AiryBi}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right) + 2b \operatorname{AiryBiPrime}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right) + c_1\left(2b \operatorname{AiryAiPrime}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right) - (-b)^{2/3} \operatorname{AiryBiPrime}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right) + c_1 \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right)\right)}{2(-b)^{5/3}\left(\operatorname{AiryBi}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right) + c_1 \operatorname{AiryAi}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right)\right)}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2\sqrt[3]{-b} \operatorname{AiryAiPrime}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}-bx}{(-b)^{2/3}}\right)}{2b} + 1$$

1.31 problem 31

Internal problem ID [7347]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 31.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $\label{def:def:def:def} $$\operatorname{dsolve}(x*\operatorname{diff}(y(x),x)=0,y(x), \ \operatorname{singsol=all})$$$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[x*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.32 problem 32

Internal problem ID [7348]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 32.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$5y'=0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve(5*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[5*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.33 problem 33

Internal problem ID [7349]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 33.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$ey' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve(exp(1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[Exp[1]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.34 problem 34

Internal problem ID [7350]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 34.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$\pi y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve(Pi*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7

DSolve[Pi*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.35 problem 35

Internal problem ID [7351]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 35.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'\sin\left(x\right) = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve(sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7

DSolve[Sin[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.36 problem 36

Internal problem ID [7352]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 36.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$f(x) y' = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $\label{eq:decomposition} dsolve(\texttt{f(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)}$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7

DSolve[f[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.37 problem 37

Internal problem ID [7353]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 37.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy'=1$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)=1,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \ln(x) + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 10}}$

DSolve[x*y'[x]==1,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \log(x) + c_1$$

1.38 problem 38

Internal problem ID [7354]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 38.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy' = \sin\left(x\right)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 8

dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)=sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \operatorname{Si}(x) + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 10

DSolve[x*y'[x]==Sin[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \mathrm{Si}(x) + c_1$$

1.39 problem 39

Internal problem ID [7355]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 39.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$(x-1)y'=0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

dsolve((x-1)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[(x-1)*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.40 problem 40

Internal problem ID [7356]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 40.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$yy'=0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 11

dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = -c_1$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[y[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.41 problem 41

Internal problem ID [7357]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 41.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy'y = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(x*y(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[x*y[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.42 problem 42

Internal problem ID [7358]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 42.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy\sin\left(x\right)y'=0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(x*y(x)*sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[x*y[x]*Sin[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.43 problem 43

Internal problem ID [7359]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 43.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$\pi y \sin(x) y' = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 9

dsolve(Pi*y(x)*sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[Pi*y[x]*Sin[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.44 problem 44

Internal problem ID [7360]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 44.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$\sin\left(x\right)y'x=0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $\label{def:def:def:def:def} dsolve(x*sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 7

DSolve[x*Sin[x]*y'[x]==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

1.45 problem 45

Internal problem ID [7361]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 45.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$x\sin\left(x\right){y'}^2 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $dsolve(x*sin(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 7}}$

DSolve[x*Sin[x]*y'[x]^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow c_1$$

problem 46 1.46

Internal problem ID [7362]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 46.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$yy'^2 = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 9

 $dsolve(y(x)*diff(y(x),x)^2=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = 0$$
$$y(x) = c_1$$

$$y(x) = c$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.002 (sec). Leaf size: 12

DSolve[y[x]*(y'[x])^2==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1$$

1.47 problem 47

Internal problem ID [7363]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 47.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'^n = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^n=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 15}}$

DSolve[(y'[x])^n==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0^{\frac{1}{n}}x + c_1$$

1.48 problem 48

Internal problem ID [7364]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 48.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 0.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$xy'^n = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.0 (sec). Leaf size: 5

 $dsolve(x*diff(y(x),x)^n=0,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 15}}$

DSolve[x*(y'[x])^n==0,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to 0^{\frac{1}{n}}x + c_1$$

1.49 problem 49

Internal problem ID [7365]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 49.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_quadrature]

$$y'^2 = x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 21

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=x,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + c_1$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + c_1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.003 (sec). Leaf size: 33

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) o -rac{2x^{3/2}}{3} + c_1$$

$$y(x) \to \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} + c_1$$

1.50 problem 50

Internal problem ID [7366]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 50.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y'^2 - y = x$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 33

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=x+y(x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \text{LambertW} \left(-c_1 e^{-\frac{x}{2} - 1} \right)^2 + 2 \text{LambertW} \left(-c_1 e^{-\frac{x}{2} - 1} \right) - x + 1$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 18.817 (sec). Leaf size: 100

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==x+y[x],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to W\left(-e^{-\frac{x}{2}-1-\frac{c_1}{2}}\right)^2 + 2W\left(-e^{-\frac{x}{2}-1-\frac{c_1}{2}}\right) - x + 1$$

$$y(x) \to W\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}(-x-2+c_1)}\right)^2 + 2W\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}(-x-2+c_1)}\right) - x + 1$$

$$y(x) \to 1 - x$$

1.51 problem 51

Internal problem ID [7367]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 51.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class A'], _rational, _dAlembert]

$$y'^2 - \frac{y}{x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 39

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=y(x)/x,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(x + \sqrt{c_1 x}\right)^2}{x}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(-x + \sqrt{c_1 x}\right)^2}{x}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.048 (sec). Leaf size: 46

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==y[x]/x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x)
ightarrow rac{1}{4} \left(-2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^2$$
 $y(x)
ightarrow rac{1}{4} \left(2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^2$
 $y(x)
ightarrow 0$

problem 52 1.52

Internal problem ID [7368]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 52.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y'^2 - \frac{y^2}{x} = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=y(x)^2/x,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{2\sqrt{x}}$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.068 (sec). Leaf size: 38

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==y[x]^2/x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{-2\sqrt{x}}$$
$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{2\sqrt{x}}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

$$y(x) \to c_1 e^{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.53 problem 53

Internal problem ID [7369]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 53.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G']]

$$y'^2 - \frac{y^3}{x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 27

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=y(x)^3/x,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = 0$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\text{WeierstrassP}(1,0,0) 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\left(\sqrt{x} 2^{\frac{1}{3}} + c_1\right)^2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.073 (sec). Leaf size: 42

DSolve[(y'[x])^2==y[x]^3/x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{4}{\left(-2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^2}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{4}{\left(2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^2}$$
$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.54 problem 54

Internal problem ID [7370]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 54.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 3.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]

$$y'^3 - \frac{y^2}{x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 353

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^3=y(x)^2/x,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$\begin{split} y(x) &= 0 \\ y(x) &= -\frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}c_1}{8} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}c_1^2}{8} - \frac{c_1^3}{8} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(-i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{16} + \frac{3c_1\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{16} - \frac{c_1^3}{8} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{16} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{16} - \frac{c_1^3}{8} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}c_1}{16} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}c_1^2}{32} + \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(-i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} + \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3c_1\left(-i\sqrt{3}-1\right)x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} + \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= -\frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}c_1}{16} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}c_1^2}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(-i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3c_1\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{c_1^3}{64} + \frac{x^2}{8} \\ y(x) &= \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{32} - \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{64} + \frac{3\left(i\sqrt{3}-1\right)c$$

/ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.083 (sec). Leaf size: 152

DSolve[(y'[x])^3==y[x]^2/x,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{216} (3x^{2/3} + 2c_1)^3$$

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{216} (18i(\sqrt{3} + i) c_1^2 x^{2/3} - 27i(\sqrt{3} - i) c_1 x^{4/3} + 27x^2 + 8c_1^3)$$

$$y(x) \to \frac{1}{216} (-18i(\sqrt{3} - i) c_1^2 x^{2/3} + 27i(\sqrt{3} + i) c_1 x^{4/3} + 27x^2 + 8c_1^3)$$

$$y(x) \to 0$$

1.55problem 55

Internal problem ID [7371]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 55.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G']]

$$y'^2 - \frac{1}{yx} = 0$$

Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 51

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=1/(y(x)*x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$\frac{y(x)\sqrt{xy(x)} - c_1\sqrt{x} - 3x}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$$
$$\frac{y(x)\sqrt{xy(x)} - c_1\sqrt{x} + 3x}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$$

$$\frac{y(x)\sqrt{xy(x)} - c_1\sqrt{x} + 3x}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$$

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.748 (sec). Leaf size: 53

 $DSolve[(y'[x])^2=1/(y[x]*x),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x)
ightarrow \left(rac{3}{2}
ight)^{2/3} \left(-2\sqrt{x}+c_1
ight){}^{2/3}$$

$$y(x) \rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} \left(2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^{2/3}$$

1.56 problem 56

Internal problem ID [7372]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 56.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G']]

$$y'^2 - \frac{1}{y^3 x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.046 (sec). Leaf size: 55

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=1/(x*y(x)^3),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$\frac{\sqrt{xy(x)}y(x)^{2} - c_{1}\sqrt{x} - 5x}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{xy(x)}y(x)^{2} - c_{1}\sqrt{x} + 5x}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.112 (sec). Leaf size: 53

DSolve[$(y'[x])^2==1/(x*y[x]^3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True$]

$$y(x)
ightarrow \left(rac{5}{2}
ight)^{2/5} \left(-2\sqrt{x} + c_1
ight)^{2/5}$$

$$y(x) \to \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2/5} \left(2\sqrt{x} + c_1\right)^{2/5}$$

1.57 problem 57

Internal problem ID [7373]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 57.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y'^2 - \frac{1}{y^3 x^2} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 29

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=1/(x^2*y(x)^3),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$\ln(x) - \frac{2y(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - c_1 = 0$$

$$\ln(x) + \frac{2y(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.139 (sec). Leaf size: $45\,$

 $DSolve[(y'[x])^2=1/(x^2*y[x]^3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \to \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2/5} (-\log(x) + c_1)^{2/5}$$

$$y(x) \to \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2/5} (\log(x) + c_1)^{2/5}$$

1.58 problem 58

Internal problem ID [7374]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 58.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 4.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class G'], _rational]

$$y'^4 - \frac{1}{y^3 x} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.063 (sec). Leaf size: 123

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^4=1/(x*y(x)^3),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$-\frac{7x^{3} - 3y(x)(x^{3}y(x))^{\frac{3}{4}} + c_{1}x^{\frac{9}{4}}}{x^{\frac{9}{4}}} = 0$$

$$-\frac{7x^{3} + 3iy(x)(x^{3}y(x))^{\frac{3}{4}} - c_{1}x^{\frac{9}{4}}}{x^{\frac{9}{4}}} = 0$$

$$\frac{7x^{3} + 3iy(x)(x^{3}y(x))^{\frac{3}{4}} - c_{1}x^{\frac{9}{4}}}{x^{\frac{9}{4}}} = 0$$

$$\frac{7x^{3} + 3y(x)(x^{3}y(x))^{\frac{3}{4}} - c_{1}x^{\frac{9}{4}}}{x^{\frac{9}{4}}} = 0$$

/

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 7.225 (sec). Leaf size: 129

 $DSolve[(y'[x])^4==1/(x*y[x]^3),y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$

$$y(x) \to \frac{\left(-\frac{28x^{3/4}}{3} + 7c_1\right)^{4/7}}{2\sqrt[7]{2}}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{\left(7c_1 - \frac{28}{3}ix^{3/4}\right)^{4/7}}{2\sqrt[7]{2}}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{\left(\frac{28}{3}ix^{3/4} + 7c_1\right)^{4/7}}{2\sqrt[7]{2}}$$
$$y(x) \to \frac{\left(\frac{28x^{3/4}}{3} + 7c_1\right)^{4/7}}{2\sqrt[7]{2}}$$

1.59 problem 59

Internal problem ID [7375]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 59.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 2.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y'^2 - \frac{1}{x^3 y^4} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.047 (sec). Leaf size: 137

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)^2=1/(x^3*y(x)^4),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} - 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} - 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right)}{2}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} - 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\sqrt{3} - 1\right)}{2}$$

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} + 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y(x) = -\frac{\left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} + 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right)}{2}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{c_1\sqrt{x} + 6}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(i\sqrt{3} - 1\right)}{2}$$

/ S

Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.775 (sec). Leaf size: 157

 $DSolve[(y'[x])^2 = 1/(x^3*y[x]^4), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt[3]{-3}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to (-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to -\sqrt[3]{-3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to \sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

$$y(x) \to (-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + c_1}$$

1.60 problem 60

Internal problem ID [7376]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 60.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - \sqrt{1 + 6x + y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 57

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(1+6*x+y(x))^(1/2),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$x - 2\sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)} + 6\ln\left(6 + \sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)}\right)$$
$$-6\ln\left(-6 + \sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)}\right) + 6\ln\left(-35 + y(x) + 6x\right) - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 13.35 (sec). Leaf size: 65

 $DSolve[y'[x] == (1+6*x+y[x])^(1/2), y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$y(x) \to 36W \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^{\frac{1}{72}(-6x - 73 + 6c_1)} \right)^2 + 72W \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^{\frac{1}{72}(-6x - 73 + 6c_1)} \right) - 6x + 35$$
$$y(x) \to 35 - 6x$$

1.61 problem 61

Internal problem ID [7377]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 61.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - (1 + 6x + y)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 79

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(1+6*x+y(x))^(1/3),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$x - \frac{3(1+6x+y(x))^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - 72\ln\left(6 + (1+6x+y(x))^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 36\ln\left((1+6x+y(x))^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6(1+6x+y(x))^{\frac{1}{3}} + 36\right) - 36\ln\left(217+y(x)+6x\right) + 18(1+6x+y(x))^{\frac{1}{3}} - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.246 (sec). Leaf size: 66}}$

 $DSolve[y'[x] == (1+6*x+y[x])^{(1/3)}, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

Solve
$$\left[\frac{1}{6} \left(y(x) - 9(y(x) + 6x + 1)^{2/3} + 108\sqrt[3]{y(x) + 6x + 1} - 648 \log \left(\sqrt[3]{y(x) + 6x + 1} + 6 \right) + 6x + 1 \right) - \frac{y(x)}{6} = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

1.62 problem 62

Internal problem ID [7378]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 62.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - (1 + 6x + y)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 109

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(1+6*x+y(x))^(1/4),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$x + 216 \ln \left(-y(x) - 6x + 1295\right) + 12\sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)}$$

$$+ 216 \ln \left(\sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)} - 36\right) - 216 \ln \left(\sqrt{1 + 6x + y(x)} + 36\right)$$

$$- 144(1 + 6x + y(x))^{\frac{1}{4}} + 432 \ln \left(6 + (1 + 6x + y(x))^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)$$

$$- 432 \ln \left((1 + 6x + y(x))^{\frac{1}{4}} - 6\right) - \frac{4(1 + 6x + y(x))^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} - c_1 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 2.535 (sec). Leaf size: 79

DSolve[y'[x]== $(1+6*x+y[x])^(1/4)$,y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

Solve
$$\left[\frac{1}{6} \left(y(x) - 8(y(x) + 6x + 1)^{3/4} + 72\sqrt{y(x) + 6x + 1} - 864\sqrt[4]{y(x) + 6x + 1} \right) + 5184 \log \left(\sqrt[4]{y(x) + 6x + 1} + 6 \right) + 6x + 1 \right) - \frac{y(x)}{6} = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

1.63 problem 63

Internal problem ID [7379]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 63.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - (a+xb+y)^4 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 49

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(a+b*x+y(x))^{(4)},y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = -bx + \text{RootOf}\left(-x + \int^{-Z} \frac{1}{\underline{a^4 + 4\underline{a^3a + 6\underline{a^2a^2 + 4\underline{a a^3 + a^4 + b}}}} d\underline{a} + c_1\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.429 (sec). Leaf size: 163

 $DSolve[y'[x] == (a+b*x+y[x])^{(4)}, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

1.64 problem 64

Internal problem ID [7380]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 64.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - (\pi + x + 7y)^{\frac{7}{2}} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

 $\overline{\text{Time used: 0.031 (sec)}}$. Leaf size: 33

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(Pi+x+7*y(x))^(7/2),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = -\frac{x}{7} + \text{RootOf}\left(-x + 7\left(\int^{-Z} \frac{1}{1 + 7(\pi + 7\underline{a})^{\frac{7}{2}}} d\underline{a}\right) + c_1\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

 $\overline{\text{Time used: } 30.556 \text{ (sec). Leaf size: } 43}$

 $DSolve[y'[x] == (Pi+x+7*y[x])^{(7/2)}, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

Solve
$$\left[-(7y(x) + x + \pi) \left(\text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{7}, 1, \frac{9}{7}, -7(x + 7y(x) + \pi)^{7/2} \right) - 1 \right)$$
$$-7y(x) = c_1, y(x) \right]$$

1.65 problem 65

Internal problem ID [7381]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 65.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - (a+xb+cy)^6 = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 94

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=(a+b*x+c*y(x))^6,y(x), singsol=all)$

 $= \frac{ \operatorname{RootOf} \left(\left(\int^{-Z} \frac{1}{c^7 _a^6 + 6 _a^5 a \, c^6 + 15 _a^4 a^2 c^5 + 20 _a^3 a^3 c^4 + 15 _a^2 a^4 c^3 + 6 _a \, a^5 c^2 + a^6 c + b} {c} d _a \right) c - x + c_1 \right) c - bx}{c}$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 1.941 (sec). Leaf size: 274

 $DSolve[y'[x] == (a+b*x+c*y[x])^6, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

$$\operatorname{Solve}\left[\frac{-4\sqrt[6]{b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{C}(a+bx+cy(x))}{\sqrt[6]{b}}\right)+2\sqrt[6]{b}\arctan\left(\sqrt{3}-\frac{2\sqrt[6]{C}(a+bx+cy(x))}{\sqrt[6]{b}}\right)-2\sqrt[6]{b}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt[6]{C}(a+bx+cy(x))}{\sqrt[6]{b}}\right)-2\sqrt[6]{b}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt[6]{C}(a+bx+cy(x))}{\sqrt[6]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[6]{b}}\right]$$

$$-rac{cy(x)}{b}=c_1,y(x)$$

1.66 problem 66

Internal problem ID [7382]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 66.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [_separable]

$$y' - e^{x+y} = 0$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 13

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=exp(x+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = \ln\left(-\frac{1}{e^x + c_1}\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.876 (sec). Leaf size: 18

DSolve[y'[x] == Exp[x+y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \rightarrow -\log\left(-e^x - c_1\right)$$

1.67 problem 67

Internal problem ID [7383]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 67.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_homogeneous, 'class C'], _dAlembert]

$$y' - e^{x+y} = 10$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.031 (sec). Leaf size: 26

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=10+exp(x+y(x)),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -x + \ln{(11)} + \ln{\left(\frac{e^{11x}}{-e^{11x} + c_1}\right)}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.4 (sec). Leaf size: 42

DSolve[y'[x]==10+Exp[x+y[x]],y[x],x,IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]

$$y(x) \to \log\left(-\frac{11e^{10x+11c_1}}{-1+e^{11(x+c_1)}}\right)$$

 $y(x) \to \log\left(-11e^{-x}\right)$

1.68 problem 68

Internal problem ID [7384]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 68.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)]']]

$$y' - 10 e^{x+y} = x^2$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 30

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=10*exp(x+y(x))+x^2,y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = rac{x^3}{3} - \ln\left(-c_1 - 10\left(\int \mathrm{e}^{rac{x\left(x^2+3
ight)}{3}}dx
ight)
ight)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.431 (sec). Leaf size: 115

 $DSolve[y'[x] == 10*Exp[x+y[x]] + x^2, y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions -> True]$

Solve
$$\left[\int_{1}^{y(x)} -\frac{1}{10} e^{-K[2]} \left(10 e^{K[2]} \int_{1}^{x} -\frac{1}{10} e^{\frac{K[1]^{3}}{3} - K[2]} K[1]^{2} dK[1] + e^{\frac{x^{3}}{3}} \right) dK[2] \right]$$

$$+ \int_{1}^{x} \left(\frac{1}{10} e^{\frac{K[1]^{3}}{3} - y(x)} K[1]^{2} + e^{\frac{K[1]^{3}}{3} + K[1]} \right) dK[1] = c_{1}, y(x)$$

1.69 problem 69

Internal problem ID [7385]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 69.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)]']]

$$y' - e^{x+y}x = \sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 29

dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=x*exp(x+y(x))+sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)

$$y(x) = -\cos(x) - \ln\left(-c_1 - \left(\int x e^{x-\cos(x)} dx\right)\right)$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 3.93 (sec). Leaf size: 100

 $DSolve[y'[x] == x*Exp[x+y[x]] + Sin[x], y[x], x, Include Singular Solutions \rightarrow True]$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Solve} \left[\int_{1}^{x} \left(-e^{K[1] - \cos(K[1])} K[1] - e^{-\cos(K[1]) - y(x)} \sin(K[1]) \right) dK[1] + \int_{1}^{y(x)} \\ & -e^{-\cos(x) - K[2]} \left(e^{\cos(x) + K[2]} \int_{1}^{x} e^{-\cos(K[1]) - K[2]} \sin(K[1]) dK[1] - 1 \right) dK[2] = c_{1}, y(x) \right] \end{split}$$

1.70 problem 70

Internal problem ID [7386]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 1

Problem number: 70.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

CAS Maple gives this as type [[_1st_order, '_with_symmetry_[F(x),G(x)]']]

$$y' - 5e^{x^2 + 20y} = \sin(x)$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.016 (sec). Leaf size: 33

 $dsolve(diff(y(x),x)=5*exp(x^2+20*y(x))+sin(x),y(x), singsol=all)$

$$y(x) = -\cos(x) - \frac{\ln(20)}{20} - \frac{\ln(-c_1 - 5(\int e^{x^2 - 20\cos(x)} dx))}{20}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 10.354 (sec). Leaf size: 140

 $DSolve[y'[x] == 5*Exp[x^2+20*y[x]] + Sin[x], y[x], x, IncludeSingularSolutions \rightarrow True]$

Solve
$$\left[\int_{1}^{x} -\frac{1}{100} e^{-20\cos(K[1]) - 20y(x)} \left(\sin(K[1]) + 5e^{K[1]^{2} + 20y(x)} \right) dK[1] + \int_{1}^{y(x)} -\frac{1}{100} e^{-20\cos(x) - 20K[2]} \left(100e^{20\cos(x) + 20K[2]} \int_{1}^{x} \left(\frac{1}{5} e^{-20\cos(K[1]) - 20K[2]} \left(\sin(K[1]) + 5e^{K[1]^{2} + 20K[2]} \right) - e^{K[1]^{2} - 20\cos(x) - 20K[2]} - 1 \right) dK[2] = c_{1}, y(x)$$

2	section 2 (system of first order ode's)	
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2.1 problem 1

Internal problem ID [7387]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 2 (system of first order ode's)

Problem number: 1.

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) + y'(t) = x(t) + y(t) + t$$

 $x'(t) + y'(t) = 2x(t) + 3y(t) + e^{t}$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 31

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)-x(t)=y(t)+t,diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=2*x(t)+3*y(t)+exp(t)

$$x(t) = -3t - 2 + c_1 e^t$$

$$y(t) = 2t + 1 - \frac{c_1 e^t}{2} - \frac{e^t}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.042 (sec). Leaf size: 37

 $DSolve[\{x'[t]+y'[t]-x[t]==y[t]+t,x'[t]+y'[t]==2*x[t]+3*y[t]+Exp[t]\},\{x[t],y[t]\},t,IncludeSing(x)=0$

$$x(t) \to -3t + (1+2c_1)e^t - 2$$

 $y(t) \to 2t - (1+c_1)e^t + 1$

2.2 problem 2

Internal problem ID [7388]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 2 (system of first order ode's)

Problem number: 2.

ODE order: 1. ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) = -x(t) - 2y(t) + t - e^{t}$$

$$y'(t) = 3x(t) + 5y(t) - t + 2e^{t}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.015 (sec). Leaf size: 95

$$x(t) = e^{\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_2 + e^{-\left(-2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_1 - 3t - 11$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{e^{\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_2\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{e^{-\left(-2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_1\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{3e^{\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_2}{2} - \frac{3e^{-\left(-2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_1}{2} - \frac{e^t}{2} + 2t + 7e^{-\left(-2+\sqrt{3}\right)t}c_1 - \frac{e^t}{2$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 10.209 (sec). Leaf size: 174

DSolve[{2*x'[t]+y'[t]-x[t]==y[t]+t,x'[t]+y'[t]==2*x[t]+3*y[t]+Exp[t]},{x[t],y[t]},t,IncludeS

$$x(t) \to \frac{1}{6}e^{-\left(\left(\sqrt{3}-2\right)t\right)} \left(-6e^{\left(\sqrt{3}-2\right)t}(3t+11) + \left(-3\left(\sqrt{3}-1\right)c_1 - 2\sqrt{3}c_2\right)e^{2\sqrt{3}t} + 3\left(1+\sqrt{3}\right)c_1 + 2\sqrt{3}c_2\right)$$

$$y(t) \to \frac{1}{2} \left(4t - e^t + \left(-\sqrt{3}c_1 - \sqrt{3}c_2 + c_2\right)e^{-\left(\left(\sqrt{3}-2\right)t\right)} + \left(\sqrt{3}c_1 + \left(1+\sqrt{3}\right)c_2\right)e^{\left(2+\sqrt{3}\right)t} + 14\right)$$

2.3 problem 3

Internal problem ID [7389]

Book: First order enumerated odes

Section: section 2 (system of first order ode's)

Problem number: 3.

ODE order: 1.
ODE degree: 1.

Solve

$$x'(t) + y'(t) = x(t) + y(t) + t + \sin(t) + \cos(t)$$

$$x'(t) + y'(t) = 2x(t) + 3y(t) + e^{t}$$

✓ Solution by Maple

Time used: 0.078 (sec). Leaf size: 45

dsolve([diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)-x(t)=y(t)+t+sin(t)+cos(t),diff(x(t),t)+diff(y(t),t)=2*x(t))

$$x(t) = -\sin(t) - 3\cos(t) + c_1 e^t - 3t - 2$$

$$y(t) = \sin(t) + 2\cos(t) - \frac{c_1 e^t}{2} + 2t + 1 - \frac{e^t}{2}$$

✓ Solution by Mathematica

Time used: 0.055 (sec). Leaf size: 54

 $DSolve[{x'[t]+y'[t]-x[t]==y[t]+t+Sin[t]+Cos[t],x'[t]+y'[t]==2*x[t]+3*y[t]+Exp[t]},{x[t],y[t]}$

$$x(t) \to -3t + e^t - \sin(t) - 3\cos(t) + 2c_1e^t - 2$$

 $y(t) \to 2t - e^t + \sin(t) + 2\cos(t) - c_1e^t + 1$